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1885

ALABAMA NEWSPAPERS

THE CHILTON VIEW - CLANTON, AL

N 10-D 29, 1881; JA 5-D 28, 1882;
JA 11-D 20, 1883; JA 3-D 27, 1884;
JA 8-D 31, 1885; JA 7-D 30, 1886;
JA 6-D 27, 1887; JA 5-D 27, 1888;
JA 3-D 26, 1889; JA 9-D 25, 1890;
JA 8-D 31, 1891; JA 7-D 29, 1892;
JA 5-D 28, 1893; JA 4-D 20, 1894;
JA 3-D 19, 1895; JA 2-JA 9, 1896

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CLANTON, AL

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MEMORY'S HALO.

Sometimes when heart is weary with the strife
Of life in this world, where the sun and moon
Radiant beam of sun with treasures life
Forecasts the shadow with its gladness glow,
Perhaps a gentle touch of lips as sweet
Will drive the burden from my soul away,
And render life again fondly complete,
And I brighten up the sorrow of the day,
Maybe the memory of some tender hand
"Laid on the weary brow in time ago,"
Will still the murmurs of grief's command
Into serene and peaceful ebb and flow.
Lightly the shades will rest upon my heart,
When memories fond of days gone by,
With all their gentleness and joy impart
A glory like some halo from the sky.

A THANKSGIVING SONG.

Behold the leaves are red and dead
Where late were summer's flowers;
And storms and clouds are overhead
Instead of summer showers.
Come close, good comrades; hearts so warm
Would cheer a bleak November;
And while we praise our winter fires,
Sweet summer we'll remember.
So with one voice of eager song
Make our sincere Thanksgiving,
That while we're memory or hope
Life is full worth the living.

THE BRAVEST AND TRUEST.

"I declare I feel as light as a bird,"
Stella Markham observed, as she stood
before the mirror combing out her soft
brown tresses with the utmost deliberation.
"Your Canadian air is exhilarating,
Nora. Winter in England means
fog, damp, and general disagreeable-
ness. Here it is the perfection of weath-
er. Quite too lovely, isn't it?"
And Stella, who had gone out to Mon-
treal on a visit to her uncle—General
Markham, commanding the garrison
here—only a month before, gave a sigh
of pleasure as she gazed out of the win-
dow at the glorious prospect being be-
fore her.
Her cousin Nora sat at the window
looking out upon the same view with
perhaps as much of admiration, but
hardly the same amount of enthusiasm,
for she had been nearly two years in
Montreal, and the novelty was of course
worn off in her case.
"Oh, I don't know!" she said with a
covert smile of deep significance. "If
I had two lovers always in attendance
suppose even a desert might be made
delectable."
A dead silence fell upon the room;
then Stella went on placidly arranging
several rows of ringlets over her fore-
head, wondering what had started Nora
on the war path, but venturing no
remark until her cousin said, with abrupt
emphasis:
"What do you suppose will be the end of
all this, Stella?"
"Of what, pray? Put it in plain Eng-
lish."
"You know perfectly well what I
mean, and you ought to be ashamed of
yourself. You have no right to trifle
with such men as Alan Douglas and
Major Valcour."
"My dear Nora you are, without ex-
ception, the most absurdly inconsistent
person of my acquaintance."
"I do not deny that I have had various
little affairs in my time, but I never car-
ried a flirtation beyond my bounds as
you have done."
"Indeed?"
"I am really in earnest, Stella. I re-
fuse to be a party to any such perfor-
mance; and if this sort of thing is to con-
tinue I shall leave you to the affair
as you see fit."
"Dear me! what a fuss about nothing!
I don't think they intend to murder each
other just yet."
"Perhaps not; but you know they
both love you devotedly, and why do
you keep them hovering around? You
can't marry them both, and I doubt very
much whether you intend to marry
either."
"I don't know that I do," she an-
swered, but the color in her cheeks
deepened somewhat, and she did not
meet her cousin's questioning glance.
"Then you are worse than I thought
you were!" cried Nora, with righteous
wrath. "I never would have believed
you capable of such wickedness, Stella.
It's a sin and a shame for any girl to not
know you have done! It's what I call con-
temptible!"
"Is it, though?" she answered, with a
little embarrassed laugh. "Don't get so
in such a rage with me, Nora. It's not
my fault that I can't make up my mind.
I am sure I would be perfectly willing
to oblige you by marrying one of the
gentlemen, but I can't, for the life of
me, and out what one to prefer."
"You had better not have either if
you're any doubt about it," Nora said
bitterly.
"Now you are getting back to what
you said before."
"I wish you would have done with
this trifling."
"Nothing was further from my
thoughts," Stella answered, so gravely
that Nora said, in quite a different
tone:
"You are not so sure with others of
them, then?"
"I don't think I am," Stella said.
"No, no," said Nora, "but you are
not so sure with others of them, then?"

What a very great swell Major Valcour's

cousin is. It's a handsome sleigh,
too."
Nora went to the wardrobe and got
out her hat and furs. As she put them
on, preparatory to a ride with her
cousin's rival suitors, she vented her
feelings in the brief remark that Stella
was the queerest girl she had ever met.
The gentlemen were waiting for them
in the sleigh at the front door, and it
was not long before the robes were
wrapped about them, and they were off
at a rattling pace on the road leading
out of the quiet old town.
It was a clear, breezy day, but not too
cold for pleasure, and the ice-boats—
those swift-winged sleighs so common
on the Canadian rivers in winter—were
skimming over the frozen surface of the
water like beautiful white gulls.
To see those dainty little vessels,
mounted on runners, cutting along over
the ice at a rate of sixty miles an hour,
thrilled Stella's venturesome soul with
envy.
"Oh, I would give anything in the
world for a ride on one of those boats,"
she cried, with girlish extravagance, and
her speaking eyes followed the graceful
movements of the trim little fleet.
"Have you never ridden in one?"
Engene Valcour asked, in surprise.
"No; but I have always wanted to. I
should think it would be perfectly de-
lightful."
"It is," Valcour answered. "We have
a boat, Miss Markham. If you—"
"Ice-boating is very dangerous
sport," Alan Douglas observed, senten-
tiously. "You may dive into an air-
hole, or capsize at any moment."
"So they say," Valcour answered
carelessly; "but I've been out on the
river scores of times, and have never
met with a single accident. It's all in
the management of the boat. I would
not be afraid to take half a dozen of
people in the Victorine."
"That a man has escaped a hundred
times is no indemnity against possible
accidents," Douglas said tersely. "I
wouldn't care to take anyone with me in
the Victorine—certainly not a lady."
"Oh, I wouldn't be a bit afraid!"
Stella cried. "Major Valcour, do take
me! I am dying to go!"
"I'm perfectly willing to take you,"
he said laughingly; "only you must
promise me immunity from prosecution
in case anything dreadful happens to
you."
Alan Douglas's face was overspread
with a sudden pallor.
"Major Valcour," he said sternly, "I
hope you have no serious intention of
doing anything so foolhardy."
The color rushed to Valcour's face,
and his eyes emitted an angry spark.
"I am at Miss Markham's service,"
he said shortly. "I shall take her if she
wishes to go."
"Certainly I do!" Stella cried. "If
there is any real danger, I will only add
zeal to my enjoyment. I would like it
above all things—wouldn't you, Nora?"
"No, thanks!" her cousin answered
nervously. "I would rather be ex-
cused."
"What are you afraid, too?" Stella
exclaimed, with an accent that brought
a resentful flush to Alan's face.
She might as well have called him a
coward.
"Whether we are afraid or not, Miss
Markham," he said with quiet, cutting
emphasis, "I feel it my duty to inform
you that ice-boating is not a suitable
sport for a lady. In the first place, the
boats are mere skeletons, and the only
way to accommodate oneself to them is
to lie down flat in the stern. There are
no seats, no cushions, nothing—in fact,
there are only the bare ribs of timber
to hold on. No lady can ride in one
without real discomfort, and—not a little
discredit to herself."
"What do you mean to insinuate, sir?"
Valcour exclaimed angrily.
"I insinuate nothing," Douglas re-
plied coolly. "I state the case without
equivocation."
Then he turned to the coachman and
said in a low tone:
"Stop here, please! Ladies, I am
obliged to leave you. Good morning,
Major Valcour!"
"Drive on!" Valcour cried as he mut-
tered something under his breath.
Alan Douglas had leaped lightly out
of the sleigh and, lifting his hat, began
to retreat the road back to Montreal.
"Well, all the pretty exhibits I ever
did see!" Stella exclaimed with a look
of scorn.
"How was it?" she asked him to join
her, whispered Valcour. "He needn't
have disturbed himself."
"The idea of a man of his age being
so superlatively cautious!" Stella added
derisively. "All that downright coward-
ice!"
Valcour, of course, was ill pleased
to find his rival in disgrace; but Nora
looked back at the retreating figure of
Alan Douglas with a different feeling.
"You will take me, won't you, Major
Valcour?" Stella asked coquettishly.
"To which Valcour, at once, replied
that he would take her anywhere and
at any time."
"I don't think I am," Stella said.
"No, no," said Nora, "but you are
not so sure with others of them, then?"

It was a year after they were married

that Nora came to make them a visit in
England. Mention of Major Valcour's
name paved the way to a free discussion
of the foregoing episode.
"I think," Stella then remarked, with
conscious pride in her husband's worth,
"that true courage must always have in
it a strong admixture of caution."
THE SHERRY WE DRINK.
Something that Rivals the Famous Valcour
of the Borgias.
A cable dispatch states that the Lon-
don medical papers are making an out-
cry over a new species of poison, which
they assert is making sad havoc with the
stomachs, if not the lives, of English-
men. It is called sherry, and is manu-
factured at Hamburg out of alcohol,
sugar, water and common table salt.
"Pshaw! we can beat that hollow,"
said an artistic mixer of beverages in a
New York wine room, on being shown
the cable dispatch in question. "Why,
some manufacturers in this city can
turn you out sherry that has more poi-
son to the thimbleful than you would
find in a den of rattlesnakes. Oils and
ether? Why, they can supply you with
an unlimited variety of them in some of
what is called the genuine article or
choice old brands of sherry. There are
aesthetic, butyric, chloric, nitric and sul-
phuric ethers, and even the head can be
manufactured by the aid of alum, alk-
alies and acids."
"Those who ship sherry," said a dealer
in American wines, when questioned on
the subject, "know how to drug and fix
it for the American market and have it
pass off as genuine. Very seldom one
bottle of what could be honestly called
the real article ever reaches these shores.
As in liquors, tobacco, caustic potash,
red pepper, aqua fortis and oil of vitrol
are frequently to be found, so in some
brands of sherry there are ingredients
which the wildest stretch of the imagina-
tion never would conjure up."
"I recollect some years ago," said a
pharmacist, "there was a manufacturer
in Chambers street who was detected
using lead coated vials in the manufac-
ture of sherry. The English medical
authorities would have something to add
to their denunciations of sherry if they
had the American adulterations mixed
with those of Hamburg."
"Almost as bad as the poison of the
Borgias,"
"My dear sir, if the poison of the Bor-
gias were in the market to-day they
would likely be used as flavoring ex-
tracts for sherry and other wines. Their
vaunted potency would be of no avail at
the present period. They would ex-
aggerate poisons used in the manufacture
of our wines which would make them
appear utterly insignificant as contrivances
of life. Even electricity is brought into
requisition to tone up some wines."
"How is that?"
"By plunging into a wine vat two plat-
inum plates connected with the poles of
a battery. I tell you that some of the
wine of the present day is fearfully and
wonderfully made."—New York Tele-
gram.

A BARE IN THE WOODS.

The Adventures of a Little Toddler in a
Rough and Rocky Country.
The quiet hamlet of Blandford was
the scene on Sunday of an exciting
episode. Herbert Cross lives on the
road between Blandford Centre and
North Blandford. His wife is visiting
out of town, and the care of the farm-
house, with charge of the two-and-
a-half-year-old boy, devolves on his
mother. The little fellow was in the
yard at play on Saturday morning,
while his grandmother was busy inside.
Having occasion to go to the door the
woman missed the child and hunted for
him, thinking he might be in mischief.
Failing to find him, she feared he had
wandered down the road. Being unfit
to follow him, she blew the tin horn,
summoning the father from the field.
Mr. Cross searched the buildings on the
premises without finding him. He hur-
riedly called his neighbors and in a
rumor of a child lost spread till a party
of nearly 100 assembled during the
afternoon to join the search. Many of
them took lanterns and torches and
followed their quest till midnight. The
only trace of a child was a plaything or
two in a rye stubble field near the house.
When midnight came and the child had
not been found, the father gave up hope
of seeing him again alive. The boy had
an attack of croup the night before and
it seemed reasonable to conclude that
he could not survive a day and a night
of exposure. When the neighbors
abandoned the search soon after mid-
night, they took teams and spread the
news through Becket and Chester.
When the sun rose Sunday the volun-
teers, 150 sturdy hillmen, set out to
scour the woods and fields and brooks.
They formed themselves in a line, the
men but ten feet apart, and thus ad-
vanced, carefully noting every rock
and log behind which the little wanderer
might have lain down to die. All the
long forenoon, with its frequent showers,
the column worked its way further from
the homestead. Soon after noon, as they
were thinking to redouble their
energies in view of the approaching
night, that part of the line which was
about one mile from the starting point,
suddenly came upon the boy, not dead,
as they expected to find him, but to-
diling along the wooden mountain side,
with an apple in one hand and a bunch
of pretty autumn leaves in the other.
He was all right, and there was rejoicing
throughout Blandford.—Harford Times.

Clung to the Whale's Back.

THE FIRST MAN WHO EVER RODE A MON-
STER WHALE.
"We take white whales shootin' some-
times," said the rover, "and the last
one I took last season got a joke on one
that ain't quite wore off yet. We went
out in a gang that day, some with rifles
and some with harpoons, and I reckon
there was ten boats (boats) all told, and
right down by the mouth of the creek
we struck a school of 'em, so big that
there was nothing but heads a-poppin'
up all around. When we got into the
lot the boys began a-shootin' and strik-
in, and got so mixed up that we didn't
know where we was for a while. My
boy had my harpoon and the only thing
I got hold on was a lance, just like this,
and as I was standing in the bow a big
whale came up under me. I let dive
and sunk the lance into him about two
feet, and at the same moment one of the
other boats struck us right amidships.
I lost my balance, and afore I knew it I
was a-sittin' on that old whale's back,
hangin' on to the pole and agoin' along
like greased lightning. The boys set off
a yell and made way for me and off I
went."
"Yes," continued the speaker, "the
water was only about four feet and
the critter couldn't dive, so I just
clung to it. First she struck in shore
and then skirted along the beach,
a-scurrin' and puffin' and beatin' the
water with her tail so you could hear
her clean across the bay. But she
couldn't shake me off, I just clung to the
handle and her hip, and pretty soon,
when we came to a shoal place, I
beached her, or she beached me, I didn't
know which. Any way I reckon I'm
the first one that ever rode a whale in
these diggins."

A FIGHT WITH AN EAGLE.

LEWIS WILLIAMS EXPERIENCE
WITH THE BIRD IN THE MOUNTAINS.
He Sets a Trap to Catch a Fox but the
Eagle Carries It Off—Battle With the
Crows.
Lewis Williams, who lives in an
isolated spot on the Preston Mountains,
Pennsylvania, having set a trap to cap-
ture a fox which he had reason to
believe was carrying away his chickens,
went out to look at it, and found it gone.
The trap had been chained to a small
stake in the ground, and this had been
pulled up and was missing with the trap
and chain. Supposing that the fox had
been caught in the trap and had escaped
with it, Williams hunted about in the
woods for some trace of it, but could find
none. As he was returning home he
heard a sudden and great commotion
among a flock of crows in a piece of
woods a quarter of a mile or so from his
house. The crows were cawing furiously
and were circling around above the tree-
tops in one particular spot, and occa-
sionally darted about through the trees.
Williams walked over toward the woods,
and as he approached the crows in-
creased their hubbub. When he arrived
within gunshot they withdrew to a more
distant part of the woods but kept up
their noise. Williams had just entered
the edge of the woods when he heard the
rattling of a chain, and simultaneously a
very large bird stratted out from
behind a tree, dragging the missing trap,
chain, and stake. The jaws of the trap
were fastened to one leg of the bird,
which was a bald eagle of the largest
size. The eagle flew from the ground
and was rising with difficulty toward the
top of a tall dead tree, when Williams
fired at it. The charge took effect in
one of the eagle's wings and it fell to
the ground. Thinking to capture the
eagle alive, Williams approached it, but,
in spite of the trap on its leg, the bird
flew at him and attacked him with such
fury that he turned and fled from the
woods. Hurrying back home, Williams,
without saying anything to others, pro-
cured a stout rope and a large feed bag.
On his way back to the woods he noticed
that the crows which had attracted his
attention to the spot in the first place
were hovering over the place where
he had left the eagle, and from their
peculiar cry and frantic actions he
inferred that something unusual had
occurred during his absence. The crows,
knowing by the wonderful instinct they
possess that the eagle was wounded, and
hating as they do all large birds, had
swooped down on the eagle and attacked
it in its crippled condition. This attack
had been disastrous to the crows, for
when Williams again reached the spot
three lay dead near the enraged eagle
and several others were dragging them-
selves away out of its reach, uttering
the sharp, guttural cry which they only
utter when wounded or in trouble.
The eagle no sooner saw Williams ap-
proaching than it rushed at him with
all the force at its command, hampered
and crippled as it was, and forced the
fighting at once. Williams had made a
noose in one end of the rope he carried,
and when the eagle flew at him he waited
until it was almost upon him and then
quickly threw the noose over the bird's
head and it slipped down around its
wings, but it pulled the rope taut in its
efforts to get at its enemy. As it stood
thus straining at the rope Williams en-
deavored in slipping the bag down over
its head. He then clasped the bird
around the body, although now blinded
and crippled and pinioned and doubly
crippled, the eagle was still unconquered.
As Williams stood with his arms around
the great body of the bird, endeavoring
to secure the mouth of the bag around
its legs, the eagle suddenly sprang
against him and striking him in the
stomach with one free talon, with one
fierce downward stroke ripped his cloth-
ing from him and tore the skin from the
flesh in a long strip clear to the waist.
Williams quickly released the bird, and
made haste to reach his house, suppos-
ing that he was terribly injured. Two
men who were thrashing buckwheat for
him were then informed of the presence
of the eagle in the woods, and they went
to the spot and succeeded in overpower-
ing it. It was brought to Williams' and
tied to a post in the barn, the trap being
removed from its leg. The eagle meas-
ured eight feet from tip to tip of its
wings, and stands nearly four feet high.
These birds still nest in the wild and
rocky elevations in that region, where it
is barely possible for human beings to
gain access. They frequently visit the
sheep pastures of the farm neighbors,
hunts and the poultry yards. In defend-
ing her chickens against one of the bold
members one day last summer, not far
from the Williams farm, Mrs. Jane Ur-
ban was compelled to fight it the nearly
an hour, during which time it tore her
clothing from her and fastened her
flesh furiously with the flesh and talons.
This finally killed it with a fence rail.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

At Kildermaster, England, the sev-
erage outlet was made within five feet
of the town wall, and yet after 500 years
of typhoid fever they had to get a doctor
down from London to tell 'em what the
trouble was.
It is said that the Astors, of New York
city, alone own 3,600 houses, all of stone
and iron. The lowest rental they get is
\$1,500 per annum and the highest
\$50,000, which some of their enormous
down town houses bring.
AMERICAN canned fruits once had a
ready sale over all Europe. Some man-
ufacturers began to play snide with their
goods and now some countries won't buy
the goods at all. How much better it
would have been to be satisfied with a
good thing.
At the session of the Masonic Grand
Lodge of Ohio a resolution was adopted
declaring it to be the opinion of the
body that the selling of intoxicating
drinks is a Masonic offence, and should
disqualify any one from initiation into
or affiliation with any Masonic lodge.
An Italian Admiral has invented a
shrapnel shell for the 100-ton gun; at
thirty yards from the cannon's mouth it
bursts, throwing forward seventy-five
smaller projectiles, which in turn burst,
striking in fan-shape a thick shower of
balls and fragments with terribly de-
structive effect.
The Gaultois undertakes to pay a sum
of 5,000 francs at the decease of any
subscriber who may meet with his
death on a railway or tramway, or by
being run over by a vehicle in the street.
A proportionate sum is paid for injuries.
All that is necessary to do is to produce
the last receipt for subscription. It pays
a compensation to any purchaser of a
single copy should he be injured or
killed the day the paper is paid for.
The Lawrence (Mass.) American re-
lates that a lady from that city while in
Ireland last summer was asked by an
elderly reverend gentleman whom she
met in Dublin why it was that she was
not married. "You wouldn't ask that
question," said the lady, "if you knew
the state of affairs in the city where I
live. Why, there are seven ladies to one
gentleman in that place." "And why
didn't you get the one gentleman?"
slyly asked the questioner.
A REDOUTABLE brigand known as
Camilla has for some time been the
terror of the country around Ax, a town
in the department of Ariège, France.
The gendarmes are no match for this
modern Rob Roy, who is a first-class
shot, a dead hand at poaching, and as
bold as a lion. One evening he posted
on the letter box in Ax a notice: "I
laugh at law. The whole of Ax shall
perish by fire." At the same time a fire
broke out in the market place.
They are telling this story in Wash-
ington about a youthful German diplo-
mat and a bright young American woman
with whom he was conversing at a
reception, in the tongue of his native
land: "Why," said she, "don't you
speak English?" "Oh," said he, with
much dignity, "I cannot think of speak-
ing in here. I learned the accent in
London." There was a moment's silence,
broken by the Teutonic declaration:
"But I speak French also. Do you?"
"Oh, yes," said the young lady, "but I
couldn't think of using it to a German.
I learned the accent in Paris."

The Clinton View.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor and Proprietor.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION"

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1885.

NO. 9

MEMORY'S HALO.

Sometimes when heart is weary, with the strife
Of life's vicissitudes in this world below,
A radiant beam of sun with transient gleam
Forecasts the shadow with its gladness glow.
Perhaps a gentle touch of lips so sweet
Will drive the burden from my soul away,
And render life again fondly coveted,
An' brighten up the sorrow of the day.
Maybe the memory of some tender heart
Laid on the weary brow in time ago,
Will still the murmurings of grief's command
Into serene and peaceful ebb and flow.
Lightly the shades will rest upon my heart,
When memories fond of days gone by,
With all their gentleness and joy impart
A glory like some halo from the sky.

A THANKSGIVING SONG.

Behold the leaves are dead and dead
Where late were summer's flowers;
And storms and clouds are overhead
Instead of summer showers.
Come close, good comrades; hearts so warm
Will cheer a bleak November;
And while we praise our winter fires,
Sweet summer will remember.
So with one voice of eager song
Make our sincere Thanksgiving;
That while we're memory or hope
Life is full worth the living.

Mrs. T. W. Dawkins.

THE BRAVEST AND TRUEST.

"I declare I feel as light as a bird,"
Stella Markham observed, as she stood
before the mirror combing out her soft
brown tresses with the utmost delibera-
tion. "Your Canadian air is exhilarat-
ing, Nora. Winter in England means
fog, damp, and general disagreeable-
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And Stella, who had gone out to Mon-
treal on a visit to her uncle—General
Markham, commanding the garrison
there—only a month before, gave a sigh
of pleasure as she gazed out of the win-
dow at the glorious prospect being be-
fore her.

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Montreal, and the novelty was of course
worn off in her case.

"Oh, I don't know!" she said with a
covert smile of deep significance. "If
one had two lovers always in attendance
I suppose even a desert might be made
tolerable."

A dead silence fell upon the room;
then Stella went on placidly arranging
several rows of ringlets over her fore-
head, wondering what had started Nora
on the war path, but venturing no
remark until her cousin said, with abrupt
emphasis:

"What do you suppose will be the end of
all this, Stella?"

"Oh, what, pray? Put it in plain Eng-
lish."

"You know perfectly well what I
mean, and you ought to be ashamed of
yourself. You have no right to trifle
with such men as Alan Douglas and
Major Valcour."

"My dear Nora you are, without ex-
ception, the most absurdly inconsistent
person of my acquaintance."

"I do not deny that I have had various
little affairs in my time, but I never car-
ried a flirtation beyond my bounds as
you have done."

"Indeed?"

"I am really in earnest, Stella. I re-
fuse to be a party to any such perfor-
mance; and if this sort of thing is to
continue I shall leave you to end the affair
as you see fit."

"Dear me! what a fuss about nothing!
I don't think they intend to murder each
other just yet."

"Perhaps not; but you know they
both love you devotedly, and why do
you keep them hovering around? You
can't marry them both, and I doubt very
much whether you intend to marry
either."

"I don't know that I do," she an-
swered, but the color in her cheeks
deepened somewhat, and she did not
meet her cousin's questioning glance.

"Then you are worse than I thought
you were!" cried Nora, with righteous
wrath. "I never would have believed
you capable of such wickedness, Stella.
It's a sin and a shame for any girl to set
as you have done! It's what I call con-
temptible!"

"Is it, though?" she answered, with a
little embarrassed laugh. "Don't get
so much on a rage with me, Nora. My
fault that I can't make up my mind.
I am sure I would be perfectly willing
to oblige you by marrying one of the
gentlemen, but I can't, for the life of
me, and don't wish you to prefer."

"You had better not have either if
you're any doubt about it," Nora said,
bluntly.

"Now you are going back to what
you said before."

"I wish you would have done with
this trifling."

"Nothing was further from my
thoughts," Stella answered, as gravely
that Nora said, in quite a different
tone.

"You are not in love with either of
them, then?"

"I don't think I am. I believe I
like Al—Mr. Douglas best, but the
Valcour fortune was really very good
balance my pocket."

"Now I do believe you are in love
with him!"

What a very great swell Major Valcour
was! It's a handsome sleigh,
too."

Nora went to the wardrobe and got
out her hat and furs. As she put them
on, preparatory to a ride with her
cousin's rival suitors, she vented her
feelings in the brief remark that Stella
was the queerest girl she had ever met.
The gentlemen were waiting for them
in the sleigh at the front door, and it
was not long before the robes were
wrapped about them, and they were off
at a rattling pace on the road leading
out of the quiet old town.

It was a clear, breezy day, but not too
cold for pleasure, and the ice-boats—
those swift-winged sleighs so common
on the Canadian rivers in winter—were
skimming over the frozen surface of the
water like beautiful white gulls.

To see those dainty little vessels,
mounted on runners, cutting along over
the ice at a rate of sixty miles an hour,
thrilled Stella's venturesome soul with
envy.

"Oh, I would give anything in the
world for a ride on one of those boats,"
she cried, with girlish extravagance, and
her speaking eyes followed the graceful
movements of the trim little ice fleet.

"Have you never ridden in one?"
Eugene Valcour asked, in surprise.

"No; but I have always wanted to. I
should think it would be perfectly de-
lightful."

"It is," Valcour answered. "We have
a boat, Miss Markham. If you—"

"Ice-boating is very dangerous
sport," Alan Douglas observed, senten-
tiously. "You may dive into an air-
hole, or capsize at any moment."

"So they say," Valcour answered
carelessly; "but I've been out on the
river scores of times, and have never
met with a single accident. It's all in
the management of the boat. I would
not be afraid to take half a dozen of
people in the Victorie."

"That a man has escaped a hundred
times is no indemnity against possible
accidents," Douglas said tersely. "I
wouldn't care to take anyone with me in
the Victorie—certainly not a lady."

"Oh, I wouldn't be a bit afraid!"
Stella cried. "Major Valcour, do take
me! I am dying to go!"

"I am perfectly willing to take you,"
he said laughingly; "only you must
promise me immunity from prosecution
in case anything dreadful happens to
you."

Alan Douglas's face was overspread
with a sudden pallor.

"Major Valcour," he said sternly, "I
hope you have no serious intention of
doing anything so foolhardy."

The color rushed to Valcour's face,
and his eyes emitted an angry spark.

"I am at Miss Markham's service,"
he said shortly. "I shall take her if she
wishes to go."

"Certainly I do!" Stella cried. "If
there is any real danger, it will only add
 zest to my enjoyment. I would like it
above all things—wouldn't you, Nora?"

"No, thanks!" her cousin answered
nervously. "I would rather be ex-
cused."

"What are you afraid, too?" Stella
exclaimed, with an accent that brought
a resentful flush to Alan's face.

She might as well have called him a
coward.

"Whether we are afraid or not, Miss
Markham," he said, with quick, cutting
emphasis, "I feel it my duty to inform
you that ice-boating is not a suitable
sport for a lady. In the first place, the
boats are mere skeletons, and the only
way to accommodate oneself to them is
to lie down flat in the stern. There are
no seats, no cushions, nothing—in fact,
there are only the bare ribs of timber
to hold on."

"No lady can ride in one without
real discomfort, and—not a little
discredit to herself."

"What do you mean to insinuate, sir?"
Valcour exclaimed angrily.

"I insinuate nothing," Douglas re-
plied coolly. "I state the case without
equivocation."

Then he turned to the coachman and
said in a low tone:

"Stop here, please! Ladies, I am
obliged to leave you. Good morning,
Major Valcour!"

"Drive on!" Valcour cried as he mut-
tered something under his breath.

Alan Douglas had leaped lightly out
of the sleigh and, lifting his hat, began
to retreat the road back to Montreal.

"Well, of all the pretty exhibits I ever
saw!" Stella exclaimed with a look
of scorn.

"He was afraid we'd ask him to join
us," whispered Valcour. "He needn't
have disturbed himself."

"The idea of a man of his age being
so superstitiously afraid!" Stella added
sarcastically. "I call that downright aw-
ful."

Valcour was, of course, not pleased
to find the driver in disgrace; but Nora
looked back at the retreating figure of
Alan Douglas with a different feeling.

"You will take me, won't you, Major
Valcour?" Stella asked coquettishly.

By which Valcour, of course, implied
that he would take her anywhere she
pleased to go.

"We might go this afternoon," he
said reflectively; "but the boat party
can't start until tomorrow."

yacht lay just off the landing. Valcour
had provided cushions and robes for
her, but Stella was somewhat surprised
to learn that Alan Douglas had come
pretty near the truth.

They had met him on their way down
to the river, but he passed on with the
slightest of formal salutes.

"Is there no one else going with us?"
Stella asked in surprise, as Eugene Val-
cour looked the robes about her, and
seated himself in a half-reclining posture
at her side.

"No," he answered with a smile. "I
can manage the boat myself, and the
Victorie is so small there is hardly
room for more." Besides," he added in
a lower and more tender tone, "would
not another person be de trop? You
are not afraid to trust yourself with
me?"

"Oh, no!" Stella answered with
heightened color.

Then the sails caught the wind as it
went whistling by, and away they sped
over the smooth, glittering surface of
the ice.

Lying in the stern of the boat, Stella
looked up at the clear blue sky, and out
at the snow-dusted mountains which
skirted their path on either side.

Every object she fixed her eyes upon
appeared to vanish as if by magic. The
boat seemed to skim through the air.
Even the express train which came
bowling along on the east bank of the
river was left far in the rear.

The wind fluttered Stella's hair, and
fanned the color in her cheeks into a
bright flame; her eyes sparkled with en-
joyment, and laughter fairly bubbled to
her lips.

"Isn't this perfectly splendid?" she
cried for the sixth or seventh time, as
the Victorie circled and tacked in a
lively breeze.

"There is another boat making this
way," Valcour observed. "It must be a
poor sailer. With only one man in it, it
ought to have passed us long ago."

Stella watched it for awhile, and then
lay back in the stern of the Victorie
with her eyes closed.

"She is catching up with us," Valcour
exclaimed presently; but Stella was not
the least bit interested in the chase.

"I feel as if I were drifting away into
dreamland somewhere," she said; and
then she felt a firm hand held softly
over her own.

This brought her to her senses; she
opened her eyes with a start and found
Eugene Valcour looking down at her
with an expression she could not mis-
take.

"I wish we could go drifting on this
way for ever," he said passionately, "you
and I, darling."

For the moment his hold on the rud-
der had relaxed, and he forgot that con-
stant vigilance was required of him.

"Look out!" was the clear ringing
about that came from the boat in the
rear, but it came too late.

The Victorie had bore down upon
one of those treacherous air-holes. In an
instant she had capsized, and both
Stella and Valcour were struggling in
the water.

A cold and frightful plunge was all
that she remembered till hours had
passed, and she found herself lying in
bed, while Nora chafed her wrists and
temples with alcohol.

"Thank God!" Nora cried, fervently,
as Stella opened her eyes. "Tell Mr.
Douglas she is safe."

"Where is Mr. Valcour?" Stella
asked, feebly.

Nora's face flushed indignantly.

"At home!" she answered, shortly.
"He has behaved shamefully, Stella.
When the boat upset, he just left you
to drown, and tried to save himself. If
it hadn't been for Alan Douglas you
wouldn't be here now."

"Did Alan save my life?" asked Stella,
tremulously.

"Yes, Oh, he has acted like a hero
to-day. He saw you set out, and felt so
fearful for your safety that he took an-
other boat and followed you. He was
right near at hand when the accident oc-
curred."

Stella had nothing to say just then;
but when evening came she met Alan
Douglas face to face.

"I sent for you," she said, holding
out her hands to him. "I owe you my
life, Mr. Douglas."

"You owe me nothing," he interposed,
hastily.

"You make it very hard for me," she
said, looking down. "If I may not offer
you my life in payment for a debt, will
you accept it as a gift?"

He looked at her impulsively for a
moment, and then he caught her hand
with passionate eagerness.

"Stella," he cried, "you cannot mean
that, after all!"

"I have made up my mind to marry
you," she answered shyly.

"I cannot accept of a marriage," he
said, with a sudden variation of feeling;
"this is grotesque."

"No, Alan," she whispered, meeting
his gaze; "it is love. Won't you be
true and when I tell you so? I think I
ought to know."

"I will tell you when I am sure," he
said, looking up at her with a smile. "I
will tell you when I am sure."

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said, looking up at her with a smile. "I
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"I will tell you when I am sure," he
said, looking up at her with a smile. "I
will tell you when I am sure."

It was a year after they were married
that Nora came to make them a visit in
England. Mention of Major Valcour's
name paved the way to a free discussion
of the foregoing episode.

"I think," Stella then remarked, with
conscious pride in her husband's worth,
"that true courage must always have in
it a strong admixture of caution."

THE SHERRY WE DRINK.

Something that Rivals the Famous Port
of the Borgias.

A cable dispatch states that the Lon-
don medical papers are making an out-
cry over a new species of poison, which
they assert is making and having with the
stomachs, if not the lives, of Englishmen.
It is called sherry, and is manufac-
tured at Hamburg, out of alcohol,
sugar, water and common table salt.

"Pshaw! we can beat that hollow,"
said an artistic mixer of beverages in a
New York wine room, on being shown
the cable dispatch in question. "Why,
some manufacturers in this city can
turn you out sherry that has more poi-
sons to the thumb than you would find
in a den of rattlesnakes. Oils and
ether? Why, they can supply you with
an unlimited variety of them in some of
what is called the genuine article or
choice old brands of sherry. There are
aesthetics, butyric, chloric, nitric and sul-
phuric ethers, and even the head can be
manufactured by the aid of alum, alka-
lies and acids."

"Those who ship sherry," said a dealer
in American wines, when questioned on
the subject, "know how to drug and fix
it for the American market and have it
pass off as genuine. Very seldom do
bottles of what could be honestly called
the real article ever reach these shores.

As in liquors, tobacco, canstic potash,
red pepper, aqua fortis and oil of vitrol
are frequently to be found, so in some
brands of sherry there are ingredients
which the widest stretch of the imagina-
tion never would conjure up."

"I recollect some years ago," said a
pharmacist, "there was a manufacturer
in Chambers street who was detected
using lead coated vats in the manufac-
ture of sherry. The English medical
authorities would have something to add
to their denunciations of sherry if they
had the American adulterations mixed
with those of Hamburg."

"Almost as bad as the poison of the
Borgias."

"My dear sir, if the poison of the Bor-
gias were in the market to-day they
would likely be used as flavoring ex-
tracts for sherry and other wines. Their
venal potency would be of no avail at
the present period. They would en-
counter poisons used in the manufacture
of our wines which would make them
appear utterly insignificant as outlaws
of life. Even electricity is brought into
request to tone up some wines."

"How is that?"

"By plunging into a wine vat two plu-
min plates connected with the poles of a
battery. I tell you that some of the
wine of the present day is fearful and
wonderfully made."—New York Tele-
gram.

A Suggestive Symbol.

A man from Texas, who was traveling
through the north, noticed that the
usual sign over the doors of savings
banks was a beehive.

"In a beehive the regular sign of a
savings bank?" asked the stranger, of a
native whose acquaintance he had made.

"Yes," was the reply; "most of the
savings banks have the beehive for a
sign on account of its appropriateness.
The depositors, of course, are the bees.
They are off at work collecting honey,
which they deposit in the hive for their
use in winter. The owner of the hive
is, of course, the President of the sav-
ings bank. When there is as much hon-
ey in the bank as he needs, he robs the
hive and ships out for Canada with all
the available assets. The bees, or de-
positors, buzz around a good deal, but
most of them starve and freeze to death
during the winter."

"But who are the drones?"

"They are the clerks, who are salar-
ies of the President or directors, who
draw big salaries, but never do much
work."

"Who is the queen bee?"

"Oh, she is the female friend of the
President of the bank, and usually ac-
companies him to Canada. So now you
understand the appropriateness of a bee-
hive being the symbol of the average
savings bank."—Times Dispatch.

Had English Habits.

A New York merchant called at the
office of a brother merchant, and ad-
dressed him in the following manner:

"A young man named Southern has
applied to me for a position. Was he
not in your employment at one time?"

"Yes, Mr. Southern was in my em-
ployment for several months. His
knowledge of business is fairly good,
but what about his character and his
conduct?"

"I have made up my mind to marry
you," she answered shyly.

"I cannot accept of a marriage," he
said, with a sudden variation of feeling;
"this is grotesque."

"No, Alan," she whispered, meeting
his gaze; "it is love. Won't you be
true and when I tell you so? I think I
ought to know."

"I will tell you when I am sure," he
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will tell you when I am sure."

A BARK IN THE WOODS.

The Adventures of a Little Toddler in a
Rough and Ready Country.

The quiet hamlet of Blandford was
the scene on Sunday of an exciting
episode. Herbert Orons lives on the
road between Blandford Centre and
North Blandford. His wife is visiting
out of town, and the care of the farm-
house, with charge of the two-and-a-
half-year-old boy, devolves on his
mother. The little fellow was in the
yard at play on Saturday morning,
while his grandmother was busy inside.
Having occasion to go to the door the
woman missed the child and hunted for
him, thinking he might be in mischief.
Failing to find him, she feared he had
wandered down the road. Being unable
to follow him, she blew the tin horn,
summoning the father from the field.
Mr. Orons searched the buildings on the
premises without finding him. He hur-
riedly called his neighbors and the
rumor of a child lost spread till a party
of nearly 100 assembled during the
afternoon to join the search. Many of
them took lanterns and torches and
followed their quest till midnight. The
only trace of a child was a plaything or
two in a rye stubble field near the house.
When midnight came and the child had
not been found, the father gave up hope
of seeing him again alive. The boy had
an attack of croup the night before and
it seemed reasonable to conclude that
he could not survive a day and a night
of exposure. When the neighbors
abandoned the search soon after mid-
night, they took teams and spread the
news through Becket and Chester.

When the sun rose Sunday the volun-
teers, 150 sturdy hillmen, set out to
scour the woods and fields and brooks.
They formed themselves in a line, the
men but ten feet apart, and thus ad-
vanced, carefully noting every rock
and log behind which the little wanderer
might have lain down to die. All the
long forenoon, with its frequent showers,
the column worked its way further from
the homestead. Soon after noon, as
they were thinking to redouble their
energies in view of the approaching
night, that part of the line which was
about one mile from the starting point,
suddenly came upon the boy, not dead,
as they expected to find him, but tod-
dling along the wooden mountain side,
with an apple in one hand and a bunch
of pretty autumn leaves in the other.
He was all right, and there was rejoicing
throughout Blandford.—Hartford Times.

Clang to the Whale's Back.

THE FIRST MAN WHO EVER RODE A MON-
STER FISH.

"We take white whales shootin' some-
times," said the rover, "and the last
one I took last season got a joke on one
that ain't quite over yet. We went
out in a gang that day, some with rifles
and some with harpoons, and I reckon
there was ten boats (boats) all told, and
right down by the mouth of the creek
we struck a school of 'em, so big that
there was nothing but heads a-poppin'
up all around. When we got into the
lot the boys began a-shootin' and strik-
in; and got so mixed up that we didn't
know where we was for a while. My
boy had my harpoon and the only thing
I got hold on was a lance, just like this,
and as I was standing in the bow a big
whale came up under me. I let dive
and sunk the lance into him about two
feet, and at the same moment one of the
other boats struck us right amidships.
I lost my balance, and afore I knew it
I was settin' on that old whale's back,
hangin' on to the pole and again' along
like grassed lightning. The boys set up
a yell and made way for me and off I
went."

"Yes," continued the speaker, "the
water was only about four foot and
the cutter couldn't dive, so I just
clung to it. First she struck in shore
and then skidded along the beach,
a-scootin' and puffin' and beatin' the
water with her tail so you could hear
her clean across the bay. But she
couldn't shake me off, I was clingin' to
the handle and let her rip, and pretty soon,
when we came to a shoal place, I
beached her, or she beached me, I didn't
know which. Any way, I reckon I'm
the first one that ever rode a whale in
these diggins."

Farmers' Daughters.

The London Spectator says:—To
have 400 acres well, and keep plenty of
bees, and be a moderately prosperous
man must have £4,000, and make at
least a net for himself besides his in-
come—that is, must have £490 to £500
a year clear. If such a farmer's brother,
the chapman, making the £4,000, does
housework, with only twenty for meals,
and wears decent clothing and has a
good position, he would be deemed a
bad sort of person, and his brother
would not be his brother.

A New York merchant called at the
office of a brother merchant, and ad-

The Chilton View.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor and Proprietor.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION"

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1885.

NO. 9.

MEMORY'S HALO.

Sometimes when heart is weary with the strife
Of life existence in this world below,
A radiant beam of sun with treasures of life
Forecasts the shadow with its gladsome glow.
Perhaps a gentle touch of lips so sweet
Will drive the burden from my soul away,
And render life again fondly complete,
An brighten up the sorrow of the day.
Maybe the memory of some tender hand
"Laid on the weary brow in time ago,"
Will still the murmurings of grief's command
Into serene and peaceful ebb and flow.
Lightly the shades will rest upon my heart,
When memories fond of days gone by,
With all their gentleness and joy impart
A glory like some halo from the sky.

A THANKSGIVING SONG.

Behold the leaves are dead and dead
Where late were summer's flowers;
And storms and clouds are overhead
Instead of summer showers.
Come close, good comrades; hearts so warm
Will cheer a bleak November;
And while we praise our winter fires,
Sweet summer we'll remember.
So with one voice of eager song
Make our sincere Thanksgiving,
That while we're memory or hope
Life is full worth the living.
MRS. T. W. DOWING.

THE BRAVEST AND TRUEST.

"I declare I feel as light as a bird,"
Stella Markham observed, as she stood
before the mirror combing out her soft
brown tresses with the utmost deliberation.
"Your Canadian air is exhilarating,
Nora. Winter in England means fog,
damp, and general disagreeableness.
Here it is the perfection of weather.
Quite too lovely, isn't it?"
And Stella, who had gone out to Mon-
treal on a visit to her uncle—General
Markham, commanding the garrison
there—only a month before, gave a sigh
of pleasure as she gazed out of the win-
dow at the glorious prospect being be-
fore her.

Her cousin Nora sat at the window
looking out upon the same view with
perhaps as much of admiration, but
hardly the same amount of enthusiasm,
for she had been nearly two years in
Montreal, and the novelty was of course
worn off in her case.
"Oh, I don't know!" she said with a
covert smile of deep significance. "If
one had two lovers always in attendance
I suppose even a desert might be made
tolerable."

A dead silence fell upon the room;
then Stella went on placidly arranging
several rows of ringlets over her fore-
head, wondering what had started Nora
on the war path, but venturing no
remark until her cousin said, with abrupt
emphasis:
"What do suppose will be the end of
all this, Stella?"
"Of what, pray? Put it in plain Eng-
lish."

"You know perfectly well what I
mean, and you ought to be ashamed of
yourself. You have no right to trifle
with such men as Alan Douglas and
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"My dear Nora you are, without ex-
ception, the most stupidly inconsistent
person of my acquaintance."

"I do not deny that I have had various
little affairs in my time, but I never car-
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you have done."

"Indeed?"
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fuse to be a party to any such perfor-
mance; and if this sort of thing is to con-
tinue I shall leave you to end the affair
as you see fit."

"Dear me! what a fuss about nothing!
I don't think they intend to murder each
other just yet."

"Perhaps not; but you know they
both love you devotedly, and why do
you keep them hovering around? You
can't marry them both, and I doubt very
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swered, but the color in her cheeks
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It's a sin and a shame for any girl to set
as you have done! It's what I call con-
temptible!"

"Is it, though?" she answered, with a
little embarrassed laugh. "Don't get
in such a rage with me, Nora. It isn't
my fault that I can't make up my mind.
I am sure I would be perfectly willing
to oblige you by marrying one of the
gentlemen, but I can't, for the life of
me, find out which one to prefer."

"You had better not have either if
you've any doubts about it," Nora said
sternly.
"How you are going back to what
you said before!"
"If with you would have done with
this trifling."

What a very great swell Major Valcour's

cousin-in-law is! It's a handsome snail,
too."
Nora went to the wardrobe and got
out her hat and fur. As she put them
on, preparatory to a ride with her
cousin's rival suitors, she vented her
feelings in the brief remark that Stella
was the queerest girl she had ever met.
The gentlemen were waiting for them
in the sleigh at the front door, and it
was not long before the robes were
wrapped about them, and they were off
at a rattling pace on the road leading
out of the quaint old town.

It was a clear, breezy day, but not too
cold for pleasure, and the ice-boat—
those swift-winged sleighs so common
on the Canadian rivers in winter—were
skimming over the frozen surface of the
water like beautiful white gulls.

To see those dainty little vessels,
mounted on runners, cutting along over
the ice at a rate of sixty miles an hour,
thrilled Stella's venturesome soul with
envy.

"Oh, I would give anything in the
world for a ride on one of those boats,"
she cried, with girlish extravagance, and
her speaking eyes followed the graceful
movements of the trim little ice fleet.

"Have you never ridden in one?"
Engene Valcour asked, in surprise.
"No; but I have always wanted to. I
should think it would be perfectly de-
lightful."

"It is," Valcour answered. "We have
a boat, Miss Markham. If you—"
"Ice-boating is very dangerous
sport," Alan Douglas observed, senten-
tiously. "You may dive into an air-
hole, or capsize at any moment."

"So they say," Valcour answered
carelessly; "but I've been out on the
river scores of times, and have never
met with a single accident. It's all in
the management of the boat. I would
not be afraid to take half a dozen of
people in the Victorie."

"That a man has escaped a hundred
times is no indemnity against possible
accidents," Douglas said tersely. "I
wouldn't care to take anyone with me in
the Victorie—certainly not a lady."

"Oh, I wouldn't be a bit afraid!"
Stella cried. "Major Valcour, do take
me! I am dying to go!"

"I am perfectly willing to take you,"
he said laughingly; "only you must
promise me immunity from prosecution
in case anything dreadful happens to you."

Alan Douglas's face was overspread
with a sudden pallor.
"Major Valcour," he said sternly, "I
hope you have no serious intention of
doing anything so foolhardy."

The color rushed to Valcour's face,
and his eyes emitted an angry spark.
"I am at Miss Markham's service,"
he said shortly. "I shall take her if she
wishes to go."

"Certainly I do!" Stella cried. "If
there is any real danger, it will only add
 zest to my enjoyment. I would like it
above all things—wouldn't you, Nora?"

"No, thanks!" her cousin answered
nervously. "I would rather be ex-
cused."

"What! are you afraid, too?" Stella
exclaimed, with an accent that brought
a resentful flush to Alan's face.

She might as well have called him a
coward.

"Whether we are afraid or not, Miss
Markham," he said, with quick, cutting
emphasis, "I feel it my duty to inform
you that ice-boating is not a suitable
sport for a lady. In the first place, the
boats are mere skeletons, and the only
way to accommodate oneself to them is
to lie down flat in the stern. There are
no seats, no cushions, nothing—in fact,
there are only the barest ribs of timber
to hold on. No lady can ride in one
without real discomfort, and—not a lit-
tle discredit to herself."

"What do you mean to insinuate, sir?"
Valcour exclaimed angrily.

"I insinuate nothing," Douglas re-
plied coolly. "I state the case without
equivocation."

Then he turned to the coachman and
said in a low tone:
"Stop here, please! Ladies, I am
obliged to leave you. Good morning,
Major Valcour!"

"Drive on!" Valcour cried as he mut-
tered something under his breath.

Alan Douglas had leaped lightly out
of the sleigh, lifting his hat, began
to retrace the road back to Montreal.

"Well, of all the pretty exhibits I ever
did see!" Stella exclaimed with a look
of scorn.

"He was afraid we'd ask him to join
us," whispered Valcour. "He needs
no persuading."

"The idea of a man of his age being
so superlatively cautious!" Stella said
derisively. "I call that downright cow-
ardice."

Valcour was, of course, not ill pleased
to have his rival in disgrace; but Nora
looked back at the retreating figure of
Alan Douglas with a different feeling.

"You will take me, won't you, Major
Valcour?" Stella asked coquettishly.

To which Valcour, of course, replied
that he would take her anywhere he
liked.

yacht lay just off the landing. Valcour
had provided cushions and robes for
her, but Stella was somewhat surprised
to learn that Alan Douglas had come
pretty near the truth.

They had met him on their way down
to the river, but he passed on with the
slightest of formal salutes.

"Is there no one else going with us?"
Stella asked in surprise, as Engene Val-
cour tucked the robes about her, and
seated himself in a half-reclining posture
at her side.

"No," he answered with a smile. "I
can manage the boat myself, and the
Victorie is so small there is hardly
room for more. Besides," he added in
a lower and more tender tone, "would
not another person be *de trop*? You
are not afraid to trust yourself with me?"

"Oh, no!" Stella answered with
heightened color.

Then the sails caught the wind as it
went whistling by, and away they sped
over the smooth, glittering surface of
the ice.

Lying in the stern of the boat, Stella
looked up at the clear blue sky, and out
at the snow-clad mountains which
skirted their path on either side.

Every object she fixed her eyes upon
appeared to vanish as if by magic. The
boat seemed to skim through the air.
Even the express train which came
howling along on the east bank of the
river was left far in the rear.

The wind fluttered Stella's hair, and
fanned the color in her cheeks into a
bright flame; her eyes sparkled with en-
joyment, and laughter fairly bubbled to
her lips.

"Isn't this perfectly splendid?" she
cried for the sixth or seventh time, as
the Victorie circled and tacked in a
lively breeze.

"There is another boat making this
way," Valcour observed. "It must be a
poor sailor. With only one man in it, it
ought to have passed us long ago."

Stella watched it for awhile, and then
lay back in the stern of the Victorie
with her eyes closed.

"She is catching up with us," Valcour
exclaimed presently; but Stella was not
the least bit interested in the chase.

"I feel as if I were drifting away into
dreamland somewhere," she said; and
then she felt a firm hand held softly
over her own.

This brought her to her senses; she
opened her eyes with a start and found
Engene Valcour looking down at her
with an expression she could not mis-
take.

"I wish we could go drifting on this
way for ever," he said passionately, "you
and I, darling."

For the moment his hold on the rud-
der had relaxed, and he forgot that con-
stant vigilance was required of him.

"Look out!" was the clear ringing
about that came from the boat in the
rear, but it came too late.

The Victorie had bore down upon
one of those treacherous air-holes. In
an instant she had capsized, and both
Stella and Valcour were struggling in
the water.

A cold and frightful plunge was all
that she remembered till hours had
passed, and she found herself lying in
bed, while Nora shuddered her wrists
and temples with alcohol.

"Thank God!" Nora cried, fervently,
as Stella opened her eyes. "Tell Mr.
Douglas she is safe."

"Where is Mr. Valcour?" Stella
asked, feebly.

Nora's face flushed indignantly.
"At home!" she answered, shortly.

"He has behaved shamefully, Stella.
When the boat upset, he just left you
to drown, and tried to save himself. If
he hadn't been for Alan Douglas you
wouldn't be here now."

"Did Alan save my life?" asked Stella,
tremulously.

"Yes, Oh, he has acted like a hero to-
day. He saw you set out, and felt so
fearful for your safety that he took an-
other boat and followed you. He was
right near at hand when the accident oc-
curred."

Stella had nothing to say just then;
but when evening came she met Alan
Douglas face to face.

"I sent for you," she said, holding
out her hands to him. "I owe you my
life, Mr. Douglas."

"You owe me nothing," he interposed,
hastily.

"You make it very hard for me," she
said, looking down. "If I may not offer
you my life in payment for a debt, will
you accept it as a gift?"

He looked at her incredulously for a
moment, and then he caught her hand
with passionate eagerness.

"Stella," he cried, "you cannot mean
this, after all—"

"I have made up my mind to marry
you," she answered simply.

"I cannot accept such a sacrifice," he
said, with a sudden revulsion of feeling:
"this is madness."

It was a year after they were married
that Nora came to make them a visit in
England. Mention of Major Valcour's
name paved the way to a free discussion
of the foregoing episode.

"I think," Stella then remarked, with
conscious pride in her husband's worth,
"that true courage must always have in
it a strong admixture of caution."

THE SHERRY WE DRINK.

Something that Revivates the Fumes in Persons
of the Boreman.

A cable dispatch states that the Lon-
don medical papers are making an out-
cry over a new species of poison, which
they assert is making sad havoc with the
stomachs, if not the lives, of Englishmen.
It is called sherry, and is manufac-
tured at Hamburg out of alcohol,
sugar, water and common table salt.

"Pshaw! we can beat that hollow,"
said an artistic mixer of beverages in a
New York wine room, on being shown
the cable dispatch in question. "Why,
some manufacturers in this city can
turn you out sherry that has more poi-
son to the thimbleful than you would
find in a den of rattlesnakes. Oils and
ether? Why, they can supply you with
an unlimited variety of them in some of
what is called the genuine article or
choice old brands of sherry. There are
ascetic, butyric, chloric, nitric and sul-
phuric ethers, and even the head can be
manufactured by the aid of alum, alk-
alies and acids."

"Those who ship sherry," said a dealer
in American wines, when questioned on
the subject, "know how to drug and fix
it for the American market and have it
pass off as genuine. Very seldom one
bottle of what could be honestly called
the real article ever reaches these shores.

As in liquors, tobacco, caustic potash,
red pepper, aqua fortis and oil of vitrol
are frequently to be found, so in some
brands of sherry there are ingredients
which the wildest stretch of the imagina-
tion never would conjure up."

"I recollect some years ago," said a
pharmacist, "there was a manufacturer
in Chambers street who was detected
using lead coated vats in the manufac-
ture of sherry. The English medical
authorities would have something to add
to their denunciations of sherry if they
had the American adulterations mixed
with those of Hamburg."

"Almost as bad as the poison of the
Borrasa."

"My dear sir, if the poison of the Bor-
rasa were in the market to-day they
would likely be used as flavoring ex-
tracts for sherry and other wines. Their
vaunted potency would be of no avail at
the present period. They would en-
counter poisons used in the manufacture
of our wines which would make them
appear utterly insignificant as curtailers
of life. Even electricity is brought into
request to tone up some wines."

"How is that?"

"By plunging into a wine vat two pin-
timum plates connected with the poles of
a battery. I tell you that some of the
wine of the present day is fearfully and
wonderfully made."—New York Tele-
gram.

A Suggestive Symbol.

A man from Texas, who was traveling
through the north, noticed that the
usual sign over the doors of savings
banks was a beehive.

"Is a beehive the regular sign of a
savings bank?" asked the stranger, of a
native whose acquaintance he had made.

"Yes," was the reply; "most of the
savings banks have the beehive for a
sign on account of its appropriateness.
The depositors, of course, are the bees.
They are off at work collecting honey,
which they deposit in the hive for their
use in winter. The owner of the hive
is, of course, the President of the sav-
ings bank. When there is as much honey
in the bank as he needs, he robs the
hive and skips out for Canada with all
the available assets. The bees, or de-
positors, buzz around a good deal, but
most of them starve and freeze to death
during the winter."

"But who are the drones?"

"They are the clerks, who are rela-
tives of the President or directors, who
draw big salaries, but never do much
work."

"Who is the queen bee?"

"Oh, she is the female friend of the
President of the bank, and usually ac-
companies him to Canada. So now you
understand the appropriateness of a bee-
hive being the symbol of the savings
banks."—Texas Siftings.

Had Regular Habits.

A New York merchant called at the
office of a brother merchant, and said:
"A young man named Smith has ap-
plied to me for a position. Will he
not in your employment at one time?"

"Yes, sir," Mr. Smith was in my
employment the several months. He
knew of business in truly wonder-
ful, but what kind of a man was he?

"He was a regular man," he said.
"He was a regular man," he said.
"He was a regular man," he said.

"He was a regular man," he said.
"He was a regular man," he said.
"He was a regular man," he said.

"He was a regular man," he said.
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A BARK IN THE WOODS.

The Adventures of a Little Toddler in a
House and Back Country.

The quiet hamlet of Blandford was
the scene on Sunday of an exciting
episode. Herbert Cross lives on the
road between Blandford Centre and
North Blandford. His wife is visiting
out of town, and the care of the farm-
house, with charge of the two-and-
a-half-year-old boy, devolves on his
mother. The little fellow was in the
yard at play on Saturday morning,
while his grandmother was busy inside.
Having occasion to go to the door the
woman missed the child and hunted for
him, thinking he might be in mischief.
Failing to find him, she feared he had
wandered down the road. Being unfit
to follow him, she blew the tin horn,
summoning the father from the field.
Mr. Cross searched the buildings on the
premises without finding him. He hur-
riedly called his neighbors and the
rumor of a child lost spread till a party
of nearly 100 assembled during the
afternoon to join the search. Many of
them took lanterns and torches and
followed their quest till midnight. The
only trace of a child was a plaything or
two in a ryestalk field near the house.
When midnight came and the child had
not been found, the father gave up hope
of seeing him again alive. The boy had
an attack of croup the night before and
it seemed reasonable to conclude that
he could not survive a day and a night
of exposure. When the neighbors
abandoned the search soon after mid-
night, they took teams and spread the
news through Becket and Chester.

When the sun rose Sunday the volun-
teers, 150 sturdy hillmen, set out to
scour the woods and fields and brooks.
They formed themselves in a line, the
men but ten feet apart, and thus ad-
vanced, carefully noticing every rock
and log behind which the little wanderer
might have lain down to die. All the
long forenoon, with its frequent showers,
the column worked its way further from
the homestead. Soon after noon, as
they were thinking to redouble their
energies in view of the approaching
night, that part of the line which was
about one mile from the starting point,
suddenly came upon the boy, not dead,
as they expected to find him, but tod-
dling along the wooden mountain side,
with an apple in one hand and a bunch
of pretty autumn leaves in the other.
He was all right, and there was rejoicing
throughout Blandford.—Hartford Times.

Clung to the Whale's Back.

THE FIRST MAN WHO EVER RODE A MOR-
SEID FISH.

"We take white whales shootin' some-
times," said the rover, "and the last
one I took last season got a joke on one
that ain't quite wore off yet. We went
out in a gang that day, some with rifles
and some with harpoons, and I reckon
there was ten bots (boats) all told, and
right down by the mouth of the creek
we struck a school of 'em, so big that
there was nothing but heads a-poppin'
up all around. When we got into the
lot the boys began a-shootin' and strik-
in, and got so mixed up that we didn't
know where we was for a while. My
boy had my harpoon and the only thing
I got hold on was a lance, just like this,
and as I was standing in the bow a big
whale came up under me. I let dive
and sunk the lance into him about two
feet, and at the same moment one of the
other boats struck us right astidships.
I lost my balance, and afore I knew it I
was a-settin' on that old whale's back,
hangin' on to the pole and agoin' along
like greased lightning. The boys set up
a yell and made way for me and off I
went."

"Yes," continued the speaker, "the
water was only about four foot and
the critter couldn't dive, so I just
clung to it. First she struck in shore
and then skirted along the beach,
a-swimmin' and puffin' and beatin' the
water with her tail so't you could hear
her clean across the bay. But she
couldn't shake me off, I just clung to the
handle and let her rip, and pretty soon,
when we came to a shoal place, I
beached her, or she beached me, I didn't
know which. Any way, I reckon I'm
the first one that ever rode a whale in
these diggins."

Farmers' Daughters.

The London Spectator says:—To
farm 400 acres well, and keep plenty of
beasts, and be admittedly prosperous, a
man must have \$4,000, and make at
least a net for himself besides his in-
terest—that is, must have \$400 to \$500
a year clear. If such a farmer's brother,
the dispossessed, seeking that income,
happily his daughters 17 hours a day at
housework, with only intervals for meals,
and instead of any domestic beyond
reading and writing, and avoided com-
pany, and domestic culture and de-
cent politeness, he would be declared a
hard case of overwork, and the clergy-
man would give him advice, and the
neighbors would stir up his daughters
to rebellion.

A FIGHT WITH AN EAGLE.

LEWIS WILLIAMS' EXPERIENCE
WITH THE BIRD IN THE MOUN-
TAINS.

He Set a Trap to Catch a Fox but the
Eagle Carried it Off—Battle With the
Crows.

Lewis Williams, who lives in an
isolated spot on the Preston Mountains,
Pennsylvania, having set a trap to cap-
ture a fox which he had reason to be-
lieve was carrying away his chickens,
went out to look at it, and found it gone.
The trap had been chained to a small
stake in the ground, and this had been
pulled up and was missing with the trap
and chain. Supposing that the fox had
been caught in the trap and had escaped
with it, Williams hunted about in the
woods for some trace of it, but could find
none. As he was returning home he
heard a sudden and great commotion
among a flock of crows in a piece of
woods a quarter of a mile or so from his
house. The crows were cawing furiously
and were circling around above the tree-
tops in one particular spot, and occa-
sionally darted about through the trees.
Williams walked over toward the woods,
and as he approached the crows in-
creased their hubbub. When he arrived
within gunshot they withdrew to a more
distant part of the woods but kept up
their noise. Williams had just entered
the edge of the woods when he heard the
rattling of a chain, and simultaneously a
very large bird strutted out from
behind a tree, dragging the missing trap,
chain, and stake. The jaws of the trap
were fastened to one leg of the bird,
which was a bald eagle of the largest
size. The eagle flew from the ground
and was rising with difficulty toward the
top of a tall dead tree, when Williams
fired at it. The charge took effect in
one of the eagle's wings and it fell to
the ground. Thinking to capture the
eagle alive, Williams approached it, but
in spite of its crippled wing and the bur-
den of the trap on its leg, the bird
flew at him and attacked him with such
fury that he turned and fled from the
woods. Hurrying back home, Williams,
without saying anything to others, pro-
cured a stout rope and a large feed bag.
On his way back to the woods he noticed
that the crows which had attracted his
attention to the spot in the first place
were hovering over the place where he
had left the eagle, and from their
peculiar cry and frantic actions he
inferred that something unusual had
occurred during his absence. The crows,
knowing by the wonderful instinct they
possess that the eagle was wounded, and
hating as they do all large birds, had
swooped down on the eagle and attacked
it in its crippled condition. This attack
had been disastrous to the crows, for
when Williams again reached the spot
three lay dead near the enraged eagle
and several others were dragging them-
selves away out of its reach, uttering
the sharp, guttural cry which they only
utter when wounded or in trouble.

The eagle no sooner saw Williams ap-
proaching than it rushed at him with
all the force at its command, hampered
and crippled as it was, and forced the
fighting at once. Williams had made a
noose in one end of the rope he carried,
and when the eagle flew at him he waited
until it was almost upon him and then
quickly threw the noose over the bird's
head and it slipped down around its
wings, but it pulled the rope taut in its
efforts to get at the enemy. As it stood
thus straining at the rope Williams suc-
ceeded in slipping the bag down over
its head. He then clasped the bird
around the body. Although now blinded
and crippled and pinioned and doubly
crippled, the eagle was still unconquered.
As Williams stood with his arms around
the great body of the bird, endeavoring
to secure the mouth of the bag around
its legs, the eagle suddenly sprang
against him and striking him in the
stomach with one free talon, with one
fierce downward stroke ripped his cloth-
ing from him and tore the skin from the
flesh in a long strip clear to the waist.
Williams quickly released the bird, and
made haste to reach his house, suppos-
ing that he was terribly injured. Two
men who were thrashing buckwheat for
him were then informed of the presence
of the eagle in the woods, and they went
to the spot and succeeded in overpower-
ing it. It was brought to Williams' and
tied

CHILTON VIEW.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA. JAN. 4, 1885.

To the Readers of the View.

With this issue I sever, for a time, my connection with the paper. For the next twelve months it will be published by Mr. John C. Lawrence, whose experience will enable him to furnish you a good county newspaper; and I ask for him a continuance of the liberal patronage which has heretofore been extended to the enterprise.

Very Respectfully,
W. H. LAWRENCE.

Having taken charge of the View, as will be noted above, I will briefly ask for the continued assistance of its patrons in making it a first-class weekly newspaper. Though my experience in the business is more limited than that of the retiring editor, I shall nevertheless, by earnest efforts, endeavor to keep the paper up to its present standard as a readable and useful county journal.

Very Respectfully,
J. C. LAWRENCE.

The Alabama Agricultural Society will meet in Montgomery on the first Tuesday in February.

Quite a number of teachers were in Clanton on Saturday last attending the meeting of the county school board.

Some 150,000 odd millions are estimated to have been lost in Wall street during the past year. No reward is offered.

Born per minute, 70; born per diem, 108,000; born per annum, 36,702,000; die per minute 67; die per diem, 97,790; die per annum 25,639,335.

An Omaha paper can count 343 deliberate murders which have occurred in Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado since the 1st of August. The Indian was no worse than the white men who have crowded him out.

The earnings of the Louisville & Nashville railroad for the month of November foot up \$123,109, as the loss as against same period last year, and in the eleven months of this year of a loss of \$542,287 as against the same period last year.

Many a man complains that he is not able to pay 12½ cents a month for a paper, which an entire family and the neighbors would enjoy, yet he throws away from 25c to 50c a day for medicine (?), which he enjoys (?), but no member of his family does.

The Atlanta Constitution says: "An aged citizen of Atlanta lives in hopes that Gen. Sherman, who is making public private letters picked up by his men, will also reproduce some of the watches and jewelry that disappeared about the time his army happened along."

On last Sunday night a reporter of the age, in company with others, kept watch near the court house, in the Magic City, in order to ascertain something as to the truth of the many rumors concerning the ghost which nightly walks around the cupola of that building. Near the hour of twelve the figure of a woman clothed in white, appeared on the cupola and walking around it three times, disappeared through a window.

Many citizens of Birmingham state that they have seen this specter at intervals, for a period of about eight years, and that it has always been seen near the hour of midnight. Strange noises are also heard in the basement, and a tale has been "hatched up" to the effect that a woman was once murdered in a hut that stood on the site which the court house now occupies.

The Fort Payne (Ala.) Journal is rather caustic in its criticism of this paper and all others that favor the abolition of the Ala. R. R. Commission. The Journal in a dissertation of a column or more closes with the following:

"There is no danger that railroads in this state will be controlled to such an extent that their business will suffer, but there is great danger that if unchecked they will soon use their privileges to the detriment of the public at large."

These two conclusions of the Journal are not arrived at by any logical method, and are not produced by any premises whatever upon which to draw them. It is evident that any one of common

sense at Birmingham, Ala., can tell the Journal that a railroad which was being built from that place to Nashville, Tennessee has been checked by nothing less than the plea of the Alabama Railroad Commission for more power, showing that they fear the business of the railroads will suffer if such power is granted. The second conclusion of the Journal is that railroads "will use their privileges to the detriment of the public at large," if not prevented by means of a commission. Now we would ask our brother, of the Journal, which would suffer most the railroads or the public at large if such a use of privilege is made. The railroads themselves would lose their business by such a course and they are too far-seeing to make such use of any power they may have in that direction. We agree with the Journal that the State has power to regulate railroad matters to a limited extent, under charters granted the railroads; but we think that such regulation should be left to the public at large through its legislature and not be placed in the hands of three men alone on salaries paid by the railroad companies. The Birmingham Chronicle joins us in this view in the following paragraph:

"Several months ago the Chronicle advised the legislature to abolish the railroad commission. Since then other papers have urged the same request until it now seems probable that the commission will have to go. The Chronicle was impelled by principle to make the request, and did it because it did not think we should have a little railroad legislature, with salaries so much higher than those of the members of the real legislature. Whatever may be the motive of the others who ask for its abolition, we think the legislature should take charge of whatever discipline the railroads need and relieve the commission of any further responsibility to the roads and the people."

What He is After.

Capt. Bragg, President of the Railroad Commission, talks about railroad lobbying during the sitting of the legislature! Now what did he do, this gentleman who is asking the people to change the law and create a mandatory board of railroad commissioners, with Capt. Bragg at its head as mandator?

What did he would be mandator do? Nothing, except to have a petition circulated among the members of the legislature and others, requesting the Governor to send in his name as member of said mandatory board. It is currently reported that the Governor has blushed at this performance of Capt. Bragg's. But be this as it may, the worst remains to be related. Capt. Bragg, by the grace of the legislature, president of the present advisory board with a salary of \$3,600 paid by the railroads, is now engaged in writing a series of articles (in the Advertiser) to prove that his power ought to be increased, be made mandatory, so that he or his successor may preside as a sort of dictator over the railroads of Alabama.

We are bound to infer that the circulation of such a petition, as mentioned above, means that Capt. Bragg wants the position of dictator. He certainly would not go back into the board with any less position than he now holds. He would scarcely be willing to go back, with his power and dignity elevated to that of dictator over all the railroads of Alabama, upon the pitiful salary of \$3,600. With his increased power and dignity, it is but natural to suppose he would want a salary commensurate therewith. He would also naturally look upon himself as a bigger man than the governor of the state, and would, of course, want a bigger salary, albeit such salary should have to be paid out of the bleeding treasury of the state of Alabama, for Capt. Bragg would hardly expect the railroads to sharpen the weapon and then hand it to him for the purpose of getting him to cut their own throats.

But to all intents and purposes Captain Bragg is just that kind of a political hair-pin.—Daily Age.

Beauty.

The following anecdote of a famous French woman proves the truth of the old saying, "Handsome is that handsome does."

A famous lady, who once reigned in Paris society, was so very homesick for her mother said one day, "My poor child, you are too ugly for any one ever to fall in love with you." From this time Madame de Ciron began to be very kind to the poorer children of the village, the servants of the household, even the birds that hopped about the garden walks. She was always distressed if she happened to be unable to render a service. This good will towards everybody made her the idol of the city. Though her complexion was sallow, her eyes small and sunken, yet she held in devotion to her the greatest men of her time. Her unflinching interest in others made her, it is said, perfectly irresistible. Her life furnished as a valuable

The holidays are over and gone with the old year, 1884, and every body has gone to work, determined to make life a success in 1885.

Christmas was quiet, very quiet; Christmas day seemed more like the holy Sabbath than a day of reveling. We rejoice that it was so. Surely in frankness and revelry is not a proper manner to celebrate the advent of Christ into the world.

The young people of Jemison, assisted by those who were more grave, spent a delightful evening at the residence of Mr. J. C. Allen, on the evening of the 26th ult., in the way of a "phantom party." The occasion was so enjoyable, that it was determined to try the event of a second, which was done the following Monday evening, at the residence of Mrs. M. J. Bandy. "Everybody in town, and his neighbor" turned out. A great deal of harmless fun was had. Old people laughed till they cried at the queer costumes, and quaint actions of those en masse.

Only one dance in Jemison during the holidays, and that, we are reliably informed, was a glorious failure. Two years ago the side of the village "put in a solid week" in dancing, this Christmas, with the aid of half a dozen visitors, one and that a failure! What a change. Faithful preaching, fervent prayer, and earnest Sabbath School work has done it. No wonder church property has enhanced in value five hundred per cent in twelve months.

The Union Sunday School which has been a source of so much pleasure and profit to our church going people for nearly three years past re-organized for the new year with a most promising outlook. Seventy-one officers, teachers and pupils were enrolled. The following are the officers and teachers for the new year: A. E. Burns, Superintendent; W. D. Hubbard, Asst. Superintendent; Geo. W. Deramus, Sec. and Treas.; Misses Bettie Deramus and Bettie Anderson, Organists; Mrs. Julia Langford, Mrs. M. A. Mullins, and Messrs S. T. Haviland, J. R. Hill, J. A. Scaggs, and E. W. Chapman, teachers.

The Cumberland Presbyterians organized a school at their church the 28th ult., with an enrollment of about forty. Sorry we have not a list of the officers and teachers. Suffice it to say, that J. P. Allen, who is known throughout three counties as a faithful and thoroughgoing worker and organizer, is the able and efficient Superintendent. That their labors may be crowned with the success they deserve, is the sincere wish of Duo.

Rice! Rice!!

OAKMULLEE, PERRY CO., ALA., Dec. 28th, 1884. ED. CHILTON. View.—Dear Sir: As the subject of rice culture is one of the most important that has engaged the attention of some portions of Chilton, Bibb and Perry counties in some time, if you will give space in your columns I will endeavor to satisfy the minds of many who have made inquiries as to my experience.

I began growing rice here eight years ago by irrigation. Bottom land grown up in sugar cane, after being cleared of the cane and stubble and planted in rice will usually make twenty-five bushels of the staple to the acre, when "flooded," even without plowing. We grew rice here to the delight of all lookers on for several seasons old lands; but have lately cleared ten or fifteen acres of rough, new ground too wet to grow the cane and planted in rice, and we all had chills of the worst kind. In 1883 our chills were less severe. In 1884 the same land in rice during the three years, we have had no chills at all. I mention this fact because there is some prejudice against the growing of rice here on the mere supposition that its culture is unhealthy. There is no foundation upon which to base such a supposition, except that "flooding" of new land is productive of malaria. But the "flooding" of old land is entirely free from this disadvantage. We build a dam above the land we propose to irrigate, and cut a ditch one, two or three hundred yards long as required. By this ditch we carry the water to the field and convey it from point to point by means of small ditches or flow rows thus "flooding" the ground so as to keep down other vegetation and the rice plant being at home (so to speak) in water it comes forth nicely with an average yield of twenty-five bushels to the acre.

Petitions have been circulated and a bill, I understand, is to be introduced into the Legislature to prohibit the culture of rice in Perry, Bibb and Chilton counties on account of the sickness which it is reported arises from that cause. A law prohibiting such a crop, if not unconstitutional, would be unjust I think and would furthermore be a blow given to progress and civilization in Alabama. I would, therefore, ask our law makers to investigate the subject well before passing upon it. A law might be passed (which would be just and reasonable) requiring a rice grower to clear his land at least two years before "flooding," and confine the water to his own farm, and a gathering him further to restrict the "flow" to his original channel after "flooding," so that no new land may be touched by it. This would protect the man who can grow and market one hundred dollars worth of rice as easily as he can grow and market one bushel of cotton worth only half as much. We have thousands of acres of land in this country that will grow rice, and the rice grower will be able to sell his rice at a higher price than the cotton grower.

During the month of December, 1884, entries of public lands were made at the U. S. land office, Montgomery, Ala.: 170 homestead entries embracing 20,200 acres; thirty-three cash entries embracing 4,456; sixty final entries embracing 6,000, making a total for December of thirty thousand, six hundred and fifty six acres. This has been the average monthly statement for several months. During the past three years four and a half millions of acres of Alabama land has thus passed into the hands of other owners, and there are yet two and a quarter millions of acres hungry for good owners.

NOTICE NO. 3751.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 8, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court of in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Feb. 17th, 1885, viz: Simon P. Clark, Homestead 8898, for the w 1/2 of s e 1/4, section 30, township 21 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Lee Hayes, James M. Abram, Chas. W. Abram and Leslie Broadhead, all of Maplesville, Ala. Jans⁸ THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3744.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 14th, 1885, viz: Wiley J. N. Culp, Homestead 9292, for the w 1/2 of s e 1/4 section 30, township 21 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: William A. Smith, of Dixie, Ala., M. F. Fuller, William W. Sansom and Lee Hays, of Maplesville, Ala. Jans⁸ THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3748.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 14th, 1885, viz: Redding E. Jones, Homestead 11563, for the e 1/2 of s e 1/4, section 22, township 22 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Abram C. Mims, of Durbin, John Edwards, and William I. Mullins, all of Kinchen, Ala. Jans⁸ THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3745.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and to consummate, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 14th, 1885, viz: Redding E. Jones, Homestead 11563, for the e 1/2 of s e 1/4, section 22, township 22 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Joseph Cleckley, Elijah Wyatt, Nathan Miner, and John P. Robinson, all of Clanton, Ala. Jans⁸ THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale granted by the Probate Court of Shelby county, State of Alabama, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Daniel Gentry, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder at the Court house at Clanton, Chilton county, on Monday, the 25th day of January, 1885, the real estate belonging to the estate of Daniel Gentry, deceased, to-wit: The w 1/2 of s e 1/4 and the s 1/4 of a w 1/2 of the s e 1/4 and the w 1/2 of the n 1/2 of section 9, township 22, range 14 east, in Chilton county, State of Alabama, and being 240 acres more or less. Terms of sale, one-third cash, and balance in one and two years with good security.

JAMES A. MULLINS, Jan 1st Adm'r of Dan't Gentry.

Notice.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 22, 1884. Complaint having been entered at this office by Amy F. Foster against James N. Henry for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 2052, dated Nov. 6th, 1879, upon the w 1/2 of s w 1/4 sec. 10 township 21 north range 14 east, in Chilton county, Ala., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 21st day of February, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3494.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 1st, 1884. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court or, in his absence, before the Clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 7th, 1885, viz: George W. Kemp, Homestead 3044 for the n 1/2 of section 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Gilbert Eiland, John Pappell, Dr. John Benson, Daniel D. Culpepper, all of Kinchen, Ala. Jans⁸ THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.



DR. DUNCAN'S

BLACKBERRY ELIXIR!

Nature's Great Remedy for Diseases and Affections of the Bowels.

This splendid and unfailing medicine is compounded from Blackberry and other medicinal roots and herbs, and is therefore perfectly harmless. It is pleasant and safe to the most delicate stomach. It is the most speedy and effectual medicine for the cure of all forms of Diarrhoea, in children or adults, Cholera morbus, Flux, Dysentery, and the various Summer complaints of the bowels, so prevalent among all classes during the Summer season. Only one bottle (Price 50 cents) is sufficient to effect a cure.

DR. DUNCAN'S CHILL TONIC.

You need not shake or chill if you will use this Tonic. It never fails to stop the most aggravating forms of chills and fever, taken directly, in from three to seven days, when Quinine and all other medicines fail. It will also, if taken regularly, build and tone up the weak and debilitated system, and above all leaves no bad effects behind, as do so many other preparations.

DR. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great preventive and cure of all malarial diseases and a sure cure for all forms of Dyspepsia and Indigestion. It acts directly upon the liver and all the secretory glands of the stomach and bowels, it cures the disease by removing the cause from the system that produces and brings on the diseases; hence it is unsurpassed for the cure of constipation, sour stomach, heart burn, headache, and all those symptoms indicating the want of proper action of those glands situated in the stomach and bowels. Two or three bottles of DR. DUNCAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY MEDICINE is positively recommended to relieve and cure any of the above diseases if taken as directed. Price 75 cents.

DUNCAN'S WORM SYRUP.

One bottle of this Syrup will completely expel all species of worms and without injury to the child, as it contains no calomel or other injurious substances. Again it is pleasant to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, and therefore administered without trouble. Price 25 cents.

The above medicines are for sale by M. J. GREENE, Clanton. oc30

MAN'S

ORGANISM

Is the most complete work of the Creator, and when this complicated structure, so exquisitely wrought, is disturbed by disease, the most efficient aid should be sought from the most skilled physician—for the human body is too precious to be neglected. It becomes the question, then: "What physician shall be employed?"

HIS REMEDIES CURE

Any Debility or derangement of the Nervous System, including Spasmodic, Gonorrhea, Syphilis, Stricture, Impotence, etc., etc. BECAUSE you may have been cheated and fooled by quacks, who claim to cure this class of disorders, do not hesitate to give Dr. Johannessen's method a fair trial before your case becomes chronic and incurable.

FREE.

A valuable treatise, explanatory of Dr. Johannessen's system, will be sent by mail, postpaid, and securely sealed from observation, to any sufferer addressing his sole authorized agent for the U. S. and Canada.

HENRY VOGELER, 49 South Street, New York.

Complicated symptoms treated from Dr. Johannessen's Special Prescription, under advice of a daily qualified consulting physician.

All correspondence held as strictly confidential, and advice by mail free of charge.

The Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators;

Devoted to collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

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Address, THE SUN, N. Y. City.

Surveyor's Notice.

I would respectfully inform the people of Chilton county that I have been re-appointed county surveyor, and with an experience of thirty years, am prepared to do all surveying entrusted to me with satisfaction to all parties. Persons wishing to know where their land lines are would do well to call on me. H. A. BARNES, Surveyor.

Allen, Scott & Sherrod,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

DEALERS IN—

Wholesale Groceries, Grain, Hay,

—AND—

Agents for DuPont's Rifle and
Blasting Powder.

We sell entirely at Wholesale and to Dealers only.
Oct 23-6

A New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods

JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.,

—CLANTON, ALA.—

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE

PURCHASING.

A. J. BROOKS

—AT VERBENA, ALA.—

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES, FREIGHT OFF

AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER. I HAVE

EVERYTHING YOU WANT TO BUY, AND WILL

BUY EVERYTHING YOU HAVE TO SELL,

AT THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

COME EVERYBODY AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1826 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570. June 19 y

NATIONAL HOUSE

NOS. 101, 103, 105 and 107 CORNER COMMERCE AND BEEB STREETS.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

BY THE DAY OR WEEK FOR TRANSIENT CUSTOM.

This House has a New Outfit. Largest and Coolest Rooms in the City.

Terms Fifty Cents A Night.

Special Large Rooms fitted up and Reserved for Commercial Tourists.

RESTAURANT UNDER THE HOTEL.

June 19 y O. BURKE

NATIONAL RESTAURANT

105 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

OYSTERS, FISH AND GAME

WHEN IN SEASON. MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.

And sent to private rooms in the National Hotel when ordered.

MEALS FIFTY CENTS EACH.

NO. 10.

CHILTON VIEW.

Published Every Thursday Morning.
CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 15, 1885.

Col. Alex. K. McClure, editor of the Philadelphia Times, writes to the Chilton View.

Of the 22,000 Indians in the Territory of Dakota, 20,000 speak the English language.

The wholesale grocery and liquor house of B. Moog, Mobile, was closed on the 12th inst. by the sheriff upon an attachment for \$42,000.

Gov. Cleveland's resignation of the office of Governor of New York was tendered by him on the 6th inst. It is probably the briefest document of the kind in existence, occupying only two lines.

The name of Arizona, the Sentinel of that Territory says, was not bestowed through any poetic arrangements of Indian or Spanish names, but is derived from *aridus*, dry, and *zona*, a girdle or belt.

The last jury on which the editor of the Atlanta Constitution, who does the jury duty for the establishment, served, had two negroes on it, and they made good jurymen, according to that journal.

Mr. W. R. Smith, the late first auditor clerk, in the auditor's office at Richmond, Va., has been arrested and placed in jail, on a charge of defalcation to the amount of about \$150,000. His trip to Canada has been indefinitely postponed.

So much has been said about Randall's visit South, that we deem it unnecessary for us to comment further upon the benefits to be derived therefrom. We sincerely hope that they may be as great and numerous, as the people of Birmingham predict.

During the past week fires have been numerous as well as destructive. The L. & N. freight depot in Nashville was burned, causing a heavy loss to that company. A very destructive fire also occurred in Talladega. Several business houses were burned.

John L. Sullivan has gone under training for the Greenfield match, after which he will meet Ryan and McCallery. He will visit New Orleans during the Exposition, and remain there about a month, then he will sail for England, and give exhibitions throughout England, Scotland, Wales, Ireland and Australia.

As the new year has now fully dawned upon us, we note with pleasure the improvement in the business outlook. On every hand we hear of factories, mills and other manufacturing industries, which have been lying idle, some of them for many months, resuming work again, and a better feeling prevails throughout the country.

A Wisconsin granger writes to "The Democratic Congressman at Washington" that he wants a "foremanism," and bases his claim for the office partly on the fact that he has eleven children to support. Another wants to be an examiner in the "pension office," and still another wants a place worth \$3,000 a year, and of such a nature that he could take the work home and do it at night, while he studied law in the daytime.

Bank presidents, cashiers, treasurers, book-keepers and the like, continue to flock to Canada. What a glorious country Canada will be ten years hence, when all the rascals in the United States who can steal a few thousand dollars, will have made it their home. They find this climate rather warm for their business, notwithstanding that their closing entry is liable to be made on "a land that is warmer than this."

The swarm of hungry patriots expected from the south at the national capital have failed to materialize, to the no small astonishment and discomfiture of some of our northern brethren. This horde of southern office seekers has never existed save in the over anxious brain of some northern editor, who raised this terrible bugbear to arouse the people of his section and prejudice them against their inoffensive southern neighbors. It did very well for campaign thunder, but when the election people cannot tell to see that it was only bait to catch gulls with. The next time the southern people are heard of they will still be attending carefully to their own business and looking out for their own interests.

At an aggregating match at Peterborough, Canada, a short time since, one man ate forty-one eggs and the other four. The eggs were raw and taken from a basket in a grocery store. The basket was emptied, and the winner said that he could eat a dozen more.

The first establishment in the south for making machinery and supplies for cotton factories has lately been started near Atlanta. It proposes to furnish southern mills whatever they need as good as can be bought at the north, at such prices that the goods, delivered, shall cost no more than the same goods would cost at the northern factory.—Ex.

A telegraph operator at Prescott, Arizona, successfully wooed a young lady living at Vevay, Ind., but her parents objected to the match. Lately it leaked out that they had made the circuit, as it were, by means of electricity, a clergyman was had, asked the necessary questions by telegraph, and pronounced them man and wife.

W. H. Vanderbilt has written a letter to Mrs. U. S. Grant presenting her with the debt and judgment, which he holds against Gen. Grant, and also the mortgages in his possession, upon the real estate and household furniture and awards, medals and works of art which were memorial presents from governments all over the world. Mrs. Grant declines to accept.

Our Exposition Letter.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., JAN. 10.
The public could not wish for more favorable weather than has been granted this week. To look out over the parks of the city and around the Exposition buildings and see the green grass growing so luxuriantly is enough to make one feel there is nothing else but spring hereabouts.

Among the important personages now visiting this section is Chief of the Sioux Tribe of Indians, Standing Rock Agency, Dak. He is accompanied by his squaw and papoose; and they are making headquarters at the Dakota department in the government building, where the little family are the wonder, if not the admiration, of the populace.

The canceling of the engagement with Prof. Currier and band by the Exposition Management is nothing serious, as there are many hands, as fine if not so large, which will be glad to furnish music, even complimentary, at any time. Notably, the Mexican Cavalry Band, one of the best organizations of the kind in America, tender their services without charge. Again, the grand organ in Music Hall is about ready for use, and will be played every day by celebrated performers.

The State of Chihuahua, Mexico, has a piece of silver bullion on exhibition in Main building weighing 5640 lbs, worth \$114,900.

Your readers may be surprised to learn the Mexican iron building under headway, though covering a small space, will cost that government no less than \$175,000. It is being so scientifically constructed that it can be taken down in sections, when the Exposition closes here and shipped to the City of Mexico as a memento of its representation in the United States; and where Mexico itself expects to hold high carnival next year; when that Republic hopes to have the world visit her.

The Government building, wherein the territories and states display their exhibits, is occupied in the centre by representations from the various Departments of the United States Government at Washington City. The expenditure of the money appropriated by the government, amounting to something like \$500,000, and the selections of articles for exhibit was entrusted to a Board of Commissioners following: Col. S. C. Lyford, War, C. H. Hill, State, Lieut. B. H. Buckingham, Navy, W. F. McLeman, Treasury, A. D. Hazen, Postoffice, B. Butterworth, Interior, Cecil Clay, Justice, V. Sanders, Agriculture Department, Prof. G. B. Goode, Smithsonian Institution, and the National Museum and U. S. Fish Commission. The principal feature of this exhibit is an immense globe fifty feet in diameter, upon which is accurately delineated all the geographical and political divisions of the earth. Plainly described thereon appear various facts relative to each country and government, such as its area, population, principal productions and industries, commerce, etc. This globe is so arranged as to be illuminated from within, so that its appearance as seen by artificial light will be both novel and pretty. Grouped around the base or below this globe are representative specimens of the principal economical productions indigenous to the different countries represented thereon.

Upon large illustrated charts and diagrams are presented to the eye information relative to the productions, manufactures, trade and commerce of each country, and upon other charts are shown the relative distances of the principal parts of Central and South America.

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VERY INTELLIGENT ANIMALS.

A Mule That Acts as Overseer of an Alabama Plantation.

Washington Republican.

Mr. Luke Prior, of Alabama, is noted for his great natural sense and his original English. "I see," said he to a group of fellow members, "that Senator Hampton has been telling about a cow he owns that can talk, and Senator Vest tells about a dog that can black boots and imitate a Methodist exhorter. Now I have a mule on my farm near Opelika which is certainly a judgment creature. He is an onely looking cuss, but, as I said, very judgmentic. I must say he is the most imitative animal I ever see. He is even more imitative than the monkey. The mule's favorite amusement is to go in swimming with the boys, and would you believe it?—he can swim on his back and dive head foremost like a fish. Yes, sir; he has dived at least 30 feet and come up with his head all over mud. This mule is so imitative that he can counterfeit almost any wind instruments. There's a ferryman near my place who has shot at him several times. This ferryman has a horn on the opposite side of the river for travellers to blow as a signal when they want to come over. The mule got onto this racket, and whenever he gets a chance he goes down to the ferry and brays just like a horn blowing. On foggy days the ferryman can't see across the river, and he don't know whether it's the mule or a traveller. He told me the other day that last year he had pulled his boat over sixty times to answer that 'd—d long eared mule,' as he put it. On my farm I have a large bell, with rope attached, to ring up the hands at daybreak. An old colored man used to attend to this duty, but one night about two years ago he suddenly died. Next morning everybody was astonished to hear the bell ringing at the usual hour. I went out to see who was ringing it, and gentlemen, I hope I may never get back to Alabama if it wasn't that mule! Yes, sir; and that mule has been ringing that bell ever since at daybreak every morning. Not only this, but he cautions down between the negro cabins, just as the old man used to do, to see that everybody gets out on time. The old man had a way of kicking on the door of a hand who did not move out brisk, and one morning the mule followed his example. In a certain cabin there were a very lazy colored family that never stirred until everybody else was at work. Just at daybreak the mule backed up to the front door and gave a kick with both feet that sent the whole family through the back window. The mule didn't know it, however, and he kept on kicking. The next day it took four carpenters to put that cabin together again. Gentlemen, as I remarked before, that mule's the most judgmentic and imitative animal I ever see."

At an aggregating match at Peterborough, Canada, a short time since, one man ate forty-one eggs and the other four. The eggs were raw and taken from a basket in a grocery store. The basket was emptied, and the winner said that he could eat a dozen more.

The first establishment in the south for making machinery and supplies for cotton factories has lately been started near Atlanta. It proposes to furnish southern mills whatever they need as good as can be bought at the north, at such prices that the goods, delivered, shall cost no more than the same goods would cost at the northern factory.—Ex.

A telegraph operator at Prescott, Arizona, successfully wooed a young lady living at Vevay, Ind., but her parents objected to the match. Lately it leaked out that they had made the circuit, as it were, by means of electricity, a clergyman was had, asked the necessary questions by telegraph, and pronounced them man and wife.

W. H. Vanderbilt has written a letter to Mrs. U. S. Grant presenting her with the debt and judgment, which he holds against Gen. Grant, and also the mortgages in his possession, upon the real estate and household furniture and awards, medals and works of art which were memorial presents from governments all over the world. Mrs. Grant declines to accept.

Little Lessons.

Do not say "I seen" instead of "I saw."
Do not say "I taken" instead of "I took."
Do not say "he went and done it" instead of "he did it." These are grievous errors.
Do not use slang—it is coarse.
Do not use profane exclamations—it is wicked and in bad taste.
Never use ungrammatical language with the idea that it is amusing.
Never address grown persons by their names.
Never say "git" for get, nor "fagit" for forget.
Do not imagine that it is funny to talk "through the nose" as it is called, nor to say things that offend the ears of the people.

All outstanding commercial obligations, including or job printing of this office, are payable to Mr. J. C. Lawrence.

W. H. LAWRENCE.

An early settlement of these accounts is asked for.

J. C. LAWRENCE.

NOTICE NO. 3783.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 13, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of the Probate Court, of Chilton Co., Ala., at Clanton, Ala., on Feb. 28th, 1885, viz: Leroy Busby Homestead 8298, for the n 1 of s w 1, section 28, township 24 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Jagger Green, Robt. Mitchell, Francis Busby and Dakl Watta, all of Clear Creek, Ala. Jan 15

Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3751.

LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 6, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Feb. 17th, 1885, viz: Simon P. Clark, Homestead 8698, for the w 1 of s e 1, section 30, township 21 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Lee Hayes, James M. Abram, Chas. W. Abram and Leslie Broadhead, all of Maplesville, Ala. Jan 8

Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3744.

LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 5, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Montgomery, Alabama, on February 14th, 1885, Robert M. Robuck, Homestead 8672, for the n w 1 of section 6, township 20 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: William A. Smith, of Dixie, Ala., M. F. Fuller, William W. Sanson and Lee Hays, of Maplesville, Ala. Jan 5

Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3748.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 3, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 14th, 1885, viz: Wiley J. N. Culp, Homestead 8292, for the s 1 of s e 1, section 36, township 21 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Abram C. Mims, Monroe Durbin, John Edwards, and William I. Mullins, all of Klinehook, Ala. Jan 3

Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3745.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 5, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and to commute, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 14th, 1885, viz: Redding E. Jones, Homestead 1568, for the e 1 of s e 1, section 22, township 22 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Joseph Cleaveley, Elijah Wyatt, Nathan Miner, and John P. Robinson, all of Clanton, Ala. Jan 5

Thos. J. Scott, Register.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale granted by the Probate Court of Shelby county, State of Alabama, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Daniel Gentry, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder at the Court house at Clanton, Chilton county, on Monday, the 28th day of January, 1885, the real estate belonging to the estate of Daniel Gentry, deceased, to-wit: The w 1 of s e 1, section 1, township 22 north, range 15 east, and the s 1 of s w 1, and the s 1 of s e 1, section 23, range 14 east, lying in Chilton county, State of Alabama, and being 240 acres more or less.

Terms of sale, one-third cash, and balance in one and two years with good security.

JAMES A. MULLINS, Adm'r of Dan'l Gentry.

Notice.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 23, 1884.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Andy Ponce against James N. Headly for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 9532, dated Nov. 6th, 1878, upon the s w 1 of s w 1, section 31 north, range 14 east, in Chilton county, Ala., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 21st day of February, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3494.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 1st, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court or, in his absence, before Clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 7th, 1885, viz: George W. Kemp Homestead 8945 for the n 1 of s e 1 section 4 township 30 north, range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Gilbert Eiland, John Popwell, Geo. John Benson, Daniel D. Culpepper, all of Klinehook, Ala. Jan 1

Thos. J. Scott, Register.



DR. DUNCAN'S BLACKBERRY ELIXIR!

Nature's Great Remedy for Diseases and Affections of the Bowels.

This splendid and unfailing medicine is compounded from Blackberry and other medicinal roots and herbs, and is therefore perfectly harmless. It is pleasant and safe to the most delicate stomach. It is the most speedy and effectual medicine for the cure of all forms of Diarrhoea, in children of adults, Cholera morbus, Flux, Dysentery, and the various Summer complaints of the bowels, so prevalent among all classes during the Summer season. Only one bottle (Price 50 cents) is sufficient to effect a cure.

DR. DUNCAN'S CHILL TONIC.

You need not shake or chill if you will use this Tonic. It never fails to stop the most aggravating forms of chills and fever if taken as directed, in from three to seven days, when Quinine and all other medicines fail. It will also, if taken regularly, build and tone up the weak and debilitated system, and above all leaves no bad effects behind, as do so many other preparations.

DR. DUNCAN'S Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great preventive and cure of all malarial diseases and a sure cure for all forms of Dyspepsia and Indigestion. It acts directly upon the liver and all the secretory glands of the stomach and bowels, it cures the disease by removing the cause from the system that produces and brings on the diseases; hence it is unsurpassed for the cure of constipation, sour stomach, heart burn, headache, and all those symptoms indicating the want of proper action of those glands situated in the stomach and bowels. Two or three bottles of DR. DUNCAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY MEDICINE is positively recommended to relieve and cure any of the above diseases if taken as directed. Price 75 cents.

DUNCAN'S WORM SYRUP.

One bottle of this Syrup will completely expel all species of worms and without injury to the child, as it contains no calomel or other injurious substances. Again, it is pleasant to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, and therefore administered without trouble. Price 25 cents.

The above medicines are for sale by M. J. GREENE, Clanton. Oct 30

MAN'S ORGANISM

Is the most complete work of the Creator; and when this complicated structure by disease, the most efficient should be sought from the most skilled physician—for the human body is too precious to be neglected. It becomes the question, then: "What physician shall be employed?"

Dr. Oscar Johannessen, of the University of Berlin, Germany, has made a lifelong study of ailments of the Genito-Urinary System.

HIS REMEDIES CURE

Any Debility or derangement of the Nervous System, including Spermatophores, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Stricture, Impotence, etc., etc.

BECAUSE they may have been cheated and fooled by quacks, who claim to cure this class of disorders, do not hesitate to give Dr. Johannessen's method a fair trial before your case becomes chronic and incurable.

FREE

A valuable treatise, explanatory of Dr. Johannessen's system, will be sent by mail, postpaid, and securely sealed from observation, to any sufferer addressing his note authorized agent for the U. S. and Canada.

HENRY VOGELER, 40 South Street, New York.

Complicated symptoms treated from Dr. Johannessen's Special Prescription, under advice of a duly qualified consulting physician.

All correspondence held as strictly confidential, and advice by mail free of charge.

The Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators; Devoted to collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

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Daily, per Month	50
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Daily and Sunday, per Year	7 00
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Address, THE SUN, N. Y. City.

Curry's Motion.

I would respectfully inform the people of Chilton county that I have been re-appointed county surveyor, and with an experience of thirty years, am prepared to do all surveying entrusted to me with attention to all parties. Persons wishing to know where their land lines are would do well to call on me. B. A. CURRY, Mobile, Ala.

Allen, Scott & Sherrod,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

DEALERS IN

Wholesale Groceries, Grain, Hay

AND

Agents for DuPont's Rifle and Blasting Powder.

We sell entirely at Wholesale and to Dealers only Oct 23-8

A New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods

JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.

—CLANTON, ALA.—

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, CROGERIES, BOOTS, SHOES

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE

PURCHASING.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES, FREIGHT OVER

AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER. I HAVE

EVERYTHING YOU WANT TO BUY, AND WILL

BUY EVERYTHING YOU HAVE TO SELL,

AT THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

COME EVERYBODY AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1020 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 10th and 20th STREETS,

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NATIONAL HOUSE

NOS. 101, 103, 105 and 107 CORNER COMMERCE AND BIRD STREETS.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

BY THE DAY OR WEEK FOR TRANSIENT CUSTOM.

This House has a New Outfit. Largest and Coolest Rooms in the City.

Terms Fifty Cents A Night.

Special Large Rooms fitted up and Reserved for Commercial Travelers

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O. BURKE.

NATIONAL RESTAURANT

306 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA

OYSTERS, FISH AND GAME

WHEN IN SEASON. MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.

For a list of prices, call on the National House, or send for a copy.

The Chilton View.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor and Proprietor.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1885.

NO. 11.

THE CHRYSTHEMUM.

A CHRISTMAS LIMERICK.

Oh, sleep, my children, sleep!
The close together on your cold, hard bed,
What have you now but sleep? The fire is dead,
And there remains but one poor crust of bread,
That I against my hungry waking keep.

Oh, sleep, my children, sleep!
The timbers groan with frost, and creaks the floor;
The moonlight glances on the panes all hour;
The wind heaves up the snow against the door.
A voice I hear; outside, some child doth weep.

My children are asleep!
But thou, young lamb, wide straying from the fold,
I pity thee, full bleeding, with cold,
Eat thou their bread—a morsel dry and old;
To warm thyself, beneath their cover creep.

Sleep well, my children, sleep!
And thou, too, sleep, poor wanderer, till the day
What wretch thou! With thou no longer stay?
How strangely gone! No footprints mark the way.
But flowers start through the drift so smooth and deep!

Oh, children, leave your sleep!
Come hither, come, and see this wondrous thing—
Rough winter to his bosom folds the spring!
A holy guest to us the night did bring;
These flowers he left, himself we could not keep.

My children, leave your sleep!
Leave sleeping dreaming on your cold, hard bed;
For now the house is light, the hearth burns red;
Be hungry now no more, with meat and bread
Do ye—hasten hands to the table spread.

—KERRA M. THOMAS in Boston Traveller.

HER CHRISTMAS STOCKING.

"Polly, woman, see here a minute!" said Mr. Amasa Andrews, opening the kitchen door. "Whatever d'ye think? I've had a letter from Uncle Joshua!"

"Not about the mortgage?" The old skinflint!

Mrs. Andrews turned an anxious face from the bread she was kneading.

"No; 'tain't nothin' of the sort. It's a real friendly letter. He wants to borrow our Polly for a spell."

"Borrow Polly? What in the world does—"

"Well, there, you see, Polly," began her husband, advancing with the letter in his hand; "oh Aunt Sally lives with 'im; her for years. An' there's her daughter Sarah married lately. I s'pose it leaves 'er sorter lonesome. Anyways he sez he'd like 'em Polly come for 'wile. It's natural 'nuff. Shall we let 'er go?"

"Oh, Amasa, I hate to!"

"Yes, we'll miss 'er; but 'tain't for long; an' there's the mortgage, Polly!"

"I know. Well, let's leave it to Polly."

"Polly herself was not averse to the visit; but then she never was to any plan of her elders'."

"I'd just as lieve," she said, in her mild little voice; and George lamented while he wondered that he had not been chosen instead.

So Aunt Polly packed the old-fashioned carpet-bag, and Uncle Amasa put his small niece in the stage coach under the good-natured driver's care one frosty morning in the late fall.

Polly never forgot that brisk rolling over flinty roads, the glimpses of the ice-bound river, of farm houses nestled among leafless trees, of now and then a child at a window who nodded or waved a hand at her. And then, as night fell, early and cold, they halted before a long, low, red house, where a single light was burning, and an old man in a blue cap, with a lantern in his hand, came to the gate and called:

"Ain't got a little girl for me, 've ye, Silas?"

"Here ye be!" was the answer, and Polly was handed down. She was so nearly asleep that it was like a dream; her entrance into the lighted kitchen, her supper on kind Aunt Sally's lap, and, finally, her tucking into bed at that good woman's motherly hands.

But the next morning, when breakfast was over, Polly followed Uncle Joshua out of doors. "Kin I come with you?" she asked, slipping her little head into his hard, horny palm.

"I ain't think you'd like to stay with Aunt Sally," he replied, looking at her from under his cap brim. "She's guin' to make some pie, I guess."

"I'd rather go with you an' see the calves, if I may," answered his great niece timidly.

And so, morning after morning, Polly would go to Aunt Sally with her hood and little shawl and, while pies were being fattened and strings tied, she would ask: "Ye don't mind if I go out with Uncle Joshua, do ye, Aunt Sally?"

Always the same question and always the same answer: "Lord love the dear child, no!" While the old woman pattered under her broom: "Mebbe 'twill do some good. Who knows?"

Uncle Joshua always stood in the doorway during this dialogue, with a great show of impatience and reluctance to be "bothered."

"I don't think a little girl's place was in 't' house," he would remark as he took her hand. But he liked it. When you have a little girl, you want a little girl, and a little girl's place was in 't' house.

And when the great niece was to go, she would say: "I'll be back in 't' mornin'."

And when the great niece was to go, she would say: "I'll be back in 't' mornin'."

them to the pen where the great Christmas turkey was confined. While she was wondering at its size and promise Mr. Andrews said, suddenly:

"Polly, does your Uncle Amasa talk much about me, d'ye know?" with a malicious twinkle under his bushy eyebrows.

"Sometimes," Polly hung her head. "Oh, he does, does he? What does he call me, child?"

"An ol' duffer," said Polly, with her finger in her mouth.

Uncle Joshua turned and strode away, flinging "There, now, Sally!" over his shoulder at his dismayed sister as he went.

That night he sat before the open "Franklin" in his great rocking chair, while Aunt Sally knitted in the corner, and Polly, on the floor, unlaced her shoes preparatory to going up stairs.

"Ye like us here, don't ye, Polly?" asked her uncle, finally, after a long silence.

"Yes, sir, o' course I do," laying her pink cheek against his knee.

Uncle Joshua's hard hand was very light on the yellow head, as he stroked her hair.

"An' would ye like to live with us?" he asked again.

"An' not go home ever?"

"Why, yes—mebbe—for a visit. But live here."

Polly raised her head to stare at him.

"Oh, I couldn't," Uncle Joshua; not to live, ye know. I think a lot of 'em Aunt Sally. But ye know there's all the rest of 't' folks—Uncle Amasa and Aunt Polly and George; George's my brother!"

Uncle Joshua drew away his hand, and Aunt Sally, in her corner, frowned over her knitting.

Innocent Polly went on, presently, in a musing tone: "This place is awful nice, but I like Uncle Amasa's jugs 'es well, I guess, if it wasn't for 'er th' mortgage."

"The what?"

"Th' mortgage we've got on our farm 't' home Mike said so, an' George an' me we've hunted for it lots o' times." The child's voice had grown low and fearful, and she knitted her brows as she spoke.

"I'm sox't of it, too; it's somethin' awful," George thought 'twas a bear, mebbe; but Mike he said 'twas more like a wolf. D'ye ever see one, Uncle Joshua?"

The old man did not answer, but began raking down the fire with a great deal of noise.

"Joshua!" called his sister, winding the clock.

"Wal!" he snarled.

"Amasa Andrews' ez good a man's ez over to ole-leather. I declare fer it it's a shame."

"Shut up, Sally! Will ye?" Mr. Andrews turned upon her. "Amasa Andrews' a shifless creature. I ain't no use fer 'im."

Polly sprang to her feet, with her shoes in her hand. "You didn't oughter to talk so!" she cried, indignantly.

"Uncle Amasa's so good to me!" and then she broke down and cried.

"Sally, take that child to bed!" commanded her uncle, and disappeared.

Polly went home soon after this; and when the stage stopped at the door, Aunt Sally held her fast, saying between her tears. "Ye mus' come ag'in, darlin'. Promise us ye will." While Uncle Joshua snarled in his most tones:

"O' course she'll come ag'in. Don't be a fool! Here, Polly, come to me. That's somethin' to remember by. That's a gold piece into her hand."

"An' this," holding up a little package, "ye tell yer Aunt Polly to put in your stockin' 'Orie'mas."

And then he took her to the stage.

When Polly showed her gifts to Aunt Sally, at night, that worthy woman took the money between her thumb and finger. "Land's sake!" she cried, "that don't beat all! It's a five-dollar piece, Amasa Andrews, as sure's y'live. Who'd a thought 't' ol' man'd a'oted so like folks?"

"He's real good!" loyal Polly, in all her excitement, did not forget to say. "I like Uncle Joshua's frigate. Oh, but Aunt Polly! won't that buy my new shoes?"

The man and woman exchanged glances, and then Mrs. Andrews stopped and kissed her niece.

The short winter days passed quickly. One night at dusk the two excited children hung their stockings in the chimney corner before they went up stairs to bed. The next morning, in the dark and cold, two little night-gown figures crept down the back stairs, shivering and sleepy, but happy beyond words to describe.

"Don't go look! Don't go look!" "I'll get the fire ag'in!" commanded George, as he lighted the lamp.

"Richard! I won't, George!" his sister promised, covering her eyes with her hands.

"There! it's a-goin'! I'm glad I f'nd 't' light!" Now, look, Polly. —Oh, look, quick!"

"Mebbe 't' light's out, Sally!" said the boy, sitting back on his heels.

"Mebbe 't' light's out, Sally!" said the boy, sitting back on his heels.

sed, children?"

But Patty had, at last, come to Uncle Joshua's box. "I'll cut the string with my new knife," George cried. "Now, less look; mebbe it's a gold waph and chain, Patty."

"Tain't nothin' but writin'," said the child, bewildered.

Uncle Amasa took the sheet with trembling fingers. "Heaven an' earth," he ejaculated, letting it fall the next moment. "It's that mortgage made out to Patty. Listen here:

"I send you what would please you most, child. Tell your Uncle Amasa a man is pretty good that raises such a little girl. So, a Merry Christmas to you all. From

"THE OLD DUFFER."

"Bless the Lord!" whispered Aunt Polly. And "Bless the Lord!" piped her small niece.

And I think our Patty was the only child in New England who found that day a house and lands in the toe of her Christmas stocking.

An Island of Pretty Women.

(From the Boston Times.)

The Channel Islands, and particularly Jersey, possess much of interest to the stranger, but the crowning glory of Jersey is the beauty of her women. For general comeliness they would readily be awarded a prize in any competition of feminine grace. Rare, creamy complexion that would put the bloom on the peach to blush, figures made graceful and sinewy by bodily toil, with rather strongly cut features, eyes like aloes, and lustrous dark hair, the girls met on the streets of St. Helier's seem to the stranger the personification of womanly independence, beauty, and maidenly reserve.

The soft white mists that wrap the island every night from sundown to sunrise give them carnation cheeks. The toll that brings with it the active, healthy body is due to causes which will enlist on the side of these women the sympathy of true manhood. It is because of the woful dearth of men in Jersey that the women do all the work. Where you meet one man in these tortuous streets of St. Helier's, you meet ten women. Out among the green farms this disproportion of the sexes is even more painfully apparent. The heavy, ungainly carts are, almost without exception, driven by women, and handsome women, too.

Groups of cherry cheeked girls may be seen in wayside orchards, some picking apples from the trees, others straining at the rude olive presses. The little fields with their luxuriant growth of turnips, cabbages, and rutabagas, all are tended by women, while the blooming flowers in the house yards show in their rich variety the evidence of woman's care and attention. None but women are seen in the big public market of St. Helier's—women buying and women selling. What men you see are either too young or too old and decrepit, boys who have not started out in life or old sea captains who have come home to end their days, smelling of salt and full of reminiscences of stormy voyages to Buenos Ayres, to Australia, or through the Chinese sea.

How the Turk Awoke.

James Turk, a guileless citizen of Detroit, was ambling around St. Louis one day when a stranger stopped him, offered him a cigar and said:

"You have a frank and honest face, and I appeal to you to do me a favor."

"Well, I reckon I will, unless you want to borrow money."

"Oh, no! no! You see that clothing store over there? Well, on the left as you go in is a counter full of overcoats. I want one the worst way, but the price is \$20, and I don't want to pay over \$15. I could have beaten him down, I think, except that we both got mad and I left."

"Well, what do you want of me?"

"Simply to go in and offer him \$15. If he accepts, bring the coat to me on the corner below. If he refuses, you will have my gratitude all the same."

James promptly consented, and when he had offered \$15 for one of the coats, the dealer also promptly accepted. It was done up in a neat bundle, and Mr. Turk carried it to the corner for delivery and payment. The other party was not there. Mr. Turk waited half an hour—three-quarters—over an hour, and the time crept through his wool that he had been scolded. He returned to the dealer's and asked:

"What is your asking price for these overcoats?"

"Right dollars."

"But I paid you \$15!"

"Oursely. When a man comes in and tries to pay me dot price, I then foolish to drive him away!"

Mr. Turk reached home with two overcoats, and he is so pale and quiet, and he appears that his friends whisper their fears of consumption. —Detroit Free Press.

JOSH BILLINGS' PHILOSOPHY.

Barrenness.

"Accident" is a word that should be expunged from the dictionary; it has no meaning.

We can't prove more than half we believe, and perhaps it is better for us that we can't.

Genuine poetry is as natural and joyful as a leaping stream, but too much of the poetry is like the same stream trying to run up hill.

Forgiveness is a delicate thing to administer; it is more apt to make people sullen than humble to forgive them.

It is all very well when a man takes his religion into his business; but when he takes his business into his religion, look out for breakers.

Men are born with a character; their reputations they have to make themselves.

The ambition of man is to gratify his vanity; but very few wish to be great for the sake of being good.

Pride should remember this: it has got to die and rot in the ground, and perhaps, right alongside of a pauper.

When a man talks about himself I can't afford to believe more than half what he says about himself; for if he is a man of any sense, this is about all he believes himself.

Young man, the world are quite willing that you should make a fool of yourself; you have it in your power to disappoint them. See that you do it.

There are quacks in literature as well as in medicine.

There ain't but little truth in the world any how, and therefore the man who talks a great deal must elongate the facts occasionally.

Whenever you read a very abstruse sentence, you will find the idea in it very weak. A genuine good thing can be told in the simplest language possible.

When a man undertakes to prove what he can't understand, there is great danger of his becoming a crank.

He who cultivates eccentricities is an inevitable fool.

It requires more brains to be a good critic than an author. He who can point out the faults in a composition is certainly a better man than the one who made them.

A miser has but one character, and that is, a miser.

Conservatism is radicalism gone to seed.

No one disputes an epitaph.

Faith was given to piece out our reason with.

Necessity is Heaven's very best gift to man. —N. Y. Weekly.

Return of the "Prominent Citizen."

He was supposed to be worth a hundred thousand dollars, and he flattered himself that when he slept an hour later than usual in the morning all the business of the city waited for him to get out of bed. When a letter arrived a few days ago demanding his presence in New England for three or four weeks he hesitated to go. He knew just how broken up the city would be, and he had his fears that nothing would be done in the paying line, and that all building would at once stop dead still.

However, the prominent citizen at length decided to go, and he got off quietly. Nobody rushed out to stop him and beg him to put off his journey, and as far as he has since learned the Council has passed no resolutions of regret. He returned the other evening, and great was his surprise to find the city still there. It hadn't strayed or been stolen. The City Hall hadn't tumbled down, and he couldn't find grass growing in any of the business streets. This was bad enough, but as he walked up street he met a friend who called out:

"Hello! Blank, going away?"

"No, sir; I have just returned from a month's trip to New England."

"Indeed? Why, I hadn't even missed you."

A few steps farther on he encountered another, who was still more surprised to hear that he had been absent, and added:

"The papers didn't even mention the fact!"

The prominent citizen reached home to find everything running as smoothly and satisfactorily as when he left. It was a great shock to him, but the citizen came when he was called to the door to see a humble looking man, who said:

"You know I was talking with you three or four days ago about taking up your town, and I asked to say I would be a job worth about \$4."

The prominent citizen had returned. What of it? —Detroit Free Press.

Home's Not That.

The Atlantic of the Atlantic Public case and two Post-Office letters to the "Post Office" of an Enlarged Fair of P. — In one of them the first stanza was:

Dear Sir, I have just returned from a month's trip to New England.

Dear Sir, I have just returned from a month's trip to New England.

Learning by Experience.

When a man fails in business or commits a crime he is usually urged to meditate upon the lesson which experience has taught him.

The advice is good, for this stern master does teach valuable lessons. But his lessons are often given when it is too late to profit by them. Though the axion, "It's never too late to mend," may encourage many despairing ones, yet there are blunders which are fatal.

The following incident, related by a young man, illustrates this fact:

One raw day in March, a few years ago, I had occasion to take the Eastern-bound train from Boston. Soon after leaving the city I started to pass into a forward car in search of a friend.

The wind was blowing a gale, and I had no sooner stepped upon the platform than my hat, which I had neglected to properly secure, was lifted from my head and bore far away.

As the train thundered on I caught sight of it just beginning a cruise in a neighboring pond.

My hair was blown about in a badly disordered condition, and, not a little mortified, I beat a hasty retreat into the car, and took the first vacant seat. Many of the passengers had noticed my loss, and were enjoying a hearty laugh at my expense. But an old gentleman in the next seat kindly inquired how far I was going, and suggested means by which I might obtain a cap for immediate use.

Not wishing to appear too much troubled at my loss, I spoke of it lightly, adding that, at least, I had learned a good lesson.

"Oh, yes," said he; "but that won't bring back the hat."

His words made clear to me the fact that a lesson may be learned too late.

Thousands violate the laws of health. When they are racked with pain, they learn to care for the body, but it won't bring back their health.

Many squander money and time. When old they mourn over their wastefulness; but it will not bring back to them the lost opportunity or a full purse.

Regrets seldom bear fruit. They commonly come too late in life. The harvest is past and the summer is gone. The golden pen of wisdom wrote, "Remember now thy Creator in the days of thy youth."

Regrets will not harvest from barren fields. It is empty air for the prodigal to say, amid the falling shadow of years, "If I had my life to live over again how different would I do!"

A Veteran Printer.

The death of the veteran printer, David Deans, recalls some interesting associations of the craft, says a New York letter. He was a leader in the strike in the New York Sun office which started a rival paper called the True Sun, but soon learned the abortive nature of such a combination. Greeley took great interest in the movement, which was of a co-operative character, and like all such efforts proved a failure. The associated printers employed as editor-in-chief Simon Dewitt Bloodgood, who, though a man of culture, was totally unfit for such a work. He was an Albanian, and one time had wealth, which he lost, and then adventured to that city. It was his error to imagine that a display of learning could take the place of news. His editorials in the True Sun showed much research, but the public needed something more than learning, and the paper failed. David Deans then started a Sunday paper on his own account, and made it profitable. To return to the Sun, it may be mentioned that at the time referred to it was owned and conducted by Moses Y. Beach, one of the keenest Yankees that that city ever contained. He was a cabinet-maker, and worked at his trade in Hartford and Northampton. Then he went to Springfield and engaged in a scheme to improve the navigation of the Connecticut river. Afterward he invented a rag-cutting machine, which is still in general use in paper mills. This had him to paper-making, and he opened an establishment in Ulster County, where he made money several years, and then lost it all by sudden reverses. By this time he had reached middle life, but his courage was not exhausted, and he came to New York and became interested in the Sun, which Benjamin H. Day had begun four years previously. He soon became the sole owner, and to journalism added banking, in which he made money rapidly. He left his paper to his sons, who sold it to its present owner.

A Youngest Gallery.

The gallery of Alliance, or Vineland, New Jersey, is the largest agricultural exhibition the State has in this country. Every dweller in the country is said to send and visit. Benning and George, of New York City, have been in the gallery. Benning and George, of New York City, have been in the gallery. Benning and George, of New York City, have been in the gallery.

WINTER OVERCOATS.

Single Breasted Fly-Fronted coats.

The leading overcoat is the single breasted fly-fronted coat, or Chesterfield, now made of diagonal worsted, and later of elysian and fur beaver. In length it reaches about an inch below the knee. The lapels are inclined to the peaked form, and are of good width. The edges are finished with velvet piping, and the seams are lapped and stitched half an inch wide with rapidly increasing frequency.

Although fur beavers are just now the most popular goods for these coats, there is a pronounced disposition on the part of New Yorkers to select heavy weight wide wale diagonals instead. The idea is that this material gives sufficient warmth for the coldest weather we have, and looks much better in milder weather. Made from this class of goods, the edges are flat braided wide, and the seams lapped and stitched.

The flat-braid finish is also receiving considerable favor for fur beavers, and certainly is effective. We should not be surprised if flat braiding should become the rage for all class of goods, and piping became unpopular.

These overcoats are out large and loose, only faintly defining the back, and seem to be gradually approaching the box form.

The fronts are faced to the end of collar and sometimes to the edge of holes with quilted silk of a matisse effect.

Later in the season, the double-breasted overcoat will be largely made. This coat will reach to mid-way of the calf and will be cut very large with heavy and sharp effect, the lapels will be peaked and wide, the collar liberal, the flaps deep and the buttons set well back from the edges and spaced to considerable below the side pockets.

The indications are that this coat will become quite popular.

The skirt promises to be in moderate demand with good dressers. It will be made of moderate length, forty-three to forty-four inches long for the average height, but otherwise the same in its general effect as the double-breasted frock. —American Fashion Review.

The Study of Books.

There is perhaps no greater wonder than a book. By the help of little figures or marks placed upon words or skins, or some other available material, men have been able to transmit their thoughts through thousands of years. The names and shapes of things, the deeds and sorrows that have occurred as far back as the time of Adam have been made known to us. Even those abstract and invisible thoughts, which have no shape or substance, but which nevertheless inspired the writer, and have since inspired others, are all put down in little letters or figures and made eternal. The songs of David, the sublime grievances of Job, the speculations of Plato, the visions of Homer, have by these means been handed down faithfully for many centuries.

To read, mark, learn and inwardly digest all the thoughts and learning of others is evidently impossible. It is beyond the compass of any intellect. But we may gather a portion of this knowledge, and the object is to know how to begin this humbler task.

We must not read to waste. We must be moderate if we wish to gain much. The bee does not overload himself with the nectar of flowers, but takes what he can carry away. We must select also, and see that the quality of what we take be good.

We should read not merely that we may make money, not to sharpen our intellect, but to enlarge it. We should read in order to know and feel what is good and what is evil and to do what is good and useful. Are we ambitious? let us learn humility. Are we arrogant? let us learn content. When a man can truly say to himself, "My mind to me a kingdom is," a kingdom of which he is the absolute ruler.

The Stingiest Man.

HOW HE RAISED A REPUTATION AMONG THE UNREPUTATED CHANGERS.

A shoe factory failed, says a letter to the Chicago Inter-Ocean, and the old man went over when they sold the assets at auction. He bought a wagon-load of shoe pegs, brought them home and put them in an out-bin. When a farmer put up his horse, the old man would give the animal four quarts of shoe pegs and charge fifty cents for them. It was a dark barn, and the owner could not tell them from oats. Of course the horses wouldn't eat hay, and the farmer would get scared because they had lost their appetites. The old man had a mixture appetite, which he could recommend to customers, and which he had at fifty cents a bottle.

It was a hazardous deal and was made by stirring up thistle tops or something of that sort, but it had a great reputation, for the horse would be given a dose before they started, and another when they got home, and, having had nothing but shoe pegs all day, they were hungry enough to eat what they were given by the shoe factory owner.

THE HUMOROUS PAPERS.

WHAT WE FIND IN THEIR COLUMN TO SMILE OVER.

Chicago Marriage—The Notification of Life—A Hard Tattle to De—Crossed the mind—What he might have done, etc.

FIRST-CLASS, AT ANY RATE.

Bride—"Oh, I am so sorry that you were unable to attend to my wedding. It was grand."

Caller—"So I heard, and the papers said 'the bride looked lovely.'"

"To be! I did not see any of the notices; my dress was just glorious, anyhow. I must show it to you. What else did they say?"

"Your husband, they said, looked very noble and handsome, in fact they added: 'The groom was—'"

"The groom, indeed! He never was a groom in his life. He was a first-class high-toned coachman, I'd have them know." —Philadelphia Call.

FRESH BLOOD WANTED.

Gilhooley and Gus de Smith entered an Austin restaurant, and sat down at a table.

"What will you have, gentlemen?" asked the obsequious waiter.

"I'll take three boiled eggs," said Gus. "And you, sir?"

"I'll take the same, but be sure and have mine fresh," said Gilhooley.

The waiter goes to the speaking tube and calls out:

"Six boiled eggs; three of them hats got to be fresh." —Texas Siftings.

SUCH A STINGY MAN.

"You don't call on Miss G. now." "No, we've quit." "Quit. What's the difficulty?" "Oh, her father is too penurious." "Too penurious. Why, he has the reputation of being particularly liberal." "Perhaps he has, but he told me the other evening I'd better leave, as he couldn't afford to waste shoe leather on me. It's my private opinion that that man would skin a flea for its hide and marrow." —Oh City Blunder.

THE FARMER AND HIS DOG.

An anecdote. Years ago a Vermont farmer lost many sheep through the depredations of wolves. He journeyed to Boston and returned with a wolf-dog which cost him many dollars. He started out the next day and soon his dog was following up a most rapidly and disappeared in the woods. The farmer on horseback followed and met a chopper. "Well, stranger, did you see e'er a dog and a wolf go by?" "Yess." "Well, how was it?" "The dog was a little ahead."

ONE OF THE BEST FRIENDS.

"Old Hardhat has done a great deal for your town, hasn't he?" said a stranger to a citizen of a country village.

"Yes, indeed," replied the citizen who knew Hardhat from way back.

"What are some of the most prominent things he has done?"

"Well, he has just done one of the best things he ever did for this town."

"You don't say! And what was that?"

"He moved out West." —Forthers Statesman.

PROFESSIONAL DIGNITY.

At the Police Court: "I was sitting in the 'bus and the prisoner was beside me when suddenly I felt him introducing his hand into my pocket in a clumsy manner." Prisoner (bursting into tears): "Your Honor, I implore the protection of the court. I protest against any charges on my professional ability." —Le Figaro.

WHAT HE MIGHT TAKE.

"Darling," he whispered, as the clock sadly struck two and he still sat there trying to impress her with his love, "there is one thing I so much desire. Would you let me take something that would be eternally sweet to my remembrance?"

"I don't know," she coyly replied, making a move as if to fall on his thirty-cent shirt-front, "but there is one thing that you could take that will fill my happy cup to overflowing."

"What is it, loved one?" ready to catch her, but only a cold answer came, that sounded like the bottom of a coal box in December:

"You might take your hair." —Atlantic Constitution.

HOUSEWOMAN OF LEVEE.

Young Winks (meaningly): "Don't you think, Miss Minnie, that two persons might manage to get along very comfortably nowadays on a small salary, considering how cheap the necessities of life have become?"

Miss Minnie (innocently): "Why, yes, I should think so. Let me see. A week and chambermaid could be got for about \$7 between them, and then you would have some extra money, and you could be quite low now, and I suppose you'd bargain in silk and velvet."

He didn't bargain.

FOUR-FOUR ENTERTAINMENT.

Mr. Boniface: "I have just been your sister's engagement, and I must tell her, I really cannot. I have just been your sister's engagement, and I must tell her, I really cannot. I have just been your sister's engagement, and I must tell her, I really cannot."

Miss Boniface: "I have just been your sister's engagement, and I must tell her, I really cannot. I have just been your sister's engagement, and I must tell her, I really cannot."

Mr. Boniface: "I have just been your sister's engagement, and I must tell her, I really cannot. I have just been your sister's engagement, and I must tell her, I really cannot."

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 22, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will make a favor by circulating this paper.

CHILTON CALENDAR.

January—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

February—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHOOL M. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at	5:30 a. m.
No. 3	6:22 p. m.
No. 7	8:47 p. m.
No. 9	6:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2	9:31 a. m.
No. 12	10:31 a. m.
No. 4	10:05 p. m.
No. 6	7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

Locals.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. E. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

LOCAL BOTTINGS.

See notice of dissolution in another column.

Lets have one more dance before the new seats are put in the court house. What do you say boys?

Passenger trains going south are crowded with people from the north, who are on their way to the Exposition.

Mrs. A. E. Evans, who has been quite sick during the past week, we are glad to know is rapidly recovering.

Last Sunday was clear and cold. It was the first bright, sunny Sunday, of the New Year. It was too cold though to be pleasant.

Mr. B. W. Johnston, of Montgomery, has been appointed by Judge Bruce as receiver for the firm of J. W. Gullahorn and Bro.

The cold wave struck us last Friday night, and froze us up tight as a wedge. We had to kinder back up and crawl out sideways, Saturday morning.

Mrs. W. S. Duke, who has been very ill for some time past, we are glad to learn is improving some. Strong hopes are entertained for her recovery.

Mr. James Bell has begun the erection of a new dwelling on his lot, recently purchased from Mr. F. J. Davis. He will build a substantial cottage residence.

Mr. Jacob Lawinsky, one of Coopers' enterprising merchants, was closed up on Tuesday the 20th, inst., by the receiver of Buford McLeister & Co., of Nashville.

A very pleasant evening was spent, by the young people of Clanton, at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Hannon, last Monday. Much good music was had to the delight of all listeners.

We learn that our court house is soon to have a new lot of seats. They are to be stationary, and the many pleasant dances anticipated by our young people, to be had in the court house, will be things of to-morrow.

Our Callierville correspondent informs us that death has been in their midst and has taken away one of their best and most useful citizens, Mrs. Potter. She died of pneumonia after a short illness. She leaves many friends and relatives to mourn her loss.

The exposition is on a "big boom." We were very forcibly impressed with that fact one day last week, during a ride from Birmingham to Calera, by being compelled to stand up all the way. All the seats were occupied, and the stealer were well packed with those who were so unfortunate as to have to stand.

See local notice of Dr. C. A. Piccoli, elsewhere in these columns. Dr. Piccoli, has been located in Columbiana, Shelby county, for the past year, practicing his profession, that of dentistry. He comes to our county highly recommended. He will locate at Verbena. The following from the Shelby Chronicle, will show in what light he was held by the people of the community he has just left.

Dr. C. A. Piccoli, who has been located at this place for sometime left for Clanton, county, Tuesday evening, where he has gone to make his home in the future. During his stay here he proved himself to be a most excellent gentleman and expert dentist. We regret very much to lose him and his accomplished wife from our community had much enjoyed his presence here.

A notice from the Clanton Institute, is represented there by a "Hump of coal and a plank." Now can't some of our enterprising mill men around Clanton get up a nice display of our Clanton county long leaf yellow pine lumber, and send it down. The one at the Southern Exposition, at Louisville, was very much admired by all who visited the exposition.

The schools, of Rev. James L. Sampey and Miss Lucy Meredith, have consolidated, and will be taught in the Academy. We will venture to say that the educational advantages, of Clanton, are unequalled by any town of her size in the state. The people, of Clanton, should congratulate themselves, that they have two such schools in their midst, as the one above mentioned, and the Clanton Institute, of which Mr. A. C. Carpenter is principal.

Messrs. J. W. Gullahorn & Bro., formerly doing business at this place, but who removed their stock of goods to Cooper's Station, about a year ago, failed last week. Their liabilities amounting to about \$40,000. We are unable to learn the amount of their assets, but hope they are sufficient to enable them to make satisfactory settlements with their creditors.

Quite a number of their creditors, and attorneys representing creditors, have been in Clanton during the last few days. Mr. Maurice Kahn, of the firm of Schloss & Kahn, of Montgomery, holds a mortgage on a great deal of their property and has advertised the same to be sold at the court house, in this place, on Wednesday the 25th inst.

Dr. C. A. Piccoli, Surgeon Dentist, is now at Verbena, and will remain there one month. Those who want first class dental work done will find it to their interest to avail themselves of this opportunity.

Special attention given to cleaning, and removing tartar, and discolorations from the teeth, which when allowed to remain causes decay and other diseases, such as scurvy, diseased gums, loose teeth &c. Aching teeth relieved, healed and filled. Gold fillings a specialty. Lost portions of teeth replaced with gold and corners built out on front teeth. Artificial plates of celluloid or vulcanite guaranteed to be equal to any produced in the State.

Would respectfully submit the following testimonial:

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Jan. 5th, 1885.

One year ago, when Dr. Piccoli came to Columbiana, I placed my daughter under his care. She had suffered from a severe affection of her teeth for three years, and had been confined to bed a week at a time in inclement weather. I had consulted dentists here from time to time; also one at a distance, of good repute, and they all agreed it would be necessary to extract them and insert artificial teeth before she could be relieved.

After treatment by Dr. Piccoli, they were restored to health, which has continued ever since. She goes out in all kinds of weather without any inconvenience.

Respectfully, W. G. PARKER.

I would also refer you to a few of my patients in Columbiana, as follows: J. T. Leeper, Amos Elliott, Joe Parker, John Johnston, Wm. Milner and Henry Millstead.

Stanton Dots.

A happy and prosperous New Year to the Clanton View.

Since writing last the Old Year, with its losses and its gains, its joys and its sorrows, has gone to join its fellows of the past, and New Year with its innumerable hopes and aspirations has come. What will it bring to us? But it is useless to seek to pry into the secrets of the future. Rather let us adopt the motto of the ancients "Dum vivimus, vivamus" modified by the teachings of Christ and the lights of our modern civilization.

Stanton has been a gay place during the holidays. Quite a number of parties and dances enlivened our little village. All of them were thoroughly enjoyed by both young and old; and enlivened by excellent music furnished by our accomplished musicians, Messrs. Bunch and Johnson, the devotees of Terpsichore were tempted to prolong their amusement into the " wee wee" hours of the night.

Our enterprising fellow citizen Mr. Dyer is placing the machinery in his new furniture factory and hopes in a short time to have it in full operation.

Mrs. Milam, the wife of Mr. D. M. Milam, of this place, who has for a long time been in very feeble health, passed quietly away on Tuesday the 20th inst.

All parties indebted to Dr. I. D. Lanier, are hereby notified to come forward, at once, and make satisfactory arrangements for the settlement of the same. Otherwise their accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.

NOTICE.

All outstanding accounts for subscriptions, advertising or job printing, of this office, are payable to Mr. J. C. Lawrence.

W. H. LAWRENCE.

An early settlement of these accounts is asked for.

J. C. LAWRENCE.

CLANTON INSTITUTE.

NON SECTARIAN.

The undersigned has opened a preparatory school for boys and girls, with the following rates of tuition:

Primary \$1.50

Intermediate 2.00

Academic 3.00

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended, he hopes by careful attention to duties to merit a continuance of same.

A. C. CARPENTER, Principal.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken out of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. [small]

The insane asylum, at Kankakee, Ill., burned on the 19th inst. Seventeen of the inmates perished in the flames.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—N. S. Graham.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—James T. Withersman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

Free to Farmers!

THE NATIONAL AGRICULTURIST.—An American Farmer's Journal, will be sent free for one year to every farmer who sends us at once the names of ten farmers and 12 2 cent stamps for postage, &c. It is the best farm and home paper in the United States, and this offer is made only to secure to those to whom we can send specimen copies, as we know every intelligent farmer, who once sees the National Agriculturist, will subscribe for it. Regular price, \$1 per annum. Send to-day and secure this offer. Address, National Agriculturist, Nunda, N. Y. dec11-1m

Dissolution of Copartnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership, heretofore existing, between John W. Gullahorn and E. T. Gullahorn, of Clanton, Ala., under the firm name of J. W. Gullahorn & Bro., was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 21st day of January, 1885. All debts owing to said partnership, are to be received by the said John W. Gullahorn, and all demands on the said partnership, are to be presented to him for payment.

J. W. GULLAHORN.

E. T. GULLAHORN.

Clanton, Ala., Jan., 21st 1885.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN.

This diagram is a standard of excellence which no other organ can equal.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR EVERY ORGAN WAS BUILT TO LAST.

THESE CELESTIAL ORGANS ARE CELEBRATED FOR THE QUALITY OF TONE, WHICH PRODUCE A SWEET, PLEASANT, AND BRILLIANT SOUND, AND FOR THE DURABILITY OF THE INSTRUMENTS.

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DEALERS IN—

Wagons, Buggies, Carriages and Machinery.

We make specialties of Russell & Co.'s and the Watertown, N. Y., Machinery, such as

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, &c., &c.

Wholesale and retail dealers in leading brands of first-class COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS. Correspondence solicited in regard to anything in our line.

Do You Know

THAT LORILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG TOBACCO,

with Red Tin Tag; Rose Leaf Fine Cut Chewing; Navy Clippings, and Black, Brown and Yellow Snuffs are the best and cheapest, quality considered.

aug 6

The Clanton View

Job Printing Office

Clanton, Ala.

Is Prepared to Execute

JOB PRINTING.

AT LOW RATES

AND IN THE NEATEST STYLE.

Having, at considerable outlay, added a Job Department to our office, we would respectfully call the attention of business men and others in need of JOB PRINTING, to our superior facilities for the prompt and tasteful execution of everything needed in that line, such as

Bill Heads,

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Commissary

Checks,

Circulars,

Blanks,

Notes, &c.

Our outfit is new, and our work will be such as to merit the patronage of the public.

TUTT'S PILLS.

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Drowsy, costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blades, Fatigues after eating, with a distention to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Headaches, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Bitterness, with distal draught, bilious colic, Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of life, as to astonish the sufferer. The increased appetite, and the ease in the body, to take on flesh, put the system in a healthy condition, and the action on the Digestive Organs, restores the blood, and produces a healthy complexion.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR or WHISKERS changed to a glossy black by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, sets instantly, and is sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Price. Includes rates for advertising and subscription information.

The Clinton View

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor and Proprietor. "WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION." TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum. VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1885. NO. 12

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PUMPKIN PIE. Gentle stranger, let me ask, Did you ever stop to look In the atmosphere of cooking...

Baby's Bank.

"No," said the engineer, as he stood for the signal to start, "I wasn't always an engineer. I wasn't anything for a long time."

MAJOR BILKINS. THE CONFERENCE GAVE THAT WAS WORKED ON AN UNEXPECTEDLY INTERESTING. It was a sunny day in July. I was lately home from a lengthened sojourn in Bombay...

Attacked by Porcupine. A letter from Middletown, Orange Co., N. Y., says: Porcupines, which have been rarely seen in this region for many years, have appeared in large numbers in Orange and Sullivan Counties...

NOTES AND COMMENTS. Recruit statistics carefully made up as to the employment of women in England reveal the fact that there are 347 female blacksmiths who actually swing the heavy hammers...

AN EPISODE ON FIFTH AVENUE. A Gorgeous Equipage, a Struthious Tiger and a Fair Driver. An equipage whirled around the corner of Thirty-ninth street, New York, says a local paper, about 11 o'clock and dashed up Fifth Avenue with a clatter and rattle that attracted the eyes of the spectators...

THE HUMOROUS PAPERS. WHAT WE FIND IN THEIR COLUMN TO SMILE OVER. A Giddy Young Thing-like Head was in a Gig-A-Ride in the Grand Old Palace-Harmon-With a Bountiful Fare, etc.

Two gentlemen met on the street. "Still in the hardware business?" asked one. "No," replied the other. "I have retired from the hardware business and am trying to do a little something in Wall street."

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 23, 1885.

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Collector Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—H. M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acre.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

See sheriff's sale.

Rev. D. H. Carmichael, spent several days in Clanton, this week.

We will publish an interesting letter from Lake de Funik, Fla., in our next issue.

Mr. Henry Wilson, of Montevallo, was in town this week, on legal business.

Rev. J. L. Thompson filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church, in this place, on Sunday last.

Rev. James L. Sampey and wife, and Mr. O. R. Bell and wife, were united, by letter, with the Baptist church, in this place, last Sunday morning.

Mr. Sam Strook, of Verbena, who has been attending college at the State University, at Tuscaloosa, stopped off in our town last Sunday on his way home.

A tremendous shower of hail fell in this section on last Tuesday night. The thunder and lightning accompanying it was terrific for this season of the year.

Some interesting locals arrived to late for publication; will appear in next issue. Our correspondents would greatly oblige us by getting their locals in on Tuesdays.

The dance on last Tuesday night, was well attended. It is the last one to be had in the court house, as the workmen have already commenced putting in the new stationery seats.

Mr. B. W. Johnston, of Montgomery, who was appointed by Judge Bruce, as receiver for the firm of J. W. Gullishorn & Bro., declined to act, and Mr. W. D. Westcott was appointed in his stead.

Mr. W. H. Foshee and his accomplished wife, returned home last Friday. They have been on an extended visit to relatives in Arkansas. Their many friends welcome them back to Clanton.

See mortgage sale of the Gullishorn property, published elsewhere in these columns. For any further information in regard to same apply either in person or by letter to W. A. Collier, Esq., Clanton.

We return thanks to the Montgomery Advertiser and the New Orleans Times-Democrat, for copies of their annual almanacs for 1885. They are both well gotten up, and contain a great deal of useful information.

Quite a crowd gathered at the depot on last Sunday night to see the much-anticipated Liberty Bell on its way to the exposition. We only managed to get a glimpse of it "on the fly," as the train carrying it ran by at the rate of about twenty miles

NO. 13

Announcing candidates for office, in strictly in advance.
Communications recommending candidates for office will be handed or delivered and charged for accordingly.
Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.
\$500 The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

The choir was thrown upon and
childlike voice called gleefully out:
"Oh, Daddy's tamed home at his,
he's got a great big loaf of bread!"
The room into which Jack entered was
sternly devoid of curl, and as a
rusty stove, a buckskin chair and a ban-
dle of straw were the only articles there.
On the table lay a woman's shoe.

With promises to come on the morrow
 Mrs. Layton, with clasped hands
 thanked God for his goodness, and
 little Jack, bewildered by the strange
 things, fell fast asleep.

Between the first and second
 evening, but joyful scenes of this
 week the others in the company
 the bed with her spinning wheel
 to her husband.

their beneficiaries. The evidence against them appeared overwhelming, and the advocate, a thorough rifleman, was at least as argument to sustain the defense. At last he glided round the great altar, and that instant to the jury - a loud gasp and a cry: "There lies the murderer upon the ground." The advocate was a man of no mean power.

carving on juries in India, the Judge, on deciding, following the procedure given by another Judge in *Kotal*, went so far as to say that all requests should be allowed from carving juries, because, through their presence, the ordinary constitution and the law of the country is established.

Q: "What is your duty as the
when you are a man?" A: "I do
What is your duty to be?"
duty to be a worthy soldier with
duty to defend and protect our
duty to fight for the freedom of
duty to defend and protect our

are gold unmoved them, in the pincher. The Doctor was so as to disturb the sticking by he ever what he had done hand first out of the pen, no any more places just then. That hand first over the hand, then just one, at once. That other, nothing a doctor. Goodbye, my dear friend.

you received his command instantly, and went crying for him. As he flew to the bridge, he saw a crowd of people, and a crowd of people. The crowd was so large that it was impossible to see the bridge. The crowd was so large that it was impossible to see the bridge. The crowd was so large that it was impossible to see the bridge.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 6, 1885.

These advertising notices will be a favor by mentioning this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and first Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday, in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULES & Y. ALA. RAILROAD.

Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 6:30 a. m.
No. 3 at 8:22 p. m.
No. 7 at 8:47 p. m.
No. 9 at 9:10 p. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 9:31 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:21 a. m.
No. 4 at 3:47 p. m.
No. 8 at 7:25 p. m.

Don't stop.

LODGING.—Regular communications.

Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 425, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—N. S. Graham.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifth Congressional District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Fisher.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moore Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

See probate notice in another column.

Judge Callen visited Montgomery on last Tuesday.

Job work executed at this office with neatness and dispatch.

Mr. and Mrs. McNeil returned yesterday from a visit to Autauga.

We received a pleasant call from Rev. J. L. Thompson, of Verbena, last Saturday.

Mr. C. M. Williamson, of Verbena, spent the day in Clanton last Monday.

See notice of mortgage sale, by the L. & N. Railroad Company, published in another column.

Thanks to the Mobile Register for a copy of its useful and well arranged annual for 1885.

We presume that everybody knows this is fine weather we are having, without us telling them.

Mr. T. E. Gilchrist, and family, of Coosa county, have moved to Clanton. We welcome them to our midst.

Rev. Luther B. Cross, of Pelham, filled the pulpit in the Methodist church, at this place, on last Thursday night.

The base ball fever has taken hold on our boys early this season. Several "scrub" games were played here this week.

For want of space we were unable to publish all the items in our communications this week. We publish the most important ones.

Mrs. Lizzie Murray, accompanied by her son, who has been attending school near Clanton, left on last Sunday afternoon for her home near Montgomery.

Miss Annie Lamar, a sister of our Methodist pastor, Rev. C. E. Lamar, of Verbena, spent several days in Clanton this week, the guest of Mrs. J. H. Hampton.

Rev. G. B. Lamar filled his appointment at the Methodist church in this place, on last Sabbath. Both the morning and evening services were well attended.

Miss Annie Darnell, who has been visiting the family of Mr. J. T. Smithman, returned to her home at Union Springs, last Tuesday. Mr. W. S. "hates that sure."

On last Monday night the jail was discovered to be on fire, having caught from the new heater which has just been put in position. The fire was soon extinguished, and little damage was done.

We are glad to note the improvements being made, by the Baptist of this place, in the grounds around their church. Quite a number of the pine trees have been cut down and removed and water casks have been set out, in rows, around the church, in a few years it will add greatly to the beauty of the site of their building.

Special Notice.

The Chilton View for \$1.00 per annum, provided the subscription be paid before March 1st. This is but a reduction of subscription but only a special offer.

Notice change in the advertisement of Dr. Donnan. Any of the medicines mentioned in the advertisement can be purchased at the drug store of Dr. M. J. Greene in this place, where Mr. Phillips will be found always ready to wait on you.

Miss Blanche Hide came up from Dentville, where she has flourished in school, on Friday night last, and remained in Clanton until Sunday afternoon. Her visits, though short ones, afford a great deal of pleasure to her many friends and admirers in our little city.

Send us your job work, such as letter heads, bill heads, note heads, envelopes, visiting cards, business cards, posters etc., etc. We will do your work as neat and as cheap as you can get it done anywhere. To be convinced of that fact just give us a trial.

Thanks to many of our exchanges for the hearty welcomes extended us upon our launching our craft on the sea of journalism. Though we are young in the cause, we hope to grow older, and will endeavor to keep up with the tide of events as the months and the years speed along on the wings of time.

Miss Hallie Ray, has given up her school, near Clanton, and has gone down near Montgomery to teach. We will miss her very much, but congratulate the people of the community in which she expects to locate, upon the acquisition to their society, and we wish her much success and happiness in her new home.

"Misfortune never comes single handed." The above has proved too true with our esteemed citizen Mr. Thos. M. Terman, who about a year or so ago had his saw mill, near this place, destroyed by fire; a few months ago his residence, with nearly all his household effects was burned; last week his horse ran away and completely demolished his buggy; and a few days ago the boiler at his new saw mill burst. Mr. Terman bears his misfortune bravely, and we hope we may not have an opportunity to chronicle the like again.

Verbena Views.

VERBENA, ALA., Jan. 29th 1885.

Rev. O. B. Blue, presiding elder of this district, held quarterly meeting at the Methodist church at this place last Saturday and Sunday. Owing to the very inclement weather only a small congregation turned out on Saturday; but on Sunday the church was well filled. Mr. Blue is an excellent gentleman and preacher and will always receive a hearty welcome in Verbena.

A very sad accident happened near here last Saturday. While Mr. Alex. Bland and a friend were out hunting. Mr. Bland was shot by the accidental discharge of the gun in the hands of his friend. The wound was not thought dangerous, but proved to be fatal. He died last Tuesday night. Mr. Bland was an honest hard working farmer and his death is deeply deplored by all who knew him.

Jemison Greetings.

All quiet in this vicinity. Very few things happening of sufficient interest to justify their publication.

Improvements are still being made, notwithstanding the deleterious of "hard times and worse a coming."

Mr. J. T. Anderson has had a neat cottage erected on Church street, which is near enough completed to admit of being occupied. They (Mr. A.'s family) moved in a week ago.

Judging from appearances, farmers in the community are going ahead making preparations for "crops." Several car-loads of guano have been unloaded here, and it is being hauled off almost daily. King Cotton, you know. We would like to suggest that if our farmers would keep their money at home, and expend it in making compost, collecting and hauling out stable and barn yard manure, it would yield better dividends, and be of more permanent value to the lands.

New arrivals.—At J. C. Morris's the 31st ult., a thirteen pound boy! Whopper, isn't he? Also, at Mr. Marion Honeycutt's, the same date, a ten-pounder; also, at F. M. Bruce's, Pine Hill, on same date, a son pointer. Three new citizens the same day. How is that for high?

Orange blossoms.—Married, at the residence of the bride's step-father Mr. W. G. Parker, in Columbiana, on the eve of the 1st inst., Mr. Jno. Miller and Miss "Lily" Hill. The groom is one of Shelby County's rising young business men, and his bride is a lovely and thoroughly accomplished young lady. She is a sister in our eleven neighbor J. R. Hill, the lumber merchant. Mrs. Miller has many ardent friends in Chilton who heartily congratulate her upon her happy union with so worthy a gentleman, and wish the happy pair all the felicity that a cup brim full of connubial bliss can afford.

And still they bloom! Two of Jemison's fair ones leave for Shelby county to day (the 3d) to be present and participate in the festivities of another nuptial feast; and ere this communication reaches the font (if it ever does) another one of Shelby's fairest and sweetest daughters will have been led to Hymen's altar by a gallant M. D. of Shelby Iron Works. O ye Editor, hang down your head and cry! Fly, ye knight of the quill, to your dear mother, that friend that never fails us in the darkest hour of blasted hopes and withered flowers; perhaps she can cheer thee, and comfort thee with the blessed assurance that "there are as good fish in the sea as were ever caught." Such is life.

DIED.

Yesterday morning, at her home near this place, Mrs. W. S. Duke. The deceased has been a long and patient sufferer, and while we sympathize with the bereaved ones in mourning her loss, we feel that it was through divine mercy that He has called her home.

A \$20.00 Bible Reward.

The publishers of Rutledge's Monthly offer twelve valuable rewards in their Monthly for February, among which is the following:

We will give \$20.00 to the person telling us the longest verse in the old Testament Scriptures by February 10th, 1885. Should two or more correct answers be received, the Reward will be divided. The correct answer is found in the winner February 13th, 1885. Persons trying for the reward must send 20 cents in silver (no postage stamps taken) with their answer, for which they will receive the monthly for March, in which the name and address of the winner will be published, and in which several more valuable rewards will be offered. Address Rutledge Publishing Company, Easton Pa.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken out of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. [Jan]

NOTICE NO. 3835.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 30, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1885, viz: James R. Broadhead, Homestead 8648 for the n of n e 1, s e 1 of n e 1 and n e 1 of s e 1 of section 26, township 21, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Aaron C. Oates, Lee Hayne, Abram C. Mims, and Jesse A. Culp, all of Clanton Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3823.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 29, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1885, viz: William Easterling, Homestead 8982 for the w 1 of s w 1 section 28 township 22 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Thomas Powell, Henry Johnson, Thomas Taylor, and Beauregard Johnson, all of Clanton, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3833.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 30, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1885, viz: Jesse A. Culp, Homestead 8238, for the w 1 of s w 1 sec. 14 township 21 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James R. Broadhead, Aaron C. Oates, Abram C. Mims, and Lee Hayne, all of Clanton Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3834.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 30, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1885, viz: Hugh Henry, Homestead 8661, for the s 1 of n e 1 of section 18, township 21, range 13. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Benjamin M. Gentry, John A. Lowrey, Francis M. Gentry, and John H. Gentry, all of Clanton, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE.

All outstanding accounts for subscriptions, advertising or job printing, in this office, are payable to Mr. J. C. Lawrence.

J. P. Allen & Co., Jewellers, Ala.

are ready to advance to all persons who have paid them up, and are not in debt to any other merchant, and all persons indebted to them are requested to pay up and save costs. jan29-St

MORTGAGE SALE.

Of Valuable Property in Chilton County, Alabama, and Birmingham, Jefferson County, Alabama.

The hereafter described property, having been discharged from the control of the Receiver appointed, and from the operation of the injunction granted by the Hon. John Bruce, a district Judge of the United States on the 19th day of January 1885, in the case of Burford McLester & Co., et al vs John W. Gullahorn & Brother, Maurice Kahn et al in the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama, as shown by agreement of Solicitors, bearing date January 24th 1885, and now on file in the Clerk's Office of said Circuit Court:

The undersigned, under and by virtue of a Mortgage and the power of sale therein contained, executed, on the 17th day of September, 1884, by John W. Gullahorn and wife, Mary A. Gullahorn, E. T. Gullahorn and wife, Corneilia Gullahorn, to Maurice Kahn, and duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama, in Vol. 12 of deeds, pages 482, 483, and 485, will proceed to sell at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama, between the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Wednesday, March 4th, 1885, the following described property, to-wit: Southwest fourth of Section 34, Township 22, Range 15, in Chilton county, Alabama, together with the two drying kilns, one Lath & Bodley Engine, Boiler and Fixtures, and one Saw Mill and Fixtures, situated upon said S W 1. One Schenck Planer, one McNaish and Butler Planer, and one Atlas Engine at Gullahorn's Station, one mile northwest of Cooper's Station, and located on the right of way of the South & North Alabama railroad; one 32 foot Boiler attached to said Atlas Engine, and located on the land of Elias Minor; one 8 ton Locomotive Engine, manufactured by the Lima Machine Works, Lima, Ohio; and that tract of land bounded as follows, to-wit: commencing at an iron stake set in the South & North Alabama Railroad Company, and running in a northeasterly direction, 27 degrees, 15 chains and 13 links, to the northeast corner of W. C. Rice's lot; thence in a southeasterly direction, 33 degrees, 140 yards to a holly bush, thence in a southeasterly direction 27 degrees, to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence up said right of way to the point of beginning, containing (three) 3 acres, in section 27, and eight (8) acres in Section 28, Township 21, Range 15, in Chilton county, Alabama, together with the Saw Mill and Fixtures, Engine Boiler and Fixtures, one Schenck Planer and Drying Kilns, located upon said tract of land; also, lot one hundred and thirty-seven (137) North Sixth (6th) Avenue South, according to the original plan or mode of designation of city lots as made by W. P. Barker for the Elyton Land Company and known as lot nineteen in block one hundred and seventy-five, according to the new method of designating city lots adopted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Birmingham, in the city of Birmingham, Jefferson county, Alabama.

MAURICE KAHN.

WM. A. COLLIER, Attorney, Clanton, Ala., Jan. 29, 1885 4t.

NOTICE NO. 3783.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 13, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1885, viz: Leroy Busby, Homestead 8281 for the s 1 of n e 1 of section 28 township 24 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jasper Green, Robt. Mitchell, Francis Busby and Dolt Watts, all of Clear creek, Ala. Jan 15 Thos. J. Scott, Register.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership, heretofore existing, between John W. Gullahorn and E. T. Gullahorn, of Clanton, Ala., under the firm name of J. W. Gullahorn & Bro., was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 21st day of January, 1885. All debts owing to said partnership, are to be received by the said John W. Gullahorn, and all demands on the said partnership, are to be presented to him for payment. E. T. GULLAHORN. Clanton, Ala., Jan., 21st 1885.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN.

This standard of excellence which contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

EVERY ORGAN WANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These standard Organs are celebrated for their quality of tone, quick response, variety of combinations, brilliant lights, beauty in design, perfect construction, making them the best adapted for churches, schools and desirable organs for homes.

ENTRANCED REPUTATION, UNRIVALLED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL, CHEAPEST PRICES.

Organ and Piano Store, Clanton and Union Springs, Ala.

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H. Haupt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience.

I have had business transactions with Mr. Haupt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-4t Rev. J. G. GURLEY.

Books Given Away!

LADIES' GUIDE TO FANCY WORK—Contains over 200 handsome illustrations, 64 large 3 column pages nicely bound. It is the only practical instructor in fancy work. With it, as a guide, you can make hundreds of beautiful things for adorning your home, or presents for your friends, at a trifling expense. Every lady is delighted with it, as there is no fancy work but that she can accomplish by its aid.

LADIES' PRIVATE COMPANION.—A complete work on womanhood. It touches upon every subject of interest to a wife, mother or daughter. Gives the advice and information so many times desired by ladies, but which modesty prevents her asking a physician of the opposite sex. Worth its weight in gold to every one suffering from any of those weaknesses of the sex. Illustrated and bound in cloth. (Regular price \$1.00.)

FUN AND CANDY.—A handsome 48 page book, telling how to make over 100 kinds of candies and other sweet things at home. Should be in every American home. Regular price 50 cts.

THE HOUSEWIFE.—An illustrated domestic journal, devoted to "What to Wear," "How to Cook," "Fancy Work," "Household Matters," and every subject of interest to an American lady. Regular price \$1.00.

SEND FIFTY CENTS, and receive: The Housewife on trial for six months, and any one of above books free, or \$1.00 and receive it one entire year, and all of above books free. This is for new subscribers only, who send now. Address, The Housewife, Nunda, N. Y.



Simple Strong Sewing Machine

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR. NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DRAKE. MILWAUKEE. FOR SALE BY

J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala.

TUTT'S PILLS.

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bile, constipation, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the face, and under the shoulders, Blurred vision, Fullness after eating, with a distention to exertion of body or mind, Irritable temper, Loss of spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the heart, Bile before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with a full, dry, red, and inflamed tongue, and a full, dry, red, and inflamed tongue.

CONSTITUTION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of the system as to restore the body to its normal condition.

They increase the appetite, and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is brought back to its normal condition.

On the Digestive Organs, Regularity of action is restored, and the system is brought back to its normal condition.

Office, 24 Murray St., New York.

dec13-4y

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OF WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application, and the hair grows again, color, soft, and healthy.

Sold by Druggists, or sent by express, on receipt of 50 cts.

Office, 24 Murray St., New York.

dec1

Special Advertising.
Business notices Two Cents per line,
each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of respect,
half rates.
Announcing candidates for office, 50,
strictly in advance.
Communications recommending
candidates for office will be headed as adver-
tisements and charged for accordingly.
Liberal contracts made with those ad-
vertising by the year.
The money is due on all advertise-
ments after the first publication.

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

NO. 14.

A BATCH OF STRAY WAIFS

WHAT WE FIND TO SMILE OVER IN THE HUMOROUS COLUMN.

The Chinese Must Go—A Want of Gentleness—A Patron of Husbanded—Allegory in Public—A Painful Surprise, Etc.

A PARODY OF HUMBERG.

"President Cleveland will be very popular with the patrons of husbandry," said Githlooly to Mrs. Col. Yergar, on the occasion of a social gathering at the palatial residence of the latter.

"You refer to the granger element, I suppose," said Mrs. Yergar, who is well up in politics.

"Oh, no; by patrons of husbandry I refer to the mother with marriageable daughters."

N. B. Mrs. Yergar has several marriageable daughters, and the whole

family is going to Washington next spring to be present at the inaugural ball. *Times Herald*.

HE FOLLOWED INSTRUCTIONS.
"When you go to bed you should al-
ways hang up your watch. It is better
for it," remarked Wilson to his son
one day.
The next night he asked the young
man what time it was.
"I don't know," replied the youth.
"Where is your watch?"
"I hung it up, sir."—*Graphic*.
A COINCIDENTAL DEVINATION.
A slim youth, accompanied by a pug
dog and chain attachment, met a young
lady on Fifth avenue whom he knew.

He walked by her side until her resistance was gained, when she invited him in.

"Aw—thawks; awfully much pleased I'm suah," he said; "but—er—the dog y'know—"

"Oh, the dog won't make the slightest difference. Dear little fellow! Mamma will be glad to see you both."

PAINTED SCREEN.

"My dear," he said as he entered the house, "who is that gentleman across the street?"

"I am not sure, but I think he is a old bean of mine."

"How long has he been waving his handkerchief?"

"Is he trying to flirt with you?"

"That's just what annoys me. I may mean it for me, or for the lady in the bay window above. If it's for her I ought to know it, and if it's for me I never speak to the shame-faced thing again as long as I live! Oh! George, you don't know how vexations and so certain it is to have roomers above you! I wish we had a little cottage of our own."—*Detroit Free Press.*

BY A COACHEMAN.

To speak the words her tongue did falter,
But all her tears and prayers were idle;
Her feeling forced her to the altar,
For he'd determined on the bride.
She did not wish to stirrup strife,
And so her feelings she did smother
But saddle her married life—

OUT OF OIL.

"And so you are comfortably there now," pleasantly remarked one lady to another.

"Oh, yes; we own our home, and are getting along very well," replied the other.

"How did your husband make money?" was asked.

"Out of oil," the reply.

"Oh, boring for it?"

"No, ma'am."

"Buying oil land?"

"No, ma'am."

"Speculating?"

"Oh, no."

"How did he make his money if it then?"

"By keeping out of it."—*Rocky*

Post

NOT WHAT HE WANTED.

"I don't 'sactly understand" the Spanish treaty. What does it do?"

"Why, it gives us cheaper coal."

"What do we want of cheaper coal?"

The 'sloons allus throw in the

—Chicago News.

SENTENCE WALKER.

A man who had a bad habit of his accounts with the butcher shop, ran on forever, was seen one day by one of his cred tiers, going to his box home.

"Hello," he said, "what are you doing with that?"

"Going to put my goods and

in it."

"What for?"

"I'm going to move out West?"

"What's that for?"

"Oh, I'm going out there to make
there's nothin' here for me."

"Going West to settle, are you?"

"That's the racket."

"Well, you'd better settle down.
There's nothing out there for
we want nothing in this country
about as much as any place you
see."—Marchant Fremmer.

your son.

He (suddenly). "This has
no escape left. I'm going."
She. "Henry, what do you want
He. "I'll just ask you."
She. "What?"

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 12, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will appear in this paper for the first time.

COURT CALENDAR.

February—Friday after the first day in April and October.
March—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commencement—Regular term on Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE R. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains from Clanton, Ala., as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 6:30 a. m.
No. 2 at 7:47 p. m.
No. 3 at 6:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 4 at 8:30 a. m.
No. 5 at 10:30 p. m.
No. 6 at 7:25 p. m.

Don't stop.

Locals.—Regular communications.

Clanton Lodge of A. F. & M. No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—N. S. Graham.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Fisher.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Southerman.

Tax Assessor—James M. Parish.

Tax Collector—Wm. A. Smith.

Sup. Education—W. A. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Big snow.

Dr. W. E. Stewart has moved into his new residence, on Court street.

See advertisement of the Birmingham Steam Laundry in another column.

Mr. Jas. P. Allen, accompanied by his estimable wife, visited friends in Clanton last week.

Remember our special offer of the View for one dollar, only lasts until March 1st.

We spent a very pleasant evening in Verbena, last Friday, in attendance upon a dance at Gullidge Hall.

Prof. W. C. Carpenter has moved his school into the house formerly occupied by Dr. W. E. Stewart, in east Clanton.

Mr. Henry Johnson, of Six Miles Ga., was in Clanton last week looking after some of his property here. He gave the View a pleasant call.

We received a pleasant call, on last Thursday, from Rev. Mr. Armstrong, of Birmingham. He came down to conduct the funeral services of Mrs. W. S. Duke.

Euell Dawson, who has been clerking for W. M. Wilson & Bro. of this place, for the past few months, has gone to his home near Calera. He intends starting to school at a early day.

We would like very much for our delinquent subscribers to come in and pay up what they owe us. If they cannot come themselves, if they will send it in by mail or otherwise, we will gladly receipt for same.

Died.—On Wednesday, the 4th inst., at his home near this place, Mr. James Wells. The deceased was a brother of Mr. L. B. Wells. He leaves a wife and nine children together with a host of friends and relatives to mourn his loss.

We are glad to welcome Miss Hallie Ray, back to Clanton again. She having had special inducements offered her to return and take charge of her school again, accepted the same and arrived in Clanton on yesterday morning.

A meeting was held by the citizens of Clanton, on last Monday night, for the purpose of deciding upon some action to be taken in firing up our country. A committee was appointed to take what money they now have in hand for that purpose, and expend it in having the grounds cleaned off. Those who desire to have lots in the cemetery can have them staked off, and will be expected to keep them cleaned up, whether enclosed or merely marked off. Another meeting will be held in the near future for the purpose of organizing a cemetery.

THE CHILTON VIEW FOR \$1.00 per annum, provided the subscription is paid before March 1st. This is not a reduction of subscription but only a special offer.

A final decree was rendered in the Circuit Court of the United States, on Saturday the 7th inst., in favor of the defendants, in the case of Bulfinch McQuester & Co., vs. John W. Gullahorn & Bro., in reference to the property advertised for sale by Maurice Kahn, under a mortgage executed by John W. Gullahorn & Bro.

Mr. N. A. Kicker who has for several months past been in the employ of Messrs. O. R. Bell & Son, of this place, has severed his connection with that firm, his time having expired on the first of this month. Mr. Kicker is one of Clanton's most promising young men and we would regret to lose him and hope he may find it to his interest to remain in Clanton.

Hon. Thos. A. Hendricks in Birmingham.

Friday morning at 6:30 o'clock he was waited upon by a committee of citizens, who notified him that he was at his service to escort him to some of the mining localities around Birmingham. Mr. Hendricks accepted of this invitation and his special car was hitched to a special train which started for the Pratt mines and Morris ore beds.

About fifty citizens accompanied Mr. Hendricks and the party did all in their power to show Mr. Hendricks what a wonderful wealth of natural resources this section of Alabama possesses.

Mr. Hendricks was a close observer and expressed a pleasurable surprise at the vast resources Alabama has of becoming the leading manufacturing state in the union.

At Pratt mines the excursion party was received by a number of citizens of that place and both the shaft and shaft visited. Mr. Hendricks, like Mr. Randall, went down into the mines at which the mines are ventilated.

After visiting the Morris ore beds, the party returned to the city and dined at the Florence Hotel.

In the afternoon Mr. Hendricks and party were driven around the city in carriages to the different local industries. The furnaces, the rolling mills and the foundries and machine shop were all closely inspected by the visitors.—Age.

LEGISLATIVE.

Amendments of the Criminal Convict Bill.

At the morning session of the house the special order, house bill to regulate the convict system of Alabama, was taken up.

The amendment offered by Mr. McQueen, retaining the office of physician, was accepted by the chairman of the committee, Mr. Coleman, and the amendment, as amended, was adopted.

The committee reported an amendment providing that convicts shall be classified at the present law requires until the expiration of existing contracts, after which they shall be hired per capita. Adopted.

Also, preventing the hiring of misdemeanants to relatives, the same being prevented by the present law as to felons. Adopted.

Also, providing that warrants presented by inspectors for expenses, shall be approved by the governor before being paid. Adopted.

Also, fixing the salary of the clerk of the board of inspection at \$1,000, instead of \$800, as the original bill provided.

Mr. Cory offered to amend by fixing the salary at \$1,500.

The committee's amendment, fixing the salary at \$1,000, was adopted.

The committee offered an amendment providing that neither shackles nor chains shall be placed upon a convict without the consent of an inspector.

Various amendments to the amendment were offered and voted down, and it was then adopted.

The committee offered an amendment providing that in cases of sudden death, an experienced and disinterested physician shall be called in to examine the disease and decide whether the cause of death shall be reported to the courts for investigation.

Mr. McQueen offered a substitute requiring that the penitentiary physician, and the physician who is a member of the board, shall perform each duty, and report to the inspectors. Adopted and the amendment was adopted.

The committee reported an amendment requiring that costs of the case shall be paid to the clerk in which the convict was tried, out of the proceeds of the first twelve months hire of the convict, but applies only to those sentenced to the penitentiary. Adopted.

Mr. McQueen offered to amend by requiring that an experienced and reputable physician shall be appointed by the board of inspectors, whose duty it shall be to visit the different convict camps and see that they are properly managed.

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Mr. Marshall offered to amend so as not to require that one of the inspectors shall be a physician.

On motion of Mr. Branch the amendment was laid on the table.

Mr. Guster offered to amend by requiring that the physician who is to be a member of the board make reports when required by the board. Adopted.

Mr. Bullock, of Greene, moved to amend by requiring that one member of the board shall be a "practicing" physician.

Mr. McQueen offered a substitute that such physician shall be a regularly licensed and practicing physician. Adopted.

The Weekly Iron Age.

Is now a large eight-page sheet, cut, pasted and folded. It is one of the newest and best family papers in Alabama containing each week a large amount of interesting reading matter, consisting of ably written editorials, stories, poetry, state and general news and miscellaneous matter. Special attention devoted to agricultural and household matter. A first-class family paper in every respect. Agents wanted at every postoffice and in every community in Alabama to whom liberal cash commissions will be given. Special inducement to subscribers. Send for sample copies, terms, etc.

IRON AGE PUB. CO., Birmingham, Ala.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken out of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, soothes and quiets, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. For Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. Small world.

PROBATE NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County, Probate Court, February 22, 1885.

Estate of German Burns, Deceased.

To Mary Dunn and all other parties at interest: This day comes Mary C. Burns and produces to the court an instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of German Burns, deceased, duly signed and published by him and attested by W. L. Parrell and Alice DuBose as witnesses, and the court also presents in petition, in writing, under oath, praying that said instrument of writing be admitted to probate as the true last will and testament of German Burns, deceased. It is thereupon ordered by the court that the said petition be filed, and that the 24th day of March, 1885, be set apart for hearing thereof, and in proof of the execution of said instrument of writing, German Burns, deceased, at which time all persons in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

H. J. CALLEN, Judge of Probate.

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WANTING MANY SOULS

OF THE REV. JAMES SWAN, A GREAT
FAMOUS BAPTIST CHURCH, took place
at New London, Conn., Friday, and
was largely attended. The ending of
his mortal life was peaceful and painless.

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CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 10, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will be inserted for one month at the rate of \$1.00 per line.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

RECEIPTS & A. A. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:30 a. m.
No. 3 at 6:22 p. m.
No. 7 at 8:47 p. m.
No. 9 at 8:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 9:37 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:31 a. m.
No. 4 at 10:48 p. m.
No. 6 at 7:25 p. m.

• Don't stop.

• Regular communications.

Clanton, Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 424, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—N. S. Graham.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foster.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Sultherman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Send us your job work.

Mr. W. H. McNeil visited Montgomery Monday.

Read notice of Sheriff's sale in another column.

Mr. N. A. Kicker is visiting Montgomery this week.

Mr. S. J. Heath, of Strauburg, was in Clanton last Sunday evening.

Mr. W. H. Burton is the happy man this time—it's a 16 pound girl.

Mr. W. H. Foshee spent Monday and Tuesday, of this week, in Montgomery.

Mr. S. J. Brock, who has been absent for several weeks, visiting Fort Deposit, returned last Monday night.

We are glad to hear from our Callierville correspondent again. He has been playing truant with us for some time.

Mrs. Bivings returned home from Rome, Ga., Tuesday night. She has been visiting relatives in that city for the past month.

Our county jail is still empty and has not had a prisoner within its walls this year. We attribute this to the prohibition of the sale of liquor.

The night office, of the L. & N. Railroad, has been removed from Verbena to this place. Mr. C. M. Williamson, of Verbena, has charge of same.

We are glad to note the revival among our correspondents. Maplesville has also come to time this week with an interesting batch of locals.

We are in receipt of the Alabama Weather Service report, for January, accompanied by a map of Alabama, showing the tracks of the tornadoes of the 11th ult., and the time they passed through the several counties.

There is now just a little over a week's time left in which to take advantage of the special offer we are now making to our subscribers. Come in and pay up past dues and one dollar in advance and the View will be sent you another year.

Mr. W. H. Sarter visited Fort Deposit last week. He returned Monday night. He brought Mr. Brock back with him. Go again Will and bring back some one else there is plenty of room here for them and we need them all.

The snow on last Thursday was five inches deep in this section. It melted very rapidly and by Saturday night was all gone. The boys had their fun snow-balling every one who passed along the streets, consequently we had business in doors most of the time, and when we did get out of doors we always made it convenient to go through the back alleys, and thus we avoided being made targets of.

Valentine's Day.

One of the most popular of the year is Valentine's Day, and it is the custom of the people to exchange valentines on this day.

Mr. S. Wellman, having purchased the entire business of the firm name of R. Wellman.

Special Offer.

The Chilton View for \$1.00 per annum, provided the subscription is paid before March 1st. This is not a reduction of subscription but only a special offer.

Valentine's Day.

Last Saturday was Valentine's day. It slipped upon us unawares, and consequently we did not have an opportunity of complying with the customary rules as one of our exchanges puts it: "The bashful lover will send a perfumed picture to his best girl, and the man full of jokes will invest a dollar or two in showing up some of his friends as others see them. This is the sum and substance of the valentine business."

Callierville Dots.

No doubt you think your Callierville correspondent has played out by his being silent so long, but not so; he has been spending over a month in Selma, under Dr. Tip-ton's treatment of the eye. My eye has greatly improved and seems to be all right now.

Well for the news: As I have had only a few hours in which to gather it I will be brief.

Mr. Thos. Parnell has sold out his place to a Mr. Stevens, of Georgia.

Dr. T. E. Callier is spending some time in Hot Springs, for his health.

Mrs. M. A. Hare is spending a few months in Florida with one of her married sons.

Our post office has changed its name from "Callierville" to "Dixie."

Mr. Ed. Adams and family have moved from this place to Selma. We miss them very much. Mr. Adams is drumming for a Selma firm.

The Ebenezer Sunday school continues to flourish.

Miss Lula Averette, of Selma, is visiting Mrs. T. E. Callier.

H. J. H.

Maplesville Dots.

Bad weather has prevented the farmers from accomplishing but very little, up to the present.

Over 200 dozen eggs have been shipped from here since January 1st.

The store of Mr. Tolbert, of Benson, was burned on the night of the 5th inst.

We gladly welcome Mr. Stewart and family, of Cross Plains, in our midst, they are now boarding with Mrs. N. E. Goodwin. Mr. Stewart is one of the firm of Large & Stewart, coal dealers at Stanton.

Died, on the 22d ult., at his residence near here, Henry Gandy, aged about 65. Mr. Gandy has for some time been suffering from cancer of the thumb, and no doubt death was a welcome messenger.

We gladly announce the return of elder J. M. Greene, to this circuit.

The school at this place closed on the 10th inst.

Miss Liles goes from here to Troyville, Perry Co., where she will open a school the first of March. She has won for herself an enviable reputation and in behalf of the patrons, we take this opportunity of expressing our thanks for her untiring efforts to advance the children entrusted to her. Her many friends deeply regret her departure, and wish her unbounded success in her new field.

Novice.

Legislative.

In the senate the bill to punish public drunkenness passed—aye 18, noes 11. The revenue machinery bill was also passed, after the adoption of an amendment offered by Senator Sterrett to make the special tax collection of Montgomery and Mobile counties apply also to Jefferson.

In the house the report of the superintendent of education for the year ending September 30, 1884, was received.

The house passed the bill to appropriate \$7,500 for improving the capitol grounds.

The joint resolution providing an amendment to the resolution for a session of 75 days of the general assembly was adopted.

Mr. Brown, of Tuscaloosa, from the committee on ways and means, reported favorably house bill to allow the commissioners' court of Jefferson county to issue bonds to the amount of \$25,000, for the purpose of repairing the jail of said county, or building a new one, and to improve the grounds of such jail, and to erect buildings for a poor-house.

Mr. Hargrove, from committee on corporations, reported favorably senate bill to incorporate the Birmingham Water Works Company. Passed.

The House, by a very large majority, have passed the bill repealing the crop line law, and the probability is that the Senate will also pass the measure.

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A. J. Brooks.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in Chilton County, and does and will sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and no shoddy goods are kept.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES, FREIGHT OFF

AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER. I HAVE

EVERYTHING YOU WANT TO BUY, AND WILL

BUY EVERYTHING YOU HAVE TO SELL,

AT THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

COME EVERYBODY AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

A New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE STORE OF

W. M. WILSON & BRO.,

CLANTON, ALA.

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

OF

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE

PURCHASING.

Allen, Scott & Sherrod,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

DEALERS IN

Wholesale Groceries, Grain, Hay,

AND

Agents for DuPont's Rifle and

Blasting Powder.

We sell entirely at Wholesale and to Dealers only.

oct 23-6

The Chilton View

Job Printing Office

Clanton, Ala.

Is Prepared to Execute

JOB PRINTING.

AT LOW RATES

AND IN THE NEATEST STYLE.

Having, at considerable outlay, added a Job Department to our office, we would respectfully call the attention of business men and others in need of JOB PRINTING, to our superior facilities for the prompt and tasteful execution of everything needed in that line, such as

Bill Heads,

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Commissary

Circulars,

Checks,

Blanks,

Notes, &c.

Our outfit is new, and our work will be such as to merit the patronage of the public.

Chilton View

—AND—

THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY

Courier-Journal.

One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of one.

By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the Courier-Journal, the representative newspaper of the South, Democratic and for a third the Bureau only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

COLEMAN

Business

Do You Know

THAT

LOHILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG

TOBACCO

with Red Tin Top? How Low Price

Out Cheaper? Navy Clipping, and

Black, Brown and Yellow Marbles are

the best and cheapest, quality guaranteed.

Boys and Girls!

THE NATIONAL YOUTH—A most

interesting illustrated paper, brim

will be sent free for one entire year

every one who sends us at once a

stamp of 12 boys and girls of different

families, and twelve 2c stamps for pen

NO. 17.

BY T. S. ARTHUR.

"I am tired of waiting," said the man.
"I am tired of waiting," said the man.

... ..

[illegible]

President Cleveland's salary will be \$12,744 a day.

The public bridge at Selma, Ala., across the Alabama river, is to cost \$47,000.

The only two charges pending against Frank James in the Cooper county, Mo., circuit court, were dismissed and he is now a free man.

Prohibition is evidently much desired by business men of Athens Ga., twenty-seven firms there having declared their intention of closing on election day and working for it.

Capt. J. H. Bankhead retired from the Warden'ship of the State Penitentiary last Sunday, the first of March, at which date that important office ceased to exist by operation of law.

Colorado Springs claims the honor of heating the whole country in winter—of temperature, the thermometer there having shown a variation of 72 degrees in 24 hours during a recent cold wave.

The ladies have won the day in Texas. The legislature of that State has decided that at least one half of its clerks shall be ladies. The innovation was bitterly opposed, but the gallantry of the legislature won the day.

President Stanley has issued a circular letter to the Press of the State informing them that the annual meeting will be held at Talladega on the 7th of April. It is contemplated to go from there to the New Orleans Exposition.

The editor of a Russian daily thus explained the frequent hiatus in its appearance: "The paper is often in want of information, when I want of writers, and in want of money; and sometimes, when it has all these, it is in want of readers."

The citizens of Louisville, Ky., have organized a league, the object of which is to aid in carrying out the city government honestly and economically. We think this a good move, for it will no doubt break up all court-house rings, cliques and the like.

The New York Financial Chronicle suggests an amendment to the constitution, making the expiration of the Presidential term the 3d of July, instead of the 3d of March, thus coinciding with the close of the fiscal year, and making the inauguration of the President occur appropriately on the 4th of July.

The printers on the Birmingham are refused to go to work the other day, on account of a reduction made by that paper, of 5 cents per thousand; consequently the Sunday edition was only four pages instead of eight as usual. The places of the strikers have since been filled by printers, telegraphed for, from other cities.

Attractive and happy homes do more than anything else towards cultivating correct and moral habits. But there may be some young men who have not happy homes, and many others who have no homes at all. The public should feel enough interest in these to provide, or help to provide, for them, both for the present and for the future.

Mr. Charles H. Erwin of Painted Post, N. Y., has found by an extended experience that ice water, or water but a few degrees warmer than ice water, sprinkled upon cabbage during the heat of the day will kill the imported cabbage worm. He found that such an application in the hot sun caused them to quickly let go their hold upon the leaves, roll to the ground and die, while the cabbage suffered nothing, but looked all the fresher for the application.

Some Florida boys, who had a swimming hole along the banks of the St. Johns river, were often driven out of the water by a very large alligator who came to sample them. At last they hit upon a little racket to get even with him. They constructed a buoy the exact size, shape and shade of an ordinary boy, and filled it with nitro-glycerine, and took a pole and pushed it a little way from shore. Presently the alligator came up with his mouth wide open like a steel trap, and in one bite he took in one half of the buoy, who just as that juncture went off and blew him off about three miles up the river. Moral—boys will be boys.—Life

The trip from Pensacola to Jacksonville is not a short one. The distance is about 200 miles by rail, and it is an all day ride. To note some points of interest along the route, the scribble will now proceed. Since reviewing the subject it is evident that justice was not done Chipley in the letter from that point. The town is only 18 months old and has some 400 people and is growing rapidly—a dozen or more buildings going up now. It is in a comparatively fertile country, that is, compared to other portions of this State, which is chiefly a sand bed. One of the attractions of Chipley is an elevated plateau known as Orange Hill. It has an altitude of several hundred feet, with 4,000 acres of good soil at the summit, which, even in a wild state, has every growth imaginable. Oranges, lemons, roses and other fruits and flowers grow along with oak and pine trees. It is a novel sight, and shows what the country is capable of. There is also a fine water fall near the place—the fall of a creek—a precipitate fall of 60 feet. It is worth a visit to those who enjoy the wonderful and beautiful. But one of the chief attractions of Chipley was the rosy-cheeked country belle, who, as daughter of the land lady, presided at the hotel table. She was sweet and nice, but she was not a philosopher. At least not such a philosopher as was the pretty French girl who consented to give Mark Twain a kiss for a franc, innocently philosophizing that she "would have a million more left." What excellent philosophy Mark thought, no doubt. Perhaps if the scribe had been Mark Twain the philosophy would have been displayed by the dainty Chipley maiden. She was dainty—and there was the rub.

Chipley is the coming town of Florida. Anything can be raised there. There is no malaria in South Florida, and the country is fertile. Good carpenters could probably find steady work there. Everybody is welcomed, land is cheap and a home can be easily obtained, that is on easy terms.

The next point of interest is Tallahassee, the state capital. Tallahassee, an Indian word signifying "beautiful land." The place is full of interest. It was here that the great chiefs of the aborigines held their savage courts. Four miles east of the city is Lake Lafayette, so named from its situation in the midst of the Mobile estate of 23,000 acres granted by a grateful country to the great French patriot in recognition of his services in the Revolutionary struggle for independence. Two miles west of Tallahassee is the "Murat Place," a fine plantation owned and occupied until his death by the widow of the Prince Murat, the son of Napoleon's favorite Marshal. The Prince, who spent the last years of his life upon his fine estate, and his widow, who survived him many years, lie side by side in the Episcopal cemetery at Tallahassee. The State Capitol is a roomy, massive and well preserved structure of imposing appearance, built in 1834 by the military government of the territory, and stands on the extreme southern portion of the hill occupied by the city.

On to Jacksonville one gets into a country that is not for the poor man seeking a home. It is a town of hotels, and in winter has about 40,000 people. The registered number of visitors at the hotel last winter was 44,000. Of course there were many who did not stop at the hotels. This portion of the State is settled by people from the north and east. Each of the principal hotels has a park in its front with orange trees and other beautiful shrubbery peculiar to this State growing to delight the visitor's eye. The Northern visitor who is here for the first time is also delighted with eating "green peas in January," as he expresses it, and will go into ecstasies over the sugar cane and the heavy growth of moss which gives the forests such a weird appearance, just as a Southerner would stand aghast, could he look upon the mountains of snow and ice which surround the luxurious homes beyond the Potomac.

A trip up the St. Johns river to Sanford, which is at the head of navigation of that magnificent stream, will be mentioned in another letter. At Sanford, for days, the thermometer would play up at 83 to 86 in the shade, at noon—real July weather, and yet about once a week considerable frost is seen in the early morning, and pine apple and banana plants are kept covered. It is a country of chills, and yankers, but it is growing rapidly notwithstanding these drawbacks. It is the section for consumptives. Like all other countries it has some disadvantages; the chills and malaria do not attack every one. A great many people come to Florida with what is called Florida fever. It is a disease which attacks many unwarmed, and like the measles or the whooping cough has to run its course. These people come, and after seeing a very poor country—with no land for farms, and a high price upon the fruit lands—their eyes begin to expand and the Florida fever subsides as they bend their way towards "home sweet home."

The north western portion of the state, which properly belongs to Alabama, is the only section where farming can be made a success.

Chronicle called on Mr. John Alabama to raise Birmingham something to eat. The call should be answered. It is a shame that our contemporary has ever had to make it. What word do we of South and Central Alabama expect to reap from the development of the mineral region? Are we to merely sit and look on and keep to the old way? A great theory among the farmers has been that if they only had a horse truck for vegetables and garden truck and fruits and all that, they could quit the all cotton plan and adopt the methods by which farmers prosper in the thickly settled North and West. Perhaps our farmers have not realized that a population that somebody must feed is right at our doors and increasing all the time. Are Birmingham and Anniston and Oxmore and Tecumseh and all similar places to go on forever buying food outside the State? These places are what we have been looking to as a market for the Black Belt.

There has been some talk of trying to induce thrifty immigrants to come and settle in Alabama. We have often contended that the real attraction to the immigrant is prosperity. Does it look like prosperity, is it an inviting prospect to the stranger, to see our mineral and even agricultural cities sending to Kentucky for beef, Tennessee for turkeys and chickens, Ohio for cabbages, in fact searching the whole blessed United States for what our farmers ought to deliver in our market places? The Chronicle says:

If the prairies are rich why is the farmer poor? If all the Advertiser claims for the prairie lands is true why can not the farmers there feed the State or at least themselves? Why is it that there is not a known product of the soil, from corn to garden truck, which is not imported into this State? Why is it that the farmers of Alabama do not feed their people?

We clip the above from the Advertiser of the 27th ult., and would advise the farmers to read it carefully; Note the questions asked, and answer them, for themselves, if they can.

A WIDE RANGE.

An Extensive Copartnership.

St. Louis Republican, Nov. 7th, 1884. Over fifteen thousand (15,000) merchants throughout the South and West working as it were a unit for one purpose, and with one grand aim in view, and that great aim for the alleviation of suffering mankind. We have been shown a list of names of business houses in Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Mississippi, Tennessee, Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, in fact comprising all of the great Western and Southern states, names of the best class of merchants in all of those states amounting in the aggregate to fully FIFTY THOUSAND BUSINESS HOUSES, with the city of St. Louis, Missouri as a base and the Collins Brothers Drug Company, located at Nos. 420 to 425 North Second street, as the fountain from whence all these good things flow. The Collins Brothers Drug Company have made themselves notably conspicuous in supplying the country merchants all over the lands with the most attractive advertising matter that can possibly be designed or thought of, and at the same time useful to the merchants, farmers and the household. We refer to the Family Almanac and Receipt Book, and to their various other publications.

Collins Brothers Present Century Almanac for 1885 deserves special mention. It is produced on a most liberal scale—the size is 8 1/2 x 11 inches—being much larger than any Almanac published in this or any other country. Its astronomical calculations are gotten up with the greatest care and by the best talent in America. It can be sent to any address on receipt of 2-cent postage-stamps by the proprietors. A blank space equal in size to an ordinary Almanac is reserved for the business card of the country dealer who is also supplied with a stock of the remedies viz: Collins' Ague Cure, Dr. Jackson's Root and Herb Cordial, etc., on such liberal terms as to make each dealer feel an interest in the sale of the goods and as it is found that each and every remedy advertised in the Almanac gives satisfaction wherever used, every dealer in the goods recommends them, thereby creating one grand copartnership existing throughout the whole line of dealers who sell Collins' Ague Cure and Jackson's remedies, of which Collins Brothers Drug Co. are proprietors, Collins' Ague Cure is sold at 50 cents per bottle. It has done more towards relieving the sick of not only chills and fever, but of biliousness, liver complaint, and all forms of malarial disorders than any other remedy now before the public. The Collins Brothers Drug Co., is not only among the leading wholesale drug houses of the country, but ranks first as a proprietary medicine, all of their remedies being prepared in accordance with the absolute rules of chemistry and under the supervision of the senior member of the company, W. H. Collins, Esq., a professor of pharmacy and who has given these remedies his personal study and attention for over thirty years, and the public may rely on the remedies named being always up to the standard.

In this great battle and hurry, an age devoted to great projects and enterprises, the American people are taking the lead in the advancement of the sciences and arts.

It seems they desire to take a high rank, and through the united works of millions, the American continent is fast being transformed from its untamed state and being placed on an equality with the older continents beyond the ocean. The American people are fast, under these influences developing into a nervous, energetic race, remarkable for its vim and business qualifications; yet there is danger that in the course of years these very elements may combine to the ruin of the physical character of the people, and leave them feeble and altogether different from their forefathers. General debility is now much more common than formerly, and seems to be on the increase among the masses. Many remedies have been extensively advertised for this wide-spread complaint, but none of these have been so successful as met with such general favor as the remedy manufactured by Dr. S. B. Hartman, and named by him PRAXUNA.

Mr. S. S. Goudy, of Massillon, Stark county, Ohio, writes: "That he has been afflicted with general debility and depression for several years; that he was induced to try PRAXUNA for his complaints, and that after using three bottles of the medicine he was greatly relieved. It braced him right up and gave him energy, and restored him to his youthful vigor. He ascribes his cure to PRAXUNA, and says it is a wonderful remedy."

Adolph Bakhaus & Co., Springfield, O., writes: "We are having a good sale for PRAXUNA. It sells as well as any medicine we have, and gives the very best satisfaction."

Mr. G. W. Needham, Newtonville, Clermont County, Ohio, says: "I have been a great sufferer for the last six or seven years, with general debility and change of life. I was very much reduced. I have taken four bottles of PRAXUNA, which has restored me to perfect health and strength. We think PRAXUNA a safe and grand medicine."

NOTICE NO. 3806.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 31, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court for Chilton county, Alabama, at Clanton, Alabama, on March 7th, 1885, viz: Thomas G. Taylor, Homestead 8983, for the s & 1 of section 28, township 22 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: General B. Johnson, Henry Johnson, John Wells, Burnett Easterling, all of Clanton, Ala. Jan 29 THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3854.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 9, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 21st, 1885, viz: Richard McCarty, Homestead No. 9222 for the s & 1 of section 14, township 22 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: James R. Broadhead, Aaron C. Oates, Abram C. Mims, and Lee Hayes, all of Clanton Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3850.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 5th 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on April 4th, 1885, viz: Johnson Sawyer Homestead 9000 for the s & 1 of the n & 1 of section 10 township 22 north range 17 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Benjamin F. Williams, Benjamin Gray, Hinton W. Booth and Lee Haws, all of Verbeena, Ala. feb 12 THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3803.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 24, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on April 4th, 1885, viz: Johnson Sawyer Homestead 9000 for the s & 1 of the n & 1 of section 10 township 22 north range 17 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Seaborn Clecker, William Dawson, Lewis Hubbard, Richard Edwards, all of Strawberry Ala. feb 29 THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. H. J. Callen, Judge of the Probate Court, of Chilton county, I, Singleton Posey, administrator of the estate of William Posey deceased, will sell at public sale on cry in front of the post-office door in the town of Verbeena, Chilton county, Alabama, on the 22d day of April 1885, at 12 o'clock, (noon) for cash, the following described real estate: southwest quarter of the northeast quarter, section 31 township 21 north, range 13 east, and being in the county of Chilton, state of Alabama, as the property of William Posey deceased.



DUNCAN'S CARBOLIO OINTMENT

THE ONLY INFALIBLE.

THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE.

The great remedy, now so widely known and extensively used, stands without an equal and mastering merits so well established as to need no praise to those who have used it or know of its remarkable cures. Thousands of sufferers who found no relief from any other source are willing witnesses in the great Medicinal virtue and remarkable curative power of this medicine. Many certificates of its fine effects and expressions of gratitude for benefit received reach us from all sections. It is not claimed that the Balm will cure consumption in its last stages, but that it will effectually check this terrible disease in its incipency and palliate sufferings all through its stages, there can be no doubt; and for all forms of Coughs arising from colds and bronchial affections, throat trouble, it is without a parallel. A positive and rapid cure for croup, which so often resists all medical treatment. The medicine is pleasant and does not sicken the patient. For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per box.

DR. C. F. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

Of all the remedies now before the public for the treatment of the various forms of Liver and Kidney diseases, and the affections that arise from the unhealthy condition of these organs, the great preventive of malarial troubles, the sure cure for all forms of Dyspepsia and indigestion, the most reliable remedy for the regulation of the Bowels and Kidneys, never failing to cure constipation. An absolute remedy for Headaches, Sore throat, Dullness of Feeling, Want of Appetite, Nervousness, and all men diseases of the Bowels, Stomach, Kidney and Liver. The best family medicine sold. It is harmless and safe and not unpleasant to take. Price 75cts.

Duncan's Carbolio Ointment.

Old Sores, Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Pimples, Frost bites, Chapped hands, Wounds, Hurts, etc., readily relieved by Duncan's Ointment. Price 25cts.

The above medicines are for sale by M. J. GREENE, Clanton. 0690

The Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators; Devoted to collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

RATES BY MAIL, POSTPAID.

Daily, per Year \$3 00
Daily, per Month .50
Sunday, per Year 1 00
Daily and Sunday, per Year 7 00
Weekly, per Year 1 00
Address, THE SUN, N. Y. City.

THE BIRMINGHAM STEAM LAUNDRY,

1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

makes a specialty of laundering collars and cuffs sent them by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at this office. Information also given by us in regard to prices, etc. feb 12

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

Mrs. W. A. Childs,

PROPRIETRESS.

101-103-105-107

Bibb St. One Block From Temple Building,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

NOTICE NO. 3830.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 31st, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the Clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1885, viz: Andrew J. Hoxley, Homestead 9107, for the n & 1 of section 14, township 21 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Aaron C. Oates, James A. Culp, James N. Williams, of Clanton, Ala., and James Broadhead, of Kinchen, Ala. feb 6 THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

HAVE YOU A GARDEN?

SEEDS

If you have a garden you will need seeds. We have the best seeds for sale at low prices. Write to us for a catalogue.



—DEALERS IN—

Wagons, Buggies, Carriages and Machinery.

We make specialties of Russell & Co.'s and the Watertown, N. Y. Machinery, such as

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS &C.

Wholesale and retail dealers in leading brands of first-class COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS. Correspondence solicited in regard to anything in our line.

ELMORE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS and LIQUOR

DEALERS,

Cor. Commerce and Bibb Streets,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Jan 1-3m

New Goods! New Goods!

B. WELLMAN'S

"Louisville Clothing House,"

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Bottom Prices at Last!

"The Best Goods for the Least Money," is the motto of this

House, and I am now selling an immense stock of Fall

and Winter Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Feb 15-16

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mall and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY.

1928 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570. June 10 y

NATIONAL HOUSE

NOS. 101, 103, 105 and 107 CORNER COMMERCE AND BIBB STREETS,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

BY THE DAY OR WEEK FOR TRANSIENT CUSTOM.

This House has a New Outfit. Largest and Coolest Rooms in the City.

Terms Fifty Cents A Night.

Special Large Rooms fitted up and Reserved for Commercial Tourists.

RESTAURANT UNDER THE HOTEL

June 10 y

O. BURKE

NATIONAL RESTAURANT

106 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

OYSTERS, FISH AND GAME

WHEN IN SEASON. MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.

Add sent to private rooms in the National House. Open all day.

MEALS FIFTY CENTS EACH.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., MON. E. 1885.

These advertising advertisements will cost a few cents by submitting this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

January—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

March—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Quarantine—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE M. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 8:30 a. m.
No. 3 at 8:47 p. m.
No. 7 at 6:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 9:31 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:31 a. m.
No. 4 at 10:08 p. m.
No. 6 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

London.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 438, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—N. S. Graham.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Buckner Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Read notice of administrator's sale.

Mr. O. A. Duke is fencing in his new dwelling.

Pay us what you owe us and we will be happy.

Circuit court for Chilton county convenes on Monday, the 23rd inst.

When you come to court don't forget to come in and renew your subscription.

For Sore Eyes use Dr. Jackson's Indian Eye Salve for sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton Ala.

The post-office, at Verbena, has changed hands. Mr. A. J. Brooks is now postmaster.

Trains are still late on the L. & N., on account of the immense travel to and from the Exposition.

Mr. Buford, of the firm of Buford, McEster & Co., Nashville, was in Clanton yesterday morning.

The gardening season is at hand and several of our citizens have commenced preparing the ground and planting seed.

Try Dr. Jackson's Liver Pills, they are sugar coated and will please any one. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. Wm. A. Collier, who has been spending sometime in Montgomery, on legal business, is again in Clanton.

Work is progressing rapidly on the new dwelling of Mr. Jas. Bell, and when it is completed it will be an ornament to the place.

Mrs. M. A. Baker, returned home last Saturday, from Birmingham, where she has been visiting her sister for the past month.

Mr. Glaucus Moore, of this place, is very low, and was not expected to live through Tuesday night. We are glad to learn that he was some better Wednesday.

Dr. Jackson's Root and Herb Cordial cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion or Loss of Appetite the greatest strengthening Tonic on earth. Try it once. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Messrs. Maurice Kahn, Chas. Stern, E. D. Ferrell, W. D. Westcott, and L. Marks, of Montgomery, were in Clanton yesterday attending the sale of the Guilehorn property.

Mr. Joseph Clisby, a brother of Capt. Jno. Clisby, of Verbena, this county, died at Macon, Ga., on February 26th. He was one of the oldest editors in the South. A special to the Advertiser, of that date, says: "He was the editor of the Florida Sentinel up to 1857, when he removed to Macon and began the publication of the Macon Telegraph. He retired from journalism a few years ago on account of ill health. Deceased was born in England, 1820, and was sixty-seven years of age."

Mapleville was well represented at Mardi Gras.

Mr. H. C. Boardin is building a new and large store house.

Miss Rosa Otey is visiting Mrs. C. P. Dautpit, and Mr. B. smiles again.

Mrs. M. DuBois is visiting near Orrville.

We learned from Mr. W. A. Fountain that the subject of rice culture was settled by the legislature, allowing the irrigation of land after two years cultivation.

Married, at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. J. D. Waterworth, Mr. William Vines, of Birmingham, to Miss Annie Goodwin, of Mapleville. May a life replete with happiness be theirs.

Novice.

When you feel bad; wake up early of mornings and feel tired and have no appetite or energy, you are Billious and verging on a spell of the chills and should try one Bottle of Collins' Ague Cure which only costs fifty cents per Bottle. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

A Treat in Store for Charley.

New York Times.

Two young ladies entered a cigar store and one of them said timidly: "Have you any choice cigars, sir? I want them for a present."

"Oh, yes, miss," replied the tobacconist, "we have any choice you like from a cent apiece up."

"I think I will take some of the one cent ones, then, if they are choice. I had no idea that choice cigars were so cheap." Won't Charley be so delighted? she said to her companion as they left the store. "Poor boy! He is so fond of a choice cigar, and they will taste all the better, she added with a little blush, for having come from me."

Watermelon in February.

Mobile Register.

One of the most curious effects of the warm weather which has been experienced this winter, is the ripening of a watermelon, planted late in the fall by Mr. Madison Donahue, of the Oystermen's Home at the foot of Esplanade Street. The vine was grown in the open air, and on cold nights was mulched. The melon shortly appeared and grew with good speed, until yesterday, when it was pronounced full grown and ripe. Mr. Donahue then plucked the fruit. It measured one foot and a half in length and was evidently full ripe. Such an instance as this, namely of a watermelon ripening in the open air during the month of February has never before been recorded.

Georgia's Wealth.

Gainesville Ga., Press.

Numerous diamonds have been found in our country of princely value, and are in existence to-day ornamenting the bosom or fingers of American people. We know of one now, picked up on our streets a few weeks since, for which the owner has been offered \$3,000. On a visit to Towns county last week we were shown several stones of rare value, some of which had been cut, and were perfect beauties. Among these a sapphire weighing at least thirty-five karats, and its value would enrich one. Its brother was found in the same place several years since, and sold to a gentleman in Cincinnati for a trifle, who disposed of it for \$20,000. A two-pound nugget of gold was found in Union county. Mr. Trimble is the happy finder, who discovered it while mining on Coosa creek. When the Tumden boys were mining several years ago in Nacoochee's valley, several nuggets were found which equaled if they did not surpass this in value. During the lifetime of the celebrated Dr. Stephenson a gold nugget was found not very far away which was as large as an andiron, and which weighed exceeding ten pounds. The proper interest and the right kind of attention have never been directed toward our nation. When this is properly done the world will stand amazed at the immensity of our hidden riches.

The new road law lets the road-working out by contract, and allows the working of county convicts on the roads.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four " - .50

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken out of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. (Small)

Callierville Dots.

Mr. Editor: I see from last week's View that only one correspondent was heard from, in order that another may be heard from I will give you a few items this week and will try to write more next time.

Rev. W. J. Riddle failed to fill his appointment last Sabbath, at Ebenezer, on account of the rain in the forenoon.

Farmers are nearly through sowing spring oats; some have planted their gardens.

Such severe cold and bad weather, as we have had this winter, has not the farmers habited with their work.

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Married, at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. J. D. Waterworth, Mr. William Vines, of Birmingham, to Miss Annie Goodwin, of Mapleville. May a life replete with happiness be theirs.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of attachment in my hands, issued by John Boyd, Justice of the Peace for Chilton county, against M. B. Sims and in favor of R. H. Nolen, I will proceed to sell on the 11th day of March 1885, at Sam Curry's gin in Chilton County, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property of said M. B. Sims to-wit: One bale of lint cotton; 27 bushels of cotton seed; 500 pounds of seed cotton.

J. T. SMITHERMAN,
Sheriff Chilton County, Ala.
Feb 25-85

NOTICE NO. 3834.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 30, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1885, viz: Hugh Henry, Homestead 8683, for the s. 1 of or fraction b, section 36, township 24, range 12. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Benjamin M. Gentry, John A. Lowery, Francis M. Bushby, and John Killingsworth, all of Jemison, Ala.

Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3835.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 30, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1885, viz: James R. Broadhead, Homestead 8648 for the n. 1 of s. 1, s. 1 of n. 1 and s. 1 of s. 1 of section 28, township 21, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Aaron C. Oats, Lee Hayse, Abram C. Mims, and Jesse A. Culp, all of Clanton Ala.

Thos. J. Scott, Register.

Boys and Girls!

THE NATIONAL YOUTH.—A handsome illustrated 8-page paper, brim full of interesting stories, for boys and girls, will be sent free for one entire year to every one who sends us at once the names of 12 boys and girls of different families, and twelve 2c stamps for postage, etc. This popular publication places both old and young, and is acknowledged by all as the best youth's paper in America. Regular price, \$1.00 per annum. Sent now, no as to secure next number. Address, The National Youth, Buffalo, N. Y.

Free to Farmers!

THE NATIONAL AGRICULTURIST.—An American Farmer's Journal, will be sent free for one year to every farmer who sends us at once the names of ten farms and 12 2c stamps for postage, etc. It is the best farm and home paper in the United States, and this offer is made only to secure names to whom we can send specimen copies, as we know every intelligent farmer, who once sees the National Agriculturist, will subscribe for it. Regular price, \$1 per annum. Send to-day and secure this offer. Address, National Agriculturist, Nunda, N. Y. dec 11-84

Do You Know

THAT
LORILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG
TOBACCO,

with Red Tin Tag; Rose Leaf Fine Cut Chewing; Navy Clippings, and Black, Brown and Yellow Snuffs are the best and cheapest, quality considered.

aug 6

Chilton View

—AND—
THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY
Courier-Journal.

One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of one.

By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the COURIER-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the South, Democratic and for a Tariff for Revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

See obtained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and labor can produce.

OUR
AIR
IS
TO
BE
KNOWN.

EVERY
ORGAN
WAS
WANTED
FOR
FIVE
YEARS.

These excellent Organs are selected for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of construction, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organ for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION.
UNRIVALLED FACILITIES.
SKILLED WORKMEN.
BEST MATERIAL.
CHEAP, SATISF.

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Books.
Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, given.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.
Chicago, Ill.

WATERMELON

FIRST AWARD.

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eye. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience.

I have had business transactions with Mr. Hought at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov 10-84
Rev. J. G. GURLEY.

Books Given Away!

LADIES' GUIDE TO FANCY WORK.—Contains over 200 handsome illustrations, 64 large 2 column pages nicely bound. It is the only practical instructor in fancy work. With it, as a guide, you can make hundreds of beautiful things for adorning your home, or presents for your friends, at a trifling expense. Every lady is delighted with it, as there is no fancy work but that she can accomplish by its aid.

LADIES' PRIVATE COMPANION.—A complete work on womanhood. It touches upon every subject of interest to a wife, mother or daughter. Gives the advice and information so many times desired by ladies, but which modesty prevents her asking a physician of the opposite sex. Worth its weight in gold to every one suffering from any of those weaknesses of the sex. Illustrated and bound in cloth. (Regular price \$1.00.)

FUN AND CANDY.—A handsome 48 page book, telling how to make over 100 kinds of candies and other sweet things at home. Should be in every American home. Regular price 50 cts.

THE HOUSEWIFE.—An illustrated domestic journal, devoted to "What to Wear," "How to Cook," "Fancy Work," "Household Matters," and every subject of interest to an American lady. Regular price \$1.00.

SEND FIFTY CENTS, and receive The Housewife on trial for six months, and any one of above books free, or \$1.00 and receive it one entire year, and all of above books free. This is for new subscribers only, who send now. Address, The Housewife, Nunda, N. Y.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME Sewing Machine

Simple Strong Swift & Sure

PERFECT & IN EVERY PARTICULAR. NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK.

CHICAGO, ILL. FOR SALE BY

J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels constive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back, belly, Pains under the shoulder blades, Fullness after eating, with a distention or exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Loss of sleep, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Headaches, Dizziness, Fluctuating of the heart, Bile before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Acidity of the stomach, Stiffness of the joints, and all the ailments, highly colored Urine, and

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change in the system as to increase the appetite, and cause the body to take on fatness, and thus the digestive organs, and the blood are purified. Price 25c. Sold by all druggists.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OF WHISKERS changed to a glossy blackness, and the hair restored to its natural color, with a healthy growth, and without injury to the scalp. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

dec 18-84

Surveyor's Notice.

I would respectfully inform the people of Chilton county that I have been re-appointed county surveyor, and with an experience of thirty years, am prepared to do all surveying entrusted to me with satisfaction to all parties. Persons wishing to know where their land lines are would do well to call on me.

H. R. ATCHISON,
Mapleville, Ala.

HEADACHE

WHITT'S MILD VERBENA PAIN EXPELLER.

Whitt's Mild Verbena Pain Expeller is a powerful and reliable remedy for all kinds of headaches, neuralgias, rheumatism, and all other pains of the system. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and is perfectly safe for all ages. Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

AGRICULTURAL, MINERAL AND MINERAL LANDS FOR SALE!

The Alabama Mineral Land Company now offers for sale lands in the counties of Cherokee, Etowah, Calhoun, Cleburne, De Kalb, Tallapoosa, Clay, Randolph, Bibb, Shelby, Coosa, Perry, Chilton, Washington and Dallas. These are the lands which formerly belonged to the Alabama, Rome & Dalton Railroad Company, and popularly known as "Railroad Lands." They comprise

GOOD FARMING LANDS, FINE BODIES OF TIMBER, Coal Lands, Iron Ore Lands, Slate, Kaolin and Other Mineral Lands.

These lands lie along the line of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad, in Alabama, and some of them are near the line of the Georgia Pacific, the Alabama Great Southern, the Louisville & Nashville, the First & West, and the Anniston and Atlantic railroads. For prices and terms of sale, apply to

Alabama Mineral Land Co.,
JOHN M. MCKLERDY, General Agent,
Montgomery, Alabama.

feb 26-8m

A. J. BROOKS

—AT VERBENA, ALA.—

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES, FREIGHT OFF

AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER. I HAVE

EVERYTHING YOU WANT TO BUY, AND WILL

BUY EVERYTHING YOU HAVE TO SELL,

AT THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

COME EVERYBODY AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

A New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.

—CLANTON, ALA.—

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING.

Allen, Scott & Sherrod,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALERS IN—

Wholesale Groceries, Grain, Hay,

—AND—

Agents for DuPont's Rifle and Blasting Powder.

We sell entirely at Wholesale and to Dealers only.

oct 23-6

NOTICE NO. 3894.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 19, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on April 4th, 1885, viz: John T. Anderson, Homestead 13062 for the w. 1 of the n. 1 of s. 1 of the n. 1 of s. 1 of section 36 township 20 north range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Thomas C. Abbott, John Sims, Charles Abbott, James Sims, all of Callierville Ala.

Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3893.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 30, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1885, viz: William Rasterling, Homestead 7062 for the w. 1 of s. 1 of section 28 township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Thomas P. Powell, Henry Johnson, Thos. Taylor, and Nathaniel Johnson, all of Clanton, Ala.

Thos. J. Scott, Register.</

CHILTON VIEW.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 12, 1895.

Five prisoners escaped from the Clanton county jail last week. The sheriff of that county is offering \$150.00 reward for their arrest.

The passenger earnings of the L. & N. road for the first week of February were \$31,445, about 43 per cent more than those of the corresponding period of last year. The Gross & Freight earned during the first and second weeks of that month \$80,332.15 an increase of nearly 23 per cent, over last year's figures.

Mrs. Augusta Evans Wilson, the world-famous actress, has been at the Clanton house in Mobile. The house is surrounded by a grove of live oak and a thicket of camellias, the latter being Mr. Wilson's favorite flower. She places a white camellia at her husband's plate at the table at every meal, and he has answered, "I have been without a flower at any breaking of bread in our home since we were married, over sixteen years ago."

Cleveland's Cabinet.

Washington, March 5.—The Senate in executive session to-day confirmed the following nominations: Thomas F. Bayard, Delaware, Secretary of State; Daniel Manning, New York, Secretary of the Treasury; William C. Endicott, Massachusetts, Secretary of War; William C. Whitney, New York, Secretary of the Navy; Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi, Secretary of the Interior; William F. Vilas, Postmaster General; Augustus H. Garland, Arkansas, Attorney General.

THE INAUGURATION.

A Gala Day at Washington—The President's Address.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4th.

Two hundred thousand people witnessed to-day the imposing quadricentennial ceremonies of the inauguration of the Chief Magistrate of the United States. The cannon boomed, the city was in holiday attire, and the crowd was well dressed, happy and contented, and accorded a warm reception to President Grover Cleveland, whose quiet demeanor and kindly, placid countenance won the hearts of all. The scenes of this great drama of our national life were interesting and impressive, and seemed, perhaps, better rounded in completeness and accompanied by more enthusiasm than similar events of former years. Democratic and Republican exultation were about equally apparent and the leading incidents of the day were united in a pronounced and complete success.

The pyrotechnic display was brilliant in the extreme, upwards of twenty car loads of material being used. The day fireworks produced novel effects, and consisted of bombshells fired from fifty mortars, and which exploded high in the air, and represented animals of all kinds—elephants, deer, oxen, monkeys, tortoises, fishes, dragons, birds, and butterflies; houses, balloons, men in boats, comic human figures, umbrellas, prismatic snowflakes, colored hail, flags of all nations, storm clouds with lightning, and various colored clouds, flowers, smoke effects, and in fact, almost every conceivable design. Fire balloons were sent up and discharged in mid air.

A great floral ladder, reaching to the top of a business house on Pennsylvania avenue, bore upon its steps the words, "Sheriff—Mayor—Governor—President," thus symbolizing the life work of a President-elect.

The total expenses of the display attending the inauguration and the ball were \$32,000. The receipts from the sale of ball tickets and privileges were \$41,000, and the citizens of Washington and other cities of the country were \$22,000. A large portion of the contributions will be refunded to the donors.

The Vice-President was heartily welcomed all along the short ride to the White House.

While the party were at the White House the Chief Marshall of protection and his aide rode into the grounds and notified the President-elect that the procession was ready to start. It was precisely at the hour set 10:30 o'clock, that the Presidential party entered their carriages and took position assigned to them in the line. The procession was five miles in length.

Precisely at 12:30 p. m. the head of the procession appeared, coming from the main east door of the Capitol. President Arthur stepped to the front of the platform, followed by the President-elect and his family. As they stood facing the crowd and the vast assemblage cheered again and again for several minutes. Persons who were to stand at the corners were seated on the platform in the order also given.

The President-elect, Cleveland, then began his inaugural address. He was clad in a full dress suit, and his face was pale and his eyes were red. He spoke with his right hand, and spoke without manuscript, but occasionally consulted a small piece of paper bearing notes of the heads of his discourse. His voice was clear and resonant and he clearly enunciated his words and occasionally paused at intervals as if to note the effects of his remarks. He spoke as follows:

Fellow Citizens—In the presence of this vast assemblage of my countrymen I am about to supplement and seal by the oath which I shall take the manifestation of the will of a great and free people. In the exercise of their power of self government they have committed to one of their fellow-citizens, a supreme and sacred trust, and he here consecrates himself to their service. This impressive ceremony adds little to the solemn sense of responsibility with which I contemplate the duties I owe to all the people of the land. Nothing can relieve me from anxiety, lest by any act of mine their interest may suffer, and nothing is needed to strengthen my resolution to engage every faculty for the promotion of their welfare. Amid the din of party strife the peoples' choice was made, but its attendant circumstances have demonstrated anew the strength and safety of a government by the people. In each succeeding year it more clearly appears that Democratic principles need no apology, and that in its fearless and faithful application is to be found the surest guarantee of good government. But the best results in the operation of a government wherein every citizen has a share, largely depends upon a proper limitation of purely partisan zeal and effort and a correct appreciation of the time when the heat of the partisan should be merged in the patriotism of the citizen. To-day the executive branch of the government is transferred to a new keeping, but this is still the government of the people, and it should be none the less an object of their affectionate solicitude. At this hour the animosities of political strife, the bitterness of partisan defeats, and the exultation of partisan triumph should be supplanted by an ungrudging acquiescence in the popular will, and a sober, conscientious concern for the general weal. Moreover, if from this hour we cheerfully and honestly abandon all sectional prejudice and distrust and determine with manly confidence in one another to work out harmoniously the achievements of our national destiny we shall deserve to realize all the benefits which our happy form of government can bestow. On this auspicious occasion, we may well renew the pledge of our devotion to the constitution, which, launched by the founders of the Republic and consecrated by their prayers and patriotic devotion, has for almost a century borne the hopes and the aspirations of a great people through prosperity and peace and through the shock of foreign conflicts and the perils of domestic strife and vicissitudes. By the father of his country, our constitution was commenced for adoption as the result of a spirit of unity and mutual concession. In that same spirit it should be administered, in order to promote the lasting welfare of the country and to secure the full measure of its priceless benefits to us and to those who will succeed to the blessings of our national life.

The large variety of diverse and competing interests subject to Federal control persistently seeking the recognition of their claims need give us no fear that the greatest good to the greatest number will fail to be accomplished, if in the halls of national legislation that spirit of amity and mutual concession shall prevail, in which the Constitution had its birth. If this involves the surrender or postponement of private interests, and the abandonment of local advantages, the compensation will be found in the assurance that thus the common interest is subserved, and the general welfare advanced. In the discharge of my official duty, I shall endeavor to be guided by a just and unstrained construction of the Constitution, a careful observance of the distinction between the powers granted the Federal government and those reserved to the States or the people, and by a cautious appreciation of those functions, which, by the Constitution and laws, have been especially assigned to the executive branch of the government. But he who takes the oath to-day to preserve, protect, defend, the Constitution of the United States, only assumes the solemn obligation which every patriotic citizen on the farm, in the workshop, in the busy marts of trade, and everywhere, should share with him.

The constitution which prescribes this oath, my countrymen, is yours. The government you have chosen him to administer for a time is yours. The suffrage which executes the will of free men is yours. The laws and the entire scheme of our civil life, from the town meeting to the State Capitals and the national Capital, is yours. Your every voter, as surely as your chief magistrate, under the same high sanction, though in a different sphere, exercises a public trust. Now is this all. Every citizen owes to the country a vigilant watch and close scrutiny of its public servants and a fair and reasonable estimate of their fidelity and usefulness. There is the people's duty, and there is the whole of it.

Those who are selected for a limited time to manage public affairs are still of the people and may do much by their example to encourage consistently with the dignity of their official functions that plain way of life which, among their fellow citizens, aids integrity and promotes thrift and prosperity. The genius of our institutions, the needs of our people in their home life, and the attention which is demanded for the settlement and development of the resources of our vast territory dictates the scrupulous avoidance of any departure from that foreign policy demanded by the history, the traditions and the prosperity of our Republic. It is the policy of independence favored by our position and defended by our known love of justice and by our power. It is the policy of peace suitable to our interest; it is the policy of neutrality rejecting any share in foreign broils and ambitions upon other continents and repelling their intrusion here. It is the policy of Monroe and of Washington and Jefferson. Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none.

A due regard for the interests and prosperity of all the people demand that our finances shall be established upon such a sound and sensible basis as shall secure the safety and confidence of business interests, make the wages of labor sure and steady and that our system of revenue shall be so adjusted as to relieve the people from unnecessary taxation, having a due regard to the interests of capital invested and workmen employed in American industries and preventing the accumulation of a surplus in the treasury to tempt extravagant waste. Care for the property of the nation and for the needs of future settlers require that the public domain should be protected from purloining schemes and unlawful occupation. The conscience of the people demands that the Indians within our boundaries shall be fairly and honestly treated as wards of the government, and their education and civilization be promoted with a view to their ultimate citizenship, and that polygamy in the Territories, destructive of the family relations and offensive to the moral sense of the civilized world, shall be repressed. The laws should be rigidly enforced which prohibit the immigration of a servile class to compete with American labor with no intention of acquiring citizenship and bringing in with them and retaining habits and customs repugnant to our civilization. The people demand reform in the administration of the government and the application of business principles to public affairs. As a means to this end the civil service reform should in good faith be enforced. Our citizens have the right to protection from the incompetency of public employees who held their places solely as a reward of partisan service, and from the corrupting influence of those who promise, and the vicious methods of those who expect such reward; and those who worthily seek employment, have the right to insist that merit and competency shall be recognized instead of party subserviency, or the surrender of honest political belief. In the administration of a government pledged to do equal and exact justice to all men, there should be no pretext for anxiety touching the protection of the freedmen in their rights or their security in the enjoyment of their privileges under the constitution and its amendments. All discussion as to their fitness for the place accorded to them as American citizens is idle and unprofitable, except as it suggests the necessity for their improvement. The fact that they are citizens, entitles them to all the rights due to that relation and charges them with all its duties, obligations and responsibilities. These topics and the constant and ever varying wants of an active and enterprising population, may well receive the attention and the patriotic endeavor of all who make and execute the federal laws. Our duties are practical and call for industrious application, an intelligent perception of the claims of public office, and above all, a firm determination, by united action, to secure to all the people of the land the full benefits of the best form of government ever conceived of to man. And let us not trust to human effort alone, but humbly acknowledge the power and goodness of Almighty God, who presides over the destiny of nations and who has at times been revealed in our country's history, let us invoke his aid and his blessings upon our labor.

Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala., has been elected to the position of Dr. Jackson's successor. He is a native of Alabama, and has been practicing medicine for many years. He is a member of the Alabama Medical Association, and has been elected to the position of Dr. Jackson's successor. He is a native of Alabama, and has been practicing medicine for many years. He is a member of the Alabama Medical Association, and has been elected to the position of Dr. Jackson's successor.

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ration of our faith in the public. It is the duty of those serving the people in public places to closely limit public expenditures to the actual needs of the Government, economically administered, because this bounds the right of the Government to exact tribute from the earnings of labor, or the property of the citizen, and because public extravagance begets extravagance among the people. We should never be ashamed of the simplicity and prudent economies which are best suited to the operation of a Republican form of government and most compatible with the mission of the American people.

Those who are selected for a limited time to manage public affairs are still of the people and may do much by their example to encourage consistently with the dignity of their official functions that plain way of life which, among their fellow citizens, aids integrity and promotes thrift and prosperity. The genius of our institutions, the needs of our people in their home life, and the attention which is demanded for the settlement and development of the resources of our vast territory dictates the scrupulous avoidance of any departure from that foreign policy demanded by the history, the traditions and the prosperity of our Republic. It is the policy of independence favored by our position and defended by our known love of justice and by our power. It is the policy of peace suitable to our interest; it is the policy of neutrality rejecting any share in foreign broils and ambitions upon other continents and repelling their intrusion here. It is the policy of Monroe and of Washington and Jefferson. Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none.

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A WISE MAN.

An Experienced Generalship.

St. Louis Republic, Nov. 26, 1894.

Over fifteen thousand (15,000) merchants throughout the South and West working as it were a unit for one purpose, and with one grand aim in view, and that grand aim is for the alleviation of suffering mankind. We have been shown a list of names of business houses in Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Mississippi, Tennessee, Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, in fact comprising all of the great Western and Southern states, names of the best class of merchants in all of those states amounting in the aggregate to fully fifteen thousand business houses, with the city of St. Louis, Missouri as a base and the Collins Brothers Drug Company, located at Nos. 420 to 425 North Second street, as the fountain from whence all these good things flow.

The Collins Brothers Drug Company have made themselves notably conspicuous in supplying the country merchants all over the lands with the most attractive advertising matter that can possibly be designed or thought of, and at the same time useful to the merchants, farmers and the household. We refer to the Family Almanac and Receipt Book, and to their various other publications.

Collins Brothers Present Century Almanac for 1895 deserves special mention. It is produced on a most liberal scale—the size is 8x11 inches—being much larger than any other country. Its astronomical calculations are gotten up with the greatest care and by the best talent in America. It can be sent to any address on receipt of 2-cent postage-stamps by the proprietors. A blank space equal in size to an ordinary Almanac is reserved for the business card of the country dealer who is also supplied with a stock of the remedies viz: Collins' Ague Cure, Dr. Jackson's Root and Herb Cordial, etc., on such liberal terms as to make each dealer feel an interest in the sale of the goods and as it is found that each and every remedy advertised in the Almanac gives satisfaction wherever used, every dealer in the goods recommends them, thereby creating one grand copartnership existing throughout the whole line of dealers who sell Collins' Ague Cure and Jackson's remedies, of which Collins Brothers Drug Co. are proprietors, Collins' Ague Cure is sold at 50 cents per bottle. It has done more towards relieving the sick of not only chills and fever but of biliousness, liver complaint, and all forms of malarial disorders than any other remedy now before the public. The Collins Brothers Drug Co., is not only among the leading wholesale drug houses of the country, but ranks first as to proprietary medicines, all of their remedies being prepared in accordance with the absolute rules of chemistry and under the supervision of the senior member of the company, W. H. Collins, Esq., a professor of pharmacy and who has given these remedies his personal study and attention for over thirty years, and the public may rely on the remedies named being always up to the standard. mar-4t

Try Dr. Jackson's Liver Pills, they are sugar coated and will please any one. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

Diabetes Cured. New Orleans Picayune, Jan. 28, 1894. Mr. Matthias Doll, business place No. 21 North Peters street, residence Royal street, between Jeanne and Bartholomew, New Orleans, has been a most intense sufferer from kidney trouble (diabetes) for the last six long and weary years. He said to me: "Even earlier than that I frequently suffered from pain in the back, and frequent making of water, but gave it no thought until about the time stated, when the almost constant desire to make water became unbearable. The pain in the back, and sometimes in the legs made me so lame at times that I could scarcely walk. I consulted one of the best doctors in this city, and was under his constant treatment for one entire year without deriving the least benefit. I then consulted from time to time, during the last five or six years, six other physicians, each one standing in the front rank of the medical profession in New Orleans, and though I sometimes was a little relieved of some excruciating suffering, yet upon the whole I was not only no better, but in many respects much worse. My limbs became swollen and sore that I could not cross my legs when sitting on a chair—all of which, they said, was caused by diabetes. I then tried some highly lauded patent medicine. But they all turned out to be humbug. I had given up all hope of ever getting well, much less being cured, when I noticed in the papers some wonderful cures that Praxa had made in this city, as prescribed by Dr. Hartman, giving the name and address of each person treated. I called to see him; he at once prescribed his Praxa, which is not over three weeks ago. I am so much better that if I would not improve any more, I would not for any amount that I had not placed myself under his treatment. All my pain and lameness is gone. The swelling and stiffness in my legs has disappeared, and instead of making water every fifteen minutes, I now make it once in three hours during the day, and only twice in a whole night. I am, indeed, quite well again. Don't believe, don't say humbug, but get the Praxa at once and take it as its printed label directs, or, if you think this is only an advertisement, and not strictly true, call and see me and see for yourself."

Mrs. Huldah Riple, Southport, McKinnon county, Ga., writes: "Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Columbus, O. I have used your Praxa and it has done me a great deal of good. Have recommended it to many of my friends, who have since pronounced themselves as wonderfully pleased with its results."

THE BIRMINGHAM STEAM LAUNDRY.

1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

makes a specialty of laundrying collars and cuffs sent them by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at this office. Information also given by us in regard to prices, etc. feb12t

PLANTERS' HOUSE.

Mrs. W. A. Childs, PROPRIETRESS.

Bibb St., One Block From Temple Building, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

NOTICE NO. 3830.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery Ala., Jan. 31st, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1895, viz: Andrew J. Henley, Homestead 8198, for the n w 1 of n w 1 of section 14, Township 21 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Aaron C. Oates, Joseph A. Culp, Jasper N. Williams, of Clanton, Ala., and James Broadhead, of Kincheon, Ala. feb5t

THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 3854.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery Ala., Feb. 9, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1895, viz: Richard McCary, Homestead No. 9622 for the s w 1 of section 6 Township 20 north range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: S. A. Tolson, Thomas Ward, Stephen Sullivan and Sam Atchison, all of Mableville, Ala. Thomas J. Scott, Register. feb12t

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. H. J. Chilton, Judge of the Probate Court, of Chilton county, I, Singleton Pugh, administrator of the estate of William Pugh deceased, will sell at public sale on my front of the post-office door in the town of Verbena, Chilton county, Alabama on the 6th day of April 1895, at 12 o'clock (noon), the following described real estate: south-west quarter of the north-east corner, section 24 township 21 north, range 13, being in the county of Chilton, State of Alabama, as the said William Pugh deceased, died intestate. Singleton Pugh, Administrator. feb12t

THE ONLY INFALIBLE.

THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE

The great remedy, now so widely known and extensively used, stands without an equal and unexcelled merits so well established as to need no praise to those who have used it or know of the remarkable cures. Thousands of sufferers who found no relief from any other source are willing witnesses to the great medicinal virtue and remarkable curative power of this medicine. Many certificates of its fine effects and expressions of gratitude for benefit received reach us from all sections. It is not claimed that the Balsam will cure consumption in its last stages, but that it will effectually check this terrible disease in its incipency and palliate sufferings all through its stages, there can be no doubt; and for all forms of Coughs arising from colds and bronchial affections, throat trouble, it is without a parallel. A positive and rapid cure for croup, which so often resists all medical treatment. The medicine is pleasant and does not sicken the patient. For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per box.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

Of all the remedies now before the public for the treatment of the various forms of Liver and Kidney diseases, and the affections that arise from the unhealthy condition of these organs, the great preventive of malarial troubles, the sure cure for all forms of Dyspepsia and indigestion, the most reliable remedy for the regulation of the Bowels and Kidneys, never failing to cure constipation. An absolute remedy for Headaches, Sore throat, Dullness of Feeling, Want of Appetite, Nervousness, and all such diseases of the Bowels, Stomach, Kidney and Liver. The best family medicine sold. It is harmless and safe and not unpleasant to take. Price 75cts.

Duncan's Carbolic Ointment.

Old Sores, Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Pimples, Frost bites, Chapped hands, Wounds, Hurts, etc., readily relieved by Duncan's Ointment. Price 25cts.

The above medicines are for sale by M. J. GREENE, Clanton. oc30



DUNCAN'S KIDNEY BALM

THE ONLY INFALIBLE.

THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE

The great remedy, now so widely known and extensively used, stands without an equal and unexcelled merits so well established as to need no praise to those who have used it or know of the remarkable cures. Thousands of sufferers who found no relief from any other source are willing witnesses to the great medicinal virtue and remarkable curative power of this medicine. Many certificates of its fine effects and expressions of gratitude for benefit received reach us from all sections. It is not claimed that the Balsam will cure consumption in its last stages, but that it will effectually check this terrible disease in its incipency and palliate sufferings all through its stages, there can be no doubt; and for all forms of Coughs arising from colds and bronchial affections, throat trouble, it is without a parallel. A positive and rapid cure for croup, which so often resists all medical treatment. The medicine is pleasant and does not sicken the patient. For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per box.

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NOTICE NO. 3854.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery Ala., Feb. 9, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 14th, 1895, viz: Richard McCary, Homestead No. 9622 for the s w 1 of section 6 Township 20 north range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: S. A. Tolson, Thomas Ward, Stephen Sullivan and Sam Atchison, all of Mableville, Ala. Thomas J. Scott, Register. feb12t

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. H. J. Chilton, Judge of the Probate Court, of Chilton county, I, Singleton Pugh, administrator of the estate of William Pugh deceased, will sell at public sale on my front of the post-office door in the town of Verbena, Chilton county, Alabama on the 6th day of April 1895, at 12 o'clock (noon), the following described real estate: south-west quarter of the north-east corner, section 24 township 21 north, range 13, being in the county of Chilton, State of Alabama, as the said William Pugh deceased, died intestate. Singleton Pugh, Administrator. feb12t

THE ONLY INFALIBLE.

THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE

The great remedy, now so widely known and extensively used, stands without an equal and unexcelled merits so well established as to need no praise to those who have used it or know of the remarkable cures. Thousands of sufferers who found no relief from any other source are willing witnesses to the great medicinal virtue and remarkable curative power of this medicine. Many certificates of its fine effects and expressions of gratitude for benefit received reach us from all sections. It is not claimed that the Balsam will cure consumption in its last stages, but that it will effectually check this terrible disease in its incipency and palliate sufferings all through its stages, there can be no doubt; and for all forms of Coughs arising from colds and bronchial affections, throat trouble, it is without a parallel. A positive and rapid cure for croup, which so often resists all medical treatment. The medicine is pleasant and does not sicken the patient. For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per box.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

Of all the remedies now before the public for the treatment of the various forms of Liver and Kidney diseases, and the affections that arise from the unhealthy condition of these organs, the great preventive of malarial troubles, the sure cure for all forms of Dyspepsia and indigestion, the most reliable remedy for the regulation of the Bowels and Kidneys, never failing to cure constipation. An absolute remedy for Headaches, Sore throat, Dullness of Feeling, Want of Appetite, Nervousness, and all such diseases of the Bowels, Stomach, Kidney and Liver. The best family medicine sold. It is harmless and safe and not unpleasant to take. Price 75cts.

Duncan's Carbolic Ointment.

Old Sores, Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Pimples, Frost bites, Chapped hands, Wounds, Hurts, etc., readily relieved by Duncan's Ointment. Price 25cts.

The above medicines are for sale by M. J. GREENE, Clanton. oc30

Slaton & McLaughery, Birmingham, Ala.



DEALERS IN

Wagons, Buggies, Carriages and Machinery.

We make specialties of Russell & Co.'s and the Watertown, N. Y., Machinery, such as

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS & C.

Wholesale and retail dealers in leading brands of first-class COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS. Correspondence solicited in regard to anything in our line.

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GROCERS and LIQUOR

DEALERS,

Cor. Commerce and Bibb Streets,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Jan 1-3m

New Goods! New Goods!

B. WELLMAN'S

"Louisville Clothing House,"

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

DEALER IN

Notes of Advertising.

One dollar per square, of one inch space or less, for the first, and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion.

Insertion	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th	13th	14th	15th	16th	17th	18th	19th	20th	21st	22nd	23rd	24th	25th	26th	27th	28th	29th	30th
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15 inches	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00	36 00
16 inches	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00	38 00
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26 inches	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00	58 00
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28 inches	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00	62 00
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The Chilton View

JOHN O. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1885.

NO. 19.

Special Advertising.

Business notices Ten Cents per Line, each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of respect, half rates.
Announcing candidates for office, \$2, strictly in advance.
Communications, recommending candidates for office will be treated as advertisements and charged for accordingly.
Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.
The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE OUTSIDE DOG.

You may sing of your dog, your bottom dog, or of any dog that you please; I go for the dog, the nice old dog, that knowingly takes his ease. And wagging his tail outside the ring, Keeping always his nose in sight, Cares not a pin in his round old head For either dog in the fight.

Not his is the bone they are fighting for, And why should my dog call in With nothing to gain, but a certain chance To lose his own precious skin? There may be a few, perhaps, who fall To see it, quite in this light; But when the fur flies I had rather be The outside dog in the fight.

I know there are dogs, injudicious dogs, That think it quite the thing To take the part of one of the dogs, And go yelping into the ring. But I care not a pin what all may say In regard to the wrong or the right, My money goes with my song, For the dog that keeps out of the fight.

—Philadelphia Call.

FOUND.

A trim New England kitchen, with its floor of knotty uneven pine boards scoured to a snowy whiteness, the red brick hearth reflecting back the gleam of the crackling hickory logs and the dresser full of glittering tin, put mathematically straight, after the evening meal—this was the scene upon which the autumn sun glowered redly for an instant through the narrow window pane, ere it went down behind a bank of slate-colored clouds in the West—and Miss Jemima Buxford, glancing up at the clock on a little wooden shelf between the windows, saw that it was half-past five o'clock.

"Bliss me how the time does go on!" said Miss Jemima. "And it don't seem as if I accomplished nothin', what with rummin' arter your everlastin' whims, Ebenezer!"

Ebenezer Buxford, his antecuratorial senior by twenty good years, looked deprecatingly up from his cushioned nook in the chimney corner—a week, feeble-kneed old man, with scanty gray hairs brushed into a meek little wig on the top of his head, watery blue eyes, and a complexion like well-cured parchment.

"I know I'm a deal o' trouble, Jemima," said the old man apologetically, "but I try not to make any more than I can help."

"No, you don't neither!" snapped Jemima. "I hain't no patience with your old smoke and your everlastin' smoke, smoke, smokin', till we all smell like an old bar-room, and there ain't a curtain in the house that don't tell its own story. I tell ye what, Ebenezer Buxford, ye've just got to leave off that mislabeled habit!"

Ebenezer shrank instinctively at the hard, cruel tone.

"But—Jemima—"

"I'm in earnest, Ebenezer!"

"But Ellen Dennison says—"

"I don't care two snags o' my finger what Ellen Dennison says—a pert mix, just as full o' airs and graces as her mother was afore her, though she was my own sister. If Ellen chooses to make a fuss over you and indigne you in every which way, I don't—there's all there is to it! I ain't going to have this smokin' going on. You've just got to quit it!"

"I might as well quit livin', Jemima, for forty-seven year—"

Miss Jemima, however, did not say to hear the end of the speech, but burst out of the room, muttering to herself sentences of which the import boded little good.

"He'll be right-down vexed, though? thought the spinster, "when he knows I've sold them two packets of Virginia tobacco he brought home on his last sea voyage. It's odd a man can keep voyagin' to furrin parts all his life and not lay up no money, arter all. But Ebenezer never was savin' like the rest o' the Buxfords!"

And Jemima went up stairs to rummage in an old red chest where she kept her treasures, for a hank of mixed yarn to finish a pair of socks she had on hand.

Old Ebenezer waited patiently by the kitchen fire while, until he heard a light footstep on the door steps without, and his face brightened as Ellen Dennison came in.

She was a tall, fresh-complexioned girl, with a face which, if not absolutely pretty, was pleasing, and a light figure whose grace was patterned after no waving rushes by the riverside and the tall young elms in the meadow below.

"Well, uncle!" she said, cheerily. "I've been waitin' for you, Ellen," the old man whispered, beckoning her to come close to him. "She—she won't bring me no more 'beary, and I haven't had a whiff since four o'clock."

Ellen bit her lip.

"Till later you come at once, Uncle Eben."

"There ain't none left in the tin box I went on the old man, detainin' her with a grip of her neck collar down. "You'll have to go to the packet o' blue paper in the corner cupboard up stairs—the gin-she stuff I brought from old Virginia years and years ago, when I was'n't the old man I am now. Get the tin packet, then—the very one, remember!"

tries, like a rustic embodiment of Dawn bearing her herald star!

Miss Jemima met her at the head of the first flight of wooden, uncarpeted stairs.

"Where are you going, Ellen Dennison?"

"To get some tobacco for Uncle Ebenezer."

"There ain't none left!"

"Yes, there is—in the packet he brought from Norfolk in the Lively Sally!"

"But I tell you there ain't!" reiterated Miss Jemima; "I sold it yesterday—do peddler that came along. He gave me five dollars for it!"

"You sold it!"

Miss Jemima nodded her head defiantly.

"Yes, I sold it, and you needn't stare at me as if I'd committed a State prison offense, miss! I'd do the same thing over again! I mean to break up Ebenezer's miserable trick o' smokin' an old man that's dependent on his relatives for his daily bread hain't no business with luxuries like tobacco—and he'll get no more in this house!"

Ellen Dennison answered nothing, but she turned and went quietly down-stairs, with her cheeks flushed an indignant scarlet. Miss Jemima followed her.

"Uncle!" said the girl calmly, as the old man raised his bleared, expectant eyes toward her, "there is no tobacco there."

"I've sold it!" quoth Miss Jemima, putting her arms skimbo.

"You've sold—my tobacco! My Blue Virginian brand?"

"Yes, I have; and where's the harm I'd like to know? I wasn't goin' to have it clutterin' up my cupboard no longer! I've sold it for five dollars."

"Then," said Ebenezer, with a sort of stony calmness, "you've got just five dollars for a pack of the best Blue Virginian tobacco that was ever put into pipe bowl and four hundred dollars in money, that was in a tin box in the lowest pound parcel but one. That's where I'd stored away my little savin'." I thought they would be safe there—but they warn't, it seems. You've had your own way, Jemima, and I hope you feel better!"

Miss Jemima's lower jaw dropped.

"Sakes alive! why didn't ye tell me on it, Ebenezer Buxford?"

"Because I didn't choose," said the old man, bitterly. "I'm sorry on Ellen's account. I meant she should have a little money of her own, but as for you, Jemima, I'm free to say that I believe it serves you right!"

Miss Jemima sank, rather than sat, down on a low chair by the table, letting her head fall into her hands. To the grasping, avaricious old woman, to whom a dollar seemed a bright idol to be worshipped and bowed down before, this loss was most disastrous, and none the less so because it had been wrought through her own secret, spiteful officiousness. The tears, hard, salt and bitter as the waters of the Dead Sea, oozed one by one down her red eyelids and fell on the table; a low, choking sob, like the croaking bird of prey, broke from her lips.

But, alas! her repentance had come too late.

The autumn wind itself on, and when the first snowflakes drizzled through the dull, gray air, they hurried old Ebenezer Buxford under the leafless willows in the country graveyard.

Aunt Jemima packed up her belongings and went with her niece to a distant State, where they could buy a little place and try to earn their living by means of a market garden—and so they dwelt for two or three years.

Jemima Buxford had laid her plans to keep her niece with her always. Ellen was so bright and helpful and full of odd, ever-ready resources, but Love sprang into the scale opposite old Jemima, and Love outweighed her. Ellen promised to marry George Stapleton, who had the largest farm and the most substantial farmhouse in all the neighborhood.

"So you are from Millwood. Queer old place, that," said George, one evening, as he sat on Miss Jemima's doorstep, meditatively chewing a straw. "I came through there once, years ago, when I drove a peddler's cart."

"You!" echoed Ellen—"a peddler's cart?"

"Yes; that's the way I laid the foundation of my fortunes, such as they are. I didn't always own a farm of four hundred acres. And the oddest thing happened to me there."

Aunt Jemima put on her spectacles, and stared hard at Mr. Stapleton, while Ellen asked:

"What was it?"

"Well, I stopped at a strange out-of-the-way house under a hill, to get a drink of water, one morning, and a little old woman with her face tied up with the tooth-ache, and a comb stuck down over her nose, like an old witch—"

"Humph!" interrupted Aunt Jemima.

"Come over," yawned the mysterious George, "and wanted me to buy a lot of tobacco. Well, tobacco wasn't exactly in my line, but the old woman was very anxious to be rid of it, so I closed the bargain for five dollars; along came the old man of course, and he said I ought to give him some tobacco."

"And then," said Aunt Jemima, "you sold it?"

"Yes, I sold it, and you needn't stare at me as if I'd committed a State prison offense, miss! I'd do the same thing over again! I mean to break up Ebenezer's miserable trick o' smokin' an old man that's dependent on his relatives for his daily bread hain't no business with luxuries like tobacco—and he'll get no more in this house!"

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that sort of thing. And here comes in the queer part of my story. When I was making up my pound package of tobacco into small parcels, suitable to my trade, I found in one of them, tied and papered like the rest, a tin box with—

"Four hundred dollars in bills in it!" fairly screamed Aunt Jemima. "Yes, I know. I sold you that ar' tobacco! And when you found you'd got what was never intended for you, why didn't you bring it back?"

"Gently, gently, Miss Buxford," said George Stapleton. "I did bring it back the very next week, for although the temptation to keep it was very strong, yet it somehow lay heavy on my conscience. And when I got back the old house was shut up, and not a soul in the neighborhood could tell me where the family had moved to!"

"And that's true!" assented Aunt Jemima, who had never lived on the best of terms with her neighbors. "Well, seein' the money's to come back to the family again—don't bluish so, Ellen, I hain't said no harm! But I kind o' wish I hadn't sold the Blue Virginian. Not for the money's sake—but my poor old brother, Ebenezer—"

And Aunt Jemima got up and went into the house, while Ellen lifted her soft eyes to her lover's face, saying: "I feel as if Uncle Ebenezer had put the money into my hands, for he always intended it to be mine, George!"

"And I," said George Stapleton, "begin to believe in the old saying that truth is stranger than fiction!"

Feeding Sheep for Market.

In an address before the Indiana Wool-Growers' Association, Morris Howland, Marion county, considered the subject of feeding sheep for market. Following are, in brief, statements and suggestions made by him and of general interest:

The first thing in order to profit in feeding sheep for the market is to so arrange them in flocks that they will not be so much crowded for space, and see that they are about uniform in size and condition. This depends much on breeds. The large Cotswold and their crosses will not bear so many together as will the Southdown and their crosses, neither will the Downs and their crosses bear in numbers as many as the close, compact Merinos, consequently it is essential that these facts be kept in mind while sorting flocks for feeding.

The animals sorted, the next question is what to feed. If one has a fine field of rye or blue grass it is not necessary to bunch in as small bunches as when confining sheep in a enclosed yard and feeding on dry feed and roots. Next in order comes the preparation of sufficient shed room to safely protect the animals from wind and storm, be that in field or yard. That being done, the next step is providing suitable racks and troughs, in which the animals can feed without waste of material. The rack and trough recommended is a combined affair, the hay and fodder being placed in the rack and the trough so adjusted that the finer portion slides down into it.

When one has rye and blue grass, nothing else is needed but good sound corn, with the necessary salt; that fed in proper quantities, the sheep will thrive. When dry feed is depended on, more care is required. Good clover hay is a fair substitute for rye and blue grass, with either clover or roots to supplement it, and shelled corn, as in the other case. Water the sheep daily.

As to the quantity of grain, one must be governed by the size of the sheep. Begin with a small amount and increase gradually, until you get them to the point where they eat up clean; never give so much food that some will be left over.

Some growers clean the sheep yards quite often. The preference is sooner given to a good litter of straw every day, thereby keeping the yard clean and making a better quality of manure, which is no small item in the account.

Burned with Vitriol.

A warrant was taken out in Chicago for the arrest of Joe Sheldon, a 15-year-old lad, whom Mrs. Annie Umbrecht accused of almost incredible cruelty. Mrs. Umbrecht's 15-year-old boy attends the Beaman school. According to his mother's story, he came home from school a day or two ago crying piteously and holding his face in his hands. Mrs. Umbrecht found the skin on the entire right side of his face peeling off.

The lad said that Joe Sheldon and another schoolmate, whose name he did not know, had overhauled him after school, and while the strange lad had seized and held him, Sheldon applied a liquid to the face of the struggling boy which burned into his face and which is said by his physician to have been vitriol. It is said that young Sheldon and his confederate have attempted the same thing on other pupils during the past two weeks.

Discretion.—Paid told the States Herald that she had been threatened with \$500,000 the last time she was in the States Herald. "I'm sorry," she said, "but she was threatened with \$500,000 the last time she was in the States Herald."

To Keep off Aliens.—Mr. Owen, of Alabama, has presented to the U. S. House the Public Lands Committee report on the bill to prevent aliens and foreigners from acquiring or owning lands in the United States. The report says that certain noblemen of Europe, principally Englishmen, have acquired and now own, in the aggregate, about 21,000,000 acres of land within the United States, and that this alien ownership will lead to a system of land lordism incompatible with the best interests and free institutions of the United States. The foundation for such a system, the committee said, is being laid in the Western

HILTON VIEW.

Every Thursday Morning.

ATLANTA, MAR. 10, 1885.

The State Press Association will hold its annual meeting in the city of Atlanta, on the 7th of April.

H. A. Herbert, the wife of H. A. Herbert, and of Hon. W. H. Smith, of Washington on the 7th of April. Her remains were sent to Montgomery for interment.

O. Dickinson, the Blount tax collector, who was reported to have been killed by his horse, turned up as live as ever. He is making it warm for some papers who circulated the report. He has entered a suit against the Birmingham Age and the Chattanooga Times, to recover damages to the amount of \$25,000 and \$100,000, respectively.

The negro Jno. West, who killed the negro named Cleburne, was hanged in Montgomery last Friday. A few days prior to the execution, he, with the aid of three other prisoners, attempted to burn the jail, but failed to accomplish their design, and became reconciled to his fate. He acknowledged his crime and spent the most of his short time, in prayer.

Washington Letter.

Montgomery, March 14th, 1885.

Mr. Hagan, a thorough representative of the people, was grossly misrepresented when it was said that he had connected the new Cabinet.

He asserts its contrary, and the distinguished personal worth and ability of its several members. He says it is an assembly, rather than a national assembly, and perhaps representative of the great body of the American people, but that Mr. Cleveland is a wise selection, and has gathered about him the foremost statesmen of the country. If they differ from the great body of the Democratic party on questions of finance, they are thoroughly sound on the tariff, each having pronounced himself a thorough reformer. Lamar's latest speech on tariff reform was as Democratic as Morrison's.

SEN. ED. C. WALTHALL.

This gentleman was a youthful general and most gallant of leaders in Bragg's army. Since he has devoted himself exclusively to the practice of his profession as a lawyer. He is rich, and is without a peer in the estimation of his people. He is a most eloquent barrister, and of singular purity of character. He will be, by all odds, the ablest member of the Senate, and as the most graceful and eloquent of American representatives of American democracy, and of one hundred and fifty millions of American dollars in dress parade, must yield to the admiration of Mississippi.

Lamar was ever careless in his speech, even when burning words fell from his lips on the floor of the Senate. Lamar's successor, Walthall, is the impersonation of native gracefulness in manner and costume. He supports Garland as one of the great Southern lawyers of the Senate, while overhauling Ransom as to Count O'Leary and Chester. But the people of Arkansas should know that when Garland on a day went along in an open coach with Vice-President Hendricks, he wore a felt hat and lustrous overcoat, having discarded the red-topped and ancient integument in which he grew up to greatness in the jungles of that aqueous commonwealth. Albert Pike, and other Arkansians, complaining this extraordinary transformation of their old friend, that Garland may finally affect the manners of his inimitable predecessor, Brewster, and come forth in all the toggery of a red vest, striped shirt, ruffled waistcoat and explosive tights. A strong head is turned by Lamar's smiles, or made dizzy when he looks down from lofty heights. Garland, whatever his faults, is changeable, and his representative of lives of simplicity in dress and manner. Office does him no honor, he does honor to every office.

ROUNDS.

Mark Pomeroy devoted a page of the Democratic weekly to the commendation of the splendid virtues of Mr. Rounds, the public printer. Suddenly Mr. Rounds becomes a radical civil service reformer. He is a man, when the funds of the bureau ran low and it was necessary, as alleged by him, to reduce the volume of his expenditure, and when it was found that the Democratic converted Democrats had stolen every man's money, he is the better for it.

were shut out from their cases, and all these were Democrats. Many Democrats retained their places, but were forced to stultify and declare themselves Republicans. After the election, however, Rounds registered these exiles to their places, and if we may give credence to Mr. Pomeroy he should not be disturbed in his comfortable and well-managed bureau.

ORATIONS OF WINTHROP AND DANIEL.

Tasteful and patriotic people will be pleased to have the matchless oration of Hon. Robert C. Winthrop and John W. Daniel, now published in a pretty little volume by Gray & Clarkson, of the Globe Office, this city. These orations were pronounced in the House of Representatives on the occasion of the dedication of the Washington National Monument. The price is 17 cents in postage stamps.

LUCK OF PARTY LEADERS.

Carl Schurz may go as minister to Russia, in which court Lamar preceded him as the representative of the late Confederacy, even as Carl Schurz was Lamar's forerunner in the Interior Department. Such is luck among party leaders. When Mr. Vilas was sworn in as Postmaster-General he was a little confused, and kissed his wife instead of the Bible and gave her his commission. Of course, she will be Postmistress-General and nobody will object. She is a woman of learning and ability, and endowed with every grace of person and intellect.

Rock Spring Locals.

Health of the community good. Rev. Mr. Thompson, filled his regular appointments, at this place Saturday and Sunday.

A committee has been appointed to make arrangements to build a new church, at this place.

Misses Lizzie Killinsworth, and Etta Beam, visited friends here last week, to the great delight of our friend Mr. G., who wishes that Miss Lizzie, may visit us again soon.

Mr. Jas. Brantley, had the misfortune of getting his smoke house and about 1200 lbs. of meat, 1 bbl. syrup, 1 bbl. flour, about 100 lbs. lard and several other things destroyed by fire one night last week.

I am tired, the road is muddy and oh, "he wants to wait till the moon rises" and I am going to stop for the present.

Hugo.

Strasburg Locals.

Since we were last heard from, there has been added to our little village Mr. J. J. Honeycutt, of the Jumbo neighborhood. Also Mr. C. C. Cherry, of Lomax. Dr. J. P. Givhan, of Lomax, will also move up in a few weeks. We extend a hearty welcome to them all.

Mr. J. D. Heath, who has been away for some time for the benefit of his health, has returned, and we are glad to see him so well.

Our school is still progressing finely.

The farmers all seem to be busy repairing their fences, breaking up their lands, and in fact, making general preparations for a large crop this year which is badly needed. But we fear they do not pay enough attention to the raising of their own fertilizers. If they would spend part of their time in winter, when they can do but little else, in preparing their own manure, they would not have to carry from one to three bales of cotton to the merchant in the fall to pay for guano, and in a very short time would see quite a difference in their favor.

Callierville Dots.

The old "State Road" now runs by the depot at this place. It has been changed and when it is worked well, will make a splendid road.

Mr. Alex. Tilo has moved from Mr. Howison's mill and is now living three miles west of Stanton.

The church had a very interesting meeting last conference day at Ebenezer.

Dr. T. E. Callier returned from Hot Springs several weeks ago.

Miss Annie Callier, a niece of Dr. T. E. Callier, and Miss Johnson, are spending a few days with the Doctor.

What has become of your Stanton correspondent? During her silence I will steal a dot from her.

Stanton has organized a prayer-meeting, to meet every Sabbath afternoon at 3 o'clock. God speed the work.

Harrah for Cleveland! He has taken his seat in the White House, and even the negroes seem to be proud of it.

Now for Prohibition; let us work for it. It is fast gaining ground. Enforce the law for it, and there will be less shipped to these "little stations" by express to be given away, by persons treating each other with "a drink." Fathers and mothers see to it, that your sons do not go about places where whiskey is used at all. God speed the day when prohibition will reign over the whole world; then there will be less crimes committed; less drunkard's graves filled; less widows and orphans suffering for want of food and raiment. Christian friends let us all work together for this end. Having God for our guide and help, Salvation for our goal, and go forth to battle against sin and evil, doing our whole duty, we will gain the victory.

R. A. H.

OBITUARY.

Died, at Stanton, Ala., on the 23rd of February, 1885, Miss Effie McArthur, youngest daughter of Prof. J. R. McArthur, aged 14 years.

There has death again invaded our quiet village, and carried off the brightest and best of our maidens. Miss Effie was an intelligent and thoughtful child, very studious and well read for one of her age. She was greatly beloved by her parents and sisters who devoted a great deal of time and attention to the development of her mind and her every wish was gratified. Not only was she beloved by her parents and sisters, but all her acquaintances loved Effie for her manly deportment, pleasant face and kind words. She was a child that truly honored and loved her father and mother, would endeavor to meet their wants and anticipate their wishes. But Effie has been called to a brighter world than this; a fair flower transplanted to the garden above. Truly in this instance death dealt a shining man.

Miss Effie's sickness was of a short duration only 5 days, her sufferings were very great and her cry for help were heart rending as she asked her relatives and friends to relieve her pain and suffering, but there was no relief until death put an end to her sufferings. It was her special wish that the writer should engage in prayer with her, but her sufferings were so great that we had no opportunity until near her end. At times when her pain would relax she gave her friends the assurance that all was well, and that she was going home to heaven. Good-bye dear young friend no more shall we meet here, but we hope to see you in the white robed mansions above.

Weep not father, mother and sisters, God works in a mysterious way, we know not the ways and wisdom of God, say as David did, "Though he slay me, yet will I trust him." May his spirit lead you to Jesus that through his atonement, you may meet this loved one who has gone before.

Dearest sister thou hast left us, We, thy death doth deeply feel; But 'tis God that has bereft us, He will all our sorrows heal.

We tender our sympathy to the bereaved family. W. J. Runkle. Stanton, Ala., March 9th 1885.

DAYTON OHIO, March 8th, 1885.

MR. EDITOR:—It may be of interest to some of your readers to get a faint sketch of what is going on here, and at other places in the middle states. There is now at this place a company of the Salvation Army. It seems to enjoy a hearty support, especially from the laboring class of people. Their mode of conducting the meetings is about as follows: Their captain is a young lady with several assistants; and they have for their musical instruments a piano, a French horn and about six tamborines, which are played upon by the young lady assistants. The entire choir consists of about one hundred, most of them members who have joined the society here. After singing and playing each piece, which is generally merry enough for any occasion, the captain calls on the congregation for any who will, to rise and make such confession as they desire, confessing Christ by experience, hope, belief, desire, etc. Many rise in the congregation, all having something to say, and these confessions are often applauded by the entire choir. The entire service is conducted by the captain, and their large congregations contain people of every denomination and many curiosity hunters, and they can get enough fun in two hours to last them all the next week. At the evening meetings a small fee of 10 cents is demanded at the door, to pay the current expenses of the officers. As they say they are going south, I will say no more, for those who desire will probably have the opportunity of seeing them for themselves.

K.

The Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators.

Devoted to collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most Interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the Affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

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WIVES! MOTHERS! DAUGHTERS!!

Be your own physician. A lady, who for many years suffered torments worse than death from Uterine troubles, such as Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhoea (Whites), painful and suppressed Menstruation, finally found remedies which completely cured her. Any sufferer from such diseases can take the remedies and thus cure herself without revealing her condition to anyone, or subjecting her womanly modesty to the shock of an examination by a physician. The remedies with plain directions, will be sent to any address FREE OF CHARGE securely sealed. Address Mrs. M. J. BRADY, 438 Marshall St., Philadelphia, Pa. Name this paper.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. H. J. Callier, Judge of the Probate Court, of Chilton county, I, Singleton Pusey, administrator of the estate of William Pusey deceased, will sell at public outcry in front of the post-office door in the town of Verbena, Chilton county, Alabama, on the 6th day of April 1885, at 12 o'clock, (noon), the cash, the following described real estate and personal property, to-wit: A certain lot of land, containing 20 acres, more or less, situated in the town of Verbena, Chilton county, Alabama, and all the personal property, consisting of a certain quantity of cotton, and a certain quantity of sugar, and a certain quantity of rice, and a certain quantity of corn, and a certain quantity of wheat, and a certain quantity of oats, and a certain quantity of barley, and a certain quantity of rye, and a certain quantity of clover, and a certain quantity of timothy, and a certain quantity of hay, and a certain quantity of straw, and a certain quantity of chaff, and a certain quantity of bran, and a certain 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Rate of Advertising.

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Insertion	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th
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10 inch	10.00	5.00	3.33	2.50	2.00	1.67	1.43	1.25	1.11	1.02	.97	.95
11 inch	11.00	5.50	3.66	2.75	2.20	1.83	1.57	1.38	1.23	1.13	1.08	1.06
12 inch	12.00	6.00	4.00	3.00	2.40	2.00	1.71	1.50	1.34	1.24	1.19	1.17

The Chilton View.

JOHN C. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1885.

NO. 20.

Special Advertising.

Business notices Ten Cents each insertion.
Obituaries and Eulogies of half rates.
Announcing candidates for office strictly in advance.
Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed "Nominations and charged for advertising by the year."
The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE OLD ATTIC ROOM.

I remember the dear old attic room,
Where I slept when a little boy,
In the farmhouse over the hill,
When life was a perfect joy,
I remember the chairs so old and queer,
And the bed whereon I slept,
And the chest of drawers beside the door,
Where the apples were always kept.

I remember well how the early sun
Through the window small would stray,
And how the bird in the tree outside
Would warble his morning lay,
And how my mother's "Time to get up!"
On my heedless ear would fall,
And the unpretentious print that hung
So crookedly on the wall.

I remember the ceiling, cracked and low,
Where bunches of pepper hung,
And the old green curtain that would roll up
But in every wind would swing.
I remember the barrels with stovepipes filled,
And various other things,
And the memory of this dear old room
Remembrance also brings.

Of the night I had of innocent rest,
What would I give to be
Again in those rosy, boyhood dreams,
A wanderer happy and free?
And on its carpeted floor to romp,
A merry and boisterous boy,
And see my little sister play
With her latest painted toy?

The room was not fair to look upon,
But to me 'twas a holy nest,
Ah, that was then I could lay me down,
It tired and willing guest;
And dream the dreams that then I dreamt
In the nights so cool and still,
On the lonely bed in that attic room
In the farmhouse by the hill!

The Jewels.

"It's so very, very lonesome here!" sighed Isabel Darling.

And to one who had been brought up in the very heart of busy, bustling New York, it might well have seemed "lonesome" in that solitary ravine of the hills, with only the sound of morning pigeons overhead and the rustle of a mountain stream, as it fled foaming over rock and boulder, to people the weird silence!

Grandmother Kesley had lived here all her life. To her there was companionship in every stately tree and shuddering clump of bushes. The sound of wind shrieking down the huge stone chimney was sweeter, in her ears, than Nilesen's clearest notes—the creaking of the shutters at night was the voice of some gossiping companion! How could Grandmother Kesley, at seventy, and Isabel Darling, at seventeen, and Isabel Darling, at seventeen, be expected to view life from the same platform?

"Lonesome," echoed old Mrs. Kesley. "Oh, darling! Get your knitting, and then you won't be lonesome."

And, reluctantly enough, Isabel obeyed.

Nightfall had long descended upon the solitary homestead among the hills. Here and there a star shone momentarily through the ragged rock of clouds that were scudding from the northwest, and the wind was holding high carnival among the tree-tops in the glen below.

Mrs. Kesley sat before the fire, with such a generous heap of blazing logs as that no auxiliary candles were needed, and her quiet, brown, wrinkled face looked like that of a Fairy Godmother in the ruddy shine. Isabel sat opposite, her soft brown eyes mirroring the blaze as it flashed and flickered, her dark hair shining like bands of satin.

Isabel Darling was very pretty—so pretty, in youth, that her thrifty parents, who had five other feminine "darlings" to dispose of, considered that her rosy-bud face ought to buy her a fortune, and indignantly bundled her off to Grandmother Kesley's, among the Adirondack hills, when the first soupcon leaked out of a lover who had no more money than he himself could earn at his artist craft of wood engraving.

"Our Isabel to throw herself away on Fred Henzley!" cried Mr. Darling. "And with her face and the education we've given her!"

"Of course, it's quite out of the question," said Mrs. Darling, who had just soiled her eyes and wrinkled brows as her mother might have had twenty-five years before—a worthy descendant of the line of Kesleys. "We must send her to Grandmother Kesley's at once."

Grandmother Kesley had written back a favorable response to the letter of inquiry that was at once dispatched upon the subject.

"Let her come," said Grandmother Kesley, with a very sparkling quill pen on paper that was fashionable half a century ago. "You needn't worry yourself about her lover. Lovers aren't in my line, and this Henzley chap may have her, if once he finds his way inside my doors, and welcome!"

And it was in answer to this trumpet of defiance that poor Isabel Darling was now wearing her heart out in the solitary attic of this wild, northern hill!

Grandmother Kesley was kind-hearted, in her way. She had done her best to educate the young primrose—had taught her a pocket of sewing and a bit of "Christian History," "Charlotte's Web," "Alonso and Melissa," and the like—furnished Isabel with material for a complete competency that had been handed down to her from her "great-grandmother," and even undertaken to show her how to spin! Could any more be expected of a spinster of that age?

again Isabel covertly crying once or twice in the course of the day, and her heart grew soft within her.

"Isabel," said she, as they sat together in the twilight, "I never showed you my box of jewels?"

"No, grandmother," said Isabel, hesitantly.

"Would you like to see 'em?"

"Yes, grandmother," still without anything of interest in the tones.

Grandmother Kesley went to a curiously clamped old hair trunk that always stood under the head of her bed, hidden by the voluminous fall of the patchwork quilt and with a great rattling of rusty keys, drew forth a small square box, of some aromatic smelling wood.

Isabel's eyes opened in spite of herself, as the old lady held up a glittering string of ancient gold beads.

"I had them when I was a gal o' fourteen," said she, nodding her be-capped head. "Father—that's your great-grandfather Kesley, when he died. Your grandmother and he were great friends, Isabel, and the squire was always a great hand to do things liberal. But John Kesley never carried the watch—he always said it was too fine for him and he stuck to his old silver one. And here's your Uncle Lamech's silver snuff-box—and your Aunt Sylvie's wedding ring—poor child, she died before she'd been married a year, and the coral ear-drops she used to wear! It's a pretty good box full of curlew-crankums, ain't it, child?"

"Oh, they are beautiful!" assented Isabel, roused to enthusiasm at last.

"And I don't mind saying, Isabel, they shall all be yours, one of these days, if—mercy upon us—what's the matter with the child?"

For Isabel had sprung from her seat like a frightened hare from its form.

"A face, grandmother—a pale, rigid face, looking in at the window through the darkness without."

"Oh, pshaw!" cried Mrs. Kesley, "there ain't a soul living within two miles of us. Who on earth should be lookin' in at my window?"

"I don't know," persisted Isabel, "but I did see a face."

Mrs. Kesley opened the door and looked up and down.

"I told you so!" she nodded triumphantly, closing and bolting the door. "Not a creature to be seen, not so much as a stray dog. It's your fancy, Isabel!"

And not all her granddaughter's protestations could convince the ancient dame to the contrary.

But about half an hour afterward, just as Mrs. Kesley was spreading the round cherry table with a cloth of home-spun damask, two-tined forks and plates of some foreign ware, curiously decorated with unfamiliarities of birds, bees and insects, a knock came to the door, and Isabel started again, almost as nervous as before.

It was beginning to snow softly, as Mrs. Kesley opened the door, and the crooked little figure that stood there was powdered over with the white drift—an old woman wearing a crumpled black bonnet, and an ancient brown cloak with a double cape descending below her elbows.

"Who be you?" curtly questioned Grandmother Kesley, "and what do you want disturbing honest folks at this time o' night?"

"I'm Louisa Ann Paddock," was the humble and conciliating reply, "and I started to walk from Hollyford to stay a spell with Mrs. Squire Johnson below here—she and my mother was first cousins, you know—and somehow I've got belated, so I calculated you'd keep me up all night, on a pinch?"

"Humph!" grunted Grandmother Kesley, "I ain't acquainted with Mrs. Johnson, but I've heard she was a dreadful fiery woman! Well, walk in, Mrs. Paddock—it's an ugly night to be out alone in, and although we ain't no great hands for company, I guess you can put up with our ways! Won't you lay off your things?"

"Thank you," said the new comer, in a regular New England twang. "I'll take off my cloak, but if it's all the same to you, I'll rather sit with my hood on—I'm dreadful subject to neuralgia in the face!"

And all they could see of Louisa Ann Paddock's face was the startling bright eyes that were veiled beneath the screen of a pair of spectacles.

"She's a queer-looking old creature, ain't she?" said Mrs. Kesley, in a whisper, as Isabel helped her lay off a dithel of calico, and "apple core" from a stone jar of the same, that always stood on the second pantry shelf. But she did not answer—she was waiting for the old woman to speak through the half-open door.

down when she was showing me the box of old-fashioned jewelry. I wish we hadn't let her in. I wish there was a man about the house. I wish—"

"Dear heart alive, Isabel, what on earth do you do?" scolded Grandmother Kesley—"holdin' the dish so that all the stirp's runnin' out?"

And Isabel, with a blush and start, was forced to own her absent-mindedness.

Their own utter helplessness, their own isolation and distance from aid—the rich old jewels in the wooden casket, and the pallid face at the window, vanishing almost instantly as it appeared—these, combined with one or two discrepancies in the conduct and appearance of their uninvited guest, filled Isabel Darling's heart with vague alarm.

People had been ruthlessly murdered in their beds before now, for treasures less valuable than these, and had an opportunity presented itself she would have taken council with her grand mother upon the subject. But even as she pondered, the new-comer rose to get a drink of water from the stone pitcher on the table. One or two long, vigorous strides, and then catching a glimpse of Isabel's startled face, the old woman Louis Ann subsided once more into the halting limp of old age.

But that one instance of forgetfulness had been quite sufficient to confirm the young girl's already aroused suspicions.

"I was right," thought Isabel, her heart beating wildly. "I was right! She is no woman, but a man in disguise. And Grandmother Kesley never suspects! Oh, what, what shall I do?"

At that moment Mrs. Kesley rose, and, taking the shining brass candlestick, began slowly to climb the steep stairway that led to the attic of the one-story dwelling.

"For I s'pose," she thought, "the poor, tired creature'll be glad to get to bed; and I may as well see if the little cot in the north chamber is all right, with blankets enough to keep off one's death of cold."

Isabel had risen instantly to follow her, when, with one forward stride, "Louisa Ann Paddock" closed the door at the foot of the stairs and drew the bolt.

"Stay where you are!" uttered a low voice in unmistakably masculine accents.

Isabel uttered a wild scream.

"Help!" she shrieked, involuntarily uttering the watchword, although she knew no human ear was nigh to respond.

"Help! For heaven's sake do not murder us, two helpless lonely women!"

"Isabel!"

In an instant the brown cloak and hood lay in a lump on the floor, and she was clasped in a pair of arms that were as strong as they were tender. And through the cannonade of knocking and rattling at the stairway door, kept up by Grandmother Kesley, who had been alarmed by her granddaughter's scream, Isabel could only gasp out the half audible syllables:

"Oh, Fred! Fred Henzley! how could you frighten me so?"

"Open the door, some one!" squeaked Mrs. Kesley. "Murder! Thieves! Fire! Robbery! Let me in, I say!"

"Grandmother! Don't be frightened," cried Isabel, tremulously, "it's only Fred!"

"And," added the stranger, blandly, "Fred will be very happy to unbolt the door any moment you are willing to satisfy your agreement!"

"What agreement?" demanded Mrs. Kesley.

"That if once I found my way inside your door I might have Isabel and welcome!"

"I never said so!" cried the old lady. "But you wrote so," said Fred, calmly, "and I have it down in black and white!"

Grandmother Kesley made no attempt to deny her own "hand-written," but changed her tactics with laudable promptitude.

"Isabel, are you going to keep me here in the cold all night? Why don't you open the door?"

"I can't, grandmother!" faltered Isabel, her cheeks radiant with blushes. "Fred won't let me stir!"

(But then she didn't try very hard!)

"I'll tell you what, ma'am," said Mr. Henzley politely, "I shall be delighted to release you at any moment you will say 'Yes' to my suit for Isabel!"

There was a moment's meditative silence, and then Grandmother Kesley, sensible to the last, uttered the fatal monosyllable!

"Yes!"

And when she emerged from her state of siege on the stairway, the only observation she hazarded was:

"Young folks will be young folks—and there ain't no use fightin' against Fate!"

"And I thought you were a robber!" said Isabel, looking with timid happiness into her lover's eyes. "Now to steal Grandmother Kesley's jewels!"

"So I am!" said Fred, smiling. "And I have stolen the very brightest of them all!"

When Grandmother Kesley with any

LITTLE BABY JIM

CAUSES A COOLNESS TO SPRING UP BETWEEN MAN AND WIFE.

The Story of a Little Foundling's Close Call From a Good Time.

Baby Jim, of the Foundlings' Home, had a very narrow escape last week, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean. He is red-headed and freckled, but he is lousy enough for a farm hand. When he was about eight months old a lady who had no children took him to bring up. There were prettier babies than Jim, but somehow she took a fancy to him. In spite of his fiery hair there was something in his face that made him handsome. Intelligence was in his eyes and people who looked at his head said he would be heard from in the world. He was heard from very frequently, and that is what came very near changing the whole course of his life.

The husband of the lady who took Jim did not like him. Jim's voice was not musical and his red hair did not match the furniture in the handsome home to which he had been taken. The wife's attentions to him may have made the husband jealous, too. Something was the matter with Jim all the time, and the man of the house got tired of him, though his wife enjoyed it all. Whatever Jim did was fun to her. She rigged him up in new clothes and fashioned many pretty garments for him herself.

For a time the husband, who had submitted at first in silence, said little, but after a while it became evident that trouble was brewing in the family. The man was ill-natured, and baby Jim's ill-mannered countenance and uproarious voice aggravated him. There were some harsh words between husband and wife, some tears and reproaches, followed by a day of reflection on the part of the wife. Toward evening she made up her mind. Taking Jim in her arms she summoned her carriage and drove rapidly to the home, where, with many tears and carresses, she left him, telling the reason and saying that she would send his beautiful little wardrobe in the morning.

That night when she was picking up the little garments and toys and packing them carefully in a small trunk which she had labeled Jim, her husband, who had finished his cigar, inquired:

"Where's Jim?"

"He's gone," she said.

"Where?"

"I took him back to the Foundlings' Home, and I'm packing his things now."

She didn't look up. In fact, her head was bent lower than seemed necessary. The husband looked thoughtful, turned around on his heel, whistled a little and walked into the library. He began to feel that he had won a great victory over a baby and a woman, but he could not extract any comfort from the reflection. The house seemed quiet, and he half wished he could hear Jim yell and his wife laugh. Jim was not so much a nuisance after all. It might be handy to have him in the family.

The next morning at breakfast he told his wife that he had no idea that she would send Jim back to the home. He may have expressed a wish that she would, and even commanded it, but he didn't always mean what he said when he was annoyed by business cares. If she set so much store by Jim, she had better go and get him. He thought he could stand it. It is very hard for a man to own up.

That breakfast was never finished. The horses were at the door as quick as they could be harnessed, and as the wife left the house she exclaimed:

"Oh, what if he should be gone! Drive as fast as you can."

"No danger," said the husband, listening to the receding wheels. "He'll be there."

And so he was. He was in line with the others, taking his gruel and yelling. The lady explained her errand, seized him to her breast and made him cry still louder. Then she drove home with him, hugging him close all the way, and that day when the trunk was unpacked she sang so loud that even Jim's war-whoop, occasionally raised in defiance, could not be heard.

It was a close call for Baby Jim.

POVERTY STRICKEN.

One of the Patriotic Societies in the City.

Joe Howard writes to the Philadelphia Press: A friend of mine was smoking a cigar of breakfast solace, one morning, looking through the pane of wonder upon the street, of unconquered, when he saw a middle-aged man, well dressed, with no overcoat. The man looked at him for a moment, touched his hat, ascended the steps and rang the bell. My friend went to the door himself.

"What do you want?"

"Work."

"I have no work for you."

"Won't you kindly allow me to clean the snow from your door steps and sidewalk?"

"What will you do it for?"

"For my breakfast."

Now that tells the story. Here was an intelligent man, well dressed, though without an overcoat, who wanted work wherever he might fill his own stomach with satisfactory food. He cleaned the steps with broom and shovel borrowed from my friend. He cleaned the sidewalk and gutter, and then he came to the basement door for his breakfast compensation. My friend had the table put in the far corner of the room and an appetizing and satisfying breakfast spread, but the poor man was too chilled to enjoy it. After a while he thawed out, and two or three cups of coffee bracing him he tackled the liver and bacon, the baked potatoes and biscuit before him. Melancholy somewhat, he regarded my friend, who had smoked and fussed around the apartment gently, with contemporaneous human interest, whereupon my friend who is a man and a brother said:

"What is the meaning of this? Why are you seeking employment for this kind of pay?"

To which answered the stranger:

"I was a clerk in Blank & Co.'s, naming one of the greatest dry goods retail firms on Sixth avenue, and have been for four years past, on a salary of \$25 a week. With thirty others I was discharged last week on forty-eight hours notice. I had spent all my money, and for the sake of sending some to my parents in Connecticut I had anticipated my salary, by the courtesy of the cashier, so that when I was discharged I had nothing coming to me."

"I pawned my overcoat, for it was mild last week, pawned my watch, and on Saturday night I found I had nothing. I borrowed something of a hum and started out to get work. I have been to every dry goods store and every little shop where I had been previously known, but in every place I was met by the words: 'We are overstocked, not hiring more.' You may not believe it, but I haven't eaten a morsel in forty-eight hours, and in despair, seeing you at your window, I ventured to make the request that you would permit me for my breakfast to shovel off your snow."

DEATH-DEALING DISH-CLOTHS.

A Tidy Housekeeper Discovers at What She Found in the Kitchen.

A tidy housekeeper, writing in a western magazine, expresses the following very plain views on a homely but important subject, she says:

"I had some neighbors once, clever, good sort of folks. One fall four of them were sick at one time with typhoid fever. The doctor ordered the vinegar barrels whitewashed and threw about forty cents' worth of carbolic acid into the kitchen to make gruel. I needed a dish-cloth and looked around and found several, and such 'rag' I burned them all and called the daughter of the house to get me a dish-cloth. She looked around on the tables.

"Why," she said, 'there was about a dozen here this morning,' and she looked in the wood-box and on the mantel-piece and felt in the dark corner of the cupboard.

"Well, I said, 'I saw some old black rotten rags lying around and I turned them up, for there is death in such dish-cloths as these, and you must never use them again.'

"I took turns at nursing that family four weeks, and I believe those dirty dishcloths were the cause of all that hard work. Therefore, I say to every housekeeper, Keep your dishcloths clean. You may wear your dresses without ironing, your sun-bonnets without elastic, but you must keep your dishcloths clean. You may only comb your hair on Sundays, you may not wear a collar unless you go from home, but you must wash your dishcloth. You may only sweep the floor 'when the sign gets right,' the windows don't need washing, you can look out at the door; that spider web on the front porch don't hurt anything; but, as you love your lives, wash out your dishcloth. Let the foxglove get ripe in the garden (the seed is a foot deep, anyway); let the holes in the heels of your husband's footgears go undarned; let the sage go outrageous; let the children's shoes go two Sundays without blacking; let two hens sit four weeks on one wooden egg; but do wash your dishcloths. Eat without a tablecloth; wash your faces and let them dry; do without a curtain for your windows and cake for your tea, but, for heaven's sake, keep your dishcloths clean."

SOME STRAY JOKE.

FOUND IN THE HUMOROUS COL OF THE NEWSPAPERS.

He Succeeded too Well—A Brother—
"Dear Customer—A Family of the Insurance Man, Bro., etc."

SUCCESSFUL TOO WELL.

"Now," said the bride, "I want you to understand distinctly that I do not wish to be taken for a bride, an old married woman. So, dear, don't think me cold and unloving, treat you very practically when I say anybody by. I want you to believe I am a married man."

The first evening of their arduous bride retired to her chamber, a groom fell in with a white party, whom he was playing cards until 4 o'clock in the morning. His wife, weary hours weeping, at last he turned up and met his grief-stricken bride with the hilarious question:

"Well, ain't I doing the old married man like a daisy?"

She never referred to the subject again, and everybody knew after that that they had just been married.—San Francisco Chronicle.

THEir LOVE LIFE.

Two ladies were discussing their husbands, and one had just said that her husband had become very cross of late.

"Ah," said the other, with a sigh, "I am sorry to say that mine does not keep his temper more than once a year."

"And pray why do you say you are sorry for that?"

"Because he always makes me a present of a handsome dress after a quarrel."—Harper's Bazar.

A YOUNG MOTHER'S FRIEND.

Featherly was making an evening call, and had just complimented Miss Smith upon the beauty of her teeth.

"Yes," interposed Bobby, "an' they're all natural teeth, too, an' every one of 'em is sound."

"There, there, Bobby," said his sister sternly, but her face flashed with pleasure, "little boys should be—"

"Yes, sir," repeated Bobby proudly, "they're all sound, an' pe-ayes that for a woman of her age it's quite remarkable."

QUICK CUSTOMER IN MEXICO.

Mrs. De Blank—"Of all the things Mr. De Blank—" "Well, now what?"

"Oh! nothing. I just happened to see a curious item about a Mexican servant who was paid \$40, his three months' wages, and immediately spent \$35 of it for a hat, a sombrero, you know."

"Yes, a Mexican is very proud of his sombrero. Some of them cost \$500."

"But the idea of a man paying such a price for a hat?"

"Oh! the men in Mexico can easily afford to do that. The women don't wear any bonnets, you know."—Pittsburgh Courier.

IN EXTINGUISHING.

In all policies of insurance there, among a host of other questions, occurs "Age of your father, if living?" "Age of your mother, if living?" "Age of the country who filled up an application made his father's age, 'if living,' 113 years, and his mother's 102. The agent was amazed at this, and fanned he had secured an excellent customer, but, feeling somewhat dubious, he remarked that the applicant came from a very long-lived family.

"Oh, you see, sir," replied he, "my parents died many years ago, but, if living, would be aged as these put down."

"Exactly—I understand," said the agent.—Boston Gazette.

THE PLACE TO GO.

A countryman and his bride applied at the box office for tickets.

"Orchestra chairs, parquette or family circle?" asked the ticket seller.

"Which'll it be, Marster?" said the groom.

"Well," she replied, with a blush, "bein' as how we're married now, I think it would be proper to sit in the family circle."

A FAMOUS DOCTOR.

There is a story about a doctor who was recently called to a fashionable lady at two o'clock in the morning, and attended his patient by asking her, after a brief examination, whether she had made her will. He then advised her to send for her lawyer and perhaps also her pastor.

"Must I die?" asked the lady.

"I am afraid so," was the reply.

"How much time do you give me?" asked the lady, in despair.

"Well," said the doctor, "if you want your family and yourself as you do now, there's no telling what will happen. If you sleep when you ought to and are your judgment you may be good for ten years more."—Boston Herald.

STORY IN THE WORLD INTERESTS.

"Enbby, I've just been reading about Daniel Webster improving his memory."

"How was it, my dear?"

"Well, you see, every night when I came home he told me the whole story of his life, what he had done, what he had said, what he had thought, and so on. He would talk for hours, and I would listen to him, and I would be so interested in what he said, that I would never forget it."

The Presidential Vote.

The Tribune Almanac for 1885, prepared by Edward McPherson, gives the popular vote of the last Presidential election as follows:

Cleveland	4,74,888
Blaine	4,501,981
Bates	176,873
St. John	310,369
Total	10,032,706
Cleveland's plurality	23,898

LOVE IT.—The discoverer of the richest of the Leadville silver mines sold his claim at once for \$40,000, and during the following year the two purchases made \$1,000,000 each from it. Meanwhile the discoverer squandered his \$40,000 in prospecting, and the other day, a homeless tramp, applied for a night's lodging at the Leadville station house.

The Old Boreas Story.

The Tribune the other day printed the calculation of the London, Bore in regard to the number of grains of corn that would be on a chess board if one grain were placed on the first square, two grains on the second, and so on, and so on. The Bore said that the corn on the squares would fill 1,000,000,000 bushels, and that the corn on the squares would fill 1,000,000,000 bushels, and that the corn on the squares would fill 1,000,000,000 bushels.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 26, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE M. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:20 a. m.

No. 3 at 6:22 p. m.

No. 7 at 3:47 p. m.

No. 9 at 5:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 9:31 a. m.

No. 10 at 10:31 a. m.

No. 4 at 10:08 p. m.

No. 6 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

London—Regular communications

Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No.

423, first Saturday in each month at 7

o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division

N. S. Graham.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E.

Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J.

Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional

District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—

Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—H. M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr.

Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanoin, Buck-

ner Harris.

LOCAL BOTTINGS.

Quite a crowd is in attendance

upon court this week.

Rev. R. W. Hamerick, of New-

nan, Ga., gave us a pleasant call

last Monday.

For Sore Eyes use Dr. Jackson's

Indian Eye Salve for sale by Dr.

M. J. Greene, Clanton Ala.

The young men organized a base

ball club last Tuesday night, and

will call it the "Eclipse" B. B. C.

Send us your job work. We are

now prepared to turn out neat

work at very low figures.

That jovial gentleman Dr. T. E.

Callier, accompanied by Mr. King,

both of Dixie, came in to see us

Monday.

Dr. I. D. Lanier, of Anniston,

is in Clanton this week. His

many friends are glad to see him

looking so well.

We were in error a few weeks

ago, in regard to the post-office at

Verbena, changing hands. Mr. J.

M. Hanlin, still has charge.

Mr. D. R. McMillan, of Colum-

biana, one of Shelby county's most

promising young lawyers, was in to

see us one day last week.

Judge J. E. Cobb, arrived in

Clanton Sunday afternoon, and

opened the Spring term of our cir-

cuit court, on Monday.

Come in and pay your subscrip-

tion before leaving town, and there-

by give us a chance to go to New

Orleans, to see the great "World's

Fair."

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McNeil, of

NOTICE.

Bell and Sampay, of Clanton, Ala., (successors to O. B. Bell and Son) will keep constantly on hand a large stock of general merchandise. We will sell cheap for cash. Give us a trial.

Our Jemison correspondent sent us an interesting lot of locals this week, but owing to other communications arriving before them, we were compelled to leave them over until next week. Communications received later than Tuesday morning are apt to be too late, as our space is generally all taken up by that time.

Dr. M. J. Green, Clanton, Ala., has taken the agency for Dr. Jackson's celebrated family medicines and Collier's Ague Cure, which is warranted to cure any case of Chills or Disordered Liver, fifty cents per bottle.

Washington's Monument.
L. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, will send free, to all who will send their address on a postal card, an engraving of this famous Monument, the tallest structure in the world; also valuable historical facts connected therewith. If you don't send for it, you will be sorry when it is too late. If you do send, mention this paper.

Hurrah! We are to have a steam grist mill. Mr. C. D. Rutherford is now having the old frame building, just back of the court house, fitted up for a grist mill. The millstones are already placed in position, and the engine will be in a few days. We are very much gratified to note the signs of "new life" manifested in such a substantial way. Mr. Rutherford intends running two cotton gins in connection with his mill, next fall.

Why do you cough so when one bottle of Dr. Jackson's Syrup of Wild Cherry and Lung Wort will cure you. It is safe and sure and as pleasant to take as maple syrup. Children will take it before anything else. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Clanton is to have a new store house. It will occupy the northeast corner of the vacant block, on the south side of Main street, near the court house. Dr. J. S. Johnson is having it built, which is sufficient evidence that it will be a good substantial building, and an ornament to the town. We hope that the Dr., will see fit to build a two-story house, with a nice large hall on the second floor.

The Prattville Signal says: The Rev. Mr. C. R. Lamar preached here yesterday in the Methodist church, and selected for his subject the whole of the third chapter of St. John, which was thirty-six verses, no doubt the longest text that was ever taken by any minister, but he referred to each and every verse and made a good analysis of his subject, along with the numerous illustrations which was undeniable in all of their parts. As a cogent and forcible speaker he has no superior and but few equals.

If Clanton had a nice town hall, the young people might organize themselves into a club, or society, and have charades, public readings, exhibitions, and entertainments of various kinds, for the benefit and promotion of some good cause, and it would also be very beneficial to our young people as well as pleasant. As it is they have no place to "hold forth," not even a place to have a dance, without imposing upon the hospitality of some good citizen. Now boys lets try to influence Dr. Johnson to build a hall over his new store house. What do you say?

Amateur Entertainment at Verbena.

VERBENA, ALA., Mar. 23rd '85.
Owing to the death of Mrs. Childers, on Friday, the entertainment which was to have taken place on the night of that day was postponed until Saturday night. The evening was unpropitious for the occasion; but, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather a respectable audience was present. The recitations, by Misses Tarrant, Judkins and Miss Lucas Brooks, the little daughter of Mr. A. J. Brooks, were all admirably rendered; far surpassing our most sanguine anticipations.

The choruses gave even more pleasure than the recitations. The respective pieces were all well committed and every one acted his or her part to perfection; in fact, we did not see how it could have been improved on. The entertainment would have excited the admiration and applause of any city audience. Mrs. Tarrant and Mrs. Acree gave us choice music on the piano, between the pieces. A good deal of credit is due Mrs. Tarrant for her artistic taste in the selection of the pieces and in her judicious arrangement of the same.

frequent rounds of applause. We had heard Miss Tarrant recite before, and knew her attainments in the art of elocution, would produce a feeling of pleasure and admiration in the minds of her hearers. Miss Judkins, of Wetumpka, has also, achieved a reputation as an elocutionist. We expected an unrivaled performance in graceful action and accurate enunciation, when she made her appearance, and we were not disappointed. Little Lucas delighted us all in her recitation of "Curfew shall not ring to-night."

All who we hear speak of the exercises gave them their unstinted praise. Under all the circumstances, only one thing was lacking to make the concert a decided success—numbers.

Next Friday it has been decided to repeat the programme with some additions, and improvements. Remember that the object is a benevolent one. The Baptists of our village are anxious to relieve those generous-hearted brethren who contributed so liberally to the erection of their parsonage. Come, and you may be sure of ample remuneration for your quarter, in the shape of exquisite fun and gratifying entertainment.

A LOOKER ON IN VERBENA.

The following is the programme for next Friday (to-morrow) night, in a condensed form:

Music!

Mother and Poet—Recitation, by Miss Lucy Judkins. Music!

"From Pumpkin Ridge"—Charade, in five acts. Music!

The Burning Ship—Recitation by Miss Lucas Brooks. Music!

The Lost and Found—Recitation by Miss Mary Carr Gibson. Music!

Arabella's Poor Relations—Charade, in two acts. Music!

From the "School for Scandal"—Dialogue by Miss Lucy Judkins, and S. K. Williamson. Music!

The "Last Hymn"—Recitation by Miss Mary Tarrant. Music!

The Old Time Religion—Recitation by S. K. Williamson.

Free to Farmers!

THE NATIONAL AGRICULTURIST—An American Farmer's Journal, will be sent free for one year to every farmer who sends us at once the names of ten farmers and 12 cent stamps for postage, etc. It is the best farm and home paper in the United States, and this offer is made only to secure names to whom we can send specimen copies, as we know every intelligent farmer, who once sees the National Agriculturist, will subscribe for it. Regular price, \$1 per annum. Send to-day and secure this offer. Address, National Agriculturist, Nunda, N. Y. dec11-4m

Surveyor's Notice.

I would respectfully inform the people of Chilton county that I have been re-appointed county surveyor, and with an experience of thirty years, am prepared to do all surveying entrusted to me with satisfaction to all parties. Persons wishing to know where their lands and lines are would do well to call on me. H. R. ARCHERSON, Maplesville, Ala. n23.

NOTICE

DELINQUENT TAX-PAYERS

STATE OF ALABAMA, CHILTON CO.
The Tax-Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers and of real estate upon which taxes are due. The following named persons are reported as delinquent and the lands or lots assessed opposite their respective names, for tax of 1884, except where otherwise specified:

BEAT 4.

John Dolton—Se q of s w q sec 5 t 21 r 15. Tax and cost \$1.37.

Ell Robertson—E q and d q of s w q and s q of n w q sec 7 t 22 r 16. Tax and cost \$5.56.

W. D. Child—Part of e q of s w q sec 7 t 21 r 15. Tax and cost \$4.33.

J. F. B. Jackson—S q of s w q and n w q of s w q sec 8, s q of s w q and n w q of s w q sec 33, s q of n w q and n e q of n w q sec 34, s w q sec 26, s q of s e q sec 27, all in t 22 r 14. Tax and cost \$10.59.

Estate of Edward Gant—W q sec 6, n e q and w q of s e q and s q of s w q sec 8, n w q of n e q sec 9, s e q and s q of s w q sec 10, s q of s w q sec 32 all in t 21 r 14; the s q of s w q sec 2, w q and w q of e q and s q of s e q sec 4, w q and s w q of s w q and n w q of s e q sec 12, w q of s w q sec 14, s q of s w q and s w q of s e q sec 25, s q of sec 33, n e q and s w q sec 34, n e q of n w q and s q of n w q and s q of s w q sec 35, s w q of n w q sec 36, all in t 22 r 14. Tax and cost \$28.74.

Unknown owner or Wm. Whitfield—n w q of s w q sec 3 t 21 r 14. Tax and cost \$1.95.

Unknown owner—no q of n e q loss 5 acres sec 6, t 21 r 14. Tax and cost \$1.22.

Unknown owner—Se q of n e q loss 5 acres sec 6, t 21 r 14. Tax and cost \$1.22.

Unknown owner or Z. Chapman—s w q of n w q sec 3 t 21 r 14. Tax and cost \$1.95.

Unknown owner—no q of n e q sec 9 t 21 r 14. Tax and cost \$1.95.

BEAT 5.

G. P. Oliver—no q of s w q sec 22 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.45.

K. Cooper—se q of n e q and n e q of s e q sec 7 t 20 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.95.

Mrs. Sarah Thompson—s w q sec 26 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$2.00.

Caleb Thompson—s q sec 23 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$2.70.

Kohn & Bro.—S q of s e q sec 3 t 20 r 16. Tax and cost \$2.14.

Unknown owner—s q of s w q sec 14 t 20 r 16. Tax and cost \$2.50.

Unknown owner—w q of s w q of s w q sec 20 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.35.

Unknown owner—e q of s w q sec 23 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.45.

Unknown owner or W. W. White—s w q of s w q and w q of s w q sec 4, s q of s e q and s q of s w q, all in t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$2.45.

Unknown owner—e q of s w q sec 23 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.45.

Unknown owner—e q of s w q sec 23 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.45.

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Unknown owner—e q of s w q sec 23 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.45.

and cost \$1.45.

Unknown owner or J. E. Hewitt—s w q of s w q sec 18 t 20 r 14. Tax and cost \$1.00.

Unknown owner or J. E. Hewitt—e q of s e q sec 13 t 20 r 16. Tax and cost \$2.50.

BEAT 7.

Unknown owner—se q of s w q sec 22 t 21 r 12. Tax and cost \$2.50.

Unknown owner or Wiley Thompson—no q of n e q sec 1 t 21 r 11. Tax and cost \$1.95.

Unknown owner or Wiley Thompson—e q of n e q sec 22 t 21 r 12, range twelve. Tax and cost \$1.95.

BEAT 8.

Unknown owner or P. Ousley—no q of s w q sec 35 t 20 r 12, range twelve. Tax and cost \$2.00.

This is to notify the above named parties to appear before me on Monday the 18th day of April, 1885, then and there to show cause, if any they have, why a decree of sale of said lands and lots should not be made for the amounts above, together with all lawful costs and charges, being amounts due for State and county taxes for State of Alabama and Chilton county, for years as aforesaid.

H. J. CALLEN, Judge of Probate.

The printer's fee is to be added to the cost.

mar 12

NOTICE NO. 3960.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 16, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 2nd, 1885, viz: Walter J. Farnell, Homestead 15862, for the s e q of s e q section 4, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: George Rucker, Mattias Heiler, Irvin Moseley and John Chandler, all of Dixie, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

mar 19

NOTICE NO. 3939.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 10, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court, at Clanton, Ala., on April 25th, 1885, viz: Thomas C. Hesterley, Homestead 9194 for the e q of s w q, n w q of s e q section 30, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said lands, viz: Sidon S. Chandler, Wm. Harrod, H. P. Weaver, James Brown, all of Callierville, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

mar 19

NOTICE NO. 3946.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 11, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on April 1st, 1885, viz: William Roberts, Homestead 9080, for the s q of s e q section 24, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Thomas Roberts, William Roberts, Thomas, Chandler and Augustus Wilson, all of Callierville, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

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MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, on the 29th day of October A. D. 1880, by J. W. Gullahorn and wife, and recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, the undersigned will proceed to sell on the 2nd day of March, 1885, at Clanton in Chilton county, within the legal hours of sale the following described real property viz: The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter and the south half of the northwest quarter and south half of the southwest quarter, and south half of the southeast quarter of section thirty-five (35), all of township twenty-two north of range fifteen (15) east, and lying and being in the county of Chilton and state of Alabama.

The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, per Thos. G. Jones, and J. M. FALKNER, Attorneys.

The above sale is postponed until Monday the sixth day of April 1885.

Thos. G. Jones, J. M. FALKNER.

Do You Know

THAT

LORILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG TOBACCO,

with Red Tin Tag; Rose Leaf Fine Cut Chewing; Navy Clippings, and Black, Brown and Yellow Snuffs are the best and cheapest, quality considered.

JOHN F. STRATTON, 69 Madison Lane, New York.

Importers, Manufacturers & Wholesale Dealers in TOBACCO, CIGARETTES, CIGARS, AND ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SOUTHERN STATES, THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., APR. 2, 1885.

These advertising notices will make a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE M. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:20 a. m.
No. 3 at 6:22 p. m.
No. 7 at 3:47 p. m.
No. 9 at 5:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 9:31 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:31 a. m.
No. 4 at 10:08 p. m.
No. 6 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

LODGING.—Regular communications.

Chancery—Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 12, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—N. S. Graham.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foote.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Southerman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—H. M. Honeycutt.

Supr. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Buckner Robinson, R. C. Lanor, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Mr. Chas. Hannon, visited Talladega this week.

Chancery court will convene, at this place, on Friday the 10th inst.

Rev. C. R. Lamar and wife, spent Saturday and Sunday in Clanton.

A new lot of blank deed and mortgages just received and for sale at this office.

The L. & N. road will sell ten-day tickets for New Orleans April 4th 5th and 6th at one cent a mile.

For Sale Eyes use Dr. Jackson's Indian Eye Salve for sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton Ala.

If you want to enjoy a good hearty laugh, go to the academy to-morrow night to the charades.

Yesterday was "All Fools' Day," but we did not have time to celebrate it—as we should have done.

If you wish to purchase a splendid organ, don't fail to call on us and get our terms, before making other arrangements.

The subject of the resurrection will be discussed at the Methodist church next Sunday. The public are cordially invited to attend.

We have just received a new supply of job printers stationery and are now prepared to do all kinds of job printing, neat, cheap and on short notice.

Dr. Jackson's Root and Herb Cordial cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion or Loss of Appetite the greatest strengthening Tonic on earth. Try it once. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

The whistle of our new steam grist mill fills us with awe. It is our next door neighbor, but we have to leave all the doors and windows open in order to hear it.

A good deal of sickness prevails in Clanton just now. At this writing Mrs. A. E. Evans is quite sick, and Mrs. A. M. Adams and Mrs. Thornton have both been sick this week, but we are glad to know are now convalescent.

Dr. M. J. Green, Clanton, Ala., has taken the agency for Dr. Jackson's celebrated family medicines and Collins's Ague Cure, which is warranted to cure any case of Chills or Disordered Liver, fifty cents per bottle.

We hope every man woman and child in Clanton, who are able to get out, will attend the charades and recitations at the Academy to-morrow night. It is for a good cause and should be well patronized. Let the people of Verbena see what a good crowd Clanton can bring out, when she tries.

We will be absent next week, attending the Free Association and the New Orleans Exposition; but Mr. S. G. DeBose will fill our chair for that week, and will attend to all business connected with this office. So it is especially urged to pay

We have heard nothing from any of our young men, this week, in regard to taking steps towards positioning Dr. Johnson to build a hall over his new store house, soon to be erected. Hurry up or you may be too late.

Why do you cough so when one bottle of Dr. Jackson's Syrup of Wild Cherry and Lung Wort will cure you. It is safe and sure and as pleasant to take as maple syrup. Children will take it before anything else. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Solicitor S. J. Darby, who spent last week in Clanton, attending court, was accompanied by his wife and little boy and girl. They all left on Sunday. We hope they had a pleasant stay in our little city and trust that it will not be the last visit we will have from them.

According to the announcement made in the View several weeks ago, Rev. R. S. Holcombe, of Tuskegee, filled the pulpit in the Methodist church, at this place, last Sabbath. He preached a sermon in the interest of the American Bible Society. He tried to organize a Bible Society in Clanton for the purpose of placing the bible within the reach of all, but we regret to say that his efforts did not meet with the success which they deserved.

When you feel bad; wake up early in the morning and feel tired and have no appetite or energy, you are Bilious and verging on a spell of the chills and should try one Bottle of Collins Ague Cure which only costs fifty cents per Bottle. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

A Pleasant Evening in Verbena.

We visited Verbena last Friday night for the purpose of attending the entertainment, gotten up by amateurs of that place, and consisting of music, recitations and charades. From the glowing account given the performance, in the last issue of the View, by "A Looker on in Verbena," we expected much, and went down anticipating a pleasant evening, and we were in no way disappointed. Our space forbids us writing up the performance at length, but we think the recitations, by Misses Tarrant and Judkins and little Miss Lucas Brooks, should have especial mention, even if we have to issue a supplement in order to give this article room.

The perfect composure, easy and graceful gesticulation, and clear and resonant voices exhibited by Misses Tarrant and Judkins, go to show that they are possessed of no ordinary talent as regards that beautiful but difficult accomplishment—elocution.

We can truthfully say that, for one of her age, Miss Lucas Brooks, in her recital of "The Burning Ship," surpassed anything we have ever listened to, and the manner in which she rendered it would have done credit to one far above her in years.

The beautiful music furnished by Mrs. and Miss Tarrant, Mrs. Acree, Miss Judkins and others, filled our music-loving soul beyond our power of expression.

Mr. Kennelly Williamson, in his recitation "The Old Time Religion," called forth roars of laughter from the appreciative audience. The manner in which he performed his part in the charades would be hard to improve on; but Kennelly we have not time to be saying so many nice things about you, so we will let the people of Clanton, see, hear and judge for themselves to-morrow night.

Jemison Jottings.

After some weeks of silence, I take up my pen to give you a few dots from the "Star City."

The weather is truly remarkable. When any thing a little unusual happens, we very often hear the expression, "Well I never saw the like!" We can surely say now, concerning the weather for the last few weeks, I never saw the like.

A debating society has recently been organized at the academy, which bids fair to be a source of pleasure and profit to the participants. The name is "The Morgan and Pugh," in honor of our U. S. senators. Its officers are as follows: J. J. Hand, pres.; J. S. Allen, vice pres.; A. E. Burns, secy.; W. D. Hubbard, janitor. The home of our clever neighbor, J. W. Middlebrook, has recently been made happier by the arrival of a fine son. W. E. Lowery, ditto a daughter.

Money certainly never was scarcer in this part of the country than it is now. "It's as scarce as hen's teeth." The tension on our financial resources, at least with some of us, is nearly as great as that brought to bear on "Dick's" head." Notwithstanding all this, marked improvements are constantly being made in our

improvements are visible all around. Just now, graded streets, sidewalks and shade trees are being talked about; and the probabilities are that these will be taken soon to secure these desiderata, which will add very much to the appearance of our little city.

Died, in Jemison, on the morning of the 20th, ult., little Inez, only daughter of Edward and Alice Love. Inez was nine months and six days old when she died; as sweet a little creature as ever graced the hearts of loving parents. The young father and mother have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community in their sad bereavement. Too pure for earth, she has gone to live with the glorified. Weep not, fond parents, for your little darling. Heaven is peopled with such as she.

Died, on the 25th, ult., Mrs. Adeline M. Langford, in the 65th year of her age. Mrs. Langford had been a great sufferer for several months, but her sufferings are over. She professed religion at an early age, and united with the church of her choice, the Methodist Episcopal, of which she was a consistent and faithful member to the day of her death. She died in the full triumph of a living faith, exclaiming almost with her last breath, "Home! Sweet Home!" Also, on the 27th ult., near Jemison, Mrs. Patsy Campbell, in the 95th year of her age. She too, had been a great sufferer for months, but she knew in whom she trusted. She had known and loved too long to fear even the grim monster. She leaves a large number of relatives to mourn her departure; but they mourn not as those who have no hope, for "Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of his saints."

Mapleville Dots.

Corn planting has fairly begun. B. J. Neely, a gentleman of color, has purchased a lot from Mrs. N. E. Goodwin, and is now erecting a dwelling and store house combined.

A considerable amount of guano will be used here this year.

Mrs. Stewart has returned from a visit to Cross Plains.

Two or three of our citizens have returned from the Exposition and repeat the old expression (wonderful) NOVICE.

MAY NINTH.

Alabama Day at New Orleans.

The directors of the New Orleans Exposition on yesterday designated the 9th day of May as "Alabama Day," instead of April 7th and afterwards April 16th as previously agreed upon. This was done by request of Gov. O'Neal, made through Commissioner Pratt. Several causes prevailed in bringing about the change of date, the chief cause being that it would have been impossible for the Governor to have been present on the 16th with his full staff. The Mobile drill will close May 8th and the Governor and his staff, with all the troops that can go, will depart immediately for New Orleans, and thus Alabama will have a military display worthy of the occasion. This seems to be a happy arrangement, and many Alabamians who have been expecting to visit the Exposition on the 16th will doubtless postpone their trip until "Alabama Day." The exact date is now definitely settled.—Advertiser.

Coming.

The Verbena Amateurs will give an entertainment to-morrow night at the academy in this place. The proceeds of the entertainment, will be donated to the churches of Verbena. Admission 25 and 15 cents.

The following is the programme for next Friday (to-morrow) night, in a condensed form:

Music!
Mother and Post—Recitation, by Miss Lucy Judkins. Music!
"From Pumpkin Ridge"—Charade, in five acts. Music!
The Burning Ship—Recitation by Miss Lucas Brooks. Music!
The Lost and Found—Recitation by Miss Mary Carr Gibson. Music!
Arabella's Poor Relations—Charade, in two acts. Music!
From the "School for Scandal"—Dialogue by Miss Lucy Judkins and S. K. Williamson. Music!
The "Last Hymn"—Recitation by Miss Mary Tarrant. Music!
The Old Time Religion—Recitation by S. K. Williamson.

JOHN F. STRATTON, New York.

Importers, Manufacturers & Wholesale Dealers in MUSICAL MERCHANDISE, MUSICAL BOXES, AND INSTRUMENTS, STRATTON'S CELEBRATED RUSSIAN BLOW TOILET STOVE, SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

Do You Know

THAT LORILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG TOBACCO,

with Red Tin Tag, Rose Leaf Fine Cut Chewing, Navy Clippings, and Black, Brown and Yellow Snuff are the best and cheapest, quality considered.

Free to Farmers!

THE NATIONAL AGRICULTURIST—An American Farmer's Journal, will be sent free to every farmer who sends us at once the names of ten farmers and 12 3 cent stamps for postage, &c. It is the best farm and home paper in the United States, and this offer is made only to secure names for whom we need readers. Send us your names (full names) and we will send you the paper free.

Books Given Away!

LADIES' GUIDE TO FANCY WORK.—Contains over 200 handsome illustrations, 64 large 3 column pages, nicely bound. It is the only practical instructor in fancy work. With it, as a guide, you can make hundreds of beautiful things for your home, or presents for your friends, at a trifling expense. Every lady is delighted with it, as there is no fancy work but that she can accomplish by its aid.

LADIES' PRIVATE COMPANION.—A complete work on womanhood. It touches upon every subject of interest to a wife, mother or daughter. Gives the advice and information so many times desired by ladies, but which modesty prevents her asking a physician of the opposite sex. Worth its weight in gold to every one suffering from any of those weaknesses of the sex. Illustrated and bound in cloth. (Regular price \$1.00.)

FUN AND CANDY.—A handsome 48 page book, telling how to make over 100 kinds of candies and other sweet things at home. Should be in every American home. Regular price 50 cts.

THE HOUSEWIFE.—An illustrated domestic journal, devoted to "What to Wear," "How to Cook," "Fancy Work," "Household Matters," and every subject of interest to an American lady. Regular price \$1.00.

SEND FIFTY CENTS, and receive The Housewife on trial for six months, and any one of above books free, or \$1.00 and receive one entire year, and all of above books free. This is for new subscribers only, who send now. Address, The Housewife, Nunda, N. Y.

Surveyor's Notice.

I would respectfully inform the people of Chilton county that I have been re-appointed county surveyor, and with an experience of thirty years, am prepared to do all surveying entrusted to me with satisfaction to all parties. Persons wishing to know where their land lines are would do well to call on me.

H. R. ATCHINSON, Maplesville, Ala.

NOTICE NO. 2960.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 16, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the Probate Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 2nd, 1885, viz: Walter J. Parndt, Homestead 15582, for the s e 1/4 of s e 1/4 section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George Rucker, Mattie Heiler, Irvin Moseley and John Chandler, all of Dixie, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 2969.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 16, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the Probate Court, at Clanton, Ala., on April 25th, 1885, viz: Thomas C. Owsley, Homestead 9194 for the s e 1/4 of s e 1/4 of s e 1/4 section 36, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Sidney S. Chandler, Wm. Harod, H. P. Weaver, James Browning, all of Callerville, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 2946.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 11, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the Probate Court, at Clanton, Ala., on April 25th, 1885, viz: William Harper, Homestead 9086, for the s e 1/4 of s e 1/4 of s e 1/4 of section 24, township 20 north, range 12. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Thomas Roberts, William Roberts, Thomas Chandler and Augusta Wilson, all of Callerville Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, on the 28th day of October A. D. 1880, by J. W. Gullhorn and wife, and recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, the undersigned will proceed to sell on the 2nd day of March 1885, at Clanton in said county, within the legal hours of sale the following described real property, viz: The northwest quarter of the northeast quarter and the south half of the northwest quarter and north half of southwest quarter, and south half of northeast quarter and southeast quarter of section twenty-seven (27). The northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirty-three (33). The west half and west half of northeast quarter and west half of southeast quarter of section thirty-five (35), all of township twenty-two north, range fifteen (15) east lying and being in the county of Chilton and state of Alabama.

The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, per Thos. G. Jones, and J. M. Falkner, Attorneys.

The above sale is postponed until Monday the sixth day of April 1885.

Thos. G. Jones, J. M. Falkner.

The Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators; Devoted to collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

RATES BY MAIL, POSTPAID.

One Year, \$2.00. Two Years, \$3.50. Single Copies, 5 Cts.

Address, The Sun, New York.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eye. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

Over 25 years experience.

REV. J. G. GURLEY.

nov10-1f

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME

Sewing Machine

Simple Strong & Sure

PERFECT & IN EVERY PARTICULAR NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK.

CHICAGO, MASS., ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala.

oct21-y

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORMID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, bowels costive, Pains in the head, water in the face, back, joints, Faint under the shoulder blades, Fullness after eating, with a distention to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weakness, Dizziness, Fluctuating of the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with night dreams, Urinary colored Urine and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They increase the Appetite and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the price is justified, and a tried and true tonic action on the Digestive and Biliary Systems.

Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair or Whiskers changed to Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously, and is sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

decl3-ay

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It combines every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIR IS TO EXCEL

EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNEQUALLED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL, CONSIDERABLE MAKE HERE.

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, sent.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

Come Standish and San Streets, CHICAGO, ILL.

Chilton View

—AND—

THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY

Courier-Journal

One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of one.

By paying as \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the COURIER-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the South, Ohio newspaper for the West.

Address, The Courier-Journal, Louisville, Ky.

nov10-1f

Agricultural, Timber and Mineral Lands

FOR SALE!

The Alabama Mineral Land Company now offers for sale its lands in the counties of Cherokee, Etowah, Calhoun, Cissauga, St. Clair, Talladega, Clay, Randolph, Bibb, Shelby, Coosa, Perry, Chilton, Autauga and Dallas. These are the lands which formerly belonged to the Seima, Rome & Dalton Railroad Company, and popularly known as "Railroad Lands." They comprise

GOOD FARMING LANDS,

FINE BODIES OF TIMBER,

Coal Lands, Iron Ore Lands, Slate, Kaolin

and Other Mineral Lands.

These lands lie along the line of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad, in Alabama, and some of them are near the lines of the Georgia Pacific, the Alabama Great Southern, the Louisville & Nashville, the East & West, and the Anniston and Atlantic railroads. For prices and terms of sale, apply to

Alabama Mineral Land Co.,

JOHN M. MCKLERORY, General Agent, Montgomery, Alabama.

feb26-6m

A. J. BROOKS

—AT VERBENA, ALA.—

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES, FREIGHT OFF

AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER. I HAVE

EVERYTHING YOU WANT TO BUY, AND WILL

BUY EVERYTHING YOU HAVE TO SELL,

By State Editor, President and Vice President.

(From the New York Times.)
The late Colfax was at one time the favorite of the newspaper correspondents in Washington. An old journalist, he was mainly through their efforts that he was made speaker of the House. For years and years his praise was sounded in nearly every newspaper in the country, until at the close of the angry administration of Andrew Johnson he was the most popular man in the Republican party for the Vice-Presidency, with General Grant for President.

In March, 1869, before Mr. Colfax had been a month in the chair of the Vice-President, he said to a correspondent, that "the correspondents must not in the future expect that he could visit them at their offices, the etiquette of his position forbidding any such consideration on his part." Vice-President Colfax's name began to drop out of the special dispatches from the Capital, and when the Republican Convention which nominated General Grant met in Philadelphia in the summer of 1872, there appeared there a powerful "lobby" of resolute, bitter, vindictive, tireless newspaper men, working as one man against Colfax and in favor of Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts, as the candidate for the Vice-Presidency.

Mr. Colfax was strong. He was popular with the politicians. From the very start he had nearly one-half the delegates. Colfax, however, was beaten in the organization of the Convention, although neither he nor his friends knew it. Mr. Orr, of South Carolina, afterward Minister to Russia and now dead, and Judge Settle, of North Carolina, were the leading candidates for the Presidency of the Convention. Orr was supported by the Colfax party and Settle by those in favor of Wilson. In the caucus the contest between these gentlemen was a tie. The correspondents prevailed upon "Boss" Shepherd, of Washington, to change his vote, and Settle became President of the Convention. The understanding with Settle on the part of the correspondents was that if Colfax did not get the nomination on the first ballot, he would recognize the delegate to be selected by them before the vote was declared. Colfax and Wilson led all their competitors for the nomination, but neither had a majority. A wild scene followed the close of the roll-call. Fifty men were on their feet shouting for recognition at the President for the purpose of changing from one candidate to another. Settle kept his word and recognized the chairman of the Virginia delegation, a Mr. Popham. The delegation from that State had split its vote between Colfax and Wilson. Popham, without consulting his associates, threw the vote of Virginia solid for Wilson, and several of the other States followed his example. The Indiana men vainly endeavored to stem the tide. Wilson was nominated, and the Washington correspondents who had helped to make Colfax Speaker and Vice-President were mainly instrumental in unmaking him. He never forgave them.

FARM AND GARDEN.

AN ECONOMIC WOOD-HOUSE.—The Indiana Farmer tells how to build a wood-house, enclosed by the wood itself, at very little expense. Set four posts firmly in the ground for the corners of the building. Spike plates on these to receive the rafters supporting the side plates by a middle post. These posts need not be more than seven or eight feet high. When the roof is completed, pile up stovewood to the plates on all four sides, leaving an opening for a door at the proper place. In this the fuel for the winter can be safely stored away in the fall, and the stock can be replenished at any time when necessary. The walls may be used as a summer supply for the cooking-stove, and replaced before another winter. Such a wood-house costs but little more than the roof.

ADVICE IN POTATO CULTURE.—In the fall of 1883 I turned over two acres of land. Last spring I applied a good coating of stable dressing, and on one-half the piece spread 100 bushels of unbleached ashes. We planted the potatoes in drills, using a liberal amount of superphosphate in the hill, where we placed one whole potato, the seed being selected with care. The potatoes had a vigorous growth and we looked for a bountiful crop, which we had; but they were the roughest and the most scabby set of potatoes I ever raised, and it was the ashes that did it, for we planted a few rows without ashes, otherwise dressed the same, and we harvested a fine crop of table potatoes. —RAYMOND.

PRESERVING POTATOES DURING WINTER.—A crop of a hundred bushels of potatoes was put in the cellar in September. An offensive odor seemed to come from them, which pervaded the house, although the windows of the cellar were all open and an outside door was left standing open night and day. Potatoes were occasionally found in the pile showing a strong inclination to decay. Not wishing to remove them, one day they were carefully sorted and all suspicious-looking ones were thrown out and fresh lime was scattered over them lightly as they were heaped up. No further trouble followed either from decay or bad odors.

It is a tradition that the flavor of potatoes is best preserved by leaving them in the field in place, covering first with a layer of straw and a few inches of earth. At the approach of cold weather they are covered again with alternate layers of straw and earth sufficient to keep out the frost. They may be finished with a thin layer of compost at desired.

They are needed for use they are removed from the cellar, and the taste is superior to any which have been exposed to the frost. In the spring, if they are planted in the field, they will not wither.

INTERESTING POSTAL NOTES.

What to Do in Your Mail Box to be Safe in the Future.

Books, pamphlets and music can be sent at third-class rates. A newspaper is not forwarded in the mails unless postage is fully prepaid. The postage on a pair of boots would be at the rate of one cent an ounce.

No valuable package should ever be mailed unless it is registered. Don't forget this. A letter-press copy-book, with copies of written letters therein, is first-class matter.

Tea, coffee, sugar and kindred articles can be mailed at the rate of one cent an ounce.

Insurance policies, whether cancelled or not, are first-class matter if they contain any writing. A book presented for mailing with a letter attached to it would subject the entire package to letter rates.

Wedding cake can only be mailed when packed in a tin or wooden box. Confectioneries the same.

Send no cash money by mail. It is much safer and cheaper in the long run to buy a money order or postal note.

Matter inclosed in a sealed envelope though the corners may be cut or the ends notched, is subject to letter rates. Lignids, poisons, explosives and inflammable articles are not received for mailing, no matter how carefully wrapped.

If you wanted to send a suit of clothes by mail which weighed six pounds, you would have to make two packages of it. Albums, photographic and autographic, are classed as merchandise, and postage is charged at the rate of one cent an ounce.

An unclaimed postal card is not returned to the writer, even though his address is given upon it, but is sent to the dead-letter office.

Nothing is received for mailing that weighs over four pounds, except in a case of a single book, as, for example, a Bible, or dictionary, or history. Samples of ores, metals, minerals, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, nuts, etc., are also classed as merchandise and postage charged at one cent an ounce.

Letter heads, bill heads and envelopes, blank or printed, are charged as merchandise, and postage must be paid at the rate of one cent an ounce.

A postal card is not mailable with any writing or printing on the address side, except the address, nor with anything pasted or pinned to the other side.

Third and fourth class matter can be mailed in the same package providing it does not exceed four pounds in weight, but it subjects the entire package to fourth-class rates.

Don't forget that all parcels deposited for mailing must be so wrapped that they can be examined without destroying the wrapper, otherwise letter rates of postage are charged.

Wrecked at Sea.

As the Sveria, of the Hamburg line, was approaching this coast the lookout shouted that he saw flaming torpedoes through the darkness. They were signals of distress. Capt. Fransen bore down toward them (ill he made out the outline of a dismantled fishing schooner. The lifeboat was lowered in a jiffy, eight sailors and the coxswain leaped into it, and pulled for the wreck. Eleven half-frozen sailors stood upon the deck of the wreck and shouted for joy as the boat shot up alongside. Then they slid into the boat. A little man with his beard covered with frost, who was the last to drop aboard, seized the coxswain's hand and in a husky voice said:

"Messmate, God bless yer. Ye saved us, by gosh yer did."

He went through more extravagant demonstrations of joy as he hitched his palm into Capt. Fransen's big fist. He was Edward Daniels, master of the Gloucester fishing schooner Carl W. Baxter.

"On Sunday," he said, "after we had taken aboard bait at Grand Manan and got out to sea, between Brown Bank and George's Shoals, a big sea struck us all of a sudden. It was three o'clock in the morning, and the sea carried away both mast and swept the deck clean of everything else. Fisherman Peter Treacher, who was on watch, went over with the wreckage, and we lost sight of him in the darkness. The schooner swept helplessly before the wind for two days, and then the weather let up, and at four o'clock in the afternoon we caught sight of a western bound ship only five miles distant. We rigged up a Union Jack upside down on a piece of spar, and waved it as a signal of distress. The ship did not pay the slightest heed to it. At three o'clock next morning we saw the lights of another ship going east, and we burned torches to attract her attention. She, too, kept right ahead on her track. It was two hours after that, Captain, that you came along and took us aboard. We couldn't have stood another night of it, because the wind was coming up and the sea getting too ugly for a broken-up schooner like ours to ride through it."

A Neighboring Way.

A Citizen having heard that his Neighbor was scandalizing him called around at the office for an Explanation.

"Haven't I always Spoken Well of you and yours?" he asked.

"Oh, yes."

"Haven't I lent you my Snow Shovel, my Flat-iron and my Coffee Mill for these many years past?"

"Yes, but—"

"But what? What on Earth could have induced you to throw out hints that my Aunt was my Uncle?"

"Why, my Dear Sir, your Snow Shovel is broken, your Flat-iron too old to be of further use, and your Coffee Mill will no longer grind. How can I longer Neighbor with such a man?"

"When you can't live off a Neighbor who has been kind to you—"

"—then you must live off a Neighbor who has been kind to you."

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HOUSEHOLD HINTS AND REMEDIES.

What to Do with Apples so that You May Get the Most Good out of Them.

APPLES FOR BREAKFAST.—Peel and core large apples. Cut slices of stale bread about one-quarter of an inch in thickness, and then cut them again of a round shape, with the paste-cutter, about the size of the apple. Spread some butter on each slice, and place an apple on each. Butter a baking-pan, place the apples and bread in, fill the hole made in the middle of the apples with sugar, place on the top of the sugar a piece of butter about the size of a hazelnut, and then set them in a warm, but not quick, oven. When about half done, fill up the holes again with sugar and a pinch of cinnamon, place butter on top as before, and finish the cooking. Serve them warm. If for company, glaze over with apple jelly, and put back in the oven for two minutes before serving.

BAKED APPLE CHARLOTTE.—Pare and slice six or seven good large apples. Cut some slices of baker's bread about half an inch thick and spread them with butter, cutting off the crust. Place a layer of the buttered bread (butter on both sides) at the bottom of the buttered mold. Lay the sliced apples over this, sprinkling them with grated lemon-peel, straw sugar well over them and a little cinnamon; then add another layer of buttered bread, and so on till the mold is full, putting plenty of butter upon the topmost layer. Cover the mold, and bake for an hour and a half. Turn it out, and serve with pudding-sauce, made by putting in a block-in saucepan four tablespoonfuls of flour, four yolks of eggs, one pint of milk, any essence that may be liked to flavor, lemon being the best; set over a sharp fire; stir continually until it begins to thicken. Serve either over the pudding or in a sauce-bowl.

APPLES mold is a pretty looking dish. Pare, core, and stew six or eight large apples, with some lemon-peel, a teaspoonful of white sugar, and water enough to cover them; add half a packet of Cooper's gelatine. Dip a mold in cold water, pour it in, and when cold, turn out into glass dish. Suffolk pudding is made by taking eight large apples and a quarter of a pound of crushed sugar. Take the cores carefully out of the apples without breaking them, and fill up the empty space with sugar. Place the apples in a deep dish, with the eye upward, and pour over them a batter made of eggs and milk, and bake for an hour in a moderate oven. A little nutmeg or a few cloves improve the flavor.

Swiss pudding is a very nice preparation of apples, and especially suitable for the children. Take a deep dish and cover the bottom of it with grated bread crumbs, then lay in some sliced apples, another layer of bread crumbs, another of apples, and so on until the dish is full, the last layer being of the crumbs. Make a custard of beaten eggs and milk, adding sugar, and pour over the apples and crumbs until the dish is quite full and almost running over. Place a large piece of butter upon the top, and bake in a brick oven for half an hour. Some people think spice an improvement, and others add currants to the apples, but that is a matter of individual taste. The pudding can be made plainer by omitting the eggs, or richer by adding to them nutmeg.

They Grew on Brush.

MANY THOUSAND DOLLARS WANTED FOR DESTRUCTION OF OYSTERS.

In 1883 what is known as the "Grotto scarlet fever case" raised a discussion as to the sanitary properties of oysters raised on brush, and disclosed to a majority of people the fact that typhoid might be grown on trees in submerged places. The Potomac River in Groton, Conn., is about two miles long, and does not rise above the dignity of a creek. It is muddy, and oysters cannot be planted there because they gradually sink and decay. People living in the vicinity discovered a few years ago that oysters could be raised most successfully on poles and brush planted in the bed of the river, and the new process was at once recognized as the beginning of an important industry. Experiments showed that the supply obtained in this way was much larger than by the ordinary method of cultivation, and that in quality the oysters were superior. From one brush alone 25 bushels were obtained. The selected oysters from these forest beds have brought fancy prices in New York and the Fulton Market men will pay as high as \$3 a bushel, when the ordinary kind are sold for \$1.50 to \$1.75.

Scarlet fever broke out in Groton in 1888, and though its origin was attributed by most people to an infection brought to the place in clothing shipped from the West in the household effects of a family where the disease had existed in a virulent form, the local Board of Health held that it was caused by decomposed matter existing in the Potomac River, and the whole oyster plant was totally destroyed as a sanitary measure. The owners claim \$30,000 from the State. The State has paid one man \$5,000. The oyster brush plant is being gradually restored to the Potomac and promises in time to be as productive as formerly.

A Clear Vote.

Mr. Charles T. Krebs, 787 Madison avenue, Baltimore, Maryland, well known in banking circles, certifies to the excellence of the Red Star Cough Cure. A few doses quickly cured his niece of severe hemorrhoids, and cured throat. It is pleasant to take. No one can be poisoned by this remedy, which is free from opium, morphine, and other dangerous drugs.

Don't know. The office of the San Francisco Christian Advocate is catching it. He said recently that no person could be so put on the ground, and the Christian Advocate said: "I will show you some thing."

He then proceeded to unroll the banner of the poor American.

"I will show you some thing."

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NOTES AND COMMENTS.

A BILL introduced in the Michigan Legislature provides that the occupation and politics of each candidate shall appear on a voting paper giving the names of all candidates.

A cock seven feet high has been made by a Leaville, Ohio, blacksmith with the aid of nothing but the tools of his trade. It is made principally of steel, gives the time in eleven cities, strikes the hours and quarters, and is exhibited in a glass case where the movement can be seen.

Buzzing papers report that a subscription list for contributions to the pedestal of the Bartholdi statue has been put up in the United States Consulate General in that city, in accordance with an order by President Arthur. The amount subscribed is limited to \$1, and the list is already well covered.

It has been discovered by the Trenton, N. J., Board of Health that farmers in the surrounding country have been in the habit of adulterating their "fresh roll butter" with oleomargarine and other noxious stuff, and then selling it to their confiding customers in that city as the pure and genuine article.

A GRANTABLE clergyman of Chicago had a large bundle of half-used clothing made up for disposition by a ladies' missionary society, but when the agents of the latter called at the clergyman's house they were given by mistake a bundle prepared for the laundryman, and by the time the error was discovered the family wash was on its way many miles toward the Northwest.

CHARLES WESTWOOD, of Shoreliff, being an anti-vaccinationist, evaded the English health law and permitted three of his children to remain unvaccinated. They have recently died of small-pox. The *Lancet* says that Mr. Westwood will have to look far back into history for any accident from vaccination to be compared with the disaster that has occurred to his home from small-pox.

W. W. OGLIVIE, the grain king of Manitoba, has closed his mills from inability to compete with the Minneapolis millers. Since the season began 600,000 barrels of American flour have been shipped to the Dominion, principally for consumption in the province of Quebec. Grain, according to this Manitoba authority, can be had by the Minneapolis millers at 60 cents a bushel, while he has to pay 72, and even with the duty on flour at 50 cents a barrel they can still undersell him in the Canadian markets.

The practice of carrying a revolver is now very common in Paris. A gentleman belonging to one of the most fashionable clubs of that city said the other day: "I left the club at 1 o'clock. There was no porter in the hall and I did not know where my greatcoat was, but I thought I should recognize it because I had left a revolver in one pocket. Well, I touched twenty greatcoats, and in all I felt a revolver, and I was still searching when the porter entered and gave me mine, which he had forgotten to hang up."

There are in existence rather more than forty Egyptian obelisks. Of these England possesses 7; America, 1; Germany, 1; France, 2; Italy (including Rome, which has 12), 17; and Constantinople, 2. The remainder, many of which are fallen or broken, are still in Egypt. The smallest is the Lepsius obelisk in the Royal Museum at Berlin, which is two feet one and a half inches high, and weighs 200 pounds; the largest, unfinished, of Assouan, still in quarries at Syene, the estimated weight of which is more than 1,500,000 pounds.

Edgar A. Poe's Child-Wife.

A New York letter says:—The Poe memorial monument for Central Park has arrived from Europe and will be unveiled some time in the spring. It consists of a plain shaft and a square pedestal, on the four sides of which are reliefs representing conceptions from the "Raven" and one or two of his other great poems. I mention this for the purpose of relating some facts concerning Poe's poor child-wife, which have never before been published. It was in 1845 or somewhere thereabout that the poet came to New York to find something to do. He did not succeed well, and it was on that visit that he sold the "Raven" to the *American Review* for \$5. He finally went out to Fordham, a little village up in Westchester County, which borders on the suburbs of New York City. It was then that he was living with his child-wife, who took consumption and died. She was buried at Fordham, and she it was who was the "Annabel" of the most beautiful and touching poem he ever wrote. What other human heart than his could have measured such a depth of tender pathos? About three years ago the people of Fordham determined they would remove the village graveyard. Few of them knew of Edgar Allan Poe or his beautiful "Annabel." They began to remove the bones and lay them away promiscuously in a sort of channel ground some distance out in the country. A gentleman in New York who knew much of Poe's life, who loved his poetry and was aware that his wife was buried at Fordham, heard of the removal of the graveyard and went out to protest the bones of sweet "Annabel." The grave had already been opened and he came near being too late. He collected the precious relics, wrapped them really in a piece of paper and took them to his home in New York, where he kept them for nearly two years. One day a gentleman called who had known Mr. Poe and who was very fond of the poem "Annabel." The conversation drifted toward those beautiful lines, and vents after vents was repeated over and over. Finally the gentleman of the bones arose and said: "I will show you some thing."

He then proceeded to unroll the banner of the poor American.

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THE OCEAN.

BY THE SEA AND THROUGH THE SEA IN A CHASE OF ORDINARY MEN.

A dispatch dated Syracuse, N. Y., says: Mrs. Charles G. Roberts, better known as the "Midnight" was taken ill on Wednesday, and at two o'clock was delivered of a male child weighing seven and a half pounds by the Ochsman operation. An examination by the physicians showed that the child was in a transverse position, and in order to save the life of the little woman this unnatural means was resorted to. The child lived but a few hours. The condition of the patient in hospital. Mrs. Roberts was formerly Miss Frankie Thompson, and was born in Syracuse. She is thirty-two years old, thirty-three inches tall and weighs only about forty pounds. She was married about two years ago to Mr. Roberts, who is six feet tall and heavily built. They were married while traveling as members of the same company in the West. He was a musician. They have traveled together and exhibited in New York and Boston. They have visited every city in the United States and Canada.

Mrs. Roberts' father died in Syracuse in 1864. He was a dwarf only three feet high. By his first wife he had three children, by his second nine and by a third eleven. Among the latter number was Frankie. She was perfectly formed at birth, and when a week old weighed only three pounds, clothes included. When she was three years old Mr. F. T. Barnum offered her father \$3,000 for the privilege of exhibiting her one year in New York. The offer was refused. At one time after her father's death Frankie engaged in dressmaking, standing up to run her sewing machine. Fourteen years ago she formed her first engagement with a Western company to travel. Her last engagement was in Minneapolis. The physicians hope to save her life. If they do it will be one case in twenty, they say, after an operation of this kind.

Birds at Sea.

Several cases have been reported lately where ships have saved themselves from probable destruction by the use of oil to quiet the waves. This had a good effect upon all the seas, but especially calmed the great foaming combers, whose breaking force is most to be dreaded. Few ships go to sea now without some arrangement for properly dispensing the oil. It has been suggested, by the way, that the reason why the sea-wandering birds are able to survive tempests as they do is because of the exalation of oil from their feathers, forming a perpetual calm about them wherever they float.

It should be Generally Known that the multitude of disease of a scrofulous nature generally proceed from a torpid condition of the liver. The blood becomes impure because the liver does not properly work off the poison from the system, and the certain results are blotches, pimples, eruptions, swellings, tumors, ulcers and kindred affections, or setting upon the lungs and poisoning their delicate tissues, until ulceration, breaking down and consumption is the result. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will by acting upon the liver and purifying the blood, cure all these diseases.

If your hands cannot be usefully employed, stand to the cultivation of your mind.

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." \$1. Druggists.

Always speak the truth. Make few promises. Live up to your engagements.

Don't hawk and blow, and spit, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Keep good company or none. Never be idle.

The North American Indians, especially the Seneca tribe, made such frequent use of peonies that for many years it was only known as Seneca oil, and is known as Carolina, the Wonderful Hair Renewer.

Your character cannot be essentially injured, except by your own acts.

Thin People. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotency, Sexual Debility, &c.

If any one speaks evil of you, let your life be so that no one will believe him.

File Transfers. When neglected or improperly treated often degenerate into cancer. By our new and improved treatment without knife, caustic or pain, we cure the worst cases in ten to thirty days. Pamphlet, references and terms, thirty cents. Address: World's Dispensary, Medical Association, 643 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

When you retire to bed, think over what you have done during the day.

You cannot, however, deprive of spirits and general debility in their varied forms, also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Eucalypti-Phosphoric Acid of Chillys," made by Cassell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

When you speak to a person, look him in the face.

You cannot, however, deprive of spirits and general debility in their varied forms, also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Eucalypti-Phosphoric Acid of Chillys," made by Cassell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

The Chilton View.

JOHN C. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION"

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1885.

NO. 22.

Special Advertising

Business notices and legal notices at special rates. Obituaries and Tributes of respect, half rates. Announcing candidates for office, strictly in advance. Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged accordingly. Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year. The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

Rate of Advertising

One dollar per square, of one inch space or less, for the first, and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion.

Inserts	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
1 inch	\$1.00	.75	.50	.40	.30	.25	.20	.15	.10	.05
2 inch	2.00	1.50	1.00	.75	.50	.40	.30	.25	.20	.15
3 inch	3.00	2.25	1.50	1.10	.75	.50	.40	.30	.25	.20
4 inch	4.00	3.00	2.00	1.50	1.00	.75	.50	.40	.30	.25
5 inch	5.00	3.75	2.50	1.75	1.25	.80	.60	.40	.30	.25
6 inch	6.00	4.50	3.00	2.25	1.50	1.00	.75	.50	.40	.30
7 inch	7.00	5.25	3.50	2.60	1.75	1.25	.80	.60	.40	.30
8 inch	8.00	6.00	4.00	3.00	2.00	1.50	1.00	.75	.50	.40
9 inch	9.00	6.75	4.50	3.30	2.25	1.75	1.25	.80	.60	.40
10 inch	10.00	7.50	5.00	3.75	2.50	2.00	1.50	1.00	.75	.50

VERIFICATION.

As bright as the golden sun
Came down with her purple and blue
Through the arches of the porch
To the light of the day
We walked, and my woe began
She thought of the past and the future
Of the light of the day
Till we became my woe
As I vainly endeavored to reason
Some phrase that should tell me
Or the light of the day
Which she said I should not know
But we passed on the bridge, whose gray
Arches
Look down on the bridge in the brook
And there in the shade of the larches
Her little finger I took
And said: "Kiss, you've been kissed in a
sonnet
In which I've written your name"
When a voice from the pretty pink bonnet
Murmured: "Darling, I am not aware."
—Life.

The Letter.

"Any letters?" asked the Widow Wadsworth, turning from the grocery counter of the "store" of Kornhill to the corner by the window over which swung a placard bearing the legend "Post Office" upon it, and glancing through her spectacles at the small row of candy jars which were made to do duty as letter holders. "Any letters for our house Mr. Bristol?"

Mr. Bristol, the senior of that name—who was too rheumatic to weigh groceries or measure calico, as deaf as a post, had, perhaps, the least natural talent for the reading of dubious script that could be found in the person of any living man; and, besides this, could never find his spectacles—rinsed himself from a nap in which he had been indulging, looked bewildered, and seemed for a moment dubious as to what he should do next; but seeing that Mrs. Wadsworth's eyes were fixed upon the candy jars, decided that she wanted a letter, and, reaching up, slowly took two of them down and, with much deliberation, spread them before her like a pack of cards.

"I've put my specks some're," he said, "but where I dunno. Look 'em over and sort out mine, Mrs. Wadsworth."

This was old Mr. Bristol's usual style of performing the business of postmaster. And as it was a honest place, little harm came of it. Often people carried their neighbors' letters to them when they happened to pass their gates, and the only registered letter that ever yet has been sent to Kornhill was considered an insult to the community at large.

"They might ha' known no one would ha' meddled with it," said the postmaster.

And the farmers talked the matter over as they jogged home side by side in their wagons, and the summer border who did the strange thing was made to feel the indignation of her neighbors. But that was long after the evening at which Mrs. Wadsworth asked if there were any letters for "her house."

Peering over the little row spread before her, she saw that there was one—a small envelope addressed in a delicate lady's hand to "James Wadsworth, Esq."

"That's Jim," said the old lady. "Who can have writ to him?"

There were no more. She put her single epistle in her pocket, pushed the rest toward Mr. Bristol and nodded at him. Mr. Bristol nodded in reply, regarded the letters, perched himself upon a stool and went to sleep again. Then the younger Bristol helped the old lady into her wagon, handed her the basket of groceries, and she drove away, with the letter in her pocket, and a queer feeling, half fear and half anger, at her heart as she said over and over again, talking aloud to herself, as the old white horse plodded along the lonely road:

"Who has writ to Jim, I wonder?" Maggie, the "help," came out to carry in the basket, when Mrs. Wadsworth stopped at her own gate, and she herself walked into the kitchen. There was a great stove there, and on it the kettle was boiling, steam rushing from its spout in one long wisps, and, creaking in a flat sheet from under the cover. Before this stove Mrs. Wadsworth stood and warmed her hands.

"I wonder who has writ to Jim," she said, "if I thought it was that girl I'd throw it into the fire."

Then a story she had heard of some one who had feloniously opened an envelope by holding it over the steam of a tea-kettle occurred to her mind. "I wonder whether it would open that way," she said, "it wouldn't be any great harm to satisfy myself that it isn't from Jim. Jim is but a boy, and I am the mother. I guess, according to law, I'd have a right to look at it."

Then the hand which held the letter outstretched itself. The steam of steam beat against the flap of the envelope. In a moment or so, it hung loose and limp and fell to the floor.

Then she cast her eye over the writing. There was not much of it. Just this:

"DEAR JAMES: I know, after my conduct, it is my place to write first. I was naughty. Please forgive me. Isn't that humble enough? And if you do, come and take me to the picnic to-morrow."

"Your own
"Nelly."

"It is from that girl," said Mrs. Wadsworth. "It's from her. And things have gone so far, and she hasn't told her mother a word! Oh, how hard it is to bear! That girl I don't want Jim to marry; but of all girls, that one!" and she shook herself to and fro.

"There's been a quarrel," she said at last, "and she's written this to make up. If he never got it, he'd never speak. I know his pride. She comes of a poor lot. I hate her; she's a bad wife for Jim. I think it's my duty not to give it to him. I'll think it over." Then she opened the drawer of her bureau in which she kept valuables and money and thrust the letter in and looked it up.

She had time to think the matter over before Jim came in, for he was late, and "that girl" grew more distasteful to her every moment.

"Going to the picnic, Jim?" she asked, as they sat over their tea. And Jim answered that he hadn't thought of it.

"I'd go if I was you, and take your Cousin Miranda," said the old lady. "She expects it, I guess." And Jim, only moved by the remembrance of Nellie Barlow, and a wish to make her jealous, agreed to the proposition. He took Miranda to the picnic next day, and Nellie was there, and saw them together; and remembering her note, written in a moment of softness, when the wish to recall certain angry words she had said to Jim, was strong upon her, she grew sick with shame. "She had held out her hand in reconciliation, and he had not taken it. Could anything make a woman more indignant? After that she never even looked at him."

Old Mrs. Wadsworth having kept Jim's letter a few days, felt that too much explanation would be necessary were she to give it to him after so long a delay. Besides it would be well for her son that he should not see it. He would, of course, marry his cousin Miranda—only a second cousin—a girl she liked, and who would never set herself up above her mother-in-law—a girl who did not, like poor Nellie, look aggressively stylish.

But Jim did not marry Miranda. No one will ever know now whether Miranda would have accepted him or not. After while she married a Mr. Wiseman, who was better off than Jim, and old enough to be his father; and Nelly, too, married. While her heart burnt with resentment against her old lover, she chose a new one, a dark, moody, silent sort of man, who carried her away to the city, whence there came rumors now and then that she was not happy, that her husband led a wild life. Once some one declared that he was a very madman in his jealousy, and looked her in her room at times. But no one knew whether it was true or not. Her parents would never say anything about her.

As for James Wadsworth, he had gone to church to see her married and had gone home with a headache. The next day he was delirious; a brain fever had set in and the doctors shook their heads over him. What he said in his delirium only his mother understood: only if she could have undone the deed that she had done, she would have thanked Heaven. For weeks he lay at death's door, and then a pale shadow crept about the house—the wreck of his bright, handsome Jim Wadsworth. His beauty was gone, and no one felt quite sure about his mind. He answered sensibly enough when he was spoken to, but voluntarily he never spoke.

After while he grew strong enough to do farm work, and did what his mother suggested, and she grew used to his altered ways. And so matters rested when, ten years from her wedding-day, Nelly came back to her father's home in a widow's cap. And the people of Kornhill learnt that her husband was dead, and began to wonder whether he had left her money.

Jim, plowing in the adjoining field, saw her as she sat upon the old home-stand porch, and stood, for a moment, staring at her. Then he left his plow in the furrow, his horse standing where he was, and went home. His mother saw him coming. He tramped over the beds of vegetables, and trod down the young corn. He sought no path. As he stepped he sought the doorway at which his mother stood staring at him, and walked into the kitchen-past her without a look.

"Jim, my boy," said the old woman, "what's the matter?"

"He must ha' no money," he went to his room and straight to bed. For hours he never spoke to her. Then he began to babble. He uttered Nelly's name; he repeated her tender names in one breath and cursed her in the next. Then he gave one wild cry and sprang up in his bed and dropped back again, with his eyes staring toward heaven. He was dead; the mother, who had been so kind to him, had died.

The next day a coffin stood in the parlor.

stained with closed eyes—all that was left of Jim Wadsworth. One by one the friends and neighbors came softly to look at him, and went away more softly, often in tears. At last came one woman—a fair woman, in a widow's cap and veil who stood longer than the rest looking at the still, white face, and at her own request was left alone with it, while curious people in the other room wondered whether it was true that Nelly and Jim were once engaged and had quarreled. For this was Nelly, in her widow's weeds, who had come to look at Jim for the last time.

As she stood there, with thoughts for which there was no words troping through her mind, an inner door opened and an old woman crept in. It was Mrs. Wadsworth, broken down at last, and with the strange, restless light of an unsettled intellect in her light blue eyes.

She held an old letter in her hand, and it rustled as she slowly crossed the room and stood beside the coffin.

"Jim," said she, "here's your letter. I've been thinking it over, and since you take it so hard, you'd better have it. I only keep it for your own good, Jim. She ain't fit for you; but you take it so hard. Wake up, Jim; here's your letter."

But the white, frozen hands lay still upon the breast, and other small, living woman's hands grasped it instead. Nelly knew all the story now.

"Here is your letter, Jim," she whispered. "Oh, Jim, Jim," and she laid it softly under the white flowers upon the bosom, and, stooping, kissed the waxen hands and brow. "Oh, Jim, Jim!" she said again, and let her black veil down over her face, and went her way; and the gossips who stared after her as she passed down the village street, wondered again if she had ever been engaged to Jim Wadsworth, but none of them ever knew. The grave keeps its secret, so also does a woman's heart.

An Editor's Peregrinations.

Last week the tired editor, after laboring hard in the vineyard, concluded that he would go out among the brethren. While down in the Dry Fork neighborhood he preached at Ebenezer, and accompanied Brother Sam Hayfoot home to dinner. There were several brethren present, and among them were pleased to notice old Brother Shovel.

He is an old servant of the Lord, and, had the old mallard kept out of his way, we think that his countenance would have escaped a great wrong. Old Sister Hayfoot, kind reader, knows how to get up a good dinner. She has her idea of cooking cabbage, for, like us, she thinks that they should be boiled until all of their bitterness melts into the everlasting pot. After having served the inner man we again assembled in the sitting room, where Sister Storvall favored us with a hymn and 70 cents, for which she wanted six months' subscription.

One dollar would have struck us with a little more warmth, but in these days of sin and hard times a half loaf is much better than a Boston cracker. Brother Smithfield, a good old soul as ever lived, declares that he will take the paper when he sells his red steer. Gentle reader, do you know of any one who wants to buy a steer?—*Arkansas Christian Weekly.*

The Physical Year.

There continues to be a great deal of uneasiness among the department people about changes, says a Washington letter writer. Perhaps there is no class of employees in the departments who are more disturbed than the colored people. The colored employees of the Government are the aristocrats of their society. Some of them have accumulated fine properties. I know of one colored messenger who has four or five acres in the departments. The family all live together in one house. Their aggregate salaries must reach over \$8,000 a year. The ancient cook of Gen. Sheridan well illustrates this peculiar feeling among the members of her race. "Aunt Mary" has been Sheridan's cook for a long period. When he left Chicago he set her up in a small shop there. Her daughter married one of the messengers in the War Department. She recently came on to visit her married daughter. She has been in Washington now about two weeks. The other day she expressed her opinion on the situation to a lady friend of Gen. Sheridan's. Aunt Mary said: "Gen. Sheridan, he is all right and I was powerful glad of it. Does yer Democrats not get him out no how, but all de older niggers will have to go by de end of de physical year."

What the Poor Pay.

It has been estimated that the poor pay in small quantities in the following ratio: For an ounce of washing soda the poor trading at small shops in New York pay 1 cent; a grocer will deliver it for 3 cents a pound. For flour by the pound they pay a cent equal to 50 cents a barrel for a 50 cents. They buy butter at the rate of 55 cents a pound while a pound of sugar costs them 25 cents. A half pound of sugar costs them 12 cents. While a pound of corn costs them 5 cents. For a 50-cent bag they pay 25 cents. For a 100-cent bag they pay 50 cents.

As an attack or result, such as described, generally leads to a quarrel with the negro ally, who in his turn is wounded and plundered by the trader, his women and children naturally being the victims.

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LIFE IN THE SOUDAN.

THE SLAVE TRADE AND THE MANNER IN WHICH IT IS CARRIED ON.
A Speculation that Gave Khartoum its Notable Importance.

Throughout the Soudan, says Sir Samuel Baker, in his narrative, money is exceptionally scarce and the rate of interest exorbitant, varying according to the securities, from thirty-six to eighty per cent. This fact proves general poverty and dishonesty, and acts as a preventive to all improvement. So high and fatal a rate deters all honest enterprise, and the country must lie in ruin under such a system. The wild speculator borrows upon such terms, to rise suddenly like a rocket, or to fall like its exhausted stick. Thus, honest enterprise being impossible, dishonesty takes the lead, and a successful expedition to the White Nile is supposed to overcome all charges. There are two classes of White Nile traders, the one possessing capital, the other being penniless adventurers. The same system of operations is pursued by both, but that of the former will be evident from the description of the latter.

A man without means forms an expedition at 100 per cent. after this fashion: he agrees to repay the lender in ivory at one-half its market value. Having obtained the required sum, he hires several vessels and engages from 100 to 300 men, composed of Arabs and runaway villains from distant countries, who have found an asylum from justice in the obscurity of Khartoum. He purchases guns and large quantities of ammunition for his men, together with a few hundred pounds of glass beads. The piratical expedition being complete, he pays his men five months' wages in advance, at the rate of forty-five piastres (nine shillings) per month, and he agrees to give them eighty piastres per month for any period exceeding the five months for which they are paid. His men receive their advance partly in cash and partly in cotton stuffs for clothes at an exorbitant price. Every man has a strip of paper, upon which is written, by the clerk of the expedition, the amount he has received both in goods and money, and this paper he must produce at the final settlement.

The vessels sail about December, and on arrival at the desired locality the party disembark and proceed into the interior, until they arrive at the village of some negro chief, with whom they establish an intimacy.

Charmed with his new friends, the power of whose weapons he acknowledges, the negro chief does not neglect the opportunity of seeking their alliance to attack a hostile neighbor. Marching throughout the night, guided by their negro hosts, they bivouac within an hour's march of the unsuspecting village doomed to an attack about half an hour before break of day. The time arrives, and quietly surrounding the village while its occupants are still sleeping, they fire the grass huts in all directions, and poor volleys of musketry through the flaming thatch. Panic-stricken, the unfortunate victims rush from their burning dwellings, and the men are shot down like pheasants in a battue, while the women and children, bewildered in the danger and confusion, are kidnapped and secured. The herds of cattle, still within the kraal or "sareeba," are easily disposed of, and are driven off with great rejoicing, as the prize of victory. The women and children are then fastened together, and the former secured in an instrument called a *sheba*, made of a forked pole, the neck of the prisoner fitting into the fork and secured by a cross-piece lashed behind, while the wrists, brought together in advance of the body, are tied to the pole. The children are then fastened by their necks with a rope attached to the women, and thus form a living chain, in which they are marched to the headquarters in company with the captured herds.

This is the commencement of business. Should there be ivory in any of the huts not destroyed by fire, it is appropriated. A general plunder takes place. The trader's party dig up the floors of the huts to search for iron hoofs, which are generally thus concealed, as the greatest treasure of the negroes; granaries are overturned and wantonly destroyed, and the hands are cut off the bodies of the slain, the more easily to detach the copper or iron bracelets that are usually worn. With this booty the traders return to their negro ally. They have thrashed and discomfited his enemy, which delights him; they present him with thirty or forty head of cattle, which intoxicates him with joy, and a present of a pretty little captive girl of about fourteen completes his happiness.

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THE MAN AND THE HORSE.

Tests of Speed Between the Two—The Man Ahead.

As regards speed for a mile or two, or even several miles, there can be no comparison between the pace of a horse and that of a man on a bicycle. The horse is far and away the speedier; but after about twenty or twenty-five miles the horse, it seems, begins to come back to the man. The relative speed of horse and man, quite unnumbered by weight, has never been tried, as it is always necessary either to ride or drive a horse when he is being tried. But in comparing the best times on record of a trotting horse driven in a light gig, as in the fashion in America, and a man riding and propelling a twenty-seven-pound bicycle, the conditions, taking the relative strength of the contestants into consideration, may be thought tolerably equal.

Maud S. Mr. Vanderbilt's celebrated horse, trotted one mile in 2:09; the champion time for a bicycle is 2:39. Leaving out intermediate distances, I find that Lady Mac did five miles in 13:00; Mr. Hillier has ridden it on a bicycle in 14:18. Controller did ten miles in 27:23; Mr. English accomplished that distance in 29:19 3-5. Twenty miles was done by the horse Captain McGowan in 58:25; Mr. English, who holds the record for twenty miles, accomplished it 59:07 3-5. Twenty miles well within the hour must surely be looked on as a wonderful performance.

But after twenty miles the man rapidly begins to go to the front. The best fifty miles on record has been done by Ariel in 8:55:49; but Ion Keith-Falconer rode that distance on a bicycle in 2:45:58 3-5. Conqueror traveled one hundred miles in 8:55:53; F. R. Fry, on a bicycle, did one hundred miles in 5:50:05 2-5. The same distance, one hundred miles, was done on the high road by George Smith in 7:11:10. The other times mentioned were performed on the cinder-path. No trial has been recorded for a horse beyond one hundred miles. But a triathlete has ridden 222 miles in twenty-four hours; and a few weeks ago a performer on a newly invented little two-wheeled machine of strange appearance, called a kangaroo, traveled 266 miles within the same time. It is therefore plain that in staying power a man on a bicycle, or even a triathlete, which is a much heavier machine, not primarily adapted for racing, is infinitely superior to a horse. Probably up to twenty-five miles the best horse would beat the best bicyclist; but after that distance the horse would, in yacht-racing phrase, never see the way his adversary went.—*Viscount Bury, in the Nineteenth Century.*

A Young Woman Buried Alive.

THE BODY RETURNED AND THE COFFIN SHOWING EVIDENCES OF A TERRIBLE SUGGESTION.

Mary Cox, a well known and popular young lady who lived near the mouth of the Little Capon River, near Springfield, W. Va., was taken violently ill. The physician decided that she was suffering from neuritis of the stomach and prescribed morphine. A dose was administered at once, and another left with instructions to give it in twenty-four hours. For some reason the second dose was given in a very short time. An hour or two afterward the death of Miss Cox was announced, and two days later the body was buried. At the funeral one lady insisted that Miss Cox was not dead, and begged that a physician be sent for. That night the dogs of a man living near the graveyard stationed themselves near the tomb and kept up a persistent howling. The next day the grave was opened, and, to the horror of all, it was found that the girl had been buried alive. The lining was torn from the sides of the casket and the pillow was in shreds. The poor girl had literally stripped the clothes from her body. Her hands and arms were torn and bleeding, the lips were bitten through, and handfuls of hair were torn from her head. The girl had come to life, and had evidently made a fearful struggle to escape. The awful affair fills the community with horror.

The New Orleans Exposition.

The President has transmitted to Congress the report of the Board of Management of the Exposition at New Orleans, and also a memorial of the United States Commissioners requesting an additional appropriation to extinguish a deficit in its accounts. The President in his message of transmittal says that a failure on the part of the management to carry out the original intent in regard to the Exposition might reflect upon the honor of the United States Government, since twenty-one foreign nations and forty-six States and Territories have joined the enterprise through faith in the sanction of the Government. He recommends the favorable consideration of Congress.

Troum Cham.—Tiko a blade of beer grass and boll it 40 minutes. Then beat it with a hammer and wrap it until the threads are smooth. Suspend it to a whip for a cracker, and after it has been a little and become dry it will strike you like a hot iron and then you'll be sorry.

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A Railroad Manager Dying.

A. S. MERRILL, OF THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL, VERY LOW.

B. S. Merrill, General Manager of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, who had been confined to his house

MONTGOMERY VIEW.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., APR. 9, 1885.

Grant is reported to be no longer.

Montgomery received 14,000 bales of cotton this year, against 8,979 last year.

There are very backward in the matter on account of the weather.

The great trotter Maud S. was down years old one day last week and is in perfect health.

State secretary of state Freeling is very ill at his home in Newark N. J., and he is expected to die.

The city of Talladega has a full list of candidates for city offices composed of young men. There are a good many live young men there and they will make good ones.

The lawyers of Birmingham had a meeting the other day looking to the founding of a law library in the city. It is to be hoped they will succeed in their laudable enterprise.

The controversy between Dr. Lewis and Rev. Mr. McCoy in regard to some things said by the latter about the state university, has become quite heated, and is probably far from settled.

The new postal law to take effect July 1st, 1885, makes the following changes in the rates of postage: The rate on newspapers forwarded from the office of publication is reduced from two cents to one cent per pound, and the weights of letters which may be carried for two cents has been doubled.

The Montgomery Advertiser in its issue of the 6th inst. says: "If two girls meet three girls and all kiss how many kisses were exchanged," has become a much more difficult question: "If two boys meet two girls and exchange kisses with them, how many kisses would they be 'tough'?"

There was quite a romantic marriage in Montgomery last week. A gentleman of Troy, this state, advertised for a female correspondent some time ago, and was answered by a lady of Rhode Island. The correspondence continued, pictures were exchanged and betrothal followed. Last week they met in Montgomery, and married within an hour of their first meeting. The lady is said to be very pretty.

Last week Sheriff Truss, of Jefferson county, went out with his posse to arrest a negro. The negro attempted to escape arrest and several shots were fired at him, one of which killed him. We learned from the sheriff that a warrant had been issued for the arrest of Sheriff Truss on the charge of killing the negro. This is the second case of this kind the sheriff has been involved in within a year.

Postmaster General Vilas has authorized the statement that railway postal clerks, who have become efficient and valuable men, against whom no just complaint of neglect, inattention or want of fidelity, honesty or efficiency can be brought, and who have not turned their attention to political labors during their service, need have no fear of being disturbed so long as they continue to render meritorious and faithful service.

The re-appointment of Henry G. Dawson, a Blaine Republican, postmaster of New York City by President Cleveland has caused a great deal of dissatisfaction among southern democrats. This was one of the most important appointments within the president's power, and might reasonably have been expected to be given to a democrat. We will not be hasty to censure the president's course in this matter, for there might have been some good motive at the bottom of it.

With a great European war between England and Russia looming up, the little fracas in Egypt, the French and China affair in which the latter appears to be getting the better of the former, the Irish excitement, the rebellion in Canada and Bocher lecturing about the world is lively and enlivening. It is likely to prevail to any extent for a while. Add to this the modern expectation, and, perhaps, will have enough to carry on the ordinary excitement this year to keep up our spirits, if the times are little dull, otherwise.

LETTER FROM FLORIDA.

"Away Down on the Suwannee River."

CECIL KEY, FLA., April 3d 1885.

The trip from Fernandina, on the Atlantic to Cedar Key on the Gulf coast is an interesting one.

The latter place is on an island four miles out from the main land. The trip is made over the Florida Transit R. R. Cedar Key is located on the Way Key a few miles south-east of the mouth of the Suwannee river, so famous in minstrel song. The river rises in north middle Florida, and flows through a country that is devoted chiefly to raising the sea island or long staple cotton which sells readily at 25 cents a pound in any market.

Cedar Key is a port of entry with a custom house and a line of steam ships to and from New Orleans, Havana, and Tampa. The Eagle and Faber pencil companies each have a factory here for preparing the cedar wood for lead pencils.

The scribe wrote a letter from South Florida and telling of a trip up the St. John's river to Sanford, the most tropical little city imaginable. It has 2,500 people, has palm trees and orange trees growing on the streets and is on a beautiful clear water lake five miles across. Perhaps "Uncle Sam" did not deliver the letter. Four miles south of Sanford is Fort Reid to which place bands of Indians from the Everglades occasionally come to dispose of beads, trinkets and alligator skins. These old forts in South Florida were established during the Indian war carried on by General Jackson against the Seminoles, only a small remnant of which tribe now remains. Their chief is named Tiger Tail. Their house is within and about the Everglades. The advance of the white man has driven them to an almost desolate swamp as a home. Sanford has two large hotels. It is said that Fort Reid was established near Sanford so that the militia could be comfortably domiciled at the Sanford House at \$4 per day. It is also reported (not vouched for) that the young ladies of Sanford who eloped with the militia had large families of children and led happy lives.

In winter the climate at Fernandina is much more pleasant than at Cedar Key, owing to the influence of the Gulf stream. Fernandina claims to be "the Newport of the South." It has twenty miles of sea beach and a hard shell road making it one of the finest drives in America. The harbor is one of the finest on the South Atlantic coast being roomy enough to accommodate the fleets of the world at one time. The population is 3,500. About two miles below the city is the old town of Fernandina, whose quaint houses, many of them a century old, are suggestive of "free trade" and Spanish occupation, at which period, so tradition saith it, was a prosperous town with maritime interests of large importance. The village is now occupied by pilots and fishermen. The finest the scribe has ever seen and the pleasantest sound ever heard was the dash and roar of the surf of the great Atlantic on the beach at Fernandina.

It will not do to attempt to give a view of practical business life in Florida. Those contemplating coming here will want to see that for themselves, for "so many men, so many minds," as the adage says. Now for a few notes of the oldest city in the United States.

ST. AUGUSTINE.

The ancient city celebrated its 356th anniversary last week. At the opening of the French war of religion in 1522 Londoniire carried the exiles in three ships and built a second Fort Carolina at the mouth of the river of May since called the St. Johns. Phillip II granted a commission in 1565 to Melendez de Avila to settle and govern Florida. Reaching the coast on the day of St. Augustine, he gave that name to the fine harbor and the river which he discovered, and to the town which he built there.

"As Carlyle wrote about his trip to America, that if New England were left out the route he could tell one but little of what the Americans are, so with the visitor to Florida, one can tell but little of the antiquities of the State and complete a genuine tour if he left out of the route the quaintest, oldest city in the United States.

It is the custom, and an old custom it is with guide-books, to suggest the reader with dates. But facts some of our date. I take to the languid visitor at St. Augustine. Now we know how old, or did know, is one of the quaint bells that tell us when they are tolled to do so (by kind permission of Mr. Tom Hood this joke is used) what o'clock it is, as is observed from their tower upon the cathedral; but what is the use of hunting the date up? What purpose does it serve for us to recount how the Spaniards settled St. Augustine in 1565, how they were bowled out by the English, and then how Sir Francis Drake pillaged the place, how the Spaniards came back, and finally how, after passing through a host of vicissitudes, the United States obtained possession. You may know all this, but they will charge you just the same at the hotels. In fact these antiquarian minutiae have become a bore after reading them a dozen times to submit to their rehearsal.

Let us rather admire the fig-trees to be seen on every side, and throw the dates overhead when we reach the sea wall. This is a great institution, and is decidedly one of

the features of the city. It is about a mile long, and just wide enough for two. The United States government built it at vast outlay, using convict, coolie, and Indian labor, and thought they were engineering against the encroachments of the sea. So they were, but this is not the principal object of the wall. It is for sweethearts to walk upon, and although the season is not on, yet you can see a dozen pairs every evening dotting its narrow street between the barracks and the fort. No duenna can make a crowd of three; no mamma or Heesion aunt can overhear the whisperings that are taken up airily by the breeze and carried to where the surf and the sand are crooning their lullaby song of love. It is used, additionally, as the track for the regular "constitutional" spin of the debilitated visitor. You have the bay on one side, the town on the other, and the loveliest of skies overhead. The sea wall is really an hygienic agent; it incites to walk.

The tourist will visit the barracks and interview the solitary sergeant at the fort, who tells you the story of a dungeon cell ever so old, in which they found the skeleton of a victim of Spanish barbarity, who had been placed there so long ago that there is no thinking about it without being armed with an almanac and multiplication-table."

And this is Florida—beautiful Florida. Quenly she sits between ocean and gulf circled with orange blossoms, and like the true belle of the new South is blooming and beautiful.

W. H. L.

The policy of the Democratic administration in regard to making changes in the offices will be to make haste slowly. In every department the visitor is met with the injunction of "patience, patience!" There will be many removals, of course, but nothing like the wholesale revolution in office holding that has been expected.

The Verdict of Time and Death: Does Justice to an Innocent Prisoner.

The following item clipped from the New Iberia (La) Enterprise will be read with interest by many of our readers:

W. W. Beasley, convicted four years ago of manslaughter, and sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary, has been pardoned by the Governor.

Mr. Beasley is a native Alabamian and at one time was a resident of this city. He is remembered by many of our people as an upright, genial gentleman, and was esteemed as such by all who knew him. He was a brave member Company A of the Fourth Alabama Regiment, and went from this city to the Confederate army with the command of G. S. Thos. Goldsby. In the war Mr. Beasley distinguished himself as a soldier of true courage, and won a record of which he may feel justly proud. His wife was one of Alabama's loveliest women, a daughter of Judge Falkner, of Montgomery. She was accidentally shot and killed by a discharge of a shotgun in the hands of Col. May, a brother-in-law of Mr. Beasley, in Montgomery a few years ago.

When convicted of manslaughter in New Orleans four years ago, Mr. Beasley was a defenceless victim to circumstantial evidence. Col. P. D. Bowles, of Evergreen, a prominent lawyer and the last Colonel of the Fourth Alabama had, was a warm personal friend of Mr. Beasley. He went with Col. J. S. Stearns, also of Evergreen, to New Orleans when their unfortunate comrade was on trial, and used every effort to secure his release; but all was of no avail.

The prisoner was charged with having thrown a woman from a balcony in New Orleans, causing her immediate death. He earnestly protested his innocence, but the evidence was against him and the awful sentence of judge and jury fell upon him. The tears and sympathies of the family and friends could not secure a reprieve, and the poor man was sent to the penitentiary to serve his terms of sentence. Here the matter has rested until quite recently, when one witness who testified against the prisoner during the trial died, and made a deathbed statement to the effect that the dead woman committed suicide, and that the prisoner was wholly innocent of the crime with which he was charged and under which he was convicted and sentenced. Since this new revelation, the Governor of Louisiana has granted a pardon and liberated the victim to unjust law.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions.

The following is the decision of the United States Supreme Court:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscription.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, removing and leaving them uncollected, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

A Mother's Love—A Practical Illustration of Its Power.

A mother's love! What a potent thing it is! It will melt the heart of the most hardened criminal, when no other influence would be effectual. No one but a mother knows how to love, but one can appreciate it if they will. It is known, though, that it means sleepless nights, care, inconvenience, and, if necessary, want, hardship and death. But the subject has been too eloquently treated by the sweetest poets and the ablest writers to furnish an essay for these columns. Too many practical illustrations occur in every day life for it to be dwelt upon, so that it is unnecessary to speak of the subject further in order to make the reader understand the full meaning of what is to follow.

Mrs. Henry Schuler, of Ashland, Ky., writes that her daughter has been cured of deafness which resulted from chronic catarrh. She tells how she had lost all hope of her daughter (her ideal) being cured, and how overjoyed she is at the result. After trying many remedies, she says PERUNA brought a cure, and that the daughter's hearing is restored. She concludes by speaking in the most flattering terms of PERUNA, and then describes in the most lovely manner the happiness it has brought her, and reviews the distress she experienced while her daughter was afflicted.

Dr. A. R. Cuy, Martins Ferry, O., writes: "I have a large trade on your PERUNA. Think it a grand remedy."

Mr. Robert C. Hannah, Toleborough, Lewis county, Ky., writes: "I write to inform you of the great benefit I received by using your medicines, PERUNA and MANALIN. I had been low spirited and very sick for about six months with a bad cough, and my friends thought I had consumption; tried a number of patent medicines, and most of the doctors in the vicinity (and we have some as good as you can find in the country), but they did me no good whatever. Our merchant, Mr. Gillespie, insisted upon my trying your remedies. I did so, but must say, I had little faith in them at first; before I had consumed my first bottle, I noticed a change for the better, and to-day I am entirely well, and as sound a man as there is in the vicinity. I credit my cure to your valuable remedies, PERUNA and MANALIN, and recommend them to all of my friends."

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Rates of Advertising.

One dollar per square, of one inch space
for the first, and fifty cents for
each subsequent insertion.

Insertion.	1st.	2nd.	3rd.
First	1.00	.75	.50
Second	.75	.50	.25
Third	.50	.25	.10
Fourth	.25	.10	.05
Fifth	.10	.05	.02
Sixth	.05	.02	.01
Seventh	.02	.01	.00
Eighth	.01	.00	.00
Ninth	.00	.00	.00
Tenth	.00	.00	.00

The Chilton View.

JOHN O. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1885.

NO. 23.

Special Advertising.

Business notices Ten Cents per line,
each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of respect,
half rates.
Announcing candidates for office, 50
cents per line.
Communications recommending candi-
dates for office will be treated as adver-
tisements and charged for accordingly.
Liberal contracts made with those ad-
vertising by the year.
The money is due on all advertis-
ing after the first publication.

DREAM CHILDREN.

I trust in the dear Lord's wisdom,
I do not question His will,
But off as I sit in my chamber,
In the twilight, calm and still,
I long for the children's voices,
I long for the clinging arms,
As unto my ear they whisper
Their tiny griefs and alarms,
And my silent room is peopled
With forms I can almost see,
The forms of the dear dream children
Who cluster about my knee,
I can hear their merry prattle,
I feel their breath on my cheek,
And my fancy again makes real
The dear ones my heart would seek.
And so I sport with my children,
And watch them as they play,
Till my heart grows heavy with longing
And my eyes are dim as I gaze,
For alas! they are but shadows
That out of the dream world
Only the faint dream children
That the heart alone can know.
CARO COLLEMAN.

A TERRIBLE ADVENTURE.

"I have had such an adventure," ex-
claimed Mrs. Badger as she flounced
into the sitting room, sank into an easy
chair and gasped for breath.
"What is the matter, my dear?" in-
quired Mr. Badger as he laid down his
newspaper to listen.
"That is a nice way to speak to a
woman after she has just seen a sight
that chilled her blood. Oh, my!" ex-
claimed the worthy lady as she covered
her pink face with her terra cotta
gloves, totally oblivious for the moment
of the fact that the two colors formed a
very inharmonious contrast. "I can see
it before me now. I don't believe I'll
ever forget it, ever."
"Compose yourself, my dear, and tell
me all about it."
"That is the way with you men," re-
sponded Mrs. Badger as she removed
her hands from her face and began un-
buttoning her gloves. "You have no
feeling. You don't know what sentiment
is. If you had passed through what I
have to-day the first intimation I would
have of it would be an unusual odor
about your breath. You would go into a
saloon just as if nothing had happened
and talk the matter over with a friend,
and by the time you got home you
would forget all about it. Compose my-
self, indeed, I know I shall recover
from the shock for six weeks, if over I
will."

Here the excited matron paused to
allow her husband an opportunity to in-
terrupt her again, but that individual
wisely refrained from taking advantage
of it.
"When I got through my work this
noon—you know we had company for
lunch? Mrs. Simpson and her daughter
were here. How I detest that woman!
I know she came here on purpose to
make mean remarks about our new sil-
verware. By the way, Isaac, that sil-
verware is wearing very badly. The
plating has been rubbed off in three
places on our coffee-pot already. That
comes of buying your table ware at a
tea store. I always knew you were no
judge of such things. The next time
perhaps you will let me buy stuff for
my own house. But you always think
you know so much about such things.
No one can teach you anything. If you
would take your wife's advice once or
twice a year, instead of that miserable
Jim Wilson's, it would be better for you
—and me, too. I suppose now you will
go and tell that odious man just what
I have said. That is the way you always
do. You know you do. The last time
I told you the truth about him you
went right off and repeated it to him
like a little, leaky school boy. You
needn't try and deny it, for Mrs. Wilson
came over here the next day and made
the most scandalous statements about
you I ever heard, and I know she only
did it to get even. Oh, if I was only a
man I'd show you some things that you
ought to know."

Here Mrs. Badger stopped for breath
and glared across the fireplace at her
unfortunate husband in a way that would
have chilled the marrow in the bones of
a less experienced Benedict.
"Well, my dear," suggested Mr. Bad-
ger, with a faint sigh, "as you were
about to say, Mrs. Simpson called."

"That's right," snarled Mrs. Badger
viciously. "That's right. Since you
were down town and saw the terrible
sight, suppose you finish the story.
That's right. Go ahead and tell me all
about it. I'm impatient to hear."
"I didn't intend to interrupt you, my
dear," responded Mr. Badger, wearily.
"Don't 'my dear' me, sir. Please
don't. Well, since you don't know any-
thing about it and are willing to listen
to me relate it I will continue. Mrs.
Simpson and her freckle-faced Miss
Simpson came to lunch. We had pickled
salmon, hot bismonts—you know what
delicious biscuits Mary makes? It is
the only good thing about the baggage.
She does everything else terribly. She
broke three canners this morning while
she was trying to listen to what I was
saying to you about Jamie Furrows
while we were in the pantry. I think I
shall discharge her. She is too careless
for my use, but then she is cheap and
does my errands, and I have no time
to do them myself with a new girl, but
she is a good girl."

change—you don't have any of the work
to do. You men are so selfish. I wish
I was a man."
"So do I, my dear," observed Mr.
Badger. "Then I might possibly hear
the end of this story some time this
year."

"That's right, Mr. Badger; when you
can't treat me cruelly and neglect me,
abuse me. That's the way with you
men. I have a good mind not to tell
the story not at all now, just for spite."

At this moment Mr. Badger picked
up his newspaper and resumed his read-
ing.
"As I was saying," continued Mrs.
Badger after five minutes of silence,
which seemed to her like a month,
"when Mrs. Simpson and Miss Simpson
left the house I put on my cloak and hat
and started down to buy some groceries
that I asked you to order several days
ago, but which you forgot as usual. You
always forget such things until you
sit down to the table to eat and then
you storm and raise a row because you
don't find the articles all cooked and
ready for you in silver covered dishes."

I got in a red car and started down
town. The car didn't stop for me at
first. I had to walk over to the other
side of the street and walk through a
pool of water, but I don't suppose it
would make any difference to you if I
had drowned. After wading nearly up
to my boot tops I finally got into the
car and there wasn't a seat for me.
The car was crowded with men and
women. There wasn't a gentleman there.
It's a pity the street car companies don't
run cattle cars for those brutes who sit
down and pretend to read newspapers
while ladies stand up. There was one
putty-faced dude who wasn't reading.
He didn't dare look me in the face. He
fumbled around in his pockets and
pulled out a newspaper, and when I
looked at him he began reading it up-
side down. Some men would do any-
thing rather than stand up and let a
lady sit down. Then the brute of a
conductor asked me if I didn't have
small change when I gave him a five
dollar bill. Of course I had, but I
wouldn't give it to him after he had in-
sulted me before the car full of people,
not that I cared for them, though.
Then he looked at the bill suspiciously,
and carried it off on the platform and
asked the driver if it was good. He
then went through the car and asked
every man if he had change. None had
any, of course, and he had to give it
back to me. I hope he had to pay my
fare himself, just because he was such
a selfish brute. But he was like all you
men."

"At Twenty-third street a woman got
in the car with that lovely dress pattern
I saw on Broadway last fall and wanted
you to buy for me, but you said it was
too expensive. She had it made over,
and it was perfectly beautiful. I knew
it didn't cost her over \$50, and it was
worth twice that much. You will see
how much it costs when I get my new
dress next month. Dress goods are
twice as high now, but you always
think you know so much about such
things."

"I got out at Fourteenth street and
was walking past that new building on
Sixth avenue. You know which one I
mean? It has such lovely windows.
They are plate glass and reach clear
across the street, and are filled with
the greatest bargains I ever saw. I know
some of the lace that they have marked
down to 60 cents didn't cost one cent
less than 60 cents. Well, right over the
top of the building there is a scaffold
and there were some men working on it.
They had a pile of bricks and a whole
dry goods box full of mortar. I met
Mr. Jones there—that pleasant-faced
gentleman who comes here and talks so
beautifully about Paris and the latest
fashions. He had his charming little
pug dog with him, and the moment he
saw me he bowed and that dear little
doggie barked. You know the last time
he came here I gave him your slippers
to play with. He is such a cute little
fellow. He nearly choked to death, you
remember, on the heel of one of the slip-
pers. But you can buy a new pair for
\$2, and you know I never liked that pair
anyway. You bought them without
consulting me. He said he was coming
up to see us to-night."

"Who?" interrupted Mr. Badger, as
he started from his chair. "Jones or
his dog?"

"Mr. Jones, of course; you don't
suppose I would talk to a pug dog, do
you?"

"Well, my dear," continued Mr.
Badger, as he buttoned up his coat, "I
shall have to be out this evening. I
have a business meeting to attend to. I
am sorry I can't stay at home to enjoy
the society of Mr. Jones and the Jones
pug, but I can't neglect business, you
know. I must go right off. I haven't a
minute to spare."

"Leave a widow? What do you
mean? How could he marry?"
"I don't see any reason why Mr.
Jones shouldn't marry."
"Mr. Jones? He wasn't hurt. It
was the dog that was crushed."

"Oh," replied Mr. Badger, as he
seated himself again and picked up the
newspaper. "Is that the terrible adven-
ture you had?"

"Well, isn't that adventure enough?
I was so weak I had to order a carriage
to take me home, and that cost \$4; and
you will have to go without meat for
your breakfast to-morrow morning un-
less you order it yourself to-night, and
Mr. Badger, let me say that the next
time I tell you a story you will under-
stand it at once."

"I doubt it," replied Mr. Badger, as
his wife flounced out of the room to
change her dress for dinner.—Graphic.

New York's Young Men.

Says a New York correspondent:
After the opera I wandered into the
corridor of a prominent hotel and there
I met the cashier of a down town bank.
"Hello!" says I. "We newspaper
men may stay up all night and sleep all
day, but how do you business men man-
age to keep awake all the time? You
ought to be home in bed."
"Right you are," was the response,
"but I am going to-night to Mrs. B's
party, and am waiting for the time for it
to begin. It's got to be impolite to turn
up at such an entertainment before mid-
night. I shall drop around in half an
hour, dance until after four, get to bed
by five, sleep until half-past seven, and
rush down town in time to be at my
desk at nine. Of course I shall be en-
tirely unfit for work all day long, but
you know that a young fellow cannot
afford to miss Mrs. B's party. A man's
business success so largely depends
nowadays upon his social acquaintances
that the social part has to be looked
after sharply. I have been to the opera
to kill time. All the people whom I
shall meet at the ball were scattered
through the opera house, and most of
the women and all the men were in their
ball attire. They simply drove from
the opera house to Mrs. B's, and go on
with the night's enjoyment. It's hard
enough on a business man who has to
be down town early, especially if he is
out five nights in the week, as I have
been for a month; but then I sleep all
day and all night on Sundays, and get
to bed by midnight on Saturday nights,
so I contrive to make up some of my
lost sleep. I sometimes go to bed right
after dinner and sleep from eight o'clock
until midnight, and then have James
call me, and I can then turn up at the
party feeling quite bright, you know;
but it is rather awkward, don't you
understand, to have missed the opera or
the theater and to be mixed up on the
day of the week, as a fellow is sure to
be who sleeps at odd times so and gets
up bewildered between two days."

Yet this young man was only one
of 10,000, probably, who are compelled
to pay equal attention to social require-
ments and business.

What Constitutes Happiness.

In what consists this much sought-for
blessing? In nothing has opinion so
wide a range. Demand an answer from
any number of persons and not two
among them will return the same.
Even your chosen companion and bosom
friend will differ from you. And how
the ideas as to what constitute happi-
ness change with succeeding years. The
youth or maiden would scorn that which
to the child appeared the very summit
of enjoyment. A few more years, and
the sober middle-aged looks backward with a
calm pity to the maiden's love dream, or
the young man's eager and adventurous
pursuits. And as years advance, so do
tastes and inclinations vary; until, per-
haps, life has stretched to that saddest
period of all, when poor humanity re-
turns to childhood's joys. Some who
have studied this problem maintain that
the most exquisite degree of happiness
is attained only by the contrast of some
past sorrow—for the landscape that has
no shadows can never reveal the glori-
ous brilliancy of sunshine. The rays of
happiness, like those of light, are color-
less when unbroken. Sometimes it is
all gladness and sunshine and heaven it
self is not far off, and then it changes
suddenly and clouds shut out the sky.

Education in the East.

Uncle James, just arrived from the
West for a visit, to his little niece:
"Well, Emily, and how are you coming
on at school?" Emily (little eight year
old Boston girl): "Nicely, uncle."
Uncle James: "I suppose you can
read and write and spell with the best of
'em?" Emily: "Oh, my, yes. I study
mental philosophy and the science of
languages, and on Tuesday I'm to pre-
pare a treatise on Psychology and another
one on Friday on Methods of Thought,
and twice a week we have a lesson in
Ethics of Sex, and here is an article
which I am to read to-morrow called
The Brazen Period, and—"
Mamma (entering the room): "There,
Emily, dear, little children should be
seen and heard, and besides your uncle
James is in very bad after his long
journey."

FOR SUNDAY READING.

THOUGHTS AND REFLECTIONS FOR
OUR DAY OF REST

Talmage on Evangelical Christianity—
Teacher on Caring for the Church—Serpent
Worship—Educational Value of Work
Etc., Etc.

"EVANGELICAL CHRISTIANITY."

On Sunday morning Dr. Talmage se-
lected for his text Revelation x, 9—
"And I went unto the angel and said
unto him, Give me the little book, and
he said unto me, Take it and eat it up;
and it shall make thy belly bitter, but it
shall be in thy mouth sweet as honey."
Dr. Talmage began his sermon with a
description of John on the isle of Patmos,
and told how in a dream all these
things were revealed to him. What this
little book was, said the Doctor, I do not
profess to know. On this subject com-
mentators are much divided. To me,
however, it is suggestive of the crowds
of the churches, which to the scornful and
blasphemous crowd are a sweet morsel,
but which, when swallowed, are found
to be bitter and indigestible. Men laugh
at creeds, as if they were absurd and un-
necessary. Why, we have all our creeds.
We cannot do without our creeds. The
only being who has no creed is the idiot.

Dr. Talmage then gave a description
of what he called "Evangelical Christi-
anity." It was not a thing of shreds and
patches, inharmonious, incongruous, in-
consistent. On the contrary, it was a
well rounded, homogeneous, consistent
whole—a perfected thing, healthful, ro-
seate and full of beauty. It was of this
Christianity he desired to speak. It was
this Christianity he desired to defend
against the jeers and jibes of the scoffer
and the blasphemer. It was said of the
Presbyterians that they believed and
taught that the children of the unregener-
ate go to hell at death. If any man
would find him such a Presbyterian—a
man who so believed and so taught—he
would give him a title to all the property
possessed, with the right to possession
to-morrow. It was a libel on Presbyte-
rianism. And so Episcopacy was mis-
represented when it was said Episcopas-
tians put their faith in mere forms and
symbols; and the Baptists, when it was
said they believed that no one can get to
Heaven unless he was first immersed; and
the Methodists, when it was said of
them that they could save themselves
and that they needed no Holy Spirit to
help them.

Men laughed at the Trinity. It was
inconceivable. It was absurd. There
were many things besides the Trinity
which men could not understand. It
would be all explained by and by. What
they could not know now they would
know hereafter. Men laughed at the
doctrine of justification by faith; yet it
was this doctrine which, proclaimed by
Luther, gave new life to the nations.
Men laughed in like manner at regene-
ration and at the doctrine of vicarious
sacrifice; yet there was nothing more in-
telligible than one, nothing of more fre-
quent occurrence than the other.

SERPENT WORSHIP.

Serpent worship, it has long been
known, was a peculiarity of some of the
Malagasy tribes. The Rev. Mr. Little,
for several years a missionary in Madaga-
scar and who has just published a book
on "Madagascar and Its People," tells
the following story: "Not many years
ago, somewhat disgusted with the
practice as it prevailed among the Be-
tileo tribe, he resolved to exhibit the
folly of the same, and if possible to
bring it into contempt. It was known
to him that a large serpent was a daily
guest at a certain house, where he was
addressed by name, and whither he made
daily visits from the forest. The good
priest went to the house just as the ser-
pent was creeping up to the door. Seizing
a club, he dealt the hideous
creature a deadly blow. The entire
tribe rose against him and he had to flee
for his life. "Many of the Betileo
families," he adds, "have small en-
clores near their dwellings where they
maintain numbers of these reptiles and
regard them with the utmost rever-
ence."

EDUCATIONAL VALUE OF WORK.

The Rev. Dr. Charles Parkhurst:
Work intensifies our power. It sets like
a voice which imperiously commands our
scattered energies and marshals them
into a solid phalanx. The difference be-
tween men is not so much a disparity of
power as a disparity of concentration of
power. Work stops the dissipation of
our powers and compresses them, and so
makes them stronger. Difficultly is one
of our best friends; it has been called
the raw material of success. Work takes
judgments and opinions formed in
school. All Egyptian schooling must be
tested by some Arabian campaign. Your
theories may be very fine but they are
not legal tender till indorsed by ex-
perience. A teacher is best taught by
teaching. Doing is tuition. Action de-
velops all the weak places. Work en-
larges our hearts and thoughts by hold-
ing us in close contact with the cur-
rent of life.

THE FURROWS STORY.

Some few months since an interesting
account was given of a successful mis-
sion which was being conducted on the
island of Furrows by Dr. McKay, a
young man of commendable ability.

had come completely under the influ-
ence of the mission. Dr. McKay's re-
ports were of the most encouraging
character. It now appears that the
French crusade has proved most disas-
trous to the mission. The premises, in-
cluding schools, suitable dwelling for
the missionaries and a substantial
church, have been completely destroyed
by the Chinese mob, and the converts
have been robbed and beaten.

ROYAL CONTEST.

One of the most powerful of the native
princes in Central Africa is King Mfesa.
In the Uganda district he is supreme.
He has given the missionaries from first
to last no little trouble. He was at first
friendly and gave them a cordial wel-
come. Then he announced his determi-
nation to abandon Christianity and
Islamism, and to carry his people back
to paganism. Latterly he has been
more tolerant, and the mission work has
been carried on at Uganda, where a
church has been built. The latest ac-
count is that his two favorite daughters
have been received into the church at
their own earnest request. The example
will not be without its influence.

MR. REEDER ON COGNAC.

After the long prayer Sunday morn-
ing, in Plymouth Church, Mr. Beecher
took occasion to extend his sympathy to
all who were afflicted with colds; "but,"
said he, "while those who have colds
must cough, I have noticed that the
time to cough can be controlled. For
instance, I noticed during the prayer
there were very few outbreaks, while as
soon as it was over there was a perfect
wave of coughing which swept over the
whole church. Now, I want to say that
coughing is injurious, and therefore I
hope you will try and control your-
selves." No coughing was heard during
the sermon.

Gen. Grant's Refusal of Aid.

Regarding General Grant's refusal to
accept the fund being raised for his
benefit by Cyrus W. Field and others,
Mr. Field said that he as much as any
person was surprised at General Grant's
decision.
"But what could I do after receiving
that letter from the General?" said Mr.
Field. "I had only to accept it, for I
have not seen General Grant yet, and know
nothing more than the public, though I
may imagine a thousand things."
"And what do you imagine?" was
asked Mr. Field.
"I could imagine that the General de-
clines by reason of personal hesitancy,
and I might imagine that some friend
had possibly come forward and taken
up Mr. Vanderbilt's claim against him.
I cannot imagine that the General
would part with all his relics and re-
membrances. I know I have things in
line that I would not part with for
anything."

"Will you retain the subscriptions
made until you have seen General
Grant?" was asked.
"Oh, no," he replied, "not a dollar.
I have already returned every cent sub-
scribed for. I had no right to it after
General Grant had said he would not re-
ceive it."

"How much had been subscribed?"
"I will say nothing about that. Gen-
eral Grant did not himself know, but
there would have been no difficulty in
raising the sum. Mr. Vanderbilt told
me the property of the General would be
intrinsically worth \$160,000 to
\$170,000."

Under Each Arm.

Col. "Fred" Burnaby, killed at Abu
Klea, was in his youth passionately fond
of gymnastics, in which he excelled
above all his fellows. There used to be
in one of his clubs a colossal dumb-bell
in a glass case with the offer of a heavy
wager that no man would hold it out at
arm's length for the space of sixty
seconds. The wager was never won,
though Burnaby made nothing of ac-
complishing the feat. Among the many
stories of his physical prowess one re-
lates to a period shortly after he joined
the Blues. The regiment was down at
Windsor, and a horse dealer who had
come into possession of a couple of very
small ponies had them taken thither by
command to exhibit them to the Queen.
Before going to the Castle he showed
them to the officers of the Blues, to whom
a happy thought occurred. Burnaby,
who was captain then, was in his room
on the first flight. With some trouble
the ponies were got upstairs, and the
door quietly opened, they trotted in un-
announced. This was a capital joke,
and had a great success. But, as pre-
sented, it had a gloomy side.
The ponies had gone upstairs quietly
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CHILTON VIEW.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., APR. 26, 1885.

Grant still lives.

The Alabama Medical Association met, in annual convention at Greenville, on the 14th inst.

Statistics show that one hundred thousand people are killed by whiskey where one person is killed by a mad dog.

A company of about thirty cadets from the State University, at Tuscaloosa, will enter the contest for the special cadet prize at the New Orleans drill.

Ex-President Jefferson Davis is seriously ill at Biloxi, from rheumatism and breaking out of his wound received in Mexico 38 years ago when he was there fighting the guerrillas.

The Philanthropist, a neat and new little paper published at Howard College, Marion, Ala., brightened our office this week and we gladly place it among our exchanges. Capt. W. L. Sampey, a son of our worthy townsman, Mr. Jas. L. Sampey, is on the editorial staff of the Philanthropist and is also business manager.

It is with pleasure that we place the Southern Mining and Manufacturing Journal on our exchange list. It is published at Birmingham, and is a feature in journalism that has been long needed in this state. The purpose of said journal will be to set forth the vast mineral wealth of Alabama, and bring our mining and manufacturing industries more into public notice.

CHANCELLOR McSPADEN.

Smith's Advertiser.

Governor O'Neal on yesterday appointed Senator McSpadden, of Cherokee county, to be Chancellor of the Eastern Division, vice Chancellor Neil S. Graham resigned. Mr. McSpadden was chancellor of the old Northern Division some years ago and was, at the time of his present appointment, a State Senator. He has held other important trusts and is eminently qualified to discharge the duties of a chancellor, and the Governor, no less than Mr. McSpadden, is to be congratulated. It adds another to the long list of wise appointments which Governor O'Neal has made during his administration and for which he is so happily noted.

Samuel K. McSpadden was born near McMinnville, Tennessee, November 21, 1821, and is therefore nearly sixty-four years old. His father was a Presbyterian minister, and the son received a limited education. At the age of sixteen he was apprenticed to a saddler, worked at that trade only, eighteen months, having at the end of that time purchased the remainder of his time. In January, 1842, he traveled on foot to Alabama, reaching this state with a sack of tools and one dollar and seventy-five cents in cash. He worked at his trade as a saddler and read law at odd times until 1850, when he was admitted to the bar. Among those who aided him in his studies was ex-Judge Samuel F. Rice. In 1856 Mr. McSpadden was elected Brigadier-General of the State militia, and in 1857 was elected to the State Senate. He entered the late war as Major of the Nineteenth Alabama and in 1861 he became Colonel of that regiment. At the battle of Resaca he was captured and remained a prisoner on Johnston's Island till the war closed. In 1865 he was elected Chancellor and held that position till displaced by Congress in 1868.

Chancellor McSpadden stoutly opposed the proposed increase in the salaries of Chancellors during the late session of the legislature and did much to prevent the increase from \$2,250. The distinguished gentleman can now see how it is himself.

Flat Jostitia Rust Culum.

Editor View:—I found the last issue of the View (April 2nd) a very interesting one. I particularly admired the outspoken communication of "Citizen," who is very properly surprised and disgusted at the action of Judge Cobb in the case of the Grand Jury. The report of the Grand Jury found that crime is on the increase in our county. It is to be hoped that the action of Judge Cobb may not have a tendency to further criminalization and lawlessness. But such a result is to be feared. The report of the Grand Jury, while emphatic and outspoken, is not complete in its denunciation of crime. It is not the purpose

of your correspondent to make any specious complaints in this particular, as he has "no axe to grind," but it is a fact that he has never seen a satisfactory grand jury report emanating from a grand jury of Chilton County. A dozen such men as "Citizens" if they could be had in the jury room, would make a considerable difference in this respect, and they could be depended upon to carry their investigations for enough to make a satisfactory report on all subjects concerning the interest and material welfare of the county.

The article on the rejuvenation of Clanton, should stir up some of our citizens to work for the common good. The town has very great advantages, and the instilling of more life and energy and less of the lazy sociability into some of its citizens, might result in much good to all. Too much loafing and too little business always works badly. A sociable man in these days of push and pluck is best described as one who has ten minutes of idle time on his hands, in which he can go and bother some other man who hasn't. I hope to see a change in Clanton soon—a change to less loafing and more business.

Obituary.

Mrs. E. A. Kenney departed this life February 18th, 1885, at Elmore, Alabama. After a year of patient suffering and christian resignation, she now "asleep the sleep that knows no waking" till the eternal trumpet shall sound. She had been for a number of years, and so remained up to the time of her death, a devoted and consistent member of the Methodist Church. Her whole character and conduct indicated the goodness of her nature. She was long our true and tried friend and neighbor. In sickness she was ever ready to soothe and comfort, and in sorrow and suffering to extend the kindest sympathies of sincere and unpretentious goodness. The few weeks that have elapsed but causes us to realize more fully the loss that we have sustained. But our loss is but an accession to the happy hosts that have gone before, and is her eternal gain. Her last words, that "the beautiful gates were ajar," that they had been opened for her by a little child friend of hers recently gone before her that she might enter in, were but an anticipation of the happy fate that awaited her. A FRIEND.

Rock Spring Locals.

Health of the community good. Corn planting is the order of the day just now.

Rev. Mr. Dawson preached at this place Sunday.

Mr. J. B. F. Dawson, of Bridgeport, Ala., visited his father, Dr. Dawson here last week.

The committee appointed to make arrangements for building the new church, has made their report. The house is to be 24 by 40 feet.

The mad dog excitement which had about subsided, was renewed by Rev. B. M. Honeycutt's dog going mad the other day. Luckily it did no damage except biting one cow and one hog before it was killed. We hope our next legislature will impose a tax on dogs, which will do away with so many useless curs, and free ourselves, wives and children from so much danger.

Died, April 2nd, Mrs. Millstead, wife of our esteemed citizen Mr. Wm. Millstead. Mrs. Millstead was about 60 years of age, and was much beloved by all who knew her. She leaves an aged husband, several children and a host of relatives and friends to mourn her loss. We sympathize with the bereaved ones. Success to the View. HUGO.

Dead-Heading on the Press.

From an Exchange.

The prevailing idea that newspaper people are dead-heads is a grave error. There is no interest on earth that is expected to, and actually does, give so much to society, without pay, as the press. Instead of being dead-heads, newspapers are the victims of dead-heads. Not a day passes but what they are imposed upon by the public. Every publisher will bear us out in what we say. As a matter of fact, the press endures more genuine dead-heading than any other business in the world. The pulpit, the drama, religion, and charitable societies, financial and industrial corporations, everybody who is anything or expects to be anything, is a leech upon the liberality of the press. A fellow "gives" to the editor a pass to a twenty-five cents show, and then expects \$10 worth of advertising. A weak and doubtful enterprise is sought to be established, and the press is called upon to give it strength and encouragement. A preacher wants free puffing to make his sermons go down with the people, and a civilian asks the press to make him popular. An actor becomes the editor's mortal enemy if the man of Fabers does not bestow upon him dollars and dollars in free advertising. The dull actor expects the press to say he is live and entertaining; the quack thinks it is the newspaper's duty to tell the world that he is honorable and skilled. The editor is the one to whom fools look to give them talents, thieves to give them honor, knaves to give them respectability, the guilty to give them the cloak of innocence, swindlers to hide their roguery, and frauds to cover up their cheating; the vain expect to be extolled by the press; as a thing to be imposed upon at will; a thing from which every one is in duty bound to get all he can and return as little as possible. A small-souled

man will give the press a five-dollar advertisement, and then consider himself cheated if the editor does not write him twenty-five dollars worth of good local notices. It is about time this sort of a thing was stopped, and for the people to understand that the press is not a dead head, but chief victim of dead-heads. A newspaper gets nothing that purports to come gratuitously, that it does not pay for four-fold, and it gives much in true charity that the people erroneously think they get pay for. Therefore it is to your interest to support your home paper—not grudgingly, but in a liberal spirit—as a pleasure not as a disagreeable duty—as an investment that will pay the expenditure.

At a meeting composed of the Bar of Clanton, and of the visiting attorneys at this term of the Chancery Court, the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That it is with much regret that we have heard of the resignation of Chancellor N. S. Graham, as Chancellor of the Eastern Chancery Division of the state of Alabama.

Resolved 2nd, That in his resignation Alabama loses from its judiciary one of its ablest, purest and best judges, whose aim has ever been to administer his trust without fear or favor, and in such manner that the law should always triumph.

Resolved 3rd, That he has won for himself the admiration, confidence and respect of the legal fraternity, and the people of this district; and we hope he may be soon called into a larger field of public usefulness, where his real worth may be seen and fully appreciated, and where he may receive compensation for the services rendered.

Resolved 4th, That we denounce the policy of our state government in failing to provide adequate compensation for the judicial and other officers.

Resolved 5th, That these resolutions be read in open court and asked to be spread upon the minutes and a copy thereof furnished the CHILTON VIEW for publication.

J. S. EDWARDS, Chairman.
S. G. Dr. Bess, Sec'y.

A Tar-Heel Kiss.

Wilson (N. C.) Mirror: Up the perfume-scented avenue of love and under the roseate archway of Hygieia they had passed into the joyous realm of that higher and holier existence where soul meets soul, on limped waves of ecstatic feeling, and hearts touch hearts through the blended channel of lips in rapture linked. They had just been made man and wife and their souls must meet and "swap a swap" of labial endearment. And now, how can we describe that oscillatory performance? It was not a spasmodic kiss, like a stopper flying out of a champagne bottle; or a secret kiss, like a cow pulling her foot out of the mire; neither was it one of those long, lingering, languishing kisses, which lovers give when hid by clustering vines from the glance of moonbeams. Oo—none of these,—but it was to be alliterative, a kind of slunch-wit, slandicular, soup-sipping, sop-sipping meeting of the lips, which went for the whole hog of endearment or none; and that is the way two hearts began to beat as one.

There is lots of truth in the following, which suits this latitude: You may be able to get a large city weekly filled with murders, scandal cases, cock fights, etc., for the same money that you pay for your local papers or less, but these city weeklies never advertise your country and make your property valuable. They do not help along your schools and churches; they do not publish your county news; they say nothing of you and your town and have no interest in you. A good newsy paper is as much advantage to a town or county as are good schools. If one of our farmer friends should happen in one of those city offices he would find out in two minutes that he had no cordial welcome there, such as he would receive in a printing office at home. Stand by your home papers, they stand by you, and are ever on the lookout for your interest.—Ex.

NOTICE.

Having just put in operation a new

FIRST-CLASS

GRIST MILL,

I am now prepared to grind your corn for 1 toll. I have the Cooley rocks, from Mulberry creek. They are 31 feet. My mill has given general satisfaction to all who have tried it. Edmund Hayes, Lee Hayes, Leslie Broadhead, James Hayes, all of Milledgeville, Ala. April 2nd. T. J. Scott, Register.

Try Dr. Jackson's Liver Pills.

They are sugar coated and will please any one. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

Miss Nellie Kent, Washington, Lorain county, O., writes: "Dr. S. B. HARTMAN & Co., Columbus, O., Gentlemen: I have been a great sufferer from chronic catarrh, bronchitis and neuralgia of the face. I have been taking your PERRINA for one month. The neuralgia and catarrh is almost well, and the cough is much better. I like your PERRINA very much."

C. E. Dupler, aged thirty-four years, of Equality, Illinois, had been affected with a chronic catarrh which he first discovered six years ago. In succession he lost his smell, taste and hearing. The disease was so malignant that it not only attacked the softer parts, but destroyed the bony partition of the nose and seriously affected the external parts. He could only hear a watch ticking by holding it close to his ear. He suffered intense pain in the nose, from which green, dry clots of offensive odor fell. In this condition he presented himself to Dr. Hartman several months ago. He can now hear a watch eight inches from his ear and six inches from his left ear. His taste and smell are again returning, and the external part of the nose is quite well. Few more grateful patients ever left a physician's office than Dr. Dupler. He said, "Why in the world was PERRINA not prescribed for me long ago?"

Cramps of the Stomach. We have the privilege of reporting the following case. A lady similarly affected can get the name and address of Dr. Hartman. This lady does not want her name in the papers. For a year or years (the writer does not remember the length of time) this lady had cramps, the most fearful of the stomach, every day and night, which would be followed by that terrible weakness, which was something more than a paralysis, and all distress of this lady was indescribable and almost unbearable. After all the physicians and medicines had failed, and all hope had almost fled, Dr. Hartman was consulted, and from the first day of taking PERRINA, the cramps and all bad feelings left her, and now for over a month she has been entirely free from every symptom. A more thankful patient no doctor ever had.

Mr. Rogers, druggist, Charlestown, Massachusetts, writes: "PERRINA is a most valuable remedy. I consider it a splendid medicine."

Dr. J. Anderson, Co. 10th, Ohio, writes: "Your PERRINA acts well and gives great satisfaction. I consider it a splendid medicine."

COLLINS' AGUE CURE

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR AGUE, CHILLS, FEVERS, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA OR FLUX.

It is a Perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has no equal as a prompt and permanent cure for CHILLS. One Bottle at 50 cents, will cure as many as five cases of Ague, Biliousness, Headache, Diarrhoea, or Flux.

A few Alabama Testimonial Letters: Pickens Landing, Ala., Dec. 10, 1884. Collins' Ague Cure given me a permanent cure for Ague, Biliousness, Headache, Diarrhoea, or Flux. I feel like a new man. G. F. NICHOLS.

Doan, Ala., Dec. 12, 1884. Collins' Ague Cure has cured me of Ague, Biliousness, Headache, Diarrhoea, or Flux. I feel like a new man. J. W. BARKER.

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DUNCAN'S COUGH BALSAM

THE ONLY INFALIBLE.

THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE

The great remedy, now so widely known and extensively used, stands without an equal and is deserving merits so well established as to need no praise to those who have used it or know of its remarkable cures. Thousands of sufferers who found no relief from any other source are willing witnesses to the great medicinal virtue and remarkable curative power of this medicine. Many certificates of its fine effects and expressions of gratitude for benefit received reach us from all sections. It is not claimed that the Balsam will cure consumption in its last stages, but that it will effectually check this terrible disease in its incipient and palliative sufferings all through its stages, there can be no doubt; and for all forms of Coughs arising from colds and bronchitis, without a parallel. A positive and rapid cure for croup, which so often resists all medical treatment. The medicine is pleasant and does not sicken the patient. For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per box.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S Liver and Kidney Medicine.

Of all the remedies now before the public for the treatment of the various forms of Liver and Kidney diseases, and the affections that arise from the unhealthy condition of these organs, the great preventive of malarial troubles, the sure cure for all forms of Dyspepsia and indigestion, the most reliable remedy for the regulation of the Bowels and Kidneys, never failing to cure constipation. An absolute remedy for Headaches, Sore throat, Dizziness, Feeling Want of Appetite, Nervousness, and all other diseases of the Bowels, Stomach, Kidneys and Liver. The best family medicine sold. It is harmless and safe and not unpleasant to take. Price 75cts.

Duncan's Carbolic Ointment.

Old Sores, Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Pimples, Frost bites, Chapped hands, Wounds, Hairs, etc., readily relieved by Duncan's Ointment. Price 25cts.

The above medicines are for sale by M. J. GREENE, Clanton, Ala.

THE BIRMINGHAM STEAM LAUNDRY,

1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

makes a specialty of laundering collars and cuffs sent them by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at this office. Information also given by us in regard to prices, etc. feb12tf

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

Mrs. W. A. Childs, PROPRIETRESS.

Bibb St., One Block From Temple Building.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

L & N

THE GREAT Through Trunk Line

From New Orleans to St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, and all the great cities of the South and West.

Through Coaches

From New Orleans to St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, and all the great cities of the South and West.

Through Coaches

From New Orleans to St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, and all the great cities of the South and West.

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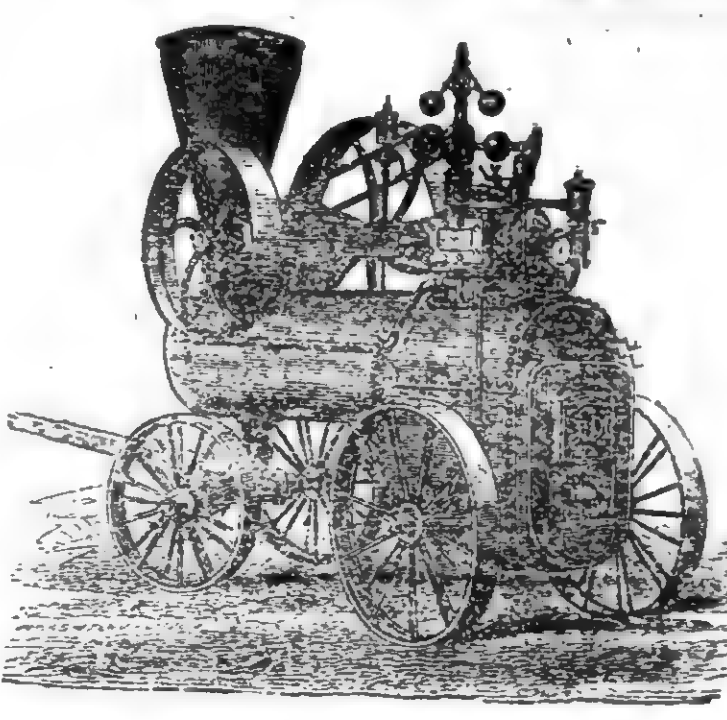
From New Orleans to St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, and all the great cities of the South and West.

Through Coaches

From New Orleans to St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, and all the great cities of the South and West.

Through Coaches

Slaton & McGlathery, Birmingham, Ala.



—DEALERS IN—

Wagons, Buggies, Carriages and Machinery.

We make specialties of Russell & Co.'s and the Watertown, N. Y., Machinery, such as

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS &C.,

Wholesale and retail dealers in leading brands of first-class COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS. Correspondence solicited in regard to anything in outline.

ELMORE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS and LIQUOR

DEALERS,

Cor. Commerce and Bibb Streets,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Jan 1-3m

New Goods! New Goods!

B. WELLMAN'S

"Louisville Clothing House,"

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Bottom Prices at Last!

"The Best Goods for the Least Money," is the motto of this

House, and I am now selling an immense stock of Fall

and Winter Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Feb 15-tf

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY.

1926 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570. June 19 y

NATIONAL HOUSE

NOS. 101, 103, 105 and 107 CORNER COMMERCE AND BIBB STREETS.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

BY THE DAY OR WEEK FOR TRANSIENT CUSTOM.

This House has a New Outfit. Largest and Coolest Rooms in the City.

Terms Fifty Cents A Night.

Special Large Rooms fitted up and Reserved for Commercial Tourists.

RESTAURANT UNDER THE HOTEL. June 19 y O. BURKE.

NATIONAL RESTAURANT

105 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

OYSTERS, FISH AND GAME.

WHEN IN SEASON. MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.

And sent to private routes in the National Houses when ordered.

MEALS FIFTY CENTS EACH.

D. H. LEWIS, Proprietor.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., APR. 18, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE N. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:30 a. m.

No. 3 at 6:22 p. m.

No. 7 at 3:47 p. m.

No. 9 at 5:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 9:31 a. m.

No. 12 at 10:31 a. m.

No. 4 at 10:03 p. m.

No. 8 at 7:25 p. m.

Don't stop.

LOANES.—Regular communications.

Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 221, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—S. S. Graham.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—James T. Southern.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honecutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Arree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr., Messrs. Robinson, R. C. Lenoir, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Read tax sale.

Take your county paper and pay for it.

We hear of a good deal of sickness around here.

Justices' blanks and waive notes for sale at this office.

We do not know of a single vacant dwelling house in Clanton.

Every man in Chilton County ought to subscribe for the View.

Miss Blanche Hyde visited friend and relatives in this place, last week.

Miss Raspberry, of Maplesville is visiting relatives in this place this week.

Baptists of this place are trying to raise money to have their church painted.

There was considerable frost in these parts on Monday and Tuesday mornings, of this week.

Mr. Phillips is having new weatherboarding put on the drug store, and when that is completed will have it nicely painted.

Dr. Jackson's Root and Herb Cordial cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion or Loss of Appetite the greatest strengthening Tonic on earth. Try it once. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

We learn that some additions will soon be made to our court house, in the way of rooms for the grand and petit jury.

We publish elsewhere, resolutions adopted by the Bar of Clanton, and visiting attorneys, at the Chancery court on last Friday, on the resignation of Chancellor S. S. Graham.

Dr. M. J. Green, Clanton, Ala., has taken the agency for Dr. Jackson's celebrated family medicine and Collins' Ague Cure, which is warranted to cure any case of Chills or Disordered Liver, fifty cents per bottle.

While in New Orleans, last week we ate green peas, radishes, lettuce and strawberries. Spring is about a month further advanced at New Orleans than it is here.

Mr. W. H. Foshee and wife, of this place, left on Tuesday morning for New Orleans, where they have gone for the purpose of visiting the Exposition. We wish them a pleasant trip.

When you feel bad, wake up early in the morning and feel tired and have no appetite or energy, you are bilious and verging on a spell of the chills and should try one bottle of Collins' Ague Cure which only costs fifty cents per bottle. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

We learn that there will be a picnic next Saturday at Mr. Blasingame's old mill place near here. We are informed by Mr. Chas. Hamilton, who has been instrumental in getting up this picnic, that there is a platform on the grounds, and good music and dancing will be had for those who enjoy them.

If you want your collars and cuffs nicely done up so that they will look like they are new, send them to the Birmingham Steam Laundry, Birmingham Ala. See advertisement elsewhere.

Why do you cough so when one bottle of Dr. Jackson's Syrup of Wild Cherry and Lung Wort will cure you. It is safe and sure and as pleasant to take as maple syrup. Children will take it before anything else. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Mr. C. D. Rutherford's new grist mill is now running on full time, and turning out excellent meal. Everybody is delighted with it. See his advertisement in another column.

Mr. C. M. Williamson is absent this week. He has charge of the day office at Deatsville, while the operator, at that place, is gone to the Exposition. His position at this place as night operator, is filled by a Mr. Davis, of Columbia Tenn.

We are glad to welcome Miss Sarah Hyde, of Nashville, Tenn., to our little city. We understand that she expects to make Clanton her home in the future, which fact we chronicle with a great deal of pleasure, as Miss Sarah will be quite an acquisition to the elite of our town.

A wreck of a freight train on the L. & N., at Mountain Creek on last Sunday morning, delayed trains going either way for several hours. Three loaded cars were derailed, and had to be unloaded and turned over in order to clear the track. A car load of horses made a very narrow escape, being next to one of the cars that was thrown off.

Mr. S. G. DuBose, whom we left in charge of our paper last week, seems to have given universal satisfaction, not only as an editor, but also as a lawyer. While here he stood an examination on law, and a very creditable one at that, and he was admitted to the Bar. We hope that he may find it to his interest to return to Clanton and "hang out his shingle."

The following cases were disposed of at the last term of the Chancery court, which was held here last week:

M. J. Wilson, pro am, vs. G. W. Wilson. Decree giving divorce and allowing complainant to marry again upon payment of cost.

Adam Scheussler, Administrator vs. James A. Dudley, et al. Decree dismissing original bill at cost of complainant.

T. J. Chandler, Administrator vs. William Huggins and Isaac Abbott. Agreed decree.

MEETING OF THE ALABAMA PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Talladega and Her Surroundings—Excursion to Anniston and Other Points.

Well, "we have been there" and have returned again to our dismal sanatorium to try to write up one of the most enjoyable trips we have ever taken, and to express as near as possible our appreciation of the hospitality extended us by the citizens of the places above mentioned.

We arrived in Talladega on Monday evening the 6th inst., in company with about fifty of our brethren of the Press, many of whom, ourselves among the number, were accompanied by the fairest daughters of their respective sections, and a lovely collection of women never attended the meeting of any Press Association, which meetings, by the way, are noted for the beautiful women always in attendance.

Talladega received us with open arms. We repaired to that palatial abode, the Exchange hotel, where we were assigned to homes for the duration of our stay in the "Highland city." The hospitality extended us by the Talladegans would have done honor to a nobler body of men than our "gang of quill-drivers" and the little courtesies shown us were too numerous to mention.

Talladega, and vicinity, is just now on a substantial boom. On every hand the visitor can see signs of progress. About seven miles below Talladega on the Anniston & Atlantic railroad are situated the extensive lumber mills of Messrs. Rogers & Co., with a capacity of 75,000 feet of lumber and 40,000 laths a day. Quite a little village has grown up around the mills and the postoffice is known as Renfro. On our trip to Anniston we stopped off at the new town of Ironton, situated about half way between Anniston and Talladega, where a large iron furnace has just been completed at a cost of \$250,000. It is owned by the Clifton Iron

Company, composed of such men as Mr. Horace Weir, of Birmingham, and Messrs. A. L. Tyler and Samuel Noble, of Anniston, and probably others.

We arrived in Anniston at 12 o'clock, and drove up to that magnificent structure the "Anniston Inn," which has just been completed at a cost of \$300,000 and is perhaps the finest hotel south of the Ohio river.

After reaching the Inn we were welcomed to Anniston through an address from the Mayor of the city, which was responded to, very appropriately by Bro. Burnette, of the Coosa River News; after which the doors of the dining hall were thrown open, and we were invited in to partake of a sumptuous dinner prepared for the ever hungry editors who were there about 100 strong. The hospitality of Anniston was equalled only by that of Talladega. We took the train again at 3:30 p. m., and returned to Talladega, where we were again taken in charge by the good people of that city, and entertained the following night with a ball and banquet. The ball, given by the Talladega Rifles, and the banquet, given by the citizens of Talladega, both in honor of the Press, were enjoyed to the fullest extent, by all. The concert given by the ladies of the Baptist church, the evening before, was none the less appreciated.

On the morning of the 9th (Thursday) we took an early train to Calera and there we were met by Capt. J. F. Whitfield, with a special train to carry us to the World's Centennial and Cotton Exposition, at New Orleans; of which trip we will give our readers a full account next week.

TAX SALE.

Under and by virtue of a decree rendered at the regular term of the Probate Court of Chilton County, on the 6th day of April, 1885, by the Hon. H. J. Callen, Judge of Probate of said county, I will proceed to sell in front of the courthouse door, in the town of Clanton, Ala., on Monday, the 18th day of May 1885, the following described real estate for the tax and cost thereon, for the tax year 1884, viz:

DEAT 1.

John Dalton—se 1/4 of sw 1/4 sec 51

21 r 15. Tax and cost \$1.57.

Ed. Robinson—E 1/4 and q of sw 1/4

and s 1/4 of nw 1/4 sec 7 1/2 t 22 r 15. Tax

and cost \$5.75.

W. D. Child—Part of s 1/4 of sw 1/4 sec 7

21 r 15. Tax and cost \$1.77.

J. P. B. Jackson—S 1/4 of sw 1/4 and nw

1/4 of sec 20, e 1/2 and sw 1/4 and s 1/4

of nw 1/4 of sec 21, ne 1/4 of sec 24, nw

1/4 and ne 1/4 of nw 1/4 sec 34, w 1/2 of

sec 27, all in t 22 r 14. Tax and cost

\$7.50.

Estate of Edward Gant—W 1/2 sec 6,

ne 1/4 and w 1/2 of sec 9 and n 1/4 of nw 1/4

sec 8, q of ne 1/4 sec 9 sec 23, s 1/2 of sec

32 all in t 21 r 14; the s 1/2 of sw 1/4 sec 2

and w 1/2 of sw 1/4 and nw 1/4 of sec 2,

w 1/2 and sw 1/4 of sw 1/4 and nw 1/4 of

sec 12, w 1/2 of sw 1/4 sec 14, s 1/2 of sw 1/4

and ne 1/4 of sec 25, ne 1/4 of sec 34, nw

1/4 of sec 35, all in t 22 r 14. Tax and

cost \$28.74.

Unknown owner or Wm. Whitfield—nw

1/4 of sw 1/4 sec 34 21 r 14. Tax and

cost \$1.95.

Unknown owner—ne 1/4 of ne 1/4 sec 1

acres sec 6, t 21 r 14. Tax and cost

\$1.22.

Unknown owner—Se 1/4 of ne 1/4 less

one acre, sec 3 1/2 t 14. Tax and cost

\$1.95.

Unknown owner or Z. Channan—sw

1/4 of nw 1/4 sec 3 1/2 t 14. Tax and cost

\$1.95.

Unknown owner—ne 1/4 of ne 1/4 sec 1

t 21 r 14. Tax and cost \$1.95.

DEAT 5.

G. P. Oliver—ne 1/4 of sw 1/4 sec 22 t 21

r 16. Tax and cost \$1.48.

K. Cooper—se 1/4 of ne 1/4 and ne 1/4 of

sec 10 t 20 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.95.

Mrs. Sarah Thompsons—1/4 of n 1/4 w 1/2

sec 26 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$2.90.

Caleb Thompsons—e 1/2 of sw 1/4 sec 28,

t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$6.70.

Unknown owner—n 1/4 of sw 1/4 sec 14

t 20 r 15. Tax and cost \$2.90.

Unknown owner or K. Cooper—e 1/2 of

ne 1/4 sec 10 t 20 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.95.

Unknown owner—w 1/2 of sw 1/4 of sw

sec 30 t 21 r 16. Tax and cost \$1.98.

Unknown owner—sw 1/4 of sw 1/4 sec 32

t 21 r 15. Tax and cost \$1.95.

Unknown owner—s 1/2 of sw 1/4 sec 32

t 22 r 15. Tax and cost \$3.85.

Unknown owner—sw 1/4 of ne 1/4 sec 2

twenty-seven, township twenty-one, r

15. Tax and cost \$1.45.

DEAT 6.

Unknown owner or George Langford—

sw 1/4 of sw 1/4 sec 14 t 20 r 13. Tax

and cost \$1.95.

Unknown owner or J. E. Hewitt—nw

1/4 of the sw 1/4 sec 18 t 20 r 14. Tax

and cost \$1.95.

Unknown owner or J. E. Hewitt—e 1/2

of se 1/4 sec 13 t 20 r 13. Tax and

cost \$2.90.

DEAT 7.

Unknown owner—e 1/2 of sw 1/4 sec 23

t 21 r 12. Tax and cost \$2.90.

Unknown owner or Wm. Lenoir—ne 1/4

of ne 1/4 sec 32 t 21 r 12, range

twelve. Tax and cost \$1.95.

DEAT 8.

Unknown owner or P. Ousley—ne 1/4

of sw 1/4 sec thirty-five, T. twenty, range

twelve. Tax and cost \$2.90.

The printer's fee is to be paid to the

cost. R. M. HONEYCUTT.

April T. C. G. C.

JOHN F. STRATTON,

19 Maiden Lane, New York.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions.

The following is the decision of the United States Supreme Court:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as continuing their subscription.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

The court has decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them unclaimed for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

To All Whom it May Concern.

Take notice that the undersigned will on the 18th day of May, 1885, make application to the Governor of Alabama to remit the fine imposed against him for the offense of selling liquor to a minor, of which offense the undersigned was convicted in the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, at the Spring Term of said court, A. D. 1883.

Moses Pinson.

Books Given Away!

J. W. B. GUIDE TO FANCY WORK—Contains over 200 handsome illustrations, of large 3 column pages nicely bound. It is the only practical instruction in fancy work. With it as a guide, you can make hundreds of beautiful things for adorning your home, or presents for your friends, at a trifling expense. Every lady is delighted with it, as there is no fancy work but that she can accomplish by itself.

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PERFECT CANDY.—A handsome 48 page book, full of hints to make over 100 kinds of candies and other sweet things at home. Regular price 50 cts.

THE HOUSEWIFE.—An illustrated domestic journal, devoted to "What to Wear," "How to Cook," "Fancy Work," "Household Matters," and every subject of interest to the American lady. Regular price \$1.00.

SIXTY FIFTY CENTS, and receive The Housewife on trial for six months, and any one of above books free, or \$1.00 and receive it one entire year, and all of above books free. This is for new subscribers only, who send no money. Address: The Housewife, New York, N. Y.

NOTICE NO. 3900.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,

Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 16, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 2nd, 1885, viz: Walter J. P. Ruel, Homestead 15292, for the e 1/2 of sec. 3, section 3, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Capt. Ruel, J. F. Whitfield, J. F. Whitfield, Mosley and John Chandler, all of Clanton, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

THE Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators; Devoted to collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

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THAT

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TOBACCO,

with Red Tin Tins; Rose Leaf Fine and Choice, Navy Cut, and Black, Brown and Yellow Smalls are the best and cheapest, quality considered.

aug 6

HAVE YOU A GARDEN?

IF YOU HAVE, YOU NEED

SEEDS

and we have the best and cheapest, quality considered.

Free to all, and ought to have a

WM. H. MAULE,

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Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience.

I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-11 Rev. J. G. GURLEY.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME

Sewing Machine

Simple Strong & Sure

CONVICTION FOR PEOPLE IN THE
NEIGHBORHOOD OF ZERO.

The following is an extract from a

HE LAID FOR A WEASEL,

time and place, organize a standing
party and execute the bidding plans, to
the great delight of both parties, who
thereupon have an enjoyable and
interesting time, as they go out to the

There are many pit-falls in a road-

Richard C. ~~1888~~ 1888

Do You Know Him?

Jesus said: "I can do, and I know full well what I speak in promising it to you, because I know the Father who is in me, and the Father who is in you, and the Father who is in the world, and the Father who is in the universe, and the Father who is in the whole of creation."

The report of the State Superintendent

'Rough on Corns.'

CONSUMPTION

growing language of some extracurricular
made by some largely puffed up doctor

HEEL BALL

ARTS

TELEGRAPHY
—AND—
Railroad Agents' Business

Brockton, Mass. Retail dealers wanted.

Rate of Advertising.
One dollar per square, of one half space
or less, for the first, and fifty cents for
each subsequent insertion.

Position	3 m.	1 m.	15 m.
1 inch	\$5.00	\$7.00	\$11.25
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5 inches	25.00	35.00	56.25
6 inches	30.00	42.00	67.50
7 inches	35.00	49.00	78.75
8 inches	40.00	56.00	90.00
9 inches	45.00	63.00	101.25
10 inches	50.00	70.00	112.50

A VIGIL.
BY EDWARD CLARENCE STEWART.
I walk the lone dim hollow,
Past the twilight hour,
But steadily shadows follow
And Night withholds her power,
For somewhere in the eastern sky
The shrouded moon is high.
Dews from the wild rose drip unheard,
Their unforlorn scent
With that of woods and grasses blank,
No muffled flight of bird,
No whispering voice, my footfall stops;
No breeze amid the poplar-tops
The smallest leaf has stirred.
Yet round me, here and there,
A little fluttering wind
Flays now—these senses have divined
A breath across my hair,
A touch—that on my forehead lies,
And presses long
These lips to mine of song,
And now, with kisses cool, my half-shut eyes.
This night? Oh, what is here!
What vision swirls and clings
So softly, so near,
On this returning even-tide
When Memory will not be denied
Unfeathered wings?
My arms reach out,—in vain,—
They fold the air:
And yet—that wandering breath again!
Too vague to make her phantom plain,
Too tender for despair.
—March, Century.

The Two Aunts.

"H'm! H'm! Upon my word! Just what might have been expected! Selfish! Heartless! Cruel!"
Not all at once, as written down, but popping out at brief intervals, sharply and suddenly as pistol shots, the above ejaculations fell from the lips of Mrs. Carpenter Wainwright, as she sat beside an open-grate fire, reading a letter. A lengthy letter, too, closely written upon four large pages of paper. After she folded it, she said more sharply than ever:
"Well, thank goodness her mother is no relation of mine!"
There fell a profound silence upon the room after this last remark. Evidently the news, whatever it was, about the woman who was no relation of hers, touched Mrs. Wainwright deeply. Her brow was clouded, and, as she mused, angry flashes sprang more than once into her large, dark eyes. Upon all sides of her were evidences of wealth, and her own dress, though a morning negligee, was costly and in exquisite taste. She was not young—past seventy—yet she carried her tall figure erectly still, and her eyes were brilliant as those of youth.
While she sat in profound thought there was a tap upon the door, followed by the entrance of a young girl, just touching eighteen, with a fair, sweet face, lighted by eyes as dark as Mrs. Wainwright's own.
"Aunt Cora," she said, brightly, "shall I read to you now?"
The old lady looked into the sweet face with a keen glance, as if questioning herself somewhat about the girl—then she said, absently:
"I have had a letter from Mrs. Pope, this morning."
"With news from Mill Village?" the girl asked, a look of pleasure on her face.
"You are very fond of Mill Village?"
"No; I like the city much better. Still, there are some people in Mill Village I am fond of."
"Theodore West?"
The girl hesitated; then, lifting her bright eyes, she said, frankly:
"I love Aunt Mary, but I don't think that I am very fond of Theodore. She is very handsome, very accomplished, and too fond of patronizing me."
"Ah!"
"You see, she has been pupil teacher at the seminary, and learned all the extra branches to teach again."
"While you were making dresses?"
"Yes, Aunt Mary let me choose, and I knew I could make a living at dress-making, while scholars were doubtful, so near the seminary."
"Your Aunt Mary was very kind to you?"
"Very! She took me when poor mamma died, ten years ago. She could not give me luxury and pleasure as you have done in the last year, but she never made any difference between Theodore and myself."
"H'm! yes. She is your mother's sister, I am your father's. She gave you a share in the house of care and poverty. I have taken you to this one and will not forget you in my will."
The girl's face flushed under the sarcastic emphasis of the words.
"I never weighed one obligation against the other, Aunt Cora," she said, quietly; "you have been very, very kind to me."
"Your Aunt Mary is an invalid, too?"
"She is in consumption. We have feared every winter would be the last."
"H'm! Well, my news is that your loving cousin, Theodore, has copied with the German teacher of the seminary who has taken a situation in Philadelphia."
The fair face grew dusky pale, and an expression of positive horror looked out from the soft, dark eyes. There was a pause of silence that was painful. Then Estelle Mason spoke in a choked voice:
"I want you to read that letter."

"The claim of gratitude."
"But what can you do? You have no money."
"I can work."
"Have I no claim?"
"Only second to hers. You have been very good to me. But you have so many relatives that would be glad to come and fill my place. You are strong and well, with money for every comfort. She is feeble, sick and poor. Oh, how could Theodore desert her? How could she?"
"Do you know who this German teacher, James Kent, is?"
"No."
"He is my husband's nephew. Not mine; but all my wealth came from my husband, and James Kent, knowing me to be a just woman, expects a handsome legacy when I die. Probably when he told Theodore he would be a rich man some day, he did not tell the name of the aunt who had the money to leave."
"I never saw him. He came to the seminary after I came here."
"Exactly! He displeased me! I do not keep people near me who displease me."
Again that cutting emphasis of tone. Estelle did not answer, and Mrs. Wainwright spoke again.
"I expect, therefore, that you will abandon this romantic scheme of returning to Mill Village. There are asylums where your aunt can be received."
"Not while I can work for her," Estelle said very firmly.
"Mrs. Pope writes that she will probably sell her cottage and live upon the price in some such place. A hospital, probably."
"Poor Aunt Mary. You will let me go to her?"
"I do not pretend to control your movements," was the reply, in a cold voice. "When I took you from a life of poverty and toil, to take your place here as my niece and heiress, I expected to have a loving, grateful companion. Since I have been mistaken, you can leave me whenever you desire it. Only I wish it understood that you choose between your Aunt Mary and myself, finally."
Estelle's eyes were full of tears, but she controlled her voice, by a strong effort, to say:
"I am not ungrateful, Aunt Cora, though I never considered myself your heiress. I thank you from my heart, and if you were poor and sick you would not find me ungrateful. But my duty seems so clear to me that I cannot hesitate. Even at the price of your displeasure, I must go. But," she added, timidly, "I hope you will forgive me."
"Oh, I shall not quarrel with you, child. You may go, certainly. Only do not flatter yourself with the idea that you can return here when you tire of your sentimental duties. There, go to your own room, and give me your decision at dinner. Not a word now."
So dismissed, Estelle went slowly to the room where every adornment spoke of her aunt's care for her. She was young and had endured poverty for many years, so it was not without some bitter tears for herself that she faced the situation. She fully appreciated the difference between Mrs. Wainwright's heiress, and a dressmaker toiling for the support of two women; between the petted child of this house of luxury, with servants to obey every wish, and the drudge of a little cottage with an almost helpless invalid to care for. Yet she never faltered.
And when Mrs. Wainwright saw the pale, resolute face at dinner, she knew that she must lose one who was very dear to her. Not for the first time, she regretted her own residence abroad for fourteen years, when she might have been winning Estelle's love, as this invalid aunt had done.
"I see," she said, when the silent, almost untasted meal was over, "you still cling to your idea of duty. Go then. Take with you whatever I have given you, for I want no reminders of your ungrateful desertion. I had rather spare myself the pain of any parting scene. John shall drive you to the depot in the morning, and this will pay your traveling expenses, and help you until you obtain work."
She placed a note for a hundred dollars in Estelle's hand as she spoke, and turned coldly from her. But the girl, now sobbing convulsively, caught her hand and kissed it warmly.
"Do not think me ungrateful," she said, her tears falling fast; "it breaks my heart to offend you. Please kiss me, and give me a loving word before I go."
"There, child, never make a scene! Good-by," and she did kiss the pleading, upturned face.
"May I write to you?"
"Just as you please. I shall not expect it."
And keeping her cold, impassive face, Mrs. Wainwright went to her own room, bolted the door, and came out no more until Estelle had taken her departure the next day.
It was a room most unlike that in which Mrs. Wainwright had taken leave of Estelle, that the young girl entered late in the afternoon of the following day. The little cottage where Mrs. West kept her invalid child, a few years ago, had but few rooms, of modest size, and the furniture was of the plainest.

machine, snapping often to cough, an elderly lady, in plain mourning garments, was seated when Estelle came in. Every trace of agitation was carefully driven from her face, as, with a tender smile, she said:
"Aunt Mary, will you say welcome home to me?"
"Estelle!"
That was all, but the joy of the tone was too warm to be hidden.
"You are glad to see me," Estelle said, brightly.
"Glad, child! glad! My own loving little girl. I have missed you sorely, Estelle. But," she said, suddenly, "you have not quarreled with your Aunt Cora?"
"We heard you were alone," Estelle said, evasively, "so I got permission to make you a long visit. Aunt Cora gave me a hundred dollars for housekeeping."
"Alone!" the mother said, pitiously.
"Theodore has gone, Estelle. My child, whom I never denied any pleasure in my power to grant! Oh, Estelle, it will kill me!"
And looking into the deep, sunken eyes, the hollow cheeks, Estelle knew her aunt spoke truly. The little remnant of life in the consumptive frame was surely to be shortened by the cruelty of her own child.
But by every loving device the self-sacrificing girl strove to keep the feeble flame of life still burning. She let it be known in the village that she was anxious to obtain work as a dressmaker, and soon found employment. Some curiosity was expressed at this sudden return from the "rich aunt" who had taken her away a year before, but Estelle only told the simple truth, that one aunt needed her, while the other did not.
Work, none too well paid, came to the little cottage, and the household duties were shared while Mrs. West could keep about. It was in November that Estelle came to her, and before February she was unable to leave her bed. The duties then of nursing and still keeping up with her engagements for dressmaking, pressed very hardly upon Estelle, but she never faltered. Day after day the invalid was tenderly comforted, and yet the busy click of the sewing-machine was heard far into the night.
There was kindness shown by the village people that helped in this labor of love. Some came to sit up at night, when the invalid required watching. Many a dainty dish, sent to tempt Mrs. West's appetite, proved a sufficient meal for both. One neighbor sent a cart-load of fire-wood, one a barrel of apples, and there was never wanting a kindly word of sympathy. So the dreary winter wore away, and to the surprise of all, Mrs. West lived through the bitter March weather. How tenderly she was guarded and nursed in that trying month none knew but herself; but as the warm spring days came she brightened visibly. Theodore wrote occasionally, seemingly glad that Estelle had come to take the post she had so heartlessly abandoned. In one of her letters she wrote:
"My husband bids me tell Estelle it is as well, perhaps, that she did not build any strong hope upon Mrs. Wainwright's capricious adoption of her, as he will certainly inherit his uncle's money."
Estelle made no comment upon the message, but in her heart wondered if the money could be ever put to any good use in hands so selfish as Theodore's or her husband's. It seemed a bad precedent for any noble action, this desertion of a dying parent.
Summer stole away, every day lessening the invalid's strength, and winter loomed up threateningly in the future. All of Mrs. Wainwright's gift was gone, and poorly paid, often interrupted sewing, was but a slender provision for cold and sickness. Yet the wasted face, growing paler every day, pleaded silently for many comforts; and Estelle, spurred by the night, wrote to her Aunt Cora. It was one of many long letters, but the first that asked for aid. Estelle wrote:
The doctor tells me Aunt Mary cannot live many weeks longer, and she requires almost incessant care, having frequent distressing spells of bleeding and suffocation. I find I cannot supply the comforts she needs; so I turn to you, not to beg, but to borrow. Will you lend me a hundred dollars, and I will faithfully work till it is paid, when Aunt Mary no longer needs my time?
There was the usual curt reply to this letter, but the loan was sent with a brief intimation that the promised payment was expected.
Early in November the end came, gently and painlessly, the dying breath spent in a blessing for the faithful nurse. Never once had Mrs. West suspected that her niece was forbidden to return to the luxurious home she had quitted for her sake, so she had made no disposition of the little property in her power to will away—the cottage and garden around it. It seemed to Estelle, young and ignorant of business, only a matter of course that she should continue to live and work in the cottage where she had nursed her aunt's last moments. But Theodore, who came to the funeral, informed her that he would put the place into the hands of a lawyer for sale, and she must look for a "renting" notice in the next day.

turned from the words, issued almost insultingly, with a sick faltering of her true heart.
"A letter, Miss Estelle," said one of the village boys, tapping at the low window. "I was passing the post-office, and brought it."
"Come and work out your debt to me now."
CORA WAINWRIGHT.
It was a temporary home, at least, and the desolate girl promptly obeyed. In the November twilight, as they had parted, these two met again. The stern, cold woman, who had so harshly put the choice of duties before the warm-hearted girl, was waiting when she entered timidly.
"So you have come back," she said, looking at the pale face and drooping eyes.
"To pay my debt," was the gentle reply.
And Estelle found herself in folded in an embrace so warm that the tears sprang to her eyes.
"Here on my heart!" said Mrs. Wainwright, "craving such love as you give, tender, true, self-sacrificing little Estelle! I tried you sorely, child, only to find you! We will not part again, Estelle, till the grave closes over another old aunt."
And when that hour came, comforted by Estelle's love, Mrs. Wainwright's will was found to leave all her property to her "beloved niece, Estelle Mason."

A TOUCHING SCENE.

A TOUCH OF NATURE WHICH MAKES THE WHOLE WORLD KIN.
The Self-Sacrifice of a Woman Which Changed Heifishness to Sympathy.
"There was a pathetic scene on a train on the Western Division of the Erie recently," said a conductor on that road. "A woman boarded the train at Ocean. She carried in her arms a baby but a few weeks old. It was very cross and peevish, and defied all of its nurse's efforts to keep it quiet. Its cries were at times so loud and piercing that the other passengers could not hide their annoyance, and after a while audible expressions of their feelings came from all parts of the car. The woman was patient under the double trial of the child's troublesomeness and the evident knowledge of the annoyance it was to her fellow passengers. She talked soothingly to the child, placed it in all positions, and tried to so arrange its wrappings as to, in a measure, deaden the sound of its cries. Finally some one in the car, whose impatience had got the better of his sympathy, shouted out:
"If that child can't be kept quiet, I hope it will be removed from the car at the next station!"
"This unfeeling remark seemed to meet with general approval, and the poor woman's eyes filled with tears, and in attempting to speak her feelings overcame her, and she pressed the baby closer to her and sobbed violently. She soon recovered herself, and redoubled her efforts to keep the child quiet. For a short time she succeeded somewhat, but presently the cries of the baby were as loud and prolonged as ever. At last a man arose and said sharply:
"Madam, it would seem to me that the mother of an infant should know how to take at least half care of it."
"The train had now stopped at Salamanca. At the remark of the second speaker, the woman arose in her seat, and, facing the car full of passengers, said, in a voice trembling:
"I am not this poor little thing's mother. I never saw it before yesterday, and I believe it hasn't a living relative. Its father was killed on the railroad a week before it was born. Its mother, living in a distant place, hurried to the scene of her husband's death. The child was born among strangers, and day before yesterday the mother died, leaving her little one with no one to care for it. I lived in the house where the mother died, and volunteered to do what I could for the poor little thing, and to go with the dead woman's remains to her native place. Her body is in this train. I am sorry the child is so troublesome, but isn't it entitled to some little sympathy?"
"The effect of the woman's words may be imagined. There were few dry eyes in the car when she dropped, sobbing, into her seat. All selfishness was lost in sympathetic thoughts of the little wanderer, and a score of hands that a moment before were almost willing to raise in chastisement of the babe were now anxious to extend aid to it and its self-sacrificing guardian. It was a touch of nature that makes the whole world kin."

Successful Song-Carpentering.

"What is the latest popular ballad?"
"Yankee!" replied the publisher.
"Frank Howard, the author of 'I'll Awit My Love' and 'Only a Fanny Blossom,' wrote it—that is, he wrote as much of it as he did of the others I have mentioned. He is a ballad singer with Thatcher, Primrose and West's Minstrel, and his income from song royalties is between \$800 and \$400 a week. No, he is not a remarkable musician. He understands music and has a nice voice. Hundreds of better musicians fall as writers of songs. Howard is the son of an Iowa clergyman. Half a dozen years ago Mill Barlow, the minstrel, found the young man traveling with a liver-pod peddler in the West. Howard by his singing drew the crowds, and then gave way to his partner, who sold the pads. Barlow was struck by the sweetness of Howard's voice, and hired him for twenty-five dollars a week to sing in Barlow, Wilson, Primrose & West's Minstrel Company. His voice and his songs made him popular and he now receives \$100 a week salary. The way his songs are composed would astonish many better musicians. Howard will write the words of a song, and then with three or four members of the company will proceed to hammer a suitable air out of hotel pianos. They will work hour after hour for days, correcting, changing, and cutting out bar after bar until they at last agree that an appropriate air has been made. Then it is written out and tried in public. If at all successful Howard sends a copy to his publisher and it is put upon the market. There is a story among minstrels that Howard paid another singer, Harry Talbot, twenty dollars for the words and music of 'I'll Awit My Love.' If so, it was a good piece of judgment on Howard's part, for he has made two or three thousand dollars on that song since."

PREMATURE BURIALS.

An Undertaker's Belief that People are Often Buried Alive.
"The world would be horrified," said a New York undertaker, "if it knew the number of bodies that are buried before life is extinct. Once in a while one of these cases comes to light, but no steps are taken to prevent their recurrence."
"Something that happened to me about twelve years ago has worried me ever since. I was sent for one day to take charge of the body of a man in Division street. The man was a tailor, and had fallen over while sitting on his bench sewing. He was a big, fleshy man about 40 years of age, and weighed about 250 pounds. The body was warm and the limbs were limp. I did not believe the man was dead, and said so. His friends told me that a physician had pronounced him dead. I was ordered to put the body on ice at once, but I delayed the operation, on one pretext or another, for nearly two days. During this time the body lay on the bench in the little shop. Finally, I could delay no longer. The limbs were still as limp as when I first examined the body. I prepared the body for burial, and the next day it was buried. I do not believe that man was dead when the earth was shovelled in on the coffin. If the same thing were to happen again I would let somebody else do the burying."
"About the same time a young woman living up town was supposed to have died very suddenly. A physician was called in. He said she was dead. An old woman who was present thought otherwise and insisted upon it that she was in a trance. The body was buried. A few weeks later the old woman determined to satisfy herself about it, and bribed the grave diggers to disinter the coffin. The lid was removed and a horrible sight was seen. The young woman had come to life and had made a terrible struggle for liberty. Her hair was torn out, and her face was frightfully scratched. She had turned over on her face.
"A person is generally believed to be dead if there is no action of the heart or pulse. But if a person is in a trance there is no action of the heart or pulse. A vein should be opened. If blood flows the person is not dead. This operation would take about thirty seconds, but it is not often resorted to. Suppose the person is suffering from a temporary suspension of animation. Before he can recover the use of his faculties an undertaker comes in, and he is put in an ice box, where whatever life may have been in him is frozen out. The Board of Health should take hold of this matter and devise some means of ascertaining beyond all doubt that life is extinct before the body is buried. I have thought of a good many different means. A revolving vault could be built in every cemetery where bodies could be placed until decomposition had begun, when they could be buried."

A Fable.

A Woodchuck who had, at great labor and many back-aches, managed to excavate a hole for himself in a hill-side, was resting and congratulating himself when along came a Fox, who said:
"Ah—hm! Just fits me! I've been looking for just such a Den for the last three months."
"You don't mean to steal my Home away from me?" the Woodchuck asked.
"Might makes Right in this Blizzard country, and don't you forget it! Take yourself off, or I'll make you sad!"
The Fox took Possession, and the Woodchuck withdrew, but next morning he peeped that way to find the Fox fast in a Trap at the mouth of the Den. Some boys had baited for Woodchuck and caught a Fox. As they appeared on the scene Bernard called out:
"I am but a poor Fox, while you are Learned and Intelligent Human Beings. You have no right to Sacrifice me in this Manner!"
"Ah! Yes, but this is a Question of Might instead of Right!" was the Reply, as he was Knocked on the Head.
MORAL:
It Comes to be Funny when Both Sides begin to play the same Game.—M. QUAD.

The Amount of Water Trees Absorb.

Dr. J. M. Anderson, in a geological survey report, gives the results of his inquiry as to the quantity of water pumped from the earth by trees. He finds that the average exhalation from soft, thin leaved plants in clear weather amounts to one and a quarter ounces Troy per day or twelve hours for every square foot of surface. Hence a moderate sized elm tree raises and throws off seven and three-quarter tons of water per day. In the report the facts are applied to what is going on in America, where certain inland fertile districts are becoming converted into deserts by wholesale clearing and in other places, such as the plains of Colorado, where only five or six years of irrigation and planting have already produced a great improvement of soil. It is maintained that the deserts of the West are the result of cutting down the trees.

Special Advertising.

Business notices Ten Cents per line, each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of respect, half rates.
Announcing candidates for office, 50 cents strictly in advance.
Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly. Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.
The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE HUMOROUS PAPERS.

WHAT WE FIND IN THEM THIS WEEK TO SMILE OVER.
A Safe Place—A Pretty Girl's Shot—Had Been Eating Oysters—The Dear Children, Etc., Etc.
A PRETTY GIRL'S SHOT.
As they were all coming out of the theatre together young Sypher accidentally trod on the dress of the pretty girl just ahead.
"Oh, shoot!" involuntarily exclaimed the young girl as she suddenly brought up.
Young Sypher thought he saw a chance for a smash.
"You needn't shoot me," he smirked, smartly; "I'm no cow."
"No," the pretty girl returned, with a glance that plumed him to the side of the lobby, "perhaps not now, but you will be when you grow up."
Then she swept on, while young Sypher was so astounded that he actually forgot to light his oyster-stuffed cigarette when he got outside.—Boston Journal.
EATING OYSTERS.
"What makes you think they're engaged, Mrs. Quigley? Did her mother tell you?"
"No; she hasn't said a word to me about it."
"Then I suppose her father mentioned it to your husband?"
"Oh, dear, no."
"Well, I give it up, then. How did you find it out?"
"Why, I met them out walking the other afternoon, and stopped to chat with them a few minutes. They'd both been eating oysters, and I tell you, Mrs. Duckley, a sign like that never fails. They'll be married before three months, or I don't know a mop from a mug-wump."—Chicago Ledger.
IT WOULDN'T PAY.
Through the telephone: "Is that you, doctor?"
"Yes, who is it?"
"Mrs. Merony. Oh, doctor, what shall I do for baby? He has swallowed a dime."
"Well, you surely don't want to spend two dollars to get a dime, do you?" and the telephone ceased working.—Newman Independent.
THE HIGHEST COURTESY.
Woman's cruelty to women has made thousands fail to speak to each other. Closely had just dropped in to congratulate her friend on pleasant prospects directly after Lent.
"Oh, I am so glad for you, my dear. Augustus always was such a charming company. Oh, he's real nice. He paid me marked attention half a dozen years ago."
"Indeed! I believe I've heard him say something about your being a very dear friend of his mother."
The coffee cream frose in the little quaint pitcher on the table. So did the morning's conversation.—Hartford Post.
IN THE REGIMENTAL.
"Mr. Speaker, I arise to place in nomination a man, sir, what we all know, sir, to be a man what ain't got no peer nowher. We all know that he is more than qualified, sir, for the position, for I served with him durin' the war, sir; he will not only represent the great parties, but, sir, the entire State. Durin' the dark and bloody days when the pale face of hunger put its bloody hand on the heart of the nation he was found to be as true as steel, and grabbed the gory wolf by the lappels of his shirt and shook him until he loudly begged for mercy."—Arkansas Freeholder.
THE DEAR CHILDREN.
Deacon Buzard addressed the Sunday school children as follows:
"I will tell you a story, dear children. Little Harry was a real good little boy, but his brothers Tom and George were bad and thoughtless. One day, while passing the house of a poor widow, Tom and George began to throw stones at her cat. Little Harry reminded them that this was very wrong, and remonstrated so earnestly that presently they stopped throwing stones at the cat, and now, dear children, what do you think Tom and George then did?"
"Began to throw stones at Little Harry," was the general shout.—San Francisco Englewood.
WORKED SOME WAY.
"Why are you like the moon, Nick?" up, said his friend Helen. "I give it up," answered Nickup. "Well, because your face is always bright and beaming with good nature," said Helen, and he looked toward the bar. "That ain't bad; I'll just tell that to my wife when I get home," said Nickup, and then he winked at the bartender and told him to "set 'em up again."
"Mary," said he, as he tumbled into bed that evening, "why am I like the moon?" "What is it?" she sleepily asked. He repeated the question. "You come you are full every month in the year," she answered and pushed him.—Chicago Tribune.
HARRY'S REPLY.
"I want to get that my pants tucked under the same pants in a minute." "Who is he?"
"My brother. I want to get that my pants tucked under the same pants in a minute." "Who is he?"
"My brother. I want to get that my pants tucked under the same pants in a minute." "Who is he?"

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., MAY 7, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The much talked of inter-state

The Tuskegee News wants to

The outlook for war between

It is very gratifying to note that

The Bibb Blade correspondent,

On Grant's rather unexpected

The Collector Britton, of Hale,

Colonel Sloss, the leading iron

The people who elected Cleve-

We very much admire the plain

It should be understood that a Pres-

Think the democrats of the Uni-

What a fearful Mauling.

View:—Upon reading

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and a case when I have always

the improvement of the Missis-

It is not an uninteresting feature

Only one sentence of my commu-

If you will pardon me Mr. Editor

Our Exposition Letter.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Apr. 30, 1885.

The grounds about the buildings

The awards recently made in the

The first named state carried off a large

The railroads centering here have

What a fearful Mauling.

View:—Upon reading

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country of a number of people

Callerville Data.

Our warm and dry weather ceased

On the first of May a great many

Another white lady outraged, by

Parties from Dixie and Stanton

Stanton has very interesting

Mrs. M. A. Hare is now near Or-

In my data a few weeks ago, the

A Sunday school was organized

No Wonder.

A man who suffered mental and

Mental agony is dreadful, but when

Mr. Alf. Lusk, of Waver, Ohio, writes:

Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O. I have

Mr. Edgar Harris, of Smithers, Pa., writes:

Calista Fisher, Malvern, Ohio, writes:

Mr. R. W. Russell, of Canonburg,

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Mr. Edgar Harris, of Smithers, Pa., writes:

Slaton & McGlathery, Birmingham, Ala.



DEALERS IN—
Wagons, Buggies, Carriages and Machinery.

Wholesale and retail dealers in leading brands of first-class COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS.

A New Stock of Fall and Winter Goods

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE STORE OF—
W. M. WILSON & BRO.

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—
DRY GOODS, CROGERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE

PURCHASING.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

SASH DOORS BLINDS

Builder's Supplies,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Kalsomine,

Builder's Hardware,

Cement, Lime, Plaster,

Hair.

MANTELS.

119 Commerce St., in Wholesale Block,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

New Goods! New Goods!

B. WELLMAN'S

"Louisville Clothing House,"

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Bottom Prices at Last!

"The Best Goods for the Least Money," is the motto of this

House, and I am now selling an immense stock of Spring

and Summer Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Feb 15-16

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt At-

tention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1926 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570.

June 10 y

NATIONAL HOUSE

NOS. 101, 103, 105 and 107 CORNER COMMERCE AND BIBB STREETS.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

BY THE DAY OR WEEK FOR TRANSIENT CUSTOM.

This House has a New Outfit. Largest and Coolest Rooms in the City.

Terms Fifty Cents A Night.

Special Large Rooms fitted up and Reserved for Commercial Travellers.

RESTAURANT UNDER THE HOTEL.

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W. M. WILSON & BRO.

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Table with 4 columns: Name, Price, and other details. Includes items like 'The Humorous Papers', 'The Lime-Kiln Club', etc.

The Chilton View

JOHN C. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher. "WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION." TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum. VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1885. NO. 27.

Special Advertising. Business notices... The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

HUSBAND AND WIFE

"It's the strangest thing that ever I knew, And the most provoking 'twixt me and you And a woman who's got a man like me, A good provider, and steady and true With all her faults, with faults suited down, And as true a heart as any in town, To be lamening 'cause she child in her Ain't quite as good as he might have been."

Tom Slug.

A STORY FOR YOUNG FOLKS.

"This will never do, Tom," said Mr. Benjamin Slug, as he read his son's school-report for another term. "You must really rouse up, or you'll never make a man of yourself."

Tom thought this was a splendid chance of exploring an ant-hill, and making up to the nest, was about to enter, when two of the guards rushed out, clashing their jaws so fiercely that he felt quite frightened. He was still more startled, however, when one of them asked him what he wanted. On recovering himself, he made bold to ask if he might be allowed to see over the nest. The guards conversed for a moment, and then one of them went inside and presently returned with a kindly, motherly-looking ant, who said: "The queen has been pleased to grant your request and appointed me your guide. Please step this way."

Tom examined one of these brand-new ants very minutely. He found the mouth had two pairs of jaws, which moved from side to side, and not up and down, like his own. One pair of jaws were like toothed scissars, with a sharp-pointed beak. These, he learned, were to fight with. From the front of the mouth sprang two long-jointed things, like a thrasher's flail, but club-shaped at the end. The guide said these were the most useful things an ant had—arms, hand, and nose all in one; and that if she lost them she was the most helpless of creatures. But what wonderful eyes! There were five of them altogether—three arranged in the form of a triangle on the top of the head; and one on each side. The two last were very large, and seemed to be made up of hundreds of smaller eyes. Tom tried to count them, but when he had reached a thousand in one socket alone, he gave it up. Tom also discovered that each ant had a bag in its hinder part, filled with poison, which in fighting it could squirt into the bodies of its enemies. The guide told him that one family of ants had stings as well as poison-bags.

Tom was utterly dumfounded when he heard of ant slaves. "Do ants really make and hold slaves?" he asked, in utter astonishment, of his guide. "Yes, some; not all. We have no slaves, but do all our work ourselves. There is one tribe of ants, the 'Amazons,' great slaveholders; but they do nothing but fight and lounge. They are very brave in war, however, and never take or kill the up-grown ants of a nest, except these try to hinder them from carrying off their young, which they want to bring up and make into slaves. But they have to pay dearly for their laziness," Tom winced.

THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

WORDS OF WISDOM FROM PARADISE HALL.

An Interesting Discourse on Man and His Nature.

"Feller mortals," said the lecturer, as he gulped down a glass of water, and cautiously looked at the three shirt-buttons in the bottom of the glass, "dis human natur' of ours am a strange muddle. We kin feel de sentiment of hate, love, indifference, sentiment, admiration, fear, reverence an' disgust in one short day. We attain de highest amminance, an' we sink to de lowest alums. We reverence one man an' hate another. We feel hilarious one hour an' shed tears de sorrow de next. Stranger dan all de winds dat blow—more valuable dan any weather furnished by natur'—bold an' fearless—weak an' vacillatin'—human natur' can be praised an' condemned in de same breath."

PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

How They are Employed, that is to Say, What They do for a Living.

General Francis A. Walker, in his lecture on "The Occupations of the American People," at the Lowell Institute, said that the census of 1880 gave the total number of persons engaged in occupations as 17,892,000, being 84.68 per cent. of the population of ten years and upward, the total number of the later being 86,761,607. In 1870 the number of those in occupations was 12,805,923, being 82.48 per cent. of the total population, and 48.30 per cent. of the population above ten years of age. The division of the grand total of 1880 among the four principal classes of occupations was as follows:

THE HUMOROUS PAPERS.

WHAT WE FIND IN THEM THIS WEEK TO SMILE OVER.

Not in his Office—A Street Remembrance—Recent Childhood—Fun in Boston, Etc.

THE SHAGBUSH. 1. The winter's almost past, the time is coming fast that brings the genial sunshine bright and clear, clear, clear, and paragraphs gay will shortly put away the seal-skin joke until another year, year, year. 2. The coal man and the plumber, all through the coming summer, will be allowed to take a well-earned rest; rest, rest, and springing from its tomb, the ice cream joke will boom in now and handsome garments gayly dressed, dressed, dressed. 3. The picnic sandwich, too, existence will renew, and jokers on its make-up will decant, cant, cant, declaring it is made of neither ham nor bread, but from the hardest kind of adamant, mant, mant. 4. Then, both in prose and verse, the jokers will rehearse the tale about the lovers who till late, late, late, sit on the stoop and spoon, or 'neath the silver moon together swing upon the garden gate, gate, gate. 5. But this is merely done for purposes of fun, intended as a little harmless chaff, chaff, chaff—no malice in the play—to drive dull care away, and make the melancholy person laugh, laugh, laugh.—Boston Courier.

Oh, Kittie, I love ye, no! *Just* I can't stand it,
You, Kittie, be so sorry, you cryed air on beauty
With a smile thet's on your face—the smile of
a *damned* fit!

That if I can *save* the fruit is *wid* you.

No childs me an' frover, yourself like this thinkin'
How *sorry* you'd be with me were I to go;
And, Kittie, no heart like a stone would be
theater!

But I thought that wid more than you thet ye
could so.

This cas on ye footin', me darlin', nor tane me;
But and this surprise if ye value me I:—
Is course there is minny another could please
me,
An' make, like yerself, me a true, lovin'
wife.

Don't dash wid yer two eyes, I didn't quite
make it:—
Though the truth 'tis the same, an' the dirt
say no—
This come to me *arround*—oh, must I explain
it:—
Me smoke air all out at the heel an' the toe.

There's the pig, the poor darlin', an' sure he is
fussin'!

Wid growlin' an' moanin'—begob it's a sin!
From mor. to 'till night the wate crayther is
wailin'!

An' to use to carry his thwirl to the pin.

This come to me shoaty, I beg of ye, Kittie,
Say yis an' wid joy I'll be heart in a jay;
If not for meself in yer deard ye take it, yit,
Och, Kittie, *remember* the woe of me pig.

CHAS. H. TURNER.

A late March twilight, with a bit of frost in the air, the new moon just dipping its golden horn behind the maple swamp in the West, and the grouse sounding crisply under foot. We had just come in from foddering the cattle—"wus" sounds rather singularly when you reflect that it meant Kitty and me, two girls of 17 and 19 years; but you know there wasn't any one else to do it. Father had been bed-ridden ever since that last attack of paralysis, and we could afford to hire no one to take his place about the farm.

"I don't pity them gals," Neighbor Dyson said. "They might sell the horse and cow."

Neighbor Dyson had generously offered us something less than half-price for them, thinking, no doubt, that we would be thankful to jump at the chance. But Kitty and I, after taking the matter into consideration, thanked him, and declined politely.

"We couldn't keep house without old Mooley, could we, Addy?" said my sister. "There are so many nice dishes we can make for poor father, if we have plenty of good, rich milk and cream, and the butter that we should have to buy at Neighbor Dyson's city prices, would go far to counterbalance the money we should get for Mooley."

"And as for the horse," said I, "he eats but a little; and how on earth could we get around the country, even to the post-office, such weather as this, if it wasn't for old Dobbin, that we have ever and since I can remember."

So it happened that, on this especial March evening, we had just come in from tending to the wants of our live stock. I was in great spirits, playing with Henry, who came to meet us with his sunny tail erect; but Kitty leaned sadly against the wooden mantel, and looked into the fire with mournful eyes.

"Kitty," cried I, at last, "what does make you so dull?"

"To-morrow, is the third of March," said she, gravely.

"What of that?" I demanded.

"Don't you remember? The interest a mortgage comes due to-morrow!"

"So it does," said I, my radiant face falling faster than the thermometer on a spring day. "Thirty-five dollars! And we have nothing to pay it with, except the fifteen dollars Laura Osgood paid for the old melodeon!"

"Perhaps Willis Avery would wait!" suggested Kitty.

I drew myself up slightly.

"I don't choose to ask him to wait," said I.

Now it happened that Willis Avery, who held the mortgage on our home-land, was the son of a neighbor, and an old play-fellow and a boy-bond of my father, who had gone to the prosperous mining city a few miles north of us and commenced business on his own account, and I had a particular aversion to asking aid or help of him in any way. I might be poor, but I was also proud, and Kitty was quite sympathetic enough to understand me.

"But then, what are we to do?" said Kitty.

I sat down on the hearth rug, with my chin in my hands, and stared earnestly at the big crackling black log. Henry crept away and nestled down in the corner, as if she knew by instinct that there was a change of temperature.

"Look here, Kitty," said I, suddenly. "These rascal apples!"

"Well?"

"We can sell them. There are eight barrels at the least. Eight barrels at ten dollars and fifty cents a barrel!"

"My dear Addy, no one will buy them at one-fifth the price. Apples are drag in the market."

"Here, I grant you; but not in the West. I will take them to Mapleton and sell them."

"You will, Addy?"

"And why not? Squire Dyson would give us at least twenty per cent. commission, and make a favor of it at that. We'll afford either the price or the package. Don't say anything about it to mother. He would only fret and raise objections. What must be done, must be done. I am the girl to do it."

"But, Addy, how? All this seems so perfectly wild and visionary to me."

"Well, it needn't; for, believe me, it's about the most practical thing in the world. We have to do us to sort the apples in barrels, nice and sound—I can easily do it by lantern-light to-night—let to-morrow morning we'll take our chance old Dobbin to the market."

"But how are we to get the heavy wagon?" cried the woman?"

"Dobbin!" said I, looking at the horse.

The highest point attained by Mt. Washington, according to H. H. Henshaw, is that of the mountain, which rises 6,000 feet above the sea level, with the exception of the porch, which reaches 6,000 feet, and one or two feet, 3,000 feet is the limit.

JOHN SMITH, a brakeman of the Pennsylvania and Reading Railroad Company, died from injuries sustained last night by falling under some coal cars at Ashbury Park. He had inherited \$3,000, and was in his given up his position as brakeman on the day he was killed.

In Dayton, Ohio, while two little children, aged 5 and 8, were playing in a yard, the little boy innocently asked his sister to lay her finger upon a blood blister he would cut it off. She did so, and he came down upon it with a sharp knife, taking off her forefinger. The child's cries brought her mother to the door.

A DAUGHTER of a prominent Canadian merchant expired after an illness of three weeks. She accidentally pricked her thumb with a needle. She paid no attention to the matter till her thumb began to swell. When a doctor was called, he found that nothing could be done to save her life, as gangrene had set in and her arm was dead nearly to the shoulder.

In BELLAIR, Ohio, several years ago the flow of salt water was obtained from a field was abandoned and forgotten. The operators not being aware that they had struck a vein of natural gas. Later a hunter accidentally lighted the gas in one of the wells, and it has continued to burn ever since with a flame of eight feet high.

The pastor of a colored Baptist church in Baltimore was charged by members of the congregation with having run away with money belonging to the congregation. On hearing he showed that they had never asked him with more than \$6 at a time, intended as a fortnightly installment of his salary, and then crushed him with reproaches by asking someone to explain how he could support himself and his family on such an amount.

The horrible suffering of cattle in Kansas is getting into print. It consists of starvation and freezing. The streams have been frozen to the bottom, and the cattle, in "rattling" for water, have fallen on the ice, and too weak to rise, have been frozen by hundreds. Again, in some places, cattle bunch in big herds for warmth, the weakest being driven to the center and crushed to death. Hundreds of these dead cattle dot the prairies.

The tax cost of the maintenance of roads in the United States is estimated at one-half a cent per annum for each individual," said the Rev. S. T. DeKint, of the Fourth Street M. E. Church, New York, N. Y. "The last census shows that while 33,163 lawyers received \$100,000 every year in fees, 37,000 lawyers get only \$6,000, 0.0." Mr. DeKint also said that \$5,000,000 was paid every year to support the dogs of the country.

An Ohio paper thus enumerates some of the crimes and casualties of the skating rink: "A New Lisbon lady stole her poor old grandfather's false teeth and pawned them to raise money to attend the skating rink. Two New Philadelphia girls stole a crock of lard from their cellar to treat their fares to the rink. Two Urbana girls bought coffee upon the credit of the old folks, afterward sold the coffee, and purchased tickets to the rink."

FETTERWORTH COURT, Virginia, the residence inhabited by the first settlers, and interesting by reminiscences of John Smith and Pocahontas, is returning to its primeval condition in twenty years it will be a wilderness," prophesies a visitor. The residents are old and sad. The young have fled to more promising regions. Deer are scarce where cattle feed, and the oak and pine cover great plantations where negro once cultivated corn and tobacco.

A Nobleman in the Workhouse.

GEORGE von Spreckelsen, a German nobleman, was arraigned in a police court, at Chicago, charged with immoral conduct. Ten years ago he was in good society, having the usual acquaintance of a wealthy German. He went to California and engaged in growing a vineyard. Then he returned to Chicago and opened a large winery, but did not pay, and after a few months he lost his capital. Then he obtained a position in a large mercantile establishment, but betrayed the trust confided in him and became a defaulter. Afterward he married a wealthy widow, but did not live happily together and the disappointed man appeared to lose his manhood and rapidly sank to the level of a common tramp. He is a man of brilliant education and ability. Justice imposed a fine, and Von Spreckelsen will for a time associate with the cosmopolitan society at the house.

The End of Socialism.

A Manchester, England, *Times* reporter's assistant in London, who was in the habit, with his master's sanction, of attending a workmen's district meeting, negotiated for a week to attend the meetings, and the following dialogue took place between master and man. Master—"Well, John, and is it that you have not kept up your share at the Socialist meetings?" (rather confidentially) "Well, sir, I think I shall go my own way." Master—"But how in that, John?" John—"I have found out, sir, that socialism is not quite so fair as I thought it was. As the last meeting I attended, I found that the Socialists were not so fair as I thought they were."

are running a weekly paper at Northern Indiana town of I first met the poor fellow, who is in the *Wabash Dispatch*. I saw how the inhabitants of the town go wild over anything of a nature, and the reigning cause was the work of a blind painter. A party of advertising men just struck the village who at the dead walls and fences in a gaudy way imaginable, the first and artistic touches being done by the painter who was known as "Only Blind Sign Painter." Business with them was every merchant in town cost and wanting work done, for the Blind Sign Painter, who was rather than Reilly, felt his way up and dashed off an artistic sign. The inhabitants of the place turned within the week.

The scheme of the fakirs, which original one and calculated to the ability of the Hoosier Poet, large, frank gray eyes, and of an eagle. When the sun selected he was brought out to the foot of the ladder. A business was to go up a fully feeling his way, then turn into vacancy in an aimless, of style, and bring to bear on a face full of pain and patently failed to draw expressions pathy, and what was more to additional advertising country climbing the ladder, he finger surface, measuring carefully the dimensions of the letter then seizing the brush, the sign off of much more rapidly than painter could do it.

Another catching bit of "Lunatic to stumble on coming down, of the party gave him a shove with an Imprecation and a brace to be more careful.

Shame, shame! Some one thought the poor man away from those "were sample remarks from and on such occasions. One he was up the ladder I caught. My suspicions had been aroused he saw it in my face. Slowly erately, with owlish solemnity, that great gray eye of his which spoke whole libraries. After that I was taken in his corner, and finding he was a good student induced him to leave painting to work in my office, a task which not difficult, for one only regarded "Blind Painter" dodge as a boy and was getting tired of the life was the beginning of his new career. He went to Indianapolis has been doing excellent work of that city ever since. I and his book is netting him quite money and is a success in every

A PIPE LINE FOR WATER.

Snakin Expedition to be Supplied with Water by an American Device.

newspaper correspondent, writes London, says:

The British Government is acting to construct a pipe line from Cairo, on the Red Sea, to Berber Nile, for supplying Gen. Graham with water on his advance across desert country to join Wad The War Office, after long consideration, sanctioned the plan some and contracts for the pumping have been made with a house in New York. A dozen or 20 engines will be required of from 150 to power each. By the terms of contract an engine is to be shipped until its terms are fulfilled. Government has received advice that one was dispatched by the Army Saturday.

The distance from Snakin to Berber is 1,200 miles, while from Cairo, by route, it is about 1,200. The country is rough and broken entirely without water. The pipe is four inches in diameter, the end of the pipes through which of the Pannsylvania field railroad, a longer distance than crossed water line. All the leading manufacturers of the United States have submitted estimates for the Government, but so far no pipe have been placed in London. The contract for the pipe line is about \$750,000, and there is feeling among officials that the manufacturers should have been consulted.

It is a question with some engineers, however, if a portion at least of the contract is not placed in America to the superior quality of work made there. The friction on a pipe of such length is enormous and the cost is correspondingly great. The project meets with general approval among those who have studied the workings of the pipe lines in America. The same plan will be followed for the water and the engines will be duplicated in use there. With such a operation it would seem that the Sudan difficulty, so far as movement of reinforcements is concerned, would be righted.

FOR THE RIGHT BOARDING-HOUSE

pleasant (to the landlady)—"I am going to pay a good price, madam, very particular about my food. I ordered the doctor's case contained only bread with dyspepsia." "Oh, I am sure you are a good man with my table if this is the case. My boarders all have dyspepsia."—Cleveland Folio.

Not a Tragic.

D. P. Pennington, D. D. of the Virginia case, Baltimore, has been charged in law generally as a man of the highest character.

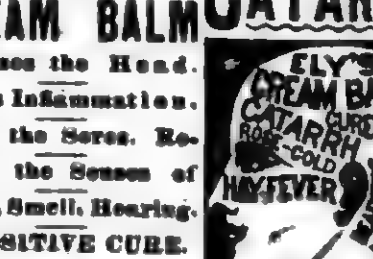
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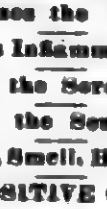


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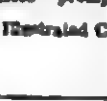
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Table with 4 columns: Name, Age, Sex, and other details. Includes names like John, James, and others.

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VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1885.

NO. 28.

Special Advertising.
Business notices...
Obituary notices...
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The money is due on all advertisements after the first publication.

DRIVING IN THE NIGHT.

The dry leaves dropped upon the way,
With constant sound, like falling rain;
I would give much this weary day
To hear that sound again.

Behind, with sharp and even rim,
Black hills of cloud possessed the sky;
A star was glimmering far and dim
Through a faint light on high.

The woods were dark, and all around
The fields were dark, the pathways dim;
My soul yearned for the living God
Through the thick clouds which foldeth Him.

When all at once, up soared the moon,
With sudden flood of tender light—
A gracious flood, and so I right soon
Woods, fields, and ways were bright.

The solemn trees stretched out their boughs
And caught the light. With quiet mind,
"Surely," I said, "this is God's home;
And where men seek they find."

Tears filled mine eyes, but they were sweet;
And, standing on the shining road,
I knew what Spirit led my feet
By darkness ways to God.

—Good Words.

An Old Maid.

BY LAURA COLLIER.

A lowering morning which made one wish for the sunny South or for Italy, or any place which would make one feel happier than could this dismal morning in Wisconsin. And then to think that this train could not make connection with the eastward bound train! It is hard enough to stop at such a miserable little junction at any time, but to spend three hours here this dark morning must prove the very refinement of torture. There are a dozen passengers who must wait and who prepare to make the best of their stay here. One couple, evidently just married, find the clouds of a very rosy color, and they walk out of the smoky old depot to make a tour of the town, talking eagerly the while. Two young fellows wander meekly about, reading all the old tattered papers, glowing inducements to go West, and ancient time-tables, which invariably decorate the stained walls of a country depot. These young fellows finally utter exclamations of impatience at the dreary monotony, and go across the street to the hotel, hoping to find something more congenial to them. Two ladies at once take their departure for the hotel, and other people stroll about the depot, and there are left two persons, a man and woman, who, after a little time, settle themselves to reading to pass away the weary moments. He reads his paper, the her book, and occasionally, woman-like, she casts a look at her silent companion, wondering what loved ones are awaiting his arrival and whether he is impatient to greet them, or if he feels a man's staidness in regard to it; wondering, too, how it is that each woman thinks the masculine lines connected with hers so full of manly grace and beauty, and who could find manly beauty in those rugged features? Then she turned her gentle eyes toward the window and looked out at the dreary landscape, looked with eyes which saw not outward objects, but were introspective solely. An old maid, commonly supposed to be of the type of discontent and unrest; but here, evidently, the type failed; for this face expressed the utmost of content. Life had been filled with much of sorrow for her, all her bright plans had failed of fruition; once after another she had bidden good-by to them and had turned bravely again to face the coming of a new future, to be peopled again by her bright fancies—the old fancies all dead and gone from her except as they lingered in memory. An old maid she is, so far as years go, but no home is happier than her little ideal home. She has filled its rooms with bright little faces eagerly calling to mother and the dream-later is strong, earnest, helpful and loving. Her dream-home is happier far than many a fine lady's real home; although she has not pictured any grandeur about it. Oh, no, she dreams that the carpets are faded from much sunlight and worn from the tread of many little feet, that there is much planning to "make both ends meet," but she has imagined herself living in this ideal home, and loving unselfishly can make all trials in life seem to ways and means seem very slight indeed. Her companion in this depot is an elderly person, a stout, large man, with keen eyes and a mouth at complete odds with the eyes, not belonging to them apparently. "Often eyes do not harmonize in coloring with the rest of the face, but generally expressions are strongly akin. This man had a sensitive mouth, one with a mournful droop to it. Those who looked at him caught themselves wondering which would conquer—his eyes, or his sensitive mouth?"

A quick flash passed over the gentle face before him—a flash which he knew not instantly and understood—a flash which told of the girlhood yet left to this lonely woman.

"Not that it makes much to me when I am," he murmured. "I can't give up anything better than I've had." "That is a sad thing to say," she said, in her kind way.

"A true thing, though," he responded, and the man's face, which had been so stern and stern, now had a look of sadness and a look of sadness.

THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

WORDS OF WISDOM FROM PARADISE HALL.

Every man into the quiet meeting room, and three prominent members leave their positions.

The excitement which has prevailed among certain of the older members of the club came to a climax Saturday evening. What occasioned the excitement was kept a profound secret among a dozen, but it may be stated here that the rumour was kicked up by Prof. Sunflower Smythe, a local member with a hair-splitting and keen turning in.

For some weeks past the professor has hankered for an official position, and failing to secure recognition of his merits, he organized a conspiracy to overthrow Brother Gardner. By circulating many false statements, and by forging the names of several individuals to false documents, he enlisted the sympathies of Elder Anthony Swift, Deacon Cohort Davis and Judge Out-Off Kemperberry. He approached Huckleberry Tompkins with the plan, and even went so far as to offer him a new fifty-cent door-mat to join the conspiracy, but Brother Tompkins was true blue, and gave the whole affair away.

When the meeting was called to order the three conspirators were in their seats, entirely unsuspecting of the sandal which was hanging over their heads, while the president, Sir Isaac Walpole, Waydown Beebe, and others, in the ring, carried very serious countenances. The plot of the conspirators was not yet fully ripe. Prof. Smythe was just settling himself down to sound Elder Tools in the matter, when Brother Gardner rose up and said:

"Every man de parent of half de wickedness in dis world. One of de worst principles of human nature am to begeth some older person's good luck, but de minit common sense am called in for consultation dis envy disappears—except in isolated cases."

"We envy de rich, while I am p'raps our own fault entirely dat we am not classed among 'em."

"We envy talent, an' yet we am too good to acknowledge to ourselves dat we f'rew away our opportunities."

"Find me a man who am down on his fellowman on general principles an' I'll show ye a chap who order be in State Prison by de same rule."

"De Lawd put us heah for each to make his own way. De deid am worldwide, wid plenty of room for all. If one, by his apoplexy, perseverance, integrity an' determination, turn above de one who wait for luck an' feeds his soul on envy, any conspiracy to pull him down should be sot down on by all good men. Bradders Smythe, Swift an' Davis, I should like to see de three of you at de foot of de grand staircase. Dar am a little matter dat I wish to discuss in private."

The trio of conspirators were evidently greatly surprised at the request, but suspected nothing and followed the President down stairs. As no one else was permitted to follow, it may never be known what happened on the landing. What the meeting heard may, however, throw some general light upon the subject.

1. Yells of terror.
2. Sounds of heels striking the walls.
3. Sounds of cloth being ripped and torn, and boots being struck the fence on the other side of the alley.
4. Bump—kerchunk—thud—deep silence.
5. The echoes of the toe of a No. 18 boot striking against coat tails.

Soon after these last-mentioned sounds had died away Brother Gardner entered the room with a sweet smile on his face, and walked straight to his seat without a word. There was blood on his left ear, the polish was worn off his right boot, and one end of his collar was unbuttoned, but this might have happened to any man who had fallen down stairs.

"Miser President, shall I cross de three names off de book?" asked the Secretary.

"De Oh! reckons you may," was the answer, "an' we will now take up de regular bill o' fare."

Teaching the Deaf How to Talk.

THE LORD'S PRAYER DISCREETLY UTTERED BY A NOT ORCH & DRAP MUSE.

Mr. N. F. Whipple, principal of the Oral School for Deaf Mutes, at Mystic, Conn., explained in the Plymouth lecture room, Brooklyn, the system of teaching articulation to the deaf and dumb. He introduced on the platform a boy who had been deaf from his birth, and who repeated the Lord's Prayer loud enough to be heard in the rear of the room. The boy spoke with much distinctness. Long and difficult words suggested by the audience were promptly interpreted by another deaf boy as they fell from Mr. Whipple's lips.

Enoch Whipple, over 60 years of age, who was the first deaf mute taught to speak in this country, read a chapter from Jeremiah, and related how in early childhood he had learned the power of speech from watching the movements of his father's lips.

As a test of the length to which the system had been carried, Mr. Whipple had the lights turned out and had a deaf boy repeat the Lord's Prayer with perfect articulation.

THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

When the train drew into the great depot in Chicago he felt that he had learned to know a pure soul, and she felt a deep pity for the lonely life opened to her view. And as they took the other train, which was to take them rapidly to their destination, each felt a regret that a few hours more would part them.

He sat silent for a long time after this, wondering if he dared do the thing he wished. He was lonely, set adrift in the great world by the death of his wife, and he wanted a true, womanly heart to sympathize with his. Could he do better than ask this lonely woman, who had no kin or kind in the world, to share his lot with him? Could she do better than take him, she who evidently had summer-land in her heart and could make a bit of brightness wherever she was? Each surely needed the other. He asked her if she knew any one in his town and finding she did know a person residing a few miles from him, he took his resolution quickly.

"I have a good farm out there," he said; "one hundred and sixty acres under fine improvement, house and out-buildings all in fine shape. You can find out all about me from Mr. —." A moment he hesitated as he saw that she did not realize what he meant; then he continued earnestly, looking down into the clear eyes lifted so fearfully to his: "I feel as if I were looking into the eyes of my wife. Am I mistaken?" The last words were breathed rather than uttered, and then she understood, and the flame color mounted over the delicate features once more, and she said quietly: "Do I look so much like your wife?"

He was baffled, and for a moment knew not what to say, then rallied and said:

"She has gone on into the future. I don't know what or where that life may be, and I am lost and lonely without her. I want that which has gone out of my life, and I believe you can supply that want. You are alone in the world, and I can make your life pleasant, I am sure."

It was a temptation, such as only homeless ones can understand; but, after a moment, she shook her head, and then, reading the questioning look in those keen eyes, she said, while the color deepened in her face:

"I loved once, and have loved ever since, and it would not be right for me to marry any one, feeling as I do."

The door opened, and the brakeman called out the name of the place where she was to stop, and the next moments were spent in gathering together her belongings. He helped her off the train, and grasped her hand heartily as she stood one instant there:

"I shall always remember you and your happy days of looking at life, and your faith will help me," and then he swung on to the slowly-moving train, and she walked away into the gloaming, a tear or two falling as she thought of the lonely days to come.—The Current.

Davy Crockett's Gun.

The Little Rock (Ark.) Gazette says: The reporter had the pleasure of handling Col. Davy Crockett's old gun recently. It was in the State Treasurer's office, where it had been left by "Col. Bob." Davy's grandson, now in the Arkansas Senate. The gun is a long barreled, silver mounted affair, and along the top of the barrel, in gold letters, reads the inscription: "Presented by the young men of Philadelphia to Hon. David Crockett, of Tennessee." Near the muzzle, just back of the bead, was the Colonel's motto: "Go Ahead." Many of the letters were so worn as to be almost indistinguishable, and some of them were gone completely. The gun has come down from sire to son in the Crockett family ever since it was presented in 1834. To the reporter "Col. Bob," who now owns the gun, said: "There is not a gun in Arkansas to-day which will shoot truer. I killed hundreds of deer with it, and think more of it than I can tell. My grandfather left it at home when he went to Texas, taking with him his old flint-lock. It is a rare old gun and a great curiosity. I have been requested to send it to the Exposition at New Orleans, and shall do so in a short time."

Capt. Nathaniel Palmer, of Stonington, the original discover of Palmer's Land, further south of all known land, tells the following story of the way he saved the discovery. He was getting ready to leave it when a Russian frigate hove in sight. Capt. Palmer was anxious to claim the land for the United States. How to contend with the ship of the Onar he did not know at first. He waited till the frigate was to the leeward of him and hove in, and then he got up his sheet and opened away for her, running under her stern, and calling out to her chief mast: "Aha, they are here in sight. I do you want a pilot in?" The ship answered, but the Russian frigate did not understand the English, so they sailed on.

THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

From an account by Commander Albert Knapp, in the Century War Papers for April, we quote the following: "No sooner had Farragut given the order 'Hard-a-port,' than the current gave the ship a broad sheet, and her bows went head up on a mud bank. As the first raft came against the port side of the ship, it became enveloped in flames. We were so near to the shore that from the bowsprit we could reach the tops of the bushes, and such a short distance from Fort St. Philip that we could distinctly hear the gunners in the casemates giving their orders; and as they saw Farragut's flag at the mizen, by the bright light, they fired with frightful rapidity. Fortunately they did not make sufficient allowance for our close proximity, and the iron ball passed over our bulwarks, doing but little damage. On the deck of the ship it was bright as noonday, but out over the majestic river, where the smoke of many guns was intensified by that of the pine knots of the fire-rafts, it was dark as the blackest midnight. For a moment it looked as though the flag-ship was indeed doomed, but the firemen were called away, and with the energy of despair rushed aft to the quarter-deck. The flames, like so many forked tongues of hissing serpents, were piercing the air in a frightful manner, that struck terror to all hearts. As I crossed from the starboard to the port side of the deck, I passed close to Farragut, who, as he looked forward and took in the situation, clasped his hands high in air, and exclaimed, 'My God, is it to end in this way!' Fortunately it was not to end as it at that instant seemed, for just then Master's Mate Allen, with the hose in his hand, jumped into the mizen rigging, and the sheet of flame subsided to a sheet of water. It was but the dry point on the ship's side that made the threatening flame, and it went down before the fierce attack of the firemen as rapidly as it had sprung up. As the flames died away the engines were backed 'hard,' and as if providentially, the ram Manassas struck the ship a blow under the counter, which showed her stern to against the bank, causing her bow to slip off. The ship was again free; and a loud and spontaneous cheer rent the air, as the crew rushed to their guns with renewed energy."

Look Them All In.

There is a French barber at Columbus, Texas, named La Prie, who is rather an eccentric genius, and he was on his way to the station to meet the train, when he was spied by five young men. One of them named Smith, was a six-shooter, and it was agreed that they were all to lie quietly in wait, and that when La Prie approached, Smith was to confront him with his revolver and order "Hands up!" The unsuspecting victim approached, and Smith, in regular highway robber style, ordered him to hold his hands up. But the barber made a dash at Smith, and by a violent wrench of his arm secured his pistol. He corralled Smith and his four companions and marched them at the point of the revolver back to town and telephoned from the nearest place to the Sheriff's office for him and his Deputies to come after them. The young men entreated and pleaded most eloquently and tried to explain that the affair was only a joke, but La Prie would not believe it. The Sheriff confiscated the pistol of the prisoner but as they were all young men of good families he let them off on parole. They will be tried however, in regular form, and besides having to pay lawyers will have to pay a fine for carrying deadly weapons.

He Had the True Kind.

Three or four accounts back there was a member of the Michigan Legislature who put in sixty or seventy days of the session without having a word to say, and it was only at rare intervals that he was recorded as voting for or against a bill. His constituents finally sent a delegation to Lansing to poke him up a bit, and after hearing what the gentleman had to say the member replied: "While I don't expect no such action as this, I am fortunately prepared for it. Come over to my room."

The delegation followed him to his room, and the member took down a file of the daily journal, and exhibited about twenty marked paragraphs, every one of them reading:

"And on motion of Mr. Bombee, of Bombay, the House took a recess."

"Yes," said the Chairman of the delegation, after looking them over, "but this isn't so much. There is no particular display of statesmanship."

"Statesmanship! Well, if knowing enough to keep my mouth shut until opening it would do some good isn't the best kind of statesmanship, not to say anything about freedom? I'm ready to resign."—Detroit Free Press.

I think that sheep-shearing is done by machinery in Australia," said one Wall street broker to another. "Yes, so I understand. I wonder if there's any money in it?" asked his friend. "Maybe there is, but I prefer the sheep," said the other, "because I can't get the wool without shearing the sheep."

Farragut's Flagship on Fire.

When the gardener gives a plant a special advantage the result of which is to cause it to produce or mature earlier than it otherwise would, he is said to "forward" it. Tomatoes will bear long before frost, if the seeds are sown in the open ground. By sowing seeds in a hot-bed and raising the plants the tomato is forwarded. If the seeds were sown last fall, and the plants kept in a hot-house to produce fruit in the early spring, that would be "forcing." Cucumbers are forced under glass, but they may also be forwarded. For illustration: to forward the cucumber, fill some four-inch pots with fine, rich soil, sow half a dozen cucumber seeds in each and set the pots in a hot-bed, or stand them in the box which can be set on the sill of the kitchen window. Another method of starting the seeds, if a good piece of turf can be had, is this: Take up a thick, strong sod and fit it to a shallow box with the grassy side down. The sides of the box need not be over three inches high. With a strong knife, cut the sod into squares, which should be according to the size of the box, three or four inches square. Cut quite down through the grass roots and tops to the bottom of the box, to make sure that the pieces can be separated readily. Sow several seeds in the earth of each piece of sod, which is of course bottom or earth-side up. Set this box of sods in the window or in a hot-bed, as directed for the pots. Either pots or sods must be watered as needed. When the seeds are up and the plants begin to show their rough leaves, remove all but two or three in each pot, or piece of sod. Do not pull out the extra plants, as it will disturb the roots of those which are to be left, but cut them off with a knife, or pinch them off with the thumb and finger nails, close to the ground.

When the weather is settled, prepare well manured hills in the garden. Set the pots in a pall or tub of blood-warm water and let them soak until the earth in them is wet through. Take them out and let them drain for an hour or two, when the ball of earth, with the cucumber roots, may be removed from the pot with a slight knock, and set in the hill, pressing the soil well around it. If the cucumber plants are on pieces of sods, about a week before planting out these, run a knife along the sods made at the beginning, before the seeds were sown. Some of the grass roots may have grown across from one piece to another; this will sever them, also any cucumber roots that have grown out of bounds. In planting these, set the sod containing the plants in the hill, letting it be an inch or so below the surface, and press the soil to it firmly. There should be prepared, beforehand, some frames or bottomless boxes over each hill of plants, and leave it there a few days. After this, on warm and pleasant mornings, remove the frame, setting it on that side of the plants from which the wind blows, to protect them. In the afternoon, before it grows cold, cover the frames over the plants for the night. On chilly days leave the frame over the plants, lifting it on one side at the bottom, and placing a stone to hold it up. By the time the plants become too large for the boxes, the weather will be warm enough to expose them night and day. Treated in this manner the plants will bear several weeks before those from seed sown in the open ground. They have been "forwarded" by sowing the seeds under glass, or in the house; preserving them from any check, by covering them after they were planted out, and also forwarded them. Attention to watering and an occasional touch of liquid manure will forward them still more. Many other plants may be forwarded in a similar manner. But closely follow the directions given.—Agriculturist.

What a Sponge Is.

"It is only the skeleton of a sponge that is commonly used in removing dirt," Prof. Bickmore says. "A substance that in the animal sponge is analogous to the finger nails of the human hand. The sponges are found in various portions of the world, gathered in masses below the surface of the water. The youthful sponge first makes its appearance on the outer border of the adult in the form of a cell, which gradually increases in size and complexity until it bursts through the maternal tissue and floats at freedom through the ocean. It is very minute, and for a time has an independent life. It is sowing its wild oats, so to speak, but as it increases in size it attaches itself to its more mature brothers and sisters and develops with them into adult form. Sponges are gathered by means of grasping hooks. They are fastened to inclosed portions of the sea, where they are left until the exposure of the sun and the wash of the sea leaves nothing but the skeleton."

His Warts In.—An Arizona paper remarks: "Our arizonian contemporary reports that it doesn't want any more. That is too thin, as everybody knows how it tried to get the post office and failed. We don't often hear, but we believe that we could see the post office in the way it should be run, and what is more, we believe we shall get it. Anyhow, we are not afraid to say that we want it, and will do everything we can to get it."

Forwarding Garden Vegetables.

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STRAY BITS OF HUMOR.

FOUND IN THE JOKERS' BUDGETS OF OUR PAGES.

Very Sweet Things—Between the Acts—Preparing for the Visit—The Level-headed Merchant, Etc., Etc.

PREPARING FOR IT.

Mr. De Style—My dear, you know this is Lent?

Mrs. De Style—Of course.

"And it is not the thing to go to the theatre?"

"Certainly not."

"Nor the opera?"

"No."

"Nor any other expensive place of amusement?"

"Exactly."

"And no one can complain if the diet of the family is of the very simplest description?"

"Of course not; but I know all this, and am sure we have not made a mistake in any of these ways. What are you driving at, any how?"

"I was thinking, my dear, it would be a good time to invite Uncle Jake's family to leave the farm and make us a visit. You know we must go there again this summer."—Phila. Call.

RE DIDN'T MARRY FOR BEAUTY.

"I hear that Swankins is married again."

"Yes, he's hitched again for a fact."

"Have you seen his wife?"

"Yes."

"Is she good-looking?"

"Oh, no; she's a very plain body, but as strong as an ox. You see, he didn't care so much for beauty. What he wanted was a woman who could dig potatoes and make them youngsters of his walk the chalk."

WHERE THEY HAVE THE BEST OF US.

Life must be very pleasant in the Congo. Instead of a man having to rush home at 1 p. m. to give his wife four hours' time to prepare for the opera and then wait another half hour on the front steps until the two hundred and odd forgotten things are found and arranged, the Congo husband strolls home a few minutes before the performance begins and simply says, "Sarah, adjust your hairpin. We will go to the opera."

THE PROPHET.

"Go in there, El Mahdi," said the doctor, who lived opposite the roller-skating rink, as he placed a two-dollar bill in his wallet which he had just received from a skater for dressing his scalp.

"El Mahdi!" exclaimed the patient, "why do you call the bill El Mahdi?"

"Because it is the fall's profit, you know," replied the doctor, as he smilingly showed the patient out.—Boston Courier.

BETWEEN THE ACTS.

"Too bad I had to go out to see that ticket-seller about seats for next week," he remarked to his new wife as he settled himself down after a trip down stairs between acts. "The affair quite slipped my mind as we came in. Were you annoyed, my dear?"

"Oh, no! I didn't mind the least, thank you. I was quite busy working out a mental problem."

"And what was that, love?"

"Why they call the front curtain the drop."

"I see. Did you succeed?"

"Yes. I think I got the correct answer."

"And that was?"

"Because so many men go out for a drop when it is down, my dear."—Detroit Journal.

A LEVEL-HEADED MERCHANT.

The merchant now devotes a plan brick trade to win He straightway advances And takes the shingles in.—Boston Courier.

WHAT SHE WANTED TO HEAR.

"And so you like the yarn we see dogs spin?" asked the gallant young man.

"I do on them," the young lady passionately responded.

"And what shall I tell you of the dogs of our snails?" he tenderly asked.

"Oh, tell me how you inf," she time again answered.—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

OFF IT GOES.

Stolid proprietor of German restaurant to waiter: "Don't letter for you, eh? You was der Baron von Schickelberg?"

New waiter, meekly—Yes, Mein Herr.

Stolid proprietor: "Den you wasn't so regular waiter, eh? Vell, date a dollar a week off your wages.—Puck.

AN INTERNATIONAL INCIDENT.

A German went into a restaurant, and as he took his seat an Irish waiter came up and bowed politely.

"Wie geht's," said the German, also bowing politely.

"Worst case," shouted the waiter, mistaking the salutation for an order.

"Nicht, mein!" said the German.

"Nicht!" said the waiter. "You'll be sick if you get these."—N. Y. Times.

A NEW VERB.

"Not altogether, but I don't feel particularly relieved. Do you want the prescription?"

"Yes, I am a great sufferer, especially the stomach of my wife. I don't know what to do."

Table with 2 columns: Item, Price. Includes rates for advertising and subscription information.

The Chilton View

JOHN C. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher. "WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION." TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum. VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1885. NO. 28.

Special Advertising. Business notices... Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

THE DRY LEAVES DROPPED UPON THE WAY. With constant sound, like falling rain; I would give much this weary day To hear that sound again.

An Old Maid.

BY LAURA COLLINS. A lowering morning which made one wish for the sunny South or for Italy, or any place which would make one feel happier than could this dismal morning in Wisconsin.

had nothing left to live for. My wife died a year ago and—here the voice broke. Distress ever calls some souls out from their reserve, and hers was such a one, and she said, quickly: "Ah, but you have all those vanished days and months and years to remember, all the loveliness of her life to think of now."

THE LIME-KILN CLUB. WORDS OF WISDOM FROM PARADISE HALL. Every Scale into the Quiet Meeting Room, and Three Prominent Members Took Their Positions.

Farragut's Flagship on Fire. From an account by Commander Albert Kauts, in the Century War Papers for April, we quote the following: "No sooner had Farragut given the order 'Hard-a-port,' than the current gave the ship a broad sheer, and her bows went hard up on a mud bank.

Forwarding Garden Vegetables. When the gardener gives a plant a special advantage the result of which is to cause it to produce or mature earlier than it otherwise would, he is said to "forward" it.

STRAY BITS OF HUMOR. FOUND IN THE JOKE'S BUDGET OF OUR PAPER. Very Sweet Things—Between the Acts—For a Parting Shot—The Level-Minded Merchant, Etc., Etc.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., MAY 21, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will enter a favor by mentioning this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE M. & N. A. L. RAILROAD.
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.	
No. 1st	6:20 a. m.
No. 2	6:25 p. m.
No. 7	3:47 p. m.
No. 8	8:10 a. m.
GOING NORTH.	
No. 3	9:31 a. m.
No. 12	10:31 a. m.
No. 4	9:45 p. m.
No. 6	7:25 p. m.
* Don't stop.	

LODGING.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 42, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.
Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshier.
Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—James T. Smith.
Treasurer—James M. Parish.
Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Riley M. Honecutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.
Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Our hot well is a sure cure for rheumatism.

A delightful and refreshing rain fell here on Tuesday.

Justices' blanks and waive notes for sale at this office.

Quite a number of ladies from this place visited Montgomery this week.

For Sore Eyes use Dr. Jackson's Indian Eye Salve for sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton Ala.

A dog fight yesterday morning created quite a sensation. They fought like good dogs "long and well."

We publish several interesting communications this week. Some of them had to be "cut down" for want of space.

Mr. Geo. Mathews, whose family is at Verbena, got his foot badly crushed while getting off the train in Montgomery last Friday.

Mrs. Kate Anderson, of Jemison, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Thorton, of this place, visited her old home here last Sunday.

A fishing party, composed of some half dozen citizens of this place, two or three of Coopers and one of Montgomery, are out on Coosa river this week.

Berenaders took in the town last Saturday night, and also some testimonials of the appreciation of their music, in the shape of cake, fruit &c.

Dr. Jackson's Root and Herb Cordial cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion or Loss of Appetite the greatest strengthening Tonic on earth. Try it once. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

One of our citizens, who was so unfortunate as to lose a finger in by gone days, has been trying the powers of our hot well on the dismembered part. He says a new finger is growing out from the stump of the old one.

Our "devil" said something bad last Sunday in Sunday school. When his teacher (a bright young lady) asked who made him? he held his hands about a foot apart and said: "God made me about that long and I grew the rest."

Mr. Chas. J. Duncan, of Nashville, spent several days of last week, in Clanton. We think he is away (Easing) to rob us of one of our fair young ladies, and we will not be surprised if the young ladies of Clanton, soon lose one of their number.

We are glad to note the decrease in the sickness of this community. Our citizens who have been sick this spring are all recovering, and the doctors are thinking of going into summer quarters. Though we have had a good deal of sickness here this spring, it has not been confined to Clanton, as there seems to have been considerable sickness all over the country. Clanton is noted for being healthy.

The hot well is still the all absorbing theme of conversation on our streets. Whenever you see a crowd together they are sure to be talking of our hot well. We are in hopes that great things may result from it.

Mrs. Lillie Craker, of Birmingham, spent Sunday with friends in this place. For the last few years Mrs. Craker has been spending her summers in Clanton, and we hope our town will this summer be again honored with her charming self.

Why do you cough so when one bottle of Dr. Jackson's Syrup of Wild Cherry and Lung Wort will cure you. It is safe and sure and as pleasant to take as maple syrup. Children will take it before anything else. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Notice change in the form of the double column advertisement of Mr. A. J. Brooks, at Verbena. Mr. Brooks is the leading merchant of our county, and can give you as good bargains as you will get in Birmingham or Montgomery.

Miss Blanche Hide, accompanied by Mr. Lamar, of Deatsville, came up last Friday night. Miss Blanche remained until Sunday afternoon. We learn that her school in Deatsville will soon close for the summer vacation, and she will spend her vacation in Clanton.

Notice.

Dr. Wm. R. McWilliams, of Athens, Ala., will spend a few days in Clanton, and the neighborhood. Parties needing dental work can find him in town or at Dr. A. E. Bivings. Telephone connection at the depot, with Dr. Bivings.

Dr. J. S. Pitts, of Verbena, was in Clanton Monday to see Mr. Simpson's little boy Wallace, whose condition improves very slowly, if any. Mr. Simpson is sparing no pains or expense to give him the best treatment that can be had and we trust that under the treatment of Dr. Pitts he may soon be restored to perfect health.

A very interesting communication was received from Verbena, to late for this issue. We regret this very much, and if our correspondent will send his communications to us on Tuesday mornings he will greatly oblige the editor. Our space is generally all taken up by Wednesday. Communication will appear next week.

When you feel bad; wake up early of mornings and feel tired and have no appetite or energy, you are Bilious and verging on a spell of the chills and should try one Bottle of Collins' Ague Cure which only costs fifty cents per Bottle. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Mr. W. H. Mills, who lives on little Mulberry, near Kincheon, was in to see us Monday. He reports the crop prospects very flattering in his section. He says, crops are good, stands fine, and farmers are very busy, and in good spirits. A good crop this year will be of untold benefit to our country, and to hear a farmer talk like Mr. Mills did, does us good all over.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chiblaines Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Unfortunate Accident.

Last Sunday afternoon, Mrs. J. B. Boykin, of this place, met with a very painful accident. While riding out in a light spring wagon, to see the hot well, she was thrown out by the tilting of the wagon, and falling just between the wheels, one of the hind wheels passed directly over her body. She was picked up in an unconscious state and carried into Dr. Johnson's, in front of whose residence the accident occurred. The injuries she received, while not so serious as was first supposed, were nevertheless very severe and painful. We are glad to know that she is now able to be up again, and has almost entirely recovered.

THESE ARE SOLID FACTS.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever required an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will at once find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They are sure and quick, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Hanging School.

Prof. Bassett, the professor of vocal music, who came to our town last week, for the purpose of organizing a singing school, has succeeded in getting up a school, at this place, and also one at Lowe's mill, near here. He certainly understands his business and his classes are making splendid progress. Every one that has a good voice should have it cultivated, and we citizens of Clanton now have a splendid opportunity, and should take advantage of it. The poet has very truly said: "That man who hath no music in his soul, and is void of sweet sound, is fit for only treason, tragedy and spoil; let no such man be trusted." We know that everybody in Clanton are brim full of music and only need some one to get it out of them, and we believe Prof. Bassett is the man to do that.

The Hot Well.
Mr. Blasingame's well of hot water continues to be hot, and a feeling of confidence is now taking hold of our citizens and we are all hopeful of soon seeing our little town become famous for its wells of hot water.

A jug full of water from this well, was sent to Birmingham, a few days ago, to be analyzed. We have not yet received a full analysis of it, but received a telegram, from the parties, in Birmingham, to whom it was sent, stating that they broke the jug and found a sediment upon the bottom of it which was largely composed of magnesia. We learn that this is the principal property of the hot springs, of Ark. This is no idle chaff. We certainly have a well of very hot water here, and if it turns out to be as valuable as indications now predict, a boom for Clanton will be forthcoming; and such a boom as has never before known in this country.

Orange Blossoms.

STANTON, ALA., May 16th 1885.

Special to the View.

Married, at Stanton, Ala., May 14th, 1885, by Rev. W. J. Ruddick, Mr. D. N. Miley, to Miss Maggie Smithman.

The young couple have the best wishes of their many friends, for their future happiness. This is Stanton's first wedding; we hope more may follow.

Callerville Dots.

Mrs. M. A. Hare has returned from her brother's, near Orville.

Mr. Jno. Callier, has returned from the Exposition delighted with the "lights."

Mrs. Douthett, of Maplesville, accompanied by her little son Charley, visited Dixie last Sabbath. We enjoyed her visit very much.

Had a very pleasant conference last Saturday at Ebenezer. Mr. Andrews was there and preached for us on Saturday and Sunday. All seemed to have enjoyed his sermons very much.

There is a very interesting Sunday school at Messrs. Howison and Karter's mill. Mr. Reynolds, its Supt., has opened his house for it, and it bids fair to be well attended.

Benson Points.

The fruit crop now is very promising.

Farmers generally are up with their work.

Crops are about 80 per cent of a stand.

Capt. S. K. Rasberry, who has been quiet sick is rapidly improving.

The district meeting, at Mulberry Church will embrace the fifth Sabbath in this month. A large attendance is expected.

Mr. Ambrose Coburn's place was the scene of a most horrible accident last Thursday evening. Mrs. Coburn left the house, for a short time, and upon returning, found her baby drowned in a tub of water. The bereaved parents have the deepest sympathies of the entire community.

It is to be deplored that our people do not rely more fully, for their protection, in law. We have a good code of laws as any State in the Union, but they are of no effect without the co-operation of the people. Mob violence is a relic of a savage life. We boast of our civilization; our refinement; our love of law, order and justice; yet with all this proud boast, we are ready to become enraged, and under the pretext of justice, too anxious to take the law in our own hands, and under the excitement and thirst for revenge and false pretense to justice, we commit crimes equalled only by those of the wildest savage life. No doubt crimes are committed for which the guilty party should be justly atoned the severest punishment, but no difference the nature of the crime, a self-governing people will refrain from mob violence. The law does not warrant such actions; such civilization and refinement as we boast of, does not countenance such actions; a brave and just people do not demand such actions. If we would enslave ourselves in co-operating with the law as vigilantly as the mob does its excited passions, in mockery of justice, the strong arm of the law would be felt in the abundant protection it affords our property, our homes, our wives and children; then order and harmony would prevail and the demands of justice would be fully satisfied. It is to be hoped that in the future the citizen will be more in harmony with the law, and the tendency of mob violence will not occur in our midst. We appeal to the people to more law abiding citizens. The law is just as ample in its protection to you as to the white man. You need not appeal to mob violence as have recently occurred in our midst, to be countenanced, as to go unpunished.

Surveys Notice.

I would respectfully inform the people of Clanton county that I have been re-appointed county surveyor, and with an experience of thirty years, am prepared to do all surveying entrusted to me with satisfaction to all parties. Persons wishing to know where their land lines are would do well to call on me. H. K. ARCHERSON, Maplesville, Ala.

Gordon DuBose,

Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery.

Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Clanton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

Schedule for Tax View.

A REMARKABLE ESCAPE.

Mrs. Mary A. Daily, of Tonkham-neck Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in flesh 50 lbs. in a few months. Free Trial Bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at Dr. M. J. Greene Drug Store. Large Bottles \$1.00.

Beezeman Dots.

Editor View.—A mild type of measles, commonly known as roseola, is prevailing here, and we learn that at Verbena there are a few cases of genuine measles. I don't see how our children are to survive such an epidemic. Their condition is a pitiable one at best. The father is employed in the day and exhausted at night with the lumber business and the mother is busy day and night with domestic duties, so that the children are left to what Bob Ingersoll calls "The holy trinity of chance, accident and mistake. It is their misfortune rather than their fault that their views of many questions of life are illdefined. The christian gentlemen constituting the mill firm have been very kind in providing medical attention and Sunday school privileges for these poor children and hold a high place in the esteem of their employes. They are first in Church, first in politics, and it appears by long odds, first in the hearts of the country women. Some time ago, a stranger asked an urban "Who is your father?" "Smith, Taft and Marberry," was the prompt reply. L. K. LONG.

Dr. M. J. Green, Clanton, Ala., has taken the agency for Dr. Jackson's celebrated family medicines and Collins' Ague Cure, which is warranted to cure any case of Chills or Disordered Liver, fifty cents per bottle.

A shooting affray occurred in Birmingham on the 19th inst., between Wm. Bradley and Henry Barnard, in which the latter received a wound in the shoulder. Ten shots were fired.

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Simple Strong Swift & Sure

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR. NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

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J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bile, constipation, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blades, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exercise of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Headaches, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Headaches, with distal dreams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They increase the appetite and cause the body to take on flesh. The system is purified, and by their gentle action on the Liver and Bile, the Liver is purified, and the blood is purified. Price 25 cents per bottle. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

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Has obtained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR EVERY ORGAN WANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

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H. Houpt,

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NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience. I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-11 REV. J. G. GURLEY.

These lands lie along the line of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad, in Alabama, and some of them are near the line of the Georgia, Pacific, the Alabama Great Southern, the Louisville & Nashville, the East & West, and the Anniston and Atlantic railroads. For prices and terms of sale, apply to

Alabama Mineral Land Co., JOHN M. McCLEROY, General Agent, Montgomery, Alabama.

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AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES

FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH

FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy

and will buy everything you

have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

The Chilton View

Job Printing Office

Clanton, Ala.

Is Prepared to Execute

JOB PRINTING.

AT LOW RATES

AND IN THE NEATEST STYLE.

Having, at considerable outlay, added a Job Department to our office, we would respectfully call the attention of business men and others in need of JOB PRINTING, to our superior facilities for the prompt and tasteful execution of everything needed in that line, such as

Bill Heads,

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Commissary

Circulars.

Checks,

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Our outfit is new, and our work will be such as to merit the patronage of the public.

Chilton View

THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY

Courier-Journal.

One year for only \$2.00. Two papers for a little more than the price of one.

By paying the \$2.00 you will receive for one year your home paper with the COLEMAN-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the south, Democratic and for a tariff for Harbors only, and the best, brightest and most family weekly in the United States. These who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at Clanton.

Agricultural, Timber and

FOR SALE!

The Alabama Mineral Land Company now offers for sale 25,000 acres in the counties of Cherokee, Etowah, Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Talladega, Clay, Randolph, Bibb, Shelby, Cowley, Perry, Chilton, Autauga and Dallas. These are the lands which formerly belonged to the Seidman, Brown & Dalton Railroad Company, and popularly known as "Railroad Lands." They comprise

GOOD FARMING LANDS,

FINE BODIES OF TIMBER,

Coal Lands, Iron Ore Lands, Slate, Kaolin

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Rates of Advertising.

One dollar per square, of one inch space or less, for the first, and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion.

Table with 2 columns: Insertion, and 2 columns of rates (per line, per week, per month).

The Chilton View.

JOHN C. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1885.

NO. 29.

Special.

Business notices Ten Cents per line each insertion.
 Obituaries and Tributes of respect, half rates.
 Announcing candidates for office, strictly in advance.
 Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.
 Liberal contracts made with them advertising by the year.
 The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

WHERE ARE WICKED FOLK BURIED?

"Tell me, gray-headed sexton," I said, "Where in this field are the wicked folk laid? I have wandered the quiet old graveyard through, And studied the epitaphs, old and new; But on monument, obelisk, pillar, or stone I read of no evil that man have done."
 The old sexton stood by a grave newly made, With his chin on his hand, his hand on a spade; I knew by the gleam of his eloquent eye That his heart was instructing his lips to reply.
 "Who is to judge when the soul takes its flight? Who is to judge 'twixt the wrong and the right? Which of us mortals shall dare to say That our neighbor was wicked who died to-day?"
 "In our journey through life, the further we speed, The better we learn that humanity's need Is charity; spirit, that prompts us to find Higher virtue than vice in the lives of our kind."
 "Therefore, good deeds we record on these tomb-stones; The evil men do, let it die with their bones. I have believed as a sinner in many a year, But I never have buried a bad man here."
 —Truth Seeker.

THAT DAY IN HIS BOAT.

It was a wild night. The wind blew, the rain drove, the waves roared in the near distance.
 It had been a fatal day to me. Grandfather Delmar, with whom I had lived ever since I could remember, had been carried to his final home that afternoon, and now I was the last representative of my name. The wide acres of the Delmar plantation, originally one of the largest estates on the eastern shore of Maryland, had come down to me as sole heiress. To me also had descended the Delmar diamonds, which had blazed on the persons of the Delmar ladies. I say descended, but I am hardly correct, for these broad lands and these priceless jewels were mine only under the will of my grandfather, and that will contained a proviso which I had just learned for the first time. I was to marry Randolph Heath, the ward and adopted son of my grandfather, or else the entire property was to go to this self-same Randolph.
 The will had just been read. The funeral guests, or at least, the most important of them, had listened to it in the great drawing-room below, the walls of which were hung with portraits of my Delmar ancestors, handsome men and lovely, golden-haired women.
 "Charlotte," said my aunt, when the reading of the will was ended—"Charlotte, my dear, you must invite our friends for the night. You are mistress now."
 "I shall never be mistress of Delmar Hall, Aunt Mordant," I said, firmly. She clutched my arm, her eyes wide with wonder.
 "And why not, pray?"
 "Because of the proviso. I will never wed Randolph Heath."
 Her face whitened to the hue of death. She was a lone widow, and I was her idol; and she coveted all those jewels and rich acres for my heritage. For a moment we stood breathless.
 "But Randolph Heath is in Australia," suggested a friend, "and you are mistress at least until he returns."
 Poor aunt caught at this last hope with a gasp of relief.
 "So you are, my dear," she put in; "we'll leave all these disagreeable things to be settled in the future. To-night, friends, we will shut the doors against the storms and be comfortable."
 She swept off toward the glowing parlor, followed by her guests, while I fled away to my own chamber.
 The afternoon, as I have said, had turned into rain and the waves thundered on the shores of the bay close by with a hoarse cry, like a human heart in pain. I paced my room restlessly. I could not marry this Randolph Heath, whose face I had not looked upon since the days of my early childhood. I could not do it, for another face arose before me, in the face of the man I loved. A poor man, landless and unknown, yet who had grown so dear to me in the few brief months of our summer acquaintance that to give him up were worse than death. Yet I was a Delmar, and it was a sore trial to lose my heritage—to lose the Delmar jewels. All the Delmar women before me had worn these priceless old diamonds; and must I, alone of them, be disinherited and dowdier?
 "Yes, cheerfully," I said; "since to keep them I must give up the choice of my heart. Dear, dear summer days!"
 For it had been during a visit to a school friend—who lived in one of the loveliest places of Pennsylvania, that I had met, the preceding June, Herbert Stanley. For the first time in my life I had found in him a perfectly congenial soul. We liked the same poetry, preferred the same music, admired the same scenery. Ah! what delicious days those were. We rode, we walked, we talked, we read-together. Our acquaintance soon passed into intimacy, and from that ripened into love.
 Never could I forget the day, the blisful day, when my hope became a certainty. Herbert had asked me the evening before if I would go with him to his boat. No knight of old could have handed me into the little vessel more reverently than he did. How many

he looked! How strong and self-contained! My heart beat fast, for something in his manner told me what was coming, but I was inexpressibly happy, nevertheless. He rowed for about half an hour; then stopping, he lay upon his oars, and looking me in the face like a brave heart as he was, told his tale, though with many a hesitating word and many a look of anxiety.
 Should I give such a one up? Never! Yet the temper of my thoughts was such that I could not stay in-doors! I left the house and ran down to the shore of the bay, having first thrown a shawl over my head. The storm and darkness was terrific, and the tide was coming in with a hoarse, sullen cry. The salt mist drenched my hair, the winds tore and shrieked around me, and overhead hung the pitch-black sky.
 Suddenly I heard a step and, looking up, saw Herbert himself. I started with surprise.
 "I have been hovering about all day," he said. "I had given up hope of seeing you. But still I could not tear myself away."
 "Oh, Herbert!"
 My look, my tone, even more than my words, reassured him.
 "Thank God!" he said, drawing a deep breath. "Thank God! It is not true, then, what I hear. You are not going to betray me?"
 "Betray you?"
 "I was told you were to be disinherited unless you married Randolph Heath, and that the marriage had been too great for you. I did not believe it. And yet, and yet—forgive me, darling, I see I was wrong—I was fearfully afraid."
 "Be afraid no longer," I whispered, nestling to his broad breast. "What are broad acres and gleaming jewels to your dear love? I am yours and yours only."
 He bent and kissed me. After a while he said, "I do not fear for your fidelity, but I do fear for the preservation of my soul. It is but a short walk to the little church. I know the sexton; he was, I find, one of my old school-mates. Be mine to-night and I will go away content. Not till you permit it shall the marriage be made public."
 "I am yours," I said, "but let it be to-morrow evening. I will tell my aunt in a day or two afterward. Poor aunt, it will need that time to prepare her."
 It was arranged, therefore, that I should meet my lover at the same hour next evening, and with a parting embrace I hurried in, lest I should be missed.
 Aunt Mordant was in a flutter of excitement the next morning. She had just received a letter saying that Randolph Heath had returned and would be at Delmar Hall by sunset.
 "Now, Charlotte, my love," she said, bustling into my chamber before I was awake, "do try and look your best to-night. You are a beauty, I know, but a charming toilet sets you off amazingly. Lay off your heavy crape just for to-night and wear that white silk with the lily-of-the-valley trimmings. You must fascinate this Randolph Heath at the outset; it will be quite comfortable to have him at your feet, for you must marry him, my dear; you are too sensible a girl to make a beggar of yourself."
 I only smiled in answer, and I suffered my maid to array me in the dainty silk. But at set of sun, instead of receiving Randolph Heath in the grand parlor of the hall I was speeding away with my lover toward the old ivy-covered church, built of bricks imported from England a century and a half before; the church where the Delmars for five generations had been married. In the soft glitter of the early starlight we were wedded. An hour after I was home again. But as I ascended to my room I remembered that I had looked my last upon the blinking Delmar diamonds and on the broad lands of the hall.
 I had hardly closed the door behind me when my aunt entered.
 "Charlotte, you must come down at once; you must indeed," she said. "I was looking ready, then and there, to tell the truth. But I pitied auntie and hesitated."
 "But they will be, my love, as soon as you marry Randolph Heath," she urged.
 "I shall never marry him," I answered.
 "We shall see, my love. At any rate, come down and welcome him. That much is due, at the least."
 This decided me. It was his due. As we descended to the grand drawing-room where my grandfather's adopted son awaited us, I stopped for a moment on the stairs and gazed around me with almost a sigh of regret. In a few days I must go out from the dear old place, disowned and disinherited. Poor auntie! the blow will fall heavily on her. Shaking my head fervently over

the marriage ring upon my finger, I followed my aunt, my heart in my mouth. A tall figure arose as we entered and advanced to meet us. I heard my aunt's warm word of welcome, and then I felt my own hands grasped, and looked up. I cried out in amazement, for the stranger was Herbert Stanley, my newly-wedded husband.
 "Can I hope that you will ever forgive me?" he said, with a smile. "I am Randolph Heath. I have known of the proviso to your grandfather's will for years. But as I wanted you to love me for myself, if you could, I planned to meet you last summer. Can you forgive me?"
 I looked up into his dear, kind face. "No matter who you are, or what you planned," I answered, putting my hand in his, "I forgive you, for I love you." Then we told the story of our marriage. Aunt Mordant listened in horrified amazement.
 "An indiscreet thing, to say the least, my love," she said; "you might have committed a grave mistake. It is all right, since you've married Mr. Heath. But really, my dear, you must have a wedding. Yes, in order to preserve the prestige of the old name, if nothing more, we really must have a wedding, and marry you over again."
 And she did; and it was a most magnificent affair. The old hall was in a blaze of light, and crowded with noble guests, and I wore point lace and the old Delmar diamonds.
 But I was not half so happy as on the day when I first heard from my husband's lips that he loved me—heard it that day in his boat.

A Joke on General Sherman.

The Washington correspondent of the Cleveland (Ohio) Leader makes Col. A. H. Markland responsible for the following story: "When Gen. Sherman's army was at Goldsboro, N. C., Gen. Sherman made a visit to the headquarters of Gen. Howard. While there Gen. Sherman felt the need of a small draught of whiskey to drive off the malarial effects of the climate on his system. Now, all the officers of the army knew of Gen. Howard's rigid temperance proclivities, and were strict in their respect for them. Gen. Sherman knew there was no whiskey in Gen. Howard's quarters, and, therefore, did not mention his wants to Gen. Howard. Presently Dr. John Moore, the Medical Director, came in, and after a little conversation Gen. Sherman gave him the wink, and said: 'Doctor, have you a seltzer powder in your quarters?' The doctor answered that he had. Gen. Howard spoke up and said: 'Go. Sherman, it is not necessary to go to the doctor's quarters. I have plenty of seltzer powder here, and good ones too. I will get you one.' If there was anything in Gen. Howard's quarters that Gen. Sherman did not want it was a seltzer powder, and therefore he said to Gen. Howard: 'Never mind, General. Give yourself no trouble.' Howard was then getting the powder and glasses of water ready. 'I will be going by Moore's quarters after a while,' Dr. Moore was a great wag and quickly took in the situation and became a party to the joke on Gen. Sherman. He said to Gen. Sherman: 'By the way, General, I don't think I have a seltzer powder in my quarters, and you had better take the one Gen. Howard has.' By this time Gen. Howard had the powder all ready for use and handed the two glasses to Gen. Sherman. Rather than offend Howard by saying he meant whiskey he drank the foaming stuff down, much to his own disgust, to the satisfaction of Gen. Howard, and to the amusement of the staff officers."

Up in a Balloon.

The balloon corps employed by Gen. Graham to reconnoitre Osman Digma's movements represents a force which may hereafter become formidably effective in modern warfare, although the date of its first utilization in this way comes almost within the memory of some men still living. The earliest appearance of balloons in war was during the siege of a fortress in Northern France by the Austro-Prussian invaders of 1793, when an adventurous aeronaut thoroughly surveyed the Austrian line in the teeth of a heavy but wholly ineffectual fire directed against him by the enraged enemy. The balloon communications kept with the outside world by Paris during the German blockade of 1870 is still fresh in public memory. Poor Col. Burnaby, one of the boldest aeronauts of his time, had daring theories about the possible use of balloons in war which his own fate amply justified. The project of freighting a balloon with small bombs, and dropping them into the enemy's ranks, has been repeatedly mooted, but not yet tested by actual experiment.

Very Small Wages.

It appears that the average agricultural wages in the County Tipperary is from seven to eight shillings per week, and for constant work, by which is meant that the laborer must put up with the same wage in harvest time when other men are earning four to five shillings per day. Some of these unfortunate men have to support several children, themselves and their wives on seven shillings per week.

ONLY A SIMPLE COLD.

But this is the Season of the Year When a Cold is Dangerous.

Nothing is more common than "a cold in the head," which is a very simple malady if it is cured there and goes no further. But the membrane which lines the air passages of the head is continuous with that which lines the throat and lungs, so the inflammation in the head, if not arrested, spreads to the throat and lungs, causing cough and finally consumption and death.
 When the pores of the body are closed, the ill effects are likely to be felt in the weakest parts of the body first. Some suffer from colds first in the head, some in the lungs; in some a cold affects the joints, causing rheumatism, in others the bowels, in others the kidneys, and so on. When the cold has settled in the weakest part of the body, or in any part of it, all the lurking impurities in the system seem to concentrate there; that is the lowest point to health, and all the streams of degeneracy flow into it.
 More people die of pneumonia and kindred diseases in the spring than during any other season of the year, and the reason of this we need not go far to discover. Shut up in close and heated rooms, the impurities of the body have accumulated within it. The skin, from lack of frequent bathing and from being kept from the air by close-fitting flannels has become inactive; the lungs, from breathing impure air, have become enfeebled; and the whole body, imperfectly and scantily supplied with well oxygenated blood, has lost its elasticity and soundness. A little cold taken when one is in such a condition is not easily thrown off; it is like a little break in the dykes that keep out the sea; unless stopped promptly it may open wider and wider till the river of death flows through it.
 The lungs, the skin, the kidneys, the bowels, are the great sewers through which the impurities of the body flow from it. So long as these are kept wide open impurities cannot collect in the body. The lungs must have pure air, or they cannot perform their office perfectly. The pores of the skin must be kept open by exercise, by bathing and friction, or they cannot perform their office. The kidneys must be supplied with material for the easy performance of their duties. Medical writers say that Americans do not take liquid enough. We have no national beverage as the Germans have; we are not wine drinkers as the French are, or tea drinkers as the English, and ice water, of which large quantities are consumed by us, is not the best thing for us. Soups are recommended as meeting a want of our people. Water, hot and cold, chocolate and its cousins, cocoa and "shells," are wholesome beverages, and it is better for us as find tea and coffee "to agree" with them to drink that than to take fluid enough. Constipated bowels mean cold feet and a hot head. Exercise and diet will cure these if taken seasonably.
 Boerhaave's rules for health were these three: "Keep the feet warm, the head cool, and the bowels open." These rules can be well observed by due attention to the sewers of the body as above particularized, for if there is a free movement through these there will be a corresponding demand for fresh supplies and nutrition, and the functions of the body will be so vigorously carried on that disease will find nothing to lay hold of.
 The first thing to do when one finds one has a cold is to open the pores that are closed, to start into action the functions that are suspended. There are various simple ways of doing this known to everybody, and we are inclined to believe that the simplest ways are the best. Some can "work off" a cold; some can starve it off; some tea in large quantities, drunk while one keeps in a uniform warm atmosphere, will cure some; a "wet pack" is efficient with many; a beautiful fruit diet is a good cure; a Turkish bath is agreeable to some constitutions. But no one can afford to neglect even a "little cold," since it may draw after it such large consequences.

A Very Economical Man.

A Maine merchant who always had the reputation of being close-fisted, failed and offered to settle for 60 cents on the dollar. His creditors sent a man to represent them all and make arrangements with him. This happened 40 years ago, when what is now a city was a village with two narrow planks for sidewalks. The creditor noticed that the failed merchant instead of taking the planks, walked by his side on the grass.
 "What are you walking down in the grass there for?" he asked.
 "Oh, I'm too poor to walk on the sidewalk," said his debtor, in the humble tone of Uriah Heep.
 "Well," responded the creditor, "if you are as economical as that, I guess you will be able to pay me in full one of these days, and so won't settle for 60 cents on a dollar."—Louisiana (Me.) Journal.

A Prisoner Girl Had Her Bangs Blown Off in an Explosion.

As some people imagine, a fellow of our own particular rights, but a respect for the rights of others and an unwillingness that any man, whether high or low, should be degraded or trampled upon, is a rare quality.

Battle Panics.

The slightest cause has led to gravest results in battle. Let a battery change positions with a rush, running through a brigade, and those men must be handled firmly to prevent a falling back. Calissons in search of ammunition have stamped regiments time and again. Let one regiment fall back hastily to secure a new position, and it is a cool line of veterans indeed which will open to let the men pass, and then close up firmly after them. It is not the fear of being killed that unnerves a man fighting in the ranks. Men who have fired seventy-five rounds at close range have been afterward stampeded by the fear of being surrounded and captured. With veteran fighters the fear of being made a prisoner is perhaps stronger than that of death itself. A man falling dead as a line advances produces no consternation. The gap is closed as quick as the men on either side can move up. But, let a man be wounded and call out at the top of his voice, as was sometimes the case, and a sort of quiver runs up and down his whole company. Let a second and third be hit, and it requires the stern: "Steady, men!" of the captain to prevent disorder in the ranks.
 The teamsters were the direct cause of more than one panic. Being non-combatants and unarmed, they were, of course, helpless, and for this same reason easily frightened. Let one single shell fall among the wagon-train, and nine out of ten wagons were bound to move. If one teamster abandoned his wagon, others were certain to follow his example, no matter how slight the danger.—M. QUAN.

You're Gadsby.

"Say, Wagstaff, I've got a big joke on you, old boy. You're so fond of hoaxing other fellows, some-body has hoaxed you finely this time. You thought there was a Real Marmalade on board of one of the Oxnard steamers, and I've taken a 'Whole Day and been on every steamer in port and asked About it and, ha! ha! there Ain't Any Marmalade on any of 'em!"

A Prisoner girl had her bangs blown off in an explosion, and the company settled with her for \$25. Bangs must be high down that way. Up here you can get a whole class full of bangs for two shillings, and the same thrown in.—Baltimore (N. Y.) Journal.

A HARD WINTER ON GAME.

LIVING ON THE BOUNTY OF KIND-HEARTED FARMERS.

Deer, Gnuet with Hunger, Entering Farmyards to Feed with the Cattle.

A few days ago the New York Sun printed a story about seven deer having left the woods near Pocono, Penn., and taken up their quarters with a farmer's cattle in his barnyard. The story was brought out by several farmers, and has been read reports of similar incidents in the towns of Bethel and Forestburgh, N. Y. As the presence of so shy an animal as the deer in the very dooryards of farms and of village residences is something rarely, if ever, noticed before in the region, the inference is that the winter has been the most severe one on wild animals in the swamps and woods ever known. The snow has been over three feet deep on the level in the woods, and the thermometer had ranged steadily below zero for more than a week in the Sullivan county mountains.

A few days ago George E. Stanton, who lives beside the plank road, near Mongaup Valley, saw a large deer running down the road toward his house. It jumped the fence within a rod of the house, and leaped into the barnyard, where it made itself at home among the cattle, and began to eat from the hay rack. The deer was gaunt with hunger, and none of the farmer's family had any disposition to disturb it. A young hound that lay on the back stoop got scent of the deer, and before he could be secured was chasing it across the fields toward the Mongaup River. The snow being deep and covered with a thin crust, through which the deer broke at almost every jump, the dog gained rapidly on it, and when it was within a quarter of a mile of the river caught up with it and seized it by one of the hind legs. The deer kept on, dragging the dog through the snow as he held fast to its leg.

Stanton and two of his sons, fearing that the dog would kill the deer, joined in the chase with the intention of taking the dog off and capturing the deer alive if possible. They overtook the deer and deer on the bank of the river. After a desperate struggle the deer was bound with a rope and brought back to the barn. It dashed wildly about for some time, but finally quieted down, and now sits as composedly as any of the cattle, if it is not disturbed by the presence of any one.

One day last week a farmer living in Bethel township saw a buck toward evening leap the fence into his barnyard. The barn door was open, and the buck went in. The farmer ran to the barn and closed the door. The deer was feeding in a manger by the side of a cow. It was startled by the closing of the door, and jumping over the manger tried to jump out of a small window in the opposite side of the barn. The window was too small to permit the passage of its body, and it hung wedged in, struggling violently. The farmer and two other men tied the deer with ropes, and got it out of the window by cutting away the boards. They looked the animal in an outbuilding. The next morning a doe made its appearance at the barnyard. Being frightened away it ran half way across a field and stopped, looking wistfully back.

At the same time a great noise was heard in the outhouse where the buck was confined. The farmer went in and found the deer entangled in the ropes by which he had been secured around the horns, and lying on the floor kicking and struggling. The farmer hastily cut the ropes for fear the buck might injure himself. He was no sooner free than he sprang to his feet, and dashed against the door which had been left ajar, and went bounding away across the fields. It was joined by the dog, and the two disappeared in the woods. The next morning they were both in the barnyard again, and ever since then the farmer has left hay and fodder in the yard for them. They come every night and eat it.

A neighbor of the above farmer discovered a buck and a doe among his cattle a week ago, and they steal back at every opportunity to share the fodder. All of these deer were thin almost to emaciation when first seen, but have increased greatly in flesh on the fare of the kind-hearted farmer. Deer have been seen among cattle in other parts of the county, but, according to reports, some of them have not fared so well, for in spite of their miserable condition, they were followed and killed by heartless mountaineers.

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THE CAPTURE OF NEW ORLEANS.

The Story as Told by a Boy who was There When it Took Place.

From the Century War Papers we quote the following from the paper by George W. Cable, on "New Orleans before the Capture," in the April number: "What a gathering! The rift-raft of the wharves, the town, the gutters. Such women—such wrecks of women! And all the juvenile rag-tag. The lower steamboat landing, well covered with sugar, rice and molasses, was being rifled. The men smashed; the women scooped up the smashings. The river was overflowing the top of the levee. A rain-storm began to threaten. 'Are the Yankee ships in sight?' I asked of an idler. He pointed out the tops of their naked masts as they showed up across the huge bend of the river. They were engaging the batteries at Camp Calmette—the old field of Jackson's renown. Presently that was over. Ah, me! I see them now as they come around Slaughterhouse Point into full view, silent, so grim and terrible; black with men, heavy with deadly portent; the long-banished Stars and Stripes flying against the frowning sky. Oh, for the Mississippi! the Mississippi! Just then she came down upon them. But how? Drifting helplessly, a mass of flames.

"The crowds on the levee howled and screamed with rage. The warning dooms answered never a word; but one old tar on the Hartford, standing with lanyard in hand beside a great pivot gun, so plain to view that you could see him smile, silently patted its big, black breech, and blandly grinned.

"And now the rain came down in sheets. About one or two o'clock in the afternoon (as I remember), I being again in the store with but one door ajar, came a roar of shoutings and imprecations and crowding feet down Common street. 'Hurrah for Jeff Davis! Hurrah for Jeff Davis! Shoot them! Kill them! Hang them!' I looked the door on the outside and ran to the front of the mob, bawling with the rest, 'Hurrah for Jeff Davis!' About every third man there had a weapon out. Two officers of the United States Navy were walking abreast, unguarded and alone, looking not to right or left, never frowning, never flinching, while the mob screamed in their ears, shook cocked pistols in their faces, cursed and crowded and gushed upon them. So through the gates of death those two men walked to the City Hall to demand the town's surrender. It was one of the bravest deeds I ever saw done.

"Later events, except one, I leave to other pens. An officer from the fleet stood on the City Hall roof about to lower the flag of Louisiana. In the street beneath gleamed the bayonets of a body of marines. A howitzer pointed up and another down the street. All around swarmed the mob. Just then Mayor Monroe—lest the officer above should be fired upon and the howitzers open upon the crowd—came out alone and stood just before one of the howitzers, tall, slender, with folded arms, eying the gunner. Down sank the flag with the flag rolled under his arm, and the howitzers clanking behind. Then cheer after cheer rang out for Monroe. And now, I dare say, every one is well pleased that, after all, New Orleans never lowered her colors with her own hands."

Battle Panics.

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The spirit of liberality is now sadly, as some people imagine, a fellowship of our own particular rights, but a respect for the rights of others and an unwillingness that any man, whether high or low, should be degraded or trampled upon, is a rare quality.

STRAY BITS OF HUMOR.

FOUND IN THE COLUMNS OF OUR EXCHANGES.

Not Going to be a Dude.—The Unfortunate sleigh ride.—The Object of the Dish.—Had been there before, Alice.

NOT GOING TO BE A DUDE.

A young lady, a Sunday school teacher in a church pretty near the corner of Gilmore street and Lafayette avenue, was on Sunday defining faith to her class of young Americans, aged from 6 to 10 years. She set about her task in a practical way. "Faith in anything," she said, "is to believe that something existed which could not be seen. Suppose," she said, "your papa should tell you he had put ten dollars in the bank for you, and that you might draw it from the bank when you grew older. You did not see the money put in, but you know it is there because you believe what your papa tells you, and when you grow up and want the money you draw yourself up, with your gloves on, and your high hat, and your cane, and you—"

At this juncture the teacher was startled by one of the boys, who cried out:

"What are you giving us? Do you think I'm a dude?"
 The young lady says she felt prostrated, and that it will be some time before she stirs up the question of faith again.—Baltimore American.

A SLEIGHING.

"Then you won't let your daughter go with the sleighing party?"
 "Indeed, I won't."
 "I didn't suppose you were opposed to young folks having a good time."
 "That ain't it. I'm not 'down on sleighing,' but Mary Ann has had her last one while I have to foot her bill. The last time I let her go she had to squall and lose a ten dollar set of teeth in a snow drift when the sleigh awoke. A girl that can't keep her mouth shut when she knows it's full of money can't go no business in a sleigh."—Chicago Ledger.

DUST AND DUST.

The minister had preached a very long, parched sermon on the creation of man, and one little girl in the congregation was utterly worn out. After the services she said to her mother:
 "Mamma, were we all made of dust?"
 "Certainly, my child."
 "The preacher, too?"
 "Of course. Why did you think he was made like the rest of us?"
 "Oh, because he is so awful dry, mamma, I don't see how they could make him stick together."—Merchant Traveler.

THE DUTY.

Some things in this world are hard to explain:
 The lighter the dude
 The heavier the case,
 The bigger the hat
 The smaller the brain;
 Does any one know
 Why these things are?—Boston Courier.

THE OBJECT OF THE DITCH.

A New Yorker who was in Missouri last fall found a number of men digging a ditch between two small lakes.
 "Can't see the object," he observed, after surveying the work for a while.
 "No?" dryly answered the boss.
 "The lakes are too shallow to be navigated."
 "Well?"
 "And the ditch can't be of any use except to the fish."
 "Mebbe not."
 "Say!" called the nettled New Yorker, "what is the object of your infernal old ditch anyhow?"
 "To issue \$100,000 worth of bonds on, was the calm reply.—Wall Street News.

FRIENDS OF LOVE HAVE FITTING SONGS.

Enaliss—"Oh, you false, base—oh, don't you dare to come near me! Take your ring, and leave me this instant!"
 Algernon—"Really, Enaliss, I am amazed, shocked. What has produced this sudden change?"
 "Oh, you are very innocent, very, you fickle, wayward Lotherio. Never presume to speak to me again!"
 "But, what have I done?"
 "What have you not done! How came that dash of soot on the end of your nose? Tell me that, you—"

BEEN THERE BEFORE.

Mrs. Bright (great at a little dinner): "Oh! I am so glad Mrs. Dark has come."
 Mr. Bright: "Why, my dear, I thought she and you were great social rivals."
 "We are."

"And worse than that, she is a particular favorite with our host, Mr. De Klemmer, and may be given the place of honor at the table. That would be mortifying."

"On the contrary, that is why I am so glad. In this house the host does the driving, and the place of honor, as you know, is at his right hand."

"But what of it?"
 "It will be her day, and she will get splendid all over with glory and honor."—Felix.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., MAY 23, 1885.

These advertising notices will appear in this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE N. A. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at	5:20 a. m.
No. 2	6:22 p. m.
No. 3	8:47 p. m.
No. 4	5:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2	9:31 a. m.
No. 12	7:01 a. m.
No. 4	9:43 p. m.
No. 8	7:25 p. m.

• Don't stop.

JOBS.—Regular communications.

Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 123, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanoir, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Read two new final proof notices.

The singing school is progressing finely.

Notice the new advertisements in this issue.

Justices' blanks and waive notes for sale at this office.

For sore eyes use Dr. Jackson's Indian Eye Salve for sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton Ala.

Miss Rosa Thornton is visiting her sister, Mrs. Anderson, at Jemison, this week.

Go to the hot well and—take a bath, it will do you good—there is no doubt about that.

It did not rain here last Monday evening. The bottom fell out and it all came through in one big lump.

The Methodist Sunday school will have a picnic at the tressel, near Mr. Blain's mill tomorrow (Friday.)

Try Dr. Jackson's Liver Pills, they are sugar coated and will please any one. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

The Baptist Sunday school will have their picnic in the grove in front of Mr. Jno. Aldridge's house, on the second Saturday in June.

A green young man, who affects sporting manners, wants to know when the much talked of Anglo-Saxon race is coming off.

Mr. S. K. Williamson, of Verbena, left last Monday for Tom Green county, Texas, where he expects to try his fortune. We wish him much success.

Our angel is absent this week, and the evil influence, which our devil has over us, not being counterpoised by her bright smiles, naturally makes us feel sad.

It takes a man with all the true bravery and courage of a Jackson, or a Pelham, or else one who has very little desire to live and enjoy the good things of this world, to be able to face our broom brigade.

Dr. M. J. Green, Clanton, Ala., has taken the agency for Dr. Jackson's celebrated family medicines and Collins' Ague Cure, which is warranted to cure any case of Chills or Disordered Liver, fifty cents per bottle.

The masonic celebration, to come off at this place, on the 24th of June, promises to be a grand occasion. A basket dinner is contemplated; addresses will be delivered, and a good time generally, is in store for all who attend. Quite a number of visitors are expected.

Now that the hot well is a sure thing, and Clanton is bound to boom and grow, you should advertise your property to sell, advertise it, advertise your business and let the outside world see through the columns of your paper that you are a business man.

Notice.

Dr. Wm. R. McWilliams, of Athens, Ala., will spend a few days in Clanton, and the neighborhood. Parties needing dental work can find him in town or at Dr. A. E. Bivings. Telephone connection at the depot, with Dr. Bivings.

We have just received a new lot of stationery, such as bill-heads, letter-heads, note-heads, a beautiful assortment of envelopes, and a large lot of cards, all sizes and colors, and we are now prepared to do your job work with neatness and despatch, and at prices to suit the times. If you need any thing in this line give us a trial.

Why do you cough so when one bottle of Dr. Jackson's Syrup of Wild Cherry and Lung Wort will cure you. It is safe and sure and as pleasant to take as maple syrup. Children will take it before anything else. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

W. A. Pratt & Co., the best shoe house in Montgomery, have an advertisement in this issue. Read it carefully and when you need anything in their line you cannot do better than patronize them.

Mr. Jno. Nat Thornton cut his foot at Lomax the other day and returned home to spend the time while he is crippled. He thinks his foot can stand a picnic or two.

See the advertisement of Messrs. Williamson and Leavell, undertakers, of Montgomery, which appears elsewhere in these columns. We were shown all through their establishment, and we can say that beyond a doubt they have the most complete line of burial cases, burial robes &c., that we have ever seen. They will let you know more fully what they have, and how they treat their customers, by a larger advertisement in the View in a few months.

Miss Lucy Meredith, of this place, was very unexpectedly called to the bedside of her dying father, at his home in Montevallo, on last Thursday night. She reached there a day or two before he breathed his last, which was on Sunday morning about 9 o'clock. Dr. Meredith's life was one of great usefulness, but he had grown very aged and infirm and his death was not a surprise, though greatly regretted by all who knew him. Miss Lucy has a host of dear friends here who sympathize deeply with her, and the other bereaved ones.

Messrs. B. Wolf & Bro., of Montgomery, have a card in this issue. They are the leading furniture merchants in the State, and can sell you anything from a kitchen chair to the finest drawing room sets. We advise all who need any furniture to give them a trial; and especially do we advise young men who are thinking of furnishing a house for themselves and their best girl, to call on them before going elsewhere. They can fix you up capitally.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

A Genuine Hot Well and no Mistake.

Dr. Wm. Gessner, of Birmingham, came down Monday evening, to test our hot well. He pronounced it a genuine hot well, and carried two large bottles of water from it, back to Birmingham with him, for the purpose of analyzing it, and will send an analysis back by the last of the week. We will publish the analysis in our next issue, and comment, at length, on the location of the well, the quality of its waters, &c.

Howard College Honored.

J. R. Sampey, graduate of Howard College, class of 1882, has also graduated from the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky., with highest honors, and been elected assistant professor in that great institution.—Ala., Baptist.

The above named gentleman is a son of our townsman Rev. James L. Sampey; and we congratulate father and son. We learn that Clanton is soon to be honored with a visit from young Mr. Sampey. He will fill the pulpit, in the Baptist church, at this place, on the second Sunday in June.

When you feel bad; wake up early in the morning and feel tired and have no appetite or energy, you are bilious and verging on a spell of the chills and should try one Bottle of Collins' Ague Cure which only costs fifty cents per Bottle. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Broom Drill.

The broom brigade, organized last Saturday night, bids fair to be a grand success. Mr. Lee Stewart, who has been instrumental in getting it up, is an energetic young man, and an earnest worker, and we know he will spare no pains to make it a success. After drilling the young ladies sufficiently a public drill will be given. Choice selections in music and also several recitations will be on the programme. A small admission fee will be charged, in order to raise some money to buy new books for the Methodist Sunday School. It will probably be the latter part of June before the entertainment will come off.

Rock Spring Locals.

Health of the community good, except that of Mr. Louis Milledale and we hope he may soon recover. Farmers are very busy; the prospects for a good crop of wheat, oats, corn and fruit, is very promising.

Married, at the residence of the bride's father, Rev. J. J. Lowery, by Rev. R. M. Honeycutt, Mr. G. W. Dawson, to Miss M. L. Lowery. May their life be a long and happy one, is our sincere wish.

Heart disease is still said to be an epidemic in this community. However it is only contagious between opposite sexes.

Dr. Dawson's new dwelling is completed and he now occupies it. Hugo.

From Verbena.

May 20th, 1885.

EDITOR VIEW:
The marriageable young men will be pained to learn that Mr. Jones of South Carolina has recently made a visit to our town.

Mr. S. K. Williamson's many friends will regret to hear that he has left for the West, where he may decide to grow up with the country. He did not need to go to Texas as he could do well any where. If we were selecting men to send off we could pick up a carload, before we come to Kennelly.

Mr. Wm. Greene has been dangerously sick with Pneumonia, but is improving slowly, and considered out of danger. There are several cases of measles in town, and some of them have been serious. There is no sickness here, however that can be attributed to climatic influences. Verbena is one of the healthiest places in the world. We will soon have a wave of health seekers to strike us now. The warm days and mosquitoes in Montgomery are the signals that nature hangs out for us.

Mrs. Mathews and Mr. Brooks have both been down to Montgomery to see Mr. George Mathews, since his accident. His injury is greater than the telegrams to the family and the Advertiser locals had led them to suppose. He is in good hands, however, and his speedy recovery is hoped for.

The question demanding prompt consideration in this locality just now, is: What a peace loving citizen ought to do where a thoughtless or careless neighbor turns on the commons a horse or mule which he knows will trespass on all the patches in the vicinity. It is not very conducive to pious reflections for every rainy day and every Sunday evening to bring such a visitor over the back fence.

Rev. Hardy Jones was united in the holy and mystic bonds of matrimony to Miss Mary Ann Posey at the residence of the bride's father yesterday morning at 10 o'clock.

Dr. R. J. Balwin and wife were up last Sunday.

SALLIE SIMMONS.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

The most important discovery is that which brings the most good to the greatest number. Dr. King's new discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds, will preserve the health and save life, and is a priceless boon to the afflicted. Not only does it positively cure Consumption, but Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, yield at once to its wonderful curative powers. If you doubt this, get a Trial Bottle Free, at Dr. M. J. Greene's Drug store.

LIVINGSTON, ALA., May 25th, 1885.

EDITOR CHILTON VIEW:

I see in your issue of the 21st the report of the hot well near Clanton confirmed. This alone should give Clanton a boom, and if it is found to contain valuable medicinal properties, which I have no doubt it does, we will have one of the CURE ALLS in old Clanton. Who knows but that Clanton will yet get to be, if not already, the garden spot of old Master's creation. "What about the new jail?" Is Clanton to have one this year? If so I would suggest that we build one just like the one being finished here. Cost thirteen thousand five hundred dollars. This is a credit to Clanton and would be to Clanton or any other county in Alabama.

Crops in Sumpter are very fine. The rain here up to date has been light, but sufficient for crops while young. Sumpter is a rich good county but has, so far as I am able to see, very few such wide awake, energetic men as Clanton, and economy here with the farmers is a stranger.

Livingston, as I suppose you are aware, has the finest bore of mineral water in the state, and for my part I think it the best water on earth for dyspepsia, nervousness, liver and kidney diseases, all of which I have been suffering with for months. My wife, being dry, not having perspired one drop this spring, I came here on the 12th of May, for the first ten days of course the water made me sick, but now I can eat and sleep.

too, and feel like I will go back to old Verbena, soon and well, in a few weeks.

The properties of this water is principally salt, magnesia, iron and sulphur. Depth of well 1080 feet.

The most of the people who live here are wealthy, though extremely clever. Are nearly all from the good old Tar Heel state. F. A. G.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions.

The following is the decision of the United States Supreme Court:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscription.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered their discontinuance.
4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

NOTICE NO. 4047.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., May 20, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on July 6th, 1885, viz: William D. Lockhart, Homestead 16134, for the s w 1/4, s 1/2, sec. 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: William A. Weaver, Wilson Weaver, Augustus Wilson and John W. Lockhart, all of Dixie, Ala.
ma29 T. J. SCOTT, Register.

B. WOLFF & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS

—OF ALL KINDS OF—
FURNITURE.

No. 20 Commerce & Corner Coosa & Court Streets,
MONTGOMERY -- ALA.

Williamson & Leavell

UNDERTAKERS

NO. 107, COMMERCE STREET,

MONTGOMERY -- ALA.

Telegrams by day or night receive prompt attention. Bodies embalmed and kept in a perfect state of preservation, for any length of time.
ma29

The Chilton View

Job Printing Office

Clanton, Ala.

Is Prepared to Execute

JOB PRINTING.

AT LOW RATES

AND IN THE NEATEST STYLE.

Having, at considerable outlay, added a Job Department to our office, we would respectfully call the attention of business men and others in need of JOB PRINTING, to our superior facilities for the prompt and tasteful execution of everything needed in that line, such as

Bill Heads,

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Commissary

Checks,

Circulars,

Blanks,

Notes, &c.

Our outfit is new, and our work will be such as to merit the patronage of the public.

THE CHILTON VIEW
(LOUISVILLE WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL)

Through the Great Line

Without Change and with Speed Unrivaled

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE From New Orleans, Mo., to any city, to

NORTH, EAST, WEST

PULLMAN CARS—No change to Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other cities.

THROUGH COACHES—From Chattanooga and Knoxville to St. Louis, connecting direct for Cities in the Northwest.

EMIGRANTS—Seeking homes on the great West. Rates of fare reduced until Sept. 1st. Write for particulars to C. P. ALBION, G. P. & A., Clanton, Ala.

H. Houpt,
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience. I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.
nov10-17 Rev. J. G. GURLEY.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME Sewing Machine



Simple Strong Swift & Sure

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR. NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE
30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK.
CHICAGO, MASS., ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY

J. J. SWAIN,
Montevallo, Ala.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels constive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back of the neck, Fatigue under the shoulder blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Flustering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with stifled dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to neutralize the sufferer. They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is reinvigorated and a healthy action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. A. J. Brooks, N. Y. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

dec13-ay

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR EVERY WAR-RANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNQUALIFIED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL, COMBINED, MAKE THEM

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, from

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,

CHICAGO, ILL.

NOTICE NO. 4052.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., May 23, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court or, in his absence, before Clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on July 6th, 1885, viz: Alice Abrama, Homestead 8865, for the s 1/4 of nw 1 and s 1/4 of sw 1, sec. 38, township 21 Range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Augustus Abrahams, Jasper Abrahams, George Foshee and Robert M. Babcock, all of Mapleville, Ala.

ma29 T. J. SCOTT, Register.

W. A. PRATT & CO.

No. 7, Dexter Ave.,

MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.,

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED LINE OF MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', YOUTH' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you satisfaction.

ma28 6m

Agricultural, Timber and Mineral Lands

FOR SALE!

The Alabama Mineral Land Company now offers for sale its lands in the counties of Cherokee, Etowah, Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Talladega, Clay, Randolph, Bibb, Shelby, Cossah, Perry, Chilton, Autauga and Dallas.

These are the lands which formerly belonged to the Alabama & Dalton Railroad Company, and popularly known as "Railroad Lands." They comprise

GOOD FARMING LANDS,

FINE BODIES OF TIMBER,

Coal Lands, Iron Ore Lands, Slate, Kaolin

and Other Mineral Lands.

These lands lie along the line of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad, in Alabama, and some of them are near the lines of the Georgia Pacific, the Alabama Great Southern, the Louisville & Nashville, the East & West, and the Anniston and Atlantic railroads. For prices and terms of sale, apply to

Alabama Mineral Land Co.,

JOHN M. McCLEROY, General Agent,

Montgomery, Alabama.

feb26-6m

T. C. THOMPSON & Co.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALERS IN—

HARDWARE

Sash, Doors and Blinds. Paints, Oils and

Glass. Cement and Plaster.

MANTELS, GRATES,

—AND A COMPLETE LINE OF—

Cooking and Heating Stoves.

ma14-6m

A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES

Man and Bea
Mustang Liniment is old
most used, and used most
most every year.

NEW.

Chilton county is growing in wealth and population.—Blountsville News.

Editor.
In the revised version of the Old Testament the word "hell" has been changed to "sheol." The warm welcome awaits you here, as did at the first named.

Capt. J. F. Whitfield, of Montgomery, was presented with a beautiful silver water service, by the Ala. Press Association, last week. Capt. Whitfield had charge of the train that carried the Association to New Orleans, to see the Exposition last April.

We see from our exchanges that the farmers of several counties in the state have organized themselves into clubs, association &c., for the purpose of advancing the agricultural interest of Alabama. Our farmers of Chilton should fall in ranks with them, by organizing a club here in our county, and taking immediate steps towards the promotion of the agricultural interest of the soon to be famous.

Benson Points.

Much rain, grass and cotton not enough corn, oats and rye. Farmers very much behind in consequence of the incessant rains. The oat crop which was very fine, supposed to be injured by the rain and wind storms.

The district meeting held at the Baptist church, in this place, last Sunday was one of the most interesting we ever attended. Rev. Mr. Bailey, of Marion and Mr. Harris of the Ala. Baptist, doing most of the talking and preaching. A lecture to the Sabbath school, was one of the most entertaining features.

Mr. Bailey preached on Sunday the most powerful missionary sermon we ever heard in which he showed what a powerful work had been and was yet to be done in converting souls from idolatry to the true and living God. After which his call for aid was responded to by a very liberal collection from the congregation.

From Verbena.

June 1st. 1885.

EDITOR VIEW:
Billie Pitts, a few days ago, had a dangerous fall from a mulberry tree to the top of a paling fence. The perpendicular palings were given from the tree like boards, and were thin and sharp. One of these pierced his right side, passing between the fifth and sixth ribs, and must have penetrated his flesh three or four inches. Hanging in this critical position, he displayed nerve and presence of mind which are remarkable in a lad of eleven years of age. A negro to whom he called was too much excited to render any assistance, and, seizing the ends of two other palings, he raised his own weight to a height which extricated him. As he was borne toward the house, fearing that his being thus brought would alarm his mother, he asked to be left at the door until she was notified of his condition.

On examination the physicians found that the injury would prove fatal, but he continues now to improve, and all are hopeful. The little sufferer is patient and uncomplaining. He has the sympathies of every one and his speedy recovery is ardently hoped for.

Our accommodating and popular Railroad Agent, Mr. Hanlin, was hardly recognized by his friends when he appeared on the street a few days ago. I hope that none will conclude that he is emaciated, or that he has had a spell of sickness. He would command a good price as a well kept Catholic Bishop, in any market, and the change, to which I allude, shows off his flesh to the best advantage. He has recently removed all the beard from his face. He is discharging all "the superfluities of naughtiness," having taken down the stoves, and cleaned up the waiting rooms. He is now ready to accommodate the summer guests in the most approved style. Verbena is expecting to entertain some of the hot well seekers, in case they overflow Clanton.

Mr. Jas. B. Dell, a student of the State University, and formerly a teacher in the school here, is visiting his cousin Prof. W. U. Acres.

Rev. J. L. Thompson, Pastor of the Baptist church, has had much sickness in his family. He is a true, faithful and earnest man, and has the love and sympathy of every one.

The new post office fixtures have arrived, and been placed in Mr. Brook's store. The case is made of some very pretty hard wood, and left unpainted to show the grain. The ornamental work is exquisite, and the whole reflects upon the town and its enterprising and tasteful Post Master. The work has been done at a cost of about \$220.00.

NEVER GIVE UP.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered digestion, headach, nervous prostration, bilious nature, or any other ailment, you will be cured by the use of the

AN OPEN LETTER.

A Sage Advises a Son.

VERBENA ALA.
May, 30th, 1885.

DEAR HARRY:
Yours of a recent date has been received. Your father and I both rejoice at your good fortune in getting business again. Fifty dollars per month is a small salary, but the work is pleasant, and doubly so after being so long without employment. Before unpleasant reflection of a man out of business have faded from your memory, permit a word of counsel which, I trust, will render the experience a profitable one.

Never again get out of employment. There is no need of it, if you will keep your eyes open. No matter how good a job you have, be on the lookout for a better, in case an opportunity offers for you to step up; and for a worse, in case you are compelled to step down. Always have in sight as many openings as possible, and hold yourself in proper adjustment for either in case of business, and for that reason it is best to hold on to a bad job until you secure a better.

Be certain to save some money. A man in good business can afford to look a little seedy, indeed it is commendable in the eyes of sensible people if they know that he is by this means depositing a small amount in the bank each month. The man who keeps a little money ahead has greatly the advantage of one who lives from hand to mouth.

Plan with reference to your marriage. Now do not dismiss this paragraph as a good joke, and say that you are only twenty one, and are not thinking of such matters yet. You are not listening to one of the giddy throng about you, but to her who loves you most and who has watched with tireless care over your childhood and youth with reference to this hour. You have reached a period in life when marriage is a serious question, and if it is not considered seriously it will become an embarrassing one. I would not have you to marry now, but I want you to think soberly, and plan intelligently in reference to it. But you say that sounds too much like acting from "policy."

Permit me here to say that no word in the English language has been more abused than that. I would not have you to act in this or any matter so as to belie your real sentiments, but I hope that you will act with policy in the true sense of that term. If you do not you are unworthy the good judgement and common sense with which God has endowed most men. In getting married, use the same discretion and common sense that you would use in a horse trade. It is a poor compliment to a woman to say that her husband used no policy in marrying.

Keep your heart cool until the head work is faithfully done. Of course I would not have you select a woman that you do not love, simply because you think that she would make a good wife. No woman will make a good wife unless she is both loved and loving. With one of your manly honor, the heart must be involved before the thought of marriage is entertained; but with one of your age sentiment is liable to confound the judgement.

Settle in your mind that your wife is to be found among those with whom you are at present acquainted. I was pained to hear you say once that you did not know a woman you would be willing to marry. Your acquaintance embraces as good as are to be found, and those you will meet in future have as many faults as those already known. Do not propose to marriage until you know each other well. In the midst of your small chat draw her out on the practical questions of life, and get her true sentiments. In the light of these ask yourself will this woman help me to spend my money man to save it? Do I want a companion who can give me a good cert, or one who can give me a two room cottage with smiles and happiness? Do I want one who can captivate a parlor full of strangers, or one who is honored most where she is best known, and fully appreciated only by myself? Do I want a fine performer for my \$800.00 piano, or for my \$25.00 sewing machine? Do I want a woman who would be considered a fine match for Grover Cleveland, or one who will accommodate herself to Harry Simmon's purse, helping him to rise to high position, and adorning every position to which he may rise? The woman at whose feet you will be proud to throw every crown that you win, is the woman that will help you to bear the burdens of life, and gird you for its conflicts with her tender devotion. Do not propose to any one until she knows you. Reveal what you consider the unfavorable side of your character, that she may make allowance for your faults, and love you while she corrects them.

Ponder these words well, my dear son, and in my next I will endeavor tell you how you may discover among your acquaintances a suitable companion. I give you this through the view that others may profit by it.

With a mother's affection, and prayers,
SALLIE SIMMONS.

Now is the time to subscribe.

A Remarkable Case.

Mrs. Henry Ellis, 300 East street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, writes: "Dr. S. B. HARTMAN & Co., O. I am induced by a sense of duty to the suffering to make a brief statement of your remarkable cure of myself. I was a most miserable sufferer from the various annoying and distressing diseases of delicate persons, which caused me to be confined to my bed for a long time, being too weak to even bear my weight upon my feet. I was treated by the most reputable physicians in our city, each and all saying they could do nothing for me. I had given up all hopes of ever being well. In this condition I began to take your MANALIN and PERUNA, and I am most happy to say in three months I was perfectly well—entirely cured, without any appliances or support of any kind."

Mr. G. A. Proch, New Portage, Summit County, Ohio, writes: "My wife has been sick for about five years. In the first place the doctor called it leucorrhoea, and treated it about one year, and she grew worse, and turned to ulceration of the womb, and was treated for that two years, but she grew worse and the doctor gave her up. Then I employed Dr. Underwood, one of the best doctors of Akron, but under his treatment she grew worse. She was paralyzed; she had lost all of the sense of feeling and her eyesight. She could not walk for nearly two years. About six months ago Underwood gave her three bottles, and it did more good than any other medicine. The paralysis has about left her; her eyesight is getting better. We will continue the use of PERUNA until she is well."

Mr. Isaac Nicodemus, Schellburg, Bedford County, Pa., writes: "I am induced, by a sense of duty to the suffering, to make a brief statement of your remarkable cure for a sufferer of catarrh of the head and throat. I doctored with one of the best physicians in our place for that dreaded disease, catarrh, and found no relief. But in 1883 I lost my speech, and was not able to do any kind of work for near three months. I could neither eat nor sleep. PERUNA and MANALIN did wonders for me. I used three bottles of PERUNA and one of MANALIN, and now I am in better health than I have been for ten years, and I can heartily recommend your medicine to all suffering from that dread disease, catarrh."

Mr. J. Wood, Mt. Sterling, Ohio, says: "Your medicine gives good satisfaction. My customers speak highly of its curative properties."

COLLINS' AGUE CURE

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR AGUE, CHILLS, FEVERS, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA, OF FLUX.

It is a perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has no equal as a prompt and permanent cure for AGUE, CHILLS, FEVERS, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA, OF FLUX. One bottle at 50 cents, will cure as many cases as five dollars worth of Quinine. AGUE CURE CLEANS THE SYSTEM, CURES PILES, &c.

A few Alabama Testimonial Letters:
Pickens Landing, Ala., Dec. 10, 1884—Collins' Ague Cure gives abundant satisfaction to all who use it. I have used it and feel it is the best medicine I ever used. It has given great satisfaction to me and my family. J. M. COLLINS.
Doan, Ala., Dec. 12, 1884—In cases of chills, where the doctors fail to cure, Collins' Ague Cure will cure them in a few days. I have used it and feel it is the best medicine I ever used. It has given great satisfaction to me and my family. J. M. COLLINS.
Doan, Ala., Dec. 12, 1884—I have seen your Ague Cure used in numerous cases with the most perfect results. It is a perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has no equal as a prompt and permanent cure for AGUE, CHILLS, FEVERS, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA, OF FLUX. One bottle at 50 cents, will cure as many cases as five dollars worth of Quinine. AGUE CURE CLEANS THE SYSTEM, CURES PILES, &c. J. M. COLLINS.
Pensacola, Fla., Feb. 3, 1885—Collins' Ague Cure will cure all cases of ague, chills, fever, biliousness, costiveness, headach, diarrhoea, of flux, and all other diseases of the liver and bowels. It is a perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has no equal as a prompt and permanent cure for AGUE, CHILLS, FEVERS, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA, OF FLUX. One bottle at 50 cents, will cure as many cases as five dollars worth of Quinine. AGUE CURE CLEANS THE SYSTEM, CURES PILES, &c. J. M. COLLINS.

PRICE 50 CTS. A BOTTLE. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

COLLINS' PHOS. DRUG CO.,

Partnership Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County,
Be it known that on the first day of May A. D. 1885, the undersigned, Otto H. Tittmann, of the City of Washington D. C., and James H. Hughes, of said county and state, formed and concluded a limited partnership under the provisions of the Code of Alabama, for the purpose of engaging in and carrying on the business of purchasing, selling, breeding and raising cattle in the said county of Chilton, to commence on the first day of May, 1885; of which said partnership Otto H. Tittmann is the special general partner; and the name under which such partnership is to be conducted is James H. Hughes; and that the said Otto H. Tittmann has contributed to the common stock of said partnership the sum of six hundred dollars.
OTTO H. TITTMANN,
JAMES H. HUGHES.

may7-8t

Register's Sale.

Moses Chandler vs. William Huggins and Isaac Abbott, in Chancery at Clanton, Ala.
Under and by virtue of a decree rendered in the above stated cause, by the Chancellor at the April term of the Chancery Court for the 14th district of the Eastern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 8th day of July next, at the courthouse door, in Clanton, Ala., to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, to-wit: The NW 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Sec. 28, T. 20, R. 13, and NE 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Sec. 28, T. 20, R. 13 and SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 28, T. 20, R. 13 East, and 8 1/4 of SE 1/4 and SE 1/4 of NW 1/4, Sec. 28, T. 20, R. 13.
W. E. STEWART, Register.

mal4-5t

B. WOLFF & BRO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS

—OF ALL KINDS OF—
FURNITURE.

No. 20 Commerce & Corner Coosa & Court Streets.

MONTGOMERY - ALA.

Williamson & Leavell

UNDERTAKERS

NO. 107, COMMERCE STREET,

MONTGOMERY, - ALA.

Headache



DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

GREAT

VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY.

MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR.

For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These affections are sometimes sudden and always painful. A speedy and effectual cure depends mainly upon a quick application of efficient remedy, and just here we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Flux, Pains in the bowels, etc. The elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, in doses as directed, as it contains no hurtful ingredient. It is palatable and does not produce Nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly, and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of those glands which situate in the stomach and bowels. It is a locking up of the secretions of these glands that brings on dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heart-burn, palpitation of the heart, vertigo or swimming of the head, sick or nervous headache, constipation with pain in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine that strikes at and removes the cause from the system that produces and brings on the disease. This is effectually done with Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

SPURLOCK PAGE & CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

Nashville, Tenn.

The above medicines are for sale by

M. J. GREENE, Clanton.

oc30

THE BIRMINGHAM STEAM LAUNDRY,

1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets

BIRMINGHAM ALA.,

makes a specialty of laundering

collars and cuffs sent them

by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at this office. Information also given by us in regard to prices, etc.

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

Mrs. W. A. Childs,

PROPRIETRESS.

100-200

Bibb St., One Block From

Temple Building.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

OAKTON SPRINGS HOTEL,

(Open from May to November, yearly.)

Fronting Lake Pewaukee, 19 Miles

West of Milwaukee, on Mil. & St.

Paul Ry. main Line, Waukesha Co.,

Wis. 4 hours from Chicago. Hotel

Bns at all trains free to guests.

This handsome and spacious Hotel,

containing 110 rooms, is so situated that

from its double verandas is presented

an extensive view of Lake Pewaukee,

is now open to summer healthy or in-

valid visitors, and at terms which must

be regarded by all as liberal.

The hotel is supplied with a light

and airy Billiard room, containing four

tables of latest improvement; a double

ten-pin Alley, Croquet ground, etc., and

in addition to lovely scenery, and splen-

did drives, has the boat headquarters

for rowing and fishing can be obtained

at small charge. Sail boats for excu-

sions, and three Steamers may be found

for trips round the Lake in its whole

extent, or to distances to suit parties.

Besides the pure and bracing atmos-

phere of the locality. Lake scenery,

Fishing and Shooting. The Hotel af-

ords the Sanitary importance of the

Oakton Springs, which are of conven-

ient access if it is desired to visit them,

while the waters will be supplied at the

Hotel to such as may not visit the

Springs.

The Oakton are the oldest, most de-

lightfully flavored and valuable, for

their curative properties of any of the

Wisconsin Springs, and have been

known and used by the Indians, Trap-

pers, and Hunters, as early as 1836, as

remedial waters.

TERMS \$2.50 PER DAY.

Liberal deductions by the week or

month. For full particulars, Address,

Oakton, Wis. CURRIE, Proprietor.

april-3m Lake Pewaukee, Wis.

Slaton & McGlathery, Birmingham, Ala.



—DEALERS IN—

Wagons, Buggies, Carriages and Machinery.

We make specialties of Russell & Co.'s and the Watertown, N. Y., Machinery,

such as

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS &C.,

Wholesale and retail dealers in leading brands of first-class COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS. Correspondence solicited in regard to anything in our line.

A New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods

JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.,

—CLANTON, ALA.—

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE

PURCHASING.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

—DEALER IN—

SASH DOORS BLINDS

Builder's Supplies,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Kalsomine.

Builder's Hardware,

Cement, Lime, Plaster,

Hair.

MANTELS.

Wholesale Block,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

READY MIXED PAINTS

119 Commerce St., in

may7-1y

New Goods! New Goods!

B. WELLMAN'S

"Louisville Clothing House,"

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Bottom Prices at Last!

"The Best Goods for the Least Money," is the motto of this

House, and I am now selling an immense stock of Spring

and Summer Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Feb 15-4f

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt At-

tention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1926 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570.

NATIONAL HOUSE

NOS. 101, 103, 105 and 107 CORNER COMMERCE AND BIBB STREETS.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

BY THE DAY OR WEEK FOR TRANSIENT CUSTOM.

This House has a New Outfit. Largest and Coolest Rooms in the City.

Terms Fifty Cents A Night.

Special Large Rooms fitted up and Reserved for Commercial Tourists.

RESTAURANT UNDER THE HOTEL.

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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 4, 1885.

These answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE N. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 at 5:20 a. m.
No. 3 at 6:22 p. m.
No. 7 at 8:47 p. m.
No. 9 at 5:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 at 9:31 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:31 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:43 p. m.
No. 8 at 7:25 p. m.
* Don't stop.

LONGER.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jaeger T. Smitherman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Kiley M. Honeycutt.

Supr. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioner—Anderson Baker, Sr.

Commissioner—R. C. Lanor, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Organize a Land Agency.

Subscribe for THE VIEW.

The Baptist church is being painted white.

Another big dog fight on the street yesterday.

Justices' blanks and waive notes for sale at this office.

A singing convention was held at Coopers last Sabbath.

The farmers of this section are complaining of too much rain.

A new lot of stationery just received. Send us your orders for job work.

For Sore Eyes use Dr. Jackson's Indian Eye Salve for sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton Ala.

Miss Annie Hall, of Montgomery, is visiting Mrs. W. H. McNeil, of this place.

We wonder who will be first to bring us some June apples, or other early fruits.

Mr. Jno. Knight, of Atlanta, Ga., is visiting the family of Mrs. A. E. Evans, at this place.

Notice change in the advertisement of Messrs. Spurlock, Page & Co., of Nashville Tenn.

Misses Mattie Wright and Rosa Gullahorn, of this place, are visiting relatives, in Columbus Ga.

Try Dr. Jackson's Liver Pills, they are sugar coated and will please any one. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. Jno. Callen, of this place, has gone up to Pine Hill, to rusticate; in the hope of recuperating his health.

We return thanks to Capt. W. L. Sampey, of Howard College, for an invitation to attend the commencement exercises of that institution.

Mr. and Mrs. Pearce, and family, of Cuero Texas, have moved to Clanton, and will occupy the Robinson house. We extend to them a cordial welcome.

The Tuscaloosa Gun Club, beat the Birmingham Gun Club, in a clay pigeon shooting match, one day last week. The match came off in Birmingham.

We would advise every young person who gets this paper, to read the "Open Letter" published therein. It is well worth your consideration.

The picnic was rained out, last Friday. The Methodists will unite with the Baptists in their picnic to be had on the second Saturday in this month; the 13th inst.

When you feel bad, wake up early in the morning, and feel tired and have no sleep, or energy, you are bilious, and are suffering from a spell of the chills. You should try one bottle of Collins' A. C. Curo which only costs fifty cents per bottle. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Rev. Mr. Allen, a student of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, at Louisville Ky., is visiting his sister Mrs. Bell, at this place.

Died, on the 1st inst., at Lomax Ala., little Fox Maull Dudley, aged about 1 year. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. James Dudley, of that place. The remains were brought to Clanton for interment.

Dr. M. J. Green, Clanton, Ala., has taken the agency for Dr. Jackson's celebrated family medicines and Collins' A. C. Curo, which is warranted to cure any case of Chills or Disordered Liver, fifty cents per bottle.

Mr. T. J. Berrier, who has been night operator, at this place, for the past month, leaves to-day for his home in Bangor. The night office here is to be closed for the summer. Mr. Berrier made many friends in Clanton who wish him success wherever he may be.

ATTENTION Clanton Broom Brigade.

Attend regular drill, at the residence of Mrs. A. M. Adams, this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

By order of captain, J. C. LAWRENCE, 1st Serg't. pro tem.

June 4th, 1885.

Why do you cough so when one bottle of Dr. Jackson's Syrup of Wild Cherry and Lung Wort will cure you. It is safe and sure and as pleasant to take as maple syrup. Children will take it before anything else. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

A Cordial Invitation.

All the men and boys, of Clanton and vicinity, are most cordially invited to be at the grave yard early Saturday morning, for the purpose of putting up a new fence around the yard and also giving it a general cleaning up. Go early, and go prepared to spend the day. Carry an implement or tool of some kind with you, to work with.

Dr. Pitts, of Verbena, was in to see us Monday. He informed us that his little ten year old son met with a very serious accident last week. While climbing down from a mulberry tree, he accidentally slipped and fell on a fence, that was just under the tree. One of the palings entered his side between the fifth and sixth ribs and made an ugly wound, from which it was thought he would die. We are glad to know that he is doing well, and will probably recover.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Blind Tom.

Blind Tom has been taking in a good many small towns lately, he was at Montevallo and Columbiana very recently. As you all doubtless know, that he has no mind, the following lines, of his own composition, which he sang at one of the above named places, may be accounted for:
"I went to see the doctor,
Down in the concert hall;
He was taking the tickets as the crowd came in,
And when the matinee was over far out in the distance was a man who mashed his hand."

Dr. Jackson's Root and Herb Cordial cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion or Loss of Appetite the greatest strengthening Tonic on earth. Try it once. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Mapleville Dots.

Too much rain, and cotton chopping backward.

Mr. C. F. Douthit, one of our enterprising townsmen has purchased the Jackson lot, and is now erecting a handsome storehouse.

Old Mr. Griffin who has suffered greatly with cancer, for the past few months, died on the 21st ult.

Miss Ree Oaty is visiting her sister Mrs. C. F. Douthit.

Married, May 21st, at the residence of J. D. McGee, Frank Adams to Miss Amanda McGee.

Callville Dots.

For the past two weeks we have had a heavy shower of rain almost every day, which has thrown farmers greatly behind with their work, and grass is thick and growing very fast.

The community have a very interesting series of meetings at Stanton, conducted by the Presbyterian evangelists, Messrs. W. H. Claggett and C. Birch, of St. Louis, Mo.—Preaching only at night. A great work is being done.

Mr. Huckabee's school closed on the 29th ult.

Mr. Hare's school began at Dixie, on the 1st of June. H. J. H.

THE HOT WELL.

AN ANALYSIS RECEIVED AT LAST.

Clanton to be a Great Resort Both Summer and Winter.

What the Montgomery Advertiser Has to Say About Us.

The analysis of the water of Mr. Blasingame's hot well was received Friday night last, and our people are jubilant over it, for it shows the well to be a valuable one, its thermal condition assimilating that of the hot springs of Arkansas. Below we give the analysis, sent to Mr. Blasingame, by Prof. Gesner, verbatim et literatim:

ANALYSIS NO. 3012,

BY WM. GESNER, Birmingham Ala.

May 29th 1885.

Temperature of the water 162 deg. Fahrenheit.

Specific gravity, 1.00067.

Quantity, one gallon.

GASES.

Sulphuretted Hydrogen, None.

Carbonic Acid, 7.500 cubic inches.

CARBONATED SALTS.

Iron Oxide, None.

Soda, 13.108.

Lime, Trace.

Magnesia, 5.330.

MURIATIC SALTS.

Soda, 2.120.

Lime, None.

Magnesia, None.

OTHER CONSTITUENTS.

Silica, 0.102.

Phosphate of Soda, 0.177.

Zeolite, 0.009.

Total solid parts, 28.844.

This is a mild saline water, and its high temperature in the well is of subterranean origin, being attributed, as in the case of other hot springs and wells, to contact with rocks under the influence of volcanic lava. Its thermal condition assimilating that of the Arkansas hot springs, which are registered as "ranging from 98 to 180 deg. Fahrenheit."

The large body of water from which it had to be taken, being in contact on all sides with the earth, and receiving its drainage and temperature must consequently be in a diluted state; particularly as the present season is a very cool and wet one, and a perfect well curbing to the fountain head at the bottom would show the waters to be of higher temperature and more saline.

Respectfully Yours,

WILLIAM GESNER,

Analytical and Consulting Chemist.

Prof. Gesner, is a man who has devoted many years of careful study to chemistry, and has a thorough knowledge of the different properties of mineral waters, and this above analysis, with his signature to it, ought to be sufficient evidence of the genuineness of the hot well, and its valuable properties, to satisfy and convince the most sceptical. The well is located at Mr. Blasingame's saw mill, about a quarter of a mile south of this place, and very near the L. & N., railroad, which passes directly through the centre of Clanton, dividing the town into East and West Clanton; both of which have been making rapid progress for the last few years, and now since the hot well has proved to be in every respect equal to the hot springs of Arkansas it is not unreasonable to suppose that inside of two or three years, Clanton's population will have "doubled and thribbled" itself and that we will have, right here, at Clanton, (the geographical centre of the state) as fine a resort for both summer and winter guests, as can be found in the South. Already property has advanced twenty-five per cent., and it is probable that it will advance two or three hundred per cent., before a great while. A bath house has been built at the well and hot baths can be had at any time. Numbers of persons claim to have been benefited by these; yet editor among the number. There are parties here now who are taking frequent baths for rheumatism, and there is already a susceptible improvement in their condition.

The land around the well has been laid off in lots and a day will soon be set for the sale of them. They will no doubt sell rapidly and at good prices.

Mr. Blasingame is receiving letters of inquiry from all over the state, and several parties have come in person to examine the well, with a view to investing, but not having an analysis of its waters, at that time, they had thought it best to await further developments.

The following is a special from Verbena to the Montgomery Advertiser, of the 27th ult.

VERBENA, Ala., May 27, 1885.

Prof. Gesner, a professional chemist from Birmingham, who has devoted many years to the study of ores and mineral waters, went to Clanton yesterday for the purpose of examining Blasingame's hot well more minutely. He found it rich in mineral properties, and possessing a temperature of one hundred and sixty-two and a half degrees at the bottom. He pronounced it all that has been claimed, and his certified opinion will be given to the public soon. An old gentleman from the hill country says that he has known for a long time that Clanton was very near the infernal regions, but did not expect such manifestations as have been recently made.

The Advertiser has to say concerning the same:

The good Clantonians are tickled almost to death by their hot well. They are so happy in contemplating the airy-fairy castles which fashion themselves in the vapors that rise from that new thing under the sun that they even laugh at jokes about Clanton being in close proximity to—sheol, if you please.

Clanton is in luck and the Clantonians have good cause for shaking in their sleeves and feeling so good that they can hug themselves. That well may be worth thousands to Clanton. Why not? The temperature of the water is one hundred and sixty-two and a half. That is very remarkable. It will cook an egg before a Montgomery man can drink a mint julep on a summer day. And there is reason for believing that the waters of that now famous well possess medicinal properties. If this be true, there is nothing in the way to keep Clanton from becoming a great summer resort. Montgomery will make it a great summer resort one of these days, and with its health-giving waters and its cool nights and pleasant days fully recognized by the outside world, the measure of fair Clanton's glory will be full. The water in the well is more than thirty feet deep, the well itself having a depth of some fifty feet. Other wells may be dug or bored which will bring water equally as hot to heal suffering humanity.

Evidently lovely Clanton in the hills is in luck, and her people ought to take advantage of the good thing the gods have set before them. Montgomery feels that she has a special interest in Clanton, for the time is coming when thousands of the citizens of Alabama's metropolis will go there to escape the heat and noise of the city. Montgomery hopes to see the day come when the Hot Wells of Alabama will be as the Hot Springs of a certain sister State. Just so. Meantime Clanton should go to work. She must utilize her hot well and dig other hot wells, and she must prepare to entertain Montgomerians in hot weather.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Ia., says: "My wife has been seriously affected with a cough for twenty-five years, and this spring more severely than ever before. She had tried many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much and the second bottle has absolutely cured her. She has not had so good health for thirty years." Trial bottles free at Dr. M. J. Greene's drug store. Large size \$1.00.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ Fieri Facias issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgement recently obtained against John Barber, J. W. Gullahorn, L. B. Wells and W. H. Foshee, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said John Barber et al., I have levied on the following property, to-wit: One bay mare, one trunk, nine chairs, one washstand, one demijohn and one plow stock. Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at public auction, at the right time and place, the above named John Barber, in and to the above described property, on the 6th day of July 1885, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door of Chilton county, in Clanton, Ala.

J. T. SMITHERMAN,

Sheriff Chilton County.

June 4-3

NOTICE NO. 4047.

LAND OFFICE,

Montgomery, Ala., May 20, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on July 6th 1885, viz: William D. Lockhart, Homestead 16154, for the 1/4 of 1/4 of sec. 34, township 20 north, range 12 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: William A. Weaver, Wilson Weaver, Augustus Wilson and John W. Lockhart, all of Dixie, Ala.

ma28 Thos. J. Scott, Register.

The Chilton View

Job Printing Office

Clanton, Ala.

Is Prepared to Execute

JOB PRINTING.

AT LOW RATES

AND IN THE NEATEST STYLE.

Having, at considerable outlay, added a Job Department to our office, we would respectfully call the attention of business men and others in need of JOB PRINTING, to our superior facilities for the prompt and tasteful execution of everything needed in that line, such as

Bill Heads,

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Commissary

Checks,

Circulars,

Blanks,

Notes, &c.

It is new, and our work is up to date.

The Advertiser has to say concerning the same:

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J. T. SMITHERMAN,

Sheriff Chilton County.

June 4-3

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience.

I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

REV. J. G. GURLEY.

nov10-47

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME

Sewing Machine

Simple Strong & Sure

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR

NEVER OUT OF ORDER

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK

CHICAGO, MASS., ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

J. J. SWAIN,

Montevallo, Ala.

oct23-y

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, bowels constive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blade, Fullness after eating, with a distention to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Flustering at the heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with a full dream, highly colored urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They increase the appetite and cause the body to take on flesh. Thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive organs, Regular Bowels are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OF WHATEVER COLOR OR GLOSS BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.

Office. 44 Murray St., New York.

dec13-ay

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which no other organ can equal.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL.

EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION.

UNQUALIFIED FACILITIES.

SKILLED WORKMEN.

BEST MATERIAL.

CONSIDER, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and

The Jolly Man a Kara Avia in the Crescent

"This downcast air among the members of the best society as it is men, when you meet them, quiet, and sad, the gravest of them, of them goes long intervals that a la-

The Shoshone Indian reservation

They talk about
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A NEW ENGLAND preacher says that

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have this visit
to the

Mrs. Center in speaking of her husband said that from the first days

replied the Par-
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never suffered to
a punishment any-
For
are of

descriptive pamphlets and information about
tickets by mail free upon application

**Balm both for
beastie**

To permit yourself and family to
"Suffer?"

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TRADE MARK

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Balm both fresh
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Table of Advertising.

One dollar per square, of one inch space or less, for the first, and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion.

Position	10 m.	15 m.	20 m.	25 m.	30 m.	35 m.	40 m.	45 m.	50 m.
Top	8 00	11 00	14 00	17 00	20 00	23 00	26 00	29 00	32 00
Second	7 00	10 00	13 00	16 00	19 00	22 00	25 00	28 00	31 00
Third	6 00	9 00	12 00	15 00	18 00	21 00	24 00	27 00	30 00
Fourth	5 00	8 00	11 00	14 00	17 00	20 00	23 00	26 00	29 00
Fifth	4 00	7 00	10 00	13 00	16 00	19 00	22 00	25 00	28 00
Sixth	3 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	15 00	18 00	21 00	24 00	27 00
Seventh	2 00	5 00	8 00	11 00	14 00	17 00	20 00	23 00	26 00
Eighth	1 00	4 00	7 00	10 00	13 00	16 00	19 00	22 00	25 00
Ninth	50	3 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	15 00	18 00	21 00	24 00
Tenth	25	1 50	4 00	7 00	10 00	13 00	16 00	19 00	22 00

A BROKEN DREAM.

High roared the flames upon the hearth, The wind howled fitfully without, And wind and flame like revelers Reeled gleefully to laugh and shout, As Maud and I before the fire, Lashed idly back and smiled and sighed, Her robe of violet velvet hung In shadowy folds down at her side.

Her golden hair in rippling waves Hung loosely below her waist, And creamy lace from shoulders white Fell and its web-like pattern traced, Her gaze was always on the fire, And mine was always upon her; The faint, sweet smile of scandalwood Came over as her fan did stir.

A score of years—once again I sit within the olden room, And back upon the air there floats The faint, sweet scandalwood perfume. Parted world-wide are Maud and I, Yet, like a subtle, shy caress, I feel about me fall the folds Of that soft violet velvet dress.

HATTIE TWE GRISWOLD.

AN AWKWARD MOMENT.

[From Harper's Weekly.]

"You must have been in some pretty tight places at different times, Roger. We know that you got the cross for, but I suppose that the chances were often very nearly as heavy against you." The man who made this remark was seated opposite his friend before the cheerful fire in the smoking-room of a London military club. Both had the bronzed faces and prematurely grizzled hair which between long sojourns under almost tropical skies. The one who had been addressed as "Roger" was slightly the elder, and upon his broad chest bore the tiny scrap of ribbon that indicated that the wearer had won the most prized of English decorations, the Victoria Cross. He did not reply for a minute or two to his companion's words. Apparently he had called up many reminiscences, few of which were agreeable, but at last a smile lighted up his features, and he said:

"Yes, old boy; I've very often thought my life wasn't going to last a second longer; but the most awkward moment I ever put in wasn't in the field."

"No. Then I presume that it was when you were besieged in the Residency during the Mutiny?"

"It wasn't in action at all. It was on board ship."

"Wreck?"

"No. That is to say, the ship wasn't wrecked, but I thought it was."

"Tell me about it."

"Well, I don't mind. It's twenty years ago, and the telling can't hurt anyone now. Still you will understand that the names I shall give you are not the true ones, and you must promise not to try and find out what those were. All right, I'll be content with the story."

"Here goes, then," said Roger, settling himself back in his chair. "It occurred just after we'd finished up the last of those black devils. I had pretty nearly got over the wounds I received in the affair for which the Queen gave me the cross, and I reported myself as fit for duty. The colonel, however, being his old heart wouldn't hear of it, and insisted on my taking a year's leave. There was no canal in those days, and the pleasant way of going home then—and I don't know that it isn't now—was by one of the fine clipper ships round the Cape. I was fortunate enough to get a cabin to myself on board the Winchester, of Green's line. The purser, Watson, I had met at some dinners in Calcutta, and he promised to make things as pleasant as possible. We had very few passengers, mostly invalid officers, two or three civilians, and four ladies. I saw three of the ladies on deck when we sailed, and none of them impressed me as being specially charming. The captain, whose name was, well, say, John Smith, looked like one of the regular navy. He wore a uniform and sword, and was very severe of aspect and stiff in bearing. I found out afterward that he was a regular martinet, and the half dozen midshipmen and the minor officers stood in considerable awe of him. On my being introduced, he favored me with a formal grasp of the hand, and jerked out a few words about having heard of me before."

"We did not begin to drop down the river till the day was fairly advanced, and I had scarcely got my traps in order when it was time to dress for dinner. In those days the captain would have been insulted if his passengers did not turn out in full evening toggery. We soldiers were seated at table in accordance with our rank, and as I had only just got my company, I was pretty well down toward the foot of the mainmast."

"The prospect appeared that we should be a little more free and easy than were the fogies up at the top. But when I had got fairly settled into my place, I looked toward the captain, and immediately began to deplore my insignificance. Seated on his right was the prettiest girl I had ever seen. Her eyes were—well, it's no use my giving you an anticlerical catalogue of her charms. You just picture your ideal, and she would come very near it. All I knew was that I was completely knocked over. I am sure my neighbors must have thought I was either dazed or doped, for I never exchanged a word with her."

"Well, captain, I answered, 'I know I can trust you not to let this go any further at present. It is Miss Latimer.'"

"I didn't quite like the look that came over his face. It is possible, I thought, that this old man-day is a little bit gone."

"He gave me plenty of time to think before he made any verbal comment on my announcement. His first words were:

"Pray, sir, have you spoken to the lady on the subject of your hopes?"

"Not yet, captain."

"Has she given you any encouragement to think that the love you say you feel is returned by her?"

"No, captain; but she has been very kind to me, and has talked to me a great deal, and seemed to like to have me talk to her."

"And on these faint grounds you base your hopes?"

A SPANISH BASTILE.

WHO ENTERS CASTLE MORRO LEAVES HOPE BEHIND.

All the Records of Prisoners Taken to Spain and there Destroyed.

The severity, and even cruelty, with which Cuban insurgents are punished by the Spanish authorities is well known. A correspondent of the Boston Herald gives an interesting description of Castle Morro, at Havana, which has witnessed many mysterious imprisonments and executions:

"Who enters Castle Morro leaves all hope behind. To pass between its portals involuntarily, for any reason, is considered equivalent to a sentence of death, and many who have gone there cannot even be traced beyond the iron doors. Some say that the records of arrest and confinement are sent to the Minister of Justice at Madrid. Others suggest that the daily reports of the commandant are sent to Spain and destroyed after perusal. But, however it may be, the common understanding is that whoever enters Morro Castle loses his identity, and never comes out again, for the bodies of the dead are said to be cast over the parapets into the sea."

"This castle stands at the entrance to the harbor of Havana; a picturesque but gloomy pile—massive masonry resting upon the crest of a rock which rises about 200 feet perpendicularly out of the sea. It is the point of a peninsula which embraces the harbor of Havana and makes the latter, when once entered, as safe as any in the world. Covering many acres with its walls and dungeons the castle is one of the largest and most formidable fortresses in the world, surpassing even Fortress Monroe in its extent. The present castle is not so ancient as some others on the island, as the English captured it and blew it up 100 years ago, compelling the Spaniards to spend a million or two of dollars in its re-erection. Modern artillery would batter down the walls, but would make no impression upon the eternal rocks, among whose crevices and ravines the dungeons of the castle have been placed. There is no prison in Europe so secure from capture, either by exterior or interior attack, for the corridors constitute a labyrinth in which it is said the commandant himself requires a guide. No pen will ever record, and no mind can ever correctly imagine, the horrors which have taken place within those walls. The iniquities of the Inquisition did not surpass them, if the stories that are told are true; and people say that the cruelties still continue."

"The life of every citizen of Cuba is the property of the Captain-General, to be disposed of as he chooses, and he has chosen that many of them be spent within these castle walls. Nobody knows how large a number are in confinement; nobody knows who they are or what they suffer; all the public ever knows is that Senor So-and-so has been 'denounced' and taken to the Castle, and his friends keep mighty quiet lest they have to join him there. These Senors So-and-so seldom, if ever, come back from the Castle, and it is better for the family and friends not to ask why. The Castle is for political prisoners exclusively, and when we were over there our guide told us it was full. He showed us the place—a little parade ground—where the executions take place, and the precipice over which the bodies of the dead are cast into the sea, but could give no clue to the number annually shot, or the number who die in the dungeons; and the officers and guards on duty were quite as uncommunicative, if they were not as ignorant. To all inquiries they have one answer. If you ask them how many prisoners are confined in the dungeons, the same reply will be:

"'Dios sabe.' (God knows)."

"'How many ever come out alive?'"

"'Dios sabe.'"

"'Do they ever secure release?'"

"'Dios sabe.'"

"And the words were true, Heaven, and heaven only, knows all that has transpired within these gloomy walls. The officers on guard are changed often, and while they stay it is their business to learn as little as possible. When a prisoner is sent there they lock him up and report the fact to headquarters. With that their duty and their knowledge end. And it is in this way that Cuba is governed. The theory of government which Spain has followed since she assumed control of the Western Hemisphere, and by which she has lost all that she once had, is still in vogue. The Spaniard has learned no lesson by experience. He seems oblivious of the results of tyranny in Mexico and South America, and has seen a magnificent empire pass from his hands without realizing that murder and cruelty are not the best modes of securing peace and promoting civilization."

THE NORTH POLE.—Lieut. Lockwood reached 83 degrees 24 min. north latitude, which is about 455 statute miles from the pole. The chief object of exploration here in view who seek the pole is the fame they expect to enjoy if they succeed. An explorer may not get within hundreds of miles of the pole, and yet geographers applaud his work if he pushes into the unknown area, adds new facts to the map, and collects information that oceanographers and other scientists will use.

THE POWER OF NEGATIVE FAITH, exclusive of the velocity with which the water reaches the brink, is estimated to be 1,000,000 horse power, enough to furnish the whole steam power of the world.

HOW GRANT SAVED LEE.

HIS GREAT MAGNANIMITY AT THE CLOSE OF THE WAR.

He Keeps his Word of Honor, and Prevents Stanton from Ordering an Arrest.

An interesting story of Gen. Grant's magnanimity at the close of the war, and his keen sense of honor, comes from a New York correspondent. The war was over, Gen. Lee and his half-starved Confederates had returned to their desolate homes on their parole of honor. The victorious armies, under Grant and Sherman, were encamped in and around Washington and Jeff Davis was in Fortress Monroe.

Gen. Grant and Rawlins were playing a game of billiards in the National Hotel and two civilians were indulging in that pastime on an opposite table. A major entered the room in a hurry and whispered to Grant. The latter laid his cue on the table, saying: "Rawlins, don't disturb the balls until I return," and hurried out. One of the civilians said to the other: "Pay for the game and hurry out. There's something up."

In front of the hotel stood a mounted sentinel. Grant ordered the soldier to dismount, and springing into the saddle rode up the avenue so fast as to attract attention. The first civilian questioned the soldier as to the cause but was answered with the surprise of one who knew nothing. On being told of the General's breakneck ride it was decided to go to the War Department and learn the cause, if possible. Col. Barroll, of the Second Regular Infantry, was disbursing officer in the Quartermaster's Department, and to the Colonel one of the civilians went for information. Asking him if he knew the reason of Gen. Grant's hasty action and if he had seen the hero of the hour around the Department, Col. Barroll answered, "Yes," but was surprised at anybody's knowledge of the event. When told of what transpired, the Col. said: "Well, as you are aware of the coming of Gen. Grant I will tell you all about it, providing you promise not to repeat it."

"Secretary Stanton sent for me in reference to the execution of certain orders, and while listening to his instructions Gen. Grant came in. The Secretary greeted the General with a pleasant 'Good morning,' which the latter returned and said: 'Mr. Secretary, I understand that you have issued orders for Gen. Lee and others, and I desire to know if such orders have been placed in the hands of any officer for execution.'"

"I have issued orders for the arrest of all the prominent rebels, and officers will be dispatched on the mission soon," replied the Secretary.

"Gen. Grant appeared cool, though laboring under mental excitement, and quickly said:

"'Mr. Secretary, when Gen. Lee surrendered to me at Appomattox I gave him my word and honor that neither he nor any of his followers would be disturbed so long as they obeyed their parole of honor. I have learned nothing to cause me to believe that any of my late adversaries have broken their promise, and have come here to make you aware of that fact and would also suggest that those orders be canceled.'"

"Secretary Stanton became terribly angry, and said:

"'Gen. Grant, are you aware whom you are talking to? I am the Secretary of War.'"

"Quick as a flash Grant answered back: 'And I am Gen. Grant. Issue those orders at your peril.' Then turning on his heel Grant walked out as unconcerned as if nothing had happened."

"It is needless to say," continued Col. Barroll, "that neither Lee nor any of his soldiers were arrested. I was dismissed from the presence of the Secretary with the remark that my services in connection with the arrest of the leading rebels would be dispensed with until he took time to consider, and I now write the result of his decision."

Like some cases in law the decision of the great War Secretary was reserved for all time, but whether the game of billiards was ever played to an end has never been definitely known.

Oil in Russia.

Russia has, it is estimated, 14,000 square miles of oil-producing territory, but the field at Baku is the only one worked, and this covers a space of three and a half square miles only. The output is enormous. A gentleman who witnessed the opening of one well says a column of oil spurted up to the height of 100 feet, carrying big stones with it, and that it continued flowing till a large lake of petroleum was formed. The product is refined on the spot, the residue being used as fuel for steamers on the Caspian and on many of the Russian railways.

"What did the sparrow do yesterday?" asks a poetess. Well, dear, we think he followed out his usual scheme, which is to get up at 4 a. m.—hop around in the gutter—quarrel with his neighbors—dig bait, not for fishing, but for swarming—take a bath in the puddle—quarrel the rest of the day—and retire at about 6 p. m. If you have any more curiosity as to what he did you will have to supply yourselves with a pair of binoculars and a telescope.

ST. PETERSBURG'S DEFENSES.

The Trouble an English Fleet Would Have in Taking St. Petersburg.

"But you are aware that the Russian fleet could not stand against the English fleet?" suggested a reporter to a Russian officer now in this country.

"True enough," quickly admitted the officer. "England has seventy-two armor clad men-of-war against thirty on the Russian side. But you must not forget that Russia cannot be forced to a marine war. She has to defend her coast line, and this she is fully able to do, even against the English navy. For that purpose we have 120 torpedo boats and nine sloops-of-war. But in case of defense the coast fortresses are chiefly to be relied upon, and that is our strong point."

"It is reported that England intends to transfer the war to the Baltic and to the Black sea," said the reporter.

"Well, they are welcome there. On entering the Baltic the English men-of-war could not do anything more than force our government to keep at the capital an army of a certain strength. But as to taking St. Petersburg there can be no question whatever, and the English know it as well as we do. Let all Europe go there by the sea and St. Petersburg could not be taken. I have served myself in the Cronstadt fortress and know perfectly well the whole arrangement of formidable forces there. I will give you just a faint idea of the situation. Cronstadt is situated on the Kotlin Island, forty-six versts, or about thirty-one miles, from St. Petersburg. There are two channels leading to the capital, one north and the other south from Cronstadt. Both channels are, as it were, virtually closed by the three strategic lines of powerful forts on artificial islands. Now, in order to reach St. Petersburg the English men-of-war would have to pass between those forts. By a device of our own we may concentrate the fire of at least a hundred cannons at any time and on any point of those channels. As I have said already, we might easily sink there the combined fleet of all Europe. The cannon we have there are of the heaviest and best make in existence. Some of them could welcome the English with half ton cannon balls. Our men-of-war might also stand between those forts and act as forts. Besides all that, each channel there is closed by torpedoes. I hope you see now that it is quite impossible for the English to pass Cronstadt and to reach our capital. Besides Cronstadt we have those excellent coast fortresses, such as Sveaborg and Vyborg. The whole coast of the Finn Bay is guarded by torpedoes. No, no, the English would have to keep at a respectable distance from Cronstadt."

Youth of Ferdinand Ward.

The Caledonia, New York, Advertiser says: Strange things happen in this world, but one of the strangest in this century was the manner of Gen. Grant's ruin and by such an instrument as Ferdinand Ward. During the lapse of time between 1851 and 1876, while Grant was winning world-wide fame as a soldier in the field and as President of the United States, the person that was destined to drag him in sorrow and misery to the grave was an unpromising Genesee stripling, a youth without honor at home and unknown outside of the village limits—in short, a good-for-nothing young bumster, apparently without a single qualification that would mark him as one likely to win in future life so much as a nod of recognition even from the mightiest soldier and most illustrious citizen of the United States of his day. And yet, if this young scallawag had been shot in one of his rifeled sprees or struck by lightning, Gen. Grant would in all human probability have been rich and enjoying moderately good health to-day, for however obscure Ferd. Ward was as a boy, there was a certain devilish, latent talent there for cunning and wild speculation possessed, perhaps, by no other human being, and, as it happened, those peculiar qualifications were so directed as not only to hoodwink, deceive and ruin the unsuspecting Grant, but men of ripe experience in financial affairs. Had a soothsayer appeared in Genesee twenty years ago and predicted such a future for the lad Ward, he would have been sent to a lunatic asylum as a dangerous character to be at large. Such are the mysterious ways of Providence in shaping our ends here below.

An Unfortunate People.

A Honolulu letter to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat says the charge so frequently made that the missionaries are responsible for the rapid extinction of the native race at the Sandwich Islands is without any foundation. The seeds of deadly disease were sown before their arrival. The Hawaiian race is doomed, and nothing but a miracle could save them from certain extinction. That disease has made awful ravages among them is due to their contact with foreigners. Of late years leprosy has been introduced by the Chinese, and it has spread with alarming rapidity. It is estimated by good observers that fully one-fifth of all the native population is infected with it, or with similar complications in such an aggravated form as to be almost certain to result in death.

AN OFFICER who has lived in the North-west for years says: As an old soldier, I judge the half-breeds to be the best regular light cavalry or infantry in the world. They are well trained in skirmishing and outpost duty. Their senselessness makes them born soldiers. They are doubly marauding; and a whole lot of them would make a fine body of officers to lead some cavalry or infantry.

THE LOUISVILLE MAIDEN. A Louisville girl who was visiting here a short time ago scored a signal triumph over a fresh young society man of this city. They were sitting upon a sofa together, and as the conversation progressed he allowed his arm to gradually fall down until he had it around her waist.

She arose very indignantly, and he made the following explanation and apology: "I hope you will not think anything of it. It is just a way I have. All the Memphis boys act the same way, and you will have to get used to it. I hope you will not take any offense at it, as it's just my way."

She left the room, but came back in a few minutes with a married friend and sat down on the sofa again. Soon she began to yawn and gave every ostensible proof of being thoroughly bored. Finally she said: "I'm dreadfully sleepy, and I hope you'll go home. You mustn't take any offense at this. All the Louisville girls act the same way. You are exceedingly tiresome, and you had better go home at once. Don't be offended at this. It is simply a way I have."

He stood upon the order of his going.—Memphis Times.

OH, BLESSED SPIRIT! let me feel Thy vital breath upon my heart; Thine for thee, I bow my knee, And wait till thou thyself impart.

To thee my earth-dimmed spirit cries; Change thou my blindness into sight; Give me from shades of sin to rise, And let me see thy face in pure light.

Then cannot, to my weak thoughts unfold The wonders of Christ's matchless grace; Canst thou that faith's ravished eyes behold The glories of his unveiled face?

If but thy quickening breath inspire, This heart with fervent love shall glow; And kneeling as with thine own fire, Heaven's bliss, on earth begun, shall know.

Come, Holy Spirit, fill this breast With thy sweet, soul-transforming power; Be thou my ever-present guest, My life, my joy, from hour to hour!

ATWOOD A REAT.

The editor of the Deadwood Reaver attended church for the first time last Sunday. In about an hour he rushed into the office and shouted:

"What the blazes are you fellows doing? How about the news from the seat of war?"

"What news?"

"Why, all this about the Egyptian army being drowned in the Red Sea. Why, the Gospel sharp up at the church was telling us about it just now, and not a word of it in this morning's paper. Hustle round, you fellows, and get the facts, or the Snap Shot will get a beat on us. Look spry, there, and run an extra edition, while I put on the bulletin board 'Great English Victory in the Soudan.'"

THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN.

The Czar-General Komaroff, why did you attack the Afghans?

General Komaroff: I crave pardon, sire, but did you ever come suddenly upon a flock of wild geese when you had your gun loaded for lions?

The Czar—No, General.

General K.—Well, sire, then it would be useless for me to make any explanation.

The Czar.—My brave and gallant General! Here, take this medal and, when you get a good chance, hit 'em again!—New York Journal.

ECONOMY IN WEAVERS.

A farmer and his wife went into the dentist's.

"How much do you charge for filling teeth?" asked the farmer.

"From two to five dollars," "An' how much for pullin' 'em?"

"Fifty cents."

"Marine, he said, turning to his wife, you'd better git it pulled."

THE MAINE HEN WASHES SOON. A passenger got off to walk around a little. As the train began to move again the passenger jumped aboard, but just then he discovered that he had but one overcoat. Thinking that he had dropped the other, he pulled off the remaining shoe and threw it out on the platform, exclaiming:

"There, that makes a good pair of overcoats for somebody."

Entering the car, there, to his great astonishment, was his other overcoat. A look of intense disgust came upon his face, but he did not hesitate. Quickly picking up the lone article he hurried to the platform, threw the shoe as far as he could back toward the other shoe and shouted:

"By jimmies, there's a pair of overcoats for somebody!"—Chicago Herald.

FOUND IN THE COLUMNS OF OUR HUMOROUS EXCHANGES.

The Maiden and the Doctor.—The Maiden General: A Treasury in One Act—Hacking the Word Good, Etc., Etc.

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CHILTON VIEW.

JNO. C. LAWRENCE - Editor.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 11, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

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Clanton - Glancus Evans.
Dixie - J. W. Peoples.
Jemison and Calera - Euell Dawson.

Clear Creek - J. P. Vandever.
Lomax - Jno. N. Thornton.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions.

The following is the decision of the United States Supreme Court:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as continuing their subscription.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have accepted their bills and ordered their discontinuance.

4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them unclaimed, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

The sermons of Rev. Sam Jones are being sold on the train at twenty-five cents a book.

A Frenchman has invented a revolver which, though so small as to be conveniently carried in the vest pocket, can be fired ten times without reloading, and with greater ease and certainty than those of the old pattern. The whole length of the weapon is four inches, which can be reduced to two and five-eighths by unscrewing the barrel.

The cattle ranch area of the country embraces 1,365,000 square miles, nearly 41 per cent of the total area of the United States, equal in extent to Great Britain and Ireland, France, Germany, Denmark, Holland, Belgium, Austria, Hungary, Italy, Spain, Portugal and one-fifth of Russia in Europe.

Over 7,500,000 cattle graze on these plains east of the Rockies. Nearly 21,000,000 acres, or a territory two-thirds the size of Alabama, are owned by English syndicates and capitalists.

Rev. Sam Jones nearly paralyzed the newspaper reporters in Nashville the other day, at the close of a sermon by the remark:

"And now in conclusion I want to ask all the members to pray for these reporters."

The reporters were busy at a table writing down his sermon and the blow fell suddenly and unexpectedly upon them. - Jacksonville Republican.

Certainly the reporters who could set patiently and take down Sam's sermons did not need anyone to pray for them, and it must have been a terrible shock to their moral sense, but newspaper reporters must expect such things in this half-witted world. - Asheville Eagle.

Amen.

School Superintendent of Shelby.

Advertiser 9th.

Gov. O'Neal on yesterday appointed Mr. Needham A. Graham, of Calera, to be superintendent of the public schools of Shelby, vice D. W. Caldwell, deceased. This is a wise appointment. Mr. Graham is editor of the Sentinel, and is one of the cleverest gentlemen in Alabama. He is well fitted in every respect to discharge the duties of his new position, and he will do it to the great satisfaction of the people.

The Law in Regard to Buying Cattle.

An act to require any person who buys cattle in Greene, Tallapoosa, Bibb, Lawrence, Russell, Pike, Washington, Randolph, Talladega, Limestone, Blount, St. Clair, Marshall, Cullman, Pickens, Clay, Chilton, Chambers, Morgan, Coosa, Hale, Escambia, Butler, Choctaw, Lauderdale and Wilcox for the purpose of shipping them from these counties, to file a descriptive list of the same with a justice of the peace or notary public in the beat in which they are purchased, and to require justices of the peace and notaries of the public to keep a record of the same for the inspection of the public.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That any person who buys cattle in Greene, Tallapoosa, Bibb, Lawrence, Russell, Pike, Washington, Randolph, Talladega, Blount, Limestone, St. Clair, Marshall, Cullman, Pickens, Clay, Chilton, Chambers, Morgan, Coosa, Hale, Escambia, Butler, Choctaw, Lauderdale and Wilcox counties for the purpose of shipping them from said counties, or before they drive or ship them from the beat in which they are purchased, shall

make out a list of the number bought by him in said beat, giving a description of each, with the mark and brand, and from whom purchased and date of purchase, to which descriptive list the purchaser must make affidavit of its correctness before a justice of the peace or notary public in the beat in which such cattle are bought, which list and affidavit must be filed with said justice of the peace or notary public.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That any person who shall buy and remove any cattle from said counties without complying with this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than ten, nor more than one hundred dollars.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the justice of the peace or notary public with whom such list and description is filed shall record the same in a book to be kept by them for that purpose, and shall keep said book for the inspection of the public, and for which services they shall receive the sum of fifty cents, for each list and description filed with them, to be paid by the person filing the same.

Be it further enacted, That said justice of the peace shall return a certified copy of each said list to the judge of probate of said county and that said list when returned shall be by the judge of probate of said county duly recorded in a book kept for that purpose.

Approved February 17th, 1885.

THE "FOREST CITY" AND CUMBERLAND ISLAND.

A Breezy Letter From a Breezy Land. Some Interesting Historical Points.

CUMBERLAND ISLAND, June 2nd, 1885.

The scribe is here for a short while to enjoy the breezes of Cumberland Sound. As Cumberland Island is just off the coast of Nassau county Florida, a letter therefrom would not interest the readers of the Nassau Record, so he is thus enabled to throw this at the CHILTON VIEW. The island is northeast of Florida and extends twenty miles off the coast of Georgia. It is five miles wide. The beach here is a sight worth an extended trip to see, and the saline breezes are incomparably exhilarating. At the southern extremity of the island are the ruins of Dunwoody Castle—an old English structure erected in the days of George III, but which years ago was left in ruins by the hand of the despoiling Spaniard. The property on which the castle stood is owned by a wealthy northerner, who has thereon a fine residence surrounded with beautiful grounds and an orange grove, over which he will show the visitor with a visible degree of pride and pleasure. On the island, in the vicinity of the ruins, is the grave of Gen. Henry Lee, who in the time of the revolution was famous under the sobriquet of "Light Horse Harry." But his fame in later days is still as enduring. He was the father of Gen. Robert E. Lee. The latter, shortly before his death, visited his father's grave here and had a new but plain marble stone placed at its head. Probably the beauty of this location caused the family to leave the remains here rather than carry them to Virginia.

The island is reached by the Florida Railway and Navigation line as far as Fernandina, and there the traveler takes a steamer of the Sea Island Route or any other that may be stopping at the island. In summer there might be hundreds of visitors here were there hotel accommodations. The surf bathing could be made a great attraction. It is a great thing at Fernandina, which is a summer resort for South Florida people. The latter place has a fine beach hotel and every facility for enjoying a saline bath. "An sure," remarks Paddy, "the maids do look charmin' in their funny little breeches."

Along the coast of Florida an almost invisible sand fly and a very visible and excessively audible mosquito were always with us. Here there are neither. The "critters" reminded the scribe of the fact that the new revision of the Bible is said to abolish altogether the word "hell" and substitutes the word "sheol" therefore. However, it would be well for the Montgomery and Birmingham editors to bear in mind that Hades by any other name is likely to be just as hot. This reminder may induce them to give the public a respite on the tariff question this summer.

The scribe has been reading the papers and it is evident from them that the biggest thing in Alabama just now is the War Department (with a capital W and D). What glory in a horn! But, bah! What is military glory in these piping times of peace? It is too evanescent for any American town that has progress for a motto, to lay much store by. Commercial progress is the chief source of power in these practical times, and it is safe to say that if our beautiful little "city by the sea" had spent the \$20,000 which was necessary to inaugurate the prize drill in establishing a shoe factory, cotton factory or some like enterprise, the returns would be surer and greater. It is Mobile's failing that she is now giving more attention to show and parade than business. One consolation is that a military show is better than a horse race or a base ball show.

THE FOREST CITY.

The city of Savannah, recently visited, is a second Mobile in some respects. Savannah boasts of being the most beautiful city on the coast in the spring, with its succession of beautiful forest parks garnished with monuments and flowers. The exquisite green squares give a sweet freshness to the city. Savannah has been fifty named the "Forest City" from its unequalled possession of venerable trees. The city is ancient and full of honors, the germ of the commonwealth, aristocratic, full of pride and sentiment, chary about innovations, its aspect distinctive of an antique origin, upon which has been grafted a volume of modern additions.

The old time, with the new dovetailed into it, makes a unique picture of progress woven on antiquity. Oglethorpe and his colonists made their first settlement here in February, 1733. The past is a living present in this beautiful old place. The statues and monuments greet one with their historic memories. The squares and parks present an idea of repose and beauty. The city, by the last directory census, has a population of 44,000. It is the second cotton port of the country, a place which Mobile once occupied. However, manufactories of all kinds would do more for each place than cotton can ever do. The first ocean steamship that ever crossed the Atlantic was completed at Savannah in April, 1819. The place now has extensive maritime interests, with a line of passenger ships to New York, Providence, Boston, Baltimore and Charleston. The cost of the trip to Baltimore is \$15; to Boston \$20.

Among the numerous beautiful monuments in the city, is the Pulaski monument in Monterey Square on Bull Street. LaFayette laid the corner stone of this monument in 1825. This exquisite work by Launitz, is in memory of Count Pulaski, who fell at the siege of Savannah, October, 1779. It is 55 feet high, of white marble. The figure of Pulaski wounded falls from his horse, grasping his sword. An eagle rests on the united coat of arms of Poland and Georgia, surmounted by a statue of Liberty, holding the flag of stars and stripes. Another fine work is the Gordon monument in Wright Square. In this square repose the remains of the good Indian chief Tomochichi, the friend of Oglethorpe. Pride in her history, is something that a stranger in Savannah cannot fail to note.

W. H. L.

STATE NEWS.

Cullman has a broom factory.

There are seventy prisoners in the Birmingham jail, one fourth of whom are white.

Mr. D. W. Caldwell, county superintendent of education of Shelby county, died at his home in Columbiana, on the 29th ult.

Three Alabama boys, Charles F. Parker, Robert L. Bullard and George L. Byram, are to be graduated at the West Point Military Academy this year.

Mr. F. P. Glass, proprietor of the Selma Times, has sold his paper to a stock company composed of Selma merchants. Major Frank Boykin of that city is to be manager and editor.

The Lomax Rifles, of Mobile and Montgomery Greys are going to Philadelphia, to enter the great encampment and drill to take place in Fairmount Park in that city soon. We hope they may win.

R. M. Reynolds, late First Auditor of the U. S. Treasury Department, committed suicide on the 2nd at the Southern Hotel, St. Louis. He was an Alabamian, and was at one time auditor of the state.

Maj. Marion Banks for eight years past a trustee of the university of Alabama, has tendered his resignation. He is the oldest living graduate of the university, being the only survivor of the class of 1833.

The commissions of the postmasters at the following named places in Alabama will expire at the dates mentioned: Athens, January 13, 1886; Anniston, January 15, 1886; Birmingham, July 1, 1886; Demopolis, February 12, 1887; Euclid, October 26, 1885; Florence, March 22, 1886; Greensboro, December 20, 1885; Gainesville, December 11, 1888; Huntsville, February 23, 1888; Montgomery, April 21, 1886; Selma, January 8, 1886; Talladega, April 3, 1886; Troy, January 22, 1889; Tuscaloosa, May 29, 1888; Union Springs, May 29, 1888; Uniontown, May 22, 1886; Tuscombiana, January 21, 1888; Marion, July 13, 1886; Mobile, July 13, 1886.

An Inadequate Return.

Nashville Union.

The young men who are disposed to pass on the other side of the street and in other unfeeling ways dodge ice-cream saloons when out walking with their dear girls, should remember that all during the winter these same girls cheerfully and uncomplainingly furnished lights and fuel for their comfort, and the little cream, strawberries and similar necessities they are willing to accept are but an inadequate return, at the best, for the last winter's favor.

"He tried to kiss me, and I just told him to behave," said an irate young lady after a buggy ride last night. "Well, did he kiss you?" asked her friend. "No, the idiot, he behaved."

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W. H. L.

Partnership Notice.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.)

Be it known that on the first day of May, A. D. 1885, the undersigned, Otto H. Tittmann, of the City of Washington, D. C., and James H. Hughes, of said county and state, formed and concluded a limited partnership under the provisions of the Code of Alabama for the purpose of engaging in and carrying on the business of purchasing, selling, breeding and raising cattle in the said county of Chilton, to commence on said date and to terminate on the first day of May, 1890; of which said partnership Otto H. Tittmann is the general partner, and the name under which such partnership is to be conducted is James H. Hughes; and that the said Otto H. Tittmann has contributed to the common stock of said partnership the sum of six hundred dollars.

OTTO H. TITTMANN, JAMES H. HUGHES.

may 7-6t

Register's Sale.

Moses Chandler vs. William Higgins and John Abbott, in Chancery at Clanton, Ala.

Under and by virtue of a decree rendered in the above stated cause, by the Chancery Court for the 14th district of the Eastern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 15th day of July next, at the courthouse door, in Clanton, Ala., to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, to-wit: The NE 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Sec. 2, T. 20, R. 13, and NW 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Sec. 2, T. 20, R. 13 and E 1/2 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 2, T. 20, R. 13 East, and S 1/2 of SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 2, T. 20, R. 13.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

may 4-5t

B. WOLFF & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS AGENTS

-OF ALL KINDS OF- FURNITURE.

No. 20 Commerce & Corner Coosa & Court Streets, MONTGOMERY, - ALA.

Williamson & Leavell

UNDERTAKERS

NO. 107, COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, - ALA.

Telegrams by day or night receive prompt attention. Bodies embalmed and kept in a perfect state of preservation for any length of time.

may 25-5t

Headache

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY,

MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR.

For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These afflictions are sometimes sudden and always painful. A speedy and effectual cure depends mainly upon a quick application and efficient remedy, and just here, we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir, is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Flux, Piles in the bowels, etc. The elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, in doses as directed, as it contains no hurtful ingredient. It is palatable and does not produce Nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system, to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of the glands situated in the stomach and bowels. It is a locking up of the secretions of these glands that brings on dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heart-burn, palpitation of the heart, vertigo or swimming of the head, sick or nervous headache, constipation of the bowels accompanied at the same time with pains in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine that strikes at and removes the cause from the system. This produces and brings on the disease. This medicine is sold with Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

SPURLOCK PAGE & CO., PROPRIETORS, Nashville, Tenn.

The above medicines are for sale by M. J. GREENE, Clanton. oc30

THE BIRMINGHAM STEAM LAUNDRY,

1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

makes a specialty of laundering collars and cuffs sent them by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at this office. Information also given by us in regard to prices, etc. feb21f

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

Mrs. W. A. Childs,

PROPRIETRESS.

313 St. One Block From Temple Building, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

OAKTON SPRINGS HOTEL,

(Open from May to November, yearly.)

Fronting Lake Pewaukee, 19 Miles West of Milwaukee, on Mil. & St. Paul Ry., main line, Waukesha Co., Wis. 4 hours from Chicago. Hotel

Bus at all trains free to guests.

This handsome and spacious Hotel, containing 110 rooms, is so situated that its double verandas is presented an extensive view of Lake Pewaukee, is now open to summer healthy or invalid visitors, and at terms which must be regarded by all as liberal.

The hotel is supplied with a light and airy Billiard room, containing four tables of latest improvement; a double ten-pin alley, Croquet ground, etc., and in addition to lovely scenery, and splendid drives, has the boat headquarters almost directly in front and but a few yards from the door, and where boats for rowing and fishing can be obtained at small charge. Sail boats for excursions, and three Steamers may be found for trips round the Lake in its whole extent, or to distances to suit parties.

Besides the pure and bracing atmosphere of the locality, Lake scenery, Fishing and Shooting, the Hotel affords the Sanitary importance of the Oakton Springs, which are of convenient access if it is desired to visit them, while the waters will be supplied at the Hotel to such as may not visit the Springs.

The Oakton are the oldest, most delightfully flavored and valuable, for their curative properties of any of the tables of Wisconsin Springs, and have been known and used by the Indians, Trappers, and Hunters, as early as 1838, as remedial waters.

TERMS \$2.50 PER DAY. Liberal deductions by the week or month. For full particulars, Address, Wm. CURRIE, Proprietor, apr30-3m Lake Pewaukee, Wis.

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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 11, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULES, N. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at	5:30 a. m.
No. 3	6:22 p. m.
No. 7	8:47 p. m.
No. 9	8:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2	8:31 a. m.
No. 12	10:31 p. m.
No. 4	9:45 p. m.
No. 8	7:23 p. m.

* Don't stop.

LODGE.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—J. B. Fulkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Cullen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Folsom.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honecutt.

Sup. Education—W. U. Acre.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr.

Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanoir, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Subscribe for THE VIEW.

There are only four prisoners in our jail.

Mr. N. A. Kicker is now teaching a school near this place.

Justices' blanks and waive notes for sale at this office.

The Baptist church looks very much better with its new coat of paint.

Dr. Lanier spent Sunday with friends in Clanton. Dr. now has charge of Talladega Springs.

Mr. Sam Brock, who has been spending the past month in Fort Deposit, returned to Clanton Monday.

Remember the Masonic celebration on the 21th. Everybody is invited. A big basket dinner, speeches, &c.

Our schools will soon close, and the boys and girls will no doubt have a fine time during the vacation. Clanton is the place to have a fine time.

The Baptist picnic will be next Saturday, in the grove in front of Mr. Jno. Aldridge's house. The Methodists declined the invitation to unite with them.

A great many strangers came to Clanton Sunday to see our hot well. They were from Montgomery, Verbena, Calera, and some other point on the L. & N. Rail Road.

We were treated, on last Saturday morning to a basket of nice plums, by Mr. Willis Lowe. They were the first we have seen this season, and were very much appreciated.

A gentleman living near Benson in this county, has a cow which was bitten by a mad dog last January, and has never shown any symptoms of hydrophobia until a few days ago, when she went mad.

Miss Mary Brushwood, of Selma, a niece of W. E. Johnson, Esq., of this place, is now in Clanton. She will keep house for Mr. Johnston, in the dwelling just back of Mrs. W. H. McNeill's, which Mr. Johnston has recently had repaired.

The work on the graveyard fence was not completed last Saturday, and we are requested to say that the same cordial invitation is extended the men and boys to be at the graveyard again on Saturday the 20th inst., for the purpose of finishing the work.

We publish a law, in this issue, in regard to buying cattle, which may be of interest to some of our people, as we understand a copartnership has been formed, at Clanton under the firm name of James H. Hughes, (Otto Tittmann, special) for the purpose of buying, selling and raising cattle.

Now is the time to subscribe.

AN ANSWER WANTED.

Can any one bring us a case of Kidney or Liver Complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters, will prove. Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale at 50c. a bottle by Dr. M. J. Greene.

We understand that the negro Geo. Allen, who was sentenced, at the last term of our circuit court, to twenty years in the penitentiary, escaped from the Pratt Mines, where he was working out his time, and came down near Verbena, where he had committed the offenses that had "sent him up," and attempted to kill the witnesses who had sworn against him. He was sentenced upon several different charges of burglary. He is still at large.

Rev. Mr. J. R. Sampey, of Louisville, Ky., a son of Rev. James L. Sampey, of this place, was in Clanton, last week, and conducted the prayer meeting at the Baptist church, on Thursday night. He, accompanied by his father, is in Marion this week attending the commencement exercises of Howard College, of which Mr. J. R. Sampey is a graduate. Mr. W. L. Sampey, another and younger son, is now attending the Howard. He will come home with his father and brother, on their return.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Jemison was for awhile the banner office of the View. We have had a larger list of subscribers at that place than at any other, for a long time, but recently it has been going down; while our list at Verbena which was next best, has been increasing steadily, and is now the largest one on our books. While we are glad to note the increase in our Verbena list we are sorry the people of that enterprising town of Jemison will let their county paper be better patronized by any other place than their own town, which has always been in the lead heretofore. Wonder what has become of our agent at that place.

Our Hot Well.

Every day we see numbers of strangers in town, who come for the purpose of seeing the hot well. Many of these parties, we learn have been to Hot Springs, Arkansas, and all such pronounce this well equal to the hot springs, in heat, and the effect of a bath in it, is even better than the hot springs. The water in the well continues to get hotter and on last Tuesday it was reported as boiling.

Mr. Blasingame has sold several lots and is still selling them, and mostly to parties who will build on, and improve them.

We publish elsewhere a letter from Prof. Gesner, to Mr. Blasingame, the original of which Mr. Blasingame now has in his possession.

Miss Mamie E. Bivings.

On last Friday afternoon Miss Mamie Bivings, of this place, arrived home from Kentucky, where she has been attending the Kentucky Female College, at Pewee Valley, Kentucky. Miss Mamie was one of the graduates of that school, this year, and received her diploma attesting the fact that the degree of Mistress of English Literature, has been conferred upon her.

The Courier Journal, in an account of the graduating exercises, has the following:

"Miss Mamie E. Bivings, of Alabama, read the next paper, with the triumphant title, 'Bound to Win.' It was well conceived, well written, and well read. Miss Bivings is a handsome young lady and very keenly in her deportment. The applause and flowers lavished upon her were well deserved."

Miss Mamie was chosen out of her class to present the President of the school with a handsome water service, a gift of the graduating class, and the journal says she did this in a pretty and graceful manner.

We congratulate her, and are glad to know that she will not only spend the summer months in Clanton but will remain permanently this time.

From Verbena.

June 9th 1885.

EDITOR VIEW: In speaking of Verbena's new post office outfit last week, I said that it "reflects credit upon the town, and its enterprising and tasteful Post Master." By leaving out the word "credit" your compositor takes the deserved compliment out of the sentence. This and some other little inaccuracies lead me to say that the return of your angel has upset your equanimity quite as much as her absence.

The Clifton house is in good hands for the present season, and is expected to open about the 15th inst. Parties who own summer residences here have begun to move in, and the loading business gives promise of thrift. I believe that there is demand for more house room than is to be had. A few plain cottages that could be rented at \$5.00 per month would always be occupied during the hot season.

Mr. Geo. Mathews who has been confined to his room in Montgomery for some time past, is now at home, and is gaining his strength rapidly. It will be remembered, that his foot was crushed by a train at the Union Depot some time ago, but his physicians think that the injury will not be permanent.

Mr. Wm. McLemore is on our streets again. A short trip to Blount Springs was a great benefit to him, and relieved the rheumatism in one limb. I understand that he speaks of trying the Hot Well, in case it proves to be all that is hoped.

The hearts of all our people were saddened by the death of J. L. Tompkins' little child on Saturday evening. While our sympathy struggles for expression, we feel that he knows better than any of us the source of consolation in such dark hours.

Mr. Barnette Meriweather had a letter last week from the Secretary of War, stating that the time of his examination for admission at West Point would be postponed until August, that he might in the mean time receive medical treatment for temporary inflammation of the eyes. Every one feels interested in Barnette's success, and rejoice in this favorable event.

I want to tell the country boys of the exploits of a city boy who recently visited this place. Soon after his arrival he told his friends that he had never seen a tick, and expressed great desire to take a tick hunt. His companions did not observe his arming himself with a stout club, as they entered the woods in search of the game. Before they had proceeded far one of them cried "stop! there is a tick on your neck." Whereupon the city chap began to yell like a political meeting. When it was pulled off and shown him his expression of fright changed to one of mingled surprise and mortification as he said with hastily assumed composure, "I thought they were as big as dogs."

REGULUS ROLAND.

AN ENTERPRISING, RELIABLE HOUSE.

Dr. M. J. Greene can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well-known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on a positive guarantee. It will cure any and every affection of Throat, Lungs, and Chest, and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free.

Little Mulberry Dots.

The May rains have given the farmers much uneasiness, and it is reported that some will lose a part of their crops.

Our dear old friend Wm. Mills, one of the first settlers of this country, still remains in a sad condition.

Mr. W. H. Mills has honored the president by naming his new baby boy Cleveland.

Mr. Mc. D. Gray has a new corner at his house.

The Sunday school at Oak Grove will increase as soon as they can get some good brother to say that he will act as superintendent.

It has been given up that Mr. Arthur Hicks is the best rabbit hunter in our settlement.

Mr. Gray and Mrs. Gray paid Mrs. L. Deason a visit May 7th. Also Mr. J. T. Williams and wife did the same on the same date.

The water in the hot well is very hot, for I slipped my finger in it.

Mr. W. H. Mills is talking of building a gin on his plantation this fall.

Elder C. C. Billingsley preaches at Oak Grove school house the fourth Sunday in this month.

G. LOGAN.

We do not propose to dismiss the idea of our farmers organizing clubs, societies, &c., for the advancement of the agricultural interests of our country, without a second effort to stir the farmers up on this subject. We would like to hear from some of them.

ADVERTISE NOW.

The following is a letter from Prof. Gesner, to Mr. A. A. Blasingame, attesting the accuracy of his analysis of the hot water, published in last week's issue.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., June 8th 1885.

S. A. BLASINGAME, Esq., CLANTON, ALA.

DEAR SIR:

Your letter of late is received. That Mr. Wadsworth obtained water of various temperature is not surprising in such a large volume estimated at 34 ft. deep and in contact on all sides with the earth walls of the well as stated in my report. I took mine the best advantage of the circumstances would admit of, three times in succession with the most approved instruments in the presence of many, and as to its condition on that day and at that time. I know my whole statement about it to be correct.

There may have been changes in its condition, taken place since, and if so they will have to be sought for in the well before they can be accounted for. Yes it is possible that it receives a cold vein of water. I could not advise you, by letter, how to proceed to confine the hot water.

What is your meaning when you write me "investigate the matter for my own protection." I have investigated the condition this well was in, the day and time of day I took its water, and my visiting it again would not change the results then obtained, though new ones might present themselves.

Yours Truly,

WILLIAM GESNER.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ Fieri Facias issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the Hot Well, in case it proves to be all that is hoped.

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The Chilton View.

JOHN C. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV:

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1885.

NO. 32.

Rules of Advertising.

One dollar per square, of one inch space, for the first, and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion.

Insertion	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
1	1.00									
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4	.50									
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6	.40									
7	.35									
8	.30									
9	.25									
10	.20									

MY WIFE AND CHILD.

The tattoo beats; the lights are gone,
The camp around in slumber lies;
The night with solemn pace moves on;
The shadows thicken o'er the skies;
But sleep my weary eyes do not,
And sad, sad thoughts arise.
I think of thee, oh, dearest one!
Of those love mine early life bathed;
Of thee and him—our baby son—
Who smiles on thy gentle breast.

God of the tender, frail and lone,
Oh, guard that little sleeper's rest!
And hush thy gentle, hush thy voice,
Till her whose watchful eye is wet—
The mother, wife—the doubly dear,
In whose young heart have freshly met
Two streams of love, so deep and clear,
And cheer her drooping spirit yet!
Now, as she kneels before Thy throne,
Oh, teach her, Father of the skies!

That while by Thy best angels,
Earth's nightingales powers fall or rise;
No tear is wept to thee unknown,
No hair is lost, nor sparrow dies;
That Thou canst stay the ruthless hand
Of dark disease, and soothe its pain;
That only by Thy stern command
The battle's lost, the soldier slain;
That from the distant sea or land,
Thou bring'st the wanderer home again.

And when upon her pillow lone,
Her tear-wet cheek is sadly pressed,
May happier visions beam upon
The brightening currents of her breast;
No frowning look, nor angry tone,
Disturb the slumber of her rest!
Whisper to these forms may throw,
Lured with a vision almost wild,
By day, by night—in joy or woe—
Thy form appears and hopes beguiled;

From every danger, every foe,
Oh, God! protect my wife and child!
HENRY ROOTES JACKSON.

"RAIN-IN-THE-FACE"

FROM "ROOTS AND SADDLES," BY MRS. CUSTAR.

I must preface my account of the occurrence by going back to the summer of the Yellowstone campaign. Two of the citizens attached to the expedition, one as the sutler, the other as the veterinary surgeon, were in the habit of riding by themselves a great deal. Not being enlisted men, much more liberty than soldiers have was allowed them. Many warnings were given, however, and an instance fresh in the minds of the officers of the killing by Indians of two of their comrades the year before, was repeatedly told them. One day their hour of lingering came. While they stopped to water their horses, some Indians concealed in a gulch shot them within sight of our regiment, who were then fighting on the hill, and did not find the bodies for some time afterward. Both of the murdered men were favorites; both left families, and regret and sympathy were general throughout the command.

A year and a half afterward information came to our post, Fort Lincoln, that an Indian was then at the agency at Standing Rock, drawing his rations, blankets and ammunition from the government and at the same time boasting of the murder of these two men. This intelligence created intense indignation in our garrison. A detachment was quickly prepared and started out with loaded orders. No one was aware even what direction they were to take. Gen. Custer knew that it was absolutely necessary that caution and secrecy should be observed. At the next post, twenty miles below, there were scouts employed. They would not fail to send out a runner and warn the Standing Rock Indians of the coming of the command and its objects, if they could learn what it was. When the runner carries important news he starts with an even gait in the morning and keeps it up all day, hardly stopping to drink at the stream he crosses. Such a courier would outstrip a command of cavalry in the ordinary time it takes on a march.

Accordingly Fort Rice was left behind many miles before the orders were given. They contained directions to capture and bring back an Uncaspa Indian, called Rain-in-the-Face, the avowed murderer of the sutler and the veterinary surgeon. The command consisted of two officers and 100 men. The General had selected his brother to assist in this delicate transaction, as he was wanted to do over since they began their life of adventure together during the war. They arrived on the day that the Indians were drawing their rations of beef. There were 500 at the agency armed with the latest long-range rifles. It was more and more clear that too much care could not be taken to prevent the object of the visit being known to the warriors. An expedition had been sent down once before, but news of its intention had reached the agency in time for the culprit to escape. He could not refrain even after this warning from openly boasting of his crime.

THE CAPTURE.

In order, then, to conceal the purport of their appearance at the agency, the captain in command resolved to a ruse. He sent fifty men to the camp, ten miles away to make inquiries for these Indians who had murdered citizens on the Red River the year before. Col. Custer was ordered to take five picked men and go to the trader's store, where the Indians resorted constantly. This required great coolness and extreme patience, for they had to lounge about, seemingly indifferent, until they could be certain the right man was discovered. The cold made the Indians draw their blankets around them and over their heads. There is never any individuality about these creatures when engaged for a council of

peace. It was therefore almost impossible to tell one from the other.

Col. Tom had to wait for hours, only looking furtively when these wary creatures were off guard. At last one of them loosened his blanket, and with the meager description that had been given him Col. Tom identified him as "RAIN-IN-THE-FACE."

Coming suddenly from behind, he threw his arms about him, and seized the Winchester rifle that the savage attempted to cook. He was taken entirely by surprise. No fear showed itself, but from the characteristically stolid face hate and revenge flashed out for an instant. He drew himself up in an independent manner to show his brother warriors that he did not dread death.

Among them he had been considered brave beyond precedent, because he had dared to enter the agency store at all, and so encounter the risk of arrest. The soldiers tied his hands and mounted guard over him. About thirty Indians surrounded them instantly, and an old orator commenced a harangue to the others, inciting them to recapture their brother. Breathless excitement prevailed. At that moment the captain in command appeared in their midst. With the same coolness he had shown in the war and during the six years of his Indian campaign, he spoke to them through an interpreter. With prudence and tact he explained that he intended to give the prisoner exactly the treatment a white man would receive under like circumstances; that nothing would induce them to give him up; and the better plan to save bloodshed would be for the chiefs to withdraw and take with them their followers. Seeing that they could accomplish nothing by intimidation, or by superior numbers, they had recourse to parley, and proposed to compromise. They offered as a sacrifice two Indians of the tribe in exchange for Rain-in-the-Face.

It was generosity like that of Artemus Ward, who offered his wife's relatives on the altar of his country, for they took care not to offer for sacrifice any but Indians of low rank. Rain-in-the-Face was a very distinguished warrior among them, and belonged to a family of six brothers, one of whom, Iron Horse, was very influential. The officers prevailed in the end, and the prisoner was taken to the cavalry camp. During the time that the Indians were opposing his removal, the troops had assembled around the entrance, ready for any emergency, and prepared to escort the murderer away. The Indians instantly vanished; all went quickly and quietly to their camp, ten miles distant. Later in the day a party of fifteen mounted warriors dashed through the agency to the road beyond, which had to be taken by our troops on the way home. Of course our officers expected an attack from that party when they began their homeward march; to their surprise, they were unmolested. Worn-out afterward that the mounted Indians went to the camp of Two Bears to urge the young braves there to combine with them in the recapture of Rain-in-the-Face. Two Bears had long been friendly to the white man; he was too old to fight, and prevented his young men from joining in the contemplated rescue.

After the command had returned and the officers reported, Gen. Custer sent for Rain-in-the-Face. He was tall, straight and young. His face was quite imperturbable. In a subsequent interview the General looked himself in his room with him. Through an interpreter and with every clever question and infinite patience he spent hours trying to induce the Indian to acknowledge his crime. The culprit's face finally lost its impervious look and he showed some agitation.

THE INTERVIEW.

He gave a brief account of the murder and then made a full confession before all the officers. He said neither of the white men were armed when attacked. He had shot the old man, but he did not die instantly, riding a short distance before falling from his horse. He then went to him and with his stone mallet beat out the last breath left. Before leaving him he shot his body full of arrows. The younger man signaled to them from the bushes, and they knew that the manner in which he held up his hand was an overture of peace. When he reached him the white man gave him his hat as another and further petition for mercy. But he shot him at once, first with his gun, and then with arrows. One of the latter entering his back; the dying man struggled to pull it through. Neither man was scalped, as the older was bald and the younger had closely cropped hair.

Two Indians, one of them Iron Horse, had followed the cavalry from the agency and asked to see their comrade. The General sent for Rain-in-the-Face. He came into the room with a guard at his heels. He was dressed in mourning. His leggings were black, and his sable blanket was belted by a band of white beads. One black feather stood erect on his head. Iron Horse supposed that he was to be hung at once, and that this would be the final interview. The older brother, believing there was no hope, was very solemn. He removed his heavily beaded and embroidered buffalo robe and replaced it with the plain one that Rain-in-the-Face wore. He exchanged pipes, also, giving him his highly ornamental one that he might afterward present it to the General. The pipes are valuable, as the natives

of which the bowls are made has to be brought from Kansas. Then, finding that there was a prospect of Rain-in-the-Face having his trial in Washington, he took off the medal that had been given to his father by a former President, whose likeness was in the medal, and placed it over the neck of his brother, that it might be a silent argument in his favor when he confronted the "Great Father."

It was an impressive and melancholy scene. Iron Horse charged his brother not to attempt to escape, saying that if he did get back to the reservation he would surely be recaptured. He believed that he would be kindly treated while a captive, and perhaps the white chief would intercede for him to obtain his pardon. After asking him not to lose courage, they smoked again and silently withdrew. In about ten days Iron Horse returned, bringing a portion of his tribe with him.

The Indians with Iron Horse came directly to headquarters and asked for a council. As many as could get into the General's room entered. There was time, while they were preparing, to send for the ladies, and a few of us were tucked away on the lounge with instructions not to move or whisper, for my husband treated these Indians with as much consideration as if they had been crowned heads. The Indians turned a surprised, rather scornful glance into the "ladies' gallery," for their women are always kept in the background. In return for this we did not hesitate to criticize their toilets. They were gorgeous in full dress. Iron Horse wore an elaborately beaded and painted buckskin shirt, with masses of solid embroidery of porcupine quills. The sleeves and shoulders were ornamented with

A PRINCE OF SOAP LOCKS.

Some of the hair we saw with a shudder was light and wavy. I could not but picture the little head "running over with curls" from which it had been taken, for all the Indian locks I have ever seen were straight and black.

The chief wore on his shoulders a sort of cape, trimmed with a fringe of snowy ermine. His leggings were a mass of bead work. He wore a cap of otter with-out a crown, though, for it is their custom to leave the top of the head uncovered. Three eagle feathers, that denote the number of warriors killed, were so fastened in that they stood erect. There were several perforations in each ear from which depended bead ear-rings. He had armlets of burnished brass; thrown around him was a beaded blanket. The red clay pipe held the wooden stem studded with silver, and was embellished with the breast feathers of brilliantly plumaged birds. The tobacco bag, about two feet long, had not an inch that was not decorated. The costume was simply superb.

Iron Horse began his speech in the usual high-pitched, unchangeable key. He thanked the General for the care of his brother, and the whole tenor of the rest was repeated petitions to ask the great father in Washington to spare his life. He then slowly took off his elaborate buckskin shirt and presented it to his husband. He ended by making

A SINGULAR REQUEST.

which was worthy of Damon and Pythias. Two young braves in the outer circle of the untitled, asked permission through their chief to share the captivity of Rain-in-the-Face. I could not help recalling what some one had told me in the East, that women come at times go to the State Prison at Sing Sing and importune to be allowed to share the imprisonment of their husbands or brothers; but no instance is found in the history of that great institution where a man has asked to divide with a friend or relative the sufferings of his sentence.

After his two friends had left him, Rain-in-the-Face occupied a part of the guard house with a citizen who had been caught stealing grain from the storehouse. For several months they had been chained together and used to walk in front of the little prison for exercise and air. The guard-house was a poorly-built, insecure wooden building. After a time the sentinels became less vigilant, and the citizen, with help from his friends outside, who were working in the same way, cut a hole in the wall at night and escaped.

He broke the chain attaching him to the Indian, who was left free to follow. We found afterward that Rain-in-the-Face did not dare to return to the reservation, but made his way to the hostile camp. In the spring of 1874 he sent word from there by an agency Indian that he had joined Sitting Bull, and was awaiting his revenge for his imprisonment.

The stained walls of the Little Big Horn, on June 25, 1876, told how deadly and fatal that was. The vengeance of that incarnate fiend was concentrated on the man who had effected his capture. It was found on the battlefield that he had cut out the brave heart of that gallant, loyal, and lovable man, our brother Tom.

HAKING.—The healing power of earthquakes is a subject for discussion in the Spanish medical press. The statement is made that in the recent earthquake at Malaga most of the patients for whom the disease was treated to the open air. The change agreed with them, so that a few have only returned to the hospital.

A GREAT CROW ROOST.

HOW THE BIRDS MAKE THINGS LIVE—LY IN BUSHKILL, PA.

A Million Crows Stealers Capture the Woods and Assault the Natives.

A letter from Bushkill, Pa., dated April 14th, says:—As Simon Trausel, a farmer, living near High Knob, in the southwestern portion of this county, was chopping in the woods about half way up the mountain on Thursday last, he was attracted by a flock of crows which appeared suddenly from a southern direction and alighted in a high tree a hundred yards away. After a great deal of loud cawing the flock arose and flew away in the direction they had come. Trausel then went on with his work.

About the middle of the afternoon, an hour after the crows had taken their departure, he happened to look southward, and saw that the sky was black with some approaching object. In a few minutes he discovered that it was an immense flock of crows, which soon swept into the Knob woods, and with a thunder of wings and deafening clamor of throats settled down into the trees, where leafless branches became blackened with the birds from top to bottom. For three hours flock after flock of crows poured into the woods, until the side of the hill for a space of more than forty acres was covered so thickly with them that big branches were split from the trees beneath their weight. It was nearly dark when the last crow found a resting place in the woods, and midnight came before quiet was restored in the vast congregation.

The crows remained in the woods until last Monday. Early every morning flocks would start out from the colony, taking different directions, and after being absent for an hour or so would one after another return. Their arrival was greeted with the wildest commotion all through the woods, vociferous cawing and flapping of wings being kept up for some minutes. Then other flocks would go out, to be met with the same hubbub on their return. The news of the great crow roost spread around the thinly-settled region, and people came from far and near to see and hear the crows.

On Saturday a number of the natives agreed that it would be a good thing, now that they had apparently all the crows there were in the country within reach, to make nightly raids on them, and thus save a great deal of future loss to cornfields. Accordingly, a party of seven, armed with guns and long poles, and some of them carrying torches, began the work of destruction. They reached the woods where the crows were sleeping about nine o'clock. The torches were lit, and the raiders entered the woods. They had not proceeded far when they were greeted with a yell of defiance from 100,000 crows. The yell was followed by hundreds of the birds boldly attacking the invading party, using both beak and claw with such effect that the surprised backwoodsmen were forced to flee to save themselves. They were followed to the edge of the woods by flocks of infuriated crows, and not a shot was fired nor a crow killed.

On Monday morning, for the first time, not a flock left the woods, but all was bustle, commotion, and noise among the "trees." Crows were darting in all directions, uttering peculiar cries, and evidently anxious to be everywhere at once. Just before noon matters became comparatively quiet, and then small flocks began to emerge from the woods, going in all directions. This exodus continued until late in the afternoon, when every crow had disappeared, and none came back. The scene in the piece of woods they had occupied is described as remarkable. Every tree had one or more branches torn from it, and they lay piled about on the ground as if the trees had been swept by a whirlwind. Every foot of ground was torn up, plainly by the crows searching for insects for food.

"Every spring," says an old citizen of the village, "the crows, like wild pigeons, gather somewhere about the country to do their courting and mate. This spring they happened to select the High Knob, because the scouts they sent out liked it, and guided the rest to the spot. As the love-making progresses flocks of crows go out to select good nesting and roosting places. They come back to the roost and report, and a grand discussion is had on that. After these matters are all settled, and every crow is mated, they form into flocks of twenty or so, and after they bid each other good-by, leave for the respective nesting places selected for them. Monday forenoon, when there was such a commotion among the crows on the Knob, they were taking leave of one another. There will probably never be another crow roost in this part of the country. Next year it may be in Ken-tucky."

SERIALIZED IT.—A negro brought suit in a Georgia Justice's Court for possession of two shoats and a sow and pigs, and gained it. His lawyer, as soon as the case was decided, settled the fees for himself, Squire A., the lawyer on the other side, and the court. "Well, you Squire A. will take one of the shoats, I'll take the other one, the Judge will take the sow and pigs, and you'll take the two shoats and a sow and pigs."

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

Julia Corson Tells us How to Cook Fish.

BROILED SALT MACKEREL WITH BUTTER SAUCE.—Soak a salt mackerel over night, laying it in plenty of cold water, with the skin uppermost, so that the salt may fall to the bottom of the water after it is disengaged from the fish. In the morning trim off the tail, fins and point of the head; dry the mackerel, put it between the bars of a double-wire gridiron, well buttered to prevent sticking, and brown the fish over a hot fire; while it is being browned boil some potatoes, as directed in the following recipe, and make a butter sauce; when the potatoes and sauce are ready, serve them separately in hot dishes, and serve the fish with some slices of lemon, or a few sprigs of parsley or watercress, on the dish, as a garnish.

BUTTER SAUCE FOR BROILED MACKEREL.—Put in a saucepan over the fire a table-spoonful each of butter and flour, and then stir them until they bubble; then gradually stir in a pint of boiling water, and when the sauce is smooth season it with a level tea-spoonful of salt, quarter of a salt-spoonful of white pepper, and a table-spoonful of chopped parsley or capers, if either is available; after the sauce has boiled for two minutes, add to it three table-spoonfuls of butter, cut in small pieces, and stir the sauce until the butter is melted; do not allow the sauce to boil after the butter is added; when the butter is melted put in the juice of half a lemon, and serve the sauce at once with the fish.

BOILED POTATOES TO SERVE WITH FISH.—Choose small, smooth potatoes of even size, wash them and then peel them, taking care to remove only a very thin paring and to keep them smooth, and laying each one in cold water as it is peeled; when the fish is first put to cook place the potatoes over the fire in plenty of salted boiling water, and boil them for ten minutes, or until they can be easily pierced with a fork; do not allow the potatoes to boil until they begin to break, but drain them as soon as they are tender; after draining the potatoes cover them with a clean towel, folded several times and place the saucepan containing them where they will keep hot without burning until the fish is done; the folded towel will retain the heat and at the same time permit the steam to escape, so that the potatoes will be moist and unbroken when they are served. Potatoes may be boiled in their jackets the same way, a thin ring of paring being removed after they are washed; as is the case with the peeled potatoes, care must be taken to drain the potatoes as soon as they are tender enough to be pierced with a fork, and they must then be covered with a folded towel and allowed to steam.

A Chinese Intoxicant.

The spectacle of two Chinamen staggering along Smithfield street the other night, evidently "three sheets in the wind," was one that excited some curiosity. Whether they had been tanking up after the most approved American style on plain ordinary lager beer or old Monongahela rye, was the question.

"No," was a remark of a habesino of City Hall, "Chinamen don't take kindly to beer or whisky. They go to one of their countrymen in town who deals in the article and get a bottle of liquid distilled from rice. I tell you it's a fine drink, too. Why some fences and Jersey lightning are like water when put on a level with incooper. That's what the Chinamen call it. The Chinese storekeepers in San Francisco import the stuff and ship it to their agents in different parts of the country. It is put up in queer-shaped bottles and looks something like gin. You can get plenty of it in town if you have a Chinese friend. Just ask John Chinaman next time he brings your washing to get you a bottle of incooper and give him \$1. It's surprising how much these Mongols can stand. They will sip incooper all evening and toddle home in single file without varying a shade from a straight line. Sometimes though they get more than they can carry, just like those fellows you saw pass by. Why, if an old toper on whisky were to try incooper it would knock him out flat in three rounds. It's a mighty queer liquor and a bad thing to fool with. If you do you will want to whip your mother-in-law and your best friend in half an hour.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

An Extraordinary Confession.

James S. Lowell, of Lewistown, Mo., who in 1874 was convicted of wife murder and sentenced to death, and whose sentence was afterward commuted to imprisonment for life, made a full confession of his crime to the prison officials at Thomaston.

He said he took his wife to ride, and when in a secluded spot a quarrel arose, in which he inadvertently checked her to death. He then cut off the head and hid it under a log at a distance from the body, to make identification difficult.

The body of the victim was not found until two years afterward, and it was then but a skeleton, so that the identification was not absolute. It was generally believed that Mrs. Lowell had been smothered with a cushion, and many had taken the view that she had been smothered.

WIT AND WISDOM.

A RAILROAD strike—a collision. The type righter—the proof-reader. Never fret; it will only shorten your days.

Never stand long at a corner of a street. Never abuse one who was once your bosom friend.

Never reply to the epithet of a fool, or a low fellow. Never speak in a contemptuous manner of womankind.

Never taste an atom when you are not hungry; it is suicidal. Hauling cable is a common thing when it is hauling pitchforks.

Never spend many of your evenings away from your family.

A CHANCERY court is one in which justice has an even chance.

Never anticipate too much; disappointment is not pleasant.

The English policy in Egypt—False Prophets and quick returns. Never speak of your parents as the "old man" or "old woman."

The "one more" drink has made a hundred thousand drunkards.

A girl may be a good violin player and yet not be able to draw a bead.

We propose that the phrase "money no object" be amended to read "money no objection."

A poet sings: "The jowled spring to here." Yes; we never saw a more jowled spring than this.

PROFESSOR: "Mention an oxide." Student: "Leather." Professor: "Oxide of what?" Student: "Oxide of Beef." Exit Professor.

An old friend is not always the person whom it is easiest to make a confidant of; there is the barrier of remembered communications under other circumstances.

He was a likable man; sweet-tempered, ready-witted, frank, without grins of suppressed bitterness or other conventional, flavors which make half of us an affliction to our friends.

LAFAYETTE had a great mind, and he knew what he was doing when he assisted the United States. France is now getting large supplies of canned frogs from this country.

We often think we are of great importance to other people; that they must be thinking of us and our affairs; that they watch our actions and shape their course accordingly. In general we are quite mistaken.

The cross for lady barbers is dying out. After a man has his face cut bare, his throat shined and his hair pomaded and been talked to death, he naturally returns to the male barber and takes chloroform.

"Wax do bees make wax?" asks a farm journal. We do not know, unless it is because no one has told them that the honey manufacturers are willing to make it for them out of paraffine.—Philadelphia Call.

In a fashionable novel the author says: "Lady Emma trembled, grew pale, and immediately fainted." The printer, putting "p" instead of "f," rendered it, "The lady grew pale, and immediately painted."

An agricultural journal says: "Spring is the best time in the year to move bees." It may be; but if a bee settles on your neck, or any other portion of your anatomy, in the fall, don't wait until the spring to move it.

A DOMESTIC spirit inclines a man to be censorious of his neighbors. Every one of his opinions appears to him written, as it were, with sunbeams, and he grows angry that his neighbors do not see it in the same light.

The small boy feels that it is tempting Providence for a leading grocery firm to put large and luscious looking oranges right out on the sidewalk and label them: "Do not fail to try these oranges; they are very nice."

The Proud Poet.

Harry is a papa—which wonderful event does his most awful dignity tremendously augment. And he has been a papa for two entire days, which vast responsibility in grandeur he displays. An old friend asked young Harry, "How is the little kid?" No answer. Papa's dignity such freedom quite forbid. The question was repeated: "How is the kid to-day?" A freezing stare from Harry and, "What, sir, did you say?" "Oh, I just asked 'How is the kid?'" Severe was papa's disdain: "Oh! Ah! Ahom! The kid? What kid? Beg pardon, sir? Explain!" "How is the baby, then?" Papa's importance big did swell. "Oh, if you mean my BOB, sir, he is, thank you, very well."—H. G. Deans in Chicago Sun.

New Fossils.—In his Arbor Day proclamation, the Governor of Kansas said that the State which the pioneers found treeless and a desert now bears upon its fertile bosom "more than 30,000,000 fruit trees, and more than 200,000 acres of forest trees, all planted by our own people." The Governor also says "that there has been an increase in the orchard in Kansas is fully proved by the statistics of our orchard raisers."

A NEW THOUGHT.—"I tell you all men are born equal." "Oh, not so bad as that." "Yes, sir; every one of them." "After about George Washington." "He said the truth just as you are so remarkable on just that is a part of history."—Chicago Herald.

Special Advertising.

Business notices Ten Cents per line, cash in advance.

Obituaries and Tributes of respect, half rates.

Announcing candidates for office, 50 cents, strictly in advance.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly. Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

THE money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE OPPOSING FORCES.

FACTS ABOUT THE ARMIES OF ENGLAND AND RUSSIA.

A Russian Staff Officer's Estimate of the Strength of the Two Armies.

A reporter of the New York Herald had an interview in regard to the Anglo-Russian controversy, with a Russian captain of the general staff, who is now in New York city. The captain firmly declined to say anything concerning his mission to this country, but spoke freely on other subjects.

"Which do you believe is the better prepared for war, Russia or England?" asked the reporter.

"Russia, certainly," was the reply; "and you may easily see that that is so by comparing the forces of the two contending countries. As for Russia I will give you the following particulars:—The Russian army is composed of 192 infantry regiments of 3,500 men each, or 672,000 men all told; of the sharpshooters, numbering 46,000 men; of the frontier battalions, comprising 27,000 men; of cavalry, 48,000 men, and of Cossacks, numbering 18,000 men. In the Russian artillery there are about 80,000 men, with 2,424 cannon of the foot artillery and 160 cannon of the horse artillery. Our engineer corps comprises about 27,000 men. Therefore the Russian army, ready to move, consists of 920,000 men. Besides, there are the artillerymen stationed at different fortresses all over the country to the number of not less than 50,000 men. There are also many local battalions for local duty. As to the reserves, I may safely state that they will amount to a half of the active army as stated above—that is, about 450,000 men and 1,200 cannon. These are also special recruiting forces, composed of experienced officers and men and numbering 6,000, who would be able in a short time to instruct and prepare for service ten times as many new recruits. In the Afghan war the Cossacks would be of great importance. There are the Cossacks of the Don, of the Kuban, of Orenburg, of the Trans-Baikal, of the Terek, of the Ural, of Siberia, of Astrakhan and of the Amoor, numbering 125,000 men ready to move at short notice. The Cossacks have had experience in actual war, and particularly in Turkestan. So you see in the Afghan war they would be particularly serviceable. You must understand that so far I have spoken of the ordinary or regular army. In case of need militia can be called hundreds of thousands strong. But I don't believe that we will need it."

"On the other side, in England," continued the captain, "there are about 160,000 men under arms. We may admit that the royal militia numbers also about 160,000, and the volunteer corps about 230,000. That will make 550,000 all told, and that counting very liberally. Now you have 1,545,000 on the Russian side against 550,000 on the English side. That is a big difference, is it not? Well, we will not overlook the Indian army," continued the captain, after a pause. "That army is officially stated at 168,000, and there are also 280,000 so-called soldiers belonging to different Indian princes who are under English rule. We should also add the Afghan army, numbering about 80,000. That will make 528,000 men, which is a good addition to the English forces. This addition, however, is far from balancing the large Russian army, to say nothing of the immense inferiority of the Indians and Afghans to the Russian soldiers. Take, for instance, the Cossack, of whom it is said, 'he was born on horseback and loves war like his sweet-heart,' and put against him an Afghan or an Indian, who knows nothing about a rough, regular war, and you will have a correct idea of the respective forces."

To Get Her Whole Salary.

The Washington Republican says: It has been discovered that a young lady employed in the Treasury Department has for nearly two years given one-half her salary, \$62 50, to a lady outside of the department. She was anxious to obtain employment, and offered to give one-half of her salary to anyone who would secure her a position in the Treasury. A lady possessed of influence secured her a position. The young lady is an excellent clerk, and the authorities will see that she hereafter gets all of her pay, even if they have to issue to her an appointment in order to remove her from the obligation under which she is now to the lady who secured her the position.

The Market.

The war in the Sudan has raised the price of lions, and the emplacements between England and Russia will put a premium on bears. The London poor people is growing blinder and blinder; but it may affect their conclusion to know that a war between the European nations would not increase the price of dogs.—Northwestern Herald.

A NEW THOUGHT.

"I tell you all men are born equal." "Oh, not so bad as that." "Yes, sir; every one of them." "After about George Washington." "He said the truth just as you are so remarkable on just that is a part of history."—Chicago Herald.

CHILTON VIEW.

JNO. C. LAWRENCE - Editor.
Published Every Thursday Morning.
CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 18, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

Our Agents.

Clanton-Glaucus Evans.
Dixie-J. W. Peeples.
Jemison and Calera-Euell Dawson.
Clear Creek-J. P. Vandever.
Lomax-Jno. N. Thornton.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions.

The following is the decision of the United States Supreme Court:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscription.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncollected, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

The court house of Jefferson county at Birmingham is said to be in a very bad condition. In its construction some of the foundations were badly made, and it is feared the building will fall down at any time. Where would Birmingham be if the Temple of justice should fall.

A half interest in the Montgomery Advertiser has been purchased by Mr. Chappell Cory, of Montgomery, and Mr. F. P. Glass, former proprietor of the Selma Times. The Advertiser is to be congratulated on this acquisition. It is now in the hands of three experienced and gifted newspaper men.

Gen. Grant begins his book by saying that he is of American stock on both sides for many generations. Mathew Grant, from whom he is descended in the eighth generation, reached Dorchester, Mass., in 1330 from Dorchester, England. This makes him more American by 162 years than any one history tells us of.

True.-The scholarly and well poised Kingsbury says that a good local paper is worth more to a community than the ablest London or New York paper can ever be worth. A community that fosters a live local paper knows its own interests. The way to have live local papers is to foster them.

A traveling man's interview, published in the Montgomery Advertiser a few days since, has thrown a shower of cold water on the hopes of a number of sanguine Clantonians, and to some extent dispelled the vapors that appeared in wreaths of gold to be curling upward and around Clanton's lovely shades and meandering streams.

Mr. Wadsworth, it appears, also has a hot well at his saw mill in the lower edge of Chilton, which is heated by the steam jet used by Mr. Wadsworth for the purpose of supplying his boiler with water, creating the inference that the famed hot well of Clanton is heated by the same or a similar process. We do not know the facts of the case. Whether the heat of the water is caused by a simple application of steam, and the aforesaid curling vapors can be manufactured to order by any one fortunate enough to possess a well of cold water and a steam jet, or whether volcanic in fact rage and burn and boil beneath our peaceful surface, we are not prepared to say. Nor are we prepared to say that the waters of Mr. Blasingame's hot well possess the medicinal and curative properties of the famous hot springs of our sister state of Ark., or that they do not; but we say in either event Clanton has had nothing added to her attractions and nothing taken away. Serene and beautiful, she still reposes among her vineclad hills and verdant bowers. Her waters, if not swelling the famed resorts of the old and new world, still flow freely and purely from numerous never failing wells and springs; and Clanton, nestling among her shades, with her pure air and her cool evening breezes, to the refuge from the city's dust and smoke, of fore attractions far surpassing those offered by heated dreams of hasty wealth. Our town is progressing, and after a long sleep, is waking to

a knowledge of her own capabilities; and if those whose attention has been attracted hither by hopes of wealth in the form of streams of hot water, will allow their gaze to wander beyond the misty and sensational well to her real and enduring advantages, they will find here, not food for exciting and speculative dreams of suddenly acquired wealth, but an opportunity to invest in property, both convenient and pleasant as a retreat from the city's heat, and which as the days go by will surely and steadily increase in value. To those seeking such an opportunity, Clanton among the hills offers an inviting field.

OUR OUTSIDE.-We know the

proneness of the general newspaper reader to turn to the local page, glance at the editorial and drop the paper and leave the choice selection unread and unnoticed.

The outside of our paper is gotten up with a great deal of care and there is in each issue a large amount of very valuable reading, notable, "Household Hints," and "For the Farm and Home." These are taken from the standard agricultural works and periodicals and best of literature not accessible to the ordinary newspaper readers, and as we wish the people to have the highest advantages and for our own paper to be the means of doing good, we now make the suggestion that our subscribers read all of our paper and they will see that there is in each a large fund of valuable information.

AN OPEN LETTER.

VERBENA ALA,
June 16th 1885.

DEAR HARRY:

Since my appearance before the public, I have been sometimes amused and often mortified by the various criticisms to which I have been a quiet listener or an active contributor as occasion required.

The young men were considerably crest-fallen when they learned that I was the mother of a grown son, for each had strangely concluded that I was his sweetheart. I do not know how far the girls encouraged this belief, but I am certain that I have suffered great loss of esteem by the denouement. You may consider it a compliment that some think me to be a gentleman, but I must say that I differ with George Eliot in that as in almost every thing else, that which has mortified me most, however, is the mistake which confounds the authorship of these letters with that of certain communications from this place to another paper. I trust, however, that it will be concluded by all that I am a better judge of marriage than that writer appears to be of water.

I promised to give you in this letter some directions that would assist you in finding a suitable wife.

Select a woman of good family. The study of heredity has convinced me that it has quite as much influence among men as among dogs, horses and chickens. We see the distinctive characteristics pluck, game, thrift, genius, or enterprise reproduced in the successive generations of the same family. Just here some nice discriminations are to be made, for if we believe all we hear we are a race of noblemen. To be a Roman was more than to be a King, and to be an American is scarcely less than to be a Roman. Each of us traces his pedigree to the nobility of Europe. While we sneer at the aristocratic pretensions of other nations, yet, our changes considered, we are the most aristocratic people under heaven, and an angel would not receive greater deference than we show to the titled persons who visit our country. When we are away from home, and dressed up, as most of us are when away from home, we must speak of ourselves as descended from the Smith or Brown family of Virginia. We are a race of human turnips for our highest boast is that the best part of us is under the ground. This pride is not altogether contemptible, for it is a constant incentive to worthy deeds; and is not altogether without foundation, for one of the excellent features of our peculiar institutions is that they float to the upper surface of society the best elements of all families, and hence all of us are well connected either closely, remotely or by a still longer link for which the nineteenth century will doubtless give us a name. Be certain that your wife's personal character is worthy of her antecedents, and of the gentle blood that courses in her veins.

Do not select your wife from the ball-room. While necessity has compelled me to tolerate the modern dance. I have never concluded my disapproval of it, and do not think that I have ever been charged with narrowmindedness. I know that a girl may be expected to quit dancing after marriage just as a man is expected to quit any habit that does not accord with the marriage vows, but in the dance there is a strange influence, too stealthy in its approaches to be warded off, and too evanescent in its manifestations to be described, which better fits a woman, however pure by nature, for the sweet heart than for the wife relation. The higher moral and spiritual

susceptibilities are insensibly undermined, and by imperceptible degrees fall away.

"But," you say, "girls who are eligible to that circle in which I would be expected to find a wife, generally dance." True, and many of them do so at a sacrifice of conscience from no higher motive than to retain social position, but a woman pays herself a poor compliment when she admits that she is so deficient in charms, that the only step by which she can escape the fate of a "wall flower" or "old maid" is the skip and whirl of the modern dance. I can name girls in every walk in life who discard the dance as contrary to their instincts, their tastes and yet they are more highly esteemed and their friendship and company are more sought after, on this account. They are few, I admit, but then there is only one of you.

Select a religious woman. You are not so pious yourself as I might desire, but I know that you intend to be better at some future time. You will find enough to do in curbing your own evil nature, without the additional work of reforming an ungodly wife. If you should never be a religious man, you will be happier with a Christian wife. I have noticed that very wicked men who have pious wives are prompt to resent insinuations derogatory to the purity of woman, and they are all the happier for such feelings. There is something ennobling in a man's love for a pure woman that moves in the channel of his life, and wins him from that which is base and sensuous.

By "religious woman," I do not mean simply one who is a member of some church, but who lives as a church member should. She will not violate her conscience to save your feelings, or even to retain your friendship, but shows when occasion requires that she thinks more of her God than she does of her lover. She will tell you in positive but respectful terms when your conduct is unbecoming the Lord's day or a Christian home.

It is very desirable that her religious belief be the same as your own. Religion is a thing between the individual heart and its God, and cannot be compromised. Its life and joy is the privilege of an unconstrained expression of its feelings. The pursuit of this led the confessors and martyrs to face death, and steered the exiled Pilgrims and Huguenots to the shores of America. When man and wife are not joined as one in all the holiest emotions of which the human heart is capable, their mutual expressions of religious opinion are suspected, misunderstood and embarrassed, or else the most halcyon sentiments of both become fields of unholy war for a lifetime.

Above all things select a woman who will have you.

SALLIE SIMMONS.

AN ACT

To regulate the irrigation and overflowing of lands for growing rice in the counties of Bibb, Chilton and Perry.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That any person may irrigate or overflow lands for the purpose of growing rice in the counties of Bibb, Chilton and Perry, under the following provisions: 1st. No lands, except cleared lands, free of timber, and that has been in actual cultivation for at least two years, shall be irrigated or overflowed. 2nd. Every person irrigating or overflowing lands as specified in subdivision one of this act, is required to confine the water so used in irrigating or overflowing such lands exclusively to such lands upon which he is growing rice, and shall convey the water so used in irrigating or overflowing such lands back to the original channel or water course, or some other running stream or water course, by suitable ditches, or other suitable means, as soon as the same passes over the land upon which such rice crop is growing, so as to prevent the same from creating ponds or overflowing other lands. 3d. If the health of the neighborhood is endangered or affected by the irrigation or overflowing of any of such lands, the person irrigating or overflowing the lands causing such danger to health or affecting the same, shall desist from overflowing such lands, and such lands shall not be irrigated or overflowed in the next ensuing year.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction therefor shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars.

Approved February 17, 1885.

Callierville Dots.

Those good evangelists continued their labors at Stanton near two weeks accomplishing much good throughout this section of Chilton county.

Dr. Callier is at Bladen Springs, we hope his health may be fully restored-his experience and skill are appreciated here.

Misses Mary McGee and Ellen Crum who have been to Tenn., for some time gave their relatives and friends, a happy surprise recently.

Mr. Wash Broadhead and wife have both been seriously sick. By the way we are proud of their little son Arthur who during his mother's ill health kept house, cooked, milked and attended to the children, and would wake during the night to wait on the sick. Where is the boy 11 years old can beat that.

H. J. H.

Mr. H. Campbell, Ottawa, Kansas, writes: "I have been suffering for seven years; have tried every thing and many physicians, and all have failed. I went to Pittsburgh, and while there fell on the street, my breath seemed to leave my lungs, and numbness overpowered me. I determined to give PARUNA and MANALIN a fair trial. I used four bottles of each, and my trouble left, never, I hope, to return. I left Pittsburgh three weeks ago for Kansas, and thought, as I was going to a new country, I had better take a bottle of MANALIN with me, on account of bad water, etc. I arrived here with one-half bottle. I found one of my friends in a pretty bad condition. The doctors were treating her for chills and fever. I did not know what her trouble was, though I persuaded her to use the MANALIN. She did so, and the first day she was up doing her work. Now this seems strange, but it is, nevertheless, a candid truth. She used it all, and never has had cause to lie down during the day since she took the first three doses."

A Case that was Pronounced Incurable.

Miss C. C. Peck, 714 Jackson Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes: "Dr. S. B. HARTMAN & Co.-Gentlemen: I take great pleasure in stating to you the benefit I received from your valuable PARUNA. I began to suffer for about fifteen years with a severe cough and bronchitis (as the doctors call it). I was treated by different physicians, and spent considerable money for different kinds of patent medicines, but received no benefit whatever. Dr. Fox, of this city, claimed I had consumption, and there was no hope for me ever getting better. I was so bad that I coughed almost continually. Mrs. Henry Ellis, a friend of mine, induced me to try your PARUNA. I am happy to say I began to notice a change after I had taken my second bottle. I took eight bottles in all, and now I feel like a new woman. If it hadn't been for PARUNA I think I would be in my grave now. It is a wonderful remedy, and I recommend it to all my friends."

Messrs. Baker Bros., Mt. Vernon, O., write: "Your PARUNA sells well. Customers speak of it as being a good medicine."

Mr. Daniel R. Spry, Portsmouth, O., writes: "I have a good stock of PARUNA. It sells well and gives satisfaction."

COLLINS' AGUE CURE

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR AGUE, CHILLS, FEVERS, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA OF FLUX.

It is a Perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has as equal as a prompt and permanent cure for CHILLS. One Bottle at 50 cents, will cure as many cases as five dollars worth of Quinine.

AGUE CURE CLEANS THE SYSTEM, CURES FEVERS.

A few Alabama Testimonial Letters:

Pickens Landing, Ala., Dec. 1, 1884.-Collins' Ague Cure has cured me of a bad case of ague, and I feel like a new man. J. H. NICHOLS.

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CHILTON VIEW.

JNO. C. LAWRENCE, Editor.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 25, 1895.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

Our Agents.

Clanton—Glaucus Evans.
Dixie—J. W. Peoples.
Jenison and Calera—Euell Dawson.
Clear Creek—J. P. Vandever.
Lomax—Jno. N. Thornton.

Letters Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions.

The following is the decision of the United States Supreme Court:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscription.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them unclaimed, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

Last Sunday, June 21st, was the longest day in the year.

Our Montgomery Advertiser failed to come to us yesterday morning and we missed it very much.

We hope the new managers are not going to ignore these humble country brethren.

A newspaper authority feels up on Gen. Grant's doctor's bill, on June 1st, to \$40,000. Dr. Douglas has abandoned his practice and lives in the Grant house. Three other doctors besides have been in constant attendance upon the general and all of them are "specialists" and accustomed to big fees.

The general's income at present is said to be only about \$27,000, and as \$40,000 will not go into this sum, perhaps the doctors may be persuaded to fall a notch or two.—Ex.

Growing and ambitious young cities make strenuous and expensive efforts to secure big mills and factories, and pay small attention to small concerns. If this might be reversed, if the rule of "care for the pennies and let the pounds care for themselves," were more applied in the matter of encouraging manufactures and commerce, the towns really deserving to become industrial centers would grow much faster.

Canton Ohio, is a notable instance of a village grown to city pretensions and dimensions in a few years, on widely diversified and chiefly small enterprises. A short time since and the place was known only as the site of the great C. Aultman Agricultural Machine Works. Now its name is familiar in all the village shops of the northwest as the place where three hundred and upward of articles of utility are produced for the use of harnessmakers, machinists, carriage-makers, blacksmiths, shoemakers, farmers, storekeepers, etc. But for her small concerns, Canton would soon be half depopulated, and then become one of the least satisfactory places for merchants and all other middlemen to do business. All large concerns run full a part of the year, and either slack off very much or practically close the balance of the time. Their hands must be "carried" by the grocer, drygoods shopman, the purveyors of all supplied for the household. Not so with the little affairs working from one to twenty hands. They go the year round. If one fails it don't leave much of a hole or hurt anybody much; and they never stay idle long. It's easy to flout some one with money enough to run along a small shop, and presently the right man gets into it, expands it and makes a big and permanent thing of it.

The next best thing to widely diversifying a town's industries is to interest as many in the stock of larger undertakings as possible.

This last should be the policy of all who plant manufacturing on any considerable scale in a town or city. It gives the establishment a local good will and interest nothing else can bring; and whenever a manufacturer finds himself in a city that will "take no stock" with him he will consult the safety of his capital by looking elsewhere for a location.—Frederick.

Subscribers for The View.

We note, with pleasure, that Mr. R. H. Evans has received his commission and entered upon the discharge of his duties, as Deputy Internal Revenue Collector for this portion of the state.

The appointee is a son of our honorable and highly respected friend, Capt. James G. Evans, a nephew of one, whom the people of this county, in days gone by, delighted to honor, the late Andrew B. Moore, and was himself born and reared in Perry county.

Robert H. Evans needs to look, however, neither to ancestry nor lineage for standing or endorsement. Nature has, in the man himself, with richest profusion, mixed up the elements that go to the making of a true and noble character.

If honesty of the rarest quality, honor of the most delicate sense, business qualifications of the first order, and a determination to discharge duties imposed be some of the requisites of a good officer, then, Capt. Moore has, in this selection, acted both wisely and well.—Marion Standard.

Our county is in Mr. Evans' circuit, and we are truly glad to hear him so highly spoken of by those who know him best.

Do Figures Never Lie?

The Rev. Dr. H. R. Allen, of the Northern Presbyterian church, recently at a session in Cincinnati, said:

"Twenty years ago, at the close of the war, there were in the Southern States 3,947,000 colored people, and now there are more than 7,000,000. Then there were in Mississippi 220,000, now 650,000. In Georgia there were 454,000 negroes, now there are 725,000; South Carolina, 400,000, now more than 600,000. Five hundred colored babies are borne in the United States every day. The colored population doubles every twenty years; the white population only once in thirty-five years. At the present rate of increase, in 1885 there will be 96,000,000 white people in the United States, and 192,000,000 colored people."

The busy portion of the world will read this and take for granted that the figures are correct and indisputable. Any crank can throw out to the world a batch of figures, and depend upon the world being too busy to question the correctness of what they may attempt to demonstrate. But while we really have no objection to Sambo getting his share of nature's bounty, yet we cannot grant him the earth, Dr. Allen. Give the white man a chance also.

We place no faith in this reverend gentleman's figures, because it shows such a remarkable deficiency in mathematical demonstration. For instance, if the assertion that the colored population is doubling every twenty years be correct, we can present some figures on the subject thus: In 1885 the colored population is 7,000,000. Doubled in twenty years, (1905) 14,000,000; in 1925 it would reach 28,000,000; in 1955, 56,000,000; and in 1985 there would be 112,000,000; which demonstrates that though we may be able to beat Dr. Allen counting votes, he is ahead of us in counting niggers by 80,000,000. Then take the figures on the whites. If Dr. Allen is morally certain that we are going double every thirty-five years, his reckoning is equally wide of the mark. For in 1885 the white population of the county is fully 45,000,000; doubled in thirty-five years 1920 and we will be 90,000,000, which falls only 6,000,000 short of what Dr. Allen says we may reach in 1985; but in 1955 the figures will have doubled to 180,000,000; and continuing the same ratio of increase, the white population of the country in 1985 will fall far short of 300,000,000. Some men are good at figures, and this reminds us of a story of two politicians who were of different habits of minds. One of them was a statistician and had a wonderful knack for what he called mathematical demonstration. The other looked more to results and philosophical analysis. They met upon the stump once the first named party leading off with arithmetical tables and a noble array of numbers. His opponent when called to speak premised by stating that "the gentleman was good at figures, but that the man who now addressed the public would not be figured out of his rights." And thus and so we tip our hat to Dr. Allen.

AN OPEN LETTER.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., June 22, 1895.

MY DEAR MOTHER:

Your kind letter of advice was received some days ago, but this is the first opportunity I have had to reply to it.

I am afraid I must not think of such a thing as marriage for a long time yet, as I am anxious to get that little sum you spoke of laid up in the bank, before taking such a step, and it seems to be accomplishing very slowly. Besides, you know how I am fond of my

that I have known very little of women, except the best of them all, my own sweet mother.

But there is another and a better reason why I have been very little in ladies' society since I came here. The only people I knew at first were my fellow-clerks, and they all seemed somehow to have fallen in with a very fast and somewhat ignorant set. Now of course, a young man in a strange place, with no friends and very little means, and almost entirely devoid of "the gift of gab," cannot pick and choose his associates, but must mix with any among whom chance may throw him, or hold himself aloof from his acquaintances. I have already made the discovery that if a person would get along in the world he must defer some to the opinions of others; so to avoid being considered "stuck up" I have gone a little into this set. Nearly all the girls in it seem to be either fast and slangy, or insipid and silly. I have always thought that the fearless, Di Vernon cast of woman would be best suited to me, but the bold, fast girls I have met here are no more like Di Vernon, than I am like Bismarck. Indeed, there does not seem to be any girls about here any ways like those nice heroines in Scott's and Dickens' novels, you and I used to read about on long winter evenings.

I have been obliged to change my boarding house lately, and as I am not rich enough to afford luxurious living, am well pleased to find here a kind obliging landlady, clean rooms and wholesome food. My landlady, who is a widow, has two daughters, Miss Susie, who seems to belong to the fast type of young ladies, and Miss Mollie, who seems to belong to the insipid. I am ashamed to say that I get along best with the fast one. She is very pleasant and kind to me, and Mollie, the younger one, and I have not a word to say when we meet, but only stare at each other like two silly scared rabbits. Miss Susie seems to have the poor taste to like a timid, awkward, silent fellow like me. I say seems, I know she does, for she as good as told me so the other day when I was helping her to fix up a vine of some kind at the end of the veranda. While we were thus harmlessly employed, Mr. Snider, a man who boards here—a yankee, and a very disagreeable person, came up the steps, accompanied by some of the other boarders. When he saw us he grinned like a hyena and remarked, "That touching little picture reminds me of a poem I used to read in my childhood, beginning,

"Will you walk into my parlour? said a spider to a fly,"

Miss Susie's face turned very red, and I could see she was angry; and for that matter, so was I; but we treated them with silent contempt. Nobody knows but you dear Mother, how unjust to me such an insinuation is. But you know that I am incapable of deceiving and betraying any young lady; and I do not think Miss Susie thinks such a thing of me, though she pretended to do so at first. I could not understand Mr. Snider's evident dislike for me, until Miss Susie unraveled the mystery. It seems that he is very much in love with her, and gets jealous of any one who pays her the least attention. If he only knew it he need have no jealous fears of me, for though she is very pretty, and is kind to me, and I like her very well, she is in many respects not at all to my taste. I would never allow myself to get, to use one of her pet expressions, "mashed" on a girl who allows any passing acquaintance to pinch her arm, or chuck her under the chin, and who never opens her mouth to speak, without uttering the coarsest of slang. And yet it is a pity, she is so nice in some other respects. I think when I know her better, I will remonstrate with her about it, in a kind and gentle way, you know. Would you advise me to do so?

Your Loving Son,

HARRY SIMMONS.

A WALKING SKELETON.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs. Call at Dr. M. J. Greene's Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles one dollar.

Mapleville Dots.

Harvesting oats and laying by corn is now in order.

Mrs. N. Waterworth spent last week in Birmingham.

Mr. Minge and family, of Faunsdale, visited relatives here last week.

Mrs. C. F. Donthit is at Talladega for a few days pleasure.

"Bijou" has returned home from the Howard.

Walter D. Lawrence will spend the summer at home.

F. M. Danahy, Esq., spent last Sunday with us, on his way to Summerville.

Thanks to our sheriff for a special invitation to attend the picnic picnic.

Our boys will play a game of baseball on Calera today against the boys from Jones.

A Mother's Love—A Practical Illustration of Its Power.

A mother's love! What a potent thing it is! It will melt the heart of the most hardened criminal, when no other influence would be effective. No one but a mother knows its full meaning, but every one can appreciate it if they will. It is known, though, that it means sleepless nights, care, inconvenience, and, if necessary, want, hardship and death. But the subject has been too eloquently treated by the sweetest poets and the ablest writers to furnish an essay for these columns. Too many practical illustrations occur in every day life for it to be dwelt upon, so that it is unnecessary to speak of the subject further in order to make the reader understand the full meaning of what is to follow.

Mrs. Henry Schuler, of Ashland, Ky., writes that her daughter has been cured of deafness which resulted from chronic catarrh. She tells how she had lost all hope of her daughter (her only child) being cured, and how overjoyed she is at the result. After trying many remedies, she says PERUNA brought a cure, and that the daughter's hearing is restored. She concludes, by speaking in the most flattering terms of PERUNA, and then describes in the most loving manner the happiness it has brought her, and reviews the distress she experienced while her daughter was afflicted.

Dr. A. R. Oug, Martins Ferry, O., writes: "I have a large trade on your PERUNA. Think it is a grand remedy."

Mr. Robert C. Hannah, Tolestoborough, Lewis county, Ky., writes: "I write to inform you of the great benefit I received by the use of your medicines, PERUNA and MAXALIN. I had been low spirited and very sick for about six months with a bad cough, and my friends thought I had consumption; tried a number of patent medicines, and most of the doctors in the vicinity (and we have some as good as you can find in the country), but they did me no good whatever. Our merchant, Mr. Gillespie, insisted upon my trying your remedies. I did so, but must say, I had little faith in them at first; before I had consumed my first bottle, I noticed a change for the better, and to-day I am entirely well, and as sound as a bell. I credit your medicine with my cure to your valuable remedies, PERUNA and MAXALIN, and recommend them to all of my friends."

COLLINS' AGUE CURE

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR AGUE, CHILLS, FEVER, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA OR FLUX.

It is a Perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has no equal as a prompt and permanent cure for all the above ailments. It cures in many cases as five dollars worth of Quinine. AGUE CURE CLEANS THE SYSTEM, CURES QUININE.

A few Alabama Testimonial Letters.

Pickens Landing, Ala., Dec. 10, 1894—Collins' Ague Cure gave me unbounded satisfaction. I was afflicted with ague, chills, fever, biliousness, constipation, headache, and all the other ailments of a disordered liver. I have used many other remedies, but none have done me so much good as Collins' Ague Cure. I have used it for two years and it has cured me of all my troubles. I can truly say that Collins' Ague Cure is the best medicine I have ever used. I have given it to all my friends and they all praise it. I have used it for two years and it has cured me of all my troubles. I can truly say that Collins' Ague Cure is the best medicine I have ever used. I have given it to all my friends and they all praise it.

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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 25, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 8:20 a. m.
No. 3 at 8:22 p. m.
No. 7 at 8:47 p. m.
No. 9 at 8:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 9:31 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:31 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:43 p. m.
No. 8 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

LODGES.—Regular communications

Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshier.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanoir, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Cool mornings.

Watermelons now, chills after a while.

The Sun is getting in some good work these days.

Who is going to bring us the first watermelon.

Mr. J. E. Ruffin, of Helena, was in Clanton Sunday evening.

Justices' blanks and waive notes for sale at this office.

Mr. Jno. Duke, and family, of Clear Creek, are visiting relatives here.

Our "devil" is going through a gradual transformation from a devil to a dude.

Fruit is now ripening rapidly. We see nice peaches, apples, plums, etc., on our streets every day, for sale.

We return thanks to Miss Essie Adams for sending the View office the finest basket of plums, of the season.

Miss Blanche Hyde has closed her school at Dealeville, and has come to Clanton to spend the vacation with relatives.

Dr. and Mrs. Greene, accompanied by their little niece, Miss Evie Phillips, are visiting relatives in Clanton this week.

It is about time some of our farmers were bringing us a cotton bloom. We notice several have been received by offices further south.

The lecture on the subject of literature, which was to have been delivered in the Methodist church, at this place, on Tuesday night last, by Mr. J. G. Harris, of the Alabama Baptist, was rained out.

Messrs. Bell & Sampey, have removed the awning from the front of their store house, which has greatly improved the appearance of it. There are numerous other old awnings about town that should be removed.

Slaton & McGlathery, at Birmingham are the leading machinery men of Alabama. Parties desiring anything in their line cannot do better than to write or call upon them. Read their advertisement elsewhere in this paper.

Messrs. W. R. Carter and J. S. DeLache, and others of Shelby Iron Works, J. J. Honeycutt, and Mr. Hand, of Jamison, S. J. Heath, of Strasburg, and J. G. Harris, of Selma, are among the friends who paid us pleasant calls yesterday.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Died, at the home of her son-in-law near this place, on Monday the 22nd inst., Mrs. Moncith. She was quite aged, and having filled her mission in life has been called home.

On the 3rd and 4th of July, round trip tickets can be bought, from this place to any point on the L. & N. railroad, for one fair only. Tickets will be good until mid-night of the 6th.

What troubled us yesterday, was that our capacity for eating was not sufficient to justify us in accepting all the invitations to dinner, that we received. Some day we may be hungry and have a wonderful capacity with no invitation. How sad.

Messrs. Bell & Sampey are coming to the front now. Their very latest arrivals are several barrels of Best Patent Flour, Paragon Flour, Fresh Cream Crackers, and many other palatable articles. Call for anything you need and they will do their best to accommodate you.

Our being absent last week caused us to neglect thanking that clever gentleman, Mr. Willie Lowe for a nice lot of peaches, apples, plums and cherries, which he brought us a day or so before our departure. We enjoyed them very much, and hereby tender our sincere thanks for the same.

"Major" Haywood Lawrence went fishing for terrapins in the Okefenokee Swamp the other day. We learn that he caught two young snapping alligators instead. He proposes to bring his prizes to Clanton this summer and plant them in a hot well "to grow up with the country," and thinks they will do their part toward making Clanton a first class winter resort.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

Our Distinguished Young Men.

Cadets W. L. Sampey, J. M. Kailin and J. M. Thomas, have just returned from Howard College, where they have won high honors. Mr. Sampey has graduated, taking the first honor. Mr. Kailin won the orators medal and Mr. J. M. Thomas was honorably mentioned in the prize declamation. We challenge any county in Alabama to show a higher record than this.

Tuesday Evening's Storm.

A terrible storm passed over our town on Tuesday evening last. It was not a rain storm, nor a wind storm, nor a hail storm, but it was a combination of them all, and the electrical display was terrible beyond description. Flash after flash of lightning followed each other in quick succession, and peal after peal of thunder rent the air and shook the houses to their very foundations. The rain came down in torrents, until we had a perfect deluge; then it began to hail with great violence and was blown against our windows, by the wind, which was blowing a terrible gale, with almost force enough to break the glass. The storm continued about fifteen or twenty minutes; giving all who desired to do so, amply time to pray. Some prayed for their souls, others for their property, and some did not pray at all. We got between our "angel" and "devil" and managed to tough it out. No serious damage was done to either person or property that we know of. One window sash was blown out of Mr. W. H. Burton's house and trees near there were blown down promiscuously.

The Masonic Celebration.

Yesterday was a gala day in Clanton. The town was full to overflowing with visitors, from all directions. Eloquent addresses were made in the Methodist church in the forenoon by Dr. M. J. Greene, of Talladega, and Mr. J. G. Harris, of the Alabama Baptist, published at Selma. Mr. Harris also gave an exceedingly interesting lecture last night at the Methodist church, on the subject of literature. The young people spent the afternoon of yesterday in dancing, and all seemed to enjoy the day very much. We would like to say more about the gay day Clanton has experienced for some time, but both time and space forbids.

Our Trip.

We will not weary our readers with a detail account of our trip to Tuscaloosa, last week, to attend the commencement exercises of the numerous schools in that place, for we know that there are very few of them who feel the same interest in the "City of Oaks," that we do; it being the place of our birth and home of our childhood. But none of them can fail to be interested in the progress that has been made, in the last few years, by the excellent institutions within her limits; and especially by our State University. The last scholastic year was an unusually successful one with the University. The number of students was more than could be accommodated in the one building that has answered all purposes heretofore, since the war, and it was necessary to build some temporary quarters, to be used until the new buildings are completed. The temporary frame structure has been humorously "dubbed" "rat's mansion." The students numbered nearly two hundred, and in morals and gentleness deportment were unsurpassed by any of former years. The graduating class at the University numbered thirty-three, out of which ten were selected to deliver orations, the remaining twenty-three wrote essays, which were not read in public. The orations were well written, well memorized and admirably delivered.

The new buildings of the University are now nearly completed, and are ornaments as well as very useful additions. We reached Tuscaloosa too late to attend the commencement exercises of either of the large female colleges, but learn that they were equally as interesting as they have been heretofore, which is saying a good deal for them. The closing exercises of the several male high schools, were quite interesting features of the commencement. May they all continue to increase in numbers, and grow and "flourish as the green bay tree." Tuscaloosa justly deserves to be called the Athens of Alabama.

Among the special attractions of the week, were several exhibition drills of the cadets and their inspection by the Governor and his staff; the president's reception on Monday night the 15th inst., and the commencement hop, at the University on the night of the following Wednesday; all of which were well attended and very much enjoyed by all.

It was our first visit to Tuscaloosa since our boyhood and our growth since then, together with our base ball moustache (by the latest method—three out, all out,) made it necessary for us to introduce ourselves to nearly everyone. We hope to visit Tuscaloosa again before the finger of time has so changed our appearance as to make it necessary for us to introduce ourselves to our old friends a second time.

Thousands Say So.

Mr. T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Our Stand on the Hot Well Sensation.

We notice that some of our exchanges have branded the hot well, at this place, a "first class fraud," and we suppose it is due to the article published in the Age last week, written by some one living at Verbena. Now we do not intend to take either side of this matter just yet, but as the View was the first and principal medium through which the hot well gained publicity we do not want any mistaken ideas formed, that we have been puffing up a thing that might possibly prove "no good." We have given a good deal of space to the hot well subject, but always merely to state facts without expressing our own opinion in the matter. In fact we have never had a fixed opinion in regard to the well. We have never said that we believed it to be heated by the steam pipes that run down in it, for the purpose of pumping up water, or that we believed it to be a genuine hot well, possessing valuable medical properties. No, we have never said either. We have been just stating facts as they came to our ears, and we leave it to our readers to make up their minds.

While there are one or two things that create some doubt as to its being a natural hot well, there are many things that go to prove that it is.

Mr. Blasingame, is perfectly confident in it, and is now offering for sale his saw mill and fixtures belonging to it, at a very low figure, and the steam jet of which so much has been said in regard to the probability of its heating the water, will be thrown in the bargain. Mr. Blasingame will sell out his saw mill business and devote all his attention to his hot well. See his notice in another column.

Napoleon Bonaparte was credited with the remark that three things were necessary in war. The first money. The second was money. And the third and last was money. Our paper requires more than money but we cannot get along very well without the current cash which while we are told is the root of all evil yet is most certainly convenient to have and necessary to run the View.

For the edification of our readers, we publish *verbatim et literatim et punctuatum*, the following contribution to current historical literature.

Notice about our People.

We find that it has been for some years since Columbus discovered America; and after his discovery it was some time before Walter Raleigh settled on the Roanoke making colonies all over the U. S. After awhile the people all commenced to study Politics and after awhile the question of the president came in rotation and they selected George Washington, and at Washington city they put up a house composed mostly of rock, and it stood for many years, finally Monroe was elected president, and it was not long before the house was burnt down; the rocks were black with smoke, and when they put it up those Black streaks were in it, and they painted it white and from that day to this the president's cabin has been baring the name of the white house, and I do notice that Everybody wants to get in the white house. Even all the young men wants to be called Rabbin and all the women wants to be master of an office, not all neither but and over whelming majority do, and it seems as if they wants the same office, well if a large majority wants this one office they is not enough of this small majority to Elect them.

Well let us see hear they is a way to doctor that disease. first place go sun one and see if those seekers are a competent of filling such office, and if you find them incompetent tell them to go and seek competency; and when they has found it to come and bring you word, then the office will seek them they will not have time to eat much Idle Bread for they will have to fill there office in which they has in charge. Excuse me.

E. H. SUTTON.

An Editor's Confession.

The editor of a Florida newspaper gives the following figures from a statistical memorandum of his life.

Been asked to drink	11,392
Drank	11,392
Requested to retract	416
Didn't retract	416
Invited to parties and receptions	3,333
by parties fishing for puffs	33
Took the hint	3,300
Didn't take the hint	33
Threatened to be whipped	174
Been whipped	0
Whipped the other fellow	4
Didn't come to time	170
Been promised whiskey, gin, etc., if we would go after them	5,610
Been after them	5,000
Been asked what's the news	300,000
Told	23
Didn't know	200,000
Lied about it	99,977
Been to church	2
Changed politics	32
Expected to change still	50
Gave to charity	\$5.00
Gave for terrier dogs	\$25.00
Cash on hand	\$1.00

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Wm. H. McNeill Deceased Estate of, Probate Court, Clanton county. Letters testamentary under the last will and testament of said deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 15th day of June 1885, by the Hon. H. J. Callen, Judge of the Probate Court of said county, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

MRS. CLARA B. McNEILL, EXECUTRIX.

NOTICE NO. 4047.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., May 20, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on July 6th, 1885, viz: William D. Lockhart, Homestead 16164, for the s. w. 1/4, s. 1, sec. 24, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William A. Warner, Thomas Weaver, Andrew Wilson and John W. Lockhart, all of Davis, Ala.

NOTICE NO. 4052.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., May 29, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, before Clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on July 6th, 1885, viz: Allen Abrams, Homestead 16164, for the s. w. 1/4, s. 1, sec. 24, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Augustus A. Johnson, Jasper A. Johnson, George F. Johnson and Robert M. Johnson, all of Montgomery, Ala.

THOS. J. HART, Register.

H. Houpt, Watchmaker and Optician, First Avenue, Birmingham, Alabama.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere. Over 25 years experience. I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings. nov10-4t REV. J. G. GURLEY.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME Sewing Machine



PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR. NEVER HAS NO EQUAL. NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. 30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK. CHICAGO, ILL. FOR SALE BY J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala.

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TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Dullness, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weakness, Dizziness, Flitting at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Eruptions, with Stiff joints, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose affords such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They increase the Appetite and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, the blood is purified. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR or Whiskers changed to GLAZED BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously, and is not injurious, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

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These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, hotels, societies, etc.

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Corner Randolph and San Streets, CHICAGO, ILL.

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THOS. J. HART, Register.

W. A. PRATT & CO. No. 7, Dexter Ave., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED LINE OF MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', YOUTH' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you satisfaction. ma28 6m

Agricultural, Timber and Mineral Lands

FOR SALE!

The Alabama Mineral Land Company now offers for sale its lands in the counties of Cherokee, Etowah, Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Talladega, Clay, Randolph, Bibb, Shelby, Coosa, Perry, Chilton, Autauga and Dallas. These are the lands which formerly belonged to the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad Company, and popularly known as "Railroad Lands." They comprise

GOOD FARMING LANDS, FINE BODIES OF TIMBER, Coal Lands, Iron Ore Lands, Slate, Kaolin and Other Mineral Lands.

These lands lie along the line of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad, in Alabama, and some of them are near the lines of the Georgia, Florida and Alabama Great Southern, the Louisville & Nashville, the East & West, and the Anniston and Atlantic railroads. For prices and terms of sale, apply to

Alabama Mineral Land Co., JOHN M. McKLEROY, General Agent, Montgomery, Alabama.

feb26-6m

A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in Chilton County, and does and will sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

The Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators; Devoted to collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most Interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

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with Red Tin Tag; Rose Leaf Fine Cut Chewing; Navy Clippings, and black, Brown and Yellow Snuffs are the Best and Cheapest, quality considered.

Surveyor's Notice.

I would respectfully inform the people of Chilton county that I have been re-appointed county surveyor, and with an experience of thirty years, am prepared to do all surveying entrusted to me with satisfaction to all parties. Persons wishing to know where their land lines are would do well to call on me. H. R. ATCHINSON, Surveyor, Montevallo, Ala.

Gordon DuBose.

Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business connected with law.

Chilton View

—AND— THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY Courier-Journal.

One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of one.

By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the Courier-Journal, the representative newspaper of the south, Democratic and for a tariff for revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

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NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

State of Alabama, Chilton County, Probate Court, June 18th, 1885.

Letters testamentary under the last will and testament of said deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 15th day of June 1885, by the Hon. H. J. Callen, Judge of the Probate Court of said county, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

ALAN A. JOHNSON, EXECUTOR.

CHILTON VIEW.

JNO. C. LAWRENCE, Editor.
Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 2, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

Our Agents.

Clanton—Glaucus Evans.
Dixie—J. W. Peoples.
Jemison and Calera—Euell Dawson.
Clear Creek—J. P. Vandever.
Lomax—Jno. N. Thornton.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions.

The following is the decision of the United States Supreme Court:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered to continue their subscription.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered their discontinuance.

4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.
The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

Rev. Sam Jones is now stirring up the sinners in Waco Texas. The cow boys are flocking to his standard.

A wise phrenologist claims that in examining a boy's head he can tell the difference between the bump of filial affection and one raised by a base ball club.

At least twenty publishers stand ready, on the telegraphic announcement of General Grant's death, to rush upon the market biographies of the great soldier. Several publishers have the books already printed.

The Livingston Journal declares that if that paper was printed in the style which the Rev. Sam Jones preaches, using the same language, it would not have a single respectable subscriber in six weeks.

The war on Mother Hubbards, which was so vigorously waged last summer in various parts of the country, is being renewed in Dawson, Ga., where an ordinance has just been passed imposing a fine of five dollars on persons wearing the objectionable garment on the street.

The fame of Florida as the place to make fortunes in, has reached London, and a colony of fifty families of fruit growers and market gardeners are now preparing to immigrate to St. Lucie, Fla., in November. It is expected that their skill and knowledge of horticulture will insure them great success.—Ez.

We see from the Eufaula paper that the merchants of that city have formed an association for their mutual protection. Our merchants of Chilton county, or rather some of them, formed such an association here on the 12th of January last, but interest in the same, has somewhat subsided during the dull season. We hope to see it revive again in the fall when business becomes brisk.

The newspapers of this State are trotting out gubernatorial candidates at a breakneck speed. The Troy Messenger, the Coosa River News and the Eufaula Mail have made the latest nominations. As it is fully a year before the assembling of the next State Democratic Convention, a body that will be legally qualified to nominate our next State officers, would it not be well for those enthusiasts to "bide away."—Blount News.

The New Postal Law.

The following is a new postal law which took effect on the first of July:

1. Sealed letters to go anywhere in the United States for two cents on each full ounce or fraction thereof, instead of half an ounce and up to two cents, 4 cents, and so on. The full ounce weight applies to drop letters delivered for one where the carrier system is not in operation.
2. Registered newspaper, sent by publishers or newdealers one cent per pound, to induce regular and specimen copies. Other papers sent by any one, cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.
3. Articles in newspapers may be marked with pen or pencil to call attention to them, but no words or figures can be used. This is not allowed to publishers sending papers by pound rates.
4. A special stamp costing 10 cents and put upon a letter going to any place having 4,000 people.

tion according to the United States census, and together place that may be hereafter specially designated by the department will be immediately delivered by a special messenger, provided the recipient lives within one mile of the post-office or its stations in large cities. Letters arriving after midnight, not thus delivered.

The Agricultural Interests.

The Southern Agriculturist, published at Montgomery, quotes from our article on Agricultural Clubs, and says:

This is a cheering piece of news, and indicates that the farmers of Pickens county are beginning to appreciate the benefits of organization. Each Club should select delegates to the State meeting of Agricultural Society, to be held at Auburn on the 5th of August, and the number of member belonging to Club and names of delegates should be sent to T. J. Key, Secretary of State Society, at Montgomery, to be enrolled. Blanks forms of report will be sent to Secretary of local clubs, on application to State Secretary.—West Alabamian.

Under the heading of "Agricultural Organization," the Montgomery Advertiser of 20th ult., thus spiritedly and encouragingly discourses:

The time has at last come when the state of Alabama may congratulate itself on having an organization among its farmers that promises permanence. The law is behind it, there is a paid state institution at the head of it and tax money in its treasury. There is a permanent head around which the farmers can rally, and the leading spirit is a leader in fact. Yesterday Prof. J. S. Newman, director of the State experiment station at Auburn, President of the State Agricultural Society and professor of chemistry at the A. & M. College, went over to Troy and addressed the farmers of Pike. Wherever he goes the farmers spring to his support. Under his inspiration the farmers all over the state are organizing into clubs. News of new clubs come in daily. Several have been organized in Montgomery county and more will be. The same is true of other counties. The State Society meets in Auburn during the first week in August. The prospects are that it will be the largest gathering of representative agriculturists ever assembled in Alabama. There will be no politics about it. They have ruined the usefulness of enough agricultural organizations already. The farmers are waking up. It is time. They have made up their minds that Alabama is a good enough state. So it is. They have concluded to stay here. A better conclusion was never reached.

We wish Prof. Newman would make a trip up in this part of the country. Our farmers here do not seem to realize the importance of organization, and they need some one to stir them up and make clear to them that it is to their interest to organize clubs.

Some of Sam Jones' Sayings.

"I detest theology and botany, but I love religion and flowers."
"Red liquor and Christianity won't stay in the same hide."
"God bores through the top of a man's head to his heart and on down to his pocket."
"In a Georgia town a number of girls married men to reform them, and now the town is full of little whippoorwill widows."

"If Brother Barbee, of Nashville, would draw the line where the Lord wants him to draw it, there would not be a hundred members left in the church."
"The back door of the church ought to be opened once a year and give all who have not lived up to its rules an opportunity to pass out."

"I used to dance, but when I wanted a wife I went to the prayer meeting, and I beat your sort, too."

"There is more religion in laughing than there is in crying. If religion consists in crying, I have the best boy in the world."

"When St. Peter said, add to your knowledge temperance, he didn't have reference to you old, red-nosed Methodists. Any man who pretends to be a Christian and drinks whiskey is an old humbug."

"You don't believe what you don't understand. Do you understand why some cows have horns and some are muley?"

"You don't believe what you don't see. Did you ever see your backbone?"

"God pity the man who can't run his home without a deck of cards. He ought to have been in hell long before he had children born unto him."

A REMARKABLE ESCAPE.

Mrs. Mary A. Daily, of Tunkhannock Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in flesh 50 lbs. in a few months. Free Trial Bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at Dr. M. J. Greene's Drug Store. Large Bottles \$1.00.

Subscribe for THE VIEW.

STATE NEWS.

Mobile has organized a souave military company.

Wm. Wilson, of Woodstock, killed four deer at one shot.

The State treasury has nearly half a million of dollars in it.

There are sixteen candidates for Probate Judge of Barbour county.

One hundred and forty buildings are to be erected in Irona this summer.

The new hotel at Birmingham will be commenced within thirty days.

The Greys, of Montgomery, and Lomax Rifles, of Mobile, are in Philadelphia this week.

The State Temperance Convention will be held at Athens on the 28th and 29th of July, 1885.

A Lauderdale county darkey sent a challenge, to fight a duel, to a white man, and now he is in jail.

Mr. Allison Lockwood, of Mobile and Miss Mary Sanders, of Virginia, were married on Wednesday morning last at Verbena, by Rev. Dr. Stringfellow.

Mr. A. F. Stubbs has sold the Clay County Watchman, published at Ashland, Ala., to Messrs. Lackey and Hood, who will continue its publication.

Two negro boys stripped themselves of their clothing, lathered well with soap, and escaped from the jail at Birmingham through a hole six by eight inches square.

The Herald says that a sash and blind factory and a large planing mill and lumber yard are being about completed in Union Springs.

The State Agricultural Society will meet at Auburn on the 5th of August and it is important that every county should organize farmers' clubs, and send delegates there.

Mr. Geo. H. Dudley, a promising young man of Montgomery, and Miss Sylvania O'Neal, a daughter of his Excellency Gov. E. A. O'Neal, were married in Florence, on the 24th ult.

Sheffield has started up again; several large three-story brick and iron blocks are now being erected. Several stores have opened already with stocks of goods. The water works are completed, obtaining good water from the Tennessee river.

Alvin O. Dickson, tax collector of Blount county, has now brought suit against the Jasper Eagle for \$5,000 damages, for the publication of the article stating that he had been killed while trying to steal the county's money.

The Elmore Express says: "The belled buzzard paid our vicinity a visit recently. Mr. Adam Ensen saw it and heard the bell, and says it is seemingly about the size of a dollar or a small call bell. It did not seem to be around the fowl's neck, but to one wing, and was easily seen when the light would strike on it favorably."

Clayton Courier: We understand that a negro preacher, who has been preaching at the Baptist church in Clayton for the past week, has advised those who went to hear him, that they should discontinue the habit of hiring out, especially their children. We would like to know how this negro and fraud expects negroes to live. He's urging a matter that will land four-fifths of the deluded creatures in the chain gang and the penitentiary, as they assuredly know that if they don't work they will have to steal.

Fort Payne Journal: James Bush committed a horrible act of brutality on a horse belonging to W. C. Kean one day last week. He was plowing corn and the animal kept biting the stalks; so to stop the annoyance he conceived the idea of cutting its tongue just enough to make eating painful. In executing the idea he pulled its tongue out as far as he could and drew his knife across it. The knife happened to be sharper than he thought, and cut four or five inches of the tongue clean off. Bush immediately went to Kean and proposed to buy the horse, offering his crop for it. Kean refused to trade and then found out what had been done. Bush afterward gave up his crop to Kean to pay the injury done to the animal and, it is said, has fled the country.

The boy's description of having a tooth pulled was the best example of boiled down vividness ever given; "Just before it killed me the tooth came out." Nothing in language could express the idea any better.

Kincheon Dots.

The most of our farmers are about done laying by their corn and they are done harvesting there oats but we are informed that so much rain has damaged the oat crop in this neighborhood.

We saw in the last issue of the View where the editor wanted some one to send him a cotton bloom. We might send him one with this if it was necessary, for we have plenty of them.

We think that our community can boast of having as good crops as there are in the country, on poor pine hills.

Elder C. C. Billingsley preached at the Oak Grove school house, on the 28th ult.

There is some talk of having a picnic, at this place soon.

Miss Nellie Kent, Wellington, Lorain county, O., writes: "Dr. S. B. Hildreth & Co., Columbus, O., Gentlemen: I have been a great sufferer from chronic catarrh, bronchitis and neuralgia of the face. I have been taking your PERUNA for one month. The neuralgia and catarrh is almost well, and the cough is much better. I like your PERUNA very much."

C. E. Dupler, aged thirty-four years, of Equality, Illinois, had been affected with a chronic catarrh which he first discovered six years ago. In succession he lost his smell, taste and hearing. The disease was so malignant that it not only attacked the softer parts, but destroyed the bony partition of the nose and seriously affected the external parts. He could only hear a watch ticking by holding it close to his ear. He suffered intense pain in the nose, from which green, dry clots of offensive odor fell. In this condition he presented himself to Dr. Hartman several months ago. He can now hear a watch eight inches from his right and six inches from his left ear. His taste and smell are again returning, and the external part of the nose is quite well. For more grateful patients ever left a physician's office than Mr. Dupler. He said, "Why in the world was PERUNA not prescribed for me long ago?"

Cramps of the Stomach.

We have the privilege of reporting the following case. Those similarly affected can get the name and address of Dr. Hartman. The lady does not want her name in the papers. For a year, or years, (the writer does not remember the length of time) this lady had cramps, the most fearful of the stomach, every day and night, which would be followed by that terrible weakness, which was something wonderful. The suffering and distress of this lady was indescribable and almost unendurable. At last the physicians and medicines had failed, and all hope had almost fled. Dr. Hartman was consulted, and from the first day of taking his PERUNA, the cramps and all bad feelings left her, and now for over a month has been entirely free from every symptom. A more thankful patient no doctor ever had.

Mr. Borge, druggist, Charleston, Tennessee, writes: "Your PERUNA sells well and gives great satisfaction. Customers speak well of it."

Dr. J. Anderson, Cochocton, Ohio, writes: "Your PERUNA sells well and gives great satisfaction. I consider it a splendid medicine."

AGUE CURE

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR AGUE, CHILLS, FEVERS, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA OR FLUX.

It is a Perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has been used as a general medicine and for all the CHILLS. One Bottle at 50 cents, will cure as many cases as five dollars worth of Quinine.

AGUE CURE CLEANS THE SYSTEM, CURES THE DYSPEPSIA.

A few Alabama Testimonial Letters.

Pickens Landing, Ala., Dec. 10, 1883.—Collier's Ague Cure gives unbounded satisfaction in all the forms of malarial fever.

Mahan P. O., Ala., Dec. 21, 1883.—Collier's Ague Cure has given great satisfaction in all the forms of malarial fever.

Low, Ala., Dec. 10, 1883.—I have seen your Ague Cure tried in numerous cases with the most perfect results.

Pennington, Ala., Feb. 2, 1884.—Collier's Ague Cure will cure a cold, cold or sore throat, more promptly than any medicinal I ever used. I have used your Ague Cure in many cases and it has cured them all.

PRICE 50 CTS. A BOTTLE. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

COLLINS BROS. DRUG CO.,

101 N. 3rd St., Louisville, Ky.

THE GREAT

Through Trunk Line

Without Change and with Speed Unrivaled

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

From New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery, to

NORTH, EAST & WEST

PULLMAN CARS Without change to

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI, KANSAS CITY, ST. PAUL, MINN.,

AND ALL THE GREAT CITIES OF THE NORTH, EAST AND WEST.

THROUGH COACHES

From Chattanooga and Nashville to St. Louis,

connecting direct for Cities in the Northwest.

EMIGRANTS Seeking homes on the

line of this road will receive special low rates.

For rates of the Company for rates, routes, etc., or write C. P. ATMORE, G. P. & T. A. O.

(1) Louisville, Ky.

The Chilton View

Job Printing Office

Clanton, Ala.

Is Prepared to Execute

JOB PRINTING.

AT LOW RATES

AND IN THE NEATEST STYLE.

Having, at considerable outlay, added a Job Department to our office, we would respectfully call the attention of

business men and others in need of JOB PRINTING, to our superior facilities for the prompt and tasteful execution of everything needed in that line, such as

Bill Heads,

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Commissary

Checks,

Circulars,

Blanks,

Notes, &c.

Our motto is, "We will do what we can for the people."



DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

GREAT

VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY,

MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR.

For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These afflictions are sometimes sudden and always painful. A speedy and effectual cure depends mainly upon a quick application and efficient remedy, and just here, we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir, is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Flux, Pains in the bowels, etc. The elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, in doses as directed, as it contains no harmful ingredients. It is palatable and does not produce nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of those glands situated in the stomach and bowels. It is a looking up of the secretions of these glands that brings on dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heart-burn, palpitation of the heart, vertigo or swimming of the head, and nervous headache, constipation of the bowels accompanied at the same time with pains in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine that strikes at and removes the cause from the system that produces and brings on the disease. This is effectually done with Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

SPURLOCK PAGE & CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

Nashville, Tenn.

The above medicines are for sale by

M. J. GREENE, Clanton. oc30

THE

BIRMINGHAM STEAM

LAUNDRY,

1st. ave. bet. 10th and 20th streets

BIRMINGHAM ALA.,

makes a specialty of laundrying

collars and cuffs sent them

by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at

this office. Information also given by

us in regard to prices, etc. feb12f

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

Mrs. W. A. Childs,

PROPRIETRESS.

201—101

Bibb St., one Block From

Temple Building,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

OAKTON SPRINGS

HOTEL,

(Open from May to November, yearly.)

Fronting Lake Pewaukee, 19 Miles

West of Milwaukee, on Mil. & St.

Paul Ry., main Line, Waukesha Co.,

Wis. 4 hours from Chicago. Hotel

Bus at all trains free to guests.

This handsome and spacious Hotel,

containing 110 rooms, is so situated that

from its double verandas is presented

an extensive view of Lake Pewaukee,

is now open to summer healthy or

invalid visitors, and at terms which must

be regarded by all as liberal.

The hotel is supplied with a light

and airy Billiard room, containing four

tables of latest improvement; a double

ten-pin Alley, Croquet ground, etc., and

in addition to lovely scenery, and splendid

drives, has the best headquarters

almost directly in front and but a few

yards from the door, and where boats

for rowing and fishing can be obtained

at small charge. Sail boats for excu-

sions, and three Steamers may be found

for trips round the Lake in its whole

extent, or to distances to suit parties.

Bees the pure and bracing atmo-

sphere of the locality. Lake scenery,

Fishing and Shooting, the Hotel affords

the Sanitary importance of the

Oakton Springs, which are of conven-

ient access if it is desired to visit them,

while the waters will be supplied at the

Hotel to such as may not visit the

Spring.

The Oakton are the oldest, most deli-

ciously flavored and valuable, for their

cure properties of any of the

Wisconsin Springs, and have been

known and used by the Indians, Trappers,

and Hunters, as early as 1830, as

remedial waters.

TERMS \$2.50 PER DAY.

Liberal deductions by the week or

month. For full particulars, Address,

Wm. CURRIE, Proprietor,

april 30—3m Lake Pewaukee, Wis.

HEADACHE

and all the various ailments are relieved by taking

DR. DUNCAN'S MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR

Price 50 cents per bottle.

Slaton & McGlathery, Birmingham, Ala.



—DEALERS IN—

Wagons, Buggies, Carriages and Machine

We make specialties of Russell & Co.'s and the Watertown, N. Y., Mael

such as

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS &

Wholesale and retail dealers in leading brands of first-class COMMERCIAL

FERTILIZERS. Correspondence solicited in regard to anything in our

A New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods

JUST RECEIVED

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 9, 1895.

These advertising advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE N. & N. A. RAILROAD. Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:20 a. m.

No. 3 at 6:22 p. m.

No. 7 at 3:47 p. m.

No. 9 at 5:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 9:31 a. m.

No. 12 at 10:31 a. m.

No. 4 at 9:43 p. m.

No. 8 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

LODGING.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 42, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor—Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smith.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lenoir, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Subscribe for THE VIEW.

The photographer has left us.

The broom drill has been postponed indefinitely.

We would like to hear from more of our correspondents.

A dead-beat, in the capacity of a book agent, visited our town Monday.

Miss Teresa Ternan, of this place, is visiting friends in Verbena this week.

Miss Rosa Thornton, of this place, visited Montgomery Monday.

S. G. DuBose, Esq., of this place, visited Cross Plains, Ala., this week on legal business.

Don't forget that we are now prepared to do all kinds of job work. Send us your orders.

Our base ball club has changed its name. It is now the "Eclipse" club. A very appropriate name.

Miss Blanche Hild, visited friends in Deatsville last week. She returned home Monday evening.

A young men's prayer meeting was organized at the Methodist church, in this place, on last Monday night.

We still have a splendid organ for sale, and any one wishing to purchase a good organ cheap, would do well to call on us.

Little David Bell Adams, the youngest son of Mrs. A. M. Adams, of this place, is quite sick. We hope the little fellow may soon be well again.

Mr. Downey, formerly of Alabama, but who has been employed in DeSoto, Mo., for the past year, visited friends in Clanton this week.

Miss Lucy Meredith has gone to her home in Montevallo to spend the vacation. We understand that she will again open her school at this place next fall.

Mr. W. H. Sarter, of this place, left last Monday morning for Birmingham, where he will take charge of the lumber yard recently opened in that city by Mr. R. Ehrman, of this place.

If the water of the hot well continues to work wonders, as it is now doing, in healing the afflicted, it matters not whether it is heated by a steam jet or by natural means; it certainly makes wonderful cures and that is all that is desired of it.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Get up another game of ball boys. Challenge the Talladega club. They beat the "Hitchhiker" last week.

Mrs. L. H. Handley and children of Birmingham, are spending the summer in Clanton. They are the guests of Mrs. W. H. McNeil.

Rev. C. R. Lamar, preached two able and instructive sermons, in the Methodist church, at this place, last Sabbath. We learn that when he comes to fill his regular appointment on the first Sunday in August, he will protract the meeting through the following week.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor of Alabama to pardon Abe Watson, convicted at the Fall Term, 1884, of the circuit court of Chilton county, Alabama, of the offense of Grand Larceny, and sentenced to hard labor for said county. Clanton, Ala. O. A. DUKE, 2d July 6th, 1895.

Notice the new double column advertisement of Mr. H. C. Mayer, proprietor of the City Shoe Store, in Birmingham. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention, and if you are in the city and want a good bargain in a good pair of shoes, go to the City Shoe Store, and you cannot fail to be suited.

On Monday morning last our druggist Mr. W. H. Phillips, while waiting on customers, saw a large black snake crawling from his bedroom, which is in the rear of the drug store, into the store. He seized a walking stick and quickly despatched his snakeship. The snake was about a yard long and we imagine he would have been a very unpleasant room-mate.

Crops from all over the county are reported in fine condition.—Corn is especially fine, and the cotton though small and a little backward is expected to make a good yield. Our farmers are hopeful of abundant crops, and as the success of the country rests largely upon the success of the farmers, we sincerely pray that their most sanguine hopes and expectations may be fully realized.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

Another Hot Well Patient.

Mr. Minor Wooley, of Lilly, P. O., in this county, was stricken down with paralysis, about twelve months ago and from that time until now has had no use of his legs and arms and has been utterly helpless. He was moved into Clanton two weeks ago and occupies a little house near the hot well. He has been bathed in the water every day and is now so much improved that he has very good use of his legs and of one arm. He can now walk about, on good level ground; can sit down with his legs crossed as big as anybody. We had a talk with Mr. Wooley a few days ago. He is very much gratified with the benefit he has already derived from the use of the hot well water, and entertains strong hopes for his entire recovery.

Another Pleasant Affair.

The moonlight picnic and dance given by Mrs. R. Ehrman, on last Thursday night was a very pleasant affair indeed. The evening was cool and pleasant and the dancers felt no uncomfortableness from heat as is usually felt at this season of the year. Those who did not dance were furnished amusements in the way of croquet, stargazing and other games. Ice cream, lemonade and cake was served in genuine picnic style about 10 o'clock; after which dancing and other amusements were kept up until a late hour. The moonlight arrived at a rather unseasonable hour, however, and as the "queen of the night" reared her lovely head above the eastern horizon, and shed her mellow light upon the brave, beautiful and otherwise gathered upon the picnic grounds, ye editor gazed at his chronometer and decided that his presence was needed elsewhere, about that time of night, so he accordingly bled away to his dingy abode, and fell into the arms of old Morphew, "to sleep—perchance to dream," of ice cream, lemonade and cake, pretty girls and other nice things.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

The most important discovery is that which brings the most good to the greatest number. Dr. King's new discovery for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, yield at once to its wonderful curative powers. If you doubt this, get a Trial Bottle Free, at Dr. M. J. Greene's Drug store.

Plantersville News.

As Plantersville has been silent for a long time I will give you a few items.

Mr. E. S. Starr is having a nice dwelling erected in this place.

There was a big barbecue at the head of Messrs. Welch & Bro's railroad, Saturday, the 4th.

I was glad to see in your last issue, that the Chilton View base ball club beat the Columbiana club, as I am an ex-member of the Chilton Views.

Plantersville and Dixie base ball clubs played a match game on the 24th ult. The score stood 17 to 1, in favor of the Plantersville boys. They only played two innings, when the Dixie club quit. They will play another match game the 11th inst. G. W. P.

Jemison Snatches.

One cool morning this week. Fires were very pleasant.

Mr. T. M. Reese, of Birmingham, gave our town a "pop call" last week. Many thanks to you Mr. Reese for remembering us.

Jemison can boast of handsome young men.

Notwithstanding our heads have been towering above the stars of late our feet have been following the plow all the same. Farmers are well up with their crops.

We hear some talk of a wedding soon. We hope it is the truth. We are quite longing for a piece of wedding cake.

Mr. Joe Hill, of Columbiana, visited this noble little city last week.

Rev. Mr. Freeman preached quite an interesting sermon at the Baptist church last Sunday night. Quite a large crowd was out.

If this is deemed worthy to come before the public gaze, you may again hear from yours

Very Truly,

U. GUESS.

AN END TO BONE SCRAPING.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill. says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well." Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Two New Postmasters.

The dispatches this morning announce that Hon. Leslie E. Brooks has been appointed Postmaster at Mobile and Mr. S. S. Thompson to the same office in Birmingham. These are good men both and the people of those cities are to be congratulated on the exchange.

Mr. Brooks represented Mobile county in the Senate during the sessions of 1880-81 and 1882-83, and held a leading position in that able body. He is a man of State reputation and influence. Mr. Thompson is a prominent citizen of the Magic City and identified with the enterprise and push that have made Birmingham the wonder of two continents.—Advertiser 7th inst.

We are glad to see Charles F. Parker at home again. He was graduated from the West Point Military Academy in New York, at its last session, with the high position of ninth, in a class of forty, and military rank of fourth Captain. This is the next highest standing made by an Ala. man at West Point since the war. Tuscaloosa and the University have just cause to feel proud of this one of their most distinguished sons. We wish him a pleasant summer in our city.—Tuscaloosa Times.

Woe Unto Man.

There is but little in life to live for. The world is a hollow mockery, full of troubles, trials and bad piano players.

We go forth in the morning full of hope, and come home at night full of bad whisky.

We dabble in politics and bet all our wealth on the leading man, and the other fellow getteth elected and we are left to mourn.

We run for office and our friends manage for us and spend our money, and behold we come out badly scooped and crushed financially.

We marry for wealth and our girl's old dad assigns.

We deny ourselves many things in order to lay up some cash in the bank and the cashier fleeth unto Canada. And in an evil hour when we dream not of it, the merchant presenteth a bill for our wife's new bonnet, and the farm and the stock goeth under mortgage to pay it.

Woe unto man! Of how little consequence is his joy.

In infancy he is full of colic and can't sleep; in youth he goeth about with a thorn in his heel.

In the evening of life he lieth down full of rheumatism, when anti-billions pills.

The place that once knew him knows him only by the postscript.

paid. And this is the end of man. In youth he dances into the ring eager to knock somebody else out, but the first thing he knoweth he is ornamented with a black eye.

He cometh in raiment and a standing collar, and at nighttime he goeth about with one suspender and with the rest of his pants patched with an old sock.

He carrieth a torch in the procession, and behold the man who staid at home is appointed to office. Such is the career of a man.

Lo! in an hour when he dreameth not of it, a breezy mule kicketh him athwart the centre, and he dieth.—Ex.

STATE NEWS.

The mineral exhibits have been removed from New Orleans to Birmingham.

Dysentery is very prevalent in Greene county, and many deaths have occurred.

The crop prospect, as reported by our exchanges, is very promising throughout the State.

Talladega holds an election for or against prohibition on the 10th of August next.

The Rev. Sam Jones will attend the State Temperance Convention at Athens.

The Montgomery True Blues took first prize in the Greenville prize drill last week.

The Birmingham artillery company has disbanded on account of the city's unwillingness to give them an armory.

A woman in Birmingham who had taken three ounces of laudanum for the purpose of suiciding, after being apparently dead, was restored to life by the use of an electric battery.

Steve Renfro stole a horse in Livingston a few nights ago and was followed to Slidell, La., where he was arrested by Detective Sullivan, of Birmingham. He is now in Livingston jail.

Mr. C. A. Crawford, of Nixburg, has a monstrosity in the shape of a fourlegged chicken. It is supplied with a coat of hair instead of the old style feathers. Our informant says that all who doubt it can come and see for themselves. Their look will not cost a cent.

On Thursday evening last at the Rogers Mills, near Talladega two boys about fourteen years old, one white and one colored, were playing near the saw when the white boy slipped and fell over against the saw, cutting one arm off and cutting his body entirely in two, the saw passing through his heart.

On Sunday the 28th ult., a negro woman was found lying on the track of the A. & A. road, at Talladega, with a fearful gash in her head, which seemed to have been made by a pick, or some similar instrument. She is supposed to have been outraged, then knocked in the head and placed on the railroad in order to cover up the crime. Several arrests have been made of parties charged with having committed the deed.

Miss Hattie Baker, a daughter of Mr. George O. Baker of this city, who is at school at the Hellmuth Ladies' College, London Ontario, Canada, has been awarded two prizes, the one a gold medal, for art, and the other an hundred dollar prize for scholarship. We extend our hearty congratulations to the family, and express the deepest gratitude to the young lady for representing her native city and State so well in a foreign country.—Selma Times.

WASHINGTON July 7.—The president-to-day appointed Willis G. Clark to be Collector of Customs at Mobile.

What is a Dude.

A convention of dudes is the next congress on the tapis. The trouble to be settled is, what is a dude and who is entitled to membership in the great fraternity?

The Macon Telegraph indicates the difficulties in this way:

"In Atlanta the man who blacks his boots and sports a clean collar is addressed as a dude. Sam Jones calls every spider-legged youth in Macon who dances the german a dude. In Savannah the title can only be won by bathing three times a day. In Augusta the gold toothpick is the fraternity's badge. In Chattanooga, to wear boots and socks at the same time, gives membership; and in Florida, to wear any garments on the legs, other than pants, entitles a gentleman to flock with the dudes, or by himself if he happens to be an isolated offshoot."

Gordon DuBose, Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. State of Alabama, Chilton County, Probate Court, June 16th, 1895.

Letters testamentary under the last will and testament of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 8th day of June 1895, by the Hon. H. J. Callen, Judge of the Probate Court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be deemed waived.

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These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organ for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

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25 YEARS IN USE. The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

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Loss of appetite, Drowsiness, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part. Pain under the shoulder-blade. Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind. Irritability of temper. Low spirits, with a feeling of having performed some duty. Weariness, Dizziness, Flattering at the Heart. Bots before the eyes. Headache over the right eye. Restlessness, with neuralgic pains. Highly colored Urine, and Constipation.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, and cause such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Purgative Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are procured. Price 25c. 41 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE. GRAY HAIR. Which is changed to Glossy Black by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

dec13-4y

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These lands lie along the line of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad, in Alabama, and some of them are near the lines of the Georgia Pacific, the Alabama Great Southern, the Louisville & Nashville, the East & West, and the Anniston and Atlantic railroads. For prices and terms of sale, apply to

Alabama Mineral Land Co., JOHN M. MCKLEEROY, General Agent, Montgomery, Alabama.

feb26-6m

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Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

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I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES - FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

HENRY C. MAYER, Proprietor of

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with Red Tin Tag; Rose Leaf Fine Cut Chewing; Navy Clippings, and Black, Brown and Yellow Snuffs are the Best and cheapest, quality considered.

CHILTON VIEW.

J. M. LAWRENCE, Editor.
Published Every Thursday Morning.
CLANTON, ALA., JULY 16, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy three months - .37

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Dixie—J. W. Peoples.
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Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions.

The following is the decision of the United States Supreme Court:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered to have accepted the subscription.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered their discontinuance.

4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncollected, is prima facie evidence of intention to fraud.

Wesley Posey, the notorious criminal, who caused a riot in Birmingham about two years ago, died in the Birmingham jail on the 13th.

The next great Exposition is to be in London. We wonder if our delinquent subscribers won't pay us up and let us go over, and then tell them all about it in the View.

The Birmingham Chronicle reports the killing near its city of a rattlesnake six feet long, with 22 rattles, and with two grown rabbits and three partridges inside its skin.

The Eufaula Times says: "Hon. John M. McLeroy spent part of Sunday and yesterday in the city. He looks more like the coming Governor of Alabama than any man in the State."

Our Washington correspondent again impresses the offensive fact upon our readers that Alabama's share of the officers at the national capital is monopolized by shams from Ohio. Turn the Ohio rascals out.—Age.

The Pall Mall Gazette is still waging war on the vices and wickedness of the world's great metropolis. The queen and Mr. Gladstone have written the editor letters expressing their sympathy with him in the matter.

The editor of the Greenville (Texas) Banner wants the game called. He says: "This world's wilderness of woe. With grasshoppers in Tennessee, drouth in California, a short wheat crop in Kansas, a famine in West Virginia, earthquakes in Asia, cholera in Spain, cotton worms in Texas, and Cleveland so slow in turning the rascals out," it seems that old Gabriel might as well blow his trumpet and be done with it."

The following incident which happened in Eutaw the other day is a practical settlement of the question of financial embarrassment if the example will be followed. For the sake of brevity we drop titles: Morrow owed Woods, Woods owed a farmer, the farmer owed Cochran, and Cochran owed Morrow, each one dollar. The farmer came to town and they all met at Morrow's and Cochran's corner. Morrow paid Woods, Woods paid Cochran, and Cochran handed the dollar back to Morrow. A good deal of financial embarrassment was relieved and the money got back to the first owner's hands in two minutes.—Eutaw Mirror.

FROM THE ORANGE STATE.

Summer in the Land of the Seminole—The Legends of the Lakes—Some Notable Characters.

Tallahassee, Florida, July 13th, 1885.

Preliminary—it is hot. In compliance with requests from several readers of the View, the scribe again "boots up serenely."

It was asked that some information be given as to the summer in Florida. If any one has set up an image which portrays Florida as pleasant in summer as in winter, the writer may be the kindest to chatter such an image, through he is always more optimistic than pessimist. If there is any place in a blinding sun we have it here. A sheet of white paper placed where "Old Sol's" rays could reach all day long of a manilla straw

color at dusk—the burning quality of our sun are not to be surpassed. In some localities, and embracing the greater portion of the State, there has been rain for several hours every day during the past three months. These rains will continue until the latter part of August or September. They help greatly to cool the atmosphere. The breezes are steady and refreshing along the coast. But twenty-five miles inland the heat is very disagreeable. On the first of July the mercury marked 90° in the shade at this point, at Chattahoochee it was 94° and at Savannah 92°. Yet the heat was said to have been more disagreeable here than at either of the other places. It is of a stifling character, and causes a feeling of lassitude.

Over on the coast it is breezy, and a surf bath is the popular and most agreeable way of "cooling off." Nothing can surpass the delight of dipping oneself into the cooling sea waves on a warm July day. The summers are very long; we had July weather during the entire month of May. Sunstrokes and mad dogs are said to be unknown.

AROUND TALLAHASSEE.

Some of the finest tobacco in the world is raised around Tallahassee. It is of the Cuban variety. The Cuban government has interdicted the further exportation of tobacco seed from that island, fearing that Florida might become a formidable rival in the culture of the plant; which is, next to the culture of sugar, Cuba's greatest source of revenue. Some of the finest cotton plantations to be found anywhere are in the neighborhood of Tallahassee. The soil is fertile.

THE LEGENDS OF THE LAKES.

In middle and south Florida the lakes and large springs are innumerable. Some of them cover an extent of from ten and fifteen to thirty miles. Every well known lake seems to have a legend attached. This results from so many poets and writers at times visiting Florida and originating a legend. Over at Lake de Funiak, recently, Joaquin Miller told of a poet who visited this State soon after the close of the Seminole war. The Indians captured him, and were having a war dance around him, occasionally removing handfuls of hair to the tune of low, sad music. A bright thought struck the tortured poet—and praying a stay of the proceedings he unfolded a "legend beautiful" of a neighboring lake. After patiently listening to the romantic imaginings of the captive, the chief was disposed to show a little mercy, but a big warrior who didn't believe in lake legends, with a whoop of "pale face tell big lie," and a flourish of his tomahawk, in a few moments had the poet's scalp dangling from his belt. Mr. Miller added that he never has a desire to visit the South Florida lakes.

While going up the St. John's river, Capt. John Harvey, an elegant old gentleman, came aboard steamer at Palatka. He commanded a company of Florida volunteers during the Seminole war. He related an incident that happened on the beautiful lake Apopka—this is history. Two Indian warriors and a squaw had committed several cold blooded murders on women and children in that locality. Capt. Harvey and a few of his followers discovered their trail and started in pursuit. The red skins reached the lake with the scouts in sight, their last chance of escape was an old canoe without paddles, they immediately embarked in this and sought refuge in the saw grass about fifty yards from the shore. Their pursuers reached the waters edge, and while they knew they were in the saw grass, still the Indians could not be located, and how to capture them was the question. Finally one of the party, a young fellow who knew no such thing as fear, prepared for the terrible undertaking of finding them by swimming, carrying with him only a bowie-knife, his comrades besought him not to attempt it but with a spirit of revenge and with a life that had been surrounded with hardships and danger, he plunged boldly in. Nothing but the rippling of the waters could be heard for some time by his comrades on shore who were waiting and watching with sickening suspense. Suddenly the scene changed; he had found the canoe and swam right up to it without being discovered; with one desperate effort he landed in the midst of his foe. The Indians were startled only for an instant, and then commenced the bloody hand-to-hand fight with bowie-knives, three to one. The shrieks and struggles were terrible which finally resulted in the overpowering of all three of the Seminoles, who were not only stabbed in numerous places, but the throat of each corpse had been cut from ear to ear. The victor was badly wounded but recovered and was credited with being the principal in one of the bravest and most daring deeds of the Seminole war of '36.

There is a legend romantic of a wonderful rescue in Marion county. Five miles from Ocala, in that county, there is perhaps the most wonderfully beautiful spring or series of springs on earth, around which cluster the romantic Indian memories of the fair Wiconia, who sought death in its waters because her lover was killed by the hand of her father. Of such a fate the

faithful Penelope would sing. "Strange is the rugged, winding path that fate has marked for human feet; For some the mournful cypress waves, For others only roses sweet."

The larger spring covers about two acres, and is forty feet deep. The bottom is of a white stone substance, and the water is so clear that a dime can be plainly seen as it lies upon the bottom. Large fish are visible and are numerous. But the greatest wonder is yet to be mentioned. At the depth of thirty feet, a huge current of water (it is called a river) flows from beneath a ledge of rock straight through the spring and disappears beneath another ledge of rock on the opposite side. The flow of this under-current is plainly visible, and yet the placidity of the water is not disturbed at all. It is as clear as the spring and the bottom is seen through it. When one rows out into the spring he can readily imagine himself suspended in mid-air, the clearness of the water making the objects beneath almost as easily discernible as those above. It is the wilderness of wonders which draws such a considerable

SPRINKLING OF LITERATI.

to Florida for a home. Among those residing here now, are Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, "Pansy," Joaquin Miller, "Carl" Webber and Hugh Miller. Mrs. Stowe has written a book since becoming a resident of Florida, and has lately announced that "Uncle Tom's Cabin" is purely a work of fiction, and that not one of its characters was taken from real life. Several darkeys are personating these characters in different parts of the country. When the book was first published its more fanatical readers—and there were thousands of them—considered it almost as truthful and sacred as Holy Writ. Her later work, "Palmetto Leaves," shows that she now knows more of the South and its people than she did when she wrote "Uncle Tom's Cabin" away up in Connecticut. Her announcement as to the latter should have been made some thirty-five years ago. Every one knows Joaquin Miller, "Carl" Webber is a Massachusetts Yankee, and a staunch Democrat. He has written a number of popular plays, and is an ex-editor. Hugh Miller is a Republican. He is more witty and eccentric than sound and practical. He now has the "Hon." attached to his name, being a member of the Florida legislature by virtue of Republican votes. A number of counties in this state are still Republican, and the legislature has several negro members in both the House and Senate. "Pansy" is the nom de plume over which writes Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, who was the manager of the Woman's Department at the New Orleans Exposition. She attended the Chautauqua Assembly last Spring, and struck with the beauty of Florida and its genial climate, she decided to have a winter home at Lake de Funiak. Will Carlton, the author of "Farm Ballads," is the next probable addition to the "poet's corner" at De Funiak.

Richard Henry Wilde spent much of his time in Florida when it was a territory with Mr. White, its first delegate in Congress. Mr. Wilde was a member of Congress from Georgia. Mrs. White, only lately deceased, was a most beautiful and charming woman, and Mr. Wilde's famous poem, "My Life is Like a Summer Rose," is supposed to have been written under this inspiration. It was pronounced by Lord Byron a lyric of uncommon excellence. Tampa, the scene of the poem, was then a very desert strand. This subject is a reminder of the fact that Tampa Bay is said to present the most beautiful water views in the world; being equalled, if at all, only by the far-famed Bay of Naples. But space is too limited to admit of any ornate sketches in this connection, so I must come to an abrupt close. W. H. L.

Sunday School Convention.

There will be a Sunday school convention of the Unity Baptist Association held with Ebenezer church, near Dixie, Ala., beginning on Friday before the 1st Sunday in August 1885. The following is the programme suggested by the committee.

FRIDAY.
11 o'clock A. M. Introductory sermon by Rev. J. L. Thompson.
2 o'clock P. M. Organization, and enrollment of delegates. Reports from schools.
7:30 P. M. Preaching by J. M. Kiffin.
SATURDAY.
9:30 A. M. Devotional exercises, conducted by O. W. Shearer.
Discussions: 10-11 A. M. Are our Sunday schools using the proper diligence to reach the masses, and bring them into the Sunday school? Opened by J. L. Sampey, Sr. 11-12 A. M. Is the Sunday School case increasing? Opened by A. J. Brooks. 2-3 P. M. The best method of conducting a S. S. Opened by W. W. Lawrence.
3-4 P. M. The responsibility of officers and teachers of a Sunday school? Opened by T. M. Henley.
7:30 P. M. Preaching by A. J. Mullen.
SUNDAY.
9:30 A. M. Sunday school address by W. J. Zimmerman.
11 A. M. Preaching by W. E. Crumpton.
2 P. M. Preaching by J. Falkner.
Other brethren are earnestly requested to take part in the discussion. Come brethren, come up and let us profit ourselves by attending the convention.
W. N. HUCKABEE,
In behalf of Com.

Subscribe for THE VIEW.

A Lady's Opinion.
Mrs. Geo. Gilbert, Bryan, Ohio, writes: "Dr. S. B. MARRAS & Co., Columbus, Ohio: I commenced on the fifth bottle of your PERUNA this morning, and should just as soon think of doing without my meals as without my medicine. I have been doctoring for about four years, and kept getting worse all the time and was just giving up in despair when I got one of your books, 'The Life of Life.' I was in bed at the time. I read and re-read your book and felt like trying your medicine. My folks thought there was no use in trying anything more, I was too far gone, and might as well make up my mind to die. I told them PERUNA was the medicine I needed, and I intended to try a bottle. It proved a success in breaking the chills, and if it had not done one thing more, I would have been satisfied. But it has done more, and I feel like another person. Everybody that sees me is surprised to see me looking so well, as they all thought I was dying with consumption, and now my own folks have as much to say for the PERUNA as I. I recommend it to everybody I see. There were two of our neighbors in yesterday inquiring about the PERUNA. I gave the one my book to read; told her to bring it back, as I wished it very high. The other got the name of the PERUNA to send to his son in Chicago. He is a telegraph operator. My disease is something similar to Mrs. Milo Ingram's, though nothing compared to being so bad. There was a lump raised on my collar bone, and it was a long time before it looked like opening. The doctor said he would have to lance it in a few days, but I thought I would attend to that myself, so I put a little sty blister on it and opened; then I put a poultice on and then salve, and kept the salve on all the time. It got so hot and spread upon my left shoulder, and one place under my left breast. Then there were two places on my head, one near the temple and one back of my ear that was just dreadful. No tongue can tell what I suffered. My safety to go strange sometimes. I thought I was going crazy. Since I have used the PERUNA (I don't use the salve any more) my sores healed up right away. And oh, what a relief it is to get around without chilling and having to suffer with my sores. I feel like letting everybody know all about it."

John Ferguson, Gallitzin, Pa., writes: "Your PERUNA is a good medicine, and we sell lots of it. Will you please send us some more? I'll send a few to a German."

COLLINS' AGUE CURE

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR AGUE, CHILLS, FEVER, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA OF FLOX.

It is a Perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has no equal as a prompt and permanent Cure for CHILLS. One Bottle at 50 cents, will cure as many cases as five dollars worth of Quinine. Just One Clear the System, Quinine Poison-It.

A few Alabama Testimonial Letters:
Pickens Landing, Ala., Dec. 10, 1884—Collins' Ague Cure has cured me of ague, chills, fever, biliousness, costiveness, headache, diarrhoea of flox, and all the troubles that attend it. I feel like a new man. J. M. COLLINS.
Decatur, Ala., Dec. 12, 1884—Collins' Ague Cure has cured me of ague, chills, fever, biliousness, costiveness, headache, diarrhoea of flox, and all the troubles that attend it. I feel like a new man. J. M. COLLINS.
Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 12, 1884—Collins' Ague Cure has cured me of ague, chills, fever, biliousness, costiveness, headache, diarrhoea of flox, and all the troubles that attend it. I feel like a new man. J. M. COLLINS.
Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 12, 1884—Collins' Ague Cure has cured me of ague, chills, fever, biliousness, costiveness, headache, diarrhoea of flox, and all the troubles that attend it. I feel like a new man. J. M. COLLINS.

THE BIRMINGHAM STEAM LAUNDRY,
1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets
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makes a specialty of laundering collars and cuffs sent them by mail.
Specimens of their work can be seen at this office. Information also given by us in regard to prices, etc. feb12f

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SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE From New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery, to NORTH, EAST & WEST

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THROUGH COACHES From Chattanooga and Nashville to St. Louis, connecting direct for cities in the Northwest.

EMIGRANTS Seeking homes on the line of this road will receive special low rates.

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VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY, MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR.

For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These afflictions are sometimes sudden and always painful. A speedy and efficient cure depends mainly upon a quick application and efficient remedy, and just here, we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Flux, Pains in the bowels, etc. The elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, in doses as directed, as it contains no hurtful ingredient. It is palatable and does not produce Nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of those glands situated in the stomach and bowels. It is a locking up of the secretions of these glands that brings on dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heart-burn, palpitation of the heart, vertigo or swimming of the head, sick or nervous headache, constipation of the bowels accompanied at the same time with pains in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine, that strikes at and removes the cause from the system that produce and bring on the disease. This is effectually done with Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

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(Open from May to November, yearly.)
Fronting Lake Pewaukee, 19 Miles West of Milwaukee, on Mil. & St. Paul Ry., main line, Waukesha Co., Wis. 4 hours from Chicago. Hotel "Bas at all trains free to guests.

This handsome and spacious Hotel, containing 110 rooms, is so situated that from its double veranda is presented an extensive view of Lake Pewaukee, is now open to summer healthy or invalid visitors, and at terms which must be regarded by all as liberal.

The hotel is supplied with a light and airy Billiard room, containing four tables of latest improvement; a double ten-pin Alley, Croquet ground, etc., and in addition to lovely scenery, and splendid drives, has the boat headquarters almost directly in front and but a few yards from the door, and where boats for rowing and fishing can be obtained at small charge. Sail boats for excursion, and three Steamers may be found for trips round the Lake in its whole extent, or to distances to suit parties.

Besides the pure and bracing atmosphere of the locality, Lake scenery, Fishing and Shooting, the Hotel affords the Sanitary importance of the Oakton Springs, which are of convenient access if it is desired to visit them, while the waters will be supplied at the Hotel to such as may not visit the Springs.

The Oakton are the oldest, most delightfully flavored and valuable, for their curative properties of any of the Wisconsin Springs, and have been known and used by the Indians, Trappers, and Hunters, as early as 1836, as remedial waters.

TERMS \$2.50 PER DAY.
Liberal deductions by the week or month. For full particulars, Address, WM. CURRIE, Proprietor, April-3m Lake Pewaukee, Wis.

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Wholesale and retail dealers in leading brands of first-class COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS. Correspondence solicited in regard to anything in our line.

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119 Commerce St., in Wholesale Block, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
may7-ly

New Goods! New Goods! B. WELLMAN'S "Louisville Clothing House," BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods. Bottom Prices at Last!

"The Best Goods for the Least Money," is the motto of this House, and I am now selling an immense stock of Spring and Summer Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices.
Feb 15-1f

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS, W. A. COOK & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY.

1926 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS, Birmingham, Ala.
P. O. BOX 570. June 19 y

T. C. THOMPSON & Co. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALERS IN—
HARDWARE
Sash, Doors and Blinds. Paints, Oils and Glass. Cement and Plaster. MANTELS, GRATES, —AND A COMPLETE LINE OF—
Cooking and Heating Stoves.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 16, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULES & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 2 at 8:31 p. m.
No. 3 at 8:45 p. m.
No. 4 at 5:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 8:54 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:29 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:43 p. m.
No. 8 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

Longers.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancery—Eastern Chancery Division—Daniel K. McPhaden.

Justice Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Gable.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. H. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.

Tax Assessor—James M. Parish.

Tax Collector—Hiley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr.

Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Hot well—still hot.

Base ball fever has somewhat subsided.

We are glad to see Mrs. W. H. Foshee, able to be up again.

Miss Augusta Evans is visiting friends in Birmingham this week.

Col. W. S. Thorington, of Montgomery, was in to see us one day last week.

The little infant of Mr. Hayes Hunt, died at its home near this place on last Thursday.

Mr. A. J. Brooks, new dwelling at Verbena, is a thing of beauty and a joy to all beholders.

Miss Lucy Meredith, of Montevallo, spent several days with friends in Clanton this week.

While in Verbena last Thursday afternoon we were pained to learn that Mrs. Floyd Brooks, was very ill.

Mr. Sharp, of Montgomery, is stopping at the Thornton house in this place, for a few days, to try our hot well.

Mr. Dan McCall, was in Clanton Saturday. He has gone out to his brother's mica mines, about twelve miles from this place.

Notice change in schedule of trains on the S. & N., Division of the L. & N., railroad, published elsewhere in these columns.

Tom Baine, Esq., editor of the Hayneville Examiner, passed through our town Saturday morning en route to Shelby Springs.

We are glad to know that Mr. W. J. Simpson's health is so much improved that he is now able to again be at his post, at the depot.

Mr. Chas. E. Nash, the handsome and energetic agent for the Birmingham Age, was in Clanton one day last week, and called to see us while here.

We publish, this week, a long and interesting letter from W. H. L. It will probably be the last one he will write for the View, from the alligator regions.

We have sent out a number of circular letters this week, to our numerous delinquent subscribers, and hope they may have none other than the desired effect.

We regret to learn that Mr. Glaucus Moore, who was so seriously ill, during the early part of spring, and who was gradually regaining his health and strength, is again ill and confined to his bed.

There will be a meeting of the citizens, at the court house on next Tuesday night. Important school business to be transacted, a full attendance is desired. Every citizen should feel an interest in our schools and it is to be hoped they will turn out in full force.

On last Saturday the 11th inst., Mr. Albert Barnes, brought to our office a full grown cotton boid, the first we have seen or heard of this year. He says his crop is fine and in excellent condition, but complains of too much rain.

Mr. Wheelock, an architect, from Birmingham, was in Clanton Monday and drew a plan for our new jail. We learn it is to cost \$7,000.00, and the work is to commence on it just after the fall term of our circuit court. The plan is an excellent one.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Messrs. Bains & Herring, wholesale druggists, of Birmingham, continue to keep their card before the people of this section, and we bespeak for them a liberal share of patronage from our people. They are both live energetic business men and will make it to your interest to patronize them. Read their advertisement in another column.

Mr. Ponder, who moved to this place from Georgia about eight months ago, and purchased the Sharp place over in West Clanton, has cordially invited us to come over and go through his extensive orchards, and sample his fruit. We were over to see him a few evenings ago, but had no idea of the extensiveness of the place, and had not allowed ourselves time to get a good start in going around. We will try to make the trip again soon.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor of Alabama to pardon Abe Watson, convicted at the Fall Term, 1884, of the circuit court of Chilton County, Alabama, of the offense of Grand Larceny, and sentenced to hard labor for said county, Clanton, Ala. O. A. DUKE, July 6th, 1885.

Mr. C. M. Williamson, who has been in the telegraph office, at this place, for the past six months, first as night operator, but who has, since Mr. W. J. Simpson's illness, been serving the company in the capacity of agent, at this place, left us on Tuesday morning. He will take about a week's rest and then take charge of the office at Verbena. We regret very much to lose "Mitch." He made some very warm friends during his sojourn in our little city, who will always be glad to see him, or hear of his success. We expect visits from him "semi-occasionally."

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

The Camp.

Mr. Fred Nuu, of Autauga county, has come over to Clanton to spend the summer. He has his family with him and all necessary household goods and is camping in front of Mr. Wm. Candler's, about one mile from Clanton. He has even brought his poultry along, and everything else, necessary to make his summer encampment a cheap and pleasant one. He is a brother-in-law of Mrs. W. H. McNeil, of this place.

Lightning's Freaks.

On last Thursday morning, during a thunder storm, lightning struck the telegraph wire near this place and ran into the office at the depot, making a tremendous report, louder than the discharge of a heavily loaded shot gun. Williamson, the operator, who had his hand on the key at the time, was knocked back several feet, and he did not know which one of the boys he was for some little time. The report was heard by nearly every one in that part of town. The telegraphic instruments were considerably burned and blackened by the lightning.

RUBBER STAMPS.

Your name in beautiful type on rubber stamp, with ink and pad 50 cts. Pearl Stamp 75 cts., 3 line business stamp with ink and pad 75 cts. All goods sent post-paid. Agents wanted, and 75 cts. for agents outfit and return to agents. H. N. MAYNARD, Birmingham, Tenn. Mention this paper.

At Verbena, Chilton Co., Ala., June 6th, 1885, James L. Thompson, Jr., infant son of Rev. Jas. L. and Fannie Thompson, aged two months and six days.

Thus the Heavenly host is increased, one more translated to Heaven, one less on earth, one more in the Heavenly choir.—Then it is, alone, that mortals can enter into the true life, and of such is the kingdom of glory.

Weep not fond parents, for though your babe has been taken so soon, it was your heavenly father's will and is one of those inscrutable providences we cannot understand; but we know that "all things work together for good to those who love God." "He cannot come back to you but you can go to him." J. F.

NEVER GIVE UP.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Burglars.

On last Tuesday night as two of our young men were returning home from choir meeting they discovered the front window of the store house occupied by Mr. Jno. Callen to be open. One of them stationed himself at the open window while the other went to inform Mr. Will Callen, who now has charge of his brother's store. There was no one in the store, however, but some one had been there just before they discovered the window open, and probably heard them coming and got out. When Mr. Callen reached the store the young man in charge of the window had aroused several young men who sleep in stores near by, and quite a crowd gathered, and commenced a search for the burglar. Several negroes were caught and questioned closely but were turned loose again for want of evidence against them. One negro whom nearly every one suspected at the time, was advised to leave the county immediately and he accordingly did so. It is now believed, by nearly all, that he was not the guilty party, but he is none too good to steal and its a good riddance, to say the least. One dollar in cash was all that was missing from the store, through there would probably have been a great deal more missing if the rogue had not been interrupted in his little game, as a large bran sack was found, which he expected to fill up and walk off with.

Jemison Snatches.

Rain, more rain. Vegetation is flourishing.

We had quite a hard rain here Tuesday night; almost a storm. It caused some to stick their heads under their pillows.

Mr. Parker, of Brierfield, visited our town last Sunday. He fell greatly in love with the town or the people, we are not able to find out which.

We have a daisy little operator here, "you bet."

The View is a daisy little sheet. "Long may she wave."

Knowing the advantage of a bald headed editor, to keep every thing straight and moving, and not being such here, it falls my lot to give everything a "send off."

Mrs. Bookholt, of Verbena, is visiting her sister Mrs. Haviland.

Mr. Burns, his wife and Mrs. Derasus, returned home last Sunday from Autauga Co., where they were visiting relatives.

We heard a young man remark, a few days ago, that he had visited many little towns but in all of his travels he had never seen as many pretty girls as there are at Jemison.

Mr. Jeffries is building a large hotel just below the depot. It will be very convenient when it is completed.

Many other items present themselves to your correspondent but for fear of being lynched I will close for this week.

Yours very truly,
U. GUESS.

Callville Data.

We are having a surplus of rain; fear cotton may be injured, but our corn potatoes &c., are excellent where they have been well cultivated.

The 4th passed off quietly here. Many went on excursion to various picnics.

Rev. Mr. Rudbeck baptized four ladies in Hoger creek last Sabbath, after having preached an excellent sermon.

On the 1st Sabbath in August the annual protracted meeting will begin in the town church, when

Rev. W. B. Crumpton expects to be with us.

Rev. Mr. Green preaches regularly at Howison's mill. By-the-way he and his lovely bride have honored our village with their presence. Guests of Mrs. Callier.

Prof. Kilpatrick, and family, of Durant, Miss., is spending the vacation in Ala. They were here three weeks with relatives. They are so much pleased with this part of our state as to wish to purchase a home, provided they can secure a permanent school.

Our J. P., E. M. King, says he will not try any more cases at Dixie, as he has moved from Mr. Welch's mill up to his plantation on the E. T. V. & G. railroad near Stanton.

We learn that a negro attempted to outrage a white lady (Mrs. Bell) near Mr. Welch's mill, but made good his escape, and worst of all, he was not pursued, but just let alone. H. J. H.

NOTED REVIVAL.

Scenes at a Great Camp-Meeting in Kentucky in 1799. [Jno. B. McMaster's History.]

Two young men began the work in the summer of 1799. They were brothers, preachers, and on their way across the pine barrens to Ohio, but turned aside to be present at a sacramental solemnity on Red River. The people were accustomed to gather at such times on Friday, and by praying and singing and hearing sermons prepared themselves for the reception of the sacrament on Sunday. At the Red River meeting the brothers were asked to preach, and one did so with astonishing fervor. As he spoke the people were deeply moved, tears ran streaming down their faces, and one, a woman far in the rear of the house, broke through order and began to shout. For three hours after the "regular" preachers had gone the crowd lingered and were loath to depart. While they tarried one of the brothers was irresistibly impelled to speak. He rose and told them that he felt called to preach; that he could not be silent. The words that then fell from his lips roused the people before him to a "pungent sense of sin." Again and again the woman shouted, and would not be silent. He started to her. The crowd begged him to turn back. Something within him urged him on, and he went through the house shouting and exhorting and praising God. In a moment the floor, to use his own words, "was covered with the slain." Their cries for mercy were terrible to hear. Some found forgiveness, but many went away "spiritually wounded," and suffered unutterable agony of soul. Nothing could allay the excitement. Every settlement along the Red River and the Cumberland was full of religious fervor. Men fitted their wagons with beds and provisions, and traveled fifty miles to camp upon the grounds and hear him preach. The idea was new, hundreds adopted it, and camp-meetings began. At the Camp Ridge meeting twenty thousand were encamped.

The excitement surpassed anything that had ever been known. Men who came to scoff remained to preach. All day and all night the crowd swarmed to and fro from preacher to preacher, singing, shouting, laughing, now rushing off to listen to some new exhorter who had climbed upon a stump, now gathering around some unfortunate who, in their peculiar language, was "spiritually slain." Soon men and women fell in such numbers that it became impossible for the multitude to move about without trampling them, and they were hurried to the meeting-house. At no time was the floor less than half covered. Some lay quiet, unable to move or speak. Some talked, but could not move. Some beat the floor with their heels. Some, shrieking with agony, bounded about, it is said, like a live fish out of water. Many lay down and rolled over and over for hours at a time. Others rushed wildly over the stumps and benches, and then plunged, shouting, "Lost! lost!" into the forest.

Gordon DuBose,

Attorney at Law and Solicitor

in Chancery,

Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

State of Alabama, Chilton County, Probate Court, June 18th, 1885.

Estate of Patsy Campbell deceased.

Letters testamentary under the last will and testament of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 8th day of June 1885, by the Hon. H. J. Callen, Judge of the Probate Court of said county, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. ALVA CAMPBELL, July 10th, Executor.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

State of Alabama, Chilton County, Tax-Collector.

Take notice that the books of assessment of Taxes for the year 1885 is prepared and ready for inspection by the tax-payers. And that they can call at the second Monday of August next, to examine the same, and if any error be found to correct the same. Done by order of the court of county commissioners.

Chilton, Ala. H. J. CALLEN, July 10th, Judge of Probate.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 35 years experience. I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various places for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-1f Rev. J. G. HURLEY.

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Brown's Iron Bitters
ANSWERED.

The question has probably been asked thousands of times: "How can I cure my blood?" The answer is "BROWN'S IRON BITTERS." It will, doesn't it? But to cure such a dangerous ailment, you must know the cause of it. Physicians recognize iron as the best restorative agent for the blood. The scientific study of its healing character firm will substantiate the assertion that iron is the best remedy for blood diseases. It may be substantially used in medicine. This shows conclusively that iron is actually a medicine. It is, therefore, a fact in the scientific medical profession. It is, however, a remarkable fact, that prior to the discovery of iron as a blood restorative, the cause of blood disease was not known. The cause of blood disease is satisfactory iron combination has ever been found.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS—the best, purest, healthful, or potent constipation—all where iron medicinal use of **BROWN'S IRON BITTERS**—cure indigestion, Biliousness, Weakness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, Rheumatism, Headache, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Headache and Nerve-
gins—for all these ailments iron is prescribed daily.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS—not pure in a sense of all other—through medicines acts slowly. When taken to use the first symptom of

Brain, the target organ involved, the doctor is active in the treatment. The child is usually restless and startled. The eyes begin to close or to brighten. The skin changes up, usually color comes to the cheeks. Nervousness disappears; functional derangements become regular. In the case of the child, the mother's attention is supplied for the child. Run-away Brown's is used for the child. *Run-away Brown's* is a safe, effective, pleasant, and reliable remedy for all nervous, hysterical, and deranged conditions of the child. The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. **TAKE NO OTHER.**

DR. H. H. GREEN,
A Specialist for Eleven Years Past.

Has treated Dropsy and its complications with the most wonderful success; uses vegetable remedies strictly harmless; and removes all symptoms of dropsy in less than two or three days.

Cure patients pronounced hopeless by the best physicians.

From the first does the symptoms rapidly disappear and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed.

Solve mark by tripping without knowing anything about it. Remember, it does not cost you anything to relieve the merits of my treatment for swelling. In ten days a cure of breathing is achieved. The little regular, the urinary organs increased, and disease of their function is removed. The swelling of the nearly cure, the strength improved, and disease of the heart is removed.

back speaking. The patient declared unable to live a moment. Send for 4 days treatment; directions and terms free. Give full history of case. Stomach, bowels afflicted, bow badly swollen and there is lower vertigo. Has been treated and drunk water. Send for free pamphlet, containing testimonials.

Ten day treatment furnished free by mail. Send receipts in stamps for postage on medicines.

H. L. BERN, M. D.,
Edgington House, 1000 Broadway, New York.

Mention this paper.

Payson's Automatic Engines and Saw-Mills



OUR LEADER.
We offer an \$8 to \$10. mounted Engines with Mfr. and send New, left, right, and back, rig, complete for operation, on term. \$10. Engine on daily life. See. Send for free literature. **R. W. FINE & SONS,** Manufacturers of all styles Automatic Engines. 1000 Broadway, New York. **Payson's Automatic Engines and Saw-Mills**

IMMEDIATE RELIEF!

Goethe's King of Pain-killers! Man of whatever nation, the moment it is applied, acts in a wonderful manner, being known for their Rheumatic Neuralgia, Sciatica, Headache, Toothache, Stomach, Heart, and Liver Pains, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all other pains.

[illegible]

The Original and Only Genuine.
Get what was written by Wm. L. Chittenden,
in "Children's English" are the best made, infallible means
TO LADIES—To inform you, as we have
written in our book, that we have been
to the American School (Chittenden Co.)
687 Madison St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PILLS!

BEST TRUSS EVER USED.

Improved Elastic Truss.
Worn night and day. Effec-
tively cures Rupture.
Relieves all external swellings.
Write for full descriptive
circulars to—

**New York Elastic
Truss Company,**
744 Broadway, New York.

**SIX ON
WAGON SCALES,**
I on Lovers, Steel Beam,
Has a Tare Beam and
weighs from 100 lbs.
\$80 AND JONES
has the largest stock
for free prices! mention this
ad. in your order!
JONES & BINGHAMTON,
Binghamton, N.Y.

We have just issued a most wonderful and
valuable new book, "How to Attract Men,"
specifying to the female sex, and have spared
nothing either money or time to make it worthy
the highest and confidence of a woman.

WITHOUT PRICE!



Kennedy Cabinet Frames
 The Best and Cheapest Frames made. Gets here that absolutely over other prices. Hundreds in actual use at both schools and home power. Rated faster than any girl can make. The new improvements in girls have demonstrated in schools of their inviolable true to all. Address: ROBERTS, 1234 N. 10th Street, WOODBURN, CALIF. 94568. Tel. 444-1234. Telex, or, E-1400000. COTTON, 1234 N. 10th Street, WOODBURN, CALIF. 94568. Tel. 444-1234. Telex, or, E-1400000.

CHIMAX
TRADE MARK
CLIMAX

R. U. AWARE
Lorillard's Climax Cigarettes
bearing a red ink ring that Lorillard's
Keen Leaf Filter cut, that Lorillard's
Tasty Cigarettes, and that Lorillard's Smoother
the best and cheapest quality cigarette?

MORPHINE Chloral and
Opium Habits
EASILY CURED.
DR. J. C. HOFFMAN, Indianapolis
Sole Agent

MONEY \$50 A DAY made
with no capital for manufacturers, business
men, clerks and students.
Call on **W. H. HOFFMAN**,
112 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Blair's Great English Cat
and Dog Food
Otr. Lic. 21,000. No. 50 cts.

THURSTON'S IVORY
TOOTH POWDER
Keeping Teeth Perfect and Gums Healthy
SURE CURE for **DRY** Mouth
OPIMUM for **DRY** Throat
For Sale by **W. H. HOFFMAN**,
112 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

NO. 38.

What Recompense?

He might have sung a song the world should
hear,
Those clarion notes had rung so loud and
clear
That men had listened and been made
the better for the fray,
The mail and cars of every day;
Stronger to bear the heavy burdens!
To lie on toilers in the onward way;
But fate said nay!

He might have had the right to say "My own,
The joy of being loved she might have known,
Had wrapped around her as a shield
From every stinging, poisoned dart
Of envy, hatred, or malicious art,
The mantle of a love that would not yield
To any foe, but fate to save her heart!
But fate said nay!

He wept her vanished hopes, yet sweeter trod
The path of self-denial that leads up to God.
He did his work in the small sphere
That God had given him, and labored well;
The future world alone can tell
What recompense should come to those who
here

A round dozen—A dozen of oranges.
The place to live in when the next
ood comes—New-ark.
A roller skate may gather no moss,
ut it barks a good many shins.
"We meet to part no more," said the
aid-headed man to his hair brush.
Men's heads are something like
mnibuses—the empty ones make the
most noise.
"What is a lake?" asked the teach-
r. A bright little Irish boy raised
is hand. "Well, Mickey, what is it?"
Sure, it's a hole in the kittle, mum."
An exchange asks: "How shall we
revent mice from gnawing the bark
f fruit trees?" Kill the m's of
ourse. A dead mouse never gnaws
ark.
A Philadelphia woman says she was
sed by a spirit at a seance. That
ensation must be almost as gratifying
s being hugged by the ghost of a
hance.
An exchange notes that the Horse-
oe Fall at Niagara has receded some
00 feet from its original position.
Probably an attempt to get away from

First Boston Girl—"Going to vocal practice this morning. Minerva!"

Second Boston Girl—"No, my dear allolope, I have a bad cold and am quite hoarse." "Ah, been exposing yourself to the weather?" "Yes, I went out yesterday and forgot to put on my spectacles."

Grant and the Kentucky Ladies.

The Kentucky women are as enthusiastic about horses as the men. They unhesitatingly place the horses before themselves as the great attractions of the state. I remember hearing a conversation between General Grant and a Kentucky girl at the St. Louis Merchants' Exchange in 1875, when President Grant was visiting the St. Louis fair. A number of ladies were introduced to the President, whereupon he spoke in very high terms of St. Louis, the fair, &c. "You are mistaken, Mr. President—we are not from St. Louis," laughing, said one of the girls, "we are from Kentucky, a very fine state, you know, which possesses three things all men of taste must appreciate." Smilingly, the President asked her what they were. She answered: "We have the fastest horses, the prettiest women

The President replied: "Your horses are certainly justly renowned; I have some on my farm near here; yourself and party prove the correctness of your second observation, but whiskey is one of the things that require age, and your men consume it so fast that it rarely has a fair chance to become good." The girls thought that if General Grant could not make a long speech he was apt at repartee.

Changing the Subject.

"Alway," said papa, as he drank his coffee and enjoyed his morning breakfast, "alway, children, change the subject when anything unpleasant has been said. It is both wise and polite."

That evening on his return from business he found his carnation bed despoiled, and the tiny imprint of slippered feet silently bearing witness to the small thief.

"Mabel," he said to her, "did you pick my flowers?"

"Papa," said Mabel, "did you see a monkey in town?"

"Never mind that. Did you pick my flowers?"

"Papa, what did grandma say?"

"Mabel, what do you mean? Did you pick my flowers? Answer me."

"You, papa, I did; but I thought I'd change the subject."

CHILTON VIEW.

JNO. C. LAWRENCE - Editor.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 31, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions.

The following is the decision of the United States Supreme Court:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered to have accepted the terms of the contract.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without notifying the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncollected, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

Woodlawn, a suburb of Birmingham, is to have a stove factory.

A marriage license was issued in Birmingham for two negroes, Wm. Billingsly and Annie Keith, both gray haired. One is sixty years old and the other forty.

The district conference of the Greensboro district M. E. Church South, convened at Eutaw Thursday last. The opening sermon was delivered by Rev. J. W. Shores, of Forkland.

W. G. Sears, who is building a cotton picker at Chattanooga, which he guarantees to pick 90 per cent of the cotton of ten acres per day, with one man and twelve mules, at a cost not exceeding seven cents per hundred pounds, will make a test of his machine as soon as cotton opens in Perry, Hale and Dallas counties.

The Mobile Register says: "A party of boys captured at the corner of St. Louis and Water streets, last night, an alligator, which was found quietly wending its way up to the city in the direction of the custom house. He found nothing; there is no pound-keeper, no ordinance, the streets are free to surim as well as boyne, and no doubt he had an office in view."

The Tuscaloosa Times says: "The investigation of Maj. Kelley, with his diamond drill, north of Tuscaloosa, is said to have exposed a seam of very fine coal, within from twelve to sixteen miles of Tuscaloosa. This is said to be a most excellent quality of coal, superior to the Pratt and Blocton seams. The seam is nine feet thick, and six feet of it is solid coal."

The new postal law makes the taking of a newspaper and the refusal to pay for the same, theft, and any person guilty of such action is liable to criminal proceedings, the same as if guilty of stealing goods to the amount of his subscription. The postmaster or mail carrier can testify in all such cases. Let newspaper sharks beware.—Savannah [Fla.] Times.

Several of our exchanges give circulation to the rumor that President Cleveland, Secretary Whitney and one or two members of the Cabinet went fishing on Sunday last. It is just as wicked a charge as a fishing editor in Alabama has had to fight for the last year or more. The fact is tantus. Democratic Presidents and editors don't fish on Sunday.—Ez.

PURE AIR A NECESSITY.

It is truly painful to see the ignorance that prevails in reference to the necessity of pure air to breathe, and the suffering that is the inevitable wages of this ignorance. Even men of boasted education have not learned these simple but imperative laws of life, in this and many other things. The masses of humanity are committing gradual suicide by closing all pure air out of their dwellings. Poor souls! how we pity them. Thousands awake in the morning, feeling low languid and weak to arise, hence they lay and nap and swoon awhile longer in the vitiating poison that fills their small tight rooms; till at length, through shame, they arise, and then escape once more from their living graves, to resuscitate during the labor of the day the energies they have destroyed by inhaling over and over again the poison they have exhaled during the night season. The repose of the night should be the means of re-

energizing the mental and physical energies that were exhausted in the day's labor. Is it any wonder that people are weak, sickly, and that they are nervous, impatient, irritable and disagreeable? These extremely unfavorable conditions, to a great extent, even counteract the grace of God, which tends to fill the heart and life with gentleness, kindness and tranquility. It is a sad fact that a large portion of the human family live in too flagrant violation of the laws of mental life, to apprehend and enjoy the laws of spiritual life.

Death of General Grant.

"Man proposes and God disposes." Grant is dead and the nation mourns. One by one the great men of the war on either side, in both civil and military life, are passing away. Lee, the greatest of all, survived but a few short years the loss of the cause for which he battled, and died quietly surrounded in his Virginia home by a few loving friends and apparently forgotten by the world outside of the beautiful Southland for which he fought. Grant, whose chief claim to fame is that he compelled the army of Lee to surrender, has just died in the fullness of years and of honors, his last days brightened by such manifestations of public sorrow and sympathy as no King or Emperor, born in purple, has ever received.

Grant was a sincere man, and though credulous was tenacious of purpose and honest at heart. He took hold upon the realities of things and attached no importance to the tinsel and frippery of life. He won his towering position as General-in-Chief of the armies of the United States, not by accident, or favoritism, or luck, but by genuine achievements begun early in the war, and steadily continued until the march of events placed him at the front—"the foremost captain of his time." And though the deeds upon which he built his fame made the hearts of Southerners to bleed, yet his death will cause the men whom he fought to mourn.

A reunited country mourning at the grave of Grant is a spectacle that the history of the day unfolds. "So passeth the glory of the world."

The South Side of the Union.

It is a mortifying and provoking fact that, not only in the estimate of foreign countries but even among tens of thousands of our own American citizens too, the southern states of this Union are but lightly regarded in any contemplation of the resources, capacities and destinies of this people, this government, this country. We say it is mortifying and provoking, because it places the South at a disadvantage which cruelly holds her back in her heroic efforts for the restoration of her fortunes; because it presents the South in a false condition of inferiority to the other sections of the Union; because it lays before the minds of men everywhere a map of this great country of ours with the South side of it pictured in pale tints sadyly contrasting with the rich colorings of the northern and western States.

Whatever misinformed or prejudiced men of the North may say, whatever citizens of foreign lands deriving their information from false sources may say; whatever the fair-minded but half-hearted surface observer may say as to the respective advantages and capacities of the different sections of this country,—it is with pride as well as pleasure, with confidence as well as gratification, that the Industrial South maintains to-day as it has done from the first day of its existence, four years ago, that the southern States of the Union constitute the section richest in resources, most blessed in attractions, and fullest in promise of wealth, strength, prosperity and power. We will not say simply that we believe this; for in all sincerity we can and do say that we know it. The vast and varied resources of the South cannot be honestly denied by any man who knows anything of this southern country. But the trouble is that outside of the southern people, themselves; there are tens of thousands who do not know where there are hundreds or even tens of thousands who do know. Added to this ignorance, are often to be found working against us, the insidious influences of prejudice and the cunning culmination of self interest. The northern capitalist with his thousands of acres lying idle in the West, has no favoritism for anything leading the eyes of immigration to turn in the direction of the southern States. And the great railroad system and syndicate with its millions of money involved in the development of the same "great West" need not be credited with a sufficiency of national patriotism to induce it to buy itself in disseminating enlarged and authentic information as to the great capacities and the grand opportunities offered in the South. On the contrary it is not altogether unnatural, and we believe it to be not in the least un-

true, that there are combinations of northern and it may be European capitalists and speculators too, whose interest in the west prompts them to work assiduously and systematically against the South. And it is in this way, among other ways, that these old slave states are either concealed from the world's view as far as practicable, or when unconcealed so misrepresented, even unto the falsest of caricature, as to produce the impression upon millions of minds that these southern States are the poorest, the most illiterate, the most shiftless; and, altogether, the most unattractive and undesirable of all the States in the Union. It is true that the inquisitive intelligence of the world advances we may rest assured that these false ideas will be dispelled; and, in that view of the great question, we might well content ourselves with the reflection that the time will come when the truth will assert itself and cause the South to stand forth involuntarily, in proud triumph over her defamers. But however it may be with the south as a land with illimitable life, the Southern people and especially the Southern survivors of the war and the immediate inheritors of their misfortunes, cannot afford to wait for the slow flowing of the tide of time to bring home to us the harvest that can come only when the South shall have Justice and Truth bringing their tributes to her. The southern men of this generation are entitled to profit by the great resources of their section; and knowing the inestimable value of these resources they are impatient of all policies that embarrass and retard them.

The South may be made to appear comparatively dull, uninviting, and lethargic, in the shadows of misfortune lingering over her still; but these are progressive times, and the day will soon be dawning for all those shadows to disappear. And, though the prosperous and powerful States of the North and Northwest may not yet see it so, there are signs in the skies which clearly to any observant and dispassionate eye that the South side of the Union will be the strongest, the busiest, and the brightest side, even perhaps before the last sands of the present generation have fallen from the glass in its measurement of time.—Industrial South.

Very Remarkable Recovery.

Mr. Geo. V. Wilfing, of Manchester, Mich., writes: "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in the bed alone. She used two Bottles of Electric Bitters, and is now so much improved, that she is able now to do her own work."—Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative powers. Only fifty cents a bottle at Dr. M. J. Greene.

WORTH THEM ALL.

Agricultural Colleges are good things, and so are Annual Fairs and experimental stations and Departments of Agriculture, but newspapers of the right sort do the work and supply the places of all of them. There is great practical wisdom, therefore, in what the Nelson Va., Examiner says:

Our farmers don't read enough—in fact not half enough. They need stirring up by means of the knowledge to be obtained only by reading. They need to find out what farmers in this and other States are doing to improve themselves and their condition; what improvements are constantly being made in machinery which will enable the farmer to do more work with less outlay of time, labor and money; what household appliances will lighten the burdens and cheer the lives of wives and children by giving them a little more time to cultivate the mental and social movements that are in progress, the farmers relation to them and their relation to him. All these things the farmer should aim to study at every opportunity; and much aid can be had from the good journals, weekly and monthly, now published so cheaply that no farmer need be without one.

Highest Honor

Business Education
AWARDED TO
E. W. & W. R. SMITH, OF
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
Kentucky University, Lexington, Ky.
Students can begin any week-day during the year, no vacation. First course costs \$10.00. Second course \$15.00. Third course \$20.00. Fourth course \$25.00. Fifth course \$30.00. Sixth course \$35.00. Seventh course \$40.00. Eighth course \$45.00. Ninth course \$50.00. Tenth course \$55.00. Eleventh course \$60.00. Twelfth course \$65.00. Thirteenth course \$70.00. Fourteenth course \$75.00. Fifteenth course \$80.00. Sixteenth course \$85.00. Seventeenth course \$90.00. Eighteenth course \$95.00. Nineteenth course \$100.00. Twentieth course \$105.00. Twenty-first course \$110.00. Twenty-second course \$115.00. Twenty-third course \$120.00. Twenty-fourth course \$125.00. Twenty-fifth course \$130.00. Twenty-sixth course \$135.00. Twenty-seventh course \$140.00. Twenty-eighth course \$145.00. Twenty-ninth course \$150.00. Thirtieth course \$155.00. Thirty-first course \$160.00. Thirty-second course \$165.00. Thirty-third course \$170.00. Thirty-fourth course \$175.00. 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Two hundred and twenty-fifth course \$2130.00. Two hundred and twenty-sixth course \$2135.00. Two hundred and twenty-seventh course \$2140.00. Two hundred and twenty-eighth course \$2145.00. Two hundred and twenty-ninth course \$2150.00. Two hundred and thirtieth course \$2155.00. Two hundred and thirty-first course \$2160.00. Two hundred and thirty-second course \$2165.00. Two hundred and thirty-third course \$2170.00. Two hundred and thirty-fourth course \$2175.00. Two hundred and thirty-fifth course \$2180.00. Two hundred and thirty-sixth course \$2185.00. Two hundred and thirty-seventh course \$2190.00. Two hundred and thirty-eighth course \$2195.00. Two hundred and thirty-ninth course \$2200.00. Two hundred and fortieth course \$2205.00. Two hundred and forty-first course \$2210.00. Two hundred and forty-second course \$2215.00. Two hundred and forty-third course \$2220.00. Two hundred and forty-fourth course \$2225.00. Two hundred and forty-fifth course \$2230.00. Two hundred and forty-sixth course \$2235.00. Two hundred and forty-seventh course \$2240.00. Two hundred and forty-eighth course \$2245.00. Two hundred and forty-ninth course \$2250.00. Two hundred and fiftieth course \$2255.00. Two hundred and fifty-first course \$2260.00. Two hundred and fifty-second course \$2265.00. Two hundred and fifty-third course \$2270.00. Two hundred and fifty-fourth course \$2275.00. Two hundred and fifty-fifth course \$2280.00. Two hundred and fifty-sixth course \$2285.00. Two hundred and fifty-seventh course \$2290.00. Two hundred and fifty-eighth course \$2295.00. Two hundred and fifty-ninth course \$2300.00. Two hundred and sixtieth course \$2305.00. Two hundred and sixty-first course \$2310.00. Two hundred and sixty-second course \$2315.00. Two hundred and sixty-third course \$2320.00. Two hundred and sixty-fourth course \$2325.00. Two hundred and sixty-fifth course \$2330.00. Two hundred and sixty-sixth course \$2335.00. 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Two hundred and seventy-third course \$2870.00. Two hundred and seventy-fourth course \$28

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 31, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE S. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 3 6:31 p. m.
No. 7 8:45 p. m.
No. 9 8:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 8:34 a. m.
No. 12 10:28 a. m.
No. 4 9:43 p. m.
No. 8 7:25 p. m.
* Don't stop.

LODGING.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpalden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Southman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Hiley M. Honeycutt.

Superintendent of Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Subscribe for THE VIEW.

Miss Essie Adams, who has been visiting friends in Lomax, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Craker and Mrs. Jenkins, of Birmingham, are visiting the family of Mr. L. A. Thornton, of this place.

Mrs. Martin and little boy, of Union Springs are visiting relatives here this week.

A party of our hunters went dove shooting last Tuesday and killed about eighty birds.

Clanton now has another merchant. Mr. Taylor Nelson has opened a stock of groceries in his new store house.

A protracted meeting is going on in the Methodist church, at this place. We hope much good may result from the same.

New correspondents will please send their names along with their communications, if they desire to see them in print.

We learn that Prof. Acree, of Verbena, has accepted a position as colporteur for Dale county, Ala., during the vacation. We wish him success in his new business.

We are indebted to Master Willie Adams for some of the finest peaches we have ever seen. We believe they were of the Chinese cling variety.

We miss the business like buzz of our steam grist mill this week, as it is shut down in order to make a change in the engines. It will resume work as soon as the other engine arrives.

The picnic last Friday was right much enjoyed by the young people who went. The kind hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Blasingame, added much to the enjoyment of the occasion.

Mr. A. C. Woolley, accompanied by his son Mr. Herbert Woolley, both of Selma, visited the family of Mr. W. H. Foshee, at this place, this week. They returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Fannie Campbell and little girl, of Montgomery, are visiting friends in Clanton. Mrs. Campbell's physician advised her to come to Clanton and drink the hot water for dyspepsia.

Mr. A. J. Marlar, who lives near Clanton, brought us two fine potatoes last week, they were of the Cuban yam variety. Mr. Marlar had sweet potatoes large enough to eat, about the 1st of the month.

We spent last Sunday up at Blount Springs, Alabama's favorite summer resort, and found the hotel very much crowded with visitors from Birmingham, Tuscaloosa and numerous other points in North Alabama, and from Montgomery and other places in South Alabama.

A Wonderful Man.

We are informed by Mr. Jno. Aldridge, that he has a hen at his place, just on the suburbs of Clanton, that has up to date laid 324 eggs in succession, and is still laying. She shows no inclination to sit. She belongs to that stock of chickens called the Black Spanish which Mr. Aldridge raises exclusively.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

Clanton is keeping up with the rest of the State. In addition to her hot well, she can also boast of having a negro turning white. He has been undergoing this change for about 30 years and is now very much spotted, being about half white and half black. He is about 60 years of age, and if the changing process proceeds as slowly hereafter as it has in the past we fear he shall never live to see the day when he can call himself a white man.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

A Strange and Apparently Harmless Creature.

While up at Blount Springs last Sunday we came across one of the strangest creatures we have ever before seen, either in menageries, zoological gardens or at magic lantern shows. It was just after dinner, and we were seated on the veranda of the Jackson House, smoking a cigar which we had managed to get hold of by some very diabolical scheming, when the creature above mentioned made its appearance. It did not seem to create much of a commotion among the visitors, perhaps they had gotten used to it, but we having never seen anything of the kind before watched it closely. It wore a small white straw hat and a very high standing collar which reached almost to its ears; with a little white cravat just covering the collar button; a navy blue suit of clothes with frock coat button down three buttons and then running off on the sides at an angle of about forty-five degrees. Its pants were apparently too tight to permit of its sitting down, for it stood up all the time staring around with a vacant expression on its countenance that was wonderful to behold. It had finely tapered fingers, and in the right hand it twirled a small cane, while it was busily engaged in picking its teeth with the little finger of the left hand. Its shoes came to a sharp point, encasing a foot, that from outward appearances very much resembled a glut or wedge. It talked little and said less; occasionally it made some almost inaudible and exceedingly unintelligent remark, and then again assumed its vacant stare. As we are not of a very inquiring turn of mind we asked few questions, concerning this animal. It appeared to be very harmless, but we imagine it could bore a person to death in a remarkable short time. We did not find out where it hailed from but suppose it inhabits the mountains around Blount Springs, and for the want of something better we will call it a mountain dude.

RUBBER STAMPS.

Your name in beautiful type on rubber stamp, with ink and pads 50 cts. Pencil Stamp 75 cts., 3 line business stamp with ink and pads 75 cts. All goods sent post-paid. Agents wanted, send 75 cents for agents outfit and terms to agents. H. P. MAYNARD, Manufacturer, Tullahoma, Tenn. Mention this paper.

Dixie Bots.

Nice rains and fine crops. Big picnic at Stephen's mill last Saturday.

Misses Minnie and Mattie Day of Orrville are visiting Mrs. Pritchard.

Our village is overrun with drummers. Miss Bellamy of Birmingham is visiting her sister Mrs. Reynolds of Howison Station.

Rumor of cotton worms in this vicinity. Miss Virgie Smith has returned from a visit to friends at Brainerd.

Sold.

The camp hunters hold the eastern portion of this beat.

The Baptist convention will convene at Ebenezer church Friday 31st and last until Sunday. The meeting will then be protracted.

Messrs. Pritchard, Morrow and Carter have had splendid success in killing birds recently. We have a quantity of game in this part of the county, and it should be protected by a game law.

H. J. H.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

Consumptives and all, who suffer from any affection of the Throat and Lungs, can find a certain cure in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Thousands of permanent cures verify the truth of this statement. No medicine can show such a record of wonderful cures. Thousands of once hopeless sufferers now gratefully proclaim they owe their lives to this New Discovery. It will cost you nothing to give it a trial. Free Trial Bottles at Dr. M. J. Greene Drug Store. Large size, \$1.00.

Poetry on the Hot Well.

Our hot well seems to inspire the poetical geniuses of our county. Below we publish *verbatim et literatim et punctuatum*, a contribution in the shape of a poem on the hot well.

The excitement of the hot well is over & past. I suppose the people are satisfied at last. They can see the note that is in Mr. Blasingame's eye.

They could get one out of there own if they only would try.

He dug the well for the purpose of running his mill.

The way it is run ought not to bother Now Harry nor Bill.

Now I speak to Addams creation behold!

Which of course is a note of attention There is men if for half price could have bought a lot.

Would desire to double there money let it be cold or hot.

There intention is gone cold or hot well I now sight you to the man who lifted up his eyes in hell.

Again I sight you to the rich young man Who said he had kept all of the Lordes commands.

The savior said sell all and give to the poor He sneaked off sorrowing and has never been heard of any more.

Be careful friends of the hot well That you may not wake up to accompany the rich man in hell.

If the hot well is of god it forever will stand.

It never will be changed by the powers of man.

But if not it will soon wind up the ball.

Then away goes hot well fortunes and all.

So be contented with your lot Water does not save neither cold or hot.

To the power of god we must appeal And lay up treasure where thieves do not steal.

I suppose you wish to know where I dwell.

I am a citizen near the hot well Sometimes they call me (yes they do) and sometimes Poel.

And I am just such a one as a Sheep is a goat.

From Verbena.

The season is far advanced, but Verbena is dull compared to last year. The Clifton House with its attractive appearance has been ready for boarders some weeks. All looks quite fresh and nice, and with its agreeable and obliging proprietor, Mr. Scott and Mr. Dow, the polite and capable clerk; a good housekeeper, good servants, fine water, pure air and pleasant views, seems quite enough to attract weary one from the cities and malarial country. Some of our citizens are boarding there now, finding it more pleasant and cheaper than hiring cooks.

We have had refreshing rains for some weeks. Gardens very good, vegetables, fruit and melons in abundance. Crops around are good. Cotton looks fine, but I like better to see the fields of waving rustling beautiful corn.

The health of our village was never better, but in the vicinity they have had measles; some serious illness, and two or three very sad deaths.

Mr. Hanlin, our clever and obliging agent has resigned his position here, and moved several miles in the country. C. M. Williamson now has the agency; a happy arrangement for him, as it places him in his own home.

The ladies of the Methodist church are planning to build a parsonage. We think so good a minister as Rev. C. R. Lamar should have a home provided for him by his church; nice and comfortable. We will give them all the aid we can and wish them success.

Our nights are cool, balmy and pleasant, and now the moonlight maketh all things lovely. All around us we hear music, and some fine singing, and we would modestly suggest, that before the summer wanes the young ladies get up a concert; a good way to start a fund for the parsonage.

The ladies of the Methodist Missionary Society, have sold their handsome silk quilt for twenty-five dollars.

Our citizens have bought a suitable and pretty lot for a cemetery. This is a satisfaction to very many as it settles a point some time discussed and fills a need, that has been felt for some years. They are now clearing and improving it. Nothing is more suggestive of refinement in a community than a neat and well kept cemetery.

Verbena is improving all around, some repainting, or building all the time. Mr. Goldstone of Autauga has bought a home near here and moved up with his family. Rev. Hardy Jones who is also building near, can soon be numbered among our citizens.

The young people here must have a very dull time; A walk up and down the platform, or standing there in groups to meet the morning and evening mail and that ever welcome accommodation train, seems to be the chief and only recreation or amusement.

I believe every body is so engaged and happy in their own homes, they forget to arrange for the pleasure of the young folks, who soon tire of any scenes of sameness, however dear and pleasant they may be. We have had two or three mite meetings but if they do not brighten them up in some way, they will break up from pure dullness.

DAVID DODD.

Long Bidge Dots.

Crops are fine in our community.

Rain a plenty and we are glad to see it for we will make some corn if nothing else, and if the caterpillars don't get here to soon we will make some cotton too.

I saw in the last issue of the View that your Kincheon correspondent thought that W. T. Kemp and Joe Popwell had the best corn in the country. I think, if he will come over our way we can show him some as good as theirs. Perhaps it was only a thought with him. He has not been over our way I don't think, if he has he did not have his specks I know.

The Baptists are going to hold a protracted meeting at the Baptist church, not far from here, on the 3rd Sabbath in next month.

I learn that there is to be a picnic at the Methodist church near here next Saturday it goes by the name of fox trail. I hope they will have a fine time. I think I will be there if I don't slip, and if I slip I think I shall slip that way, and I would be glad to see our editor out there. Perhaps we could show him the way to that watermelon patch.

Miss Pierce is teaching a school at the Oak Grove school house near here. Miss Pierce is a fine young lady and we wish her success.

A BAD CASE.

PROBATE NOTICE.

State of Alabama, Chilton County, Probate Court, July 27th, 1885. Estate of Jesse Ataway deceased.

To Elizabeth Adams, Joel Adams and B. T. Ataway, of the State of Arkansas, Elvira Beard, Ely Beard and John Ataway, of the State of Texas, Harrison Ataway, of Mississippi and John W. Ataway of Arkansas; and all parties at it interest. Take notice that J. P. Southman as administrator of the estate of Jesse Ataway deceased has filed his application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to the estate of said deceased for the purpose of division, upon the ground that said land cannot be equally divided, and the 14th day of September 1885 has been appointed for the hearing of said application, at which time you may appear and contest said application if you see proper so to do.

H. J. CALLEN, Judge of Probate.

NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County, Take notice that the undersigned will on or before the 11th day of August 1885 make application to the Governor of Alabama to pardon Anderson Glascock for the offense of Assault with intent to murder of which offense the said Anderson Glascock was convicted in the circuit court of Chilton Co., at the spring term 1885.

ANDERSON GLASCOCK.

July 23-24

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

State of Alabama, Chilton County, Probate Court, June 16th, 1885. Estate of Patsy Campbell deceased.

Letters testamentary under the last will and testament of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 8th day of June 1885, by the Hon. H. J. Callen, Judge of the Probate Court of said county, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. ALVA CAMPBELL, Executor.

Gordon DuBose.

Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

LITTLE GIANT HYDRAULIC COTTON PRESS.

AWARDED Grand Gold Medal BEING First Premium on Cotton Presses, AT THE NEW ORLEANS EXPOSITION.

We have been making these presses for several years, and for cause of superior perfection of machinery and satisfaction to the users, they are without a rival. We make them with horse driven 8 to 18 foot deep with the deep bed and a little from spring in model. We make a bed of from 600 to 650 lbs. weight. Our presses work by hand or steam power, as may be desired. Prices vary according to size and kind of Press desired.

Our LITTLE GIANT HYDRAULIC PRESS is THE BEST Cotton Press made. Write for a Circular. Illustrated by J. W. SANBELL & CO. NEW YORK.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience. I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-11 Rev. J. G. GURLEY.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME Sewing Machine



Simple Strong Swift & Sure

PERFECT & PARTICULAR IN EVERY PARTICULAR NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. 30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK, CHICAGO, MASS., ATLANTA, GA. FOR SALE BY

J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowel constipation, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a distention to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with slight dreams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to revitalize the sufferer. They increase the Appetite and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is purified and a healthy action is maintained. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., New York.

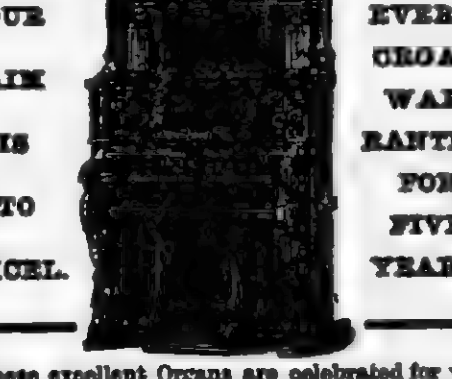
TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OF WHISKERS changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, and is instantly and permanently. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior. It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIR IS TO EXCEL



EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNEQUALLED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL, CONSIDERED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, FREE. The Chicago Cottage Organ Co. Corner Randolph and Ann Streets, CHICAGO, ILL.

Williamson & Leavell

UNDERTAKERS

NO. 107, COMMERCE STREET,

MONTGOMERY, - - ALA.

By telegram by day or night receive prompt attention. Bodies embalmed and kept in a perfect state of preservation, for any length of time.

W. A. PRATT & CO.

No. 7, Dexter Ave.,

MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.,

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED LINE OF MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', YOUTHS' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you satisfaction. mn28 6m

Agricultural, Timber and Mineral Lands FOR SALE!

The Alabama Mineral Land Company, now offers for sale its lands in the counties of Cherokee, Etowah, Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Tallapoosa, Clay, Randolph, Bibb, Shelby, Choctaw, Perry, Chilton, Autauga and Dallas. These are the lands which formerly belonged to the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad Company, and popularly known as "Railroad Lands." They comprise

GOOD FARMING LANDS, FINE BODIES OF TIMBER, Coal Lands, Iron Ore Lands, Slate, Kaolin and Other Mineral Lands.

These lands lie along the line of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad, in Alabama, and some of them are near the lines of the Georgia Pacific, the Alabama Great Southern, the Louisville & Nashville, the East & West, and the Anniston and Atlantic railroads. For prices and terms of sale, apply to

Alabama Mineral Land Co.,

JOHN M. McCLEROY, General Agent,

Montgomery, Alabama.

A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

HENRY C. MAYER,

Proprietor of—

City Shoe Store,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—AND DEALER IN—

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Valises and Satchels.

19th street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

Do You Know

THAT

LORILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG TOBACCO,

with Red Tin Tag; Rose Leaf Fine Cut Chewing; Navy Clippings, and black, Brown and Yellow Snuffs are the Best and cheapest, quality considered.

Surveyor's Notice.

I would respectfully inform the people of Chilton county that I have been re-appointed county surveyor, and with an experience of thirty years, am prepared to do all surveying entrusted to me with satisfaction to all parties. Persons wishing to know where their land lines are would do well to call on me.

H. R. ATCHISON, Maplesville, Ala.

Chilton View

—AND—

THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY

Courier-Journal.

One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of ONE.

By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the COURIER-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the south, Democratic and for a tariff for Revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

THE NEW ENGLAND

The fine hay, mostly made up of leaves, is far more nutritious than the coarse hay, which consists chiefly of stalks. The stems of all grasses are made up largely of hard, woody fibre and silicious matter, which give stiffness and strength to the stalks, and as they become ripe the woody fibre increases, while the sugar and starch previously contained in them go to form the seed. Early cut clover and timothy hay is exceedingly nutritious, and the more thickly it has been grown the sweeter and better it is, and the less indigestible fibre is contained in it. Ripe timothy hay is popular as food for fast-driven horses, because of its coarseness and its indigestible fibre, for the reason that there must necessarily be given with more nutritious grain a sufficient quantity of indigestible matter to dispend the stomach and bowels and produce the needed mechanical action to secure digestion. But such hay is not desirable for farm horses, which are not highly fed upon grain.—New York Times.

Shrinkage of Milk.

J. W. Muncey says in the *Fanner's Review*: It may be of interest to those who patronize creameries by selling the milk to know something of the shrinkage that may be expected. The majority of the time I have not weighed the milk before it was taken to the creamery and can only report the following months and weights:

Month	Weight at home, creamery, sold for
October	16,100 16,148 \$107.93
November	13,050 13,043 135.93
December	12,050 12,025 135.06

The milk in October and November was sent in three cans. When weighed at home each can was weighed separately and no account taken of the three-fourths or one-half pounds. When weighed at the creamery but one weight made of the entire milk each day. In December I presume the loss was due to the milk freezing in the can cover. The milk upon arrival was warmed to about seventy degrees, and the cream separated by centrifugal force. The skim milk returned each day has arrived at our place in good shape. We live about four miles from the creamery. The time required to carry a load of milk, say six miles, in winter is so short that cans holding 100 to 200 pounds, even though not jacketed, will not freeze when the thermometer is twenty to thirty degrees below, as it has been at times here. I write this because so many questions have been asked about hauling milk in winter. The milk was carried but once a day, the night's milk being held until morning and the morning's milk mixed with it.

A Model Farm.

A writer gives the following as his method of managing his 100-acre farm: "My farm contains about 100 acres of farming land, most of which is limestone soil, the balance sandy loam. I have it fenced in four equal tracts, nearly as possible. For convenience, at the corner where they all join I have a good well, arranged to furnish stock water for each field. I manage to keep fifty acres in cultivation, fifty in clover, each year as follows: twenty-five in corn, twenty-five in wheat. When the corn is cut off I seed this field to wheat, and the following spring to clover. I aim to take a crop of corn, then a crop of wheat, then back to clover in two years, and I find this as long as clover should stand to be profitable. By this method I manage to keep the land in a high state of cultivation without the use of commercial fertilizers.

"I raise stock enough to eat up all the surplus corn, hay, etc. I stack the straw and feed around the stack." Toward spring I throw it down, so the stock can tramp it down. In this condition it rots much faster, and is ready to haul out sooner. This manure I spread in the poorest places when I have leisure and it is good hauling. By doing this I keep nearly everything on the farm except the surplus wheat, which I market as soon as thrashed, while it is in the stacks. This saves a large per cent. on shipping, besides extra handling, and you have the use of your money. Any field I have will bring a good crop. I always have clover seed to put in corn that has lain two years, and it takes no longer and is not so much expense to farm good land as it is poor land. The pay is surer, besides the satisfaction of seeing your crops in a thriving condition and promising a good reward.

Receipts.

BAKED EGGS.—Break eggs on a buttered plate, keeping each one whole; put a little salt, pepper and butter on each one and bake in a moderately hot oven until the whites are set; serve on same plate hot from the oven.

BREAKFAST BISCUITS.—Sift one quart of flour, half a teaspoonful of salt and a small tablespoonful of baking-powder; add half an ounce of butter; mix well together; add milk enough to make a stiff batter; roll out the dough, dredge with flour, cut out the biscuits, place them on a buttered tin and bake in a quick oven.

POTEAINE POTATOES.

Take cold boiled potatoes, slice into small dice, chop an onion fine, also have some parsley; heat some butter in a frying pan, put in the onion, fry one moment, then put in the potatoes; there should be butter enough to keep them from sticking to the pan, and they should not brown; add the parsley with pepper and salt just before you take them up; drain perfectly by shaking them to and fro in a heated colander; serve on a hot dish.

WARM PINEAPPLE.

A delicate white pudding is made by cooking one teaspoonful of gelatin in one pint of cold water, and adding two lemons and two cups of

South Sea Islanders.

Some noteworthy characteristics of the Feejees.

A finely-formed People; their Houses, Food, Language and Habits.

It is a common impression, says a Feejee letter to the *San Francisco Chronicle*, that the South Sea Islanders are all cannibals and that the islands are filled with wild beasts. Such is not the case. There are no quadrupeds there except pigs, and cannibalism has ceased to exist except in the most remote and unapproachable of the islands. The natives are indolent and far from being savage, and in their relations with the whites are easy going and simple. There is little romance and less adventure in exploring these Southern archipelagos. The islands are all of volcanic origin, and in the lowest strata show no evidence of ores or minerals. The vegetation is tropical and luxuriant and the forests abound in every variety of birds.

It is a common supposition that the islanders are physically dwarfs and the women shriveled and hag-like in appearance, resembling the Indian squaw. The truth is, however, that no finer race exists in the world as regards physical structure. The men are tall and well formed. The women have magnificent proportions, pleasing faces, are neither fatty nor fat, and the contours of their bodies are harmonious. By actual measurement they approach the Venus of Milo nearer than the European.

Their houses are built of a framework of saplings, put together without any nails, fastened by sennit made from the coconut fiber, and thatched with a long grass to the thickness of several feet. The sides and ends are filled with a lattice-work of reeds that admit the air. The floors are covered with soft grasses to the depth of several feet, over which are spread mats. One end of the floor is raised about one foot above the rest, and is used as a bed, upon which is laid from fifty to one hundred of the softest mats. One corner is reserved as a small fireplace, consisting of bare ground and a few stones, where are always kept smoldering a few coconuts husks, used for the purpose of making the *sutuka*, or native cigarette. The tobacco which they smoke is simply the raw leaf dried in the sun. They hold the leaf over a fire until it is crisp and then roll it in dried banana leaf to a sharp point at one end and broad at the other. One cigar usually does for several persons, each taking a few whiffs and passing it to the next.

The food staple of the natives is fruit, but they have more sumptuous edibles prepared by their own ingenuity. The chief of these is the *madrat*, made from any fruit, yams, taro, or bananas, pounded into a thick paste and buried on the shore between high and low water mark. There it is left to decompose for a year, when it is dug up and steamed in a large pot. When unrolled from the dried banana leaves the odor is that of bad sourkraut sliced with Limburger cheese. The natives relish this condiment as a masterpiece of their art and eat it without even holding the nose. It is sweet to the taste and easily digestible. Another Polynesian delicacy is a raw fish about the size of a sardine, which the natives scoop out of the water and boil while the fish is still wriggling. They taste like sardines.

The natives are very polite in their intercourse with each other. When one sneezes his companion says, "Sabula," your health; the person sneezing replying, "Moli," thank you. They never meet in the morning without saying, "Sa yandra," it is awake, and in departing say, "Sa laki moe," go to sleep. The common term in their language for white men is "al papalagi," the first word meaning "of the race of," and the last, "beyond the horizon." The Polynesians have words to express even metaphysical ideas, and the language is flexible enough to convey new notions when first presented to them. They call a steamer, "Iaca linka," or sail of fire, instead of incorporating the English word into their speech. The language abounds in poetry, without rhyme, and mainly of the trochee metre, as the accents of the words usually fall on the penult. They celebrate love, martial deeds, feats of strength, and drinking feasts in verses which are handed down by oral tradition.

The Ass and the Fox.

One day, as an Ass was journeying along toward a rich meadow, he chanced upon a Fox who was quietly sitting by the roadside.

"Ah, friend Fox," said he, "I was just looking for you. I am going to feed in yonder meadow."

"But," answered the Fox, "You cannot get in; that meadow is reserved for animals of Beauty."

"Exactly," said the Ass, "but I have a beautiful Voice. Listen—"

And he brayed loud and long. When the last echo had died away, turning to the Fox, he asked:

"Now, friend Fox, you have heard it. What does that Show?"

"It shows," said the Fox, quietly, as he took up his cane and spring overcoat, "that you are an A—"

Moral.

This fable teaches that there is always more than one way of looking at a thing.—*Psych.*

What is a Savage?

No one would call the ancient Brahman a savage, and yet writing was unknown to them before the third century B. C. Homer, quite apart from his blindness, was certainly unacquainted with writing for literary purposes. The ancient inhabitants of Germany, as described by Tacitus, were equally ignorant of the art of writing as a vehicle of literature; yet, for all that, we could not say with Gibbon, that with them the nobler faculties of the mind had lost their powers, the judgment had become feeble and the imagination languid. And as we find that the use of letters is by no means an indispensable element to true civilization, we should arrive at the same conclusion in examining almost every discovery which has been pointed out as a *sine qua non* of civilized life. Every generation is apt to consider the measure of comfort which it has reached as indispensable to civilized life, but very often, in small as well as great things, what is called civilized to-day may be called barbarous to-morrow. Races who abstain from eating the flesh of animals are apt to look upon carnivorous people as savages; people who abstain from intoxicating drinks naturally despise a nation in which drunkenness is prevalent. What should we say if we entered a town in which the streets were neither paved nor lighted, and in which the windows were without glass; where we saw no carriages in any of the thoroughfares, and where, inside the houses, ladies and gentlemen might be seen eating without forks, and wearing garments that had never been washed? And yet, even in Paris, no street was paved before 1855. In London Holborn was first paved in 1417 and Whitehall in 1614, while Berlin was without paved streets far into the seventeenth century. No houses had windows of glass before the twelfth century, and as late as the fourteenth century anything might be thrown out of a window at Paris after three times calling out "Gare l'eau!"

Shirts were an invention of the crusades, and the fine dresses which ladies and gentlemen wore during the middle ages were hardly ever washed, but only refreshed from time to time with precious scents. In 1550 we are told that there existed in Paris no more than three carriages—one belonging to the queen, the other to Diane de Poitiers, and the third to Rene de Laval. In England coaches (so called from the Hungarian kocs) date from 1580, though whirligigs go back to the fourteenth century. So far as we know, neither Dante nor Beatrix used forks in eating, and yet we should hardly class them as savages.—*Nineteenth Century.*

Voudouism.

Ten years ago Voudou dancers were of common occurrence in the lower part of Louisiana. A mysterious whisper would circulate from one cabin on the cotton and sugar plantations to another, and on a certain evening a crowd of colored people would be found congregated in a lonely place on the bayou.

The Voudou women, aged negroes clad in bright, parti-colored rags, feathers and shells, with black cloths wound about their heads, would brew a mess of herbs, blood, etc., in a caldron hung over a fire close to the water, chanting, meanwhile, wild unintelligible words over it. When the fumes began to rise in a black cloud, the other negroes caught hands and danced in a circle, joining in the song.

Most of them were in a state of abject terror and excitement. Their song ended in shrieks, writhings and epileptic convulsions, which were all counted as sacrifices to the Evil Spirit. The old Voudou women were its priestesses, and to them it was believed, was given the power to torture or to murder their victims.

In one of the low-lying parishes near the bayou Attchafalaya, every field-hand, twelve years ago, joined in these orgies. The people were completely under the dominion of the Voudou women, stuck work at their bidding, and would remain idle for days. Any poor wretch whom the priestess cursed was driven out into the swamps like a wild beast and left to perish there.

One or two enterprising planters at last established schools for the children of their laborers, and brought in skilled mechanics to teach them trades. Last spring, a Voudou priestess appeared on her old camping-ground, and sent around a summons to a dance, with a threat that she would curse all who refused to come. Not a single man or woman replied to her call. The overseer (a colored man) appeared when she had kindled her fire, and arrested her as a thief.

"She scarce foolish women into stealing from white folks to bring money to her. That she pretend to throw into her pot. That's all the black spirit she knows!" he said, contemptuously. Voudou worship was at an end in that parish.—*Youth's Companion.*

Why He Was Thankful.

Bub—Are you going to be my new papa?

Accepted Suitor—"Yes, my dear child."

"Have you got your wig yet?"

"Wig? Why, no; I don't need a wig."

Why did he ask?

"My older papa always said he was so thankful his hair wasn't fast to his head."—*Philadelphia Call.*

THE GRANT FAMILY.

A Little Sketch of the life of the Grant family.

[From Harper's Bazar.]

The Grants first are heard of in Massachusetts, exiles from their native land, who crossed the ocean in search of liberty. Like other families of the Puritan settlers, they drifted west, and took up their abode in Ohio, and in that State, at the little village of Point Pleasant, there was born to Jesse R. Grant, a son, and Hannah Simpson, his wife, a son, who was named by his parents Hiram Ulysses Grant. Here, in the labors of the farm and the paternal yard, the lad learned his first lessons in endurance and perseverance, and first displayed his skill in horsemanship. In 1839 he was appointed to West Point, and henceforth he is known as Ulysses S. Grant, a mistake having been somehow made in the entry of his name. In 1843 he graduated the twenty-first in a class of thirty-nine. He had no great reputation as a student, but displayed a taste for mathematics, and distinguished himself in the riding-school, where a leap of over six feet in will not be considered a feat. "Grant's upon York." With the appointment of Second Lieutenant, Grant joined his regiment, the Fourth Infantry, at St. Louis, and was sent in 1846 to form part of General Taylor's army of observation at Corpus Christi, Texas. Hostilities soon ensued, and Grant was actively engaged in the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma. He was also in the thick of the fight in the severe assault of Monterey. He was soon after transferred to the army of General Scott, with him in the successive battles from Cerro Gordo onward, and was brevetted Captain for meritorious conduct at Molino del Rey and Chapultepec.

In 1848 Captain Grant married the sister of an old classmate, and was sent to the Pacific slope, where he remained in the army, and engaged in the Mexican war. In 1854 he resigned from the army, and began the study of law, and the place of County Engineer near the aim of his ambition. Fortunately, he did not succeed in obtaining the coveted situation. The attack on Sumner in 1861 found him disengaged, and being the only one in Galena who knew much about military organization, he took an active part in the local movements, and offered his services to the War Department at Washington. Two months elapsed before Governor Yates made him Colonel of the Twenty-first Illinois Volunteers. With this his actual service began; he was named Brigadier-General, and as commander of Southern Illinois Missouri he seized Paducah. Henceforward the life of Grant is the history of the war. After Chattanooga the office of Lieutenant-General was created, and Grant became the Commander-in-Chief. By this time all distrust and suspicion of his abilities had passed away; he had given us all our successes, and had proved himself equal to every emergency. After the actual strife in the field was over, Grant retained the command of the army, and for a short time discharged the functions of Secretary of War. But he was soon to be called from military duties to the highest position which any citizen of a free country can attain to.

After two terms of office as the Chief Executive of the Union, General Grant carried out a long-cherished project of a tour round the world. He was received with royal honors in every court of Europe, and in the farthest East his personal influence was used to strengthen American interests in the rich and vast empires which face us across the Pacific Ocean.

On his return to his native land General Grant took up his abode in New York, and lived the life of a private citizen, exerting himself especially to develop our relations with the sister republic of Mexico. He will be remembered as the man who never despaired of the republic, who did his duty through good report and bad report, and who, like Lancelot, was to his friends the truest friend ever made had, and to his foes the stoutest knight that ever laid lance in rest.

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In 1848 Captain Grant married the sister of an old classmate, and was sent to the Pacific slope, where he remained in the army, and engaged in the Mexican war. In 1854 he resigned from the army, and began the study of law, and the place of County Engineer near the aim of his ambition. Fortunately, he did not succeed in obtaining the coveted situation. The attack on Sumner in 1861 found him disengaged, and being the only one in Galena who knew much about military organization, he took an active part in the local movements, and offered his services to the War Department at Washington. Two months elapsed before Governor Yates made him Colonel of the Twenty-first Illinois Volunteers. With this his actual service began; he was named Brigadier-General, and as commander of Southern Illinois Missouri he seized Paducah. Henceforward the life of Grant is the history of the war. After Chattanooga the office of Lieutenant-General was created, and Grant became the Commander-in-Chief. By this time all distrust and suspicion of his abilities had passed away; he had given us all our successes, and had proved himself equal to every emergency. After the actual strife in the field was over, Grant retained the command of the army, and for a short time discharged the functions of Secretary of War. But he was soon to be called from military duties to the highest position which any citizen of a free country can attain to.

After two terms of office as the Chief Executive of the Union, General Grant carried out a long-cherished project of a tour round the world. He was received with royal honors in every court of Europe, and in the farthest East his personal influence was used to strengthen American interests in the rich and vast empires which face us across the Pacific Ocean.

On his return to his native land General Grant took up his abode in New York, and lived the life of a private citizen, exerting himself especially to develop our relations with the sister republic of Mexico. He will be remembered as the man who never despaired of the republic, who did his duty through good report and bad report, and who, like Lancelot, was to his friends the truest friend ever made had, and to his foes the stoutest knight that ever laid lance in rest.

The burial of a young woman who died of pneumonia in Salem, Mass., a week or so ago was postponed by relatives of the deceased, who noticed color and warmth about her, which suggested to them that she might be in a trance. After five days, however, all the prospects of restoration to life vanished, mortification set in and the body was buried. Physicians, it is stated, could give no satisfactory reason for the warmth.

The last of the prisoners taken during the Franco-German war have just left Germany. Some Turcos who, during their imprisonment, had killed a keeper by whom they had been badly used, and who, in consequence, had been condemned to imprisonment in a fortress, reached Cologne the other day from Weasel. They were dressed in new uniforms, which had been sent to them by the French government.

SALARY.—There is no financial nonsense about the Presbyterian pastor at Palmyra, Me. The first day of each month he draws his check upon the bank for his monthly salary in advance, and the bank regularly honors the check and charges it up to the deacons, who are personally responsible for the salary. Thus no delay or default in paying the subscriptions can affect him.

A New York prison convict has invented a hat pressing machine, which he patented and sold for \$10,000, half of which sum has been placed in the prison safe to his credit.

THE GRANT FAMILY.

A Little Sketch of the life of the Grant family.

[From Harper's Bazar.]

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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., AUG., 6, 1893.

These advertising advertisements will make a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE A. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 3 at 6:31 p. m.
No. 7 at 8:45 p. m.
No. 9 at 5:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 at 8:34 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:28 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:43 p. m.
No. 6 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

LOCALS.

Deaths.—Regular communications.

Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 425, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Fodice.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Houscyeutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acres.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moser Johnson, R. C. Lanor, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Two Lovers.

Hearts were made to break.
Hands were made to squeeze,
Eyes were made to rove about,
And make men do as you please.

Ears were made to burn,
Feet were made to shiver,
Girls were made to flirt with the men,
But men with the girls, oh, no!

Waists were made to hug,
Tongues were made to tune,
Arms were made to circle the girls,
And lovers were made to spoon.

Eyelids were made to droop,
Cheeks were made to blush,
Hair was made to curl and friz,
And lips were made—oh, hush!

New goods at Bell & Sampey's.

Mr. Will Sarter has returned to Clanton to remain.

Benson Sunday School had a celebration last week.

Mrs. Bowden has a fine school in the Chandler mill neighborhood.

Mrs. O. A. Duke, of this place, is visiting relatives at Clear Creek; this week.

We are glad to see Mr. Glaucus Moore, able to be up and on the streets again.

Mr. Bud Garner, of Strasburg, has a cotton stalk with 363 forms on it. Next.

Mr. Tom Evans, of Randolph, visited his mother's family at this place this week.

The weather was so hot here, the latter part of last week that fires felt very comfortable.

We had a delightful rain on Sunday afternoon, which cooled the atmosphere considerably.

The domino craze in Clanton is the most remarkable and the most magnificent craze under the sun.

Did you borrow this paper. If so come up and subscribe at once and stop carrying your neighbor.

Miss Chapman, of Washington City, is visiting her uncle Mr. W. E. Johnston, of this place.

If you want to "cool off" with a glass of ice cold soda water call at the drug store of Mr. W. H. Phillips.

Mr. F. A. Gullledge, of Verbena, has again gone to Livingston to get the benefit of the artesian well, at that place.

Mr. Wm. Walker, Sr., of Maplesville, the champion Jeffersonian Democrat of Chilton county, gave us a pleasant call on Tuesday.

The negro Dan DeJarnette who has been loafing around Clanton for several months, was arrested for vagrancy a few days ago and put to work for the county.

We return thanks this week to Mrs. W. H. Burton, for some beautiful and fine and delicious grapes, and also to Mr. E. H. Lowe, Jr., for a fine large watermelon, which weighed fifty pounds.

Mr. W. H. Lawrence, of the View, has returned from Florida. Though he saw the best side of life on the peninsula, he thinks that the grand old State of Chilton is a better place for a home.

Well, that a cutting affray occurred between some negroes near this place, one night last week, in which one of the parties was very badly carved up. We could not learn particulars.

Rev. C. R. Lamar filled the pulpit in the Methodist church at this place last Sabbath and remained over with friends in Clanton until Tuesday morning. His wife accompanied him on this trip.

Misses Anna Stanfield and Augusta Evans both of this place, who have been visiting friends in Birmingham for several weeks past have returned home to glad on the hearts of their friends in Clanton.

Owing to some misunderstanding the Methodists of Clanton did not hold their protracted meeting at the time appointed. It will begin next Wednesday week, the 12th inst., and continue through the week following.

Notice.

All customers of Bell & Sampey have the privilege of hitching their horses in their stables free of charge.

A large crowd attended the dance out at Mr. A. J. Hall's on Tuesday night and had a delightful time. The music furnished by Mr. and Mrs. Hall was excellent, as also were the watermelons served between the sets.

Mr. Hiram Boyd has been almost entirely cured of scrofula by the use of the hot well water. Let the carping critics say what they may the hot well must certainly become famous for the cures it effects. In this particular it is winning its way on its own merits.

Clanton is booming, and Messrs. Bell & Sampey say that they will do all they can to keep up with the times. The ladies are accordingly invited to call at their store and examine their large stock of Standard Prints, Fine Dress goods, Trimmings, Laces &c., marked at prices that can not be beaten here.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

We would say to our farmer friends that if they will use Paris green when the cotton worms first appear they may save the crop. Delay is dangerous. The remedy must be applied before the worms begin to multiply. Twenty-five cents worth of Paris green to an acre of cotton is about the proper proportion.

Attention Merchants!

All members of the Merchant's Mutual Protection Association, of this county, are hereby notified that a meeting of said Association will be held in the court house, at Clanton on Monday the 7th day of September next. Important business to be attended to and a full attendance is desired. By order of J. P. Allen, President.

J. C. LAWRENCE, Sec'y & Treas.

A WALKING SKELETON.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs. Call at Dr. M. J. Greene's Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles one dollar.

Mr. James M. Parish, our county treasurer, came to Clanton a few days ago and got a jug of hot water from Mr. Blasingame's hot well, to bathe his leg, which was afflicted with rheumatism. The next day his rheumatic limb felt so much better that he took his gun and ventured out for a hunt. He found three deer and firing into the bunch killed two of them. He attributes the success of his shot to the effect the hot water had on him and says if the water had been a little hotter he believes he would have killed all three of these deer.

Mr. J. W. Cull, of Benson neighborhood, came in to see us on Saturday. He came in to say that he was going to continue to take the View if it took him all the summer to make money to pay for it. He reports fine crops in his neighborhood—the best in many years.

RUBBER STAMPS.

Your name in beautiful type on rubber stamp, with ink and pads 50 cts. Pencil Stamp 75 cts., 3 line business stamp with ink and pads 75 cts. All goods sent post-paid. Agents wanted. Send 75 cents for agents outfit and terms to agents. H. P. MAYNARD, Manufacturer, Tullahoma, Tenn. Mention this paper. July 1894.

Another point in which the CHILTON VIEW is ahead of all other papers in America is in the fact that in its office can be found an angel and a devil working in perfect harmony. If any of our brother editors will not believe this and should wish to denounce the statement simply because they don't understand it and think it is a proper paper to denounce every seeming fraud on short information, we propose if we ever see one of the cranky pencil pushers in "these diggings" to drown him in the hot well.

The presence of so many fair visitors—Heaven's last best gift to man—in our town has caused a delightful ripple of enjoyment to break over the dull ennui of the monotonous days of Summer, and stir up the sluggish waters of pleasure most beautifully. Flowers, delicately boquetted on the lapel of the coat are now in delightful vogue, and as soon as the "stars are in the quiet skies," our gallant knights can be seen wending their way to scenes where queens of love are reigning and from their perfect oblivion of all surroundings when they return, we opine that they have been dreaming of themes as sweet and delicate as the rose or the down upon the tender thistle. But then we must not inculge our pen in this soft gush of expression. The Summer of our romance is over, the flowers are withered, the perfume gone. Alas, a lass.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

Encouraging.

Improvements are going on all around us and Clanton is on a genuine boom. Work on the new addition to the court house is progressing finely. Mr. Willis Lowe is having shelves and counters put in his new store house near the post office and he expects to open a stock of goods in it this fall. The store house lately occupied by Mr. Johnston, as a law office, is being fitted up with new shelves and counters and will also have a stock of goods opened up in it shortly, by Mr. James Bell. Mr. J. H. Aldridge is extending his building occupied by J. E. Evans, back about fifteen feet and we understand that Eugene will put in a larger stock than ever; this fall. Mr. Jno. Garner's new residence will soon be completed and we hear of others to be built soon. The streets have lately been well worked and other improvements too numerous to mention are going on all the time.

One Negro Killed and Two Wounded.

A difficulty occurred among some negroes at Verbena last Tuesday, in which one negro fired into a crowd that was attacking him and killed one man and severely wounded two others. The negro who did the shooting was the principal witness who testified against the negro Geo. Allen, who was convicted of several charges of burglary at the Spring term of our circuit court last March. Allen was sent to the penitentiary for twenty years, and the negroes have often made threats against this witness whose testimony sent Allen up. Allen escaped from the penitentiary a short time ago, and came back to Verbena and shot this negro in the arm, and then left for parts unknown and is still at large. Since being shot in the arm by Allen it seems that the negro who did the shooting Tuesday, had always carried a shot gun and was always prepared for any emergency. On last Tuesday a crowd of them were watching the

road, he among the number, when the old law was brought up, and quite a number of the negroes attacked him. He seized his shot-gun and fired at them with the effect already stated. He was arrested and placed in jail by our sheriff Tuesday night.

Thousands Say So.

Mr. T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Dr. M. J. Greene.

A Clanton young lady arrayed herself the other night for a dancing party. Among other things she put on her new kid shoes and striped hose. Before starting out she said to her brother: "George I want you to do something for me this evening."

George—"Well what is it?"
Young lady—Right after the first set I want you to scream "rats," and I'll do you a favor some time.

A Champion War Record.

Mr. C. D. Rutherford was in to see us the other day to subscribe for the best weekly paper published in Alabama. In a casual conversation he gave us his record of achievements during the late struggle between the States. He may be surprised to read it in this week's paper. He is an honest man, and one who tells the whole truth without a grimace. He saw a cannon at the Clanton depot and that was why he felt disposed to relieve himself as to his war record. He said that he was exempt from conscription owing to deafness and a maimed finger, and that though he wanted to go to the front and listen to the terrible whistle of the deadly minie-ball, he was told by army officers that if he went he would be compelled to pay his own expenses, as the Confederacy was backed up with more fiery orators than money. The expense part of the programme caused him to consider himself happier in a government grist mill, where he was employed to grind corn to feed hungry militiamen. He confesses that the cannon at our depot is the first one he ever saw, and further admits that he never saw or heard a gun fired during the whole four years of strife, and that he is glad that he didn't. Clanton thus presents to the States a man who tells the simple truth about his war record, and who has no regrets that it was as it was.

Macedonia Church.

EDITOR VIEW.—Please allow me space in your valuable paper to say a few words in regard to Macedonia Church and the surrounding country. We have a flourishing Sabbath School with fifty regular attendants. We had a Sabbath School picnic on Friday last, and the Rev. Mr. McCord gave a lecture on Sabbath Schools before noon and in the afternoon preached an interesting sermon.

We have the best school that we have ever had in this community, under the control of Mr. Kilpatrick and wife. Too much cannot be said in commendation of our school and teachers. We suggest that pupils visit our school and learn something of Mr. Kilpatrick's plan of teaching.

Mr. F. C. Compton has bored a well for the church which affords plenty of cool water.

Crops are fine and we have had plenty of rain.

The health of the community is good. T. J. H.

The Cost of Whiskey.

1. It costs sober people large sums in charity.
 2. It gets good men down and keeps them down.
 3. It tempts men to drink and makes them drunk.
 4. It burdens the people and irritates the industrious.
 5. It fills annually 60,000 graves with drunkards.
 6. It exposes our children and friends to destruction.
 7. It exposes your person to insult.
 8. It upholds the victims at the public's expense.
 9. It destroys virtue and debases manhood.
 10. It oppresses the sober and industrious.
 11. It takes the sober man's wages to support the drunkard.
 12. It inflicts untold woes on wives and children.
 13. It is contrary to common sense.
 14. It is contrary to the word of God.
 15. It is an unmitigated curse and must be destroyed—Mountain Home.
- The editor is on a business trip to Shelby.

H. Houpt,
WATCHMAKER AND OPTICIAN.
FIRST AVENUE,
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.
NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.
Over 25 years experience.
I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.
nov10-11 Rev. J. G. GURLEY.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING
NEW HOME
Sewing Machine
Simple Strong Swift & Sure

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR.
NEVER OUT OF ORDER.
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK.
CHICAGO ILL. ORANGE MASS. ATLANTA GA.
FOR SALE BY
J. J. SWAIN,
Montevallo, Ala.

TUTT'S
PILLS
25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!
SYMPTOMS OF A
TYPICAL LIVER.
Loss of appetite, Bile in the face, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and Constipation.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases. One dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They increase the Appetite and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their tonic action on the Digestive Organs, Bile, Gallstones, etc., are expelled. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
GRAY HAIR or White changed to the GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously, sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.
Office, 44 Murray St., New York.
dec13-ny

THE
CHICAGO
COTTAGE
ORGAN
Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.
It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR
AIX
IS
TO
EXCEL

EVERY
ORGAN
WARRANTED
FOR
FIVE
YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION,
UNEQUALLED FACILITIES,
SKILLED WORKMEN,
BEST MATERIAL,
COMBINED, MAKE THEM

THE POPULAR ORGAN
Instruction Books and Piano Stools.
Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, FREE.
The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.
Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,
CHICAGO, ILL.

Williamson & Leavell
UNDERTAKERS
NO. 107, COMMERCIAL STREET,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Telegrams by day or night receive prompt attention. Bodies embalmed and kept in a perfect state of preservation for any length of time.
march 07

W. A. PRATT & CO.
No. 7, Dexter Ave.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED LINE OF MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES IN THE STATE.
OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.
When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you satisfaction.
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Estey Organ Co.
Branleboro
ESTEY
ORGAN
A. J. BROOKS
AT VERBENA, ALA.
Has the largest stock of goods ever in Chilton County, and does and will sell them for less money.
All goods guaranteed as represented, and no shoddy goods are kept.
COME EVERYBODY
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES
I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.
I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell
At the Highest Market Price.
HENRY C. MAYER,
Proprietor of
City Shoe Store,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
AND DEALER IN
Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Valises and Satchels.
19th street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

The Chilton View
Job Printing Office
Clanton, Ala.
Is Prepared to Execute
JOB PRINTING.
AT LOW RATES
AND IN THE NEATEST STYLE.
Having, at considerable outlay, added a Job Department to our office, we would respectfully call the attention of business men and others in need of JOB PRINTING, to our superior facilities for the prompt and tasteful execution of everything needed in that line, such as
Bill Heads,
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Our outfit is new, and our work will be such as to merit the patronage of the public.

The Sun
An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators. Devoted to collecting and Publishing all the NEWS of the Day in the most interesting shape and with the greatest possible promptness, Accuracy and impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

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Chilton View
—A—
THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY
Courier-Journal
One year for only \$2.50. Two years for a little more than the price of one.
By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the COURIER-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the South, Democratic and for a tariff for Revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

Gordon D. B. B. B.
Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery,
Clanton, Ala.
Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business connected with the law.
march 07

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THE STORY OF A CANCER.

How a Young New York Belle Suffered and Died.

Marrying Happily After Losing an Arm Only to Meet with a Fatal Accident.

General Grant's illness recalled to a New York doctor the touching history of a very attractive young lady who was well known in New York society at the close of the war.

Having graduated from Bellevue hospital in the spring of 1864, he says in the *World*: I was invited, about a month after that event to be present at the operation for the removal of the left arm of a young lady living at No 11 East Twenty-ninth street, the only daughter of a resident practitioner now dead, Dr. John Tuttle. Quite a number of young physicians were there, and they, as well as their seniors, were struck with the remarkable beauty, both in face and form, of the young lady, as well as her wonderful self-possession. She even wanted to see the instruments that were to be used upon her and to be told their uses. The injury had occurred through the fall of a saddle-horse on which she was riding while at her country home at Rye the summer before. The bruise developed an encephaloid tumor in the arm, and the entire arm was skillfully removed by the celebrated Dr. James R. Wood. In ten days she was about the house, singing like a bird, and that summer enjoyed in apparently perfect health all the delights of emancipation from school life, having just graduated from Rutgers with high honors. The following year—April 24, 1865—she was married to one of the young surgeons who had been captivated by her beauty and her brains, for she possessed both to an unusual degree. Without fear or care for the future she went on her bridal tour to Europe, spending the spring and early summer on horseback and by coasting steamers among the very romantic mountains and seacoast of Spain, winning her way everywhere by her beauty and wit, special entertainments being arranged for her both by the courteous officers at Gibraltar and by the young naval officers of an English squadron that chanced to meet the party at Barcelona, and everywhere receiving that marked attention which she seemed born to command. She continued through Switzerland and Germany into Russia and then back through Germany to Paris, there to get a trousseau and secure a passage home. And here comes in the sad part of the story. The steamer had a tempestuous voyage of eighteen days. In the midst of a hurricane the young lady attempted to go on the upper deck. She fell, crushed her hip, was confined to her berth for the last nine days and was unable even to see the beautiful harbor of the city she loved so well. Arriving Jan. 1, 1866, the very day that she had looked forward to when she would be receiving the congratulations of her friends, she was taken in an ambulance to the house of Dr. James R. Wood, where a consultation was held. Another encephaloid was found to have developed itself and all hope was abandoned. Yet such was her vitality and cheerful courage amid untold agony that she not only lived for six months, but buoyed up the rest of the family with her inspiring words and manner. This is the history of one of the many forms of cancer and shows how insidious is their progress and how fatal in the end. In this young lady's case everything was done—even a large cradle was made and in it she was rocked for twenty-four hours at a time. Added to this passive motion, sedative treatment in the form of morphia, belladonna, hyoscyamus lupulin and even chloroform was freely made use of in the vain attempt to relieve the intense paroxysms of pain.

The Infantile Match-Maker.
"Good evening, Tommy. Is your sister Clara at home?"
"Yes, sir; she's out in the kitchen popping corn for you."

"Popping corn for me? Why how very thoughtful I like pop-corn very much."

"Yes, sir. She said she was going to put a pan of pop-corn under your nose, and if you didn't take the hint she'd give you the shake."

Something besides corn was popped that evening.—*Mail and Express.*

Well Pested.
Mrs. Simdett—"You seem to know everything about horses. Won't you explain to me how you tell a horse's age?"

This boarder—"Certainly. By the teeth!"
"Oh, yes, I had heard of that but I had forgotten it. Can the ages of all animals be known in the same way?"

"Yes, I can tell a chicken's age by the teeth."

"A chicken has no teeth."

"No, but I have."—*Call.*

The Fish.
Fanny was not a friend of his room-mate who is something of a story-writer. Brimming her head with a tremendous stock of tales, he said:

"You've just the fellow I want to hear from."

"You're just the fellow I want to hear from."

"You're just the fellow I want to hear from."

"You're just the fellow I want to hear from."

CHAMPIONS FOR THE CURTAIN.

One million dollars of silver and gold worth 50,000 pounds sterling.

The pine tree, says an authority, serves as a refuge for more than 400 species of insects.

It is a belief of the Buddhists of Ceylon that if a woman behaves herself properly, she will eventually become a man.

In some German cities a bell is placed above the public receptacles for the dead, and the hand of the corpse fastened to the rope, so that it may be rung by the chance victim of burial before death.

A botanical phenomenon was witnessed last season on the shore of Todi, Santos Bay, Lower California, where an apple tree blossomed and bore large perfect fruit on its trunk, an inch from the ground.

The Colosseum at Rome had a seating capacity of over 87,000. The building having the greatest seating capacity in the United States is Madison Square Garden in New York. It has accommodations for 8443 persons.

The present reigning dynasty of Japan dates back 2546 years, and is considered the oldest in the world. The records of Japan are accurately preserved for that time. All the nations now called civilized, without exception, have had their beginning since then.

In Ceylon, we are assured on fairly good authority, that when it is desired to restore the lustre to pearls, which are liable to deteriorate by age, the pearls are allowed to be swallowed by chickens. The fowls, with this precious diet, are then killed and the pearls regained in a white and lustrous state.

It appears that apples and carraways were formerly always eaten together; and it is said they are still served up on particular days at Trinity College, Cambridge, England. This practice is probably alluded to in *Shakespeare's* "Henry IV," when he speaks of eating "a last year's pippen, with a dish of carraways."

Herat.
The eyes of the civilized world are now directed to Central Asia. Within the last ten years the Russian armies have over-run the vast plateau from which issued the Aryan race, the same mighty breed of men which has from time to time repeatedly conquered the rest of the world. A study of language has proved that the Hindoo and the European have come from one common stock, whose birthplace to-day is controlled by the forces of the czar. From its base on the Caspian Sea the Russian armies have marched steadily southward, until now its outposts are within striking distance of Herat.

This is one of the most important places on the map of the world. It was contended for by the mighty armies long before the beginning of recorded history. This is shown by its defensive works which are of great extent and magnitude, but of the construction of which no record has come down to us. When various waves of Aryan invasion moved southward, Herat was first seized, as it was the key to the military possession of India. Should it fall into the hands of Russia, that event would mark the beginning of the end of British rule over Hindostan.

Weak as she is in a military sense compared with other nations, Great Britain would risk a war with any other power against heavy odds rather than allow Herat to come into possession of the Muscovite. The war may be postponed, but come it will, for Herat is of vital importance to Russia from a trade point of view. That city is now the gateway through which pours the commerce of Great Britain with Central Asia. British goods worth thirty million dollars are annually distributed to those parts of the Asiatic continent now under the dominion of Russia. This great trade the Muscovite authorities would like to secure for their own manufacturers. Hence every consideration of power and interest impels Russia to obtain possession of the gateway to the Indies. The country about Herat too is exceedingly fertile, and would support an army of a hundred thousand men.—*Demores's Monthly.*

Facts About London.
About 3,000 horses die each week.
About 129,000 paupers infest the city.
About 11,000 police keep good order.
About 120,000 foreigners live in the city.
About 10,000 strangers enter the city each day.
About 9,000 new houses are erected annually.
About 700,000 cats enliven the moon-light nights.
About 2,000 clergymen hold forth every Sunday.
About 620 churches give comfort to the faithful.
About 125 persons are added to the population daily.
About 28 miles of new streets are laid out each year.
About 500,000 dwellings shelter the population of London.

Where He Made a Mistake.
Husband—"I have just seen the doctor and he says I have water on the brain."

Wife—"Are you sure he said that?"

"I'm sure."

"Then I'm sure."

"Then I'm sure."

Curious and Strange.

When a house is without blinds dark shades seem to be a necessity, but light hangings could scarcely be imagined than the present highly fashionable and ultra-aesthetic articles.

Where there is an ugly view to be covered the lower part of the window may be made out of stained glass, and a thin silk gauze of bright color should hang from the upper sash to meet it.

A window without curtain is like a picture without a frame. With a neat carpet, pretty walls and tasteful hangings a room has an air of refinement about it, even though the rest of the furniture be simple and insufficient.

White is to be ignored unless for summer use, and even then dust will discolor it, even if the maid-of-all work does not leave her finger-marks on it every time the panes are wiped off. Ecru is a good shade, as also are pearl, the opal tints and the first four shades of brown and olive.

With provision made for three curtains the window is still unfinished without a pattern curtain, which may be made of brocatelle, tapestry, plush, damask, satin, velvet, raw silk or turcoman. The latter material is all ready for hanging, and is a rich-looking and wear-forever fabric.

Venetian shades are again revived, and some people are having them put in their houses in place of inside shutters. They are finished with deep wooden cornices, under which they are rolled. These goods cost just about as much as shutters, and are by no means as durable. The blinds are made to order to match the finish of the room for which they are intended.

Transparencies are no longer used for ash curtains, as they soil readily, and few curtains are a success after the second washing. In their place India silk is used, as well as silk grenadine and light Madras cloths. The silks are by far the best adapted for this purpose, as the texture is soft and pliable, and admits of being gracefully draped. The colors are various shades, from green or bluish red, India red, olive green, copper, gold and those blue shades that are seen only in the charming Oriental fabrics.

An Ideal Realized.
It may be taken as a sign of the times and the beginning of a reaction in the cry for educating the masses, when a lady can advertise for a servant woman and receive two replies from New England girls of excellent mental attainments. One of these girls told this lady she longed for a quiet home, and was prepared to work hard to keep a roof over her head. She was refined and well educated, coming from an excellent family in Maine; she had tried to earn a living by teaching music and singing in church; but the strain on her nerves to live decently could not be borne longer, and now she determined to enter the service of a family, and do her duty there in a self-respecting manner. After some questioning as to the privileges to be expected, she replied that she desired employment, but as she could not associate with other servants as friends, she claimed only the customary "day out," and to go to church Sunday afternoon. The young lady was immediately engaged, and the good fortune of the bargain is mutual up to this date. A home rather than servitude has been secured, and the mistress already feels that she possesses a "housemaid," who is a thorough lady, though she wears a white cap and apron, and works with perfect understanding of her many duties.

A Prescription.—The Supreme Court of New York and Massachusetts have settled the matter as to who owns a medical prescription. The substance of the decision is, that the physician, in prescribing, gives the patient a written order for drugs, and their delivery terminates the operation. The druggist may, on his own responsibility, renew the drugs, for he is a merchant, and has a right to sell drugs in any shape. He is not bound to give a copy of the prescription, nor even to keep it, though he usually retains it as a protection in case of error on the part of doctors or patients.

KEPT PRIVATE.—The *Penian* ran, says the *Hartford Times*, that aroused considerable public curiosity through the columns of the newspapers two years ago is still at New Haven, in a wooden building on the bank of Mill River, near the Consolidated road bridge. It is about thirty feet long, cigar shaped, burns petroleum for fuel, and can make a revolution in five minutes. It is said to have cost \$15,000. No one is allowed to see it except those in whose charge it is, and they refuse to talk about it. The building has no side windows and the door is strongly barred.

An Important Arrest.
The arrest of a suspicious character upon his general appearance, movements or companionship, without waiting until he has committed a crime, is an important function of a shrewd detective. Even more important is the arrest of a duss which, if not checked, will blight and destroy a human life. The frequent cough, loss of appetite, general languor or debility, pallid skin, and bodiv aches and pains, announce the approach of pulmonary consumption, which is promptly arrested and permanently cured by Dr. Fievel's Golden Medical Discovery. Sold by druggists.

Sleep.—The thief that robs us of our time, giving us sleep in exchange.
Freckles, Pimples, Salt Rheum cured. Adm Dr. M. Hutchinson, 110 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

Clouds.—The curtains of light, as sorrows are of joy.

If You are Driven Wild
With itching, take the advice of a friend, (though he calls you aside at an evening party to give it), and rid yourself of the trouble by the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

A few weeks since I was attacked with a severe and distressing form of Eczema. The eruptions spread very generally over my body, causing an intense itching and burning sensation, especially at night. With great faith in the virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, I commenced taking it, and, after having used less than two bottles of this medicine, an entire cure.—Henry K. Beardsley, of the Hope "Nile," West Philadelphia, Pa.

Mr. B. W. Bell, the well known journalist, writes from Rochester, N. H.:
"Having suffered severely, for some time, with Eczema, and failing to find relief from other remedies, I have made use, during the past three months, of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which has effected a complete cure. I regret that I have not a space in my paper to give all the particulars of my case."

When death was hourly expected from Cholera, all remedies failed, and a Dr. J. J. Brown, of Philadelphia, Pa., accidentally made a preparation of Indian Hemp, which cured this child, and now gives this recipe on receipt of stamps to pay expenses. Sleep also cured a severe case of cholera. Also a child broke a fresh cold in 24 hours. Address: Cresskill & Co., 1083 Race street, Philadelphia, Pa., naming this paper.

When you speak to a person, look him in the face.
Weak lungs, spitting of blood, consumption, and kindred affections, cured without physician. Address for treatise, with two stamps, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Massachusetts was the first of the thirteen original colonies to introduce slavery and Georgia was the last.
MENSTRUAL PAIN.—The only preparation of beef containing the entire nutritive properties. It contains blood-making, force generating and life-sustaining properties, invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaint. Caswell, Hazard & Co., Proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists.

Foot.—One who shows his folly and doesn't know it.
If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c.

Virginia punishes her State Prison convicts by withholding their rations of tobacco. Two days brings the worst man to time.
"I Don't Want Hell-foes, but Cure."
The exclamation of thousands suffering from catarrh. To all such we say: Catarrh can be cured by Dr. Sagar's Catarrh Remedy. It has been sold in thousands of cases; why not in yours? Your danger is in delay. Enclose a stamp to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for pamphlet on this disease.

The camel is the only bird that we yearn to hear after listening to a man learning to play the violin.
Important.
When you visit or leave New York city, save baggage, express and \$10 carriage fare, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central depot. 20 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, and at a very low rate. European plan. Facilities for dining and sleeping. Here are the best stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Express cars for baggage and baggage. Also, for the Grand Union Hotel, at the Grand Central depot.

Wouldn't David Davis look gay on roller skates.
Marriage and Health.
Pittsburg, Penn., Nov. 5, 1893. Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham: "As is frequently the case with mothers who have reared large families, I have been a great sufferer for years from complaints incident to married life. I have tried the skill of a number of physicians, and the virtue of many medicines without relief, and as an experiment I concluded to try yours. I can assure you that the benefits I have derived from it cannot be because of any faith I had in it, for I had but slight hope of any permanent good. I am not a seeker after notoriety, but I want to tell you that I have been wonderfully benefited by your medicine. I am now using my fourth bottle and it would take but little argument to persuade me that my health is fully restored. I feel like to widely circulate the fact of its wonderful curative powers." Phoebe C. Roop.

Rest for the Weary!
Health for the Sick!
Men and women are often worn down in mind and body by the labor of the day. Their nerves give way under the severe pressure, and the whole system is involved as a consequence. It is then that

Pemberton's French Wine Coca acts as a direct means of restoration, giving perfect health to mind and body, dissipating every feeling of depression and lassitude, and imparting calmness, energy and happiness.

Pemberton's French Wine Coca is the GREAT NERVE RESTORER and INVIGORATOR. Gives health to the nerves and the entire system is restored, for the nerves are the life of man. If they are deranged, all else will be, healthy then, health to mind and body follows.

Pemberton's French Wine Coca acts specifically upon the nerves, the muscles and the whole human organism. In every bottle there is health and rest and happiness. For further particulars, send for book on Coca. J. S. PEMBERTON & CO., Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers, ATLANTA, GA.

Nervous Debility
EASY CHILD-BIRTH
USE
"MOTHERS FRIEND"

STEAM ENGINES
AND BOILERS
DO YOU WANT A DOG?
YOU ARE NOT Satisfied with your present dog? Do you want a better one? Do you want a dog that will protect your property? Do you want a dog that will be a friend to your children? Do you want a dog that will be a credit to your household? Do you want a dog that will be a terror to your enemies? Do you want a dog that will be a comfort to your heart? Do you want a dog that will be a blessing to your life? Do you want a dog that will be a joy to your soul? Do you want a dog that will be a friend to your family? Do you want a dog that will be a terror to your enemies? Do you want a dog that will be a comfort to your heart? Do you want a dog that will be a blessing to your life? Do you want a dog that will be a joy to your soul? Do you want a dog that will be a friend to your family? Do you want a dog that will be a terror to your enemies? Do you want a dog that will be a comfort to your heart? Do you want a dog that will be a blessing to your life? 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The Clinton View.

JOHN C. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1885.

NO. 40.

Advertisements for office, \$5.00 per annum in advance.
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Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.
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LIFE'S SUNNY SIDE.

What you are dull to-day!
In a sad mood to-day!
Why so social and stirring, I pray,
Why so lugubrious?
Take a lugubrious
Walk, and we'll talk, for I've something to
say.
Verily, verily,
Things will go merrily
When you are merry and brave.
But if not cheerfully
Tempered, but tearfully,
Life is a tyrant, and you are its slave.
If you go wilfully,
However skillfully
Serving your moods and your delicate
whims,
Life will be dumb to you,
All things will come to you
Fogged by a shadow that saddens and
duns.
Life has two sides to it,
Take the best guides to it,
Look at the best and the brightest, my
friend.
Be a philosopher,
Don't look so cross over
Matters you never can alter or mend.
Look not so dimly
Down the abyssally
Dark-hanging over the precipice brink.
Worst of all bias is
Hypochondriasis—
Sunnier is health than shadow, I think.
If you would drive away
Gloom, and would drive away
Honey-like from your innermost cell
Work—like the humble bee,
But let your grumble be
Darn person smoke, and the world will go
well.
—C. P. French, in *Youth's Companion*.

TOM'S EXPERIMENT.

Tom was in a dilemma.
He sat on the rocks overlooking the
sea, in the very spot to which he had
been attracted two hours before by the
light of a scarlet jacket, and thought
over his perplexities, and wondered how
it would turn out.
"I agree take the girl," he said, with
rather more emphasis than politeness,
as he ground a pebble into the earth
under his heel. "I'd like to know how to
get the start of her."
That was just it! How to get the start
of Janet Stafford was what puzzled him
more than anything he had attempted in
a long time. He had tried, in more ways
than one, to accomplish the feat, and
every attempt had been a failure. He
was getting discouraged.
The way of it all was this: Tom Win-
ters had not dated Janet a year ago, and
had straightway fallen in love with
her. Now Miss Stafford was something
of a flirt, "a regular, born flirt" was
Tom's way of putting it, and she liked
to tantalize the men, and especially Tom,
to whom he was attached. Time and again
he had opened his mouth to propose, but
she always seemed to know what was
coming, and by adroit tact would
turn the conversation upon
some other topic, and talk on and on,
until poor Tom would get disgusted,
and conclude that he would wait for
some other opportunity to declare his
love. In no way could he determine
whether she cared for him or not. He
thought she did, however, and that
kept him following her round as faith-
fully as her shadow, watching for an
opportunity to put his fate to the test,
and
"Win or lose it all."
He had seen her sitting on the rocks
that afternoon, reading, and of course
he joined her. He wouldn't have been
Tom Winters, if he hadn't.
Janet knew, before he had been five
minutes by her side, that she was ver-
gely toward a proposal. She could tell
it by his face, and the awful silence
which seemed to settle down about him,
as he concentrated his courage for the
momentous crisis which he hoped was at
last at hand.
Suddenly she started up.
"I'm getting about-minded, I think,"
she laughed. "I promised to go boat-
riding with Jack Devere this afternoon,
and I had forgotten all about it till this
minute. I'm sorry to leave you, Mr.
Winters, but a promise is a promise you
know, and has to be kept," and with
that she was gone, and poor Tom swal-
lowed the words that were sticking in
his mouth, and sighed dolefully, while
he thought unutterable things about Jack
Devere, who was his special aversion,
because he was a good deal more atten-
tive to Miss Stafford than Tom thought
he ought to be.
"I wish Devere was in China,"
growled Tom, getting up and brushing
the dust off his clothes, preparatory to
going back to the hotel.
"What did you say, Mr. Winters?"
asked a voice at his side, and there was
Miss Stafford again. "I left my book
here somewhere, and came back after
it."
"Don't go boat-riding to-day," plead-
ed Tom, growing desperate under the
laughing glance she gave him. "I've
something particular to say to you."
"I must go," she answered, "though
I'd like to stay over so much. But I'll
have to keep my promise."
"But one doesn't keep all the prom-
ise one makes," said Tom. "Do stay
here with me, please."
"If I had promised to go boat-riding
with you, and didn't keep my word, I
wonder what you'd think of me?"

asked Miss Stafford. "Think how dis-
appointed Jack would be if I shouldn't
come."
"He'd get over it," answered Tom.
"And as I said, I've something particu-
lar to say."
"It will keep till some other day," an-
swered Miss Stafford, biting her lips to
keep back the laugh that always came
when Tom's face took on that lugubrious
look. "There are more days coming,
you know."
"I suppose so," Tom had to admit.
"But—but you never give me a chance
to say what I want to. I really believe
you know what I want to say, but
won't let me say it, just to torment
me."
"There comes Jack," exclaimed Miss
Stafford, as a whistle was heard down
the path leading from the beach to the
cliffs. "Some other time you may tell
me the 'something particular' you were
going to-day—if you get a chance."
That was it! If he got a chance!
"It's a downright shame for her to
treat me so," said Tom, watching her
and Jack Devere, as they went down
the bay. "Sometimes I think she does
it to bother me, and sometimes I think
she does it because she likes me and
wants to make me jealous, so that I'll
be sure to propose. But it can't be that,
either, for she won't let me propose.
Hanged if I know what she does mean
by it."
Poor perplexed Tom sat down and
took a newspaper out of his pocket, and
tried to forget his trials in accounts
of murders and accidents and other
cheerful matters of that sort. Finding
them dull, he turned to the story de-
partment. There was a little sketch
there called "Washed Ashore." Tom
read it. It was about a man who loved
a woman—as he loved Miss Stafford—
and singular coincidence, he couldn't
find out whether she loved him or not.
One day he was out rowing and lost his
hat. The waves washed it ashore. The
woman he loved found it. She thought
he must be drowned, and to the poor,
inanimate thing, she confessed the love
she had borne for its owner. The sup-
posed dead man happened to be near at
hand, and heard her tardy confession of
love—and then there all his troubles
ended—or began.
"Why couldn't I try such an experi-
ment on Janet?" thought Tom. "If I
could only contrive to make her think I
was drowned, I might find out whether
she cares for me or not. I don't see
as I'm ever likely to find out in any other
way. I'll try it."
He went down to the beach and en-
gaged a boat. He saw Devere coming
as he went down the bay, and Miss Staff-
ord waved him a passing greeting with
her sunshade.
"That's lucky," thought Tom. "She's
seen me going out on the water. I'll
leave the boat somewhere along the
shore, and it'll be found, and I'll be
missing, and she'll be sure to think I fell
in, and was drowned, or committed
suicide, and when she thinks that, she'll
be likely to say or do something that'll
give herself away, and I'll hear of it
after I turn up, and then I'll know what
to do."
"It looks squally in the west," De-
vere sung out after him. "You'd better
not go far, Winters."
"Thank you," answered Tom; "but
I'll look out for myself, and he was
soon out of hearing of Miss Stafford's
merry laugh and Jack Devere's jokes at
his expense.
A peak jutted out into the bay, and
Tom concluded that a boat abandoned
there would be pretty sure to float back
to the hotel when the tide came in. Ac-
cordingly he left the boat to the mercy
of the waves, and started back a round-
about way to the hotel, over the rocky
cliffs.
The sky was overclouded by this time,
and the wind began to blow. To add
to Tom's discomfort, the rain soon began
to pour down in great torrents, and he
was drenched to the skin before he could
find shelter.
The sun was going down before the
storm abated.
It was quite well along in the evening
before he got back to the vicinity of the
hotel. He was thoroughly chilled in his
wet garments, he was hungry, and he
was afraid that his plan would prove a
failure. Therefore he was not in a very
pleasant frame of mind when he saw
Janet Stafford's red jacket just a little
way ahead of him, as he came down the
beach. The sight of that jacket, in it-
self, was not very disagreeable, but the
sight of Jack Devere's broad brimmed
straw hat, looking in the moonlight like
an aureole about his rival's head, made
him very angry.
"Deuce his impudent attentions,"
growled Tom. "He's a puppy! I sup-
pose he answers her, but I'd like to punch
his head for my amusement. They're
coming this way. Now's my time to
produce a sensation.
The waves were tumbling in on the
beach. Tom threw his hat out among
them, knowing they would wash it in,
and that the couple coming toward him
would be quite sure to see it on the sand.
Then he hid behind a rock.
"I haven't seen Winters come back
yet," Miss Stafford was saying, when
they came within hearing distance.
"She's thinking about me," said Tom.
"And this shows she's—she's—well, it

shows she's thinking about me, anyway,
if it doesn't show anything else," and
this was some consolation to the poor
fellow. "Perhaps they won't recognize
the hat as mine, but if I keep steady to-
night and the boat is found, then they'll
think that I must be lost and we'll see
what she'll say."
"He may have been cast away on some
island along the shore," laughed Jack
Devere. "Maybe he'll turn hermit and
end his days and troubles there."
"I hope not," said Miss Stafford.
"For if that should happen I should never
know what 'something particular' was that
he wanted to say to me." Then she
laughed, and the sound of her merriment
made the listener's ears tingle.
"Poor fellow," said Devere, but his
tone didn't seem to have as much pity in
it as his words did. "You're really too
hard on him. What's that at your feet,
Janet? A hat, isn't it?"
"Sure enough," said Miss Stafford,
stepping to pick it up. "Why, Jack, I
do believe it's Tom Winters', for here's
a bunch of blackberry leaves
sticking in the band, and I remember
giving him some I had gathered yester-
day. He begged so hard for them that I
couldn't refuse him. Oh, Jack! do
you suppose he is drowned?"
"I wouldn't wonder at all if he was,"
answered Jack. It made Tom's blood
run cold to hear his rival's matter-of-
fact tone. "He was a perfect muf with
a boat, and never ought to have been al-
lowed two rods from shore in one."
"I hope he isn't drowned," said Miss
Stafford, and Tom listened delightedly
to the sigh that accompanied the words.
It proves that she must care something
for him.
"Just wait till she hears of the boat,"
chuckled Tom. "I presume she'd give
way to her feelings now over the hat if
he wasn't by."
Poor Tom!
"Oh, Jack!" exclaimed Miss Stafford,
a moment later, "if he is drowned I
shall never listen to that 'something
particular,' shall I?" and then she
laughed.
Tom could hardly credit his senses.
Looking at it from their standpoint, in
all probability he was dead. And yet
she could laugh.
"Heartless creature," thought Tom, dis-
gusted with all the world. "I wouldn't
have believed it of her. She didn't care
two buttons for me. What a fool I've
been. I wish somebody'd kick me!"
"I don't want gentlemen saying
'something particular' to my promised
wife," said Jack, and then he kissed
Miss Stafford, and she kissed him back,
and said she'd "do just as he thought
best, only it was such fun to bother the
silly fellow."
His promised wife!
Tom didn't want to hear anything
more. He didn't want to see anything
more. He had heard and seen enough
already.
"I don't know but we'd better go
back and get some one to turn out and
look for Winters," he heard Jack say.
"They needn't bother themselves
about me," thought Tom, making his
way up the rocks as fast as he could.
"I'm afraid, Tom Winters, you've made
a great fool of yourself, and that your
experiment was a failure. And yet, after
all," he added, as he stopped to take
breath on the summit of the cliff,
"it wasn't, for now you've found out
what she thinks of you!"
It is hardly necessary to say that
Tom's "something particular" was never
said; at least, never to Miss Stafford.
—Eben E. Bedford, in *Chicago Herald*.

Water may be as clear as crystal and
yet carry typhoid fever from a hamlet on
one side of a mountain to dwellers on
the other, as in the celebrated case at
Avenches, Switzerland.
The opinion is entertained now by
many men of science that the art of
making artificial stone for structural pur-
poses is prehistoric, and that the Pyra-
mids were, in fact, built of artificial
blocks manufactured from the surround-
ing plain.
An Atlanta man claims to have dis-
covered a new principle in hydraulics
which upsets the old theory that water
will not rise in a vacuum more than
thirty-three feet. He says he can pump
water any distance required, and parti-
cularly proves his assertion by pumping it
600 feet without a valve and on a direct
vertical rise.
A curious observation has been made
by Dr. Copeland, an English astron-
omer. While watching one of Jupiter's
satellites he was able to see it pass over
its own shadow on the planet. For this
to have happened, the sun, the earth, the
satellite and the part of Jupiter's disk
occulted must have been all in one straight
line, and, as seen from Jupiter, the earth
must have appeared making a transit
across the sun.
At a recent German scientific congress,
Dr. S. Hoppe, of Hamburg, endeavored
to prove that the electricity of storms is
generated by the friction of vapor par-
ticles. This view was strengthened by
experiments in which compressed cold
air was allowed to rush into a copper
vessel containing warm moist air, a large
amount of electricity being thus pro-
duced. He concludes that the rise of a
column of warm moist air into the
colder atmosphere above will be followed
by a thunder storm if it acquires suffi-
cient velocity to prevent neutralization
of the electricity generated by the fric-
tion of the air. Hence, he regards open
districts as more liable to thunderstorms
than wooded regions, where the trees
prevent the rapid rise of humid air cur-
rents.
A French writer gives a long list of
apparently well-authenticated instances
of the finding of live toads in solid mas-
ses of stone, referring in particular to
such a discovery made in 1851 by three
workmen of Blois on breaking open a
large piece of flint. The strength of
the evidence thus presented leads him to
insist that it is unwise to pronounce the
phenomenon absolutely impossible, al-
though none of the reported cases are
quite beyond the suspicion of fraud. To
explain the occurrence, if genuine, it
seems necessary to suppose that the crea-
tures have existed in their close prisons
during the unnumbered years in which
the plastic material has been hardening
into rock. That they may endure a
somewhat prolonged confinement was
shown by Seguin, who, in 1822, enclosed
a toad in a plaster covering, and found
the reptile alive and in good condition
on breaking the shell ten years later.

Many Precautions Taken by the Safe
Deposit Companies.
The Philadelphia Times says, that with
the approach of summer begins the ac-
cumulation in the vaults of the safe de-
posit companies of great piles of family
silver-plate, jewelry and valuable prop-
erty and papers, which the householder,
about to depart on his vacation, fears to
leave at home, trusting to the vigilance
of the police.
"We have now in our vaults," said
Safe Superintendent Clark, of the Fi-
delity Insurance, Trust and Safe De-
posit company, to a Times reporter,
"some four thousand packages, the
value of which I could not begin to cal-
culate, for I don't know what they are
really worth. People who leave their
property in our charge rarely assess them
at their full value, so thoroughly do
they feel convinced of their absolute
safety. Lately we have added a new
precaution in the shape of a shock for
the possible sneak-thief."
"Do you have visits from sneak
thieves?"
"We have had some. For instance,
you are coming to visit your property.
As you enter the gate to the vault you
pass the gate keeper, who recognizes you
by the password. With you enters a
well dressed man who has just accosted
you with some simple remark about the
weather, to which you have replied in the
same simple manner, and the gate keeper,
thinking he is a friend of yours, allows
him to go by with you. While you are
examining, say some coupon bonds, your
supposed friend brushes a document on to
the floor apparently accidentally. In your
excess of politeness you pick it up with-
out looking at it and ask him if it is his.
He replies that it is, thanks you, walks
off as if on other business, and might
escape from the building before you
could give the alarm. But the gate is
closed, and can only be opened on the
outside, and only on receipt of the pas-
sword. This gate is also one of our pro-
tections against mobs."
"Jobs?"
"Yes, indeed. An organized mob
could break into the building as far as
that point. But when that door was
closed I can direct a current of electro-
city through its steel bars sufficient to
kill a man instantly. By the time it
was broken down our safe doors would
be closed and bolted, and then we
wouldn't care for any mob. What do
people deposit with us? Oh, well, it
would be difficult to say. We don't ask
what are the contents of their trunks.
We do not take furniture. I wish we
did. I would like to make arrange-
ments so that, when a family are going
abroad or out of town, they should give
us notices and we would undertake the
packing and transporting to our vaults
or warehouses of the complete house con-
tents. Then when the family are com-
ing back they should let us know, and
we would replace everything as we found
it. Of course it would be a great un-
dertaking, but it is only a small increase
of duty and responsibility after
all. Perhaps it may be inter-
esting to you to know that the find-
ings on the desks, tables and floor
during nineteen years amount to nearly
\$6,000,000, all through the carelessness
of safe-renters. With the exception of
an inconsiderable amount of bonds,
coupons and money, as well as a diamond
necklace and a few watches, the whole
of this large amount has been restored to
its rightful owners."
"We receive for safe keeping," said
John J. Gilroy, secretary of the Guar-
anty Company, "valuables of all descrip-
tions, such as coupons, registered and
other bonds, deeds, mortgages, coins,
plate, jewelry, clothing and other per-
sonal effects, assuming all li-
abilities. And I can assure you that our
deposits are of the most varied descrip-
tion. We have a most perfect system of
identification, by which it is almost im-
possible for any but the right owner to
obtain possession of the property in-
trusted to our charge. We have first of
all a guarantee delivered to the owner,
and a password known only to the owner
or such person or persons as he may
choose to tell to. Then we have a
complete description as possible of the
owner, and we require him to sign his
name.
"Here is an example in point. A short
while ago a lady came here and asked
for certain property. She produced the
guarantee and gave the password. I
thought I recognized the face, but still I
did not feel altogether satisfied in my
mind about it. I got our description-
book and then put this singular question
to her:
"You are not so old now as you were
when you deposited this property; can
you explain this?"
"Oh, yes," she replied; "it was my
mother, but she is sick in bed, so she
gave me the password and asked me to
do her business for her."
"Of course, that accounted for the
strong likeness which had struck me at
first. However, I had to tell her that
unless she produced an order, correctly
and fully filled out by her mother, I
could not give her admission to the
vault."
In both of these companies' buildings
watchmen patrol night and day, fully
armed, and the faithful performance of

their duties is insured by detectors and
electric time-clocks. In a thousand and
one unlooked for and unexpected places
alarms, police-calls and apparatus for
severely punishing those imprudent
enough to lay their hands where they
should not be, are hidden. Fire is com-
bated on the principle that prevention is
better than cure by a method of heating
by steam generated by boilers under the
street and isolated from the main build-
ings.
Finding One's Way on the Prairies.
To find the way for yourself to a new
ranch across the prairies, or to drive
anywhere after dark, is a feat only at-
tempted by the unwary. "Love will
find out a way" through bolts and bars
and parental interdiction; but Love it-
self would be baffled on the prairie,
where the whole universe stretches in
endless invitation, and where there is
absolutely "nothing to hinder" from go-
ing in any direction that you please.
"Foller a kind of a blind trail, one mile
east and two miles south," is the kind of
direction usually given in the vernacular;
and so closely does one cultivate the
powers of observation in a country where
a bush may be a feature of the landscape
and a tall sunflower a landmark, that I
am tempted to copy verbatim the writ-
ten directions sent by a friend by which
we were to find our way to her hos-
pitable home:
"Cross the river at the Howards'; turn
to the right, and follow a dim trail till
you come to the plowed ground, which
you follow to the top of the hill. Follow
the road on the west side of a corn field,
and then a dim trail across the prairie to
a wire fence. After you leave the wire
fence, go on a little hill and down a lit-
tle hill, then up another till you reach a
road leading to the right, which angles
across a section and leads into a road go-
ing south to Dr. Read's frame house
with a wall of sod about it. Through
his door-yard and then through some
corn. Leave the road after driving
through the corn, and angle to the right
to the corner of another corn field. Take
the road to the west of this corn, and go
south, up a hill, then turn to the right
and follow a plain road west; afterward
south, past Mr. Devere's homestead, a
frame house on the right with a stone
corn field and plowed land on the right.
The road turns to the right toward the
west, for a little way, then south, then
a short distance east, and you reach the
guide-post, which is near a thrifty look-
ing farm owned by Mr. Bryant; a frame
house; corn field, wheat stacks, and
melon patch. At the guide-post, take
the road going south, with cornfield on
the right, till you come to two roads.
Follow the right-hand road (a dim trail
at first) down the hill, past some hay-
stacks, to the Osage-orange hedge. Fol-
low that to the creek crossing, then
through the grove of sunflowers to a
sod house. Go through the corn direct-
ly west, following the creek to the cross-
ing near our house."
The distance was sixteen miles, but we
took the letter with us, and found the
way without the slightest difficulty,
though a little puzzled at first by find-
ing that "at the Howards'" meant any-
where three miles of the Howards'.—
Harper's Magazine.
The Upper Air.
The greatest difficulty which meets
every thoughtful weather student is his
inability to obtain any satisfactory ac-
count of the condition and motions of
the upper portion of the atmosphere.
As has been said, "we live at the bot-
tom of the atmospheric ocean, of which
the upper layers are practically inacces-
sible to us." The air is arranged sym-
metrically about the globe, and is
much denser close to the earth than
above it. The actual height to which
air extends is not known exactly, but
at the level of about forty miles it is no
longer dense enough to be capable of
refracting the sun's rays. At the height
of about seven miles, or 87,000 feet, be-
lieved to have been reached by Messrs.
Glashier and Coxwell, in a famous bal-
loon ascent from Wolverhampton, Sep-
tember 5, 1862, the air was found to be
so rarified that great difficulty was ex-
perienced in breathing. Such a height
as seven miles is quite insignificant
when compared with the diameter of the
earth. "In fact, if the earth were rep-
resented by a twenty-four inch globe,
the height of the atmosphere, even sup-
posing it to be ten miles, would be re-
presented by a shell four-hundredths of
an inch thick, about the thickness of a
shilling."—*Longman's Magazine*.
Mrs. Helen L. Capel, of Pleasantown,
Kan., has abandoned the newspaper
business, after some years of successful
management. In her valedictory, she
says: "As the editor and business man-
ager of a newspaper, my business is more
with men than with women, and my
work, to be done successfully, must be
done as men do it. If I do not follow
the beaten path, the business must suffer.
If I do my work like a man, I am made
the subject of such a continual fusillade
of malicious gossip that I choose to
abandon a profitable business rather than
bear it any longer."
A Japanese dentist never uses forceps.
When he draws a tooth he has to dig it
out with his fingers.—*St. Paul Herald*.

FACTS FOR THE CURIOUS.
The weight of an ostrich egg is equal
to twenty-eight hen's eggs.
Experiments made in Paris show that
the crocodile can bring its jaws together
with the force of over 800 pounds.
It is said that the electric lights at
Sacramento can be seen from the high
land near Jackson, Cal., a distance of
sixty miles.
The ancient name of Afghanistan was
Bactria. It was among the conquests
of Alexander the Great, and it was
there that he married Roxana, his first
wife.
The longest word used in Eliot's In-
dian Bible is "Wetappesitukussun-
nookwehtunkuh." It is found in St.
Mark's Gospel, i., 40, and means "Kneel-
ing down to him."
The climate of Iowa is reported to
be changing because farming has re-
moved the tall, dense prairie grass and
dried up the ponds and reservoirs
of water that formerly abounded.
On Primrose Day, as the anniversary
of Lord Beaconsfield's death is now
called, several London eating-houses ad-
vertised that every customer would be
presented with a portrait of Lord
Beaconsfield and a bunch of prim-
roses.
A large business is done in old hats
between England and America and the
Nicobars. The savages there consider it
a mark of affluence to possess as many
old hats as possible, and a good tall white
hat with a broad black band will fetch
from fifty-five to sixty-five coconuts.
The blood of an innocent child was
believed to cure leprosy in old times;
that of an executed criminal the falling
sickness. The hearts of animals, be-
cause the seat of life, were held to be
potent drugs. The Rosicrucian physi-
cians treated a case of wound by ap-
plying the saliva to the wound instead
of to the wound itself.
No English peer or peeress can be ar-
rested for debt, need serve on juries, or
be called out in the militia, and they do
not swear on oath, but on honor, except
when witnesses in any court. They can
sit in any court in England with their
hats on, can wear a sort of uniform as
peers, can carry arms, but not in their
pockets, and, if they commit treason or
felony, they must be tried by their peers.
A wealthy citizen of Rome, according
to Tacitus, had pledged freedom to a
slave and had broken his promise. The
man, enraged and disappointed, assassi-
nated his master. By law, in such
cases, all slaves under the same roof
should be executed. The public duty,
in this case was discussed in the senate,
and the celebrated stoic Cato de-
fended the law and urged its enforce-
ment. The slaves, all innocent, to the
number of 600 persons, were finally exe-
cuted.
A New Story of Artemus Ward.
It was back in the fifties; we were all
rooming in "old 91," our bachelor bar-
racks, in the upper story of a business
block on Superior street, in Cleveland.
A gay party we were—Sam and George,
Alf and Harry—and our third-story den
became headquarters for lots of witty
and jocular boys, who made it almost a
club-room in their nightly visits. Among
the most welcome was Charley Brown,
"Artemus Ward," as he was then just
earning the sobriquet from his quaint
series of humorous articles in the *Plain
dealer*, on which he was local editor.
Brown, or Artemus, as we already began
to call him, was excessively fond of
practical jokes, and the fun they made
among the circle of his friends will long
be remembered.
One night, among the small hours, Ar-
temus burst into our room—the door was
always on the latch—rushed to the win-
dow, threw it up and, leaning out,
screamed in the shrillest feminine voice:
"Help! Help! Murder! Help! Murder!"
A rush up the stair-case followed,
while Artemus slipped into the nearest
bed, and half a score of police dashed into
the room and summoned us to account
for the screams.
Artemus sleepily assured the blue-
coated gentry that no woman was ac-
creted in our premises, and so well
enacted the sleepy astonishment of
awakened virtue that, after prowling in
vain about the room, the guardians of the
peace withdrew, and we heard them ram-
sacking the building for quite a while
seeking for the cause of the alarm.
When all was quiet Artemus explained
the rumpus he had made. Some three
or four printers, who worked on the
Plaindealer, had been imbibing too freely,
and Charley Brown coming up, found
them in the hands of the police, being
conducted to the calaboose. Anxious to
rescue them he conceived and executed
the ruse. The piercing screams of the
female in distress, and the eager hope of
unraveling a tragedy, drew away the at-
tention of the nightwatches, and they let
the birds in the hand loose to perch the
one in the bush.
The liberated printers made their short-
cut way home, while we drinkers of room
91 enjoyed the joke as Artemus laid
"Noddy" in the *Register*.
England annually imports from Russia
about \$60,000,000 worth of grain and
flour, which is one-fifth of all the grain
and flour that John Bull buys abroad.

CHILTON VIEW.

JNO. C. LAWRENCE, Editor.
Published Every Thursday Morning.
CLANTON, ALA., AUG. 13, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.50
One copy six months .75
One copy four " .50

Crop prospects all over the South are most encouraging.

The Chronicle has at last admitted that the weather is hot in Birmingham. It has held out well during this long, fiery summer, but "Old Sol" has got the best of it at last.

The Hayneville Examiner, after the manner of the knights of the arm chair, is still disposed to continue the civil war. It objects that Huntsville should do honor to the memory of Grant. *De mortuis nil nisi bonum.*

All this newspaper talk about the arm-clutch is the merest bosh. If a woman lets a man squeeze her arm she is apt to allow him to take other liberties. Such females do not propose to be advised by newspaper criticisms.—Ex.

The flag of the Chicago Socialists is red and black, signifying destruction, and some of the devices carried in a recent procession were "Every Government is a Conspiracy Against the People," "The Greatest Crime Today is Poverty," "Down with the Throne, the Altar, and the Moneybag."

Of the ten federal offices in Alabama six have been filled, viz: Collector of the Port of Mobile, Internal Revenue Collector, Marshals for the Northern and Southern Divisions, and District Attorneys for the same. The two registers of land offices and two receivers of public money are yet to be appointed and their names will be announced in due time.

Once upon a time a London tailor discovered that a slow tune sung by a workman retarded the work of his hands. In consequence, he engaged a blind fiddler, stationed him near the shop, and made him play a lively tune. The tailor's elbows moved obedience to the air played, and the employer soon discovered a large increase in the amount of work turned out. The attention of the United States having been called to this singular fact, Mr. Cleveland, in order to carry out his scheme of economy, proposes to employ organ grinders to play "Yankee Doodle" in each department, and expects in a short time to be able to cut down the force more than one half without reducing the amount of labor performed.

An Alabama Nepotist.

Marengo News-Journal.] A good deal of comment is caused by the fact that a large share of the federal patronage under the control of Senator Tughr, is devoted to his relations. One of his sons is comfortably fixed in the New York navy yard; another son and his son-in-law, in the government printing office; Col. Denson, U. S. district attorney for northern Alabama, is his nephew, as is also Mr. E. L. Brown, the new postmaster at Eufaula. His certainly not a house divided against itself, though it does look like one with the offices divided amongst itself. However if the rest of them suit as well as the senator himself, we are satisfied.

Misapplied Funds.

Col. J. W. Lapsley, State Examiner of accounts, has at last completed his examination of the books and accounts of the Agricultural and Mechanical College and has filed his report with the governor. Col. Lapsley found on the books a record of expenditures to the amount of \$374, which showed no stipulations for what the amounts were expended. The following sentiments from the Monroe Journal we endorse:

Col. Lapsley after making inquiries, was enabled to learn that these amounts were expended during the session of the legislature and were on account of a bill establishing an agricultural bureau which was vetoed by Gov. Cobb. Here then, we find that the college fund which should properly go to the education of young men, was grossly misused and misapplied in the employment of lobbyists to engineer a bill through the legislature, and which did actually pass both houses of the general assembly and was only prevented from becoming a law by the governor's veto! The trustees of the A. & M. College are probably all good and honest men, at least those are with whom we are personally acquainted; but they deserve the severest censure for having grossly misused the College

fund—a fund the most sacred of all funds—and having betrayed the confidence that had been reposed in them.

But this by no means the worst feature in the management of the finances of the College undertaken by Col. Lapsley. The report goes on to say that up to June 6th, the treasurer had misapplied \$2,046.10 of the funds received from the State under an act of Feb. 23th, 1883, appropriated for buildings, repairs, etc. In other words, the treasurer had used this money defraying the expenses of the College without warrant of law.

A new Treasurer and Board of Trustees should be elected. Turn the old coons out, and give the college a pure administration.

How Sad!

Alabama has only one sweet songster who can be called a poet; and it seems now that his fate is sealed. Our eccentric contemporary, the Hayneville Examiner, whose editorials heretofore have indicated that its editor considered that the whole science of statesmanship was based upon reduction of taxation, has neglected that subject long enough to jump into the arena of poetry and give Dr. S. M. Peck, the practical Jumbo of Tuscaloosa, a very black eye. Such a remarkable display of bombastic and second-hand Boston "culshaw" on the part of the Examiner is liable to cause Dr. Peck to retire from the field of letters until he can recover. If he does recover we advise him to emigrate immediately to Bagdad or Jerusalem should he hope to continue writing his "sweet songs"; else the Examiner may "see more snakes" in his verbose, lachrymose and cantabulous verses, and attempt to scalp him again. What a pity that there is not more brotherly love among the poets!

Progressive Journalism

The Daily Age, of Birmingham, has recently re-organized and is now under a new management composed of progressive business men, whose purpose will be to make it the exponent of the thrift, enterprise and energy of Birmingham, and to encourage and foster every institution that will benefit the State of Alabama. The Age will be the organ of no ring, faction or clique. It will not "crook the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift may follow fawning." It will always be broad, liberal, just in all its criticisms, whether in praise or censure, and true to the principles of Democracy.

It has already made many improvements and others will be added from time to time. Among other features recently added is "Alabama Annals" being a history of the deeds of Alabama soldiers in the late war; their inner lives, on the field and a record of home events in their absence. Its newsy Sunday issue of eight pages is but an index of what it will be in the near future, as the management will publish in that form and make it the best daily in the State. The prices is \$10 per year, \$5 for six months, and \$2.50 for three months. Every live man, who wants to keep up with the progress of the State should take the daily Age.

The Chronicle Takes Its Position.

It is a very important event when a great newspaper has the moral courage to take sides in an issue fairly and squarely presented. When Cleveland was nominated the New York Sun held out against him for many long weeks, but finally came over to his side and carried thousands with it. The great influence of a newspaper should make it very slow in taking a positive stand. When the hot well at Clanton was discovered there was a great pressure brought to bear on the Clanton View to make it support the hot well, but with a caution and a courage worthy of Napoleon it declared in a double-leaded editorial, "we have not yet taken sides on the hot well and will not do so until we thoroughly investigate the matter."

A great pressure has been brought to bear by the thermometer to compel the Chronicle to say that the weather was hot. We have carefully refrained from making this admission until all the lights were before us. A newspaper is a reflection of public sentiment, and as such we are at last forced to declare ourselves. The evidence is cumulative and overwhelming. The large number of prominent citizens interviewed by the enterprising reporter of our morning contemporary leaves no room for doubt. They are men of property and have the interests of the city at heart. They would not prevaricate. The conclusion is irresistible. The Chronicle takes the position and will maintain it against all comers, that "It is not!"—Birmingham Chronicle of the 9th inst.

Hayneville News.

Yes give 'tis hot.
Fodder pullers are now in demand.
Tommy Foshee, who has been very sick for sometime is now improving rapidly.
Some talk of cotton worms in this vicinity. Hope not.
Dr. DuBose, formerly of this place but now of South Dallas, spent a few days with us last week.

Mrs. Annie Vines, of Birmingham, is spending the summer with relatives at this place.

Novice.

A REMARKABLE ESCAPE.
Mrs. Mary A. Daily, of Tunkhannock Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in flesh 50 lbs. in a few months. Free Trial Bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at Dr. M. J. Greene Drug Store. Large Bottles \$1.00.

Howard College.

MARION, ALA.

Moral and religious influences—attention to manners and business habits—select associates—virtue preserved and improved—attention to health—practical and scientific methods of instruction—pleasant relations between teachers and students—a band of brothers—kindness and courtesy to new comers—moderate cost of preparation for business and professional life. For catalogues and further information address: J. T. MURFEE, President. 8-13-14

Verbena Male and Female Academy.

VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence Sept. 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:
Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.
Preparatory " " 2.00.
Intermediate " " 3.00.
Academic " " 4.00.
Music " " 3.00.
Contingent fee per term .50.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.
The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality healthy and railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.

For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. C. ACREE, Principal.

NOTICE NO. 4119.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 3, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the NW 1/4 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: J. J. Owens, George W. Kemp, Abasalom C. Pool and J. R. B. Lingley, all of Kinchenon, Ala.
Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4139.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 10, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 19th, 1885, viz: Bruck H. Bryant, Homestead 12384, for the SE 1/4 Section 8, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Jonathan Calloway, William Robinson, James M. Robinson, Tullman Robinson, all of Verbena, Ala.
Thos. J. Scott, Register.

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Thos. J. Scott, Register.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Taken up by John T. Watson on or about the 8th day of August and estrayed before W. H. Shelby J. P., one bay filly, three years old, about fourteen hands high, each ear clipped, and appraised by J. P. Allen and J. A. McNeill at forty dollars.
August 11th, '85.
H. J. CALLEE, Judge of Probate.

Subscribe for THE VIEW.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 11, 1885.
Mr. Matthew DeB, business place No. 33 North Peters street, residence Royal street, between Jessamine and Bartholomew, New Orleans, has been a most intense sufferer from kidney trouble (diabetes) for the last six long and weary years. He used to say: "Even earlier than that I frequently suffered from pain in the back, and frequent making of water, but gave it no thought until about the time stated, when the almost constant desire to make water became unendurable. The pain in the back, and sometimes in the legs, made me so lame at times that I could scarcely walk. I consulted one of the best doctors in this city, and was under his constant treatment for one entire year without deriving the least benefit. I then consulted from time to time, during the last five or six years, six other physicians, each one standing in the front rank of the medical profession in New Orleans, and though I sometimes was a little relieved of some of my suffering, yet upon the whole I was not only no better, but in many respects much worse. My limbs became so swollen and sore that I could not cross my legs when sitting on a chair—all of which, they said, was caused by diabetes. I then tried some highly lauded patent medicine. And they all turned out to be humbug. I had given up all hopes of ever getting relief, much less being cured, when I noticed in the papers some wonderful cures that PERUNA had made in this city, as prescribed by Dr. Hartman, giving the name and address of each person treated. I called to see him; he at once prescribed his PERUNA, which is not over three weeks ago. I am so much better that if I would not improve any more, I would not for any amount that I had not placed myself under his treatment. All my pain and lameness is gone. The swelling and stiffness in my legs has disappeared, and I now make it once in three hours during the day, and only twice in a whole night. I am, indeed, quite well again. Don't hesitate, don't say humbug, but get the PERUNA at once and take it as its printed label directs, or, if you think this is only an advertisement, and not strictly true, call and see me and see for yourself."
Mrs. Huldah Rippe, Smethport, McKean county, Pa., writes: "Dr. S. B. Hartman, & Co., Columbus, O. I have used your PERUNA and it has done me a great deal of good. Have recommended it to many of my friends, who have since expressed themselves as wonderfully pleased with its virtues."

COLLINS' AGUE CURE
AN UNFAILING CURE FOR AGUE, CHILLS, FEVER, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA, OR FLOX.
It is a Perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has no equal as a prompt and permanent cure for CHILLS. One Bottle at 50 cents, will cure any case of ague, fever, or biliousness. It is a great cleanser of the system, cures jaundice, and all the ailments of the liver.
A New Alabama Testimonial Letter:
Pickens Landing, Ala., Dec. 10, 1884—Collins' Ague Cure has cured me of ague, fever, and biliousness, and I feel much better than I have for years. I have used it several times, and it has cured me every time. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have all been cured. I have used it several times, and it has cured me every time. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have all been cured. I have used it several times, and it has cured me every time. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have all been cured.
Denn, Ala., Dec. 12, 1884—To the Editors of the Alabama Statesman: I have used Collins' Ague Cure for several years, and it has cured me of ague, fever, and biliousness, and I feel much better than I have for years. I have used it several times, and it has cured me every time. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have all been cured. I have used it several times, and it has cured me every time. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have all been cured.
Iowa, Ala., Dec. 17, 1884—I have used your Ague Cure for several years, and it has cured me of ague, fever, and biliousness, and I feel much better than I have for years. I have used it several times, and it has cured me every time. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have all been cured. I have used it several times, and it has cured me every time. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have all been cured.
Perrinton, Ala., Feb. 3, 1885—Collins' Ague Cure will cure a cough, cold or sore throat, more promptly than any medicine I ever used. I have used it several times, and it has cured me every time. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have all been cured. I have used it several times, and it has cured me every time. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they have all been cured.
PRICE 50 CTS. A BOTTLE, SOLD EVERYWHERE.
COLLINS' PHOS. DRUG CO.
St. Louis, Mo.

THE GREAT Through Trunk Line
Without Change and with Speed Unrivalled
SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE
From New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery, to
NORTH, EAST & WEST
PULLMAN CARS Without change to Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago, and but one change to all NORTHERN AND EASTERN CITIES.
THROUGH COACHES
From Chattanooga and Nashville to St. Louis, connecting direct for Cities in the Northwest.
EMIGRANTS Seeking homes on the line of late road will receive special rates. Agents of this Company for rates, routes, etc., or write C. P. ATMORE, G. P. & T. A. CO., Louisville, Ky.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING
A book of 100 pages. The best book for an advertiser to consult. It contains a list of newspapers and estimates of the cost of advertising in each. It is a most valuable book, and one that every advertiser should have. It is a most valuable book, and one that every advertiser should have. It is a most valuable book, and one that every advertiser should have. It is a most valuable book, and one that every advertiser should have.

Do You Know
THAT
LORILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG TOBACCO,
with Red Tin Tag; Rose Leaf Fine Cut Chewing; Navy Clippings, and black, Brown and Yellow Snuffs are the Best and cheapest, quality considered.
August 6

Surveyor's Notice.
I would respectfully inform the people of Chilton county that I have been re-appointed county surveyor, and with an experience of thirty years, am prepared to do all surveying entrusted to me with satisfaction to all parties. Persons wishing to know where their land lines are would do well to call on me.
H. R. ARCHERSON, Surveyor.



DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

GREAT
VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY,
MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR.
For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These afflictions are sometimes sudden and always painful. A speedy and effectual cure depends mainly upon a quick application and efficient remedy, and just here, we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir, is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulences, Flux, Pains in the bowels, etc. The Elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, in doses as directed, as it contains no harmful ingredient. It is palatable and does not produce Nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.
The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of those glands situated in the stomach and bowels. It is a looking up of the secretions of these glands that brings on dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heart-burn, palpitation of the heart, vertigo or swimming of the head, sick or nervous headache, constipation of the bowels accompanied at the same time with pains in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine that strikes at and removes the cause from the system that produces and brings on the disease. This is effectually done with Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

SPURLOCK PAGE & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Nashville, Tenn.
The above medicines are for sale by
M. J. GREENE, Clanton. 0830

THE BIRMINGHAM STEAM LAUNDRY,
1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets
BIRMINGHAM ALA.,
makes a specialty of laundering collars and cuffs sent them by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at this office. Information also given by us in regard to prices, etc. feb22f

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

MRS. W. A. Childs,
PROPRIETRESS.
Bibb St., One Block From Temple Building,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

OAKTON SPRINGS

HOTEL,
(Open from May to November, yearly.)
Fronting Lake Pewaukee, 19 Miles West of Milwaukee, on Mil. & St. Paul Ry., main Line, Waukesha Co., Wis. 4 hours from Chicago. Hotel 'Bus at all trains free to guests.
This handsome and spacious Hotel, containing 110 rooms, is so situated that from its double terraces is presented an extensive view of Lake Pewaukee, is now open to summer health or invalid visitors, and at terms which must be regarded by all as liberal.

The hotel is supplied with a light and airy billiard room, containing four tables of latest improvement; a double ten-pin alley, Croquet ground, etc., and in addition to lovely scenery, and splendid drives, has the boat headquarters almost directly in front and but a few yards from the door, and where boats for rowing and fishing can be obtained at small charge. Sail boats for excursions, and three Steamers may be found for trips round the Lake in its whole extent, or to distances to suit parties. Besides the pure and bracing atmosphere of the locality. Lake scenery, Fishing and Shooting, the Hotel affords the Sanitary importance of the Oakton Springs, which are of convenient access if it is desired to visit them, while the waters will be supplied at the Hotel to such as may not visit the Springs.

The Oakton are the oldest, most delightfully flavored and valuable, for their curative properties of any of the Wisconsin Springs, and have been known and used by the Indians, Trappers, and Hunters, as early as 1836, as remedial waters.

TERMS \$2.50 PER DAY.
Liberal deductions by the week or month. For full particulars, Address, Wm. CURRIE, Proprietor, apr30-3m Lake Pewaukee, Wis.

HEADACHE
WHOLE'S HUMAN VEGETABLE PILLS
Cure Headache, Stomach, Liver, Kidney, and all other ailments.

W. A. PRATT & CO.
No. 7, Dexter Ave.,
MONTGOMERY,

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST LINE OF MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', YOUTHS' CHILDREN'S SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED satisfaction.

A New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods.

JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & CO.

—CLANTON, ALA.—

Where you can get the best goods for the least money.

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOKS,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON

SASH DOORS BLINDS

Builder's

Paints, Putty, and

Builder's

Cement, Lumber

READY MIXED PAINTS

119 Commerce St., in Wholesale

may 7-ly MONTGOMERY

New Goods! New

B. WELLMAN

"Louisville Clothing"

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnishings

Bottom Prices at Last

"The Best Goods for the Least Money," is the motto of the

House, and I am now selling an immense stock of

and Summer Goods at the Lowest Cash

Feb 15-1f

BAINS & HERR

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS

1926 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th

Birmingham, ALA.

P. O. BOX 570.

T. C. THOMPSON

BIRMINGHAM,

—DEALERS IN—

HARDWARE

Sash, Doors and Blinds. Paints, Glass, Cement and Plaster.

MANTELS, GRATES

—AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Cooking and Heating

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., AUG., 13, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE N. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 3 6:31 p. m.
No. 7 8:45 p. m.
No. 9 5:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 8:34 a. m.
No. 12 10:28 a. m.
No. 4 9:43 p. m.
No. 8 7:25 p. m.
* Don't stop.

LODGES.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 123, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshier.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smith.

Treasurer—James M. Parikh.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acre.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Nodust.

Trains on time.

Hot well hotter.

Clanton booming.

Delightful weather since the rain.

Everything is lovely and the goose hangs high.

W. R. Oliver, Esq., of Calera, spent Monday in Clanton.

The sidewalks on main street are being very much improved.

Dr. Lamar, of Deatsville, visited friends in Clanton Wednesday.

Miss Hallie Ray is again a welcome visitor to friends in Clanton.

The View is now publishing Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage's sermons on its outside.

Mr. L. A. Pou and wife, of Pensacola, are in Clanton visiting Mrs. W. H. McNeil.

Crop prospects all over Chilton county are very flattering and better times will soon be here.

Misses Janie Oden, Mollie Guldridge and Lilla Guldridge, of Verbena, spent Sunday in Clanton.

Hot well patients are getting numerous. Clanton will soon be headquarters for the afflicted.

An interesting communication received too late for this issue. Will appear next week.

We learn that some of our farmers are using Paris green to kill the worms on their cotton.

Mr. W. R. Carter, of Shelby Iron Works, was in Clanton Monday attending Commissioner's Court.

That interesting and noble-hearted gentleman, Prof. J. M. Corderie, gave us a pleasant call on Tuesday.

This time it is Mrs. A. M. Adams who has made us happy by sending us a nice lot of peaches, apples and grapes.

One of our Clanton young men has had his hair cut short off up to the top of his head shines forth like the moon in its brilliancy.

A copy of Trench's "Notes on the Parables" belonging to this office, has strayed off. The borrower will please return.

A ball and ice cream supper was had in the Clifton House at Verbena, on Tuesday night. Thanks for an invitation. We regret that we could not attend.

Merchants! Don't forget to attend the meeting of the Merchant's Association, of your county, to be held in the court house at Clanton, on Monday the 7th proximo.

Mr. W. J. Simpson will shortly open up a stock of groceries in the Vinson store house. Another Richmond in the field. We hope to see Mr. Simpson there the success which he so fittingly deserves.

A delightful rain on Tuesday, afternoon cooled the atmosphere, in these parts considerably, and settled the dust which was very bad at that time.

Mr. W. H. Lawrence has purchased the residence of Mr. R. Ehrman. Mr. Ehrman will build a handsome two-story dwelling. Let the good work go on.

Mr. W. A. Candler, has brought to our office some open bolls of cotton, the first we have seen this year. They are thoroughly matured and well developed bolls.

We direct especial attention to the double column advertisement of Messrs. T. E. Callier & Son, of Dixie. Give them a trial. Merchants who advertise always have bargains to offer.

Rev. J. L. Thompson, and wife of Verbena, have been visiting friends in Clanton. We regret to learn that the health of Mrs. Thompson is bad. She has returned to Verbena.

A Clanton dude was out walking with his girl the other day. The snasher remarked that a rain was coming up as he felt a drop upon the tip of his ear. "Oh, then," said the angel, "that rain is quite a distance away yet."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

The sermon preached in the Baptist church at this place, on last Sunday night, by Rev. J. L. Thompson, was timely, chaste and forcible, and we hope it may have some effect in this community, where just such sermons are so badly needed.

Kissing is said to be a good thing to make a girl's lips red. A kiss has sometimes been known to make a girl's lips red way up to the roof of her forehead, when her mother came into the parlor unexpectedly just as the kisser and the kissees were coming under the wire.

We direct attention to the announcement of the Verbena Male and Female Academy. This institution is not surpassed as a high grade Academy by any in the State and is an honor to our county. Under the control of Prof. W. U. Acre, the Academy will continue to win encomiums from all its patrons.

About three or four weeks ago we sent out about two hundred or more circular letters to our delinquent subscribers, requesting them to pay up. We have probably heard from a dozen of them and half of that number only gave us good promises. However we wish to thank that dozen, one and all, for what they have done towards making us happy.

Howard College.

Col. J. T. Murfee, president of Howard College, Marion, Ala., one of the finest and best equipped colleges in the State or in the South, was in Clanton Wednesday, in the interest of that institution. An advertisement of the college will be found in this paper.

It would pay some one well to make arrangements with Mr. Blasingame, and supply the people of Clanton with hot water from the well. A great many more would bathe, if they could get the water put down at their doors; for the present arrangements are very inconvenient. Also, more people from a distance would be induced to come here for the baths, if they knew the water would be brought to their boarding place.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

A pretty young lady has a school near our town. Meeting a strapping young Alabamian returning with books in hand from the school he was asked how he was getting along. "Very well," said he, "I've learned the first lesson." Being questioned as to the subject of that lesson he explained: "I've learned to love the teacher."

Clanton needs a high school and must have one. We have a splendid building for the purpose, and plenty of boys and girls who need the benefits of a thorough course in a high school to prepare them for the higher courses in our colleges and universities. We fear our citizens do not fully appreciate the necessity of a good school with a high standard, which could easily be built up here if they would all put their shoulders to the wheel, and employ a good teacher to work it up.

The protracted meeting, at the Methodist church, in this place, commenced last night. The meeting is being conducted by Rev. C. R. Lamar, the pastor of that church, assisted by Rev. O. R. Blue, presiding elder of this circuit and Rev. Mr. Greene, of Verbena. As soon as the Methodist meeting is over a protracted meeting will be carried on in the Baptist church at this place, conducted by Rev. J. L. Thompson, the Baptist pastor.

Frank McCall, of the Union Springs Herald, has quit exchanging with the View. Why? If it is because the Herald is a bigger paper, we can offset that by acknowledging to our Herald friend that the View is the better paper; and that should balance matters. Tell us what the trouble is and we'll try to remedy it. Perhaps we didn't puff H. G. McCall's wild cat schemes in Clanton enough? We won't try to remedy matters if that is the trouble.

Spare the Trees.

One of the chief points of beauty with which our town is graced is its shade trees. The man who cuts down a shade tree is too dull to appreciate the beauties of nature or of Heaven and is fit only for life in this cold, bare world, while the man who plants a shade tree is not only a public but is an individual benefactor. The most beautiful cities are those where the monarch of the forest has undisputed sway. Spare the trees.

Mr. Wm. Rabb, one of the most polite and attentive conductors on the L. & N. R. R., was so unfortunate as to meet with a stroke of paralysis some time since. Mr. Rabb came to Clanton about a week ago and could move about but slowly even on crutches. Upon bathing in the water from the hot well several times, he was able to throw aside his crutches after being here two days. He is getting better and stronger every day, and he thinks that he will soon be moving around as briskly as any one. We are glad that so excellent a gentleman as Mr. Rabb will soon be able to resume his duties upon our railroad; and furthermore we are glad that our hot well has decided to "sit down upon" that drummer's interview.

Discharged.

The darkey, Jim Henry, who shot three negroes at Verbena lately, an account of which was published last week, had a preliminary trial at this place on Friday last, and was discharged, though the testimony was very damaging to the defense. One of the negroes he shot was instantly killed, the other two were but slightly injured and have about recovered. It appears that an overwhelming public sentiment had greater weight in the case than did the evidence, as the testimony for the prosecution was surprisingly strong. Public sentiment in this case, it is admissible, may have been a better criterion of justice than the law. They are few who do not know that law is not always justice.

Our Town.

An absence of a few short months from Clanton will enable one to better realize the extent of the improvement that is being made within a radius of a mile from the Court House. It is safe to say that no town on the L. & N. railroad between Montgomery and Nashville with the possible exception of Birmingham is growing so rapidly and solidly as our own.

The advantages of location, railroad facilities, health, good schools, pure water, and the diversified and independent system of small farms have brought about this confidence and aspiration which is resulting so beneficially for the place, and today Clanton has triple the population that was here when this paper was established less than four years ago. She has taken up on herself an ambition to become something, and when the will is at hand the way is easy—she will become a town for central Alabama.

1866.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON.

aug13-4m

DIXIE, ALABAMA.

to be proud of. Let critics and croakers go behind the wood sheds and into the alleys and curse the fortune that proves their predictions false; for there is nothing now ahead but progress and abundant prosperity unless some unexpected and improbable calamity should come upon our section.

Clanton is not only holding her own but is drawing into her embrace everything that comes within reach that is good and that will redound to her prosperity. We could expect nothing more and we want nothing better.

There are in every community some morose beings who are always prognosticating ruin. Our town needs them not, but leaving them to scrape the gutters she is bounding along in mile heat strides, so to speak, to a future prosperity which at this early day it might not be fair to place a limit upon. Let all who will lend a hand in the work.

THESE ARE SOLID FACTS.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever required an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Kinchelon Locals.

If a few locals from this part of creation will not be amiss, we beg leave to try our hand.

We are having melons now, and hope not to have the chills after a while.

The protracted meeting will begin here next Friday night. We would be pleased to see the editor out.

Rev. Mr. Sampey filled the pulpit in the church at Shiloh last Sunday. We hope to have him with us often in the future.

Miss Scottie Ogden, of Long View, Ala., has been visiting relatives and friends near here. She is a nice young lady, and we hope she may come back before a great while.

The cleverest man in the county is teaching at the terminus of the P. S. M. R. R. He teaches during the week and comes up here and shovels dirt for accommodation on Saturdays.

Mr. Bill Mullins is getting on finely with the improvements he has undertaken. With his race and turbine wheel, he will have one of the best water powers in the county. By the way, our place will be nearly as large as Clanton when Mr. Mullins gets up his new gin house and gathers his corn.

In the View, of July 30th, your Long Ridge correspondent speaks as though they have good corn in his neighborhood we are glad that they have, but must say it is not in sight of the road.

Mr. Kemp is pulling the fodder off his corn, and if he was disposed to do so, he could build a crib of the corn stalks, large enough to house all the corn we have seen on Long Ridge, corn, stalks, fodder and all; however we will have our glasses the next time.

Bob Buck.

The father of "ex-Rebel" John S. Wise was Governor of Virginia, and Mr. Blaine eulogized the whole Wise family as "an aristocracy of talent." But here is ex-Confederate Fitzhugh Lee, Wise's opponent in the political race for the Governorship of Virginia, who is a grandson of "Light Horse Harry" Lee, of Revolutionary record, and a nephew of Gen. Robert E. Lee, who was Confederate Commander in Chief. As for family, the Lees, in Virginia phrase, "just lay over" the Wises for generations, and it would seem as if nothing but the sheerest political partiality would prevent Mr. Blaine from writing a congratulatory and eulogistic letter to Gen. Fitzhugh Lee. Mr. Blaine may be assured that Gen. Lee would burn it instantly. New York World.

1885.

A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy
and will buy everything you
have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

HENRY C. MAYER,

Proprietor of

City Shoe Store,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

AND DEALER IN

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots
and Shoes, Trunks, Valises
and Satchels.

19th street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

The Chilton View
Job Printing Office

Clanton, Ala.

Is Prepared to Execute

JOB PRINTING.

AT LOW RATES

AND IN THE NEATEST STYLE.

Having, at considerable outlay, added a Job Department to our office, we would respectfully call the attention of business men and others in need of JOB PRINTING, to our superior facilities for the prompt and tasteful execution of everything needed in that line, such as

Bill Heads,

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Commissary

Checks,

Circulars,

Blanks,

Notes, &c.

Our outfit is new, and our work will be such as to merit the patronage of the public.

LITTLE GIANT

HYDRAULIC

COTTON PRESS.

AWARDED

Grand Gold Medal

BEING

First Premium on Cotton Presses,

AT THE

NEW ORLEANS EXPOSITION.

We have been making these presses for several years, and for ease of working, perfection of machinery and satisfaction to the user, they are without a rival. We make them with boxes from 8 to 15 feet deep. With the deep box but little tramping is needed. We make a bale of from 600 to 650 lbs. weight. Our presses work by hand or steam power, as may be desired. Prices vary according to size and kind of frame desired.

Our LITTLE GIANT HYDRAULIC PRESS is

THE BEST Cotton Press made.

Write for a Circular. Manufactured by

J. W. CARDWELL & CO.,

Richmond, Va.

AGENTS WANTED.

PROBATE NOTICE.

State of Alabama, Chilton County

Probate Court, July 27th, 1885.

Estate of Jesse Atwood deceased.

To Elizabeth Adams, Joel Adams and B. T. Atwood, of the State of Arkansas, Elvira Beard, Ely Beard and John Atwood, of the State of Texas, Harrison Atwood, of Mississippi and John W. Atwood, of Arkansas; and all parties at interest: Take notice that J. P. Smithman as administrator of the estate of Jesse Atwood deceased has filed his application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to the estate of said decedent for the purpose of division, upon the ground that said land cannot be equally divided, and the 14th day of September 1885 has been appointed for the hearing of said application, at which time you may appear and contest said application if you see proper as to do.

H. J. CALLEN,

Judge of Probate.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience.

I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-1f Rev. J. G. GURLEY.

Chilton View

—AND—

THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY

Courier-Journal.

One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of one.

By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the

COURIER-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the south, Democratic and

for a Terrible for Revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the

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COURIER

The Chilton View.

JOHN C. LAWRENCE, Editor and Publisher.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum.

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1885.

NO. 41.

Year	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900
1884	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
1885	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
1886	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
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1898	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
1899	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
1900	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

THE TRUMPET BLOWS.

The brown chide quivered upon green,
The lashed air whistled low,
The laurel leaf in tender, misty bloom,
On back the violet blow:
The orchard blossoms madden like a bride,
And fair hills melt in haze,
While golden willows stand on either side
Along the brook's glad ways.

Gleaming with quivering wings from bough
To bough
The bluebird finds his mate;
A thrill—a dash of piercing melody—
Nay, coy one, why so late!
In every little wood a bird is singing—
The trembling, fluttering birds:
With rapture satiated the copse ring,
A joy beyond all words.

To the light kisses of the odoriferous air
My pulses rise and fall,
Enraptured by that timid touch, awe
Of one who stirs in all.
I, too, am borne by influence deep;
I tremble, like the rose.
Love hath awakened all the world from
slumber—
For me the trumpet blows!

—D. H. R. Goodale, in Harper's.

ALMOST A TRAGEDY.

It might be truly said that a band of music welcomed them upon their arrival, for as the hotel coach drove up to the door, Mr. and Mrs. Winsum, the sole occupants, stepped out to the tune of "See the Conquering Hero Comes," one of the various melodies with which the numerous guests of the Mountain house were entertained on pleasant afternoons.

Dark hair and eyes, well-cut features, broad shoulders, five feet ten, such was Mr. Frank Winsum, who sprang from the clumsy vehicle and assisted a little lady with golden hair, violet eyes, perfect complexion, reticent nose—Mrs. Frank Winsum.

The bride couple, for such they proved to be, were received with unqualified satisfaction.

We were getting tired of the despotism exercised by Mrs. Vandeville, a tall, dignified woman, exceedingly slender, with a Roman nose, piercing black eyes, and an imperious manner, which overruled most of us, more particularly her husband, a meek little man, who was a terror in his office and a slave at home.

She had directed the social element of Mountain house for a month past, and so completely subjugated its inmates that I fancy we hardly ventured to take a drive before consulting her as to the best road.

The new people were on their honeymoon trip, and an event of so novel and romantic a nature claimed immediate interest.

Mrs. Vandeville, who was the maternal parent of two auburn-haired daughters, eyed the fascinating bride with cold suspicion.

"Who are these persons?" she said in a severe tone, looking round her small circle of adherents. "We cannot be too careful. We are wives"—this with a scathing look at her timid spouse—"and mothers," casting a sentimental glance at her fair progeny, who immediately began to whimper; "and it is due to our families that we should find out exactly how these Winsums are before allowing ourselves to become intimate with them."

Although fully agreeing with their leader that evening, the next day an introduction to the enemy completely routed their prejudices, and one and all absconded with the idea of the other side without instituting a single inquiry as to their antecedents, or, in fact, asking anything about them.

Mrs. Vandeville accepted the situation but it was evident she did not intend to relinquish the field without a struggle.

She had chosen the picturesque spots for picnics, superintended the ice cream parties, occupied the post of honor in all the rides, led the songs in a high soprano key during our moonlight sails; therefore it is hardly to be wondered at that she failed to yield gracefully to the younger and prettier woman, but on the contrary cherished a feeling of bitterness, and determined to be avenged upon her lovely rival.

We were located at a sort of farmhouse hotel almost on the top of the Murdock mountain in Sullivan county. There were not more than forty boarders—just enough to make a pleasant party.

Before the advent of the Winsums it was divided, each clique endeavoring to supersede the other; jealous, and in many ways quarrelsome. But somehow this bright little couple soon changed all that.

They were not well off, that was certain, and occupied the cheapest room in the house. The bride's dresses, though fitting exquisitely, were made of the plainest materials, here and there trimmed with a bit of ribbon, which, together with her piquant beauty, made her entirely charming. They were both brimming over with talent.

Frank possessed an inexhaustible fund of clever songs, and with a good baritone voice and an excellent knowledge of music, accompanied himself to everybody's satisfaction.

As for little Mrs. Frank, she was delightfully glib. She invented delectable games for the children, taught the girls the newest and most intricate dances in vogue, and expounded the beauties of the greatest views about the country, and, in fact, proved generally

Mrs. Vandeville became sullen with disappointment, and finally declined to join us in any of our innocent amusements.

Summer waned, as the poets say, and we were beginning to meet at breakfast-time with questioning looks and "What shall we do next?" written upon every face. No one had anything new to propose, and our social circle seemed at a standstill.

During the week Mrs. Vandeville maintained a mysterious silence that aroused suspicion, and presently vague whispers were circulated to the effect that the fascinating Winsums were not what they appeared to be; that their affection in public was a delusion.

This dreadful rumor demanded instant investigation.

As a matter of course, the ladies questioned Mrs. Vandeville, while the gentlemen interrogated Mr. Vandeville, who nervously admitted that he and his wife, hearing strange sounds issue from the Winsums' room, which adjoined theirs, considered it a duty to society to listen, and in consequence thereof had heard the most dreadful things, adding under his breath, "It makes my blood run cold to think of it, and you must excuse me, for I will say no more."

This was enough. Several guests who still remained loyal to the Vandeville colors congregated in that lady's room at a late hour the same night, not only to verify Mr. Vandeville's statement, but also to satisfy their own curiosity.

The door of a large closet which separated the two rooms was purposely left open, and ordinary conversation could be easily heard.

Mrs. Vandeville looked virtuous and important; her husband disgusted and ashamed. A tiny clock on the mantel chimed eleven. A slight rustling could be distinguished, and the listeners became interested.

Suddenly a low voice broke the oppressive stillness; but the confused jumble of undertones was too indistinct, and disappointment was plainly visible on every countenance.

After a few moments of inaudible conversation, the voices grew louder and still louder, until, the occupants of Mrs. Vandeville's room, in their excitement, exhibited signs of immediate betrayal.

That lady made an imperious gesture, and the eavesdroppers listened breathlessly to the following dialogue:

"I will hear no more, I tell you. What have I to live for? I placed my honor in your hands, and how have you repaid me?"

"Indeed, Harold, I have always loved you, always been faithful to you!"

"Harold!" echoed Mrs. Courtney, the Vandevilles' dearest friend. "Then his name isn't Frank, after all!"

"Hush!"

The stern voice continued:

"Oh, Marion!"

"Marion!" ejaculated Mrs. Courtney in horror; "why, she said her name was Eleanor."

"Hush!" murmured the assembled party again.

"Oh, Marion, you dare assert your innocence, knowing that I hold the actual proof of your guilt here in my hand? What is this letter, but an avowal of love for the man whom I have taken by the hand and called friend, and who deceives me beneath the very roof we both call home?"

"Gracious me!" whispered Miss Merton, a gentle spinster of forty. "He must mean brother Fred. You know how outrageously she flirts with him."

"Silence!" said Mrs. Vandeville.

"Harold, have mercy; do not shut me out from your heart. See, upon my knees I plead to you. In memory of the many happy hours we have been together, listen to me, and I can explain all."

"How dreadful!" gasped Miss Merton; "and they pretended to be a bridal couple!"

"Enough! not one word. To-night you leave me forever."

"Oh! this won't do at all," cried Mr. Courtney, who was usually an extremely quiet and punctilious man. Some thing must be done. The propriety of this establishment ought to be maintained. A departure at such an hour would be ruinous, and create disagreeable gossip. Mr. Vandeville, you must knock at these people's door and tell them all is known, that no scene will be permitted. To-morrow they will be more than welcome to take their leave; but by all means beg them to make no disturbance at midnight. We will follow and inquire anything you may consider proper to say."

The party fell in line, and in another moment were facing Mrs. Winsum's door, whence a faint cry was at this instant audible.

Emboldened by this sound, Mr. Vandeville rapped hastily, and a hearty "Come in!" responded.

Pushing her husband aside, and drawing Mr. Courtney by the arm, Mrs. Vandeville entered the room, followed closely by the remainder of the party.

The picture that confronted them was decidedly embarrassing. Frank Winsum, comfortably ensconced in a capacious rocking chair, held his small wife upon his knee; her fair arm was about his neck, her golden hair mingled with his chestnut curls, and their two heads leaned in a passion-captured pose.

"Oh, my!" said the little woman, springing up; "is this a surprise party? Frank, dear, put on your coat," and, with her face suffused with blushes, she rattled on: "You see, we came to our room early this evening, because we were getting up a little plan for something new; so we've concluded it would be a good idea to arrange a series of private theatricals; but, as you've caught us reading over a play-book; you shall be taken into the secret at once; therefore,"—with a dramatic gesture—"enter all and choose your parts."

"I think, my dear Mrs. Winsum, that we already have the characters best suited to us," said Mr. Courtney, who was honestly ashamed of his share in the conspiracy.

"Why, I don't understand you. What characters do you mean?"

"Those of busybodies and fools;" and thereupon the whole story came out.

The next day two trunks marked "Vandeville" were conveyed to the station. Mr. and Mrs. Winsum became greater favorites than ever, and a roaring farce was the only result of what had promised to become "Almost a Tragedy."

Scenes in Sonora.

Around these oases, says a letter Sonora, Mexico, were scattered a few mud huts, often merely a roof of dry branches supported on crooked tree trunks. Sometimes an adobe house with heavy wooden trellis-work over the openings, a brick roof covered with a foot of clay, and the whole whitewashed represented the casa mayor of the rancho. Within reach of the water we could see a few roas and nulpas (corn patches tiled, the first with a species of hoe, the second with a Mexican plow but beyond this no sign of cultivation could be discovered. The yellow grass of the prairie seems, notwithstanding the apparent dryness, to be excellent fodder for the cattle, of which many were grazing near the railroad line, and ran away as we came near. There is no murrain, no diseases of any kind to frighten the ranchero. Provided the rainy season has been a fair one, he knows that his herds are multiplying and are in good condition. If there has been but a slight fall of rain he must simply drive his stock nearer to the next river. For himself and his household he has raised enough corn to last until the next crop; he has as many chickens as he will want, a few pigs, and now and then he kills a cow or an ox, which gives him meat enough for a month or so; and from the grease he makes the dozen candles he requires (the fibre of the vessel makes a very good wick). His saddle is still in good order, he has a carbine, an imitation Smith and Wesson, a belt full of cartridges, and a good mule. By selling a cow he can buy enough cotton to clothe his family and a little coffee and panocha (brown sugar), which are his luxuries. Once a year he can indulge in a new hat. Beyond the above he has nothing to wish for. He looks with astonishment at the passing train, and wonders at the stupidity of people who crowd the occupations of a week in one day. What is the use of going so fast? If you get through with so much to-day, what are you going to do to-morrow? Following this line of philosophy, he prefers to ride along the road within forty yards of the rail track, and prefer supervising his pack train himself to taking a ticket, checking his luggage, and having nothing more to occupy his mind. After all he may be right.

American Fables.

A Fox made a call on a Peasant and asked his Advice about Reforming from his Evil Ways, but in place of any Words the Peasant gave him a Terrible Whack with a Long-Handled Shovel.

"How can you explain such Outrageous Conduct?" demanded the Fox, as he limped out of reaching distance.

"Experience has taught me," replied the Peasant, "that Reformation is most always letting go of Poor Mutton in order to grab for Sirloin Steak. As a Reformed Fox you would let my Old Hens alone, but go for my Young Geese."

MORAL: The Fox was Working for both chicken and goose.

THE COOPER'S COMPLAINT.

A certain Cooper who made many Barrels went before a Judge and desired to Lodge a serious complaint against the Family living next door to his Shop.

"The sound of their Mill grinding Coffee at noon gives me a Chill," he complained, "and I ask for an Injunction to Suppress the Noise. They have no Right to Disturb my Peace."

"But you maintain a continuous Pounding from 7 in the morning to 6 at night," protested the Judge.

"True, your Honor, but mine is a case of Necessity, while they can drink cold Water in place of Coffee."

"And by the same line of Reasoning we can put our Floor in Sacks instead of Barrels. Your Injunction will not Lie—costs, \$11.50."

MORAL: Our Hens never Annoy the Neighbors, but how awfully the Neighbor's Dog does BARK on our Nerves.—Proverb.

Followers who point the town and over night are liable to find them in the police court by the morning.—Epigram.

LIFE IN AFRICA.

Incidents of Travel Among Wild Tribes.

When an African chief travels he takes the whole or a part of his household with him. The simple aborigines, therefore, are apt to look upon the solitary white traveler who wanders through their country without a single wife in his train as a suspicious character. They are quite sure he needs close watching to prevent his running off with some of the females of the tribe. Dr. Barth, the explorer, said, after living five years in Africa, that it would be better for a traveler in those regions to take his wife with him, if possible. He said the natives would respect him more, and he would get along better. "They had nothing to object to me," he wrote, "except my being a bachelor."

If the traveler has no wife the native chiefs, as a rule, are not backward about offering to supply the deficiency. Nearly all the explorers have had some annoying experiences with kings who were anxious to have them settle down, marry into the royal family, and grow up with the country. Some travelers have felt compelled to leave very abruptly in order to escape the attentions of women who were determined to detain them as their husbands.

Dr. Buchner, the German traveler, who lived for six months at the capital of the Niamia Yawo about five years ago, was much distressed by the deep interest with which he had unwittingly inspired the sister of that Central African potentate. He describes her as a middle-aged and remarkably unprepossessing person of great avoirdupois. She insisted that Buchner take her for his wife and settle down comfortably as joint proprietor of her extensive herds and fields. She importuned him so frequently that he was glad to escape her at last by quitting the country.

One of the daughters of the king of the Ambuellas, near the Zambezi river, fell desperately in love with Serpa Pinto, the Portuguese explorer, who returned to Africa a few months ago. Her elder sister, who ably abetted her matrimonial designs, was very indignant when Pinto refused to marry the young girl. She wanted to know in the shrillest of tones, if there were any prettier women in the country he came from, and what sort of a man he was anyway. The sharp-witted wife of one of Pinto's porters heard the row and entered the hut. Assuming an air of great indignation, she told their royal highnesses that Pinto was her husband, and they had better let him alone. She bundled them out of the hut, and Pinto and his party left early next morning to avoid any further complications. In the picture Pinto's book contains of the infatuated young woman she appears to be quite a fine specimen of an African beauty.

Explorers have learned by experience that it is best to permit their porters to take their women along with them, even if their journey is to be thousands of miles in length. When a carrier has his wife with him he is not likely to run away. Besides the women carry burdens nearly as heavy as those of the men. They wash and cook better than the men, endure fatigue better, carry their burdens more cheerfully, and work for less pay. African women have proved valuable adjuncts of nearly every expedition that has penetrated the continent in the past ten years.

Mr. Hore, a missionary on the great Lake Tanganyika, found near the southern coast three years ago a flourishing tribe, whose ruler was a woman. She was a good-looking negress, nearly forty years old, and she was attended everywhere by waiting. Mr. Hore was the first white man Queen Mwema had seen, and she thought she would like to have the pale-faced stranger permanently near her residence. She begged him to live in her town, and when he insisted that he could not, she did not let him go until he had promised to send some of his brethren to reside in her district. The queen said she would give them houses and plenty of land. At last accounts a mission station was about to be established in Queen Mwema's town.

The late King Mwema, whose subjects inhabit the beautiful shores of Lake Victoria Nyanza, made a unique response when a missionary applied to him for food supplies two or three years ago. He listened in silence to the good man's petition, and then sent an attendant out into the streets of Rubaga with instructions that the missionary did not hear. Presently the attendant returned with a dozen damasks of Uganda in his wake. Then his majesty informed the poor missionary that he was tired of supplying him with food. He had concluded to present him with these women as his wives. They would plant his garden, prepare his dinner, and support him very handsomely, and he might come bothering around the place any more. Mwema was very angry when the missionary declined to accept this wholesale matrimonial offer. He told him to shift for himself, and the poor fellow and his comrades would doubtless have had to flee from the country if Mwema's envoys to England had not apparently returned with such wonderful stories of what they had seen that the white man's demand for food was granted.—Epigram.

The territorial government of Dakota has offered \$5,000 for the discovery and development of a mine of antimony ore in that territory, and prospectors are flocking to the territory.

White. He restored the missionaries to favor. Last year all his daughters were permitted to receive religious instruction, and one of them, who was converted, now occupies as king's sister, a position of large importance and influence among the Waganda.

On the great interior plateaus of Africa, whose inhabitants are generally much superior in mental and moral development to the coast negroes, the men exhibit a good deal of affection for their women. Livingstone, who usually speaks of African women as "ladies," makes many allusions to this fact, and so do Schweinfurth, Burton, and other explorers. The red-skinned Niam Nyamas are as noted as the Zulus for their intelligence and bravery, but if any of their women are captured by an enemy they will make any sacrifice and incur any disgrace to get them back again. The coast negro, however, appears to know neither love nor jealousy. Mr. J. Monteiro, who has lived for many years on the west coast, says that he never saw a negro there manifest the least tenderness toward a negress, or give or receive any caress that would indicate the slightest loving regard on either side.

It is to the credit of the natives that the white women who have entered the depths of Africa with their missionary husbands have almost invariably received kind treatment. If they could endure the climate they had nothing to fear from the aborigines. Mme. Tinne is perhaps the only white female traveler in Africa who has been killed. She wandered in safety among the blacks of the upper Nile, but fell a victim at last to Mohammedan fanaticism. Travelers say they would often be unable to make any progress whatever among the most savage tribes if they were not able to convince the natives that they possessed supernatural powers. A few conjurers' tricks will often open the way among savages, who would fight the explorer if they did not think he could bewitch them all.

Young Thompson, who recently came back from the Masai country, traveled far on his reputation as a man who could take his teeth out of his mouth and put them back again. He had two false teeth on a plate. When argument and entreaty availed nothing, he had only to do the teeth act to get about everything he wanted. A chief south of Lake Nyassa, who had never seen glass, became the warm friend of a missionary whose watch he was examining. He could see the hands right before him, but he couldn't put his fingers on them, and he thought the white man by some occult power kept him from touching them.

Some petty chiefs have been in the habit of appearing before explorers and personating their sovereign the Big King for the purpose of getting a handsome present. The explorers have found a means of exposing these frauds. As a rule, none but great chiefs are allowed to possess gaudy or highly-colored cloths. If such goods are offered to a sub-chiefs who pretends to be the king he refuses to receive them, and stands revealed as a fraud. Consul Elton carried a quantity of red velvet with him in his travels through East Africa. He says he reserved the velvet for great chiefs or impostors, and that in both cases it answered admirably.—New York Sun.

Guns That Burst Easily.

A bravo a young man placed the muzzle of his fowling piece under the water and fired the charge. The result was the bursting of the barrel near the breech, and the mutilation of his hand. Another placed and held the muzzle of his gun square against a piece of plate window glass and fired the charge—powder and bullet. The glass was shattered, so was the gun barrel. Another instance was that of an experimenter who had heard that a candle could be fired from the barrel of a gun through an inch board. He drove a candle into the muzzle of the gun, fired, and the explosion split the barrel almost its entire length, and did not even drive the candle from the muzzle. Still another burst of a gun-barrel was caused by the use of wet grass as a wad, well rammed down over a charge of shot. But perhaps one of the most singular exhibitions in this line was a Colt's navy revolver, which some years ago was sent to the factory in Hartford, Conn. This was before the adoption of these pistols to the metallic cartridges, and it is probable that in loading with open powder and ball only a small amount of powder got into the chambers, and the bullet was not propelled with sufficient force to drive it from the muzzle; at least the bullet did not go out, but lodged. As the shooter did not know whether the bullet escaped or not, he kept on firing until the barrel burst or bulged, and when it was sawed in two longitudinally there were found fourteen bullets wedged one into the other, and so much "upset" by the hammering of the successive explosions of the powder charges that some of them were not less than one inch in diameter, flattened disc instead of conical bullets.—Massachusetts and Builder.

The territorial government of Dakota has offered \$5,000 for the discovery and development of a mine of antimony ore in that territory, and prospectors are flocking to the territory.

Florida has entered the list of competitors for the Northern River market. A horticulturist at Tangipahoa recently shipped 10,000 water-balls to the States for the South.

Whalebone.

We often hear from some old seafaring friend an expression of wonder amounting almost to incredulity, as he meets with an item something like this in one of the New Bedford papers: "We hear of sales of 8,000 pounds of Arctic whalebone for export at \$8.10 a pound." His memory goes back to the time when he himself used to bring home cargoes of whale oil and bone from the Southern banks, or the Tristan and Crozet groups, getting a very small price for the oil, and as for his share of the whalebone, he thought himself pretty fortunate if he got the odd ten cents on the pound for it, let alone the \$8. He is thinking of the time and labor he has spent in securing so many tons of stuff, which hardly paid for the handling when it was finally brought to market, and of the exceptionally big catch in the Lively Sally, which would have made him almost a millionaire if the present price current had ruled in his younger days. We can well remember the time when a large proportion of our whalers were fitted expressly in pursuit of the sperm-whale, and when the owners and officers of such ships held all whalebone whales in contempt, as hardly worth wasting their time upon. Those who went out right whaling, voyages brought home the bone too, for it was worth something and served to clear out the earnings, enabling them to estimate the proceeds of the whole catch at a rate a few cents higher on a gallon. It was regarded as a kind of subordinate attachment to the oil, like the straw to the wheat, or the stover to the corn crop, but who in those days could ever have supposed that the commercial value of the two commodities would be reversed? For the expensive and dangerous venture now being made into the Arctic regions by a comparatively few ships each summer night, only to return a voyage for bone and oil rather than for all and none.—Philadelphia Record.

One of Life's Fishermen.

When a long-suffering fisherman accidentally and unexpectedly finds a big trout has actually grabbed his hook and shows fight and dashes around and pitches and cavorts, and lashes the water and bends the pole almost double and you brace yourself for the great occasion with hope in your eye and your heart in your mouth and begin to draw him in and up and out, and just at the inexpressible moment of success and triumph he gives a flit and falls back—oh, what a fall was that, my countrymen! What goodness, what helplessness, what crushing, subduing feelings come over a man. He couldn't smile if he was going to be hanged if he didn't. It was worse than to have a cow die, or to be left by a man. I have experienced that, and gone home as humbled as a wet dog. It is a \$10 grief over the loss of a half dollar fish.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

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CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
AND C. LAWRENCE, Associate.
Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., AUG., 20, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.50
One copy six months .75
One copy four .50

To Our Readers.

With good will to all and malice toward none the undersigned resumes control of the editorial columns of the View with this issue. Mr. John C. Lawrence will continue in the office as associate editor and business manager.

Very respectfully,
W. H. LAWRENCE,
Editor and Proprietor.

Hon. John M. McKelroy, is certainly looming up as the next Governor of Alabama. He will make a good one.

The cholera epidemic now raging so destructively in Spain has thus far killed 57,000 people in that country alone.

The Atlantic cable informs us that Mrs. Oscar Wilde has presented her husband with twins. How utterly true, too.

The Montgomery Advertiser says yellow garters are in vogue. We often wonder how Cory and Walker, the bachelor editors, find out so much about the fashions.

When Rev. Sam Jones visits Birmingham next month, it is to be hoped he will put his biggest foot down upon the progressive eucharist with which that burg is just now afflicted.

Birmingham has a well of black water. What next. With a well of black water and a whole town full of very natural gas, that burg will continue to grow like unto the famous green bay tree.

The yellow garb and black stocking editor of the Montgomery Advertiser should be gagged, or he may be spitting out something about a fashionable shade of bustle next.

Rev. Geo. R. Cather editor of the Asheville (Ala.) Egis has written a novel which has won only complimentary criticism from the press. When Brother Cather sends us a copy we can better tell what we think of it.

At Grantsville, U. T., some Chinese recently put a woman into a tin-lined box with just room enough for her to stand up in, and stood it in the sun, with a loose lid over the woman's head for a whole day. Next morning the woman was dead.

Senator Hill of Georgia is said to have received the largest fee ever earned by a lawyer. It amounted to \$120,000. Only \$60,000 of it, however, was collected. Judge Chisholm of Savannah was paid \$60,000 at one time for services to the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad and Gen. Henry R. Jackson an equal sum.

White dresses and black stockings are the rule at Long Branch balls.—Montgomery Advertiser.

We are willing to admit that the Advertiser may be correct as to the white dresses; but would like to know how the editor managed to find out about the black stockings.

TRON, ALA., August 15.—A most deplorable accident occurred in the sham battle of the Pike County Veterans at this place near noon today. Mr. W. J. Blain, the proprietor of the Troy Messenger, was horribly mangled by the premature discharge of the Little Texas cannon, having both hands torn off and his left arm crushed between the elbow and shoulder.

Will this sham battle glory never cease!

It is written that Calera has another "boom." Calera would be better off if she had more money, better water, more shades trees and less boom; and we have decided to wait and see what this boom is going to bring her, before saying anything about it. We hope that her boom will not repeat itself, and that her last boom may be something grand for Calera.

A purse of \$1500 having been made up for the Rev. Sam Jones he kept \$200 and returned \$1300 to the "givers," whereupon the Macon Telegraph remarks that the story of the Rev. Sam being a reformed lawyer must be true. We deny the inference. To keep \$1300 and return \$200 is as near as a lawyer ever gets to it even when he has returned.

The Greenville Advocate contains two columns of sheriff's sales. This is a "fat take" for the Advocate and the sheriff, but speaks badly of the financial status of Butler county.

The Anniston Watchman says: "Newspapers are a necessity now-a-days, and a man might as well subscribe promptly as to put it off, on some excuse or other, and be kicked by his own conscience, jawed by the old woman, pestered by the children and laughed at by the neighbors as a man who borrows but never subscribes."

The Fort Payne Journal copies an entire editorial from the View and gives no credit. We admit that the Journal is made more interesting to its readers by copying the editorials of the View, but unless that paper is going to give us due credit, we suggest to Brother Smith that if he will give us fair compensation we might be induced to edit his paper for him, though we had rather not live at Fort Payne.

The Times-Union, Jacksonville, Fla., is now preparing to publish, early in the fall, a great State Trade Edition of 50,000 copies (certified edition). It will be a handsome publication, printed on book paper, from 16 to 20 pages, and will be the most valuable publication on Florida, the resources and attractions of the "land of sunshine and flowers" ever published.

The State of Alabama fairly bristles with young and vigorous cities which were entirely unthought of fifteen years ago. The city of Birmingham—the magic city—has outstripped them all in substantial growth. The ground upon which it was built was a howling wilderness fifteen years ago; to-day it is a city of 18,000 inhabitants. The industrial progress made there during the past four years is the wonder of the world.—Southern Progress.

The following shows the earnings of the various roads in the South during the past month of July as compared with that of 1884: Alabama Great Southern, decrease of \$11,736; Illinois Central, Southern division, decrease of \$8,754; Louisville & Nashville, decrease of \$22,739; Mobile & Ohio decrease of \$24,766; New Orleans & North-eastern, decrease of \$1,367; Norfolk & Western, increase of \$7,593; Richmond & Danville, increase of \$14,475; Virginia Midland, decrease of \$123,333; Vicksburg & Meridian, decrease of \$6,277.

The State of Trade.

The croakers are in the background just now. All the reports that reach us as to the state of business and the condition of the crops, in nearly all parts of the country are favorable. The cotton crop is splendid; the wheat crop is not damaged so much as it was reported to have been; corn and oats are in rather more than fair condition and general business is reviving. There is nothing like a "boom" be it understood in trade. The business public have had enough of that sort of thing; it wants to see a gradual and healthy restoration of business in its legitimate channels and a prosperity which has staying qualities. Indeed, there is a general decline in speculative feeling and movements and a disposition to engage in legitimate business has taken its place. This is as it should be and indicates the dawning of an era of general prosperity.

The Jasper Mountain Eagle requests us to reconsider our opinion on the recommendation of the Greene County Bar of Mr. Judge to be judge of the Criminal Court of Greene county; this we cannot do, because we believe the conduct of the members of that body in forcing the nomination of Mr. Judge upon Governor O'Neal reprehensible in the highest degree. Mr. Judge was a candidate of the opposition, for Secretary of State, and is for that offence unworthy of official position under a Democratic Administration. We can respect a Republican, because two parties are necessary in a republic, but we have no earthly use for a freebooter in politics, and we regret to see Brother Muggrove of the Eagle so loose in political essentials.—Blount Co. News.

The principle which the News promulgates we believe is sound party doctrine. Gov. O'Neal is not to be censured so much as the Greene County Bar. Besides it is the only body appointed the Governor has made. However, the Greene County Bar, which is composed of some of the best lawyers in the State, probably had more than one purpose in view in recommending Billiard Judge for the position. If they can stand it, we can.

The idea that Judge Clayton will contest with Hon. N. H. R. Dawson for the gubernatorial chair seems to prevail pretty generally over the State and that the contest will be spirited. The public seem expectant that Hon. J. M. McKelroy or Thos. Seay may also enter the race. Some are anxious that Joseph F. Johnston, late chairman of the State Democratic committee, should enter. These would all have their following and any of them make a good Governor.

Thus says Maj. Sol. Palmer, State Superintendent of Education, in his editorial correspondence to the Guntersville Democrat. We would beg the Major to write his printer not to "expectorate" on our candidate's name in that style. J. M. McKelroy is a better man for the place than J. M. McKelroy, whoever he may be; besides Col. McKelroy's name ought to have been the first mentioned. Give us the right man in the right place, Major. We firmly believe that a boozey printer has "mixed you up" and made you use the collective noun "public" in the plural. However, that is not so bad as the spelling of Mr. Johnston's name without a t. We would advise you to fight shy of Birmingham, his home, until you hear from us again.

It is well for his own reputation that Gen. Joseph E. Johnston denies that he ever criticised "Stonewall" Jackson as not a success as a strategist. But for Gen. Jackson the capital of the Confederacy would have been captured in the summer of 1862, and the war would probably have terminated two years before the actual close in the Spring of 1865. It would have been better for the whole country had Richmond been captured two years sooner, but as it was not, the fact remains that Jackson proved to be the soldier of the Confederacy—and as a brilliant strategist unsurpassed in modern annals.

An Unjust Discrimination.

The Selma Times is in a state of mind over Gen. Grant that borders on poetry. It heads a telegram about the guard over Grant's corpse. "Watching the dead like the white angels at the tomb of Christ." Is not this allusion to "white" out of place? Why should there be any discrimination as to the "color or previous condition" of the Grant angels or guards? As Grant was a Radical it seems to us that black angels or black guards might have had a fair showing at his bier.—Hayneville Examiner.

What Next!

We find in the editorial columns of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette a coarse attack on Fitzhugh Lee because he took part in the Grant funeral services. He is, we are assured, "the nephew of Robert E. Lee," and he "upholds the broad banner of the Confederate bloody shirt."

In the same number of our Cincinnati contemporary, another Virginia Confederate is not only eulogized, but his father is defended for hanging John Brown.—"Henry A. Wise," says the Cincinnati paper, "was Governor of Virginia, refused to pardon John Brown, who had been convicted of murder. He did not think the motives of Brown sufficiently exalted to excuse the slaughter of citizens who were innocent of all offenses except that of attempting the maintenance of order in a community that had inherited slavery."

Can such things be? A paper which has always gone into spasms of patriotic rage at the mere mention of John Brown's name, now actually belittling his motives, accusing him of slaughter and murder, and defending the Governor of Virginia for not pardoning him—all because that official's son is now the Republican candidate for Governor of the State!

Truly, after this, no one need be in the least surprised if our Cincinnati contemporary came out some fine morning in favor of pensioning rebel soldiers and paying for their slaves, provided, of course, that these erstwhile traitors vote the Republican ticket.—Courier-Journal.

Once upon a time a certain man got mad at the editor and stopped his paper. The next week he sold his corn at four cents below the market price. Then his property was sold for taxes, because he did not read the sheriff's sale. He was arrested and fined \$8.00 for going hunting on Sunday, simply because he didn't know it was Sunday; and he paid \$300 for a lot of forged notes that had been advertised two weeks and the public cautioned not to negotiate them. He then paid a big Irishman, with a foot like a frog hammer, to kick him all the way to the newspaper office, where he paid four years subscription in advance, and made the editor sign an agreement to knock him down and rob him if he ever ordered his paper stopped again. Such is life without a newspaper.

Wool Carding.

We are now ready to card and return all wool sent us. We will give the work our personal attention. Charges same as heretofore. Send your address and name of postoffice on postcard. Address E. G. WALKER, Montevallo, Ala. aug23-3m

NOTICE NO.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 20, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 28th, 1885, viz: Joseph Tyas Homestead 14236, for the n 1 of ne 1, Section 22, Township 20, Range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William H. Foshee, Jr., Wash Burns, William Green and Hiram Green, all of Dixie, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register. aug20

NOTICE NO. 4162.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 28th, 1885, viz: William Weaver, Homestead 16133 for the n 1 of se 1 and n 1 of sw 1, section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: James Hill, John D. Ousley, Wm. D. Lockhart, and Augustus Wilson, all of Dixie, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register. aug20

NOTICE NO. 4119.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 4, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the nw 1 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Tom Anderson, Charley Abbott and Isam Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register. aug6

A Remarkable Case.

Mrs. Henry Ellis, 500 Scott street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, writes: "Dr. S. B. HARTMAN & CO., COLUMBUS, O.: I am induced by a sense of duty to the suffering to make a brief statement of your remarkable cure of myself. I was a most miserable sufferer from the various annoying and distressing diseases of delicate persons, which caused me to be confined to my bed for a long time, being too weak to even bear my weight upon my feet. I was treated by the best reputable physicians in our city, each and all saying they could do nothing for me. I had given up all hopes of ever being well. In this condition I began to take your MANALIN and PERUNA, and I am most happy to say in three months I was perfectly well—entirely cured, without any appliances or support of any kind."

Mr. G. A. Proehl, New Portage, Summit County, Ohio, writes: "My wife has been sick for about five years. In the first place the doctor called it leucorrhoea, and treated it about one year, and she grew worse, and turned to ulceration of the womb, and was treated for that two years, but she grew worse and the doctor gave her up. Then I employed Dr. Underwood, one of the best doctors of Akron, but under his treatment she grew worse. She was paralyzed; she had lost all of the sense of feeling and her eyesight. She could not walk for nearly two years. About six months ago Underwood gave her up. She tried your PERUNA. She has taken three bottles, and it did more good than any other medicine. The paralysis has about left her; her eyesight is getting better. We will continue the use of PERUNA until she is well."

Mr. Isaac Nicodemus, Schellburg, Bedford County, Pa., writes: "I am induced by a sense of duty to the suffering, to make a brief statement of your remarkable help, as a sufferer of catarrh in my head and throat. I doctored with one of the best physicians in our place for that dreaded disease, catarrh, and found no relief. But in 1883 I lost my speech, and was not able to do any kind of work for near three months. I could neither eat nor sleep. PERUNA and MANALIN did wonders for me. I used three bottles of PERUNA and one of MANALIN, and now I am in better health than I have been for ten years, and I can heartily recommend your medicine to all suffering from that dread disease, catarrh."

Mr. I. W. Wood, Mt. Sterling, Ohio, says: "Your medicine gives good satisfaction. My customers speak highly of its curative properties."

L & N
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE GREAT
Through Trunk Line

Without Change and with Speed Unrivaled

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE
From New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery,
to
NORTH, EAST & WEST

PULLMAN CARS Without change to
Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, &c.
NORTH AND EASTERN CITIES.

THROUGH COACHES
From Chattanooga and Nashville to St. Louis,
connecting direct for Cities in the Northwest.

EMIGRANTS Seeking homes in the
West, or for other purposes, will find
this line of road well adapted for their
needs. Agents at New Orleans, Mobile, &c.
C. W. ATWOOD, G. P. & T. A. O.
Louisville, Ky.

HEADACHE
and other ailments cured by taking
Warranted Genuine VERMILION PILLS



DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

**GREAT
VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY,
MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR.**

For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These afflictions are sometimes sudden and always painful. A speedy and effectual cure depends mainly upon a quick application and efficient remedy, and just here, we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir, is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Flux, Pains in the bowels, etc. The elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, in doses as directed, as it contains no hurtful ingredient. It is palatable and does not produce nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

**DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S
Liver and Kidney Medicine.**

The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of those glands situated in the stomach, such as the liver, pancreas, etc. It is a locking up of the secretions of these glands that brings on dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heart-burn, palpitation of the heart, vertigo or swimming of the head, sick or nervous headache, constipation of the bowels accompanied at the same time with pains in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine, that strikes at and removes the cause from the system that produce and bring on the disease. This is effectually done with Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

**SP. CLOCK PAGE & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Nashville, Tenn.**

The above medicines are for sale by
M. J. GREENE, Clanton. oc90

**THE
BIRMINGHAM STEAM
LAUNDRY,**

1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
makes a specialty of laundrying
collars and cuffs sent them
by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at
this office. Information also given by
us in regard to prices, etc. feb12

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

Mrs. W. A. Childs,
PROPRIETRESS.
101—101
Bibb St., One Block From
Temple Building,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

NOTICE NO. 4139.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 10, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1885, viz: James A. Scott, Homestead No. 9711 for the n 1 of nw 1, sec. 4, township 20, range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: J. J. Owens, George W. Kemp, Absalom C. Pool and J. R. Billingsley, all of Kincheon, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register. aug13-6*

NOTICE NO. 4138.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 10, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the Clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 19th, 1885, viz: Brack H. Bryant, Homestead 12384, for the se 1 Section 8, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Jonathan Calloway, William Calloway, James M. Robinson, Tillman Robinson, all of Verbena, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register. aug12-6*

Howard College.
MARION, ALA.

Moral and religious influences—attention to manners and business habits—select associates—virtue preserved and improved—attention to health—practical and scientific methods of instruction—pleasant relations between teachers and students—students a band of brothers—kindness and courtesy to all—business and professional life. For Catalogue and further information address: J. T. MURPHY, President. 4-12-87

W. A. PRATT & CO.
No. 7, Dexter Ave.,
MONTGOMERY,

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST
LINE OF MENS', LADIES', MISSES', YOUTH
CHILDRENS' SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURE

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED
satisfaction.

A New Stock of Spring and Summer
JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE STORE OF—
W. M. WILSON & B.
—CLANTON, ALA.—

Where you can get the best goods for the least money.
—OF—
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOT

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES
PURCHASING.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON
Builder's
Paints, Oil
Putty, Ka
Builder's E
Cement, Lin
Ha
MANT
MONTGOM

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS
PAINT
WHITE LEAD
OILS
READY MIXED PAINTS
119 Commerce St., in Wholesale
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New Goods! New Goods!

B. WELLMAN'S

"Louisville Clothing House"

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnish

Bottom Prices at Last

"The Best Goods for the Least Money," is the motto
House, and I am now selling an immense stock
and Summer Goods at the Lowest Cash Price.
Feb 15-11

BAINS & HERRIN

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS, W.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive
attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1026 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th

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P. O. BOX 570.

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BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALERS IN—

HARDWARE

Sash, Doors and Blinds. Paints

Glass. Cement and Plaster

MANTELS, GRATES

—AND A COMPLETE LINE OF—

Cooking and Heating Stoves

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When the
wood organ
is played
and the
strings are
struck
Five inter-
esting and
valuable
and complete
appliances

ESTLEY

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., AUG. 20, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Committeemen—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE M. & N. A. R. R. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.

No. 3 at 6:31 p. m.

No. 7 at 8:46 p. m.

No. 9 at 9:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 8:34 a. m.

No. 10 at 10:28 a. m.

No. 4 at 9:48 p. m.

No. 6 at 7:25 p. m.

*Don't stop.

LONGS.—Regular communications

Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 42, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jaeger T. Smithman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acres.

Commissioner—Anderson Baker, Sr.

Member Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOINGS.

Be True.

True must be true itself, If thou the truth wouldst teach; The soul must overflow if thou Another's soul would reach; It needs the overflow of heart To give the lips full speech.

Tulak truly, and thy thoughts Shall the world's famine feed; Speak truly, and each word of thine Shall be a fruitful seed; Live truly, and thy life shall be A great and noble deed.

Mrs. Dr. DuBose, of Columbiana, is visiting her son, S. G. DuBose, Esq., at this place.

The Fall Term of the Chilton circuit court begins on Monday, the 28th of September.

Mr. W. F. Claughton, of Verbena, was among his Clanton friends on Tuesday.

Col. E. G. Walker, advises that he is prepared to card and return all wool sent to him at Montevallo.

Verbena and Mountain Creek are the most popular resorts on the S. & N. road for Montgomarians, not even excepting Blount Springs.

From our office window we can look out upon a waving field of corn, the stalks of which will average 12 feet in height.

Mr. Minor Wooley's new residence near the hot well is going up very rapidly, and its completion will add to the attractiveness of that locality.

The Methodist Sunday school picnic at Mim's Mill on last Saturday was well attended and much enjoyed by those who had the good fortune to be present.

Quite a number of visitors are in Clanton during the hot spell, enjoying the invigorating breezes of our hill country, and freedom from the whirl and dust of the city.

Miss Lulu Robinson, of Pensacola, who has been visiting Mrs. W. H. McNeil, left on Tuesday to visit friends in Elmore county, before returning to her home at Pensacola.

Quite a party of young people from Prattville were in Clanton on Monday to take the train for home. They had been visiting the family of Mr. Wm. Walker in the Beacon neighborhood.

A Clanton dude was telling his girl of the loves of Pyramus and Thisbe, Ulysses and Penelope, Paul and Virginia, Fred Gebhardt and Mrs. Langry and hoping their affection might be as enduring. Her reply was: "Where do all those people live?"

The young man who had his hair cut so short says he will write a communication soon denying our assertion that his head looks like the pale moon. That's right. When you don't like anything that you see in this paper, come to me and say so, and we will forgive you. Then you can write a communication.

The friends of Mr. Milton Roper in and around Clanton will be gratified to learn that his sight has been restored. He was operated on a few weeks ago by Dr. B. J. Baldwin, of Montgomery, and is now able to read the New York Herald, which is very fine print. Mr. Roper had been blind for many years, and his friends are exceedingly pleased at his regaining the grandest of all the senses—sight.

The sermon delivered by Rev. C. R. Lamar, at the Methodist church on last Sunday morning, was one which struck a responsive chord in the hearts of his Christian hearers. Though Mr. Lamar has had no ministerial assistance in conducting the protracted services of the past week, yet he has worked nobly and earnestly, and has sown seed that will be fruitful of great good to the cause of Christianity in our midst.

Too Late.

A Jemison Irishman was indulging in the very intellectual occupation of sucking raw eggs and reading the CHILTON VIEW. By some mischance he contrived to bolt a raw chicken. The poor bird chirruped as it went down his throat, and he very coolly said, "By the powers, my young friend, you spoke too late."

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

The New Jail.

Following the recommendation of the grand jury made at the Spring term of the circuit court, the county board of revenue has appropriated \$7,500 for the building of a new jail. The design of the building is an excellent one, and will give the county a jail unsurpassed for convenience and security. Mr. Charles Wheelock, of Birmingham, will have charge of the work as architect.

Stolen Horse.

Deputy Sheriff Jones, of Dallas, passed through Clanton Tuesday with a horse which had been stolen from Myer's livery stable in Selma, by a white man, and which was found in this county at Mr. Joe Hendley's. The horse was let out to the thief from the stable on a forged order. Near Jemison the thief made a stop and succeeded in trading the horse to a Mr. Northcutt for another horse, and then left. Mr. N. next traded the horse to Mr. Joe Hendley getting another horse in exchange. The thief after riding Northcutt's horse about ten miles turned the animal loose, and it returned home. The deputy sheriff took the stolen horse back to Selma, and another trade was gone through with by Mr. Northcutt and Mr. Hendley to make matters even. The thief was not found, but he has telegrams ahead of him.

A friend of the VIEW at Butte City, Montana Territory, has our thanks for a batch of Western papers. The sender is an ex-Alabamian, who left Tuscaloosa for the Pacific coast about 1874. He has lived in California, Arizona, Nevada, Utah and Montana. During all the past eleven years of his residence in the great West he has never been disposed to adopt that section of country as a home, and is preparing to return to Alabama. From the papers sent we learn that Butte City is a place of 15,000 inhabitants in a mining country. Three large, bright and new daily papers are published there. One of the papers received is the San Francisco Chronicle containing 108 columns in small type on Grant's funeral, which shows up what a grand scale they do things up out among the "wild western scenes." To look at it makes us very tired and causes us to wonder if the people over there have nothing to do but read. We are glad to know that our friend is getting tired of that country and that he will return to Alabama as most of her wandering sons do sooner or later.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Health of the community very good. A little son of Mr. E. W. Chapman has been quite sick. At present, he is slowly improving.

Mr. Clyde McCarty and his lovely bride, of Anniston, visited his relatives at this place last Saturday.

We imagine from all appearances there will be several more brides during this fall and winter.

May the VIEW long wave over the land of the free and home of the brave. STAR.

AN END TO BONE SCRAPING.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven bottles of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well." Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Rock Spring Locals.

Health of the community good.

Mr. J. S. Dawson, of Verbena, visited his father's family here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Milstead, are visiting relatives near Strasburg.

Rev. Mr. Thompson filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

We have a flourishing school.

Cotton is opening on several farms around the springs.

There is a family in our neighborhood consisting of a father, mother, son and daughter, that were all born on the 19th day of Nov., thus the birth day of each member of the family comes at the same time. Can the South beat that?

Our young men have organized a flourishing debating society that meets every Saturday night with the following officers elected; J. H. Houlditch, President; Enell Dawson, Solicitor; Jas. Morgan, Sheriff; J. H. Milstead, Secretary and Treasurer.

Rev. Mr. Thompson, will preach Mrs. Wm. Milstead's funeral at this place the second Sunday in September at which time he will protract his meeting. We hope and believe that much good will be done.

Letter from Livingston.

LIVINGSTON, ALA., Aug. 10, 1885.

ED. CHILTON VIEW:—On leaving Verbena the morning of the 4th, I came to Livingston via Calem, Anniston and Birmingham. I passed through ten counties, and my impression is that the Chilton corn and cotton takes the lead. As a whole, I am satisfied the general crop is overestimated at least twenty-five per cent, though it is very good.

Anniston is as nice as ever, but is very dull. Birmingham is on a big boom, every body in a rush—after a melon. From Birmingham, I visited a little town not a great way off with the view of going out horse-back a few miles into the country. I could get no horse; and worse than this I found but few who could tell me who lived three miles away. Still this was not in Coosa. I did not go on the trip as I found there were some up there who had never seen a cannon, but had easy going rifles with which they could do a follow up just as well. Hence I didn't tarry.

I bored well at this place is still venting forth its fluid, gladdening the hearts of those who are now or have been suffering from dyspepsia, liver or kidney troubles, nervousness, etc. Unfortunately for suffering humanity, the authorities do not advertise the mineral properties of the well. It is public and all who seek proper both rich and poor come and drink without money and without price.

WORK OF THE HOT WELL.

Conductor Rabb Cured of Paralysis.

Mr. Wm. Rabb, who came to Clanton two weeks ago almost prostrated with paralysis, left on Tuesday, a new man. His cure was as rapid and effectual as it was wonderful. He will resume his position as conductor on the L. & N., and will not neglect to sound the praises of our hot well, as long as he lives. He was barely able to move about when he came to Clanton, both legs below the knees being affected with paralysis.

Dixie Dots.

Plenty of rain. Bad weather on fodder pulling. Crops very good.

Mr. J. W. Peeples is spending a while in Texas with his relatives. We wish him a pleasant time. We miss him very much.

We enjoyed a pleasant visit from Mr. Henry Lyman, of Birmingham, a few days ago.

Rev. Mr. Starr, of Selma, a Methodist minister, gave us a good sermon at Ebenezer church last conference day.

Rev. C. W. Hare is in our midst, and we are glad to have him with us.

Ebenezer has an interesting Sunday school. Mr. M. C. Reynolds' at Howison's Station makes a fine Superintendent.

Miss Burgamy, from Birmingham, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Reynolds.

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Mr. Joe Kailin has been in our community during the past week. He is agent for an excellent medical book, which he is selling during vacation.

While near the Coosa river last week fishing Mr. Thos. Weldon, Jr., was bitten by a ground rattlesnake. He has suffered much, but was better Saturday, when last heard from.

Mr. Bill Mullins is quite sick. We fear his illness may be serious.

While noticing the crops of our community we forgot to mention that Mr. James Griffin has excellent corn and cotton, and while he could not build cribs of his corn stalks, or substantial cotton houses of his cotton stalks, yet there is an attractive feature about his place, which, as if by magic, draws to his house a goodly number of prospective men of uncertain age.

In my last communication it was said that Miss Ogden was visiting near here, while it should have been Miss Ozley.

Bob Buck.

A Horrible Suspicion.

Some say poor Grant was talked to death.

And cry aloud, "Who was the woman?"

But others, underneath their breath, Suspect our good friend, Parson Newman.

Courier Journal.

Dots From Jemison.

Warm; very warm indeed; Makes one wish that ice houses were as plentiful as hotels will be in our village; then there would be an opportunity of cooling off, during this excessive heat.

New hotel going up we wish it success, but we fear there are more hotels than customers, already in our town.

Protracted meeting commences at the Presbyterian church Saturday morning at eleven o'clock. May the work be successful, and sinners repent and turn to God.

Sunday schools are flourishing.

Miss Bettie Deramus and Miss Bettie Anderson are visiting friends at Shelby Iron Works. We miss them from among the merry throng.

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1866.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,

FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,

DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,

SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,

HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities.

Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALABAMA.

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The Chilton View.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor and Proprietor.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. IV.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1885.

NO. 43.

Special Advertising.

Business notices Ten Cents per line, each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of respect, half rates.
Announcing candidates for office, 50, strictly in advance.
Commencement recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.
Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.
The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

Advertisements.

For the first, and fifty cents for subsequent insertion.

	10 Cts.	15 Cts.	20 Cts.	25 Cts.	30 Cts.	40 Cts.	50 Cts.	60 Cts.	70 Cts.	80 Cts.	90 Cts.	1.00
10 lines	1.00	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	10.00
20 lines	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00	20.00
30 lines	3.00	4.50	6.00	7.50	9.00	12.00	15.00	18.00	21.00	24.00	27.00	30.00
40 lines	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	16.00	20.00	24.00	28.00	32.00	36.00	40.00
50 lines	5.00	7.50	10.00	12.50	15.00	20.00	25.00	30.00	35.00	40.00	45.00	50.00

Life's Sunny Side.

What are you doing to-day?
Is it a dull to-day?
And so you sigh and groan,
And say you're never young again,
Why so lugubrious?
Take a sober look
At the world, and you'll find
That it's not all so grim,
And we'll find, for I've something to say.
Well, really,
Things will go merrily,
If you are merry, and busy, and brave.
Don't sit so morbidly,
Fretted, and tearfully,
And say you're never young again.
If you go wilfully,
However stolidly,
Fretting your moods and your delicate whims,
Life will be dumb to you,
All things will come to you
By a shadow that saddens and dims.
Life has two sides to it,
Take the best of it,
And the best and the brightest, my friend,
Is a philosopher,
Don't look so cross over
That you never can alter or mend.
Look not so dimly
Down the abyss,
Don't hang over the precipice brink,
Woe of all kind is
Hypocritical—
A shadow, a shadow, I think.
If you would drive away
Gloom and would have a ray
Shine like peace in your innermost cell,
Work like the humble bee,
Seek for your pleasure here,
From your own mind and the world will go
Sweet.
—C. P. French to Your Companion.

AN UNPAID BILL.

"Thirteen and seven are twenty; and nine—oh, dear me! I wonder what that noise in the basement hall is! It sounds just like some one crying."
Miss Comfort Walker laid down the pen with which she was industriously adding up her household accounts, and metaphorically speaking, pricked up her ears.
"It is some one crying," she said to herself. "Oh, dear, dear! what a world of tears and tribulation this is!"
Miss Walker had been penniless and unprotected at the age of 20, but she was not one of the "drooping ivy" kind that takes to needlework and tatterings on the lungs. So Miss Comfort went boldly ahead, opened a first-class boarding-house and made money. This was the history of the brisk little woman in a brown dress and cherry ribbons at her neck, who bustled down stairs to see what could be the meaning of the vague, indistinguishable sound which now became audible.
"Oh, it's you, is it?" said Miss Comfort Walker, as she perceived Ellen O'Brien, the washerwoman, in the basement hall.
"Yes, it's me, worse luck, Miss Comfort," whispered poor Ellen.
"And what's the matter?"
"It's me, Miss Comfort—six weeks' washing and ironing—and now, when I makes bold to ask him would he be pleased to pay me, he tells me it isn't convenient! And when I tells him how poor I need the money, he ups and gets mad, and says I shan't have it at all!"
Miss Comfort stood listening, with knitted brows and troubled black eyes.
"Have you got your bill with you, Ellen?" said she, after a moment's hesitation.
"Jimmie wrote it out, all nate and proper," faltered Ellen, producing a crumpled slip of pale blue paper from her pocket.
"Give it to me," said Miss Comfort Walker. "And come here this evening at 8 o'clock, and you shall have your money."
She went slowly up stairs with the little piece of paper in her hand.
"It's a shame," said Miss Comfort. "Leotard Carlyon was Miss Comfort Walker's best boarder, with the single exception that, up to the present moment, his twenty-five dollars a week had been in future."
Now it so chanced that one reason for her reposing so much confidence in Mr. Leotard Carlyon, the new boarder, was that he was the nephew and heir apparent of Caleb Carlyon, the rich banker from whom she rented her brown stone house, at the trifling consideration of three thousand dollars per annum.
So she went bravely up—Mr. Carlyon's room and tapped at the door.
"Come in," he called out. "Oh, it's you, Miss Walker, is it?"
Miss Comfort advanced reluctantly with the bill in her hand to where Leotard Carlyon reclined luxuriously on a heap of gold pillows, with a newspaper in his hand.
"Don't you think you could wait a little longer?" he asked, without looking up.
"The poor woman," said Miss Comfort, "she's waiting for her money."

Leotard Carlyon's handsome black brows darkened.

"She has been to you with her story, has she?" snarled he. "No, I can't settle it. And I wouldn't if I could."
So Miss Comfort tied on a little brown velvet hat she had trimmed with scarlet poppies and brown autumn leaves, and set out bravely for the Mount Orient Bank.
The clerk started at her a little curiously as she was shown into the president's room at the back, where Mr. Carlyon sat, straight and upright, with blue eyes like a falcon and hair slightly sprinkled with gray.
He elevated his brows at the sight of Miss Comfort Walker. And she told the story of Ellen O'Brien and her wrongs.
"May I ask, Miss Walker, why you interest yourself so markedly in this affair?" the banker asked, with a cold, measured calm that contrasted strangely with the little woman's heat and flurry.
"Because I think no man has a right to cheat a poor woman out of her hard earned money."
"Cheating is a strong word, Miss Walker," observed the landlord.
"It's the only correct word in this case, Mr. Carlyon," retorted Miss Comfort, secretly marvelling at her own courage in thus daring to confront the stately banker.
"Perhaps he is owing something to yourself?" questioned the banker, keenly.
"Yes, sir, he is," Miss Comfort made answer. "But it isn't that I came about. I am quite able to attend to my own financial debts, even to lose a little if it should be necessary, but this poor woman is friendless and alone."
Mr. Carlyon glanced at his watch. Miss Comfort turned toward the door.
"I am sorry that my time is no longer at my own disposal," said he courteously.
And Miss Comfort went away almost crying.
"Now I've made an enemy of him, as well as Mr. Leotard, and haven't done the least good in the world," she thought. "And he will let the house to some one else in the spring, and—oh, but after all, I am not sorry that I did my best. Poor, poor Ellen! What shall I say to her when she comes at 8 o'clock?"
But that evening, just as Miss Comfort was beginning again at her pile of account books, a ring came to the door, and Mr. Carlyon, the banker, was shown in. Miss Comfort rose up, confused and fluttering.
"Miss Walker, pray don't let me disturb you," said the banker. "I have only dropped in for a little social call. You showed yourself to me to-day in a different light from any in which you have yet appeared."
"A dun?" demanded poor Miss Comfort, almost hysterically.
"No—a true-hearted, noble-natured woman! But you need no longer distress yourself. The bill is paid. And now, if you are at leisure, I'll just take my evening cup of tea with you."
How pleased and proud Miss Comfort was, as she poured the decoction of fragrant Young Hyson into her great grandmother's china cup, decorated with butterflies and oblong scrolls of gilt and violet! And how she kept wondering all the while how in the world Mr. Carlyon, the great banker, could take such interest in her homely and humdrum little affairs.
But if she had only known it, Mr. Carlyon seldom came across a true, real heart in his complicated business transactions.
"It's not true," said Mr. Leotard. "My uncle never would make such a fool of himself at his age. Why, he's fifty if he's a day!"
"Only forty-four," said Mrs. Leigh Creswell, with malicious delight.
"But, of course, it must be a great mortification to you, Mr. Leotard, who have always been looked upon as his heir. And to think, too, he is going to marry that queer little old woman who keeps the boarding house. For it's true! True as taxes! I saw the wedding ring myself at—"
"Mr. Leotard Carlyon gnawed silently at his mustache. How strangely little circumstances are woven together into life's web, he thought. If he had paid that whimpering washerwoman's bill she would not have confided her woes to Miss Comfort Walker; and Miss Comfort Walker would not have gone to his uncle; and his uncle wouldn't have fallen in love with Miss Comfort's very cousin and cousin's wife; and he would still have been the rich banker's heir apparent.
He wished he had paid the washerwoman's bill.
Caleb Carlyon, at Manchester, England, had just returned from a tour of inspection in that country, and had just been told that the United States Government had purchased the rights of the Niagara Falls Park.

The Bread of Persia.

"Persian bread," writes a correspondent now in Afghanistan, "is a very peculiar production; it is made in large loaves, in some cases about a yard long. If ever the Persians reach the advanced state of morning newspapers they might have them printed on their bread, so that they could read the news while they eat, and swallow everything literally. On seeing these large loaves I have often thought that they must resemble the blacksmith's leather apron, which was the old standard of Persia; if the bread is not made after that model they have managed to produce an article very like it, not only in size but in color and toughness at the same time. We have had now nearly two months' experience of this material, and it was a delight on coming here to get at our breakfast the first morning bread that was made on a somewhat later model than an old leather apron. The chances of finding a change in this detail of our daily life on reaching the Indian camp had often been discussed on the way, when we were hard at work trying to make pieces of the leather kind. One of our party said he knew Major Rind, the commissariat officer of the other camp, and that he was not a man likely to come away without the means of baking good bread, but we had so long been used to that Persian kind that these assurances did not inspire much hope. There had been doubts, but these were dispelled at our first breakfast. Butter actually appeared on the table with the bread. I fear for the moment we either forgot or thought lightly of the splendid pilans in the breakfast prepared for us by the Governor of Khorassan's cook at Meshed, or the many delicacies Ali Mardan treated us with at Sarakha. One man while munching a great mouthful of bread and butter—the amount in his mouth slightly interfered with his articulation—but we made out that he meant to say it was almost as good as arriving at Dover. Of course he meant to aid that it was after having been a long time in the East away from England, but at that instant he had not a moment to spare, and left the sentence in its incomplete form as here recorded."—London News.

The Bright-hued Fish of the Sea.

The water of the Red Sea is of an intense green color, and so transparent that even at the depth of two fathoms the sea bottom is distinctly visible. It is carpeted with coral-plants of many species, and with numerous other "wonder of the deep" of both the animal and vegetable kingdoms. The infinite diversity of form and color and arrangement, still further varied by the restless medium through which it is seen, makes a sight which the eye never wearies of contemplating. This beauty is still further enhanced by the thousands of brightly colored fishes which flash through the waters. They are truly marvelous for their beauty of form and color. To say that every color of the rainbow is represented is an utterly insufficient comparison. Not only are there violet, indigo, blue, green, yellow, orange, and red fish, of purest hue, but there are numbers which combine two or more of these colors. One little finny fellow of most graceful form was of a delicate cobalt blue, with fins and tail of a fine lemon yellow; there were others with dark blue stripes of a rich golden ground; some black, with silver spots; some red, with green fins and tail; others with secondary and tertiary colors mingled in most elaborate patterns and delicate proportions; while one species, having a rich, warm green for its prevailing hue, has fins and tail edged with genuine prismatic spectrum.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Niagara Falls Park.

Among the good works authorized by the last legislature of New York is the formation of a park at Niagara Falls, by which all the grounds and waters necessary for the preservation and public access to those great wonders of nature are secured to the people in perpetuity. The sum of one and a half million dollars has been appropriated by the State to secure the purchase of private property. Lands, equal to a little more than one hundred acres have been bought. The grounds and buildings on both sides of the river and Canal Sta. west and south of the falls have been taken by the Park Commissioners. The lines extend to the main channel of the river, and middle of the Horse Shoe Falls, being the boundary line between Canada and the United States, and the purchase takes in Goat Island and all the little islands, with their various mills, streets, and passages ways. By the terms of the act the whole tract is to be restored as far as possible to its original state of nature, and when this is accomplished, the trees grown, and all the improvements, the attractions of Niagara will be increased a thousand fold.—Sci. Am.

IN THE CITY OF THE SUN.

Picturesque Scenes in the Cashmere Capital.

What Life Was Like in the City that an Earthquake Has Destroyed.

Srinagar, or literally Sargia Nagar, the City of the Sun, is the capital of the beautiful and romantic valley of Cashmere, India, one of the most charming spots in the whole earth. It is some seven years ago that in my wanderings I visited this happy valley, says a writer in the New York Sun. A lonely march of about 100 miles along the banks of the Jhelum River, the ancient Hydaspes, brought me to the smooth waters of the Cashmere Lake. Here I hired a boat covered with matting, and so arranged that the stern of the boat formed a cooking kitchen, both for the crew and passenger. My crew consisted of a full-grown man, an under-grown boy, and an old woman, two small children, and a young mother and a plump baby. The whole party, except the plump baby, took their turn at the oars and towing rope, and I managed to get along at the rate of two miles an hour.

It was a clear morning, and beautiful beyond description was the panoramic view as we wound along the river in its circular course. All around the country was rich with verdure. Rising at a distance were the snowy ranges of the Himalaya Mountains, many of them as much as 13,000 feet above the sea level. In the center of this lovely scenery is the City of the Sun, which was destroyed by an earthquake last Sunday.

Srinagar is a considerable city of some 150,000 inhabitants, of whom 20,000 are Hindus and the remainder Mohammedans. The houses are built entirely of wood, and are usually about three stories high. The streets are narrow and dirty. The people were dirtier than the streets. No pen could possibly depict the real sanitary condition of Srinagar, and consequently a regret that as the city had to perish, it did not succumb to the purifying element of fire rather than the upheavings of an earthquake.

The city of Srinagar is on an island in the midst of the Cashmere Lake. It has seven bridges, all made of wooden logs. Some of the bridges are occupied with shops, like old London Bridge, which are extremely quaint, although unsightly structures. There are no cars or carts or carriages in the city of Srinagar, and therefore no conveyances rumble along its narrow, dirty streets. It is a wise dispensation of Providence that wheeled conveyances have not been introduced in the capital of Cashmere, for the people would be too lazy to get out of the way. The Cashmere never walks or works if he can help it. In recent famines they have preferred dying to either. And yet they are skillful workmen. The manufactures of Cashmere are well known. Cashmere shawls have a world-wide reputation, although the trade is not as prosperous as it used to be. A Cashmere shawl has been sold in Paris and London for \$4,000, and even more. The silver and gold work in bracelets and necklaces is perhaps unequalled in the world, for it has a peculiar unfinished style of its own which cannot be imitated. The copper work is very antique in its appearance. The painted and inlaid woodwork erroneously called by Europeans papier mache, is also exceedingly beautiful. It is an interesting fact that the well known Cashmere shawl pattern, which finds expression in all articles of Cashmere manufacture, has its origin in the peculiar windings of the river Jhelum along the valley.

The women of Cashmere are renowned for their beauty. They are exceedingly fair for Orientals. In former years they were seized and sold as slaves for the seraglios of Eastern monarchs. And even in modern days the Cashmere beauty has found a place in the affections of some of India's European rulers and warriors. Physically, the men are a very fine race. The phenomenal development of both sexes is good. But still the Cashmere is a hopeless individual. At first when you look at him you believe in him. His fine development of head and chest win your respect. But from the day that one of their number ate five of my loaves of bread, and another perished a bottle of preserved currants, and another appropriated a leather strap, I lost confidence in the race. After very careful inquiry I came to the conclusion that the Cashmere comes very low down in the scale of humanity. He won't work if he can help it, and he won't be better educated. Such is the race that inhabits one of the fairest and most productive portions of our earth.

The value of Cashmere is about 100 million dollars.

Seventeen-Year Locusts.

A letter to the Rockville (Md.) Advocate says: My first observation of them was in 1851. A thrifty young sugar maple tree was apparently ruined by their incisions, but, having been well trimmed, it is now one of the finest trees in the town. Their next visit was in 1868. On the 30th of May they were first noticed, ascending the trees in great numbers at night. Early in the morning they came out of their shells, and, after being warmed and turned black by the sun, flew off. For about a week they came up in great numbers, the ground being filled with round holes, as though countless canes had been stuck in and withdrawn. The air was filled with their noise, and in about two weeks from their first appearance they had pierced the limbs of bushes and tender trees, particularly the chestnuts. They began to die off rapidly, and by last of June but few were seen or heard. The damage done was slight, compared with their countless numbers. Their noise was at its height about the middle of June. The male only makes the noise, by means of a tight, parchment-like membrane under the wing, moved by internal fibers or muscles. The eggs are deposited side by side in the slits or punctures made in the limbs, about a dozen in one place, and each female laying about 100 eggs. Hogs and chickens fatten on the locusts, and it was noticed that the corn was undisturbed by crows, and very few were seen, as they found abundance of food for themselves and their young in both the fat grub and winged insect.

The only damage done was by the limbs of young trees breaking off where they had been punctured. Their being poisonous to beast or human is a myth.

The only care requisite is, that if about to plant out a young orchard, the trees should have been long enough out to bear having the younger limbs trimmed back, or else should be left until 1886. Sometimes on the borders of two districts there will be a visitation twice in 17 years, as some few get over the line. The seventeen year locust is not the locust spoken of in many writings as being so destructive and as "eating up every green thing." This is a species of grasshopper (*Gryllus*).

Amount of Exercise Required.

Dr. Parkes has calculated that the amount of exercise a man in health should take regularly is equal to walking nine miles a day on level ground. The amount of walking done in walking about the house and other domestic duties may probably be put down as three miles, which will leave only a walk of six miles per diem on level ground. If the ground is hilly, this will be still more reduced, so that it certainly does not seem an excessive amount to advise. The proper quantity must, however, vary greatly with circumstances. Females, for example, will not take as much as men. In winter more may be taken than in summer. In youth, when the body is undergoing its most active development, care must be taken that every muscle is exercised in its turn. Hence the free use of gymnastics, games, and sports at this age is most beneficial. In advanced life the power and inclination for exercise both fail, but even then every effort should be made to prevail upon the individual to take some amount of exercise, and to postpone the evil day when he will become completely bedridden. Such an amount of exercise is in all cases necessary and will keep the muscles in good health, and enable them to meet the physical requirements of the rest of the body.—Scientific American.

Mr. Isaac Abner Farming.

City girl (to Uncle James, a farmer)—"Do you like living on a farm, Uncle James?"
Uncle James—"Yes, I like it very much."
City girl—"I suppose it's nice enough in the glad summer time, but to go out in the cold and snow to gather winter apples and harvest winter wheat I imagine might be anything but pleasant."

SCIENTIFIC SCRAP.

As tissue-exhaustion—resulting from toil, privation or anxiety—promotes the development of cancer, an English medical authority thinks the marked increase in the death-rate from that disease during the last half century may be readily explained by a glance at the history of our laborious age.

Angle worms, fish, etc., are often caught up into the clouds by revolving storms, and then dropped again many miles from the place where they were taken up. Small fish have often been found in puddles of water in village streets, to the astonishment of people who were unacquainted with the phenomenon.

From an examination of several skulls found in North and South America, and believed to have belonged to inhabitants living before the glacial period, Dr. Kollmann concludes that the races of that ancient epoch are those of to-day, the same cranial and facial forms being found, in spite of lapse of time and change of environment.

Miss E. A. Ormerod, England's well-known entomologist, reports that her many correspondents all agree that sparrows will not feed on insects when seeds, grain, fruit and other vegetable food is within reach. She therefore advocates a judicious destruction of the house-sparrow for the protection of crops, but is careful to show that the objection does not extend to other small birds.

Near the equator perpetual snow covers the mountains at the height of 15,207 feet; in latitude 60 deg. it is found at 8,818 feet, and in 75 deg. at 1,016 feet. The main cause of this is not that the solar rays possess less heat in the higher regions, as the contrary has been proved, but that the portions of the earth's crust projecting far up into the atmosphere, as is the case with high mountains, possess less of the interior heat of the earth, being more subject to cooling by radiation, which has caused their temperature to descend to such a very low degree that even a midday tropical sun cannot raise it to 32 deg. F.

Professor Huxley asserts that the proper weight of man is 154 pounds, made up as follows: Muscles and their appendages, 68 pounds; skeleton, 24 pounds; skin, 10 1-2 pounds; fat, 28 pounds; brain, 3 pounds; thoracic viscera, 3 1-2 pounds; abdominal viscera, 11 pounds; blood which would drain from the body, 7 pounds. The heart of such a man should beat 75 times a minute, and he should breathe 15 times a minute. In 24 hours he would vitiate 1,750 cubic feet of pure air to the extent of 1 per cent.—a man, therefore, of the weight mentioned, should have 800 cubic feet of well-ventilated space. He would throw off by the skin 18 ounces of water, 300 grains of solid matter, and 400 grains of carbonic acid every 24 hours; and his total loss during that period would be 6 pounds of water and a little more than 2 pounds of other matter.

The New York Morgue.

The morgue is attached to the great Charity Hospital of New York, which is situated at the foot of Twenty-sixth street, on the East River—the place being once known as "Bellevue." From the foot of this street the steamboat pier to and from Blackwell's Island (where the penitentiary is situated), the distance being two miles. As you enter the hospital grounds you pass a small brick structure, with a large window opening into the street, and here one often notices a crowd gazing with intense interest. No wonder, for inside that window lie the unknown dead.

The floor is stone, with a drain which keeps it dry. Its sole furniture is a pair of stone tables, each slanting so as to allow moisture to escape by dripping. On these tables are exposed the bodies of the unknown dead, and the room is open from nine until five, in order to permit inspection. The corpses are stripped of their clothing, but are covered by an India rubber cloth, which only permits the head to be seen. In hot weather a jet of cold water is often thrown upon them in order to prevent decomposition, for as soon as this begins they are sent to the Potter's field. An important feature in the morgue is its wardrobe, and what strange emotions are felt as one gazes on this varied array of garments whose owners will, in most instances, never be known! Each one is numbered and accompanied by a few words of description. Here, for instance, are pantaloons, shirt and vest labeled, "Fished up in East River January 12, 1881—buried on the 18th." Another is a full suit marked, "Fished up in the street, elevated." These garments are kept for a year, and even longer, in order to assist in identifying those who have gone to the bosom of the Potter's field.—Scientific American.

I Knew.

I know to-day the golden sun
Is lying in my little room,
I know the lilacs, every one,
Are bursting into bud and bloom
And on the curtain, to and fro,
The trembling shadows come and go.

I know the birds, just as of old,
Are fashioning their dainty nests,
There are some with wings like burnished gold
And robins with their crimson breasts;
Dear robins that have come so long,
And brought new meanings to my song.

And there beneath the sheltering eaves,
Far out of reach and way of harm,
They sit and brood, while clustering leaves
Wind sweep, sing o'er and o'er the song—
The song of Life that Nature sings,
That wells from out the heart of Springs!

I know the tender hawthorn hedge
Is wearing emerald crown to-day;
That woodbine by the garden's edge
With every breath of wind doth sway;
I know the pansy's tender eyes
Are looking upward to the skies,
And that, like sentinels by the gate,
My maples listening ever wait.

—L. M. Fogg.

HUMOROUS.

Why is there nothing like leather?
Because it is the sole support of man.

A man never wants to laugh when
A fly lights on his nose; nevertheless
he is greatly tickled.

The more rocks a man has the better
off he is, according to an exchange.
It is different with cats we believe.

"Courtin'," says Artemus Ward, "is
like strawberries and cream—wants to
be did slow; then you git the flavor."

Nothing was ever got together in
the platform of a political party that
meant more or panned out less than a
boy's first attempt at gardening.

Pray tell us, ladies, if you can, who
is that highly favored man, who,
though he's married many a wife, may
be a bachelor all his life? A clergyman.

"Herrah!" cries the archaic; "the circus is
here."
And, by golly, I haven't a cent!
But he dodges around till he finds the coast
clear,
And then he crawls under the tent.

An Arizona man has stopped taking
an agricultural paper. He wrote
to the editor asking how to get rid of
gnats. The answer came in the next
issue of the paper, "Kill them."

Before they are married all will
carefully turn down his coat collar
when it gets awry, but afterward
she'll jerk it down in position as if she
was throwing a doormat out of the
window.

"Do you think your father is going
to move out soon?" inquired the
owner of a rented house of the son of
his tenant. "Think so," was the reply;
"we've begun using the window-
frames for firewood."

A gentleman was giving a little boy
some peanuts the other day. The good
mother said, "Now, what are you going
to say to the gentleman?" With
childish simplicity the little fellow
looked up in the gentleman's face and
replied, "More."

Life on the Planet Mars.

Prof. Lockyer is of the opinion that
human life on the planet Mars may be
very much like life on the earth; the
light cannot be so bright, but the or-
gans of sight may be so much more
susceptible as to make the vision quite
as good. The heat is probably less, as
the polar snows certainly extend fur-
ther, but by no means less in propor-
tion to the lessened power of the solar
rays. He agrees with others that sev-
eral very remarkable seas, including
inland seas, some of them connected
and some not connected by straits with
still larger seas, are now definable in
the southern hemisphere, in which, as
in the case also with the earth, water
seems to be much more widely spread
than in the northern hemisphere.

There is, for example, a southern sea
exceedingly like the Baltic in shape;
and there is another and still more re-
markable sea, now defined by the ob-
servations of many astronomers, on
near the equator, a long, straggling
arm, twisting almost in the shape of
an S laid on its back, from east to
west, at least one thousand miles in
length and one hundred in breadth.

Paper Slippers.

Paper slippers are the latest form in
which paper is introduced in new in-
ventions. An Englishman has patent-
ed a system of manufacturing slippers,
moccasins, and other coverings for the
feet out of paper. Paper pulp, or pa-
per mache, is employed for the upper,
which is moulded to the desired form
and size, and a sole is provided made
of paper or pasteboard, leather board
or other suitable paper material, which
is united to the upper by means of cement, glue, or other adhesive material.
The upper is creased, embossed, or
perforated at the instep and sides,
which renders them somewhat pliable,
and prevents their cracking while in
use.—Scientific American.

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
J. S. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 3, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$4.00
One copy six months 2.50
One copy three months 1.50

Mr. Jas. R. White has purchased the Shelby Chronicle published at Columbiana and the name of the paper has been changed to the Banner of Liberty.

The Birmingham Chronicle wants to know if Mr. McKleroy is a candidate for Governor. Don't be impatient, wait until the supply of "early birds" drop out of the race then we can tell you.

The Birmingham Chronicle thinks that Cahaba was the first capital of Alabama. Pickett says that St. Stephens, now in Washington county, enjoyed that distinction first.

The Montgomery Advertiser is right, our State needs a house of correction. A youth may be led astray, and in a hasty moment, commit some crime; but his moral nature may not be thoroughly corrupt. Confine him in company with deep-dyed villains, and with no counteracting influence, and the marvel is, not that he becomes as they, but that he should repent and ever make anything but a pest to society. A house of correction properly managed, with rewards for good conduct, and where trades should be thoroughly learned, to raise them above temptation when thrown on their own resources, might raise many youthful criminals to be moral, industrious citizens.

To show how interesting our exchanges are now-a-days, we quote the following item from the Birmingham Age. The item is about as interesting to the general public as any that we have seen in that paper recently. Here it is:

"Messrs. E. L. Higdon & Co. have purchased the ice box recently used by Mr. C. B. Bellinger, and will use it to keep bananas in."

A railroad accident jester at work on another Birmingham paper endeavored last week to get up a joke on the killing of three negroes by a train on the L. & N. railroad. It is singular that he was not lynched and that he is still alive to joke and joke. This fool also lives in Birmingham, be it understood.

Grand Juries.

A party of about fifty men, supposed to be from Murray county, Ga., visited Dalton on the night of the 10th inst., and cleared up the lawless elements of that town. The lash was freely administered in extreme cases, and several of the most notorious characters ordered to "clear out." It seems that the days of the "Regulators" have come again, and that our grand jury system is a failure, and in many sections a cloak to shield offenders against the law.—Exchange.

The grand jury system is becoming a farce, if it has not been so all along. In some of the Western States the system has been entirely abolished, and a board of indictments composed of county officers substituted. This board attends to the searching out of crime, year in and year out with the aid of a county solicitor. This system has been found to work better because the indicting board is continually on the lookout for crime and a severe penalty is affixed if an indictment is not found in every proper case.

What we started out for was to ask our next grand jury to show what it is composed of and to inaugurate a more thorough system of doing its work. Public sentiment demands the closing up of gambling dens and blind tigers in this county. Some idiot says it will not do to attempt to root out these evils, and warns that, "It will raise hell!" Ah, what will we be blessed with if it continues? There is far more trouble and pain and anguish and strife and bloodshed brought about by the sale of one barrel of whiskey, than could be brought about by the conviction and punishment of one hundred whiskey sellers. Public sentiment will back the jury that does its duty, and public sentiment should go further and make the whiskey traffic odious, to use the expressive language of Rev. Mr. Jones, "that only an infernal scoundrel will sell whiskey and only an infernal fool will drink it." But this is only one of the evils to be looked after. It is not necessary

to mention others. We ask the next grand jury to read the communication which appears in this week's paper and to do its duty.

As will be noticed from the list published elsewhere there are some good men on the next grand jury—men who are not afraid to do their duty; and we expect them to go as far in executing the laws as their powers will permit.

To "Constant Reader."

The View thanks you for encouragements; and while it does so, will say a few words to you candidly—a way in which it likes to speak to friends.

You say that "a secular paper cannot, dare not be so liberal." You are right in saying "dare not," if you have reference to religious discussions in this paper. Even though it were not out of place for a newspaper to engage in the discussion of abstruse metaphysical questions, yet would we "dare not," because we still have great hopes of "going up higher." The highest morality teaches that it is best to leave these things for a Greater Mind to weigh—the finite mind of man cannot reach them, and reason often leaves its throne in the vain attempt to do so. Bailey in his excellent poem "Festus" puts this thought into better form thus:

"All that morality can teach is—
Dear,
All that religion can inspire is—
Hope."

You should review one of your text books, "Watts on the Mind." To pass over your blarney we come to your suggestion: "Don't interfere in that fight," (meaning the war against the gamblers.) We say to you candidly that it is the devil who has prompted that suggestion, and it is the devil who has created the impression in your mind that you can stand by and take "scientific observations" (whatever they may be) of a war that Christianity is waging against gamblers and earthly bells, instead of lending a hand to root out the curse.

Knowing you as we do, and believing you to be a man honest at heart, though erratic, we suggest that you read Lambert's "Notes on Ingersoll," carefully and thoughtfully. This work was written in the shape of an article for the North American Review. It handled Ingersoll so roughly and answered his rhetorical drifts so thoroughly that the managers of the Review rejected it. Ingersoll being interested in the magazine peculiarly. It was then published in pamphlet form. Henry Ward Beecher was asked to give an article to the Review on Ingersoll during the controversy with Judge Black. Beecher failed to comply, and Bishop Lambert, a Roman Catholic Bishop living at Waterloo, N. Y., wrote his "Notes" in lieu of an article from Beecher. It is a work that should be in the hands of every Christian reader; it shows up the weakness in the gush and delirium which has characterized two of the great apostles of infidelity—Ingersoll and Beecher. The latter is not yet openly in the devil's camp, but the progress of events proves that it will soon be known that he has been there all the while.

A few words in regard to this great work. Its logic is cold and incisive. It is a book which gives Ingersoll a scathing such as he has never had before. It chews him into mince meat and spits him out, and an awful spit it is too. On nearly every page of his book Lambert makes Ingersoll a liar. This is the most deserved castigation this Attila of infidelity ever enjoyed. Every man and woman in the United States, of whatever religious belief or no belief, should have a copy of the book. It is a stepping stone to salvation for those who are wandering in the vale of doubt and darkness, but who would embrace the light could they find it.

The Grand Jury.

There is no one part of the machinery of our government so important as the Grand Jury. The jurisdiction of this august body is quite extensive—embracing every degree of crime which may be committed against the people and dignity of the state. The welfare of every citizen and of the community at large, depends in a great measure, upon the faithful performance of the duties incumbent upon this body. A failure on the part of any Grand Jury to faithfully execute the trust reposed in him, may result in a multitude of evils. It is my purpose to call attention to a few thoughts in connection with this subject.

Persons who serve on the Grand Jury are required by law to keep secret the business of the body, and

the law is so rigid as to require an oath to the effect that none of the proceedings shall be divulged except those specially provided for. Each juror must take this oath before he enters upon the discharge of his responsible duties. Hence, to disclose the proceedings of the body is perjury—a crime of the deepest dye. But this is frequently done. Often the doings of the Grand Jury are known before it adjourns; and how are these things known, unless disclosed by some member of the body?

I now call attention to some of the serious results of these disclosures. In the first place, men who give testimony are intimidated, and when summoned again in the future, refuse to testify. They have been imposed upon by unfaithful men. A friend of mine told me not long since, that he did not intend to testify before the Grand Jury again. He had given evidence against a certain party, and in a few hours, the party, against whom he had testified, knew all about it. Of course he felt outraged. He had been summoned by law to appear and testify, and he felt that the power which compelled him to appear as a witness, ought to have protected him. Before he will make enemies by giving evidence against persons who will find it out, he will refuse to give evidence before the Grand Jury.

Notice again, the hand of justice is stayed and crime goes unpunished. Why? Because the Grand Jury cannot find bills and bring criminals to justice without testimony upon which to act. A juror might be satisfied as to the guilt of a certain party; but in the absence of testimony, he can do nothing. He sends out and brings a man he believes to be in possession of fact sufficient to prove the party guilty. When he is brought in he evades the responsibility of testifying. Others are called in with the same result. So it is impossible to bring the guilty party to the bar of justice. Thus violators of law, order, and the peace of the community go unpunished. Under such circumstances, these parties soon become bold enough to bid defiance to law. When this is the case, men sometimes take law into their own hands and criminals meet justice at the bar of "Judge Lynch," who sometimes sentences the innocent instead of the guilty. The riot in Cincinnati is fresh in the memory of every reader. It was the result of the abuses mentioned in this article. The tendency of these things is to increase crime, and give latitude to criminals. I am satisfied in my own mind, that the difficulty in executing the laws in regard to the sale of intoxicating liquors is in many instances the result of the cause I have suggested.

I have pointed out the evil, and wish I could give a practical remedy. I know our laws are rigid enough with regard to perjury; but these laws are not faithfully executed. Do we not need more of that element called "back-bone," which is so essential in the affairs of government as well as other affairs? In other words, we need more true manly courage, and true patriotism, as well as moral integrity. JAS. LAWRENCE, Verbena, Ala., Aug. 20, 1885.

He is Pleased with the View.

EDITOR VIEW.—I have been for a good while and especially of late a constant and an interested reader of your paper. I am more than glad to observe the new blood throbbing in your veins, pulsating to your editorials, and stiffening your independence generally. thanks to the balmy breezes of the Florida coast.

In your article, "The Chilton View," you invite correspondents to discuss all subjects, and to the fullest and freest extent. This invitation, as "the boys" sometimes say "may be a bigger piece than you would like to chew." I can easily imagine many subjects even of vital interest to the country, the discussion of which would be out of place in your paper. A secular paper cannot, dare not at this time be so liberal. The time may come, and is probably near at hand, but not yet. I presume you mean "as far as is prudent" viewed from the standpoint of a truly brave man—not a rash one.

You can't imagine with what degree of satisfaction I viewed "poor Rabb" as he straddled the hot wire fence. Oh! for more moral courage and less brute courage among the people and the editors. The way you handled the respectable looking vagabond and his rum guzzling pals entitles you to silver-tipped wings when you "go up higher."

Then again you go to a new place, clear of all trash and gravel, make a brand new ring, and place the grand old Advertiser plump in the centre, take a milk white alley, and standing erect, not leaning forward an inch, and then tipping him out from law and having him sit down until the game is up. Friend Lawrence that was just. Hit him again if he comes foaming around.

I hear the preachers shelled the gamblers camp a short while ago. I have observed a few crippled ones, but the camp fire is still alive. Don't interfere in that fight. I am taking scientific observations from that standpoint.

CONSTANT READER.

A Huntington (Pa.) telegram says considerable snow fell Wednesday evening at Hot Springs and along the base of Stone Mountain. The weather is extremely cool.

The Jurors.

Following are the juries drawn to serve at the Fall Term of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, which begins Monday, Sept. 28th, 1885:

GRAND JURY.
H B Rogers
W F Mims
W A Mims
John P Nix
Green Collins
John Brantley
J W G Kicker
J M Stanfield
W R White
G O Logan
G W Healditch.

PEIT JURY.
Chas F Douthitt
W F Mims
Joseph H Cander
Elijah Headley
Thos Rutherford
W B Green
H E Macon
James T Cooley
H C Vinson
E G Rollins
J G Friday
J M Robinson
Sam Abney
A I Cox
W H Foshee
Geo W Mims
M I Parish
E I Rollinson.

Wool Carding.

We are now ready to card and return all wool sent us. We will give the work our personal attention. Charges made as heretofore. Send your address and name of postoffice on postal card. Address: E. G. WALKER, Montevallo, Ala.

Gratefulness.

Mr. H. Sampel, Ottawa, Kansas, writes: "Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Columbia, O.—Gentlemen: I have suffered for several years, have tried every thing and many physicians, and all have failed. I went to Pittsburgh, and while there fell on the street, my breath seemed to leave my lungs, and numbers overpowered me. I determined to give PRAXIA and MALARIA a fair trial. I used four bottles of each, and my trouble left never. I hope, to return. I left Pittsburgh three weeks ago for Kansas, and thought, as I was going to a new country, I had better take a bottle of MALARIA with me, on account of bad water, etc. I arrived here with one-half bottle. I found one of my friends in a pretty bad condition. The doctor was treating her for chills and fever. I did not know what her trouble was, though I persuaded her to use the MALARIA. She did so, and the first day she was up doing her work. Now this seems strange, but it is, nevertheless, a candid truth. She tried it all, and had never had cause to lie down during the day since she took the first three doses."

A Case that was Pronounced Incurable.

Miss C. C. Peck, 714 Jackson street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes: "Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co.—Gentlemen: I take great pleasure in stating to you the benefit I received from your valuable PRAXIA. I have been suffering for about fifteen years with a severe cough and bronchitis (as the doctor called it). I was treated by different physicians, and spent considerable money for different kinds of patent medicines, but received no benefit whatever. Dr. Fox, of this city, claimed I had consumption, and there was no hope for me ever getting better. I was so bad that I coughed almost continually. Mrs. Henry Ellis, a friend of mine, induced me to try your PRAXIA. I am happy to say I began to notice a change after I had taken my second bottle. I took eight bottles in all, and now I feel like a new woman. If it hadn't been for PRAXIA I think I would be in my grave now. It is a wonderful remedy, and I recommend it to all my friends."

Messrs. Baker Bros., Mt. Vernon, O., write: "Your PRAXIA sells well. Customers speak of it as being a good medicine."

Mr. Daniel R. Spry, Portsmouth, O., writes: "I have a girl in PRAXIA. It sells well and gives satisfaction."

THE LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME Sewing Machine

PERFECT & SURE EVERY PARTICULAR NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

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30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala.



DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

GREAT

VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY.

MODERATED BLACKBERRY FLAVOR.

For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These afflictions are sometimes sudden and always painful. A speedy and effective cure depends mainly upon a quick application and efficient remedy, and just here, we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir, is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Flux, Pains in the bowels, etc. The elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, in doses as directed, as it contains no hurtful ingredient. It is palatable and does not produce nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of these glands situated in the stomach and bowels. It is a backing up of the secretions of these glands that brings on dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heart-burn, palpitation of the heart, vertigo or swimming of the head, sick or nervous headache, constipation of the bowels accompanied at the same time with pains in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine that strikes at and removes the cause from the system that produces and brings on the disease. This is effectually done with Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

SPURLOCK PAGE & CO., Proprietors, Nashville, Tenn.

The above medicines are for sale by M. J. GREENE, Clanton.

THE BIRMINGHAM STEAM LAUNDRY,

14, ave. bet. 18th and 20th streets BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

makes a specialty of laundrying collars and cuffs sent them by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at this office. Information also given by us in regard to prices, etc. feb12f

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

MRS. W. A. Childs,

PROPRIETRESS.

Bibb St., One Block From Temple Building.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Free Sample Room.

NOTICE NO. 4139.

U. S. Land Office,

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 10, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on September 18th, 1885, viz: James A. Scott, Homestead No. 9511 for the n. d. of nw. 1, sec. 4, township 20, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: J. J. Owens, George W. Kemp, Absalom C. Pool and J. R. Billingley, all of Kibben, Ala.

THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4138.

U. S. Land Office,

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 10, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 18th, 1885, viz: Brack H. Bryant, Homestead 12294, for the sec. 1 Section 8, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Jonathan Calloway, William Calloway, James M. Robinson, Tillman Robinson, all of Verbena, Ala.

THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

Howard College.

MARION, ALA.

Moral and religious influences—attention to manners and business habits—select associates—virtue preserved and improved—attention to health—practical and scientific methods of instruction—pleasant relations between teachers and students—advantage of a liberal education—thoroughness of preparation for business and professional life. For Catalogues and further information address: J. C. HURF, President.

W. A. PRATT & CO.

No. 7, Dexter Ave.,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTION OF

LINE OF MENS', LADIES', MISSES', YOUTHS' AND

CHILDRENS' SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you satisfaction.

ma25 6m

A New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods

JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.

—CLANTON, ALA.—

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

—DEALER IN—

SASH DOORS BLINDS

Builder's Supplies

Paints, Oils, Glass

Putty, Kalsomin

Builder's Hardware

Cement, Lime, Plaster

Nails.

READY MIXED PAINTS

MANTELS.

119 Commerce St., in Wholesale Block,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

may1-ly

New Goods! New Goods!

B. WELLMAN'S

"Louisville Clothing House,"

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods

Bottom Prices at Last!

"The Best Goods for the Least Money." is the motto of this

House, and I am now selling an immense stock of Spring

and Summer Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Feb 15-tf

BAINS & HERRING.

SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS, W. A. COOK & CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1025 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS.

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 520.

June 19 y

T. C. THOMPSON & CO.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALERS IN—

HARDWARE

Sash, Doors and Blinds. Paints, Oils and

Glass. Cement and Plaster.

MANTELS, GRATES,

—AND A COMPLETE LINE OF—

Cooking and Heating Stoves.

ma14-6m

ESTEE

When the word Estee or

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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 8, 1885.

These advertising notices will be inserted at a rate of 10 cents per line for the first week, and 5 cents per line for each succeeding week.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE M. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 2 at 6:31 p. m.
No. 3 at 7:45 p. m.
No. 4 at 8:15 p. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 8:34 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:28 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:43 p. m.
No. 3 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

Loaves—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancery—Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Derby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Member Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Folsiee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—James T. Smith.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Sup. Education—W. T. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lenoir, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Are you mean enough to read this paper without paying for it.

Dr. Lamar and wife, of Deatsville, have been visiting friends at this place.

Misses Blanche and Sarah Hyde, two of our loveliest and most popular young ladies, visited friends at Deatsville last week.

Mr. A. J. Hall sends the VIEW some of the finest turnips we have ever seen. They are simply huge, even for Chilton county.

Mr. Brock, a brother of Mr. Sam Brock of this place, and a Mr. Bishop, both of Fort Deposit, Ala., spent last Sunday in Clanton.

Quick sales and small profits, is a motto which enables the buyer to get bargains in family groceries and everything good to eat at W. J. Simpson.

Capt. J. M. McKleroy honored the VIEW with a pleasant call while in Clanton last Friday looking after his railroad land business.

Call at the store of W. J. Simpson for the best coffee, sugar, lard, hams, family and fancy groceries, and learn something of the low prices at which he sells.

Notice the advertisement of the Terry Show Case Co., appearing in another column. You merchants who need show cases will do well to get their price list before purchasing elsewhere.

Mr. Charley Hannon, of this place, is agent for one of the best churn dashers ever invented. If some one will give us a cow we might get a dasher from Chas., provided he would take pay in puffing.

W. J. Simpson has opened a new and fresh stock of groceries next door to the drug store. He keeps everything good to eat, and those who trade with him will get family groceries at low prices. He will not be undersold.

Two little darlings small enough to crawl through the openings between the iron bars made their escape from the county jail on Tuesday. They were in for theft. Shame on the man who would send children to jail. They should have been thrashed and turned loose.

Capt. W. A. Smith, of Dixie, gave us a pleasant call on Tuesday. He reports crops good in his section, the people in good spirits, and the general outlook for the future as exceedingly promising. He says that the VIEW was not received at the Dixie office last week. It is time President Cleveland was turning out Terrell and putting in a Democrat who will stand to the railway route agents and to their business better. This section of country could get along better without a President than it could without the VIEW.

Go to Church.

The protracted meetings now going on at the Baptist Church are being largely attended, and great good has resulted. The congregations each night have been the largest ever brought together in Clanton, the church being packed. Rev. J. L. Thompson, the pastor, is assisted by Dr. J. D. Renfro, of Talladega and Prof. John R. Sampey, of Louisville. Go to hear them while you can.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

Died, at Clanton, on Saturday, the 29th inst., Rev. R. A. Mears, aged about 55 years. Mr. Mears had been a great sufferer for years from a complication of diseases produced by dyspepsia. He bore them with fortitude to the last. He was a minister of the M. E. Church. The remains were interred in the Clanton cemetery on Sunday afternoon with Masonic honors.

Clanton Academy.

The Academy, under the management of Prof. R. E. R. Hicks, assisted by Miss Lucy Meredith, will open on Monday, September 21. Under such thoroughly competent instructors, the Academy will without doubt enter upon the most successful session of its history. For information read the advertisement in this paper or address the principal.

It comes to light from an authentic source that a Birmingham young lady has recently broken off her engagement with one of our clerks in Clanton. In doing so, she sent the young man a request by letter to return a lock of her hair which was in his possession. The young man was in something of a "fix" at this request, but his presence of mind did not forsake him. He gathered up half a dozen different locks of hair which he had stored away in his trunk and sent all of them to the Birmingham young lady, with an accompanying note explaining that he did not know which was hers, but she could select it herself and return the rest as early as possible.

Two of our young ladies were favored with an invitation to a picnic at Whetstone's Lake on Thursday last. The day, though somewhat cloudy in the morning, changed towards evening thereby gladdening the hearts of the merry picnickers. The fine tribe suffered from that day's sport but the inner man was made exceedingly glad.

In one wagon two charming and petite ladies showed the fearless manner in which they could manipulate the reins over their chargers. There were curly locks, white zephyr shawls, etc., floating in the breeze behind those "daisies." Notwithstanding their happy faces and gay demeanor they were taken for "country kin" by all who had the good fortune to meet them on their return.

We republish the following, on account of a serious typographical error in the first publication:

Tribute.

To the memory of little Lulu Farley, who died Aug. 26th, 1885.
O, fairest bud of vernal bloom,
So soon to drop from parent stem;
Since fatal dart hath sent thy doom
Thou'lt wear in heaven a diadem.
So young, so gentle and so good,
Too pure for sin-scared earth to hold;
May thy loving spirit often brood
O'er friends and woo them to the fold.
O can it be that thou art dead?
That thou art gone to realms of shade;
That thy soul to Heaven has fled,
And friends and parents mourners made?
How oft the rare and radiant light
Beaming from thy rosy face,
Hath touched our hearts with sight
Of love we vain could trace.
How sad the hearts of children dear,
Of tender age and gladdest gleam,
Who romped and played with Lulu here.
Alas! they'll come to Heaven and thee.
"Then thou, the mother of the child,
Shed tears no more in sad lament,
And learn to curb thy sorrows wild—
A present thou to God hast sent."
"Hinder Him back that which he lent,"
With patience bear thy earthly lot,
Give all to Christ, and be content,
And Lulu ne'er will be forgot.
A. FAULKNER.

Verbenia, Aug. 21, 1885.

Good health is retained by eating good, wholesome food, and taking a sufficient quantity of cod liver oil. Call on W. J. Simpson, for the purest and best family groceries ever brought to Clanton, and it will be found that he keeps nothing in stock that is not good, fresh and wholesome.

WORK OF THE HOT WELL.

Testimony for the Afflicted—Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, and Kindred Diseases Cured.

Following are some certificates which speak for themselves:

This is to certify that I have for the last twenty-five or thirty years, been afflicted with dyspepsia. I had tried various remedies, but to no purpose. I have been using the water of the hot well at Clanton for about three weeks, but not regular, living about ten miles from the well, and I am now feeling better than I have felt for years, and am satisfied that in a short time I will be entirely cured. M. M. BARRETT, Clanton, Ala.

This is to certify that I was afflicted with an abscess on my side and otherwise generally debilitated for three months prior to my arrival at Clanton, commencing about the 20th of June to use the hot well water, bathing and drinking, and up to the present time I have been using the water about one month, and I find that I have been considerably benefited thereby, and it is my belief that the continued use will entirely relieve me. At the present time I feel almost like a new man, my appetite is still on the increase and my general health greatly improved. J. A. JACKSON, Nashville, Tenn.

This is to certify that I have for years been suffering with scrofula in its most violent form producing large ulcers. I have tried many remedies, but none effected a cure, or healed the ulcers until I commenced the use of the water of the hot well at this place. I am now glad to state that I am almost well, and believe the water will thoroughly cure me. Mrs. ABTIE GILLHAM, Clanton, Ala.

This is to certify that I have for the last twelve months been severely afflicted with dyspepsia, or acidity of the stomach, for the last three weeks I have been using the water of the hot well at Clanton, after cooling the same, and it has removed all acidity of the stomach, though I have not regained all my strength, but I am satisfied that the water will ultimately effect a cure, and to those similarly afflicted I cheerfully recommend the water. J. R. JONES, Clanton.

This is to certify that I have been afflicted with dyspepsia for the last five years in its worst form. I have not been able to do any work for the last three years, until I commenced the use of the water of the hot well at Clanton, and I feel proud to say that I have been entirely cured. I feel as well as ever did in my life. I now work, eat and sleep as well as usual. J. S. MADDO, Clanton, Ala.

Verbenia Academy.

This school will open on Monday next, 7th inst. Patrons of the Academy are asked to note this fact and send pupils at the opening.

To Sheriff and Constables.

The law against public drunkenness has been in effect some time. It is a law that must be enforced in every case, Mr. Sheriff; and if the Governor of Alabama, a Judge of the Supreme Court, the President of the United States, the Probate Judge of Chilton or any other county is seen intoxicated and disorderly at any public place in this county, it is your duty to see that the party so offending goes to jail until he sobers sufficiently to pay the fine imposed. And if you need help you have only to ask for it. There are dozens of able bodied sober men who are ready and anxious to see the law enforced. And remember, Mr. Sheriff, that if you are seen "on a tear" at any public place, in this particular locality, there are a dozen or more able bodied men who are just as determined to see that you go to jail yourself. The sober element of this county is watching you to see you do your duty, Mr. Sheriff, not only that they are ready to help you where necessary, and they demand that this law be rigidly, uncompromisingly enforced. The same is said to the constables. Following is the law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That any person who while intoxicated or drunk, appears in any public place where one or more persons are present or at or within the curtilage of any private residence, not his own, where one or more persons are present, and manifests his or her drunken condition by boisterous or indecent conduct or rude and profane discourse, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Approved February 17th, 1885.

Mapleville Dots.

Rainy weather continues. Some sickness. Trade improving.

The meeting at the Methodist Church the fourth Sabbath was continued several days.

Little Jennie, daughter of E. W. King, died of congestion a few days ago. We extend our sympathy to the bereaved parents.

C. F. Douthitt now occupies his new storehouse across the railroad.

Rock Spring Locals.

Fodder pulling about over. Cotton opening fast.

Messrs. J. T. Mullins and S. J. Manning, of Jamison, spent last Saturday and Sunday with Dr. Dawson.

We bear considerable complaint of rust on cotton.

Miss Eva Cooper, of Shelby, is visiting here this week, to the great delight of some of the boys.

1886.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALABAMA.

On the Death of Little Samuel Adams Stewart.

An angel from the heights of Heaven
Looked down upon the darker world,
And saw a lovely flower-bud,
Its little petals scarce unfurled.

On wings of love, he hurried hither,
The precious treasure to secure;
But found it planted deep and firm,
In human heart-soil warm and pure.

Although the gentle angel grieved,
To part it from the parent breast,
Transplanted in perpetual Eden,
He knew 'twould be forever blest.

To comfort for the sweet bud's loss,
The spirit left with kindly grace,
The lovely, holy perfume—hope
And resignation—in its place.

These gifts, beneficent, divine,
To faith unite for memory;
This perfect flower of mortal birth,
Links earth to bright eternity.

If you want good, fresh family groceries cheap. Call on W. J. Simpson.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Th space belongs to JOHN GARNER, Dealer in General Merchandise.

Clanton, who is too busy selling goods and getting in a New Stock, to write an advertisement.

Call on him if you want bargains.

Clanton Academy.

CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The next session of this institution, will commence September 21, 1885, and will continue ten scholastic months, divided into two terms of five months each.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments, Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.

RATES OF TUITION:
Primary Department.....\$2.00
Junior ".....2.50
Senior ".....3.00
High School ".....3.50
Music.....2.00

Tuition payable monthly in advance as required by the Board of Trustees.

Public examinations of the pupils of the school will be held at the close of each session, but exhibitions will not be had at any time.

Music will be taught on piano and organ, by a competent lady assistant.

Board can be obtained by pupils of the school in private families in Clanton at very moderate rates.

For further information address R. E. R. HICKS, Principal.

Noted!

Biggest, the large gray back, the Sherry Iron Works will make the full length of the school when they come.

W. A. WHITNEY.

Aug. 21, 1885.

1885.

A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy
and will buy everything you
have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

HENRY C. MAYER,

Proprietor of

City Shoe Store,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

AND DEALER IN

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots
and Shoes, Trunks, Valises
and Satchels.

19th street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

Verbenia Male and Female Academy.

VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The Fourth Annual Session of this institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:
Primary Department, per mo. \$1.50.
Preparatory " " 2.00.
Intermediate " " 3.00.
Academic " " 4.00.
Music " " 3.00.
Contingent fee per term .50.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy and railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbenia, is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.

That we may guarantee satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regular.

For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. C. ACREE, B. N., Principal.

NOTICE NO. 4169.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 20, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 29th, 1885, viz: William A. Weaver, Homestead 16153 for the N. 1 of sec. 1 and N. 1 of sec. 1, section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Thomas Anderson, Charles Abbott and Isaac Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4170.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the N. 1 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Thomas Anderson, Charles Abbott and Isaac Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4171.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the N. 1 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Thomas Anderson, Charles Abbott and Isaac Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4172.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the N. 1 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Thomas Anderson, Charles Abbott and Isaac Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4173.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the N. 1 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Thomas Anderson, Charles Abbott and Isaac Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4174.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the N. 1 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Thomas Anderson, Charles Abbott and Isaac Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4175.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the N. 1 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Thomas Anderson, Charles Abbott and Isaac Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4176.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the N. 1 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Thomas Anderson, Charles Abbott and Isaac Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience. I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-1f REV. J. G. GURLEY.

Chilton View

—AND—

THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY
Courier-Journal.

One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of one.

By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the COURIER-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the south, Democratic and for a Tariff for Revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

B. WOLFF & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS

—OF ALL KINDS OF—
FURNITURE.

No. 20 Commerce & Corner Coosa & Court Streets,
MONTGOMERY -- ALA.

Williamson & Leavell

UNDERTAKERS

NO. 107, COMMERCE STREET,
MONTGOMERY, -- ALA.

Telegrams by day or night receive prompt attention. Bodies embalmed and kept in a perfect state of preservation, for any length of time.

ma29

WOOTON DES

Wth Revolving Cases of



OUR NEW LOW-DOWN ROLL
Length 5 ft.; Extreme height



OUR POPULAR FLAT TOP
Length, 5 feet.

We apply this principle of
cases to a great variety of desks,
tulars and prices send 5-cent

HAYNES, SPENCER & SONS
Richmond, Ind., U.
aug 20-6m.

COLLIER

AGUE CURE

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR
AGUE, CHILLS, FEVERS, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, HEADACHE, DIARRHŒA

It is a Perfect LIVER REGULATOR, no equal as a prompt and permanent cure. One Bottle at 50 cents, many cases as five dollars worth.

AGUE CURE CLEANS THE SYSTEM, QUICKLY

A few Alabama Testimonials

Fishers Landing, Ala., Dec. 10, 1893.
"Cure gives unbounded satisfaction. I
form many wonderful cures."
Mahon P. O., Ala., Dec. 3, 1893.
"has given great satisfaction and cured
many cases."
Deen, Ala., Dec. 12, 1893.—"In cases of
Ague fast to cure them. No other
time Collins Ague Cure is used."
J. M. Deen.

DR. J. M. COLLINS

[illegible]

RE

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at Lottville,
at Lottville,
at Lottville,
at Lottville,

Clage (ask
Eurotes,
Mills, Euro-
Gus, and
the most reli-
able of men.
won't perfect
of him, ad-
vocate, Ga.

ederal and
mables
FREE.
Washing-

I made with
my stomach
my stamps,
M. SPENGLER
Lottville, Miss.

POTTER

Health-

Cured in 10
days! I can
cure you. Write
me. Send me
your name and
address. D. G.
P.O. Box 788

and that his
ous. "I don't
picture, you see," he said
dead, and it's a sign of
to burn up a picture of
wife wouldn't care." The
picture into the trunk
him, and I suppose she
and the new wife then
been destroyed. A woman
wanted a trunk well
arranged, so that she
easily. We generally n-
to false bottoms from th-
she wanted this throug-
of the bottom. I ask-
she wanted the false
mid, absenty, 50-h. big
package of letters and
Now, that was a defin-
it?"—San Francisco Ch-

The Grandest of

Many have attempt-
topazi, the loftiest of
but the walls are in
step, and the snow is
is impossible, even with
On the south side of
rock, more than 2,000
the "Inca's Head."

and fell on the day
was strangled by the
who have seen Vermin
grandeur of the mountain
a volcano 15,000 feet
forth its fire from a
2,000 feet of snow, will
be heard 500 miles.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 10, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will be inserted at a rate of five cents per line for the first week, and thereafter at a rate of three cents per line for each succeeding week.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

County—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November.
Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE 5. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:30 a. m.
No. 2 at 6:31 p. m.
No. 3 at 3:45 p. m.
No. 4 at 5:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 at 8:34 a. m.
No. 2 at 10:28 a. m.
No. 3 at 9:45 p. m.
No. 4 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

LODGE—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 4, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—Jasper T. Smith.
Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Hiley M. Honecutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr., Moses Robinson, R. C. Lenoir, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Look Here!

In order to increase the circulation of the VIEW we make the following offer. We will give fifty cents in cash for every cash subscriber that may be obtained by any one before the 15th of October. This offer begins now and extends until the above date. Friends of the paper can thus extend its circulation, and will be paid for their trouble.

Mrs. W. H. Burton, of this place, is visiting friends in Birmingham this week.

Mr. Vince Arnold, of Bibb county, is visiting Clanton for his health. He is trying the water of the hot well.

The VIEW has been told to give Dr. Bivings a lick this week, because he has a new twelve pound boy at his house.

The man who spits on the floor at church or in public gatherings should return to childhood and get some one to raise him over again.

A maiden lady who has a chair which she claims came over in the Mayflower would not speak to a friend who asked her if she came over with it.

W. J. Simpson is selling the best groceries to be found in this section at the lowest cash figures. His goods are new and fresh. He will give you bargains.

The communication of "Scy. Simons," aside from its compliments to this paper, hits the nail squarely upon the head and with some powerful blows.

Mrs. F. A. Hannon, Mrs. Dr. W. E. Stewart and Miss Essie Adams, of this place, left yesterday morning for Talladega, where they will spend a few weeks visiting friends and relatives.

The merchant's mutual protection association met in Clanton on Monday. This body is composed of the most substantial and progressive merchants of the county, and the association is in a flourishing condition.

Mr. Barnett Merriwether, of Verbena, and until lately a pupil at Verbena Academy, has passed the rigid examination of the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, N. Y., and been admitted as a cadet from this district.

Mr. Thos. McCumber, of Randolph, writes us that the first bale of new cotton was received there on the first and sold to H. S. Latham & Bro., at 10 cents. It weighed 430 pounds and was raised in Clanton county by N. W. Latham.

Mr. F. A. Gullidge, at Verbena, will shortly have a liberal advertisement in the VIEW to let the public know something about the low prices at which he is selling his large stock of goods. In the meantime call on him and he will tell you about it himself.

WORK OF THE HOT WELL.

Tidings for the Afflicted—Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Headache, and Kindred Diseases Cured.

Following are some certificates which speak for themselves:

This is to certify that on the 21st of June I had a severe attack of rheumatism being confined to my bed not able to move myself part of the time, without assistance. On the 10th of August, with the assistance of friends I reached the hot well, remaining there fifteen days. I was carried in the arms of friends, and in fifteen days walked off. I shall always have the "moral courage" to proclaim its healing power to the world. I will advise all who suffer with rheumatism to visit the hot well. I feel under no obligation to you for free shelter and water and attention given. Yours truly,
A. H. COURTNEY,
Verbena, Ala.

This is to certify that I have for the last twenty-five or thirty years, been afflicted with dyspepsia. I had tried various remedies, but to no purpose. I have been using the water of the hot well at Clanton for about three weeks, but not regular, living about ten miles from the well, and I am now feeling better than I have felt for years, and am satisfied that in a short time I will be entirely cured. M. M. BATES,
Clanton, Ala.

This is to certify that I was afflicted with an abscess on my side and otherwise generally debilitated for three months prior to my arrival at Clanton, commencing about the 20th of June to use the hot well water, bathing and drinking, and up to the present time I have been using the water about a month, and I find that I have considerably benefited thereby. It is my belief that its continued use will entirely relieve me. At the present time I feel almost like a new man, my appetite is still on the increase and my general health greatly improved.
Jno. A. JACKSON,
Nashville, Tenn.

This is to certify that I have for years been suffering with scrofulous skin eruptions, but none of the most violent form producing large ulcers. I have tried many remedies, but none effected a cure, or healed the ulcers. I commenced the use of the water of the hot well at this place. I am now glad to state that I am almost well, and believe the water will thoroughly cure me. Mrs. ARTIE GULLAHORN,
Clanton, Ala.

This is to certify that I have for the last twelve months been severely afflicted with dyspepsia, or acidity of the stomach, that for the last three weeks I have been using the water of the hot well at Clanton, and it has removed all acidity of the stomach, though I had regained all my strength, but I was dissatisfied that the water will ultimately effect a cure, and to those similarly afflicted I cheerfully recommend the water.
J. R. JOHNSON.

This is to certify that I have been afflicted with dyspepsia for the last five years in its worst form. I have not been able to do any work for the last three years, until I commenced the use of the water of the hot well at Clanton, and I feel proud to say that I have been entirely cured. I feel as well as I ever did in my life. I can now work, eat and sleep as well as any man.
J. S. MADDOX, Clanton, Ala.

ANALYSIS OF THE WATER OF THE HOT WELL BY DR. WM. OESNER, OF BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Temperature of the water at 60° Fahr. Specific gravity, 1.000. Solids, one gallon.

GASES.
Sulphuretted Hydrogen.....None.
Carbonic acid......500 cubic inches.

CARBONATED SALTS.
Iron oxide.....None.
Soda.....13.108.

Lime.....Trace.
Magnesia.....5.330.

MURIATIC SALTS.
Soda.....2.120.
Lime.....None.
Magnesia.....None.

OTHER CONSTITUENTS.
Silica.....0.102.
Phosphate of Soda.....0.177.
Lithia.....0.009.
Total solid parts.....28.544.

This is a mild saline water, and its high temperature in the well is of subterranean origin, being attributed, as in the case of the springs at Hot Springs, Ark., to contact with rocks under the influence of volcanic lava. Its thermal condition assimilates that of the Arkansas hot springs, which are registered as "ranging from 98 to 160 deg. Fahrenheit."

The large body from which it had to be taken, being in contact on all sides with the earth and receiving its drainage and temperature, must consequently be in a diluted state, particularly as the present season is a very cool and wet one; and a perfect well curbing to the fountain head at the bottom would show the waters to be of higher temperature and more saline.

Respectfully Yours,
WM. GESSNER,
Analytical and Consulting Chemist.
For particulars address S. A. Blasingame, Clanton, Ala.

The Protracted Meetings.

The meetings which have been held at the Baptist and Methodist Churches during the past two weeks have resulted in great good to our community, and the result has been very beneficial to the Churches, the Baptist Church having had twenty-one accessions to its roll of membership and the Methodist ten up to present writing. The Baptists closed their meetings last Saturday night, after one week of good work. The Methodist meetings are still being held, the pastor Rev. C. R. Lamar, being assisted by Rev. Mr. Coleman, of Wetumpka.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

OUR COUNTY.

A Good Showing for Clanton—Property and Progress Moving Together.

Probate Judge Callen furnishes us with the abstract of assessment for our county for the present year. From it we obtain some interesting information concerning the growth of the county. In 1870, according to the State Auditor's report for that year, the total number of acres of land assessed to owners in the county was 149,449 valued at \$234,870. For 1885 the showing is: Number of acres assessed to owners 373,964 valued at \$492,572. To continue the comparison, in 1870 the town property of the county was assessed at \$100. This year it reaches \$96,395. The number of inhabitants subject to pole tax in 1870 was 535 and the amount collected from this source reached \$802.50. This year the number of poll tax payers is 1,723 and the amount collected is 2,584.75 dollars. The railroad property of the county is \$635,187 upon which we collect a tax of 3,811 dollars. The Auditor's report for 1870 does not give any assessment of railroad property.

All in all our county makes a good showing. We have taken the year 1870 in making the comparison because the first assessment of property in the county was made in that year; the county having been formed from portions of Autauga, Bibb, Coosa and Shelby during the latter part of 1868.

A Voice for the Hot Well.

VERBENA, ALA., Sept. 7th.
EDITOR CHILTON VIEW:—Please allow me space in your excellent paper to give a brief history of my case since the 21st of June. I am anxious that the world shall know what the hot well at Clanton has done for me. I had a severe attack of rheumatism on the 21st of June. Everything was done for me that medical skill could do, and yet my sufferings were so great that I thought my end was near. Physicians advised my mother to send me to Blount Springs, which place I started on the 10th of August. By the advice of my mother I was to stop a few days at the Clanton hot well. Messrs. Ben Gardner and W. F. Claughton volunteered to attend me. I was as helpless as an infant and had to be carried about. The ride was so bad that I was rendered more helpless and I had to be fed. After reaching the hot well fifteen miles, I was taking twelve baths a day, and the 16th day without any rest, I was feeling better.

I will here express my thanks and good wishes to the people of Clanton for their attentions given, and to the Editor for his kindness. I am now doing well, and am able to walk, eat heartily, and sleep soundly and feel duly grateful for the rapid and almost miraculous recovery.

I will return in a few days to get a drink of the water.

P. S.—I should have stated that I did not take any medicine while at the hot well.

STEPHEN S. RENFROE,

The North-bound Alabama Great Southern train arrived yesterday morning it pulled up at the crossing near the Coketown depot and put off six prisoners from Sumter county, who were: Mose Martin, a life-time prisoner; Fedwick Tollison, four years; Stovis Dawson, two years; William Robinson, two years; and Stephen S. Rensfroe, five years. Five were negroes. The prisoners were met by Messrs. J. Collins and W. R. Wilson, who are officials of Pratt Mines, who took charge and carried them to the mines. An Ape reporter went to the depot a few minutes before the train departed. The negroes were seated in a circle securely handcuffed. Rensfroe was a few feet away from them, seated on a box. His hands were manacled with strong handcuffs. He is a man of fine physique, stands five feet eleven inches and weighs 180 pounds. He wore trousers of gray jeans with a coat of similar material of a darker shade. His clothes fit him well and showed off his well built form to advantage. His face was cleanly shaved, except a well-trimmed mustache. His expression is pleasant, and his manner does not portray any wild nature. He was quiet and bore a dignified air. He talked calmly and regretted his position, but said he would abide by the decision of the law and try and make a better citizen when he was released.

During the conversation he said: "I was born in Jones county, Ga., and came to this state when six years old. I was in the Eighth Alabama regiment and fought in thirty-six regular engagements. I will never forget the battle of Seven Pines. I was captured by the Yankees on the battlefield at which time I weighed nearly 300 pounds. Men were like children to me then; I was very strong. When they were taking me from the bat-

1868.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,

FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS, DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,

HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALABAMA.

aug13-4m

defiled, I knocked them about like nine pins and escaped within two hours. I have been inside of a number of prisons in my life, the most of which for reasons not necessary to mention now. My first great trouble was when I was arrested for the murder of Billings in September, 1874. I was placed under a \$12,000 bond but the United States court did not indict me. In Sumpter county I was elected sheriff in 1880, and was arrested for numerous crimes. I left jail and went to the Pacific ocean. I am here now going to serve two years for larceny and three years for embezzlement. I am turning grey very fast and have had a hard life lately. I did not intend to be so much trouble to the people I have fought so long for. I shall go to the mines and do what is required of me. My poor little wife will suffer, and that nearly breaks my heart. I will be a better man, I swear it. My life has been exaggerated, and I am not such a villain the people think I am."

Engineer Beall announced the "Hattie" ready to leave for the mines, and the prisoners were placed on board and were soon lost to view.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chiblain Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

NOTICE NO. 4169.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 20, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 20th, 1885, viz: Joseph Tyas Homestead 14236, for the n. of n. of section 22, Township 20, Range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: William H. Foshee, Jr., Wash Burn, William Green and Hiram Green, all of Dixie, Ala.
Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4162.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 28th, 1885, viz: William A. Weaver, Homestead 16153 for the n. of s. of and n. of s. of section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: James Hill, John D. Ousley Wm. D. Lockhart, and Augustus Wilson, all of Dixie, Ala.
Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4110.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 8, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the n. of section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Carter, Tom Anderson, Charley Abbott and Isam Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala.
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aug 6

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25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bile casts, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blades, Fatness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having accumulated some dirt.

Weakness, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Redness, with itchy drowsiness, Highly colored Urine, and Constipation.

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TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR is changed to its natural color by a simple application of this dye. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously, and is perfectly safe. Sold by express on receipt of \$1.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

deals in

To the Farmers of Clanton Co.

This is to inform you that I am now prepared to gin your cotton at your homes. I will carry my gin to any farm where I can get 10 bales to gin, at \$8.00 per bale. For further information apply to

J. F. & J. W. GOODGAME,
Clanton, Ala.

aug25-4m

Notice!

Respectful, the large gray Jack from Shelby Iron Works will make the fall season on Clanton place near Calow.

W. E. WHITTEK.

Aug. 3, 1885.

Clanton Academy.

CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The next session of this institution, will commence September 21, 1885, and will continue ten scholastic months, divided into two terms of five months each.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments, Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary Department.....\$2.00
Junior ".....2.00
Senior ".....2.00
High School ".....2.50
Music.....3.00

Tuition payable monthly IN ADVANCE as required by the Board of Trustees.

Public examinations of the pupils of the school will be held at the close of each session, but exhibitions will not be had at any time.

Musical will be taught on piano and organ, by a competent lady assistant.

Board can be obtained by pupils of the school in private families in Clanton at very moderate rates.

For further information address

R. E. HICKS,
Clanton.

aug13-4m

1885.

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GRAY HAIR is changed to its natural color by a simple application of this dye. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously, and is perfectly safe. Sold by express on receipt of \$1.

A TALE OF SHIPWRECK

Shipping and Maritime News
The story of the poor woman who, with her three children, was imprisoned for seventeen hours under a capsize boat, has reached one of our correspondents in a similar case of suffering, which is thus described:

The brig *Marina*, of Dunkerque, sailed from that place on Saturday, October 31, 1948, under the command of Captain Pierre Everard, with a cargo of oil and canvas for Marseilles. Her burden was about 114 tons. The crew consisted of seven persons, including the captain and his nephew—a boy fourteen years old. At three o'clock in the afternoon of Monday, November 18th, they were forced to leave in a gale of wind, at about ten or twelve leagues southwest of the Bally Isles. At seven o'clock of the same evening a heavy sea struck the vessel, and she suddenly capsized, turning bottom upward. The only man on the deck at the time was thrown into the sea and was drowned.

In the forecastle were three seamen—Vincent, Vautour and Jean Marie. The two former succeeded in getting up close to the keelson, and so kept their heads above water. Jean Marie was not so fortunate; he must have been in some measure entangled, for after convulsively grasping the heel of Vautour for a few seconds, he let go his hold and was drowned. The other two, finding that the shock of the upset had started the bulkhead between the forecastle and the hold, and that the cargo itself had fallen down on the deck, contrived to draw themselves alongside the keelson toward the stern of the ship, whence they thought they heard some voices. At the time of the accident the captain, the mate, Jean Gallo, and the boy, Nicolas Nissen, were in the cabin. The captain caught the boy in his arms, under the impression that their last moments had arrived. The mate succeeded in wrenching open the trap hatch in the cabin, and clearing out some coals that were jammed in the lazarette, a sort of small triangle space between the cabin floor and the keelson, where stores are generally stowed away. Having done this, he scrambled up into the vacant space and took the boy from the hands of the captain. In about an hour they were joined by Vincent and Vautour from the forecastle. There were then five persons closely cooped together.

As they sat they were obliged to bend their bodies for want of height above them, while the water reached as high as their waists, from which irksome position one at a time obtained some relief by stretching all full length on the barrels in the hold, squeezing himself up close to the keelson. They were able to distinguish between day and night by the light striking from above into the sea and being reflected up through the lazarette through the trap-hatch in the cabin floor. The day and night of Tuesday, November 17, and the day following passed without food, without relief, almost without hope; but still each encouraged the others, endeavoring to assuage the pangs of hunger by chewing the bark stripped from the hoops of the sea.

Want of fresh air threatened them with death by suffocation; the mate worked almost incessantly for two days and one night in endeavoring with his knife to cut a hole through the hull. Happily the knife broke before he had succeeded in accomplishing his object, the result of which must have proved fatal, as the confined air alone preserved the vessel in a sufficiently buoyant state. In the dead of the night of Wednesday, the 18th, the vessel struck heavily; on the third blow the stern dropped so much that all hands were forced to make the best of their way forward toward the bows, attempting which poor Vincent was drowned.

After the lapse of an hour or two, finding the water ebbling, Gallo got down into the cabin and, while seeking for a hatch which was usually kept there, was forced to rush up again for shelter to avoid being drowned, the sea rising on him rapidly. Another hour or two of suffering succeeded, and then they were rejoiced to see by the dawning of the day of Thursday, the 19th, that the vessel was fast on the rocks, one of which protruded up through the skylight.

The captain then went down into the cabin and found that the quarter of the ship was stove in, and, looking through the opening, he called out to his companions: "Thank God, we are saved! I see a man on the beach." Immediately after this the man approached and put in his hand, the captain seized, almost as much to the terror of the poor man as to the delight of the captain. The people of the neighborhood were soon assembled, the side of the ship was cut open, and the four poor fellows were liberated, after an entombment of three days and three nights. The spot where the vessel struck is called *Port-Hell* in the island of St. Mary's, Scilly. She must have been driven on the rocks soon after midnight, at about the period of high water, and was discovered at about seven o'clock on Thursday morning by a man accidentally passing along the cliffs. In another half hour the returning tide would have sealed their fate. The body of Vincent was thrown on the rocks a short distance from the wreck, and was interred in the burying ground of St. Mary's.

Not the least remarkable part of the story is, that in the afternoon of Wednesday, the 18th, the track, floating bottom upward, was fallen in with about a league and half distance from the islands by two pilot boats, which took her in tow for about an hour, but their tow ropes breaking and night approaching, with a heavy sea running and every appearance of bad weather, they abandoned her, having no suspicion, of course, that there were human beings alive in the hold of the vessel, which was floating with little more than her keel out of water. Had the vessel not been so taken in tow the set of the current would have drifted her clear of the Isles into the vast Atlantic.

—St. James Gazette.

The Electricity of Rain.

The suggestion having been made that the ignition of petroleum tanks may sometimes be caused by sparks from the rain of thunder clouds, some interesting results obtained with an old piece of apparatus have been called to mind. In these experiments an electrometer showed that the drops of occasional showers are almost always more or less charged with electricity, and that it is only totally absent during foggy, misty days, and long storms. The strongest charges were obtained during thunder-storms; but the air even has given indications occasionally of an electric charge without any fall of rain.

China often attracts a field for the work of professional explorers in any other country on the globe. It has recently been announced that the Chinese and British expeditions are now of 400,000 square miles.

FOR FEMININE READERS

The Fan Magazine

A correspondent of the *Christianity* writes: Ladies, why will you, why must you, fan, fan, fan? Through the Scripture reading, through the singing, through the sermon, go on the incessant swinging of the fan. Do you not know that, as commonly used, three-fourths of all the power of the fan is expended upon the head, neck and shoulders of the sinner in the pew in front of you? The writer has suffered long in silence, making the while, as occasion offered, a study of the subject, and is prepared to assert and maintain that the use of the fan at church and in other public places is simply a habit, which, as a rule, results in no benefit to the user, but is often the cause of great discomfort to her neighbors. Now, this is really a serious matter, in these days, when you ladies so far outnumber the men at church. Who can say that the fan nuisance is not responsible for a part of the absenteeism? You do not mean to be otherwise than thoughtful and considerate of others, but—well, perhaps you have never thought of it until now. Remember, we who sit in front of you have neither bonnets nor back hair.

General Hints.
This style of love-token is still popular among fishermen dwelling on the Western Irish coast, inhabiting the Claddagh. It is made with a double, sometimes triple link, and can be shut up to form a ring.

From the middle of the sixteenth to the close of the seventeenth century it was the custom to inscribe on gemel-rings a motto or "posy," very simple, but true and touching in sentiment: "Our contract was Heaven's sac," "God above, I love you," "In thee, my choice, I do rejoice." These were often called "posy rings."

In the Merchant of Venice we read: "About a hoop of gold, a paltry ring that the devil gave, whose power was for all the world like unto a curse."

Upon posy rings of 1824 these lines were traced:

"My heart and I until I die."

Upon another:

"Not two, but one, till life be gone."

And on a third:

"Wear this text, and when you look upon your finger, swear by the book."

The wedding ring of James II. of England to Mary Beatrice of Savoy was a small ruby set in gold.

The Richest Doll on Es

A little girl now at Long Branch—the child of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Randall, of New York, who, with her parents and little brother, is in a cottage on Bath avenue—glories in the possession of probably the most magnificent doll ever made, whose self and trousseau were the wonder of all Paris, and took a prize at an Industrial Exposition there. The little girl is named Virginia Campbell, for the late Mrs. Robert Campbell, of St. Louis, and the eldest son of that lady, knowing the affection both his parents had for the child's father and grandparents, brought her the handsomest present he could find in Europe. The doll is the size of a child three years old. The trousseau includes a seakink sacque, lined with quilted satin, large enough for a child three years old, point lace fans with pearl sticks, lace-covered parasols with pearl and other fine handles, gloves, lace handkerchiefs, lingerie dresses, hats, wraps, satin slippers and every imaginable article a bride could have in her trousseau, and all large enough for a child of the age named, and even a wedding-dress and fine lace veil. The smaller articles were all in sets, not only one or two of each, but the underwear, handkerchiefs, etc., by dozens. It took a very large Saratoga trunk to hold the doll and her wardrobe.

—Long Branch Letter.

The Queen's Personal Appearance.

A London letter to the *Chicago Herald* says: The queen, who looked, as I thought, extremely gracious when Mrs. Astor and Mrs. White were introduced at the drawing-room, was the center figure in a setting of dazzling brilliance. Mixed with toilettes inexpressibly gorgeous in hue, texture and ornamentation, were the varied uniforms of men, in all the hues of the rainbow. The flashes of diamonds, the glitter of gold and jewels, the background of artistically draped and brightly colored walls, the gentle ripple of movement and the softly falling music dreamily echoing from distant corridors made up altogether a very satisfying programme. The queen, who is perfectly well aware that she looks her best in the shades of widowhood, wore black satin. From the regal coronet, which sparkled with hundreds of diamonds and pearls set in fine gold flowed a majestic white tulle veil. The royal throat was encircled with a wondrous necklace of glorious pearls four rows deep, and in the tiny ears were diamonds emitting the purest rays. The royal person fairly blazed with ribbons, stars and orders, and I am free to confess, impudent republicans though I am, that Victoria presented a queenly and majestic figure, on which the eye welled with instinctive respect. She is the picture of a wholesome woman who feels well, sleeps well, thinks well, and is favored with a sound mind and healthy body.

White Dresses this Season.

White is to rage again in dresses this season, and not a dissenting voice is heard against its wear, even from the chronic croakers who usually croak away. Six out of ten of the elegant toilets made this season are cut with a round waist. A number are of the inelegant blouse shape. Some are cut plain, but depend for good effect upon the pretty and graceful lace fichus, lace-trimmed ruffs and lace-trimmed collars. The sleeves are short, but the arms are to be covered to within five inches of the elbow by long silk gloves. The trained dresses, made wholly of lace and net, over princess-slips of white silk, are lovely beyond description. Strings of Roman pearls about the throat, and a garniture of white half-blown roses, and palest green mosses, and feathery foliage are the fashionable accessories to these. Sometimes the white dress is made up of white muslin, turquoise blue, pale green, yellow or pink tulle or satins, and decorated with white lace or flowers of tulle.

White Skinned Indians.

Several cases of natives of India having a white skin have been reported. Mr. A. T. Frazer mentions the finding of a family in which several white persons—resembling Europeans—had appeared, the parents having the ordinary blackness of the natives. The whites were not the result of leprosy. The skin of the Allines is much more sensitive to the sun's rays than that of other natives or even of other Europeans. The contrast between white and dark skins, having a striking resemblance of figures, is said to be a good omen.

corrupted, but the perfectly white toilet with lace trimmings or ribbons of the same in considered the more perfect, only to be rejected by the spray of flowers thrust into the belt or mingling with the flow of lace on the corsage.

Fashion Notes.
Pearls are decidedly the fashionable jewel of the present time.

White and colored cotton embroidery is used for trimming silk.

Pique trimmed with embroidery is again popular for children's wear.

Black lace shoulder capes are worn with black grenadine and black silk costumes.

Short jackets, opening over full bas waists, are worn at seaside and country resorts.

The short puffed little sleeves of many ball robes have a little wreath of flowers at the edge.

Gilt-ribbed parasols, covered with ecru muslin, are light, and harmonize with any costume.

Low-necked dresses for girls to be worn with guimpes have shoulder puffs and shirred bodices.

The popular "cray cloth" is invaluable for traveling costumes, as it is not affected by dust or water.

Black batiste is a new wool fabric, fine and smooth surfaced, especially adapted to summer wear.

The gauze ribbons embroidered with dots and printed in soft tints and medallion patterns are a novelty.

New bonnets show a new departure, inasmuch as fruit is used on them for trimming in place of flowers.

Little girls' hats are either in colored or yellow straw, and trimmed with immense bows of fancy ribbon.

Elegant shoes for wearing with outdoor costumes are of fine kid, either black or matching the dress, and no ornament is put on.

For evening and dinner toilets and concerts, young ladies wear a small tuft of flowers in the hair, and another on the shoulder, or at the point where the ends of the fichu meet.

Short sleeves with high French waists, and perfectly straight skirts are features of new cream and ecru embroidered dresses, the shades of white, watered ribbon, pale ecru in color.

High full bodices of lace over a low corsage of colored silk or satin, and ornamented with a purr or fichu of beaded tulle and lace, are adopted for small evening receptions and evening concerts.

Rather stout figures look better with a flat band of embroidery, beaded lace, velvet, or any other trimming preferred, put on round the neck and straight down the front, outlining a jacket, than any other way.

Linen finish percales and prints are novelties for summer wear. They are very like silk in their glossy finish, especially shirred plaids. For those who like wash materials, these fabrics will be found extremely suitable.

Very pretty and also inexpensive are the fine broadcated alpaca. They are made with a polonaise corsage draped very high over the hips. The style is not specially new, but is always pretty. The front forms a blouse which is kept in place at the waist with a velvet belt.

Half-torn dresses may be made to look exceedingly well by the addition of panels, plastrons, jackets or fichus, which are now worn, while the present mode of wearing skirts and bodices of contrasting colors helps many a skirt that has outlived its bodice to present an appearance perfectly stylish at little expense.

Russian Funerals.

We learn from Khol's work on St. Petersburg, that black coffins are not used in Russia; coffins are generally brown, but children have pink, grown-up unmarried girls sky-blue, while older females are indulged with a violet color. Among the poorer classes the coffin is adorned with pine branches; while among the rich the whole way from the habitation to the church is strewn with the same. Mr. Khol says:

"The coffin is carried to the church uncovered, that the acquaintances who may happen to meet it in the street may have a last glimpse of their friend's face. The lid is carried before. The coffin is followed, even in the day time, by a band of torch bearers, with broad cooked hats, who offer up a prayer to heaven for the dead; and so earnest are they in their devotion that they do not replace their hats until the cavalcade has disappeared from sight. This mark of respect is shown to every corpse—to Russians as well as to Protestants and Catholics. In the church the corpse is again set out in white and holding in their hands wax lights enveloped in crape, supply the dead with everything they judge necessary for the journey. On his forehead is placed a fillet ornamented with holy 'sacred' and inscribed in his hand is stuck a cross of wax or other substance. He then receives the passport."

"Even a plate of food is placed near the coffin. This funeral dish is kulia, and generally consists of rice cooked with honey, formed into a kind of pudding. This is stewed with raisins by way of ornament, and on top lies a cross of the same fruit. The wealthy, instead of raisins, use small pieces of sugar."

"After this mass, in Russian ecclesiastical language, Panichide, is chanted by the priests. During this the relations kiss his hand, and among the lower orders the most doleful and eloquent adresses succeed. If the deceased be a married man, the widow gives way to the most moving and poetical expressions of sorrow. Waving her hands and starting all the while at the face of the corpse, as if he were still alive, she cries now louder, now more gently:

"Golobotichik moi, Druzhitschik, Alas! my little dove, my dearest, why hast thou deserted me? Did I not prepare everything at home for thee with love, that thou must thus spurn thy wife? Woe is me! How fresh and well didst thou sit with me and thy children only six weeks ago, and playdest with thy little son Fedor, who is three years old; and now thou art dead and still, and answerest not a word to thy wife and weeping children! My little friend, my husband, lord, awake! awake!"

"Amidst this lamentation on without end the lid of the coffin is closed, and the procession moves on to the burying ground."

White Skinned Indians.

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Qualities of Animals.

As it is true that certain animals possess the physical qualifications for laughter, so also is it correct that they possess all the apparatus for shedding tears. The dog, horse, elephant, bear, cat, donkey, mule, various deer, mink, chimpanzee, mandrill, tigers and other monkeys, apes, cattle, camel, giraffe, shed tears under emotions of sorrow and grief. The parrot does not shed tears, but possesses the kindred power of sobbing. Chimpanzees will weep at dread of punishment, monkeys and elephants on account of disappointment or mortification, the Giraffe sheds tears on account of captivity and confinement the titi from fear, terror or fright, the stag at bay and caged rat from despair, certain monkeys because they are pitted, and the young soko, says Dr. Livingstone, out of his pettishness or non-compliance with his whims. Mrs. Burton says she has seen in the Syrian desert "tears roll down the camels' cheeks with thirst." Some one speaking of a mule crippled by a two-inch nail in his foot: "His face was the picture of pain and despair. Tears streamed out of his eye."

Dr. Livingstone records the instance of a young soko, which, if not taken up in the arms like a child when it desired, and appealed to be so carried, engaged in the most bitter, human-like weeping. Dr. Boerle shot a female (mother) ape in Java that had mortally wounded from a tree clasp the young one in her arms, and she died weeping. A giraffe, wounded by a rifle-shot, was also found to have tears trickling from the lash of his dark, humid eyes. Gordon Cumming, the African traveler, speaks of large tears trickling from the eyes of a dying elephant. Some old rats, finding a young one dead by drowning, wiped the tears from their eyes with their forepaws, says the "Animal World."

Instances might be enumerated without limit to show that certain animals have both the physical requirements for grins and tears, and are susceptible to the same emotions that cause tears and laughter in man.

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WORDS OF WISDOM.

A cheerful face is nearly as good for an invalid as healthy weather.

Castles without housekeeping are but bricks and stones—cold and forbidding.

All other knowledge is hurtful to one who has not the science of honesty and good nature.

He who has a suspicion that his friends are no better men than his enemies, will do well to consider how it came about that he has enemies.

Feelings come and go like light troops following the victory of the present; but principles, like troops of the line, are undisturbed, and stand fast.

A man might as well expect to grow stronger by always eating, as wiser by always reading. Too much surcharges nature, and turns more into disease than nourishment.

A multitude of eyes will narrowly inspect every part of an eminent man, consider him nicely in all views, and not be a little pleased when they have taken him in the worst and most disadvantageous lights.

All generous companies of artists, authors, philanthropists, men of science, or, ought to be, societies of mutual admiration. A man of genius, or any kind of superiority, is not debased from admiring the same quality in another, nor the other from returning his admiration.

Intercourse with persons of decided virtue and excellence is of great importance in the formation of good character. The force of example is powerful; and we are creatures of imitation, and by necessary influence, our habits and tempers are very much formed on the mode of those with whom we familiarly associate.

Trunks With False Bottoms.

"You would be surprised at the number of orders we fill for trunks with false bottoms," said a trunk manufacturer.

"Sometimes, yes, but more frequently for high-toned people. A man came to me one day with an oil-painting of a beautiful woman, and asked me to have the painting built into the bottom of a trunk. Naturally I was curious, and, as he was talkative, I soon found out that the painting was of his first wife, and that his new wife was awfully jealous."

"I don't like to burn up the old picture, you see," he said, "as she is not dead, and it's a sign of mighty bad luck to burn up a picture of a living person. I suspect if she was dead, my present wife wouldn't care." Well, I built the picture into the trunk, sent it home to him, and I suppose everything is lovely, and the new wife thinks the picture has been destroyed. A woman came once and wanted a trunk with a false bottom arranged, so that she could get at it easily. We generally make the openings to false bottoms from the under side, but she wanted this through the upper side of the bottom. I asked her how deep she wanted the false bottom, and she said, 'Oh, big enough to hold a package of letters and a photograph.' Now, that was a definite order, wasn't it?"—*San Francisco Chronicle*.

The Grandest of Volcanoes.

Many have attempted to scale Cotopaxi, the loftiest of active volcanoes, but the walls are in South America so steep, and the snow is so deep that ascent is impossible, even with scaling ladders. On the south side of Cotopaxi is a great rock, more than 2,000 feet high, called the "Inca's Head." Tradition says that it was once the summit of the volcano, and fell on the day when Atahualpa was strangled by the Spaniards. Those who have seen Venizius can judge of the grandeur of Cotopaxi if they can imagine a volcano 15,000 feet higher, shooting forth its fire from a crest covered by 3,900 feet of snow, with a voice that has been heard 600 miles.

The distinguished U. S. Senator from Indiana, Hon. Daniel W. Voorhees, certifies that in a case of rheumatism in the back, he obtained instantaneous relief from St. Jacob's Oil. He says it is a remarkable remedy.

The State of Alabama fairly bristles with young and vigorous cities which are entirely unknown and unthought of fifteen years ago. The city of Birmingham—the magic city—has surged ahead of them all in substantial and rapid growth. The ground upon which it was built was a howling wilderness fifteen years ago; to-day, it is a city of 18,000 inhabitants. The industrial progress made there during the last four years is the wonder of the whole world.

Florida has entered the list of competitors for the northern flower market. A horticulturist at Tangier has recently shipped 30,000 tuberoses built to the north.

A *Quartz* ball of Stockton, Cal., is only every evening a few minutes after midnight, at which time all diamonds and stones are being brought to the market.

Wolfram Upon a Proclamation.

When in taking passage in a great steamship, Adams steamer, does not feel a thrill of exultation over her magnificent power. Against her the Storm King may hurl his elemental forces, nor storm her armor, nor stop her march, nor drive her from her course.

But let me describe a scene when, one morning in mid-ocean, there came an alarm from the pilot house followed by a cry: "The ruler is lost!" From the confident expression, conversation came to every face. The wheelman being helpless to direct her course, the vessel was at the mercy of wind and wave.

The captain had been negligent—the hangings of the ruler were allowed to wear weak, and suddenly it had dropped deep into the sea.

Strong in intellect, in physical vigor, in energy and in ambition, man contrives, unaided, gigantic tasks and commands applause for his magnificent achievements. But, all unexpectedly, an alarm comes—the ruler of his constitution is gone. He has been careless of its preservation; mental strain, nervous excitement, irregular habits, overwork, have destroyed the action of his kidneys and liver. This would not occur were Warner's safe cure used to maintain vigor. And even now it may restore vitality to those organs and give back to the man that which will lead him to the haven of his ambition.

The value of an autograph depends upon what it is annexed to.

Never Open Your Mouth except to put something to eat into it, is an excellent motto for the gossip and the sufferer from catarrh. While the gossip is practically incurable, there is no cure for any one's suffering longer from Catarrh. Dr. Syge's Catarrh Remedy is an unfailing cure for the most obstinate cases of Catarrh. It heals the diseased membrane, and removes the dull and depressed sensations which always attend catarrh. A short trial of this valuable preparation will make the sufferer feel like a new being.

Sleep—The thief that robs us of our time giving us health in exchange.

Mark Twain's latest advertisement is his account that his children are well behaved, well governed and companionably charming, and he refers to Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, Charles Dudley Warner and his other Hartford friends as witnesses. How could you expect them to be otherwise, were they not brought up on Ridge's Food?—*Exchange*.

Very Important.

A cold in the head causes much discomfort and annoyance and if of frequent recurrence often produces serious results. The membrane of the nasal passages becomes inflamed and stuffed, and a scum and poisonous virus is formed, sore form in the head, deafness, headache and roaring in the ears ensue and the sufferer finally discovers that he has Catarrh. This loathsome disease is by many considered incurable but never fails to yield to the power of Ely's Cream Balm. This is an article of undoubted merit, not a liquid nor a snuff, but a pleasant, clean and efficacious remedy which a child can use. It is applied into the nostrils where it is absorbed. It opens the passages, always inflammation, kills all sores, cleanses and soothes the membrane linings and restores the sense of taste and smell. It gives instant relief, and a thorough treatment will certainly cure. Price 25 cents a box. Sold everywhere.

Ely Bros., Druggists, New York, N. Y.

Your character cannot be injured, except by your own acts.

The only reliable cure for Catarrh is Dr. Syge's Catarrh Remedy.

Conversation—The idle man's business and the business man's recreation.

For DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, flatulency, general debility, nervousness, indigestion, and all other ailments of the stomach and bowels, use Dr. Syge's Catarrh Remedy. It is the best tonic and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness. Price 25 cents a box. Sold everywhere.

Glooms—The curtains of sorrow are of joy.

Don't take that "cock" morning, "nauseated stomach, and unrefreshing sleep. The sure and safe way to clear the brain, restore rest for the brain, and to use the most "Lurgative Pellets."

Nothing can constitute a good nature that has not good nature for its basis.

Red Star

17 TRADE MARK

Free from Opium, and Pot A PROMPT, SAFE, SURE CURE FOR Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Influenza, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Hay-Fever, Pains in Chest, Stomach and Bowels, and all other ailments of the throat, lungs and chest.

Price 50 Cents a Bottle. Ask Druggists, or send for circulars. ELY BROS., Druggists, New York, N. Y.

If you are in a public place, all events in leaving.

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TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

NO. 44.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor and Proprietor.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1885.

HUMOROUS SKETCHES

NEWS AND NOTES FOR WOMEN.

Mr. Craditt's Burglar.

BY J. T. TROWBRIDGE.

tion, while a ghastly sense of
of the thing succeeded his re-
lucant resolution.

He ran forward and gave two thundering raps on the side of the door with a stick he had caught up for

whom he recognized by the lantern as Joe.

formed family resort to regular meetings and it proved a decided success.

WE AND NOTES FOR WOMEN.

The average farmer of the country
\$2,864 of fixed farm capital, including
household furniture, carriages and
personal property of the farm.

UMOROUS SKETCHES.

"Very handy."
"Handy! Why, man, it's

Have you noticed the glass in the slide?¹
 (It seems to be very good.)²

Why is the mosquito like that?
Because it begins to love.—*W. B. D.*

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, EDITOR.
JNO. C. LAWRENCE, ASSOCIATE.
Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., AUG. 27, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.50
One copy six months .75
One copy four " .50

Yellow fever is reported in New York city.

Montgomery is to have two new evening newspapers.

Will Carlton, the well known actor, committed suicide in New York.

The Greenville Advocate fills up a column of space in telling its readers that Anniston is a city of refuge from the world—which we presume means a very quiet town. Poor Anniston!

Georgia has a postoffice named "Talking Rock." The origin of the name is thus stated: Some one discovered in the vicinity a large stone upon which was painted the words "Turn me over." It required considerable strength to accomplish this, and when it was done, the command, "Now turn me back, and let me fool some one else," was found painted on the under side of the stone.

A friend at Bladen Springs sends us a copy of the Clarke county Democrat which contains a very honest and candid expression of opinion on Gen. Grant, and asks us to republish it in the VIEW. As the public generally are tired of reading of Grant, we can see no use in complying with the request. We endorse this sentiment expressed in the editorial mentioned: "But he (Grant) is gone, and we will seek no further to draw his frailties from their dead abode. He was no favorite in the South and it is idle for any one to state the contrary." So let him rest.

The Birmingham Chronicle says that the next Governor will not come from North Alabama. North Alabama and South Alabama are halves of a beautiful unit—let us not divide them. The one is equal to the other. Like man and woman, unlike, yet not inferior, mutually dependent, the one supplies what the other lacks and it takes both to make a harmonious whole. It matters not where our next Governor is born so he be the man for the place and in our opinion Jno. M. McKleroy, of Eufaula, is that man.—*Greenville Advocate.*

EUFULA MAIL: "With but one or two exceptions, the Monroe Journal and the Blount county News, there is not a vigorous, outspoken, thoroughly independent paper in the State, and they are making character and reputation for themselves. There is no servitude as subject nor any spectacle so pitiable as the circumscribed-in-expression, non-influential and necessarily characterless 'organ.' What the people need is a fearless, outspoken press, which insures freedom of thought, independence of action and intelligence of decision to the masses." Our contemporary will pardon us for calling its attention to an important omission it has made in getting up the list of the "vigorous, outspoken and thoroughly independent." We refer to the Eufaula Mail.—*Troy Messenger.*

The Huntsville Mercury will shortly be issued as a daily. It gives us pleasure to note this evidence of prosperity on the part of Huntsville and the Mercury. The paper is in the hands of capable young men and we expect and hope to see it succeed. In an admirable prospectus the Mercury says:

The Daily Mercury will be conducted and run alone by young men, who will give their entire time, heart, soul and mind to this work. Kind words of encouragement have been extended on all hands, the appreciation of which they will show by their work. They ask the aid and encouragement of every man and woman in North Alabama. A more beautiful and charming country the sun does not shine upon, nor a more intelligent people of princely hospitality live than its citizens. The aim of every one should be to make this fair land bloom and blossom as a rose.

The Mercury, with redoubled effort, will continue to advocate more and better schools, a more diversified and improved agriculture, the introduction of foreign capital, the inducement of good people to settle with us, the erection of more manufacturing, and the building of more railroads, in

fact, everything that benefits and elevates society, and that will place Alabama in the front rank of States. Lend us a helping hand in this great work.

The Chilton View.

When we state the proposition that every body who reads the View likes it, we believe we but state a fact. We make no pretensions to style, great literary merit, or metropolitan influence. Freedom and independence of thought is a better criterion of a newspaper's worth. The View has a constantly increasing circulation, having bona fide subscribers in nearly every county in the state and in many States North, East and West of Alabama. The purpose of the publishers is simply to present the advantages of our town and county, to invite immigration and capital to come and develop its resources, and to reflect the sentiments and advocate the interests of its people. To accomplish this we must have the hearty and cordial support of the people, and while we have so far received quite a generous support from all parts of the State we want more.

Our columns are open to correspondents upon any and all subjects, and we invite their use for the fullest and freest discussion. We would also remind those who have been careless in remitting the amount of their subscriptions that money is necessary to run the paper, and we invite them to take due notice of this fact and govern themselves accordingly. While we are grateful, very grateful for the generous support already accorded the View and proud of the encomiums won, we are anxious to do better, and to that end urge our friends to exertions in our behalf, and thus enable us to be of still greater benefit to the people, the county and the State.

Home Seekers in Alabama.

We invite those who are seeking homes in this state to come to Chilton county. In the invigorating hill country of Chilton can be found all that earth affords of health and happiness. Situated above malaria, wholly free from epidemic diseases, with a good soil and a never failing supply of the purest water, this county offers advantages superior to any other section of Alabama. The writer has lived in nearly every section of the state, and makes the above assertion after careful personal observation and experience. Along the railroads in Chilton, school and church advantages are very superior, and even in the interior are very good. Two railroads traverse the county from north to south, and communication with the outside world is easy. The greater portion of the county is free from the evil influences of the liquor traffic, and the record of crime is as small as that of any county in the state in proportion to population.

The population of the county by the census of 1880 was something over 10,000. At the present writing it can be safely estimated at 15,000. Few counties in the state have grown so rapidly and substantially. The county has grown and is growing not from any sensational "boom," but its growth is solid and sure, a result mainly of the great advantages offered to the settler. To give an instance of what may be done here, we will mention that Mr. J. M. Ponder removed with his family to this county from Georgia last winter, and located at Clanton, purchasing a farm of 240 acres, for which he paid \$2,500. To-day his place could not be bought for \$5,000.

On his place, Mr. Ponder, besides raising all of his home supplies, has 40 acres in cotton, which bids fair to yield 1000 pounds to the acre at the lowest estimate. He says that he used about one-half the quantity of fertilizers that he found it necessary to use in Georgia. He has ten acres in apples, and he gathered 100 bushels of June apples and sold them readily. He has 20 acres in peaches and a market for this crop extending to Louisville, Indianapolis and Cincinnati. He is also devoting considerable attention to the culture of the pear, and has 100 trees bearing finely. He finds a ready sale for his fruit, and it brings a surplus income of several hundred dollars annually.

This is only one instance. We might mention others at Verbena, Calhoun and perhaps other portions of the county. There are a number of pleasant settlements in the interior of the county. Lands are now selling at remarkably low figures, considering the steady and

rapid appreciation in value during the past few years. Along the railroads land can be bought at from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per acre, the price varying according to proximity to the railroad and a market. Property values are advancing, and another year will raise these figures. Industrious citizens find a warm welcome in our midst, and all such seeking homes in Alabama are invited to come to Chilton county.

McKleroy the Coming Man.

"Col. Dawson is recognized as the foremost man in the Gubernatorial race, and public sentiment in all sections of the state are gravitating toward our candidate from old Dallas.

In the person of Col. Dawson, the people of the State will have a representative at the helm that will know no north, south, east or west, but will represent the best interest of the people regardless of locality.

It is gratifying to The Mail to note these kind expressions from the press of the state, and to point to Col. Dawson as being the only avowed candidate for Gubernatorial honors that is receiving the unanimous endorsement of the people at large."—*Selma Mail.*

One would conclude from the above declaration that our worthy contemporary has not been reading his exchanges from the several portions of the state that have declared for and endorsed McKleroy, Seay and others.

The Ablest Jurist.

It is understood that Chief Justice Stone will retire from the supreme bench when his present term shall expire. It is probable that Judge Clifton will succeed him, that Judge Sommerville will be renominated for associate justice, with Judge J. E. Cobb, of Tuskegee. We would regret very much to have to give up Judge Cobb as Circuit Judge, but if Judge Stone, retires, there is no man in Alabama who would adorn the position more and serve the people abler in that position than Judge Cobb. He is perhaps, the ablest jurist on the circuit bench in Alabama, and an upright and honest man. The Democratic party cannot do better than nominate Judge Cobb for the Supreme bench.

An Honest Expression.

CLANTON, ALA., Aug. 21.
EDITOR CHILTON VIEW:—Please permit me a short space in your valuable paper to state that I arrived here on last Wednesday bringing with me Mr. Adam Courtney, who is suffering with rheumatism. The disease had settled in his eyes and legs so severely that he was unable to walk or see. He had been in this condition about two months, and with it in eyes five weeks. I leave him today in a decided state of improvement. He can see out of one eye, and can walk from his bed to his bath tub, and can use himself to get in and out, and in a fair way for a speedy recovery. We feel grateful to Mr. Blasingame for his kindness for the free use of the hot water and accommodations which he has given us without money or price.

Respectfully,
W. F. CLAYTON.

Blasingame's hot well has cured a conductor. His fortune is made.—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

The press of the State should deal with the hot well subject more humanely, and with less of gush and drivel, for the benefit of thousands who are anxious to know if the well will cure their diseases. It is to be expected and may be natural for citizens of some few neighboring villages to exhibit a spirit of jealousy, as the adage says they "think that the rustic cackle of their burghs is the murmur of the world," but the press of the capital should strive for a broader view. It may not be positively known how the water in the well is heated, yet it is doing wonders for the afflicted, and the news of this fact, if nothing more, should be heralded abroad, devoid of vain attempts at wit or wisdom. Now then, Mr. Advertiser, you may sit down.

Warrants have been issued by the U. S. Treasury Department for the payment of undisputed claims against the World's Exposition at New Orleans, amounting to \$18,802.

Advertise in the View.

Wool Carding.

We are now ready to card and return all wool sent us. We will give the work our personal attention. Charges made hereafter. Send your address and name of postoffice on postal card. Address E. G. WALKER, Montevallo, Ala. aug2-3m

NOTICE NO. 4169.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 20, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 20th, 1885, viz: Joseph Tyas Homestead 1238, for the 1/4 of ne 1/4, Section 22, Township 20, Range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William H. Foshee, Jr., Wash Burns, William Green and Hiram Green, all of Dixie, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register. aug20

NOTICE NO. 4162.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 20th, 1885, viz: William A. Waver, Homestead 16153, for the 1/4 of ne 1/4, and n 1/4 of sw 1/4, section 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: James Hill, John D. Ousley Wm. D. Lockhart, and Augustus Wilson, all of Dixie, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register. aug20

NOTICE NO. 4119.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 3, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Oct. 10, 1885, viz: E. J. Rawlinson, Homestead 9214, for the n 1/4 of Section 34, township 20 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John Carter, Tom Anderson, Charley Abbott and Isaac Abbott, all of Billingsley, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register. aug 6

She Had Confidence.

Mrs. H. C. Harshbarger, Manor Hill, Huntingdon County, Pa., writes "Dr. S. B. Hays and Co., Columbus, O.: I have been afflicted for three years, caused by over-work too soon after confinement. My kidneys became seriously affected; could not retain my urine day nor night. It was high colored, thick and bloody. My months had left altogether for four months, during which time I was confined to my bed with a beating in right ovaries. The discharge from the womb was so offensive no one could stay in the room. The urine continued bloody, with pain in voiding it and when in bed would pass from me in my sleep. I had three doctors attending me regularly, one for four months, one of the others one whole summer, and the third all winter. We had two others in consultation with them, and used twenty bottles of different kinds of patent medicines, all to no good. I then got a bottle of *Peruna*, and before I had three bottles of the medicine I quit wetting the bed and could retain the urine sufficient to attend church, which I had not done for three years, and my months came back as natural as ever; indeed, I considered myself a well woman again. Since that time I have had no more trouble. My confidence in *Peruna* was so great that I did not send for a doctor. I followed the directions in your "Hill of Life" and am over it, as well as can be expected of one so delicate as I have been. Others in my neighborhood had the same disease, and among them were some of the best physicians, and yet did not get better. I saw in safety on *PERUNA* and *MANALIN*. I sincerely believe, and would say to all the afflicted in the wide world, that *PERUNA* and *MANALIN* are the only two medicines that any one needs in any disease, if used as directed in your book entitled "The Hill of Life."

J. E. Fleming, publisher of the New Dominion, Morgantown, W. Va., writes: "Some months since, I received some of your medicine in exchange for advertising. My wife has taken five bottles of it, and has derived great benefit from it." Mr. M. C. Pershing, Bradenville, Pa., writes: "My wife has been using *PERUNA* for some time for weak lungs and liver and kidney complaint, and thinks it is doing her great good. Has used only one bottle as yet. Please send your book on the 'Hill of Life,' as we can't get any from our druggist."

Mr. John Denny, Mt. Vernon, O., writes: "We have a large sale in *PERUNA*. It gives satisfaction."

L & N

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE GREAT Through Trunk Line

Without Change and with Speed Unrivaled

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

From New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery, to

NORTH, EAST & WEST

PULLMAN CARS

Without change to Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago, with but one change to all

NORTHERN AND EASTERN CITIES.

THROUGH COACHES

From Chattanooga and Nashville to St. Louis, connecting direct for cities in the Northwest.

EMIGRANTS

Seeking homes on the line of this road will be given special attention.

See Agents of this Company for rates, routes, etc., or write to C. F. THORPE, G. P. & T. A. O. St. Louis, Mo.

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DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

GREAT

VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY,

MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR.

For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These afflictions are sometimes sudden and always painful. A speedy and effectual cure depends mainly upon a quick application and efficient remedy; and just here, we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir, is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Flux, Pains in the bowels, etc. The elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, in doses as directed, as it contains no hurtful ingredient. It is palatable and does not produce Nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of those glands situated in the stomach and bowels. It is a locking up of the secretions of these glands that brings on dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn, headache, dizziness, vertigo or swimming of the head, sick or nervous headache, constipation of the bowels accompanied at the same time with pains in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine that strikes at and removes the cause from the system that produces and breeds the disease. This is effectually done by Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

SPURLOCK PAGE & CO.,

PROPRIETORS,
Nashville, Tenn.

The above medicines are for sale by
M. J. GREENE, Clanton. oc30

THE

BIRMINGHAM STEAM

LAUNDRY,

1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets
BIRMINGHAM ALA.,

makes a specialty of laundering
collars and cuffs sent them
by mail.

Specimens of their work can be sent at
this office. Information given by
us in regard to prices, etc. 1217

PLANTERS' HOME

MRS. W. W. BILB, Proprietress.

101-103 Temple Block

MONTGOMERY

Terms Reasonable. Fine Samples

NOTICE NO. 4138.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 10, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1885, viz: James A. Scott, Homestead No. 9711 for the n 1/4 of nw 1/4, sec. 4, township 20, range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: J. J. Owens, George W. Kemp, Abalom C. Pool and J. R. Billingsley, all of Kitchener, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register. aug13-6*

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Howard College.

MARION, ALA.

Moral and religious influences—attention to manners and business habits—select associates—virtues preserved and improved—attention to health—scientific and scientific methods of instruction—pleasant relations between teachers and students—students a band of brothers—kindness and courtesy to new comers—moderate cost of preparation for business and professional life. For Catalogues and further information address J. T. MURFEE, President.

W. A. PRATT & CO.

No. 7, Dexter Ave.,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED

LINE OF MENS', LADIES', MISSES', YOUTHS' AND

CHILDRENS' SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you

satisfaction. ma28 6m

A New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods

JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.

—CLANTON, ALA.—

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE

PURCHASING.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

—DEALER IN—

Builder's Supplies,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Kalsomine.

Builder's Hardware,

Cement, Lime, Plaster,

Hair.

MANTELS.

Commerce St., in Wholesale Block,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

New Goods! New Goods!

B. WELLMAN'S

"Louisville Clothing House,"

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Bottom Prices at Last!

"The Best Goods for the Least Money" is the motto of this

House, and I am now selling an immense stock of Spring

and Summer Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Feb 15-11

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BARR, W. A. COOK & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt At-

tention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1026 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

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P. O. BOX 570. June 19 y

T. C. THOMPSON & Co.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—DEALERS IN—

HARDWARE

Sash, Doors and Blinds. Paints, Oils and

Glass. Cement and Plaster.

MANTELS, GRATES,

—AND A COMPLETE LINE OF—

Cooking and Heating Stoves.

ma14-6m

When the word Estey or the

word Organ is mentioned, they

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., AUG., 27, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will please favor by mentioning this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and 4th Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Common Pleas—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

RECEIPTS & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.

No. 3 at 6:31 p. m.

No. 5 at 8:45 p. m.

No. 7 at 5:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 8:34 a. m.

No. 4 at 10:28 a. m.

No. 6 at 9:43 p. m.

No. 8 at 7:25 p. m.

• Don't stop.

LEAVES.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.

Treasurer—James M. Parsh.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Hiley M. Honeycutt.

Sup. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

She was lying in a hammock, softly sighing in her sleep.

(Vulgar people call it snoring.) To her side I silent creep.

Ah, how fair! From tiny foot to golden hair.

Her face, And the rose upon her cheek Outshines the rose that twines above.

But the breeze, Stealing softly through the trees, Moves a rose, And a petal gently parted Falls like dew upon her nose.

How she quivers And from head to foot she shivers As she cries, Half in dreamy, vexed awakening, Half unconscious, "Blast the flies!"

Some sickness in this neighborhood. Summer complaints.

Miss Pinckard, of Mississippi, is visiting the family of Mr. J. M. Ponder.

If you want good, fresh family groceries cheap. Call on W. J. Simpson.

Mrs. Ashley, of Montgomery county, has been visiting her son Mr. Felix Ashley, at this place.

A negro woman was run over and killed by a train on the L. & N. railroad at Verbena, on Sunday night last.

Mr. A. J. Hall, who has been on a tour through this county and portions of Coosa and Elmore, reports the crops in Chilton in better condition than any he saw.

Quick sales and small profits, is a motto which enables the buyer to get bargains in family groceries and every thing good to eat at W. J. Simpson.

Prospects for good crops were never so good, times will be flourishing and trade lively this fall; advertise your business that those wishing to trade will know where to go.

Mr. W. M. Wilson, who has been traveling over the greater portion of the county during the past few weeks, reports crops fine and farmers in excellent spirits as a consequence.

Died, in Clanton, on Friday evening, the 21st inst., Samuel Adams Stewart, son of Dr. and Mrs. W. E. Stewart. Little Sam was just two years old. Montgomery and Wetumpka papers please copy.

Rev. John Sampey, now professor of Greek and Hebrew languages and literature in the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary at Louisville, Ky., is on a visit to his father, Rev. J. L. Sampey, at this place. He is just from a course of lectures at Yale College, where he has been perfecting himself for his position.

Smith & Montgomery, at Birmingham, are the largest dealers in books and stationery in the State. They sell stationery and school books cheaper than any other house in Alabama, and their business has increased in consequence of their low prices and prompt attention to orders. Try them and you will be convinced that they cannot be undersold.

In a town not far from Clanton there is a large surplusage of young ladies over men. One night recently a young man stepped out upon the hotel piazza and said softly, "Are you there, darling?" Whereupon there came in 15 simultaneous whispers, "Yes, dear."

Call at the store of W. J. Simpson for the best coffee, sugar, lard, hams, family and fancy groceries, and learn something of the low prices at which he sells.

District Meetings.

The district meeting for the third district of the Unity Baptist Association will be held with the Clanton Baptist Church beginning to-morrow the 28th inst. Dr. J. J. D. Renfro, of Talladega, will be present at the meeting.

Rev. F. A. Gibson, pastor of the Protestant Methodist Church, has had 67 accession during the past year to his churches in this county. He has recently organized a church at Lomax with 17 members. This is the sixth church of this denomination in the county.

Dr. B. J. Baldwin, the kind and benevolent Surgeon at the Montgomery Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary, deserves all honor and praise. He has cured several cases of total blindness among citizens of this county, and his work among the poor has been done gratuitously. His reputation should be extended far and wide. Every press in the state should aid in this.

W. J. Simpson has opened a new and fresh stock of groceries next door to the drug store. He keeps every thing good to eat, and those who trade with him will get family groceries at low prices. He will not be undersold.

Clanton Academy.

The Clanton School Board met last week and elected Mr. R. E. R. Hicks, formerly of Talladega, to be principal of Clanton Academy during the next scholastic year. Mr. Hicks is a thoroughly competent christian gentleman and will no doubt succeed in giving our community a good school. Miss Lucy Meredith, so well known in Clanton as a young lady of merit and culture, will assist Mr. Hicks in the school. The time of opening will be announced next week.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, being thoroughly convinced that his hot well is a genuine one, is now willing to sell, and hereby offers for sale his saw mill and all the machinery connected with or belonging to the same, at the very low sum of \$1200.00, which is a very little over one half the cost. The steam jet which is said by some to heat his well, is included in the sale.

Waylaid and Killed.

On Tuesday, the 18th of August, the dead body of one George Hill was found in the public road near Clear Creek, riddled with shot. Suspicion pointed to F. H. Seals as the slayer of Hill and he was arrested and given a preliminary examination before justices Boyd, Vanderveer and Shelby at Clear Creek on last Saturday. The evidence was all against Seals and his case was carried to the circuit court. It is thought that Seals killed Hill on account of the alleged seduction of Seal's daughter by Hill. The testimony of the young woman at the examination was very damaging to her father. Seals is now in jail at this place.

Good health is retained by eating good, wholesome food, and taking a sufficiency of our door exercise. Call on W. J. Simpson, for the purest and best family groceries ever brought to Clanton, and it will be found that he keeps nothing in stock that is not good, fresh and wholesome.

Mr. Wm. Rabb under date of August 20th, wrote to Mr. S. A. Blasingame as follows:

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Aug. 20, '85. MR. BLASINGAME: Dear Sir—I feel that I was benefitted a great deal while I was there, and you can refer any one to me and I will give all the information I can in regard to your well.

W. C. RABB.

In face of this a card appeared in the Birmingham Age of August 21, saying that a physician of that city deserved all the credit for his recovery. This physician, Rabb stated while here, had advised him to come to Clanton and try the hot water baths, which proved so effectual in bringing about his recovery.

To this remarkable young man whose pedal extremities are sufficiently extended to permit him to stand on both sides of a wonderful hot well fence, we would only say: Cultivate truthfulness and moral courage or another stroke of paralysis may send you to a hotter world than this.

There was seen on our streets some days since an individual whose career should be a terrible warning to the young men of our community. The individual alluded to began life with the brightest prospects. A man of superior mental endowments, he chose for his life work a profession which would open the way to exalted position among his fellow-men. He led to the marriage altar a young lady possessed of rare charms of mind and heart and person, whom to know was to love and admire. There were but few happy years to her life. The ghastly demon of intemperance fixed a grasp upon him who was the chosen of her heart. His fall was not complete until he had attained honors and position, with a growing reputation and popularity. Yet the work of the monster rum was sure and steady, and he came into our community the other day merely a respectable looking vagabond, and it is said that his advent here was to avoid the station house of a neighboring city. The mental torture through which his wife has gone during the seventeen years of her married life would be indescribable. But like woman-kind she clung to her idol attempting to shield his name and reputation whenever assailed, until, his demon hand being raised against her life, she was forced to seek the protection of the law. We care not to mention a name. It would do no good. The above is sufficient to indicate the identity of the fallen mortal, who, during a residence of several years in this community, passed hardly a sober day, and spent his time among a few rum guzzling pals, back-biting all who shunned his companionship and his path. We hold him up only as a terrible example to deter, as a warning of the sure destruction in store for those who "look upon the wine when it is red."

Tribute.

To the memory of little Lula Farley, who died Aug. 20th, 1885, at Verbena, Ala.

O, fairest bud of venal bloom, So soon to drop from parent stem; Since fatal darts hath sealed thy doom 'Till thou'lt wear in Heaven a diadem.

So young, so gentle and so good, Too pure for sin and too dear to hold; May thy loving spirit often brood, O'er friends and woo them to the fold.

O can it be that thou art dead! That thou art gone to realms of shade; That thy soul to Heaven has fled, And friends and parents mourners made.

How oft the mild and radiant light, Beaming from thy rosy face, Hath touched our hearts with sight Of love we vain could trace.

How sad the hearts of children dear, Of tender age and gladness gleam, Who romped and played with Lula here.

Alas! they'll come to Heaven and thee.

"Then thou, the mother of the child, Lest tears no more in sad lament, And learn to curb thy sorrows wild— A present thou to God hast sent."

"Render Him back that heilth'nt lent," With patience bear thy earthly lot, Give all to Christ, and be content, And Lula ne'er will be forgot.

A FRIEND.

Verbena, Aug. 21, 1885.

Dixie Dots.

Cotton is taking the rust very badly. But no talk of worms yet.

Rev. Mr. McCord, of Mulberry, will preach at Ebenezer Church Sunday morning and night.

Misses Mattie and Minnie Day have returned to their home after paying us a pleasant visit.

There's a new fashion started now for gentlemen to take young ladies out to church. Two men take two ladies out in a double seated buggy, the ladies occupying the back seat, and the gents the front seat. The ladies get out themselves.

Deer are plentiful H.

Little Mulberry Dots.

Health of our community is very good.

Farmers are all in good spirits, though they have had a bad time to save fodder on account of so much rain.

Mr. John Edwards is the happiest man in our community. I think it is a boy.

Our watermelons are all gone. We miss them very much, as we have raised a fine crop of them. We hope our editor will not think hard of us for telling about our watermelons, and never carrying him one, when we visit Clanton. But we will make him feel better when we go up and pay for our paper that he thinks we have borrowed.

In the View of Aug. 13th, your Kincheon correspondent had something to say about Mr. W. T. Kemp's corn being so fine. We are glad to hear it. I do not know what your Kincheon correspondent's occupation is, whether he is a farmer or only an inspector of farms. But let it be what it may, he is welcome to look over my crop. I know it is not very good, and if he can say as much about a bad crop as he can about a good one, he would give mine particular satisfaction.

A FRIEND.

1886. Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON, DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,

FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,

DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,

SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,

HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON, DIXIE, ALABAMA.

aug13-4m

Points For Advertisers.

Don't expect an advertisement to bear fruit in one night.

You can't eat enough in a week to last you a year, and you can't advertise on that plan either.

People who advertise only once in three months, forget that most folks cannot remember anything longer than about seven days.

If you can arouse curiosity by an advertisement, it is a great point gained. The fact doesn't hold all the curiosity in the world.

Quitting advertising in dull times is like tearing out a dam because the water is low. Either plan will prevent good times from ever coming.

Trying to do business without advertising is like winking at a pretty girl through a pair of goggles. You may know what you are doing, but nobody else does.

Enterprising traders are beginning to learn the value of advertising the year round. The persistence of those who are not intimidated by the cry of dull times but keep their names ever before the public, will surely place them on the right side in the end.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Ia., says: "My wife has been seriously affected with a cough for twenty-five years, and this spring more severely than ever before. She had used many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much and the second bottle has absolutely cured her. She has not had so good health for thirty years." Trial Bottles Free at Dr. M. J. Greene's drug store. Large size \$1.00.

NEVER GIVE UP.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Dr. M. J. Greene.

Notice!

Ringold, the large gray Jack from Shelby Iron Works will make the fall season on Storrs' place near Clanton.

W. E. WHITEN.

Aug. 24, 1885.

To the Farmers of Chilton Co.

This is to inform you that I am now prepared to gin your cotton at my home. I will carry my gin to any farm where I can get 10 bales to gin, at \$3.00 per bale. For further information apply to J. F. & J. W. GOODGAME, Clanton, Ala.

aug23-1m

The Chilton View Job Printing Office

Clanton, Ala.

Is Prepared to Execute

JOB PRINTING.

AT LOW RATES

AND IN THE NEATEST STYLE.

Bill Heads,

Letter Heads,

Envelopes,

Commissary

Circulars,

Blanks,

Notes, &c.

Our outfit is new, and our work will be such as to merit the patronage of the public.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Every

ONE

AXE

IS

TO

KNOW.

These excellent Organs are calculated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNQUALIFIED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL, CONSIDERED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, free.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

Corner Randolph and Ann Streets, CHICAGO, ILL.

Gordon DuBose,

Attorney at Law and Solicitor

in Chancery,

Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

1885. A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES

FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH

FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy

and will buy everything you

have to sell

At the Highest Market Prices.

HENRY C. MAYER,

Proprietor of—

City Shoe Store,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—AND DEALER IN—

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots

and Shoes, Trunks, Valises

and Satchels.

19th street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

Verbena Male and Female Academy.

VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.

—

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.

Preparatory " " 2.00.

Intermediate " " 3.00.

Academic " " 4.00.

Music " " 3.00.

Contingent fee per term .50.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy and railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.

For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. U. ACREE, B.S., Principal.

aug13-4m

CHILTON VIEW

—AND—

THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY

Courier-Journal.

One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of one.

By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the COUNTESS JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of this section. Democratic and for a Tariff for Revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier Journal can do so at this office.

nov10-4m

B. WOLFF & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
JNO. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.
Published Every Thursday Morning.
CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 17, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

Hon. C. C. Langdon, of Mobile, has been appointed to fill the vacancy in the office of Secretary of State occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Ellis Phelan.

If the law against public drunkenness be rigidly enforced, it will lighten the burdens of the tax payers and soon place some funds in the county treasuries. Let it be enforced in every county in the State.

The Birmingham Chronicle depicts the idea of abolishing the grand jury system with the assertion that the system is the best ever tried. The Chronicle offers nothing to prove its assertion, and it might be hinted that a ten year old school boy who could not reason any better than by mere assertion ought to have his ears boxed—if boxes large enough could be found.

The Birmingham Chronicle speaks of a political ring in Montgomery. Montgomery has no political ring and on the contrary her politicians are more frequently found antagonizing each other. The Chronicle is troubled with an indescribable distemper produced by lack of information as to its own State, and the editor should hereafter wear a ring in his nose, to warn others of the disorder.

Our correspondent "Bijou," like many others in the county, wants to have an election to vote this key out of the limits of the county entirely. After examining the law under which the county election was held four years ago, it is learned that no other election can be held under that law—it being practically null and void after the first attempt to vote whiskey out proved a failure. The law provided, however, that if prohibition was successful, another election could be held two years thereafter. Resulting as it did, it will be necessary to have a new law passed by the Legislature before a county election can be had. But elections, however, can be held next December under the old law, on the petition of three responsible freeholders of the beat.

Chilton county's assessable property has increased from \$234,579 in 1870 to \$492,572 at present. And the hot well town is also moving right along.—Birmingham Age.

Quite a serious mistake is made by the peculiar wording of the above extract. The figures given represent only the farm lands in the county. From the above the reader would judge that there was only \$492,572 worth of assessable property in the county, whereas, the abstract of assessment for the present year shows that the real estate, town, personal and other property of the county is assessed at \$1,200,000. Much of our growth is undoubtedly due to the enterprise, capital and development which the city of Birmingham has brought into the north central section of Alabama. Few counties in Alabama have doubled property values since 1870 as Chilton has.

Baltimore Manufacturer's Record.
The Development of an Alabama Town.

CLANTON ALA., Aug. 22, 1885.
EDITOR MANUFACTURER'S RECORD.—This letter is written from one of the "coming towns" of Alabama. The place has made wonderful improvements during the past year, and is moving onward and upward with astonishing strides. Clanton is the geographical center of the State. It is high up in the invigorating hill country of Alabama, free from malaria and epidemic diseases. The water here is the purest and best to be found on God's green earth. The atmosphere is dry,—the soil being sandy and absorbing moisture very rapidly. The town is on the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, forty miles north of Montgomery.

A HOT WELL.
Recently a well was dug for the purpose of supplying a saw mill near our depot with water. At a depth of thirty feet water was reached, but the supply not being sufficient, the proprietor of the mill decided to go deeper. He stopped at the depth of fifty feet, for he found it impossible to go further, the stream of water reached at that depth being too hot to permit further progress. The water is not warm, but is hot, being the Fahrenheit, which is two degrees higher than the water of

the famous Arkansas Hot Springs. An analysis shows that it possesses medicinal properties identical with those of the Arkansas springs. Bathing in and drinking the water has brought about a number of remarkable cures of paralysis, rheumatism, scrofula, &c., and the wonderful freak of nature has caused a boom in real estate in this vicinity. The well is fifty feet deep and has twenty feet of water. It is likely to prove a bonanza to the owner, and is bringing large numbers of the afflicted from all portions of the State to the town. Some of the cures effected have been wonderful. The proprietor will not sell a half interest in the well for less than \$25,000.

OTHER NOTES.
In the vicinity of Clanton are a number of saw mills,—it being the centre of a fine timber industry. In the county there are about twenty-five lumber mills, turning out at a low estimate about 300,000 feet of long leaf yellow pine lumber daily. Two and a half miles east of Clanton, Mr. T. M. Termon has a mill with a capacity of 10,000 feet a day. Near him Mr. E. H. Lowe has a mill somewhat smaller. Near our depot Mr. S. A. Blasigame has a mill which is capable of cutting about 10,000 feet per day. L. B. Wells & Son, four miles west of Clanton, have a mill with a capacity of 10,000 feet per day. Four miles north, Mr. J. F. Maull has a still larger one with a capacity of from 15,000 to 20,000 feet per day; and two and a half miles south Bivings, Duke & Co., have a large mill, which can turn out steadily about 30,000 feet of lumber daily. Several of these mills have planers attached, and all have dry kilns. At the depot we have a well-conducted planing mill, which is independent of the saw mills, and dresses lumber for the smaller mills that have no planer. It is patent to any business eye that here would be a good location for a saw, door and blind factory, and it is not a little strange that one has not been established before.

Each of the enterprises mentioned above is doing well, and it can be safely said that they turn out the best quality of long-leaf yellow pine lumber found in the country. There is a great future ahead for the town and section. Capitalists are invited to "come and see" before investing. W. H. L.

The Grand Jury Again.

EDITOR VIEW.—I notice with pleasure the articles of Langum and Simmons, also your editorials on the same subject, but I am of opinion that the fellow at your elbow came nearer to saying the correct thing than either of you. The duties of jurors, either petit or grand, are clearly defined; thus to say what they shall or shall not do is superfluous. There must be something wrong somewhere; and it is apparent that it is in the selection of the jurors. The intention of the law is, clearly, that these jurors shall be selected from the best element of the county. In other words they must be selected on account of their intelligence and integrity; and only such men as are competent to perform this important duty, should be allowed to do so. As a rule the best men in the county evade jury duty. It is irksome, and requires their entire attention for the week, and if they can render a sufficient excuse, they are sure to do so. Now Mr. Editor, it is not a popular thing to say to the people, but it is nevertheless a truthful one, that fifty per cent. of the men who are selected for jurors in Alabama, are, under the law, incompetent. There certainly is a remedy for this evil. I remember to have seen an act passed by some legislature a few years ago, that seems to me would "cover the ground." It was about this: The presiding judge of each circuit was to appoint a commission of three intelligent citizens in each county, who, with the aid of the probate judge, was to examine the jury box and select from the same only such men as were competent; and that it should be the duty of the presiding judge to have the boxes revised not oftener than once every two years. At each revision such names as were suitable were to be placed in the box, and if there were any not so considered, they were to be taken out. The same act that created this commission, empowered them to employ a thorough accountant for the purpose of examining the county offices and make a report on each. That duty, you are aware, rests entirely with the grand jury in Alabama, and the examination amounts to about this: the officers give them free access to their books, and the committee appointed from the grand jury open the books and see that they are clean, and neatly kept. That is about the extent of the examination, except perhaps the examination of the treasurer's books. Now errors are as easily made in the other offices as in his, and should be corrected, as they are of equal importance.

The expense of this commission is very small, and where I have seen it, the advantages arising therefrom were great. I want to see a good jury system in Alabama, for good jurors do their duty and enforce the law, and the enforcement of the law makes law-breakers dread the courts. I do not agree with Scy. Simmons when he says, "The way to make our laws better is to enforce them." Not so at all. It makes fewer criminals—the laws are good enough. It is the knowledge of the fact that the laws will be rigidly enforced, that makes the law-

breakers dread the courts. We have the material for good jurors; our people are good people and have plenty of courage to do right; but have you not seen one bad sheep injure the sale of the whole flock? Take out the bad one, and you will get full value for all the rest. The bad fellow may be turned into pastures green, and with proper care, he too may be turned to good account. PETER.

The fact is that Col. Iscariot was merely a sort of "New South" man, who no doubt talked largely of Progress; and hence was at all times ready to show his "loyalty" by weeping over Herod, or to favor a war tariff to develop the Sodom and Gomorrah Salt Works. He was a pushing fellow, anxious to "boom" the new dispensation by a short cut or for a consideration; and he looked on a man who wouldn't do anything for \$30 as an old fogey. There are plenty of the Colonel's sort.

The above sacrilegious extract is taken from an editorial on Judas Iscariot in the Hayneville Examiner, which prides itself on being a paper "for the family." That paper has received much commendation for teaching "God and morality" and low taxes, and yet here is an extract that might cause it to lose some of its popularity with the deposed preacher of the Ashville Aegis, so we will suggest to the Examiner man that he read his Bible and keep what little he may know of Judas Iscariot out of his paper.

The candidates for governor, through their friends, have already commenced to lay wires for the nomination, and if we mistake not, there are seven candidates who are armed and anxious for the fray, with a few back counties to hear from. None of the candidates thus far are from North Alabama, and it has been whispered that no North Alabama man need apply. We believe that North Alabama has kept in the back ground thus far for the purpose of giving her undivided support to Hon. John M. McKleroy, who "wears the favors" of this part of the state. At this early day it is of course impossible to judge who the man will be, but from our state exchanges, we can come to no other conclusion than that Mr. McKleroy has the inside track. He represents the young and growing men of the state, with their new and enlarged ideas of politics and the economic questions that are bound to be uppermost in Alabama. His elevation to the gubernatorial chair would mean progress and a healthy reform, and an assurance of stability to all the varied interests of Alabama. We expect to see McKleroy our next governor.—Cullman Progress.

The democrats of Alabama will be surprised to learn from the Hayneville Examiner that nine out of every ten of them cannot tell why they are democrats. Ask a man why he is a democrat says the Examiner, and he will tell you, "I do not know." It would be supposed that the simplest answer to this question would be, "I am a democrat, because I am not a republican." But even this won't do, for the Examiner says, "The ideas of the republicans or federalists have been superceding those of democracy for nearly thirty years; so that to-day the principles of democracy cannot truthfully be said to prevail in this state. Our state government is really controlled by the principles of the republican party." But there is nothing surprising in this from a journal which will not admit of progress in anything, at least it does not seem satisfied with the kind of progress being made in this day and generation.

The Examiner can't understand how there can be any change for the better in a party which once had slavery as one of its cornerstones, albeit slavery is forever dead. The Examiner's machinery needs a little lubricating oil, or perhaps his head is bald and needs some of the Age's hair restorer which it is preparing in large quantities to be distributed gratuitously among the bald-heads of the Alabama democracy.—Birmingham Age.

The Age is becoming more interesting.

Marks & Gayle.

The Times-Democrat in a recent issue states the following complimentary facts about the well known cotton house of Marks & Gayle, of Montgomery.

Marks & Gayle, cotton factors and commission merchants and proprietors of the Montgomery warehouse, stand in the front rank of their line. With ample capital, most excellent reputations as business men of the strictest integrity, unsurpassed by none, and equalled but by few, with an efficient and reliable corps of assistants in the office, and their extensive cotton warehouse, their very many and daily increasing customers implicitly rely on that time honored, faithful firm, knowing full well that their interest is most conscientiously guarded. It is truly said by the general public that no house in Alabama stands higher and deserves a more exalted reputation than Marks & Gayle, hence their great success as warehousemen for the storage of cotton or factors for the sale of the fleecy staple, or as agents in furnishing the best fertilizers manufactured. The storage capacity in their three-story warehouse is ample to provide for 20,000 bales. It has been called and so renowned as to conform to the standard recently adopted by the United States government, thus rendering them well known to the cotton trade.

The Juries.

Following are the juries drawn to serve at the Fall Term of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, which begins Monday, Sept. 28th, 1885:

GRAND JURY.
H B Rogers David Wooley
N W Latham B T Rasherby
W A Mims W I Mullins
John P Nix James H Griffin
John Collins J W Harris
John Brantley J W Kicker
J W G Kicker N W Foshee
J M Stanfield S E Macon
W R White Wm L Parnell
G O Logan Jno. H Aldridge
G W Houlditch.

PETIT JURY.
Chas F Douthitt J W Broadhead
W F Mims John B Milstitt
Joseph H Cander S B Raiff
Elijah Headley W N Jones
Thos Rutherford J J Cooper
W W Green W B Moore
H E Macon Thomas Kemp
James T Cooley John F Harris
H C Vinson F J Gay
G W Wilson Thos Franklin
E G Rollins Geo Littlejohn
J G Friday J M Robinson
J M Robinson J S Jones
Sam Abney D W Kemp
A I Cox J J Green
W H Foshee J R Killingsworth
Geo W Mims D A Kemp
M I Parish
E I Rollingson.

Wool Carding.

We are now ready to card and return all wool sent us. We will give the work our personal attention. Charge same as heretofore. Send your address and name of postoffice on postal card. Address: E. G. WALKER, Montevallo, Ala. aug23-3m

Mrs Nellie Kent, Wellington, Lorain county, O., writes: "Dr. S. B. HARTMAN & Co., Columbus, O., Gentlemen: I have been a great sufferer from chronic catarrh, bronchitis and neuritis of the face. I have been taking your Peppermint Cure for one month. The cough and catarrh is almost well, and the cough is much better. I like your Peppermint Cure very much."

C. E. Dupler, aged thirty-four years, of Equality, Illinois, had been afflicted with a chronic catarrh which he first discovered six years ago. In succession he lost his sight, taste and hearing. The disease was so malignant that it not only attacked the softer parts, but destroyed the bony partition of the nose and seriously affected the external parts. He could only hear a watch ticking by holding it close to his ear. He suffered intense pain in the nose, from which green, dry clots of offensive odor fell. In this condition he presented himself to Dr. Hartman several months ago. He can now hear a watch eight inches from his right and six inches from his left ear. His taste and smell are again returning, and the external part of the nose is quite well. Few more grateful patients ever left a physician's office than Mr. Dupler. He said, "Why in the world was Peppermint Cure not prescribed for me long ago?"

Cramps of the Stomach.
We have the privilege of reporting the following case. Those similarly affected can get the name and address of Dr. Hartman. The lady does not want her name in the papers. For a year, or years, (the writer does not remember the length of time) this lady had cramps, the most fearful of the stomach, every day and night, which would be followed by that terrible weakness, which was something wonderful. The suffering and distress of this lady was indescribable and almost unendurable. At last the physicians and medicines had failed, and all hope had almost fled. Dr. Hartman was consulted, and from the first day of taking his Peppermint Cure, the cramps and all bad feelings left her, and now for over a month has been entirely free from every symptom. A more thankful patient no doctor ever had.

Dr. J. Anderson, Co. 10th, Ohio, writes: "Your Peppermint Cure sells well and gives good satisfaction. I consider it a splendid medicine."

THE LIGHT-RUNNING
NEW HOME
Sewing Machine
Simple Strong & Sure

PERFECT & IN EVERY PARTICULAR
NEVER HAS NO EQUAL OUT OF ORDER.
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK
CHICAGO BRIDGE PLAZA ATLANTA
FOR SALE BY J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala.



DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

GREAT
VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY,
MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR.

For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These afflictions are sometimes sudden and allays painful. A speedy and effectual cure depends mainly upon a quick application and efficient remedy, and just here, we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir, is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulency, Flux, Pains in the bowels, etc. The elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, in doses as directed, as it contains no hurtful ingredient. It is palatable and does not produce nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S
Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of those glands situated in the stomach and bowels. It is a looking up of the secretions of these glands that brings on dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heart burn, palpitation of the heart, vertigo or swimming of the head, sick or nervous headache, constipation of the bowels accompanied at the same time with pains in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine that strikes at and removes the cause from the system that produces and brings on the disease. This is effectually done with Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

SPURLOCK PAGE & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Nashville, Tenn.

The above medicines are for sale by
M. J. GREENE, Clanton. oc30

THE
BIRMINGHAM STEAM
LAUNDRY,
1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets
BIRMINGHAM ALA.,
makes a specialty of laundering
collars and cuffs sent them
by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at this office. Information also given by us in regard to prices, etc. feb27

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

Mrs. W. A. Childs,
PROPRIETRESS.
Bibb St., One Block From
Temple Building,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

NOTICE NO. 4139.
U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 10, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court or in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on September 18th, 1885, viz: Brack H. Bryant, Homestead No. 9711 for the n. e. 1/4 of sec. 4, township 20, range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: J. J. Owens, George W. Kemp, Absalom C. Pool and J. R. Billingsley, all of Kincheon, Ala.
Thos. J. Scott, Register.
aug13-67

NOTICE NO. 4138.
U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 10, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 10th, 1885, viz: Brack H. Bryant, Homestead No. 9711 for the n. e. 1/4 of sec. 4, township 20, range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Jonathan Calloway, William Calloway, James M. Robinson, Tillman Robinson, all of Verbena, Ala.
Thos. J. Scott, Register.
aug13-67

Howard College.
MARION, ALA.

Moral and religious influences—attention to manners and business habits—selected associates—virtue preserved and improved—attention to health—practical and scientific methods of instruction—pleasant relations between teachers and students—students a band of brothers—kindness and courtesy to new comers—moderate cost of preparation for business and professional life. For catalogue and further information apply to the Trustees.

F. A. GULLEDGE,

AT VERBENA.

Wishes to announce to the Citizens of Chilton and adjoining Counties that he has

Now On Hand and Constantly Coming In

—THE—

MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PART OF THE STATE

ALL OF WHICH HE WILL SELL AT PRICES TO SUIT CUSTOMERS. ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED AND ONLY REPRESENTED AS THEY

REALLY ARE. I WILL PAY HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR COTTON, EITHER IN SEED OR BALE.

And pay Cash or exchange goods for all other country produce at Highest Market Prices.

My motto:—HONEST GOODS AND ONE PRICE ONLY.

Come and see my goods before buying.

My stock of FISH BROS. Wagons and Buggies at Cost. sep17-y

W. A. PRATT & CO.

No. 7, Dexter Ave.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED LINE OF MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', YOUTHS' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you satisfaction. ma28 6m

JUST RECEIVED

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.,
CLANTON, ALA.

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING. oct-1y

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

—DEALER IN—
SASH DOORS BLINDS

Builder's Supplies,
Paints, Oils, Glass,
Putty, Kalsomine.

Builder's Hardware,
Cement, Lime, Plaster,
Hair.

MANTELS.

READY MIXED PAINTS

119 Commerce St., in Wholesale Block,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
may7-1y

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS, W. A. COOK & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1226 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570. June 19 y

Estey Organ Co.
Brattleboro Vt.

ESTEY
ESTEY
ESTEY
When the word Estey or the word Organ is mentioned, they each suggest the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers. Five letters in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrations and Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 17, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will be a favor by mentioning this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

County—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE M. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 8 at 6:31 p. m.
No. 7 at 8:45 p. m.
No. 9 at 10:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 8:34 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:28 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:43 p. m.
No. 6 at 7:25 p. m.

* Don't stop.

LODGES.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 42, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sheriff—Jasper T. Smith.

Tax Assessor—James M. Parish.

Tax Collector—Wm. A. Smith.

Supr. Education—H. M. Honeycutt.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr.

Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Address to a Jug of Rum.

Here only by a cork controlled.

And slender walls of earthen mold,

In all the pomp of death repose

The seeds of many a bloody nose;

The chattering tongue, the horrid oath,

The fist for fighting, nothing loath;

The passions which no word can tame,

That burst like sulphur into flame;

The nose caruncled, growing red,

The bloated eye, the broken head,

The tree that bears a deadly fruit,

Of murder, mauling and dispute;

Assaults that innocuous assail;

The images of gloomy jail;

The giddy thought on mischief bent,

The midnight hour in riot spent—

All these within the jug appear,

And Jack the hanzuan in the rear.

Look Here!

In order to increase the circulation of the View we make the following offer. We will give fifty cents in cash for every cash subscriber that may be obtained by any one before the 15th of October. This offer begins now and extends until the above date. Friends of the paper can thus extend its circulation, and will be paid for their trouble.

Mrs. R. Ehrman is visiting her parents at Brierfield.

Mr. O. R. Bell is the happy father of a pretty little girl baby.

A lot of neat school satchels on hand at the View Stationery Stand.

Mr. Frank Nelson, of Columbia, Ala., was in Clanton yesterday morning.

Mrs. T. M. Ternan has been quite sick. We are glad to know that she is better.

Miss Janie Oden came up from Verbena, to see her mother, one day last week.

Remember to put what you owe the printer in your pocket when you come to court.

Miss Claude Sentell, of Tallapoosa, Ala., visited Miss Rosa Gullahorn, at this place, this week.

Pens, ink, paper and inkstands (something new and nobby) for sale at the View Stationery Stand.

Miss Elenora Jackson, of Florence, Ala., is visiting Mrs. A. M. Adams, at this place.

Rev. C. R. Lamar preached an interesting sermon in the Methodist church at this place last night.

Mr. C. D. Rutherford's gin house is now completed and his steam gin will soon be running on full time.

That enterprising merchant, Mr. B. T. Nelson is now handling fresh fish on ice every Friday. He will bring on the oysters later.

W. J. Simpson is selling the best groceries to be found in this section at the lowest cash figures. His goods are new and fresh. He will give you bargains.

The new crop of cotton is moving towards the railroad for shipment. The Fall trade has opened at Memphis and Dixie and will reach our road a little later.

Read the new double column advertisement of Mr. E. A. Gullahorn. It speaks for itself.

The baptizing, which was to have come off on the night of the third Sabbath, has been postponed to the night of the fourth Sabbath.

Mr. A. J. Hall, raises the finest turpentine of anybody in this part of the country. The View office returns thanks for a mess of the finest ones we have seen in years.

Mr. McD. Gray asks for a share of public patronage through the advertising columns of the View. He has opened a store in the Kincheon neighborhood.

A Good Templar's lodge will be organized in the court house, at this place, to-morrow (Friday) night. Let everybody come out and do their part towards organizing a good thing.

The county special tax to be levied for the purpose of raising the money for building a new jail has been fixed at $\frac{1}{4}$ of one per cent. or 50 cents on \$100 worth of property.

We make no apology for republishing the article of "W. H. L." taken from the Baltimore Manufacturer's Record, an excellent weekly which has the interest of the entire South always at heart.

A strange horse was found dead in a bog two miles south-east of Clanton last week. The animal could not be identified, and is thought to have strayed in to this neighborhood.

A regular choir will soon be organized in Clanton, with Mrs. O. A. Duke as leader. New hymn and tune books have been ordered, and when they arrive regular choir meetings will be held weekly.

Read the advertisement of the Montgomery Music Emporium. Mr. Hirscher is selling his stock low. Pianos and organs can be had on easy terms. Don't fail to call at the Music Emporium when in the city. Polite attention to all.

Mr. W. A. Collier, on Thursday brought to this office a bunch of red clover raised on his place in town. It is twenty-six inches high, and speaks well for the soil in this neighborhood, though clover grows best on lime soil, which is not to be found in this locality.

Mr. J. M. Kallin, whose pen has often entertained the readers of the View was in Clanton on Thursday last visiting friends. Joe is now studying for the ministry at Howard College, at which institution he has taken a very high stand.

Monday, the 2nd day of November next, was decided on as the time the Merchant's Mutual Protection Association will hold its next meeting. Let all members bear this in mind and be on hand at this meeting, as it will be a very important one.

The View Stationery Stand.

Being compelled to order stationery in large quantities for our job printing office, we will hereafter also keep on hand a supply of fine and fancy stationery and writing materials. If you want such articles give the View Stationery Stand a trial.

Mr. O. A. Duke's fine blooded horse ran away with him in the buggy last Thursday, near his mill. Mr. Duke jumped out and in so doing he sprained his ankle and falling on one side of his face bruised himself considerably.

The horse ran into a tree and came near killing himself, but at last accounts he was still alive. The buggy was damaged but slightly.

A four year old child of Mr. William Rhodes, who lives some distance east of Clanton was burned to death one morning last week. The mother left the child in the room where she was cooking breakfast and went to the spring for water.

During her absence the little child went near the fire, and its clothing catching, it was terribly burned before the mother returned. It lingered for several hours before being relieved of its sufferings by death.

Strange but True.

This is one of the curious things floating about: Take a piece of paper, and upon it put in figures your age in years, dropping the months, weeks and days. Multiply it by two, then add to the result obtained the figures 7,866; add two, and then divide by two. Subtract from the result obtained the number of years you have been on earth, and see if you do not obtain figures that you will not be likely to forget.

Mr. Bab's Case.

Mr. Wm. Bab states to us verbally that the public misunderstood the purport of his card in the Birmingham paper in relation to the hot well at this place, and that any contradiction between that card and his letter to Mr. Blasingame was more apparent than real. He says that the hot well baths benefited him but did not cure him, and that he is still a sufferer and still under the treatment of his physician.

Fish Story.

EDITOR VIEW:—We notice an article going the rounds in the dailies that the fish ponds around Washington City were infested with numbers of snakes and that they were destroying the fish to an alarming extent. For the benefit of those owning ponds, so troubled, will state that they have only to procure a few trout from the pond of our friend Professor Corderie. A friend of the writer, caught a trout in Professor Corderie's pond last Saturday, weighing one and a half pounds. That night several hours afterwards a snake eighteen inches long was found in Mr. Trout's stomach. His snakeship was considerably used up but still able to "wriggle." Trout was 13 inches long. Moccasin.

Irregularities of the Treasurer of the A. & M. College.

EDITOR VIEW:—In the daily Advertiser of the 11th inst., is a report of the Auburn Trustees in which some irregularities of the college treasurer are very imperfectly smoothed over, as an editorial in the same issue intimates. Suspicion should not rest upon a man simply because he handles large sums of money for the State, or for a great corporation, but some in such positions have been so notoriously unfaithful that such positions do not raise men above suspicion. When it is necessary, year after year, for a treasurer's friends to apologize for his official defections, and explain mistakes that are always in his own favor, distrust will certainly be engendered in the public mind. Perhaps the Trustees are right, after all in adhering to their old policy of covering with elegant frescoes the stains that cannot be removed with soap and water. Jas. Welch.

Mr. Editor:—We are glad to see that you have called attention to the law for the arrest of all persons found drunk in public places, and further, to see that you demanded the enforcement of that law. The prohibition sentiment in our country is growing stronger every year, and the officer, who through fear or ignorance, fails to arrest any man, intoxicated and a public nuisance, has no claims to the suffrage of intelligent voters. But, to strike as near the root of the evil as we possibly can within the bounds of our county, and to relieve the officers of annoyance consequent to the arrest of drunkards, let us prohibit the sale of whiskey in the entire county. This, we believe, can be done, and requires only the expression of honest public sentiment at the ballot box. We made the experiment four years ago and were defeated, because a majority had not caught the spirit of the temperance movement. Failing in the county, we determined to try each separate beat, and thereunto proved most encouraging. To-day, if we are not mistaken, there are only three places in our county where whiskey is legally sold. Our people are anxious to see every liquor shop in Clanton county closed, and it is well that some step should be taken to call an election if possible, this fall or winter. Would like to hear from your army of correspondents and from others who are ready to begin the movement. Now, Mr. Editor, in conclusion, we call on you to give us an editorial full of practical suggestions and instructions, and the ball will move. Bloch.

Lilly Dots.

As I never see anything concerning this part of the county in the columns of your paper, I will attempt, for the first time, to give you some dots concerning our part of the moral vineyard.

We have made very good corn crops. Cotton would have been good if it had not been ruined by the rust. We have had a bad time to save fodder on account of rain. Cotton is opening very fast.

The work on the new Methodist Protestant church is still moving on. Mr. Gibson is a thorough going preacher. He takes hold to help with a willing mind.

I am not a subscriber of your paper, but hope to be before long. I borrowed a copy last Sunday but I was out of doors and it was raining and when the rain stopped I saw a young man talking to my girl and had to attend to that so I didn't get to read the paper at last.

Mr. Greene will preach at Pierce's Chapel next Sunday; first Sunday in Sept.

Mr. C. G. Brown has just closed his writing school at Pierce's Chapel; giving satisfaction to all patrons. Cap is a nice young man, we wish him success wherever he goes.

Well I will quit for this time. If this finds room in your paper I will try to do better next week. I am, etc.

1868.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,

FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS, DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,

HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALABAMA.

aug13-4m

S. E. HIRSCHER'S

MONTGOMERY

Music Emporium.

21 DEXTER AVENUE.

Having just returned from the Eastern markets we are daily opening new invoices of the finest goods in our various lines ever brought to Southern markets, namely: the celebrated

Kranich and Bach and Steiff Pianos,

which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned

Estey Organs.

JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both vocal and instrumental. Music can be tried before purchasing at advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy Goods of all kinds, will be daily received, and the ladies especially are cordially invited to call and see us. Polite attention to all whether purchasers or not. An elegant new stock of pictures, viz: Chromos, Fine Oil Paintings, French Olegraphs and Steel Engravings, and prices within the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Pianos and Organs Sold on Easy Terms. Address: S. E. HIRSCHER, 21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala. sept17-3m

This space belongs to JOHN

GARNER, Dealer in General Merchandise, Clanton, who is too busy selling goods and getting in a New Stock, to write an advertisement. Call on him if you want bargains.

NOTICE NO. 4169.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 20, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 20th, 1885, viz: Joseph T. Hunsford 14236, for the N. 1 of the E. 1 of Sec. 22, Township 20, Range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William H. Foshee, J. W. Bush, William Green and Hiram Green, all of Dixie, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4162.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 20th, 1885, viz: William A. Weaver, Homestead 16153 for the N. 1 of the E. 1 of Sec. 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James Hill, John D. Ousley Wm. D. Lockhart, and Augustus Wilson, all of Dixie, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4162.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 18, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Sept. 20th, 1885, viz: William A. Weaver, Homestead 16153 for the N. 1 of the E. 1 of Sec. 34, township 20 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James Hill, John D. Ousley Wm. D. Lockhart, and Augustus Wilson, all of Dixie, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

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Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly. Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

THE The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

The phenomenon of red rain, the coloring matter being diffused throughout some of the stones and the others being white, was lately observed in the English county of Down.

A photographer of Prague has succeeded in producing a good picture of waves of sound which were made visible by taking advantage of the irregular refraction of the light by the waves set in vibration by sound.

It is contemplated to use the electric light in Algiers for night work during harvest time, in order to escape the heat, which is almost murderous for Europeans, and is an obstacle to their carry-

A peculiar black paper of Siam and
Burnah, made from the bark of certain
trees, is used very much as are slates in
Europe and America. The writing upon
it may be rubbed out by the application
of betel leaves, just as slate writing is
erased by means of a sponge.

The largest zinc works in the world
are located in the valley of the Meuse, at
the mouth of the Vesdre, about three
miles from Liege. From France, Prussia,
Germany, from Algeria, Spain, and Gar-
dinia comes the ore supply for these
enormous works. The company have
bought mines in all these countries, and
are installing a line of ore to the mine.

An English botanist, Mr. W. B. Hensley, refers to the astonishing yield of seeds produced by orchids. Darwin calculated that a single capsule of orchis maculata contained 6,200 seeds, and a single plant 196,300; so that after deducting 13,000 as bad there would remain sufficient to cover an acre of ground six inches apart. By the same computation, the next generation would cover a space larger than the Isles of Anguilla; and the fourth generation would yield sufficient seeds to carpet the entire land surface of the globe. And yet the seeds of some orchids are much more numerous, those in a

single capsule of one species being estimated at 1,756,440.

An Elegant Bath-House.

A letter from Atlantic City, N. J., to the *Baltimore Sun*, says: A wealthy landowner here a few seasons back conceived the idea that the then prevalent style of bath-house (i. e. dressing-house) was barbarous, and that if something comfortable and convenient were provided the public would appreciate it and patronize the enterprise liberally. Before the projector finished it he added so many improvements that his investment ab-

finished, it stood a model of beauty, consisting of reception-room, registers and safes for valuables of bathers, shower baths, a well-furnished reading room for ladies, smoking and card rooms for gentlemen, and spacious disrobing rooms, with a furnished noticeably perfect in detail. All this was erected right down to the water's edge, where any spring storm might destroy it in its wild embrace. The old fogies smiled, shook their heads like a balky horse, and if they didn't say the inventor was crazy, they looked as though they thought he wasn't right. Prior to this the average bath-house was about as crude a thing as one could im-

azine. Since then the bathhouse settlement of Atlantic city is a thing of beauty, comfort and convenience. The noticeable particular, however, is the immense red umbrella used at this establishment. In front of the building a bulwark has been erected to stay the ravages of the surf, which at high tide reaches close to the building. This has been filled in with fine white beach sand, and here during all hours of the day (but particularly bathing time) fifty to a hundred of these great red sunshades, held erect by the long pointed handles being sunk in the sand, give color to the otherwise monotonous scene.

Accompanying each umbrella is a mat of carpet and a board about eighteen inches wide, cut to a point at one end. This pushed into the sand at an angle to suit, forms a resting place for the back; the carpet is to sit on. The brilliant color, the lounging attitudes of the ladies and children, the swashing of the breakers against the wave mark throwing the spray high into the air, make it a scene that is not soon forgotten. A small charge is made for the privilege of the parlors and these beach accommodations—one payment securing the privilege for that entire day.

A Composer's Eccentricities.

In 1816 Beethoven began to keep house, and a sad kind of a home he had. He was like a child in the hands of servants and landlords, and rarely found himself at peace with either. He constantly changed his lodgings, and seldom had time to get things settled in a house before it was necessary to move again. It was seldom that a servant staid more than a few weeks, and the house frequently took care of itself. His room was generally a model of confusion. Letters strewed the floor, and the remains of his last meal, sketches of his music, books and pictures covered the chairs and tables. Sometimes it would

be weeks before he could discover a manuscript which he sorely needed. He broke nearly everything he touched, and sometimes upset the ink in the process. He loved to bathe, and frequently would stand pouring water over his head, shouting his music; if any musical idea occurred, he would rush to the table and note it down, splashing the water over everything in the room. Every day, whatever the weather, Beethoven would walk; he had his favorite haunts round the city, and nearly all his musical ideas came to him in the woods or meadows, amid the trees, the rocks and the flowers. He once wrote his little book in which he

never without a
wrote down any thought which
him; and then at the end of the
would grow into a song or a symphony.
He was quiet and rapt at the piano.
He was told when conducting an orchestra
his movements were violent. At the
the pianissimo he would crouch
crouch lower and lower. All to draw
entirely out of night riding about
ing the cruciform, when he would
jump into the air. With his hands
tapping the cruciform pulcra, sometimes
correcting one and over again; he
always before a writing post, but
the velocity with which he failed to
dile strategy, to a thousand

Has the largest stock of goods ever in Chilton County, and does and will sell them for less money. All goods guaranteed as represented, and no shoddy goods are kept. I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell. At the Highest Market Price.

COME EVERYBODY AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES. I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER. I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell. At the Highest Market Price.

HENRY C. MAYER, Proprietor of City Shoe Store, BIRMINGHAM, ALA. Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Valises and Satchels. 19th street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

Verbena Male and Female Academy, VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA. The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months. The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

H. Hout, WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN, FIRST AVENUE, BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA. NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED. Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Watch-ding, Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Chilton View AND THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY Courier-Journal. One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of one. By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the COURIER-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the south, Democratic and for a tariff for revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

B. WOLFF & BRO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS -OF ALL KINDS OF- FURNITURE. No. 20 Commerce & Corner Coca & Court Streets, MONTGOMERY, ALA. Williamson & Leavelle, UNDERTAKERS, NO. 107, COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Florida The State that is on a BOOM. For reliable information about this "Land of Flowers" subscribe to the FLORIDA WEEKLY TIMES, JACKSONVILLE, FLA. only \$1 a year with a colored map of Florida free. Specimen copies free. Gordon DuBose, Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Clanton, Ala. Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him. Subscribe for The View.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME Sewing Machine. PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR. NEVER OUT OF ORDER. 30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK. J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala. Boys and girls don't fail to come to the View office and buy a nice watch to carry your books in. Prices 15, 20 and 25 cents each.

Little Giant HYDRAULIC COTTON PRESS. AWARDED Grand Gold Medal BEING First Premium on Cotton Presses, 1 AT THE NEW ORLEANS EXPOSITION. We have been making these presses for several years, and for ease of working, perfection of machinery and satisfaction to the user, they are without a rival.

McD. GRAY -Has Opened- A NEW STOCK OF GOODS at his place of residence two miles Southwest of Kincheon, and will sell them as cheap as on the railroad. I have almost everything you would call for. Come And See for Yourself. [sept-3rd]

Clanton Academy. CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA. The next session of this institution, will commence September 21, 1885, and will continue ten scholastic months, divided into two terms of five months each. The course of instruction is divided into four departments, Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.

Plant a Tree. The destruction of our forests and the restoration of our trees demand attention. He who plants a tree is a benefactor. Every man, woman and child may thus serve posterity as well as the present generation. The old custom of planting a tree at the birth of every child is useful as well as a beautiful idea. A forestry congress will be held at DeFuniak Springs, Fla., Dec. 16th and 17th of this year. The Governor of Florida and the Governors of other States are invited to attend, and a movement will be inaugurated to secure the establishment of an Arbor Day, which will be made a legal holiday on which the entire population will plant trees. It is an excellent idea and may become a national custom as pleasing as profitable. Let Alabama follow Florida's example and give us an Arbor Day. -Greenville Advocate.

Poetry Worth Reading. A countryman took home with him as a memento of his visit to the city a gilded card, upon which was written a few lines of poetry. "What did you buy that for?" asked his wife; "you don't care for poetry." "I don't go much on ordinary poetry," he replied, "but this was writ by a dime museum feller with his toes. I see him do it."

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CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
JNO. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.
Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 1, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four " - .50

The Republicans are still waving the bloody shirt in Ohio. It is their only hope of success in the coming state election.

It is said that the reason editors take cold is because of their lying in damp sheets. We publish this for the benefit of the profession. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

A country paper says that "pitcher Gordon has been confined to his room for the past two weeks suffering from injuries received in the diamond." Pitcher Gordon will no doubt keep his "diamond" out of the way hereafter.

The Birmingham Age is now bristling with news, local and general, and shows forth well the life and unequalled enterprise by which it is surrounded in the soon to be metropolis of Alabama. It is published as an eight page paper six days in the week.

The new postal law makes the taking of a newspaper and the refusal to pay for the same, theft, and any person guilty of such action is liable to criminal proceedings, the same as if guilty of stealing goods to the amount of his subscription. The postmaster or mail carrier can testify in all such cases.

A snake liar near Tuscaloosa claims to have killed a snake some days ago that had just swallowed a hog and that was nineteen feet in length and twenty-eight inches in circumference. He further says he took a U. S. buckle and a spur from the snake's belly, which goes to prove that it swallowed a Union soldier during the war.

A German went into a restaurant, and as he took his seat an Irish waiter came up and bowed politely. "Wie geht's?" said the German, also bowing politely. "Wheat cakes," shouted the waiter, mistaking the salutation for an order. "Nein, nein!" said the German. "Nine!" said the waiter. "You'll be lucky if you get three."

The Hayneville Examiner after "whipping the devil around the stump" of progress for a dozen or more years, is at last calling upon "Progress" to come and "pull it out of the rut in which it has so long been fastened. The Examiner is trying to work up a railroad to Hayneville. It is to be hoped that this enterprise will succeed, and that the Examiner and the town of Hayneville may be brought to a realization of the fact that the outside world is moving onward and upward in spite of Judas Iscariot and other old issues.

One of the most popular and persuasive orators of the day, ex-Governor Long, of Massachusetts, said in a recent speech: "It is a conviction of mine that public speaking is not what it used to be. It plays second fiddle now to the newspapers. Who cares what you and I say upon the political themes of the day, when every one of them has been as thoroughly done on both sides as a flap-jack, in the daily editorials." The advantage of the newspapers is that they strike while the public interest is warm, and the editors are as a rule much abler men than the stump orators.

There was a remarkable coincidence of events in the lives of Jefferson Davis and Abraham Lincoln until each approached the climacteric of his public career. They were both born in Kentucky, Davis in 1808 and Lincoln in 1809. They both were removed from their native state in childhood, Davis being carried to the southwest and Lincoln further to the northwest, then so called. Both of them began their political careers at the same period, in 1844. Davis then being a presidential elector for Henry Clay. Both served in the Indian wars of the west, and both were elected to congress about the same time, 1845 and 1846. And, lastly in the parallel, in the same year, and almost on the same day, they were called upon to preside over their respective governments, Davis as president of the Confederate States and Lincoln of the United States.

A Western paper condenses a whole discourse on the absurdities and inconsistencies of communism in the following item: "At the last Sunday socialistic picnic in Chicago, a banner was displayed with the legend 'Our children cry for bread.' Three hundred kegs of beer are reported to have been consumed during the festivities. No wonder the children cry for bread!"

In Garfield county, Ohio, there are 727 single men and only 68 unmarried women. The local paper says: "We want girls in Garfield county—blondes, brunettes, tall, short, fat, lean, and jolly girls—girls who can ride in carriages, play the piano, make crazy quilts, sew, wash, iron and cook for us. We are 669 girls short here and we want all the girls to know it." Send to Massachusetts and you can get girls and "culture" combined.

Southern merchants who have returned from the eastern markets speak cheerfully of the business outlook for the coming season. Here in the South we have nothing but prosperity ahead of us, though some of the croakers cannot agree as to this. It is here nevertheless and here to stay. It is now in order perhaps for the few disgruntled Alabama papers that do not wish to see any departure from "the plain and simple methods" of the past to brush up and don their "sarkastic gear" and write long-winded and bombastic editorials to prove that we are going to the demitition bow-wows as fast as "progress" can carry us there.

Col. McKleroy's friends (and they are numerous throughout the State) are strongly supporting him for the nomination for Governor. The Fayette Journal says he is certainly a candidate and "the man that beats him before the Convention will be the next Governor." The Clanton View supports him for the position. —*Editorial Observer.*

Among other papers supporting Mr. McKleroy we can recall the Greenville Advocate, Moulton Advertiser, Bibb Blade, Eufaula Times, Cullman Progress, Evergreen Star, Oxford News, Decatur News, Troy Enquirer, Edwardsville Standard. There are no doubt others not on our exchange list. Our exchanges published north of Birmingham which supported O'Neal will as a rule give their support to Mr. McKleroy, since he made such a manly withdrawal in favor of Gov. O'Neal for a second term. The Moulton Advertiser says:

Thus far 17 newspapers have expressed a preference for McKleroy for Governor; 4 for Seay; 3 for Dawson; 1 for Clayton; 1 for Graham; 1 for Sanford; 1 for Bishop and 1 for Bragg.

Col. W. P. Chilton, of Montgomery, has been mentioned for the place by three exchanges.

Hon. S. S. Cox, one of the first literary men of America, has an article in the September issue of "The Overland Monthly" which may well be of interest to the people of the south. In this article Mr. Cox pays a glowing tribute to Hon. Jefferson Davis, with whom he served several years in the United States congress before the war. Mr. Cox says:

"Remembering his personal courtesy, his urbane and dignified manners, his silvery oratory, his undaunted courage as a soldier and honesty as a man, the historian of this eventful epoch—in which madness ruled the most sedate counsels—cannot fail to recall much to the credit of this leader of the southern people. He may not have exercised the wisdom of some who acquiesced promptly and gracefully to the inevitable. Yet with many this trait of enduring consistency is a virtue. But it must be said that he was not forward in secession. His state was not among the foremost to secede. She waited until the 9th of January, 1861, before passing her ordinance, and her senators lingered until the 21st before they withdrew.

"It is generally credited among those who were familiar with Mr. Davis' inclinations, that, even after the ordinance passed, he was anxious to remain. There is indubitable evidence that while in the Committee of Thirteen, he was willing to accept the compromise of Mr. Crittenden and recede from secession. (This committee and a house committee of thirty-three members were then considering 'the state of the Union'.) The compromise failed, because, as Senator Hale said, on the 18th of December, 1860, the day it was introduced, it was determined that the controversy should not be settled in congress. When it failed the horse of Bona Vista

became the Confederate leader.

"Much as he is underrated by some southern men who opposed him during the war, he was fitted to be the leader of just such a revolt. Every revolution has a fabulous or actual hero conformable to the local situation, manners and character of the people who rise. To a rustic people like the Swiss, William Tell, with his cross bow and the apple; to an aspiring race like the Americans, Washington, with his sword and the law, are, as Lamartine once said, the symbols standing erect at the cradle of these two distinct liberties! Jefferson Davis, haughty, selfwilled and persistent, full of martial ardors and defiant eloquence, was the symbol, both in his character and his situation, of the proud, impulsive, but suppressed ardors and hope of the southern mind."

Whistling Down the Wind.

The Republican organs pretend to believe that the President has no support from his party.

If they really believed this, however, there is every reason for saying that a more general cheerfulness would pervade their columns than now marks them, and that they would not be so desperately anxious to find some weak point in the Administration's course at which to lodge their envenomed criticism.

If the Democratic party is hostile to Mr. Cleveland as these organs assure us, then we are to understand that he has the support of nobody but the Mugwumps; and as we have so often been assured by the same authorities that the Mugwumps are, inconsequential and unworthy of consideration in any way Mr. Cleveland, therefore has no support of any importance whatever.

This is the conclusion which must be drawn from our Republican contemporaries' assurances. Their own tone and temper, however, do not indicate that they are at all grounded in this faith. The zeal with which they seek pretexts to attack the Administration; the extravagance with which they exaggerate the most insignificant trivialities into the gravest blunders and the most atrocious sins; the malevolence and bitterness with which they deliberately misrepresent and belittle every act of the Administration, all clearly demonstrate that they see that it has the approbation not only of the best elements of the Democratic party, but of the people in general. And this, it is hardly necessary to say, adds to their chagrin as nothing else could. —*Courier Journal.*

The Southern Iron Business.

The Baltimore Journal of Commerce has been looking up the iron question still further. It says: "When the Southern iron producers began to put good ore on the Northern markets at a price which frightened their northern competitors, there was some consolation in the baseless statements current at the time that pig could not be made any cheaper in the South than in the North, and that abnormal supplies and ruinously low freight rates would give the Alabama product only a short and fleeting show. It is said that iron can be made for 29 per ton in Pennsylvania, and that it is not likely that it will ever be made any cheaper in the South. If this is true nothing need be feared from British competition, as English or Scotch pig cannot be laid down at their seaboard for less than \$8.50 a ton, and the freight from England to Pittsburgh is much more than from Alabama. Iron makers think they can meet the Southern price if necessary through nearness to their markets and the reduction in railway charges upon their raw material made necessary by Southern competition. Now, the course of freight from Birmingham is to Savannah by rail and thence by water."

"A cheaper all water route can be made by way of navigable rivers and the Gulf from the Alabama regions. All the ore and coal lands around Birmingham are owned by a company which leases them on a royalty of 25 cents a ton to miners who sell to the furnaces. The lessee reckons the cost of ore as follows: 25 cents royalty, mining 29 cents, transportation 25 cents—making a total of 79 cents per ton. At 90 cents from the furnace he would make a profit of 11 cents. The ore seller who gave these figures mines 500 tons a day. At other places in Alabama it is as low as 65 cents."

The Alabama iron industry is assuming proportions that force the Northern mills to consider it in fixing prices. Henceforth it will be a factor in the grand iron

Jemison, "Done Up."

This is our first visit to Jemison. We have spent two or three days here, and can say that we are highly pleased. Jemison stands third in size among the towns and villages of Chilton. It is a place highly desirable as a home. Morally and physically, it ranks second to none. It is located in the pine region, on gently sloping hills, where good water and plenty of fuel are found in abundance.

In the town are five or six stores, all doing very good business, several boarding houses, telegraph and post-office, two church houses, and a number of private residences. Jemison has had good schools for several years. Prof. A. E. Burns will soon open for the coming session. One thing this town can boast of, and this probably can be said of no other of its size, Jemison turns out in larger numbers at a religious service at her churches than any town of like size on record. The people have a live interest in their town's prosperity, and new buildings are going up all the time.

The centre of interest at present is the meeting of the Mulberry Baptist Association in its fifty-eighth annual session. This has been, so far, one of the most profitable and enjoyable sessions in the history of the body. There were several visitors from neighboring associations and representative men of the Baptist denomination of the State. The subject of missions, in all its bearings, was discussed as never before, by Dr. T. M. Bailey, of the Baptist State Mission Board. Our Senator Falkner also brought his powers of thought to action on this subject with telling effect. Major Harris of the Alabama Baptist made several fine speeches and carried off a good list of subscribers for his paper. Many visitors were present, of whom we have not time or space to write, but suffice it to say they all did much to aid in carrying on the business of the body. We would like to write something of Jemison's fair ones, but our natural timidity holds us in check, and we leave this part for the scribe who has wandered enchanted among the flowers of love, etc. We have enjoyed the hospitality of the place and can say with pride that Jemison can't be beat on that line. We have written this hurriedly and whatever has been omitted please excuse. —*Birout.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. H. J. Cullen, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, J. P. Smitherman, Administrator of the estate of Jesse Attaway, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, on the premises on Monday, the 19th day of October, 1885, at 12 o'clock noon, the following described land belonging to said estate, to-wit: The sw 1/4 and sw 1/4 of ne 1/4 of sec 1 and ne 1/4 of sw 1/4 of sec 1 of township 22, range 13, and the e 1/4 of ne 1/4 of sec 27, township 22, range 13, and the sw 1/4 of sec 23, township 22, range 13, lying in Chilton county, State of Alabama, and being 560 acres more or less.

J. P. SMITHERMAN, Administrator of Estate of Jesse Attaway, Deceased. [sep24]

Wool Carding.

We are now ready to card and return all wool sent us. We will give the work our personal attention. Charges same as heretofore. Send your address and name of postoffice on postal card. Address: E. G. WALKER, Montevallo, Ala. [aug1-3m]

A Lady's Opinion.

Mrs. Geo. Gilbert, Bryan, Ohio, writes: "Dr. S. B. HARRIS & Co., Columbus, Ohio: I commenced on the fifth bottle of your PERUNA this morning, and should just as soon think of doing without my meals as without my medicine. I have been doctoring for about four years, and kept getting worse all the time and was just giving up in despair when I got one of your books, 'The Ills of Life.' I was in bed at the time. I read and re-read your book and felt like trying your medicine. My folks thought I had no use in trying anything more. I was too far gone, and might as well make up my mind to die. I told them PERUNA was the medicine I needed, and I intended to try a bottle. It proved a success in breaking the chills, and if it had not done one thing more, I would have been satisfied. But it has done more, and I feel like another person. Everybody that sees me is surprised to see me looking so well, as they all thought I was dying with consumption, and now my own folks have as much to say for the PERUNA as I. I recommend it to everybody I see. There were two of our neighbors yesterday inquiring about the PERUNA. I gave them one of your books to read; told her to bring it back, as I priced it very high. The other got the name of the PERUNA to send to his son in Chicago. He is a telegraph operator. My disease is something similar to Mrs. Milo Ingram's, though nothing compared to being so bad. There was a lump raised on my collar bone, and it was a long time before it looked like opening. The doctor said he would have to lance it in a few days, but I thought I would attend to that myself, so I put a little fly blister on it and it opened; then I put a poultice on and then sawe, and kept the salve on all the time. It got so bad and spread upon my left shoulder, and one place under my left breast. Then there were two places on my head, one near the temple and one back of my ear that was just dreadful. No tongue can tell what I suffered. My head felt so strange sometimes, I thought I was going crazy. Since I have used the PERUNA (I don't use the salve any more) my sores healed up right away. And oh, what a relief it is to get around without chilling and having to suffer with my sores. I feel like letting everybody know all about it."

John Ferguson, Gallatin, Pa., writes: "Your PERUNA is a good medicine, and we sell lots of it. Will you please send some more 'Ills of Life,' with a few German."

SHOW CASES, CEDAR CHESTS, [sep24]



DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

GREAT
VEGETABLE SUMMER REMEDY,
MEDICATED BLACKBERRY ELIXIR.

For the next several months the various troubles of the bowels and stomach, which are so annoying, and so often fatal to all ages, sexes and classes of humanity, will no doubt prevail as usual to a great extent. These afflictions are sometimes sudden and always painful. A speedy and effective cure depends mainly upon a quick application and efficient remedy, and just here, we desire to say that Dr. Duncan's Medicated Blackberry Elixir, is the medicine of all others to speedily cure all bowel troubles, such as Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Flux, Pains in the bowels, etc. The elixir may be given with perfect safety to the most delicate children, as it contains no violent or hurtful ingredients, and does not produce nausea. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

DR. C. P. DUNCAN'S

Liver and Kidney Medicine.

The great superiority of this medicine over all other Liver Medicines, consists in the combination of these vegetable compounds, which possess the wonderful power of arousing all the secretions of the whole human system to a natural and healthy action. It acts upon the liver directly and at the same time sets up a proper secretion of those glands situated in the stomach and bowels. It is a local remedy, the secretions of these glands pour into the stomach, indigestion, sour stomach, heart-burn, palpitation of the heart, vertigo or swimming of the head, sick or nervous headache, constipation of the bowels accompanied at the same time with pains in the shoulders, back, sides and limbs. To treat the above symptoms intelligently and successfully, as in all other cases, you must use the medicine, that strikes at and removes the cause from the system that produce and bring on the disease. This is effectually done with Dr. Duncan's Liver and Kidney Medicine. Price 75 cents.

SPURLOCK PAGE & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Nashville, Tenn.

The above medicines are for sale by
M. J. GREENE, Clanton. [oc30]

THE

BIRMINGHAM STEAM

LAUNDRY,

1st. ave. bet. 19th and 20th streets
BIRMINGHAM ALA.,

makes a specialty of laundering
collars and cuffs sent them
by mail.

Specimens of their work can be seen at
this office. Information also given by
us in regard to prices, etc. [feb24]

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

MRS. W. A. Childs,

PROPRIETRESS.

301-303-305

Bibb St., One Block From

Temple Building,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

Howard College.

MARION, ALA.

Moral and religious influences—attention to manners and business habits—select associates—virtue preserved and improved—attention to health—practical and scientific methods of instruction—pleasant relations between teachers and students—students a band of brothers—kindness and courtesy to new comers—moderate cost of preparation for business and professional life. For Catalogues and further information address: J. T. MURFEE, President. [8-15-4]

Florida

The State that is on a

Florida boom. For reliable

information about this "Land of Flowers"

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FLORIDA WEEKLY TIMES,

JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

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Gordon DuBose,

Attorney at Law and Solicitor

in Chancery,

Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Chilton

and adjoining counties. Prompt at

tention will be given to all business en-

trusted to him.

Highest Honor

World's Exposition

EDUCATION

ESTABLISHED 1850

W. A. W. L. SMITH, Jr.,

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Kentucky University, Lexington, Ky.

Students can begin any week-day during the year

F. A. GULLEDGE,

AT VERBENA,

Wishes to announce to the Cit-

izens of Chilton and adjoining

Counties that he has

Now On Hand and Constantly Coming In

—THE—

MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GENERAL
MERCHANDISE

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PART OF THE STATE

ALL OF WHICH HE WILL SELL AT PRICES TO SUIT

CUSTOMERS. ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED AND ONLY REPRESENTED AS THEY

REALLY ARE. I WILL PAY HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR COTTON, EITHER

IN SEED OR BALE.

And pay Cash or exchange goods for all other

country produce at Highest Market Prices.

My motto:—HONEST GOODS AND ONE PRICE ONLY.

Come and see my goods before buying.

My stock of FISH BROS. Wagons and Buggies at Cost.

sep17-y

W. A. PRATT & CO.

No. 7, Dexter Ave.,

MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.,

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED

LINE OF MENS', LADIES', MISSES', YOUTHS' AND

CHILDRENS' SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you

satisfaction. [ma28-6m]

JUST RECEIVED

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.,

CLANTON, ALA.

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE

PURCHASING. [oct17]

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

—DEALER IN—

SASH DOORS BLINDS

Builder's Supplies,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Kalsomine

Builder's Hardware,

Cement, Lime, Plaster,

Hair.

READY MIXED PAINTS

119 Commerce St., in Wholesale Block,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

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BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS, W. A. COOK & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt At-

tention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY.

1036 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 670. [June 197]

Estey Organ Co.

Brattleboro Vt.

When the great Estey

Organ is introduced

each organ is

known and popular

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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 1, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULES N. A. RAILROAD.
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.	
No. 1 at	5:40 a. m.
No. 2 at	6:50 p. m.
No. 3 at	8:45 p. m.
No. 4 at	9:15 a. m.
GOING NORTH.	
No. 2 at	8:30 a. m.
No. 12 at	10:28 a. m.
No. 4 at	9:43 p. m.
No. 8 at	7:30 p. m.

• Don't stop.
Lodges—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.
Senator Fifth Senatorial District—J. E. Cobb.

Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.
Treasurer—James M. Parish.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Hiley M. Honeycutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Who the Editor Is.

A man that gathers the news, my boy,
And does it all to amuse, my boy;
A man of wit
And tact and grit—
A man they all abuse my boy.

In spite of all that is said, my boy,
In the end he'll be head, my boy,
Far up above,
Where all love,
He'll go when he is dead, my boy.

Mr. H. C. Young brings good beef to Clanton.

Representative Wells was in Clanton on Monday.

Mr. Minor Woolley has moved to his new residence at the hot well.

Dr. I. D. Lanier, of Talladega Springs, is attending circuit court.

Come by the View office and get a nice blotting pad. Given away.

The railroad has just completed a new platform at the Clanton depot.

Mr. W. A. Howard, at Verbena is prepared to repair watches, clocks and jewelry.

Mr. Wm. Parnell, of Dixie, came in and paid his subscription and brought a new subscriber.

A band of Gypsies have been roving through this section of the county for some time.

For sale, a good wood heating stove, almost new. Will be sold at a sacrifice. At the View office.

Mrs. A. M. Adams has a crowded house as she always has during court week. Her excellent table draws them.

Quite a number of our friends have come around and brought that dollar and a half. Let all the others do likewise.

Mr. J. M. Kailin is now closing his canvass of the county for a valuable medical work, and will soon begin delivering the books.

Circuit court is pegging away at the civil docket. All hands are at their posts. The criminal docket will no doubt be taken up to-day.

The attendance upon court has been very large thus far. The weather has been so bad that the farmers have not been able to do any work.

A good meeting has been going on at Providence Baptist Church which has resulted in quite a number of conversions and 16 accessions to the church.

County Commissioner Moses Robinson says he has a new baby down in his "neck of the woods" that weighs 22 pounds even. Good for the Commissioner.

It is said that the Grand Jury is doing its work thoroughly. We hear of a man who was brought before the body on the charge of bringing whiskey into a prohibition beat to sell. The party proved that his jug contained only one gallon of the best quality of Clanton county home made syrup.

Those clever gentlemen, Messrs. Clifton, of Montgomery, and G. W. Bains, of Birmingham, were in Clanton last week swinging their grip sacks among their friends and customers.

A protracted meeting has been in progress at Rock Springs church during the past week. Four conversions resulted, one joining the Methodist Church and three the Baptist Church.

On Monday evening the ordinance of Baptism was administered to nine applicants for membership in the Clanton Baptist Church. Rev. Jefferson Falkner officiated.

Mr. Lum, representing the Standard Machinery Company, of Montgomery, was in Clanton last week, in the interest of his establishment, which deservedly stands as one of the very best of the kind in the country.

The Court and a number of visiting attorneys have taken in the hot well. Mr. Blasingame opened the well and offered to allow any one to go down into it and examine it. All preferred the upper story examination.

Mr. Blasingame is offering his saw mill machinery for the very low sum of \$1,000, less than half its original cost. He is anxious to sell and remove his mill from the hot well, to which he wishes to devote his entire attention.

Maj. J. G. Harris, of the Alabama Baptist lectured at the Baptist Church at this place on Sunday evening last. The Baptist has recently changed its location from Selma to Montgomery, and Mr. W. A. Davis has purchased a half interest in the paper.

Prof. R. E. R. Hicks is doing much for our town in building up a school here, and he should have the support of all school patrons. As a Christian gentleman, he is a worthy acquisition to our community. The attendance at the Academy is now over fifty pupils, and is still increasing.

Messrs. Sandgreen & Francis, lessees of the Calera Foundry and Machine Shops have a card in this issue of the View to which attention is invited. They are prepared to make to order all kinds of castings and they make a specialty of saw mill work. They are near by and should get the work of this section.

"Ye local" stated last week that a certain young lady after spending the winter in Clanton had returned to Montgomery. Our readers no doubt were puzzled in thinking that any winter had been lately experienced in this locality, but will understand the matter when reminded that perhaps the young lady had made her stay in Clanton very cold for "ye local"; and he had reference no doubt to "the winter of his discontent," as Mr. Shakespeare so fittingly remarks.

A friend took us aside the other day to let us into a great secret. He told us the farmers of this neighborhood had a meeting the night previous to consider the work of the Merchant's Mutual Protection Association of this county. He stated that at this meeting a resolution of censure against the View was introduced and its passage asked for. This because the View had encouraged and frequently spoken favorably of the Association. Action upon the resolution was not had, because of objections interposed by parties present. The object of the farmers' meeting was to fight the Association. We can only say to the farmers that they are wrong if they suppose that the merchants have any desire to injure them. The Association was organized for the protection of the merchants against any dishonest customer, and for no other purpose. The Association holds its meetings in open day and with open doors, and any farmer can attend who so desires, and learn of its workings. We know it to be a good organization, with only good motives and so long as it is, we shall endeavor to keep it intact. Only dishonest farmers will kick against it when they are made aware of its purpose—protection against dishonesty. So long as this is its object we shall uphold it, but no longer. Our friend stated that the resolution of censure embraced a pledge compelling the farmer to withdraw his support from this paper. If there are any farmers on our subscription books who have retrograded so far as to go into a night meeting which had no public announcement of holding, and denounce this paper and the Mer-

chant's Mutual Protection Association of Clanton county, we hope they will come to this office at once and have their papers discontinued before they owe us anything more, for we can't expect to collect anything from such fellows.

However, we think that our farming friends have allowed their prejudices to get the better of their judgments. Not a man in the county would willingly work against the farming interests. If the farmers think that the merchants association is working against them, they should turn out on the 2d day of November, (the next meeting day of the Association) and attend the meeting, as they are always invited, and they will learn that they have been mistaken in their estimate of the Association.

Paraphrase of a Hindoo Legend

A Hindoo died, a happy thing to do, When fifty years united to a shrew. Released at last he joyfully applied For entrance at the gates of paradise "Has been through Purgatory?" Brahma said, "I've been married," and he hung his head. "Come in! Come in!" and welcome too, my son, Marriage and purgatory are as one. In bliss supreme he entered Heaven's door. And knew the place he ne'er had known before. He scarce had entered in the garden fair Another Hindoo sought admission there. The self-same question Brahma puts again, "Has been through Purgatory?" "No what then?" "He who went in was there no more than I."

Rough on Delinquents.

Greenville, Ala., has an eccentric merchant who does not care what he says. Recently he has issued an address to his delinquent debtors, in which he handles them without gloves. Here's a specimen of his style of dunning delinquent customers. There is considerable sense in it: This is my last appeal. I shall force things to the last extremity. You may look out for riders, mortgages, executions, writs, lawyers, courts and sheriffs. They will skin you alive and pull the very hair or wool out of your head and filling out of your teeth. Who made you poor, and what has that to do with justice, truth and honesty? The cause is your big stomachs and little cotton patches. It is your eternal getting and wanting and buying and loafing, and too lazy and indolent to pay your debts and making big mortgages and little security, buying all the year, eating and drinking and squinting and loafing, and when pay day comes, old man Wilkins has broken me up. You know that you tell an unmitigated—every time you say so; you made the mortgages, and you ate up and wore out the goods, and you never paid for them. Now settle and stop this eternal slandering and whining around, and pay up and give satisfaction and be a man. You shall have every accommodation and advantage that is in my power to grant you.

The Tuskegee News boldly charges that the governor will not order an examination of the books and accounts of the State University "till after the next state convention is held." This is a strong intimation that the report when made will affect the political aspirations of some one connected with the University whose name will go before that convention, and would seem to be an indirect thrust at a prominent candidate for governor who happens to be one of the trustees! This is an unfair way to wage political warfare, and we beg of the esteemed News to be a little more explicit. If Gov. O'Neal is using his office to shield any personal and political friends, from public censure and criticism, for questionable official acts, the public have a right to know it. If the News is in possession of such information, it should not hesitate to make it public, and we assure it that it will find no one more ready and willing to join it in denouncing the wrong than the Journal. The News generally knows what it is talking about.—Monroe Journal.

No Mystery in the Art.

A western editor has recently discharged all compositors because he thinks the wages demanded, an imposition, and hereafter he intends doing his own type setting. In the next issue of his paper he says: "Owing to the exorbitant wages demanded by printers, we have concluded to do our own type setting in the future," and at the same time he never learned the business! We do not see why a great master in the art?

The Cogitations of an Inquisitive Boy.

I notice however much a girl struggles when you try to get a kiss, if she hears her pa's steps approaching, she always lets up on the struggling long enough to nab the kiss before the old man appears.

Come and see our STATIONERY.

1886. Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

aug13-4m DIXIE, ALABAMA.

S. E. HIRSCHER'S

MONTGOMERY

Music Emporium.

21 DEXTER AVENUE.

Having just returned from the Eastern markets we are daily opening new invoices of the finest goods in our various lines ever brought to Southern markets, namely: the celebrated

Kraich and Bach and Stief Pianos, which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned

Estey Organs.

JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both vocal and instrumental. Music can be tried before purchasing, an advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy Goods of all kinds, will be daily received, and the ladies especially are cordially invited to call and see us. Police attention to all whether purchasers or not. An elegant new stock of pictures, viz: Chromos, Fine Oil Paintings, French Olegraphs and Steel Engravings, and prices within the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Pianos and Organs Sold on Easy Terms. Address S. E. HIRSCHER, 21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala. sept13-5m

A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy
and will buy everything you
have to sell
At the Highest Market Price.

A. SANDGREEN. THOS. J. FRANCIS.

Foundry and Machine Shops.

Sandgreen & Francis, Lessees.

CALERA, ALABAMA.

ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

SAW MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.

[oct11m]

HENRY C. MAYER,

Proprietor of—

City Shoe Store,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—AND DEALER IN—

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots
and Shoes, Trunks, Valises
and Satchels.

19th street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

Verbena Male and Female Academy.

VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.
Preparatory " " 2.00.
Intermediate " " 3.00.
Academic " " 4.00.
Music " " 3.00.
Contingent fee per term .50.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy and railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena, is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates. That we may guarantee satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regular. For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. U. ACREE, B.S., Principal. aug10-17

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience.

I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

REV. J. G. GURLEY.

Chilton View

—AND—

THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY

Courier-Journal.

One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for a little more than the price of one.

By paying us \$2.50 you will receive for one year your home paper with the COURIER-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the south, Democratic and for a Tariff for Revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

aug10-17

LITTLE GIANT

HYDRAULIC

COTTON PRESS.

AWARDED

Grand Gold Medal

First Premium at Cotton Presses, 1

AT THE

NEW ORLEANS EXPOSITION.

We have been making these presses for several years, and the ones of working, perfection of machinery and construction to the west, they are without a rival.

We make them with boxes from 8 to 15 feet deep with the long bar and little tramping in needed. We make a hole of from 200 to 300 lbs. weight. Our presses work by hand or steam power, as may be desired. Prices vary according to size and kind of Press desired.

See LITTLE GIANT HYDRAULIC PRESS in THE BEST Cotton Press made.

Made by J. W. GARDNER & CO.,

MADE IN VERBENA, ALA.

B. WOLFF & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS

—OF ALL KINDS OF—

FURNITURE.

No. 20 Commerce & Corner Coosa &

Court Streets,

MONTGOMERY, - - ALA.

Williamson & Leavelle

UNDERTAKERS

NO. 107, COMMERCE STREET,

MONTGOMERY, - - ALA.

Telegrams by day or night receive prompt attention. Bodies embalmed and kept in a perfect state of preservation, for any length of time.

ma23-6m



PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR
HAS NO EQUAL
NEVER OUT OF ORDER.
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
80 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK
CHICAGO ILL. FOR SALE BY
J. J. SWAIN, Montevallo, Ala.



Boys and girls don't fail to come to the VIEW office and buy a nice satchel to carry your books in. Prices 15, 20 and 25 cents each.

T. C. THOMPSON & CO.,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

—DEALERS IN—

HARDWARE,

SASH,

DOORS AND

BLINDS,

PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.

CEMENT

AND

PLASTER.

Mantels and Grates,

—AND A COMPLETE LINE OF—

Cooking and Heating Stoves.

mal4-6m

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

B. WELLMAN'S

"LOUISVILLE CLOTHING HOUSE"

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

—DEALER IN—

Fine Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Bottom Prices at Last!

"The Best Goods for the Least Money," is the motto of this house, and I am now selling an immense stock of Fall and Winter Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices.

CLOPTON & CO.,

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Fine Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Mr. Geo. B. Hall is with this firm, and will be glad to have his friend call on him.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIR IS TO BE KEPT.

EVERY ORGAN WANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNEQUALLED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN.

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Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, from

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HEADACHE

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3-10-11

AMERICAN FOLK.

A Fox made a call on a Peasant and asked him Advice about Reforming from his Evil Ways, but in place of any Words the Peasant gave him a Terrible Whack with a Long Handled Shovel.

"How can you explain such Outrageous Conduct?" demanded the Fox, as he leaped out of reaching distance.

"Experience has taught me," replied the Peasant, "that Reformation is most always letting go of Poor Mutton in order to grab for Sirloin Steak. As a Reformed Fox you would let my Old Hen alone, and go for my Young Goose."

MORALS.

The Fox was Working for both chicken and goose.

THE COOPER'S COMPLAINT.

A certain Cooper who made many Barrels went before a Judge and desired to Lodge a serious complaint against the Family living next door to his Shop.

"The sound of their Mill grinding Coffee at noon gives me a chill," he complained, "and I ask for an Injunction to Suppress the Noise. They have no right to Disturb my Peace."

"But you maintain a continuous Pounding from seven in the morning to six at night," protested the Judge.

"True, your Honor, but mine is a case of Necessity, while they can drink cold Water in place of Coffee."

"And by the same line of Reasoning we can put our Flour in Sacks instead of Barrels. Your Injunction will not Lie—costs, \$11.50."

MORALS.

Our Hens never Annoy the Neighbors, but how awfully the Neighbor's Dog does Rack our Nerves.—Detroit Free Press.

Eskimo Patience.

The number of years the Eskimo will spend in plodding away at the most simple things shows them to be probably the most patient people in the world.

When we were near King William's Land, I saw an Eskimo working upon a knife, as nearly as I could ascertain, had engaged a good part of his time some six years preceding that date. He had a flat piece of iron, which had been taken from the wreck of one of Sir John Franklin's ships, and from this he was endeavoring to make a knife-blade, which, when completed, would be about twelve inches long. In cutting it from this iron plate, he was using for a chisel an old file, found on one of the ships, which it had taken him two or three years to sharpen by rubbing its edge against stones and rocks. His cold chisel finished, he had been nearly as many years cutting a straight edge along the ragged sides of the irregular piece of iron, and when I discovered him he had outlined the width of his knife on the plate and was cutting away at it. It would probably have taken him two years to cut out this piece, and two more to fashion the knife into shape and usefulness.

The file which he had made into a cold-chisel was such a proof of labor and patience that it was a great curiosity to me, and I gave him a butcher's knife in exchange for it. Thus almost the very thing he had been so long trying to make he now unexpectedly found in his possession. When I told him that our factories, or big *igloos*, could make more than he could carry of such butchers' knives during the time we had spent in talking about this, he expressed great surprise.—St. Nicholas for June.

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"Ah, I remember now," exclaimed Manager Martin. "You then lived near Twenty-second and Cherry streets. I am glad to see you looking so well. I had supposed you had gone like so many of the rest who have tried the same experiment."

"Not yet! I attribute my recovery from what was pronounced an incurable consumption to the persistence with which I stuck to the fresh blood cure ever since I moved up in the country, three years ago. I've brought my girls and some of their friends down to the city to see what sights are left to be seen in the summer time, and they've all agreed that they will try a taste of red milk."

The visit was well-timed. While the conversation was going on and introductions of the blushing manager to the young folks were taking place, a dozen cattle were driven into the iron-fenced aisle from the yard, and were each corralled separately in the iron-fenced pens. The visitors walked down the line and the experienced eye of the veteran animal diseaser quickly detected from the hard vigorous young bullock that was defiantly tossing his head.

In response to a signal a bulky, red-faced assistant, with hair-covered arms and breast, approached the group and entered the pen. Two others drew near. The first had hardly laid low the bullock with one blow of an axe with heavy cylindrical poll when the other assistants had fastened ropes to the hind legs of the fallen beast. It was dragged out and pulled up to the beam. Quick as a flash the first assistant, with precision of aim, drove his long and shining blade into the quivering throat of the senseless animal.

All the young people stood grouped in a semicircle, with closed eyes, and as the red blood gushed from the wound it was caught in glasses and handed around to the expectant visitors. One young man, whose self-control could not stand the temptation of curiosity, opened his eyes as the glass approached his lips. A shudder of the shoulders and a creeping shiver warned him. He heroically resumed his enforced blindness. He opened his eyes as he raised the last drop, and exclaimed:

"It tastes just like warm milk."

Within twelve minutes from the time the blow was struck on the head of the bullock the carcass had been completely dressed under the deft manipulation of the abattoir employees.

The same process was gone through again, and Mr. Morrison and the ladies of the party indulged in a parting glass. It was not joined in by the young man who had incautiously opened his eyes at the first trial.

When the visitors had taken their departure Manager Martin was asked by a News representative if such scenes were of frequent occurrence. He answered:

"No. We occasionally have visitors who come to take a glass of blood, but they come simply out of curiosity. As a general thing one drink satisfies their curiosity and their appetite. This Mr. Morrison is the first one, to my recollection, who has ever come back after being absent for any length of time. He is the only one I know who claims to have effected a cure of consumption by this means."

In response to further questions he continued: "I have only one regular visitor now. It is a lady who has been coming for about two months. She says that it certainly benefits her, and that, for any reason she mixes three or four days she feels badly. I used to have a half-dozen regulars, but they have all dropped out—most of them dead by this time, I guess. You see, the doctors recommend it, just as they will consent to any experiment with harmless medicine, when they are satisfied that drugs have lost their efficacy. There are some who recommend it, if the patient will use it, even before this stage is reached. If care is taken in the selection of the animal, as you saw me do this morning, the blood is not only harmless, but nutritious, just as milk, fresh from the cow, to the taste of which it bears a remarkable resemblance. I do not know that any scientific investigation of the subject has ever been made or not. Some of the University professors visited the abattoir years ago and talked something about it, but I believe it never came to anything."—Philadelphia News.

A Remedy for Syphilis.

A young wife had just settled in her new home. All seemed fair and promising, for she did not know her husband was a drunkard. But one night he came home at a very late hour and much the worse for liquor. When he staggered into the house his wife was very much shocked; he told her he was sick and must lie down at once, and in a very short time he was peacefully laid on the sofa in a drunken sleep.

His face was reddish purple, and altogether he was a pitiable-looking object. The doctor was sent for in haste, and mustard applied to the patient's feet and hands. When the doctor came and felt his pulse, examined him, and found he was only drunk, he said: "He will be all right in the morning." But the wife insisted that he was very sick, and that severe remedies must be used. "You must shave his head and apply blisters," she urged. The husband was accordingly shaved close and blisters were put on his head. The patient lay all night in a drunken sleep, and notwithstanding the blisters were eating into his flesh, it was not till next morning that he began to feel about, disturbed by the pain. About daylight he woke up in the most uncomfortable consciousness of his condition. "What does this mean?" he said, putting his hand to his bandaged head. "Lie still; you mustn't stir," said his wife; "you have been sick."

"I am not sick," "Oh, yes you are; you have the brain fever. We have rubbed with you all night," "I should think you had," growled the poor victim; "what's the matter with my feet?" "They are blistered," "Well, I am better now; take off the blisters—do," he pleaded p

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 8, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.

Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULES, & N. ALA. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 3 at 8:50 p. m.
No. 7 at 8:45 p. m.
No. 9 at 6:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 at 8:39 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:28 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:43 p. m.
No. 8 at 7:30 p. m.

* Don't stop.

Lawyers.—Regular communications

Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 421, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Daily.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.

Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sherriff—Jasper T. Smitherman.

Treasurer—James M. Smith.

Tax Assessor—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr.

Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanor, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Keep the Old Friends.

Make new friends, but keep the old. These are silver, these are gold. New-made friendships like new wine, are full of merriment and mirth.

Friendships that have stood the test—Time and change—are surely best. They are like old wine, that grow gray with age, and never lose their flavor.

Friendship never knows decay. For old friends are tried and true, and once more our youth renew.

But old friends, alas! may die. New friends must their place supply. Cherish friendship in your breast, New is good, but old is best.

Make new friends, but keep the old. These are silver, these are gold.

Come and see our STATIONERY.

Chancery court convenes to-morrow (Friday).

Miss Maggie Scheussler, of Montgomery, is visiting her friend, Miss Blanche Hyde, in Clanton.

Rev. Mr. Huckabee, of Plantersville, preached at the Clanton Baptist Church on Tuesday evening.

Spencerian, falcon and the celebrated engraving or stub pen for sale at the View Stationery Stand.

If you want your collars and cuffs nicely laundered, try the Birmingham Steam Laundry. It is now turning out excellent work.

Miss Mamie Bivings has taken a school at the Mill, where she will teach the young ideas how to shoot in her accomplished Kentucky style.

Maj. Chas. Stephenson, editor of the Southern Mining and Manufacturing Journal, published at Birmingham visited our town last week.

Let us have a broom drill or like entertainment to raise a mite for the Confederate Monument in Montgomery. What say our lady readers?

Read the notice of the appointments made by the county tax collector, and be on hand promptly to meet him with some money to run the governmental machinery.

Don't forget that we are now prepared to do all kinds of plain and fancy job printing, and can furnish you stationery of any kind from plain poster paper to fancy invitation and wedding cards. Give us your orders.

Did you read Dr. Talmage's letter and "When the Angel Smiled," on the outside of last week's View? Our outside furnishes some of the best reading to be found in any paper published in the country.

We have recently received our subscription list. Some names might have been accidentally omitted in the copying. If any subscriber fails to get the paper a postal card to this office may set matters all right.

We are in receipt of the initial number of "The Moon," an eight page weekly paper, published at Nashville, Tenn., and devoted to the advancement of art, music and healthful athletic sports. It was sent us by our friend Chas. J. Duncan, of that city.

Come by the View office and get a nice blotting pad. Given away.

Our quondam friend W. D. Lannier, now of Shelby Iron Works, visited friends and relatives at Clanton on Sunday. We are all ways glad to see his handsome phiz.

Our devil went chestnut hunting on Sunday. The consequence was that he fell out of the tree and came near breaking his back and both his arms. Don't go chestnut hunting on Sunday.

We have received the Montgomery Daily Dispatch, an afternoon paper just established in the capital city. The Dispatch would do credit to any city in the country, and we hope to see it an established and a standing institution.

"Bijou" says he forgot to give Jimson credit for the excellent vocal music of her choir during the meeting of the Association last week. He also expresses himself as highly gratified at the prevalence of such a strong temperance sentiment among the people of that vicinity.

We call for delegates from each farmers' club to meet with delegates from our club at Poplar Springs Church three miles south-east of Clanton, on the 30th inst., for the purpose of forming a county organization. Correspondence solicited. Address

J. L. Dupre, Pres. Poplar Springs Club. Oct. 5th, 1885.

NOTICE.

Shelby Bar Association.

The View returns thanks to Col. F. M. Dansby for an invitation to attend the first annual meeting and dinner of the Shelby Bar Association, at Calera, on the 7th inst. Following was the order of exercises:

Address by the President, Maj. C. G. Wagner. Welcome address of citizens, of Calera, by Dr. C. C. Oliver. Response by J. L. Peters, Esq. Paper on Legal Ethics, by Hon. W. H. Denson, of Gadsden.

In the afternoon: Dinner at the Vanderbilt Hotel. Address: "The Progress of Law," by Hon. B. B. Lewis, of Tuscaloosa.

"A WARNING LETTER" Is the Title of a Strange Volume.

Below we reproduce extracts taken from the preface of a book soon to be published by a notorious character of this section, known as Esther Campbell, a sister of the noted desperado, John Wesley Dabose, who is now serving a life term at Pratt Mines for a murder committed in Shelby county years ago, before Chilton was a county. Both Esther and John Wesley are religious cranks, and the extracts show this peculiarity. Nearly a year ago the book was brought to this office to be published, and a good price was offered for doing the work. After getting well into the work it was noticed that the volume would be classed as "vulgar and obscene literature." We then threw up the job and refused to have anything more to do with it. The author, after blessing us with an hour's ranting, took the manuscript copy elsewhere to have the work done. If the woman is insane, as was decided at the Spring court, where she was on trial on several charges, she should be sent to the hospital for that class, as she is setting anything but a good example in the neighborhood where she lives. She has a homestead and some other property, and to judge from appearances, is between thirty-five and forty years of age. She should be sent to the hospital before she does further injury to the reputation and morals of the neighborhood, where she poses as a saint and has some influence among the ignorant and superstitious, especially the viciously inclined. She was astute enough to request that the entire preface be published, having an eye to the advertising it would give the book. It is a remarkable rignarole of cant, and we publish enough to give an insight into it, as something to be shunned by the public.

We reprint verbatim:

"Friends, with delight and pleasure I will begin to write unto you, because I have been so abominably accused before you for you to hear me, and be your own judges, whether I hold to anything that is abominable or not."

"Doth not the Bible teach us that the world is at enmity with God? When I first began to detect the error of mankind and decided to take the Bible for my guide, they first commenced calling me a Shemmanite. Secondly I was called a Mormon. Thirdly, I was arrested as a false woman, and put in prison and treated with much contempt. Fourthly, I was called crazy. They proved before my court by their reproved before that I was crazy. One said that I was extremely cheap on to

earthly things, but that I had gone as really crazy on religion. There were things, if I be crazy, I am for Girls' sake in it for filthy lucre, nor for the mammon of unrighteousness."

Further on appears this:

"But to begin to reason with you: According to your man-made laws I would feel at a loss to commence because I know but very little about your laws, but from what I do know it seems to me that it takes the sharpest of your lawyers to understand them, and as to private people they seem to me to be as partridges picking up corn around or under a trap, they never know when they are going to be picked up as if it was the flesh picked from their bones or their heart strings torn from their bodies: what I mean by this is that they are subject to passion, knowing not what manner of temptation is before them; how soon they may do something that they may be picked up about, and have to spend a part or all of their living, this is as their flesh picked from their bones, neither do they know how soon some of their children or those who are near them by the flesh will be picked up about, and be put in prison, this is as their heart strings torn from their bodies."

In speaking of the charges made against her moral conduct she says:

"Which they are not by no means able to prove, and I know that I have the breast-works and fortitude of Satan to contend with; but this amounts to nothing, for truth and justice are so plain that there is nothing under the heavens to condemn it; for we know good reason is sense, and common sense itself is better. The letter I write unto you is true upon the principles in which I am posted, hoping that it will be profitable unto you. Take this letter of mine and carefully read it, for if innocence should have to suffer in the latter day it will be no small thing; for it undoubtedly will bring the blood of the saints upon the principals in which I am posted, hoping that it will be profitable unto you. Take this letter of mine and carefully read it, for if innocence should have to suffer in the latter day it will be no small thing; for it undoubtedly will bring the blood of the saints upon the principals in which I am posted, hoping that it will be profitable unto you. 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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 18, 1885.

These advertising notices will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULES, S. & N. A. RAILROAD.
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1st 5:40 a. m.
No. 2 8:50 p. m.
No. 3 3:45 p. m.
No. 4 5:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 5 8:00 a. m.
No. 6 10:25 a. m.
No. 7 1:43 p. m.
No. 8 7:30 p. m.

Notes—Regular communication between Clanton and Montgomery, Ala., on Monday and Friday, each month at 7 o'clock.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancery—J. H. Eastern, Chancery Division, Second District, Montgomery, Ala.

Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Davis.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District, Thomas Williams.

Senator Fifth Congressional District—Jefferson Parker.

Representative—R. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.

Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Feltner.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.

Sherriff—Jasper T. Smithman.

Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.

Supt. Education—W. C. Acker.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr., Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Clanton and the View are still booming. Come and see.

Mr. J. Bice is giving great satisfaction with his gin near Strasburg.

See notice of mortgage sale of property by J. T. Mullins at Verbena.

Mr. William House, of Clay county, is at the hot well. He is a sufferer from rheumatism.

Our collector has been on his rounds. Some mad subscribers the consequence. How sad!

Dr. Bivings, Miss Mamie Bivings, Mr. McKinney and Mr. Lee Samspey all went to see the Exposition at Louisville, on the 7th.

Mr. Mack Pierce, of Strasburg, has sold his entire crop and paid off all debts, including a guano bill of \$7000 fourteen days before due.

Read the new double column advertisements of T. S. Smith and of Lockwood & Miller, both Birmingham houses, that can be relied upon to give satisfaction in their lines.

We have received a copy of the Haycock Times, a new and very readable weekly just established at Haycockville. We place the Times upon our exchange list with pleasure.

The high tea complimentary to Miss Jackson of Florence, given by Mrs. A. M. Adams on Monday evening, was most enjoyable to those who were so fortunate as to be present.

Mr. J. T. Mullins, of Jonison, advertises the whole of his property at Jonison and Verbena for sale. It can be purchased at a great bargain. For information address him at Jonison.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace, of Nashville, Tenn., visited Mrs. O. A. Bice, sister of Mrs. Wallace, at this place, last week. They came to be present at the nuptials of Miss Blanche Bice.

When you visit the Magic City shop at the Morris Avenue Hotel. This hotel has been recently opened by the genial Capt. Hugh Kirkman, of Tuscaloosa. Accommodations unsurpassed in the city.

Willie Pierce, of Strasburg, came in to see us on Tuesday, and told of a serious accident to Mr. J. Bice, of his neighborhood. While running his gin Saturday morning Mr. Bice had his right hand caught in the machinery and terribly torn. He is suffering greatly, but will recover from the shock.

Mr. J. W. Edwards, in an advertisement in these columns asks for a share of public patronage. He has opened a fresh stock of family groceries in his building two doors east of John Garner's. A stock of machines and machine supplies can also be found there.

Mr. W. D. Sarter is in charge and will be glad to see and wait upon his friends.

Christmas is coming and with it there will be opened a nice lot of holiday stationery at the View Stationery Stand. Nice presents in the way of fancy articles can be bought, and we expect to have a beautiful line of Christmas cards.

Died.

At Coopers, Oct. 3rd, John Wise Hanlin aged one year, one month and twenty-three days. Cause of death injuries to spine. He is at sweet rest with Jesus. II.

A secret society, "The Mystic Myths," was organized by the young boys of Clanton on last Saturday night, at the Thornton Hotel. The following officers were elected: Berry Cast, G. M., Miss Dalee Thornton, W. T., Curtis Edwards, R. G. U., John Stanfield, L. G. U., St. Clair Thornton, G. R. B. H. J. H.

Felix Seals and Ira Miller were tried in the county court on last Monday, charged with the killing of George Hill, whose murder was chronicled in these columns recently. Hill was waylaid and shot on the road. Seals and Miller were bound over to the circuit court in the sum of \$600 each. They gave the required bail and were released.

Hymns.

Married, at Clanton, at the residence of Mr. O. A. Duke, on the morning of the 13th, by Rev. O. S. Townsend, Mr. James D. Lamar, of Deatsville, Ala., and Miss Blanche R. Hilde, of Nashville, Tenn. After the impressive marriage ceremony the company were invited to a bounteous repast by the host and hostess. The happy couple left on the afternoon train for their future home at Deatsville. A most worthy young man has plucked one of the rarest flowers that grew in the garden of maidenhood. A reception was tendered in the evening at the residence of Dr. Lamar father of the groom, at Deatsville.

COOPER'S STATION, Oct. 7, 1885.

EDITOR VIEW.—I wish to inform the friends of Mr. Asa Busbee that he has been relieved from blindness. Mr. Busbee has been afflicted with cataract on the eyes for twelve years, and for many years has been in absolute darkness.

He came to my house a few weeks ago and was operated upon by Dr. B. J. Baldwin of Montgomery. Last Sunday he left my house able to see how to read the View. He is 84 years of age, and I look upon his restoration of sight as marvelous. F. R. McCARY.

Maplesville Dots.

Weather cool, cloudy and raining.

We hear of considerable damage to crops by the late froshets.

The recent overflow of Mulberry creek was the highest for years.

The cotton yield will be considerably less than was expected, owing to the ravages of worms and the late heavy rains.

Several slight cases of sickness were reported previous to the late cool weather.

Mr. Oscar Dudley formerly of this county, but for several years a resident in Mississippi, died in that state recently. His remains were brought here, and interred in the Isabelle cemetery. He was a worthy young man, and his friends regret his early death.

At the last regular meeting of the Hoo Handle Club, the President, Hon. Giam Siffin stated that certain reports, reflecting on the policy of the Chilton View, had been circulated by some malignant party. He demanded an explanation from the guilty one, but on investigation it was found that he was not a member of the club. The club thereupon passed resolutions endorsing the Chilton View as an honest and independent paper and worthy of our support. Bijou.

Dixie Dots.

After a severe wet spell a cold wave has struck us.

A great deal of rain fell last week. Bogles Creek overflowed its banks so far as to nearly reach the stores here.

We heard about Maplesville the water got so high as to wash the fodder stacks away, and the poles with them, even those that were in the highest places of the fields.

Mr. J. W. Peeples has been very sick indeed with typhoid fever. We are glad to see that he is up again.

Mr. J. W. Broadhead's family are having chills now.

Miss Ellen Crum left us a few days ago for Sewanee, Tenn., where she expects to make her home.

We are glad to hear from "Bijou" on the Prohibition question. This place is prohibited, but how long will it be so. One year ago, a whiskey shop was allowed by the people to be placed in four miles of this place. This year the people signed a paper allowing it to be sold in two miles of this place. If we don't mind the next thing that

we know the whiskey shop will be right at us.

Fathers that have signed the petition, allowing it to be sold so near them, you are saying by your signatures that you are willing for the accursed stuff to be by your sons, and your neighbors sons, to lead them down to destruction. Fathers is this example a good one to set before your children, think about it, you who signed the paper. Some of you are professing christians too. Can we not get up a petition to prohibit the sale of intoxicating drinks in the county. Ladies I appeal to you, get up a petition and send it to the next legislature. You will be more apt to succeed than the men. Think of the evil it is doing. Will you not try to save the youths of our country from such an evil as this? H. J. H.

VERBENA.

Dr. Courtney—A Marriage—Remarkable Restoration of Eye-Sight.

Special to the Advertiser.

VERBENA, Oct. 12.—Dr. Courtney, one of our oldest and most highly esteemed citizens, died at 3 o'clock this morning after a protracted illness. His funeral takes place here at 3 p. m. Wednesday.

Hon. Thos. Williams, of Wetumka, spent yesterday in our village, the guest of Mr. A. J. Brooks.

Edgar T. Hunter and Mrs. Mary T. Myrick were united in the bonds of holy wedlock yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mr. Wells, Rev. C. R. Lamar, of the Alabama Conference, officiating.

Dr. B. J. Baldwin, of your city, some weeks ago performed an altogether successful operation upon the eyes of a Mr. Busbee residing near here. The patient is a very old man and has been totally blind for a long time. When a glass lens was recently substituted for the natural one removed in the operation the first object that met the restored sight was the venerable wife. To the surprise of all and to the delight of the shriveled dame, the patient exclaimed, "Why, bless you, Mary, you are as pretty as you ever was!"

Mr. G. L. Werth and family have moved to Verbena and will improve their property here with the view of making this their permanent home.

The summer visitors have all left, but it is reported that the hotel will be open during the winter under a new management.

A Very Good Man.

Extra Times.

The Tuscaloosa Times dominates Hon. N. N. Clement for governor. A good man: A very good man.

Notice To Maimed Soldiers.

EDITOR VIEW.—Will you inform through the View, the maimed soldiers of Clanton that I have the money due them \$15.00, which they can call or send for, giving me a receipt for the amount. H. J. CALLER, Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed by John G. Barbour and wife on the 20th day of June, 1884, to Schless & Kuhn, and duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Clanton county, Alabama, in Volume 9 of Deeds, page 229, the following hereofore pending in the Circuit Court of Clanton county, restraining such sale having been dissolved, the undersigned, will proceed to sell at public outcry at the Courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., between the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on Monday, November 15th 1885, the following described property, to-wit: Lot No. 8 east side of Main street, and in Block No. 2, fronting 60 feet on Main street, and running 60 feet back, according to the plat of the town of Coopersville, in section 27, township 21, range 15, 1st Meridian being in Chilton county, Alabama, together with the buildings and all appurtenances upon said lot.

By Wm. A. COLLIER, Attorney, Clanton, Ala., Oct. 15, 1884—Jt

Wool Carding.

We are now ready to card and return all wool sent us. We will give our work our personal attention. Charges same as heretofore. Send your address and name of postoffice on postal card. Address E. G. WALKER, Montevallo, Ala.

Tax Notice.

I will attend at the following times and places, for the purpose of collecting the State and county taxes of Chilton county for the year 1885:

FIRST ROUND.		
At D. H. Mullins'	November 7	6
Jonison	" 9	7
Providence	" 11	8
Benson	" 13	9
Macedonia	" 15	10
Clanton	" 17	11
Coopers	" 19	12
Verbena	" 21	13
Wells' (in Maplesville)	" 23	14
R. Latham's	" 25	15
Dixie	" 27	16
Jack Harris' in Beat 8	" 29	17
Strasburg	" 31	18

LAST ROUND.		
At D. H. Mullins'	December 7	8
Jonison	" 9	9
Providence	" 11	10
Benson	" 13	11
Macedonia	" 15	12
Coopers	" 17	13
Verbena	" 19	14
Wells' (in Maplesville)	" 21	15
R. Latham's	" 23	16
Dixie	" 25	17
Jack Harris' in Beat 8	" 27	18
Strasburg	" 29	19

Dec. 31 to 31 inclusive. R. M. HONEYCUTT, Tax Collector.

1866.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
aug13-4m DIXIE, ALABAMA.

S. E. HIRSCHER'S

MONTGOMERY

Music Emporium.

21 DEXTER AVENUE.

Having just returned from the Eastern markets we are daily opening new invoices of the finest goods in our various lines ever brought to Southern markets, namely: the celebrated

Kranich and Bach and Stief Pianos,

which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned

Estey Organs.

JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both vocal and instrumental. Music can be tried before purchasing at an advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy goods of all kinds, will be daily received, and the ladies especially are cordially invited to call and see us. Particular attention to all whether purchasers or not. An elegant new stock of pictures, viz: Chromes, Fine Oil Paintings, French Olegraphs and Steel Engravings, and prices within the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Pianos and Organs Sold on Easy Terms. Address S. E. HIRSCHER, 21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala. sept-3m]

This space belongs to JOHN

GARNER, Dealer in General Merchandise, Clanton, who is too busy

selling goods and getting in a New Stock, to write an advertisement.

Call on him if you want bargains.

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1885.

A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy
and will buy everything you
have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

LOCKWOOD & MILLER

UNDERTAKERS,

UNDER FLORENCE HOTEL,

—BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—

Keep a full line of COFFINS, CASES, and CASKETS, both in metal and wood from the finest to the commonest, and at ALL PRICES. Orders by telegram promptly attended to. In telegraphing state only length and price wanted. [oct15-y]

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No. 116 Montgomery Street,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
 Mr. GEO. B. HALL is with this firm, and will be glad to have his friend call on him.

Another item to note is the establishment of a temperance magazine for the blind, printed in raised characters for finger reading. It is furnished by a

ained, but he must have been some-
like Mr. Alvin Adams, who accu-
tated a fortune in the express busi-
and who said to some friends who
ed him at a magnificent estate which
owned near Boston:

his collar, apparently half
ed, but allowing no one to
re till the tail was finished.
e gave the signs of satisfaction
really follow a good meal, and

for what he can do before a
 a great man he can do alone,
 the presence of God, if he will.

the care of a very great part of

privilege which they never had meted, while right by the mere Vanderbilt, who though worth \$9,000,000, was passed by apparently one of the least notices.—This is

Now all about Mustang Lin.
Few do. Not to know is
rare.

nobody has ever told
how easy it is to put
it on the skin. Beauty
the skin is Magnolia

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA. OCT. 21, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE M. & N. A. RAILROAD.
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:
GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 3 6:50 p. m.
No. 7 8:45 p. m.
No. 9 5:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 8:30 a. m.
No. 12 10:25 a. m.
No. 4 9:45 p. m.
No. 6 7:30 p. m.
Don't stop.

LODGING.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Jarby.
Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas Williams.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Poole.
Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—Jasper T. Smith.
Tax Assessor—James M. Parish.
Tax Collector—Wm. A. Smith.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.
Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Don't loaf around town too much.
Miss May Brushwood is visiting relatives in Selma.

Miss Annie Lewis has returned from a visit to relatives in Montgomery.

Cream laid foolscap paper, 15 cts. per quire at the View Stationery Stand.

Mrs. Kate Anderson, of Jemison, is visiting her father's family at this place.

A lodge of Good Templars with twenty-five members now holds forth weekly in Clanton.

Mr. A. J. Hall is selling a superb article in the way of a clothes cleaner and grease extractor.

Payson's indelible and Carter's red ink for sale at the View Stationery Stand.

Sheriff Smitherman advertises the sale of 150,000 feet of lumber at Woodruff's Mill, to satisfy judgment.

Mr. Claude Falkner, of Kincheon, was brought through Clanton last Thursday, on the way to the insane hospital at Tuscaloosa.

The funeral of Rev. R. A. Miers will be preached at New Prospect (Union) Church, at 11 o'clock A. M., on the second Sabbath in Nov.

A new lot of copy books, school satchels, ladies shopping bags, crayons, slates &c., just opened and for sale at the View Stationery Stand.

Read the notice of Mountain Creek property and valuable timber lands in this county for sale by Messrs. Gay and Hardie, administrators of the estate of James W. Hardie, deceased.

Mr. W. M. Wilson, "the old reliable" advertising merchant of Clanton says he has a very large and select stock of all goods to sell to the people of Chilton. He keeps a standing advertisement in the View. Read it, and call on him.

The Shelby Sentinel of last week, announces the marriage of Mr. J. W. Martin and Miss Sarah A. Glascock, of this county. They were married at the residence of Mr. Geo. Seale in Shelby county, by Justice John A. Campbell, of Calera.

Mr. Webb, who for a time was the county jailer under the late Sheriff Lowe, and who lives about six miles from Clanton, had the misfortune to lose his house and all its contents by fire on Saturday night last. Mr. Webb is an old man who, besides bodily afflictions, is very poor. He came to Clanton Sunday morning and made his misfortune known. A subscription was taken up in the Baptist Sunday School for his benefit, and other contributions can be made for his aid, and left at this office.

Rocky Mount also prospecting near Jemison in progress.

A splendid quality of note paper at 10 cents per quire, for sale at the View Stationery Stand.

Married.

In Clanton, on the 18th inst., by Rev. J. L. Sampey, Mr. T. F. Thompson, Sr., of Bozeman, and Miss Lula Read, of Verbena.

Howard College.

Begins her forty-fifth year with a larger number than usual, a greater proportion of old students and the largest senior class ever known in the college.

A protracted meeting is in progress at the Clanton Baptist Church this week, under the direction of Rev. Mr. Armstrong, of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, Birmingham. Services morning and evening.

A telegram from Marion, received here Monday, announced the death, the night previous, of Mrs. J. L. Thompson, wife of the pastor of the Verbena and Clanton Baptist churches. Mr. Thompson has the sympathies of each community in his sore affliction.

Thief Wanted.

A burglar entered the store of Mr. W. W. Brame, at Calera, on Saturday night last. A lot of fine clothing, shoes and cutlery, valued at about \$200, was appropriated. Mr. Brame offers a reward of \$25 for the thief and proof to convict.

Cruelty to Dumb Brutes.

We noticed on the streets the other day an ox with his head tied to his right fore leg in such a way as to make it very difficult for the animal to move about. The law for the prevention of cruelty to animals is a good one, and will apply in this case. No man is allowed to practice cruelty upon a dumb brute: and these matters should be reported to the grand jury often.

To Mr. S. B. McConico, President of the North Central and South American Exposition, we acknowledge a handsome letter of invitation to accept the hospitality of the Exposition during the entire term and to be present at the opening ceremonies on the 10th day of November. The day is intended to be a tribute to peace and good will between the various nations. This courtesy is extended to journalists throughout the land and will doubt be highly appreciated by the press.

How to Kill a Town.

Always growl; resist taxation; kick against improvements; exercise the virtue of enviousness; don't patronize your county paper, and send to the city to have job printing done; talk against your neighbors and business rivals; stay away from church and society and criticize those who are social and enterprising; buy your goods out of town and let your merchants live the best way they can; send your children off to school and let the schools of your town take care of themselves.

The above receipt is warranted to have the desired effect, given in broken doses.

The Growing South.

The progress which the South is making is well worth careful attention. Her people are displaying marvelous energy and enterprise. The casual observer does not notice the evidences of her material development, but those who make it their business to look after such things see them, and are not slow to take advantage of them.

When the facts are brought together, showing the South's material development, they very naturally excite surprise. It has long been the custom to look to the West for indications of extraordinary growth in wealth and population, and it is therefore, difficult to make the country understand that the South is rapidly building up her waste places, establishing new industries and increasing her wealth.

Since 1880, when the census was taken, the assessment books of twelve Southern States, viz: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Virginia and Texas, show an increase in wealth amounting to \$892,305,930. These figures tell the story of the South's progress in a way that is as eloquent as it is convincing.

The South is not standing still. She is advancing with giant strides. Every year thousands of new farms are opened and the land already under cultivation is made more productive by better cultivation and the use of fertilizers. Every year manufacturing industries are established. The figures are at hand to support these statements.

It is within the bounds of possibility that the present generation will see the South attracting attention just as the West is attracting attention now.—Cronwell News.

San Jones will hold Birmingham on the 24th of this month.

Alexander City, Tallapoosa county, has a new paper called the Beacon.

The North Alabama Conference will meet at Gadsden on the 18th of November.

Judge Clayton, it is said, will resign his Judgeship, and make an active canvass for governor.

A little daughter of Col. Jackson, of Mount Springs, was bitten by a mad dog on Wednesday morning.

Capt. J. M. Weems, superintendent of education in Lauderdale county; in this state, is behind in his accounts about \$4,000.

It is said that counting in the dogs the population of Anniston is about 8,000. Counting out the dogs, it would be about 100.

The Hayneville Examiner is now an all home print paper. The Examiner, as a very ably edited journal, deserves its success.

Rev. D. I. Purser, of Birmingham, was recently presented with \$500, by Messrs. Smith & Marberry, to complete a Baptist church in that city.

The response to the call for contributions to the Confederate monument on Capitol Hill has reached nearly \$6,000 in Montgomery alone thus far.

A meeting of the Board of Trustees of the University of Alabama has been called for November 12th, for the purpose of selecting a successor to the lamented Lewis.

The Moulton Advertiser announces two more gubernatorial aspirants: Judge Tally, of Jackson county, and Col. Robt. McKee, of Dallas, the last better known as "Guan" of Guinville.

Steve Renfro, ex-Sheriff of Sumter county who was recently convicted and sent to the coal mines for horse stealing made his escape one night last week with three others. Steve swears that he will never be captured alive.

The Eutaw Mirror declares in small caps that Hon. Thos. Seay will be a candidate for Governor. What a triumph it will be when Major Shorter picks up the persimmon after all the other boys have worn themselves out shaking the tree?—Eufaula Mail.

An old gentleman named Ousely, living near Salem Church, committed suicide several days ago. He made him a pallet on the floor and put a rug on it to protect the bed clothes from the blood, put a fresh load of buck shot in his gun, got a switch, then lay down, put the muzzle of the gun to his temple and touched the trigger with the switch. He was dead before any one reached him, his brains being scattered. He left a note, stating to his wife that it was nothing he had done and nothing she had done that caused him to kill himself, but that he was tired of life.—Elmore Express.

A new assortment of fancy box paper, from 15 to 85 cents per box, just received at the View Stationery Stand.

Mortgage Sale.

The injunction heretofore pending in the Chancery Court of Chilton county, restraining such sale having been dissolved, the undersigned, under and by virtue of a mortgage executed by John G. Barbour and wife on the 20th day of June, 1881, to Schloss & Kahn, and duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama, in Volume 9 of Deeds, page 229, will proceed to sell at public auction at the Courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., between the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Monday, November 10th, 1885, the following described property, to-wit: Lot No. 8 east side of Main street, and in Block No. 2, fronting 30 feet on Main street, and running 60 feet back, according to the plat of the town of Coopersville, in section 27, township 21, range 15, lying and being in Chilton county, Alabama, together with the buildings and all appurtenances upon said lot.

SCHLOSS & KAHN,
By Wm. A. COLLIER, Attorney.
Clanton, Ala., Oct. 15, 1884-46

Wool Carding.

We are now ready to card and return all wool sent us. We will give the work our personal attention. Charges same as heretofore. Send your address and name of postoffice on postal card. Address E. G. WALKER, Montevallo, Ala. aug26-3m

Tax Notice.

I will attend at the following times and places, for the purpose of collecting the State and county taxes of Chilton county for the year 1885:

FIRST ROUND.
At D. H. Mullins' November 7
Jemison " 8
Providence " 9
Benson " 10
Macedonia " 11
Clanton " 12
Cooper's " 13
Verbena " 14
Wells' Gin October 27
Mapleville " 29
R. Latham's " 30
Dixie " 31

LAST ROUND.
At D. H. Mullins' December 8
Jemison " 9
Providence " 10
Benson " 11
Macedonia " 12
Cooper's " 13
Verbena " 14
Wells' Gin November 24
Mapleville " 26
R. Latham's " 27
Dixie " 28
Jack Martin's in Post 29
Clanton from Dec. 10 to 14 and from Dec. 21 to 25 inclusive.
E. M. HOSKINSON,
Tax Collector.

1886.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

**HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.**

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
aug13-4m DIXIE, ALABAMA.

S. E. HIRSCHER'S
MONTGOMERY

Music Emporium.
21 DEXTER AVENUE.

Having just returned from the Eastern markets we are daily opening new invoices of the finest goods in our various lines ever brought to Southern markets, namely: the celebrated

Kranich and Bach and Stief Pianos, which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned

Estey Organs.

JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both vocal and instrumental. Music can be tried before purchasing; an advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy Goods of all kinds, will be daily received, and the ladies especially are cordially invited to call and see us. Polite attention to all whether purchasers or not. An elegant new stock of pictures, viz: Chromos, Fine Oil Paintings, French Olegraphs and Steel Engravings, and prices within the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders by mail promptly attended to. **Pianos and Organs Sold on Easy Terms.** Address S. E. HIRSCHER, 21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala. sep17-3m

This space belongs to JOHN GARNER, Dealer in General Merchandise, Clanton, who is too busy selling goods and getting in a New Stock, to write an advertisement. Call on him if you want bargains.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME

Sewing Machine

Simple Strong Swift Sure

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR. NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

NEW HOME

SEWING MACHINE CO.

30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK

MADE IN U.S.A.

FOR SALE BY

J. J. SWAIN, Clanton, Ala.

This machine is in a hurry to get to the View office to see the pretty things at the Stationery Stand and to buy a nice hamp of stationery, before they are all sold.

McD. GRAY

Has Opened

A NEW STOCK OF GOODS

at the place of residence two miles Southwest of Kincheon, and will sell them as cheap as on the railroad. I have almost everything you would want.

Come and see for yourselves. (aug17-4m)

1885.

A. J. BROOK

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods

Chilton County, and does and

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES, FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to and will buy everything you have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

LOCKWOOD & MILLER

UNDERTAKERS

UNDER FLORENCE HOTEL,

—BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—

Keep a full line of COFFINS, CASES, and CASKETS, both in wood from the finest to the commonest, and at ALL PRICES. by telegram promptly attended to. In telegraphing state of length and price wanted.

GO TO T. S. SMITH

BIRMINGHAM.

For Dry Goods, Notions, B

Shoes, Clothing, Hardware

Hats and Caps,

Saddles, Bridles, Harness and Family Gro

Twentieth Street Between First and Second Avenue

A. SANDGREN. THOS. J.

Calera Foundry and Machine Shop

Sandgren & Francis, Lessees

—CALERA, ALABAMA.—

ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED

—SAW MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.—

[oct11m]

HENRY C. MAYER,

—Proprietor of—

City Shoe Store

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—AND DEALER IN—

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots

and Shoes, Trunks, Valises

and Satchels.

19th street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

Verbena Male and Female Academy.

VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.

Preparatory " " 2.00.

Intermediate " " 3.00.

Academic " " 4.00.

Music " " 8.00.

Contingent fee per term .50.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy and railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena, is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.

That we may guarantee satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regular.

For further particulars address A. J. Brook, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. U. ACREE, D.D.

Rev. J. G. G.

H. Houghton

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

FIRST AVENUE, BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED

Glasses selected to fit any eye, and Ring, and Wedding Rings, made to order. Buyers of Watches consult their interest by calling before purchasing elsewhere. Over 25 years experience. I have had business transacted for thirteen years and always found it in his hands.

nov10-47

Chilton View

—AND—

THE LOUISVILLE WEEKLY

Courier-Journal

One year for only \$2.50. Two for a little more than the price for one year your home paper. COUNTESS JOURNAL, the representative of the South, comes for a brief by Revenue only. The brightest and ablest faculty in the United States. Those who in exchange a sample copy of the Journal can save the price.

... ..

Administrator's Sale
—OF—
REAL ESTATE
(Mountain Creek Property.)
Under and by virtue of a decree of Probate Court of Montgomery county, Ala., made on the 1st day of July, 1885, the undersigned as the administrator of the estate of James W. Hardie, deceased, will sell at public outcry, at Mountain Creek, Ala., on Tuesday, September 17th, 1885, the following described real estate to wit: One lot lying on the west side of the South & North Ala., Railroad, at Mountain Creek station, in the county of Chilton, State of Alabama, and marked "C," in the plat of a survey made by Mr. D. T. Milling in 1880, of a portion of the $\frac{1}{2}$ of the sw $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 17 township 20 range 16; said lot lying along the right-of-way of said railroad 115 feet, extending back 415 feet perpendicular to said railroad. On said lot is one frame cottage. Also, the following described real property: A one-half undivided interest in a lot lying on the right-of-way of the South & North Alabama Railroad at Mountain Creek station, in the county of Chilton, State of Alabama, lying adjacent to and south of the last above named lot and marked "C," in the plat of a survey made by D. T. Milling in 1880, said lot being a portion of sec. 17 of the sw $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 17 township 20 range 16, lying along the right-of-way of said railroad 110 feet, and extending back perpendicular to said railroad 515 feet. There is on this property a good four-room house, and a good well. Terms of sale cash.
J. B. GAY,
B. HARDIE
Administrator of estate of J. W. Hardie.
oct22

T. C. THOMPSON & CO., BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA, —DEALERS IN— HARDWARE, Sash, Doors and Blinds, Paints, Oils and Glass, Cement and Plaster, Mantels and Grates, and a complete line of

Cooking and Heating Stoves.
NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

B. WELLMAN'S "LOUISVILLE CLOTHING HOUSE" BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

—DEALER IN—
Fine Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Bottom Prices at Last!

"The Best Goods for the Least Money," is the motto of this house, and I am now selling an immense stock of Fall and Winter Goods at the Lowest Cash Prices

CLOPTON & CO.,

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Fine Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

No. 116 Montgomery Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Mr. Geo. B. Hall is with this firm, and will be glad to have his friend call on him.



Through Trunk Line

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY, CINCINNATI, COLUMBIA, MO., INDIANAPOLIS, OHIO, PITTSBURGH, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, D.C., NEW YORK, N.Y.

Shortest and Quickest Route

From New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery, to

NORTH, EAST & WEST

PULLMAN CARS Without charge for Pullman service, with but one change of train

NORTHERN AND EASTERN CITIES.

THROUGH COACHES

From Chattanooga and Nashville to St. Louis, connecting direct for the North.

EMIGRANTS

Special rates for emigrants, with Pullman service, and through coaches, at reduced rates.

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

Contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR

AIM

IS

TO

EXCEL

EVERY ORGAN WANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, and construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and durable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION. UNEQUALLED FACILITIES. SKILLED WORKMEN. BEST MATERIAL. COMPLETED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools. Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, from The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

Corner Randolph and Ann Streets, CHICAGO, ILL.

HEADACHE

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

COMPLETE STOCK OF Fancy Stationery, and everything usually kept in a Stationery Establishment.

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STATIONERY STAND.

LITTLE GIANT HYDRAULIC COTTON PRESS.

AWARDED
Grand Gold Medal

BEING
First Premium on Cotton Presses, 1

AT THE
NEW ORLEANS EXPOSITION.

We have been making these presses for several years, and for ease of working, perfection of machinery and satisfaction to the user, they are without a rival.

We make them with boxes from 8 to 12 feet deep

With a single crank and little tramping is needed.

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With a single crank and little tramping is needed.

Our LITTLE GIANT HYDRAULIC PRESS is THE BEST Cotton Press made.

Write for a Circular. Manufactured by J. W. CARDWELL & CO.,

Richmond, Va.

THE CELEBRATED
WOOTON DESKS.

With Revolving Cases at Ends.

OUR NEW LOW-DOWN ROLL TOP. Length 5 ft.; Extreme height, 40 in.

OUR POPULAR FLAT-TOP DESK. Length, 6 feet.

We apply this principle of revolving cases to a great variety of desks. For particulars and prices send a cent stamp to

HAYNES, SPENCER & Co.,

Richmond, Ind., U. S. A.

COLLINS' AGUE CURE

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR AGUE, CHILLS, FEVERS, MALARIA, CHILLS, FEVERS, MALARIA, CHILLS, FEVERS, MALARIA.

HEADACHE, DIARRHOEA OR FLUX.

It is a perfect LIVER REGULATOR and has no equal as a purgative and permanent cure for CHILLS, AGUE, BILIOUSNESS, etc.

Many cases are cured by a single dose of this medicine.

AGUE CURE CLEANS THE SYSTEM, PROMOTES THE

Flow of Blood, and gives the system a new lease of life.

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THE HOME DOCTOR.

Prescription for Cholera.

Droux de Chapiro, a French physician, relates several long delayed cases of cholera, and the excellent results were obtained by fractional doses of calomel.

—one twenty-fifth grain—repeated every hour. He advises a recourse being had to this treatment whenever, despite the ordinary remedies, the symptoms grow worse instead of better, when the tongue becomes dry, and when the skin imparts a sensation of great heat and dryness to the finger. He mixes one grain of calomel with a teaspoonful of powdered sugar, and after it has been thoroughly stirred for some minutes divides it into twenty-five powders. Within twenty-four, or at most forty-eight hours, he states, the skin becomes damp, the temperature falls, the tongue becomes moist, and the oppression diminishes.

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AMONG THE LOG DRIVERS.

HOW THE HARDY FELLOWS WORK AND ENJOY THEMSELVES.

The Perils of the Profession in Which They Place Themselves When Breaking "Jam."

A Bangor (Me.) letter to the New York World describes the life of those hardy, daring, red-shirted fellows who drive the logs out by the woodmen through the tumbling, rushing streams and swift waters of the Penobscot to the booms, whence they are distributed by their various owners to the mills.

The principal drives are from the east and west branches of the Penobscot, the Mattawakeag, the Piscataquis, Pleasant and Passadumkeag rivers, all tributaries of the one great watercourse.

Driving logs is a laborious and often dangerous occupation. When the winter work of cutting the logs is over, and the ice breaks and streams are full of the great spruce, pine and hemlock trunks, the axe-swingers come out and the lumbermen engage their driving crews.

To be a driver one must be active, fearless and hard work. A liberal sprinkling of that much detested class generally known as the "P. E. I.'s"—Prince Edward's Islanders.

The crews, with their bosses, go to where the logs are stacked, part of the way by rail and then by team, bateau or on foot.

Arriving at their destination they start the logs in the quick water and follow them down along the shore. If there were no falls, no edges or other obstructions the work would be easy, but if a single log of the rushing mass sticks on the brink of a dam, or is caught against a rock, thousands of others are stopped thereby and a jam ensues. This must be broken up at all hazards and some one must go out upon the logs at the risk of his life and, with what is known as a "cant-dog," set the mass in motion again.

If he makes a mistake, or the obstructing log yields at the wrong moment, the driver disappears in the whirl of waters and goes down to his death, and if his manzil remains he found it will not be until weeks afterward, many miles below.

One of the drivers I met to day. He was of muscular build, with that hearty manner peculiar to Penobscot rivermen. He had just "come down" as they say, and was quite uncommunicative, talking intelligently, but unduly loud, as he punched the floor of the boarding-house bar-room full of holes with the steel calks in the soles of his shoes. He wore the conventional driver's dress—heavy trousers, red shirt, woolen socks and ponderous boots or shoes.

I asked him why his boots were cut in several places at the toes. "Oh," he said, "that is to let the water which pours over me out and keep my feet from scaling."

He said that driving was hard work until one became used to it; then there was a fascination about it. The driver, he said, was out at

Table with 4 columns: Rate of Advertising, Day, and Price. It lists rates for different types of advertisements and their durations.

The Clifton

W. H. ARNOE, Editor and Proprietor.

"WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION."

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Annum

Special Advertising. Business notices... Objections and Tributes of respect... Announcing candidates for office...

VOL. IV: CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1885. NO. 52.

NOTHING LOST.

No corner is in God's round world. Where one may hide himself away; The winds through all its spaces sweep, Through all its shadows flit the day.

Mrs. Treton's Trouble.

It was Mrs. Treton's custom to breakfast on the wide veranda from the time spring was fairly out of swaddling clothes until the autumn winds blew her back into the house. She was such a fragile old lady that a gentle breeze could have wafted her away, coffee cup in hand, but the light breeze that was stirring one September morning treated her tenderly. It lifted a corner of her heavy shawl, it tossed her bright yellow hair, it stirred her white neckerchief, but it did not touch her face. She was sitting there, so comfortable and so content, when a sudden gust of wind came from the north, and she felt a chill. She looked up, and there was a man standing before her, a man she had never seen before. He was tall and thin, with a long white beard and a pair of spectacles. He looked at her with a steady gaze, and she felt that he was looking straight into her soul. She rose to her feet, and he bowed slightly. "I am sorry to disturb you," he said. "I am a stranger in this place, and I am looking for a room to stay in. If you have any spare rooms, I would be glad to rent one of them."

NOT AS I WILL.

Blindfolded and alone I stand With unknown thresholds on each hand; The darkness deepens as I grope, Afraid to fear, afraid to hope; Yet this one thing I learn to know Each day more surely as I go, That doors are opened, ways are made, Burdens are lifted or are laid, By some great law unseen and still Unfathomable purposes to fulfil, "Not as I will."

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

POSTHUMOUS OPPORTUNITY. The text was from Ecclesiastes xi, 2: "If the tree fall toward the south or toward the north, in the place where the tree falleth there it shall be." There is a lowering hope, said the preacher, "in the midst of a vast multitude that there will be an opportunity in the next world to correct the mistakes of this; that if we do make complete shipwreck of our earthly life it will be only a shore up which we may walk to a palace, that we may be able to lose our case in the Circuit Court and carry it up to the Supreme Court or Court of Chancery and get a reversal of judgment in his behalf, all the while the crown over our shoulders, so to speak, is the earthly trial, may in the higher jurisdiction of eternity have the judgment of the lower court set aside, all the costs remitted, and we be victorious defendants forever. My object in this sermon is to show that common sense, as well as my text, declares that such an expectation is chimerical. You say that the impotent man having got into the next world and seeing the disaster, will, as a result of that disaster, turn, the pain the cause of his reformation. But you can find ten thousand instances in this world of men who have done wrong and done it over and over again, and yet they have not been reformed. Did the disaster help them? No, they went right on.

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

Very rash—A boy with measles. A coat of paint has no buttons on it. The proper dessert for an undertaker—Berry pie. How can a ham be diseased when it is cured?—Stockton Mailerick. "All was justice," said the tramp. "Three months," said the justice.—Philadelphia Call. The cyclone carries everything before it in a giddy whirl. So does the railway waiter.—Winnipeg Spectator. It's hope that cheers us with its rays, And makes life's pathway bright, It's soap the washerwoman says That makes her labor light. Ella Wheeler Wilcox sadly inquires in pathetic verse, "Ah! what shall make me laugh again?" Has Ella tried tickling?—Boston Herald. A silver dollar weighs only an ounce, yet there are times in the life of almost every man when it looks as big as a circus ring.—New York Journal. Ladies are said to be apt scholars in learning to play on the violin. This perhaps comes from the grace and ease with which they handle the bow. A California exchange says whales are not killed with guns. Well, well! When did they stop catching them with bent pins and angle worms. Graphic. Street urchin: Shan't I carry your bag? I'll do it for a dime. Traveler: I don't want it carried. Urchin: Why don't you see it down, then?—Merchants' Traveler. DISCHANCED. He saw her glide down the beach Cried in her bathing dress, And vowed he never saw a sight Of rarer loveliness. She frolicked in the surf awhile, And when she came ashore, The vow that he at first had made He made, alas, no more. —Boston Gazette. "I catch on," was probably what the fish said when he took the baited hook. "He weighed five pounds" was probably the lie told by the fisherman. —Detroit Free Press. The inhabitants of Burmah worship idols made of brass. How they would get down on their knees if only an American commercial traveler were to get around that way. Brown—"What a sad looking fellow Smith! What is the matter with him, I wonder?" Foggy—"Why, didn't you ever hear? He was disappointed in love." Brown—"Got the mitten, eh?" Foggy—"Oh, dear, no; he married her." Boston Transcript. What caused us to offer, free enough, Our sage advice, and show that troubles Can be overcome by mortals "up to snuff"? The balky horse! What tooketh wings and sudden, mystic flight, While we at nighttime snatch a hasty bite? Returneth never to gladden heart and sight? The umbrella! —New York Clipper. Facts About Tea. It requires about four pounds of fresh leaves to make one pound of dried tea, and the yield is 300 to 400 pounds per acre. Bohen is the coarsest of the Chinese teas. The best quality of black tea is pekoe, which consists of the very youngest leaves while they are still clothed with down. The finest teas, both green and black, are rarely seen in this country, because, if packed in large lots and so conveyed in the hold of a ship, fermentation takes place, which destroys their quality. It is mostly consumed by the wealthy Chinese or finds its way overland to Russia. It may be added here, for the benefit of the many who know how to make good tea, that the quality of the infusion is greatly influenced by the character of the water with which it is made, hard water never producing the best effect in tea-making. The wealthy Chinese make their tea in the cup from which it is to be drunk. The proper quantity of leaves is put in the cup, boiling water poured over them, and the cup covered with the saucer for a while. A perforated bit of silver made for the purpose is fitted over the leaves in the bottom of the cup to prevent them from rising to the surface. Tea should never be boiled. —Courier Journal.

REMARKABLE FISH MORTALITY.

The tile fish was discovered by officers of the United States fish commission five years ago. It was found on the outer edge of the 100-mile plateau that runs along the coast line. Recently a most remarkable event took place in connection with its discovery. Vessels began to arrive from the region where it was made, bringing reports that the surface of the ocean for a space of hundreds of thousands of square miles in area was covered with dead fish of a variety of strange and unknown to the witnesses, but which proved to be the tile fish of the commission. Vessel after vessel arrived in different ports, all telling the same story of floating fish carcasses and the immense desolation which, from some cause and in some way, had visited the ocean depths. But, stranger than all, no trace or sign of the tile fish has since been found by the original discoverers, nor have the most careful and long-continued researches resulted in bringing a specimen to the surface since the time when, it would seem, universal sentence was executed upon them and they were blotted out of existence. Professor Baird thinks that cold currents may have penetrated the waters forming the home of the tile fish, and as all fish are very susceptible to cold changes in the temperature, dying quickly oftentimes under only a few degrees of variation, it may have been that this fish was peculiarly affected and utterly destroyed.

THE PRINCESS AMELIA.

The Crown Princess Stephanie of Austria, contributed some original drawings for a picture book and accepted pay at the rate given to other artists, though she presented the money to a charity. Derby hats for misses, in brown and gray felts, have no plume this year, simply a corded ribbon to match the color of the hats. In shape they are higher and with more of a flat brim than last year's. The Boston dry goods merchants like strapping girls for saleswomen—"tall salesladies" is the professional term. "Tall saleslady" gives a character to the store, and "ladies, as a class," prefer to trade with her. The latest craze in fancy work is the making of artificial flowers of tissue paper. In the hands of an expert with artistic feeling very fine results from this inexpensive material are accomplished in the way of decorative pieces for interior decoration, as well as for personal adornment. In Russia betrothal feasts are held. The woman has a lock of hair cut off in the presence of witnesses and given to the man, who in return, presents a silver ring, a gift of bread and salt. Among poor people this is a bit of Montmorency is substituted. No more and yet so far. Daisy Dade—"Melinda, how do you like my saratoga last night?" Melinda—"I didn't like the way you wore it."

NEWS AND NOTES FOR WOMEN.

Good-bye to flounces. White skirts are going out of fashion. Bustles have reached their maximum size. Large bridal bouquets are no longer in vogue. The V-shaped corsage is very popular in Paris. Ribbons are growing more beautiful and expensive. Black or cream lace mantles are worn with any toilet. Canvas draperies are much employed for silk dresses. Tailor-made cloth suits are worn more than ever this fall. Crescent brooches retain their hold upon popular favor. The handsomest jewels are now set in silver instead of gold. Etamine and cotton fabrics stamped with gold are novelties. Openwork cotton tissues are worn over thin silk either to match or of a contrasting tint. Ladies' dress slippers support the ankle better than formerly; the kid is made higher on purpose. The newest cloak clasps are of wood, and doves' heads, owls' heads, and even mice are represented. Hoods of embroidered silk, and of lace lined with silk, are among the novelties for evening head gear. Shoulder capes are longer and lighter than formerly; they are made of crepe or chamois, lace or chenille. A Philadelphia man says the banker Drexel's three daughters will get \$50,000 apiece from his estate when it comes to them. House and dinner dresses are worn longer than last year, so that they drag a little behind, and almost touch the floor in front. Dark navy blue velvet boots are shown for the autumn with a kid toe and heel cap, cut in fancy patterns where it unites with the velvet. Very fine silk tulle veils are now to be procured in any color; instead of the thin white they are ornamented with tinsel woven in rings. The Princess Amelia, a sister of Frederick the Great, was the only royally decorated woman who ever achieved any but ordinary musical fame. It is ascertained that the number of American women exceeds the entire foreign-born population (both men and women) in the ratio of three to one. Velvet is generally used with lace, and when the lace dresses are not made with a velvet skirt, sash or bedies, they have at least collar, cuffs and a bow or panel of velvet. The most approved autumn veils for young ladies are of plain silk tulle, but, as the plain is unbecoming except to a very clear complexion, the tiny dotted chenille are still worn. The Crown Princess Stephanie of Austria, contributed some original drawings for a picture book and accepted pay at the rate given to other artists, though she presented the money to a charity. Derby hats for misses, in brown and gray felts, have no plume this year, simply a corded ribbon to match the color of the hats. In shape they are higher and with more of a flat brim than last year's. The Boston dry goods merchants like strapping girls for saleswomen—"tall salesladies" is the professional term. "Tall saleslady" gives a character to the store, and "ladies, as a class," prefer to trade with her. The latest craze in fancy work is the making of artificial flowers of tissue paper. In the hands of an expert with artistic feeling very fine results from this inexpensive material are accomplished in the way of decorative pieces for interior decoration, as well as for personal adornment. In Russia betrothal feasts are held. The woman has a lock of hair cut off in the presence of witnesses and given to the man, who in return, presents a silver ring, a gift of bread and salt. Among poor people this is a bit of Montmorency is substituted. No more and yet so far. Daisy Dade—"Melinda, how do you like my saratoga last night?" Melinda—"I didn't like the way you wore it."

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
JNO. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.
Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 5, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year - \$1.50
Three copies six months - .75
One copy four - .50

Gen. Geo. B. McClellan, of civil war fame, died at his home in New Jersey last week.

The Fort Payne Journal is wrong in saying that Birmingham is built up of foreign capital. Home capital did the work.

The press dispatches of Wednesday indicate that New York and Virginia have gone Democratic. Mahone is completely squelched in Virginia.

The present incumbent of the Probate office in Lawrence county, Hon. E. H. Foster, has announced himself a candidate for re-election to the position.

The Birmingham Age bundles up a lot of history in connection with the downfall of the Confederacy, and throws it at the View. As our valued contemporary has had so many "takings" of late, we will be compassionate and throw nothing back.

The novel "Dora's Devotion," by Geo. R. Cather, of the Asheville Argus, is receiving a great deal more of commendation than it deserves. It is really a very poor novel, devoid of interest, and undeserving of any laudation. Mr. Cather might learn something of the art typographic and get up his paper in better style, also.

It has been about 40 years since West Alabama has furnished a Governor.—Fayette Journal.

The Journal will have to study its history of Alabama. Gov. Winston was in office twenty-eight years ago (1853-57), and Gov. Collier held the position the four years preceding. Both were from the Warrior river country of West Alabama.

We see from the Advertiser that the Marion Standard has announced its first choice for Governor to be Hon. N. H. R. Dawson. Its second choice is Mr. Seay, of Hale. It says the View is mistaken in putting it down for McKelvey. The View never put the Standard down for any one, as that paper is not among our exchanges, and we would have been unable to judge of its stand without reading it.

General Beauregard has entered into a contract with Mr. Allen Thorndike Rice, editor and proprietor of the North American Review, to write a series of articles on the war between the States. The first article will give an inside history of "The Shiloh Campaign." The second article will describe "The Defence of Charleston." The third article will treat of the "Drury's Bluff Campaign." The closing article will be devoted to the "The Defence of Petersburg." The first contribution is to appear in the North American Review for January, 1886. Gen. Beauregard has made it a condition that they shall be published at an early date, as he expects that they will arouse fierce controversies, and he wants to have the issues that he raises settled during his life time.

The CHILTON VIEW says, "The Birmingham Age has been misrepresented," and that the Age thinks a monument may fittingly be erected to the memory of the confederate soldiers "who sacrificed their lives in an unfortunate strife, but it is opposed to that 'erection of politicians dominated the confederacy,' which made this sacrifice of valuable lives a necessity. The Age may or may not be right, yet even if it is right, it has learned that such sentiments cannot be popular while the present generation is upon the stage at the south." The View is very generous; but did it never occur to the View that our greatest victories were won before the "permanent" confederate government was created, and that a monument to the "slavery-fundament" confederacy could have no reference to those who fought for local freedom? Lincoln and Alex. Stevens would have given this freedom and gradual emancipation when they met at Hampton Roads, if the maintenance of the confederate government had not been made a sine qua non by this C. & G. government. It must save itself, even though the people be enslaved and pauperized.—Birmingham Age.

CLANTON, ALA.

The Wonderful Hot Well—Bivings & Duke's Saw Mill—A Pretty and Prosperous Town.

Mining and Manufacturing Journal.

The town of Clanton, the county seat of Chilton county, Ala., is one of the many towns that owe their birth to the advent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad in the South. It has a population of six hundred people which is increasing rapidly. It is becoming quite a summer resort for Selma and Montgomery people. One of its greatest needs is a good hotel to accommodate this class of visitors and the transient trade. Clanton Academy, Prof. R. E. R. Hicks principal, is a noted institution where a thorough education can be obtained; it has now sixty pupils. The town contains a good court house, and a new jail is to be erected, and Baptist and Methodist churches. It is a prohibition town, full of neat and pretty residences, and would form a haven of rest for those who long for a home far from "the maddening crowd," in pleasant society and among delightful scenery.

The CHILTON VIEW, owned and edited by W. H. Lawrence, assisted by his brother, is one of the best county papers between Birmingham and Montgomery; it has been established four years. The office is a model one.

The largest merchant engaged in the lumber business and general merchandising is L. Ehrman. He has been in the business six years and carries a stock of about \$16,000. The store is divided into three compartments; an excellent stock of dry goods, an equally fine assortment of groceries, and household furniture. Mr. Ehrman buys the largest share of the cotton that comes to the market.

THE HOT WELL.
Much has been talked and written about Clanton's hot well; a great deal of curiosity has been excited over the State and determined to see for ourselves, we paid it a visit and, as far as we can judge it is a genuine article. It is owned by S. A. Blasingame, the proprietor of a steam saw mill close to town. It was while digging a well to supply the work with water, that this natural curiosity was discovered. For the first twenty feet the temperature was the same as that of any other well, but at fifty feet it suddenly rose to 102° Fahrenheit.

An analysis, by Prof. Wm. Geener, shows the water to be highly charged with carbonic acid gas and strongly impregnated with soda and magnesia. He says: "This is a mild saline water and its high temperature in the well is of subterranean origin, being attributable, as in the case of other hot springs and wells, to contact with rocks under the influence of volcanic lava. Its thermal condition assimilates that of Hot Springs, Arkansas, which are registered from 98° to 100° Fahrenheit."

A bath house has been erected and many wonderful cures effected by its use both by drinking and bathing. The proprietor claims to have cured many really bad cases of paralysis, rheumatism and scrofula. Eggs let down into this well are cooked hard in ten minutes; it also retains its heat in a wonderful degree.

A new boarding house has just been built. Full particulars of its curative powers can be had on application to Mr. Blasingame, Clanton, Ala.

Three miles south of Clanton are the large and excellent saw mills of Bivings, Duke & Co.

They are one and one-half miles from the Louisville & Nashville railroad with which they are connected by a private line from Swift Creek switch.

From the mill they run a narrow gauge road into their forest some 15,000 acres of long leaf yellow pine. On this road they run their own cars and locomotive.

The circular saw mill is one of Lane & Bodley's with a capacity of 30,000 feet per day, with all the necessary machinery. The 50-horse power engine was manufactured by the Linn Iron Works, of Birmingham. They have also a new engine 16x20 inch cylinder from the works of C. P. Williamson, which they propose to put in the place of the former for running the mill. Their planing mill contains one Fay's lightning planer, and one Ball and Williams planer and surfacer, dressing from 16,000 to 20,000 feet of lumber per day, which are operated by a 30-horse power engine and boiler. There are five dryers in this plant, two of Curran & Wolfe's and three of Bivings, Duke & Company's patent. The water supply, from several large wells, is excellent and inexhaustible in quantity. The lumber is shipped to Pennsylvania, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois and Ohio.

The company employ 125 men and work the convicts of the county. The mill has been established six years. Messrs. Bivings and Duke are lumbermen of long experience, have been highly successful in their enterprise, and built up around their works quite a little city of their own.

The President has fixed Thursday, Nov. 26th, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

Notice.

The Farmer's Mutual Aid Association will be held at Collins' Chapel on the second Saturday in December, 1885. Business will open at ten o'clock in the morning.

Notice to Debtors.

All parties indebted to me for guano are hereby notified that unless their notes are paid by the 15th of November, 1885, they will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. Respectfully,
JAMES BELL.
Clanton, Ala., Oct. 23, 1885.

NOTICE NO. 4414.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Alabama, on the 12th day of December, 1885, viz: Daniel Z. Marchant, homestead 8239 for the n e 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James H. Gibbons, Thomas Hubbard, Squire E. Waldrup and Obadiah Freeman, all of Randolph, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4416.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: Benjamin Deavenport, homestead 8287, for the s w 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Brawley, homestead 8287, for the s w 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William E. Smith, Ben Deavenport, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4417.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: William M. Brawley, homestead 8287, for the s w 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William E. Smith, Ben Deavenport, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4418.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: William E. Smith, homestead 8129, for the east half of n w quarter, section 24, township 23 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Brawley, Ben Deavenport, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4421.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 16, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: Squire E. Waldrup, homestead 8241, for the n e 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Armstrong, Zachary J. Jones, Doctor H. Hudgins, James Nix, all of Randolph, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

To satisfy two executions in my hand issued from the circuit court of Chilton county, Alabama, against C. A. Woodruff and in favor of W. M. Wilson and Brother, I will proceed to sell on Tuesday, November 24th, 1885, at Woodruff's Mill and Woodruff's Switch, in Chilton county, Ala., between the legal hours of sale, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, levied on as the property of said C. A. Woodruff, to-wit: One hundred and fifty thousand feet of lumber, 90,000 of which is subject to a mortgage in favor of Jacob Lawinsky for \$539.00 and will be sold accordingly.
J. T. SMITHERMAN,
Sheriff of Chilton County.
Clanton, Ala., Oct. 22, 1885.

Mortgage Sale.

The injunction heretofore pending in the Chancery Court of Chilton county, restraining such sale having been dissolved, the undersigned, under and by virtue of a mortgage executed by John G. Barker and wife on the 26th day of June, 1881, to Schless & Kahn, and duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama, in Volume 9 of Deeds, page 220, will proceed to sell at public outcry in Clanton, Ala., between the legal hours of sale, on Monday, November 16th, 1885, the following described property, to-wit: Lot No. 5 east side of Main street, and in Block No. 2, fronting 30 feet on Main street, and running 90 feet back, according to the plat of the town of Commerceville, in section 27, township 21, range 15, being and being in Chilton county, Alabama, together with the buildings and all appurtenances upon said lot.
S. L. L. & KAHN,
Sellers & Attorneys,
Clanton, Ala., Oct. 16, 1885.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. H. J. Calhoun, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Ala., in and for the estate of George Hill, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder at the residence of James Ellison in Chilton county, Alabama, on Monday, the 24th day of November, 1885, at 12 o'clock, noon, for cash, the following described personal property belonging to said estate, to-wit: One mule, one saddle and bridle, one bedstead, about three thousand pounds of seed cotton, one razor and strap, one silver watch and chain, one wagon, about sixty bushels of corn, about one hundred pounds of fodder, one cow and one yearling, eight hogs, one harrow, one plow stock, one pair trace chains seven plow hoes, one single tree and clevis, one third (2) of a sack of guano.

Administrator of the Estate of George Hill.
H. C. MOSES,
Oct 23-31

Administrator's Sale

Valuable Timber Lands

(In Chilton County.)

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Montgomery county Ala., made on the 1st day of July 1885, we the undersigned, as the administrators of the estate of James W. Hardie deceased, will sell at public outcry, at the court-house door in Chilton county, Alabama, on Wednesday the 18th day of November 1885, the following described real estate to-wit: The s w 1/4 of the s w 1/4, sec. 32, township 22, range 15, s w 1/4 and the east half of the n e 1/4, and the north half of sec. 1, sec. 2, township 22, range 15; the s e 1/4 of the s w 1/4, and the s w 1/4 of the s w 1/4, and the west 1/2 of the n e 1/4, sec. 2, township 22, range 15; the south half of sec. 21, township 22, range 15; the east 1/2 of the n e 1/4, and the west 1/2 of the n e 1/4, and the s e 1/4 of the s e 1/4, sec. 21, township 22, range 15. Terms of sale, one half cash, balance in twelve months, with interest from date of sale, and two good and sufficient sureties on the notes of purchaser.

J. B. GAY,
B. HARDIE,
Administrators.

NOTICE NO. 4420.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 24th, 1885, viz: John A. Williams, homestead 8852, for the s e 1/4 of n w 1/4 of section 14, township 21 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Sam Yates, William Thomas, Sr., William Thomas, Jr., and William Moore, all of Cooper's Station, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4350.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 24th, 1885, viz: James W. Knox, homestead 10888 for the n e 1/4 of s e 1/4 of n e 1/4 section 18, township 22 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George Mims, William C. Headley, Columbus Rutherford, James Davis, all of Clanton, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4351.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 24th, 1885, viz: Colonel W. Ellison, homestead 9423, for the n e 1/4 of n w 1/4 section 2, township 21 north, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Ramsey, John Skipper, J. R. Middlebrook, all of Clear Creek, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4352.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 24th, 1885, viz: David R. Hammond, homestead 15623 for the s 1/2 of n e 1/4 section 24, township 21 north, range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Johnson, James Wims, John Edwards, Thomas Wilson, all of Clanton, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4382.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: George W. Armstrong, homestead 8767, for the e 1/2 of n e 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Johnson, James Wims, John Edwards, Thomas Wilson, all of Randolph, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4380.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: David Crumpton, homestead 8222, for the s w 1/4 of s e 1/4 sec. 24, township 23 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Armstrong, Squire E. Waldrup, Zachary Jones, Jasper Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. T. J. Scott, Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

To satisfy two executions in my hand issued from the circuit court of Chilton county, Ala., against C. A. Woodruff and in favor of W. M. Wilson & Bro., I will proceed to sell on Monday, November 16th, 1885, at Woodruff's mill and woodruff's Switch, in Chilton county, Ala., between the legal hours of sale, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, levied on as the property of said C. A. Woodruff, to-wit: About 65 thousand feet of lumber, one edging saw and frame, 1 tram car, and one small steam engine boiler and fixtures.
J. T. SMITHERMAN,
Sheriff Chilton County.
Nov 5-21

Williamson & Leavell

UNDERTAKERS

NO. 107, COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, -- ALA.

Telegrams by day or night receive prompt attention. Bodies embalmed and kept in a perfect state of preservation, for any length of time.
ma28 6m

B. WOLFF & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS

—OF ALL KINDS OF—

FURNITURE.

No. 20 Commerce & Corner Coosa & Court Streets,

MONTGOMERY -- ALA.

Florida The State that is on a boom. For reliable information about this "Land of Flowers" subscribe to the

FLORIDA WEEKLY TIMES, JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

Only \$1 a year with a colored map of Florida free. Specimen copies free.

Gordon DuBose,

Attorney at Law and Solicitor

in Chancery,

Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

STOP AT

Morris Avenue Hotel,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Corner Morris Avenue and 20th Street

ELYTON LAND CO. BUILDING.

HUGH KIRKMAN, PROPRIETOR.

Splendid rooms, well ventilated and elegantly furnished. Rates reasonable.

J. W. Edwards, Clanton, for Family

Groceries and Supplies. A Stock of Singer

Sewing Machines and machine supplies

will be kept on hand. I ask a share

of Public Patronage.

J. W. EDWARDS.

Go to

McD. GRAY

—Has Opened—

A NEW STOCK OF GOODS

at his place of residence two miles

Southwest of Kineoch, and

will sell them as cheap as

on the railroad. I have

almost everything

you want

Call on

Come And See For Yourself.

[sep17 7m]

Planters' House,

MRS. W. A. CHILDS, PROPRIETRESS.

Bibb Street, One Block From

Temple Building,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

Administrator's Sale.

The undersigned administrators of the estate of Jas. W. Hardie, deceased, will on Wednesday, the 18th day of November at Clanton, Ala., sell at public outcry, the following personal property: One complete saw mill and outfit, located within five miles of Deatsville, and known as the Dorman property. Terms of sale half cash, balance in twelve months with two good securities on the purchases notes, with interest from day of sale.

J. B. GAY,
B. HARDIE,
Administrators Estate of James W. Hardie.
Oct 23-31

W. A. GULLEDGE,

AT VERBENA.

Wishes to announce to the Citizens of Chilton and adjoining

Counties that he has

Now On Hand and Constantly Coming In

—THE—

MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GENERAL

MERCHANDISE

EVERY DAY TO THIS PART OF THE STATE

ALSO HE WILL SELL AT PRICES TO SUIT

ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED

AND ONLY REPRESENTED AS THEY

ARE. I WILL PAY HIGHEST MARKET

PRICE FOR COTTON, EITHER

IN SEED OR BALE.

And pay cash or exchange goods for all other

country produce at Highest Market Prices.

My motto—HONEST GOODS AND ONE PRICE ONLY.

Come and see my goods before buying.

My stock of FISH BROS. Wagons and Buggies at Cost.

sep17-y

W. A. PRATT & CO.

No. 7, Dexter Ave.,

MONTGOMERY, -- ALA.

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED

LINE OF MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', YOUTH' AND

CHILDREN'S SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy your goods they are GUARANTEED to give you

satisfaction. ma28 6m

JUST RECEIVED

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON, ALA.

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES.

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE

PURCHASING. oct 17

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

—DEALER IN—

Builder's Supplies.

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Kalsomine.

Builder's Hardware,

Cement, Lime, Plaster,

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 5, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will be inserted at a special rate for this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

CLANTON, S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.	
No. 1 at	5:40 a. m.
No. 3	6:50 p. m.
No. 7	8:45 p. m.
No. 9	5:15 a. m.
GOING NORTH.	
No. 2	8:30 a. m.
No. 12	10:28 a. m.
No. 4	9:43 p. m.
No. 8	7:30 p. m.
Don't stop.	

Lawyer.—Regular communication Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.
Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas W. Saddle.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Fodder.
Register in Chancery—W. F. Stewart.
Treasurer—James M. Parish.
Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Biley M. Honeycutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.
Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanoir, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

"That friend thou hast in thine affliction tried,
Grapple to thy heart with hooks of steel."
Clanton needs a tin shop.

Mr. W. W. Wadsworth, spent Sunday in Clanton among friends here.

Miss Mollie Warner, of Verbena, has been on a visit to friends in Clanton.

The board of commissioners were busy all day Monday with the affairs of the county.

An infant of Dr. Sam Johnson's fell from a chair into the fire on Monday. Its face was painfully blistered. It is expected to recover.

Mr. J. F. Maull, of Lomax, brought to our office, last week a sweet potato weighing 3½ pounds. It was raised on his place near Clanton.

Married, at Clanton, at the residence of the bride's parents, on the 29th inst., Mr. L. H. Stewart and Miss Eula M. Sarter. May their lives be happy.

Ye local took a trip to Wetumpka last week, but for want of time and space cannot give that time and its hospitable people a "send off" in this issue.

Misses Teresa Ternan and Sadie Hild, two of Clanton's most charming young ladies, visited friends in Montgomery, Deatsville and Verbena this week.

The county commissioners met on Monday. They were busy all day, the most important work being the receiving and considering of bids to build the new jail. The bids received were not satisfactory to the board, and it was decided to postpone further consideration of the matter until the first Monday in December, at which time other bids will be received.

A week of prayer, commencing the 8th of November, will be observed by the Young Men's Christian Associations throughout the country. The Clanton Association will begin the week with services on Sunday next at 11 a. m., and with a Union Meeting at 7 p. m. During the week the exercises will be held at 7 p. m. of each day at the church named. The public are invited to the Sunday services.

It is unnecessary to call attention to the advertisement of Messrs. Geo. B. Brown & Co., the great furniture dealers of Montgomery. Mr. Brown, of this firm, has been in the business nearly all his life, having learned his trade in a furniture factory, and of course he knows all there is to be known in his business. He is now connected with a large furniture factory in the north, and has another advantage in buying furniture in a rough state and finishing it afterwards. Read the advertisement.

BLISS' LETTER.

Little Malberry and Swift Creek.

We have passed through several parts of our county this summer, but with none were so well pleased than with the above named localities. They are comparatively new, being sparsely settled ten years ago, and in the heart of the finest timber region of Chilton. There are, however, a few old settlers who knew the country when the red man still tracked the deer, and night was hideous with howling wolves. Within the last decade, numbers of hardy settlers have built homes, and cleared away much of the once unbroken pine forest. Today, the stranger can go there and find himself in the midst of peace and plenty. Clear running springs and good wells afford plenty of water for man and beast, while the deep flowing creeks give abundant water-power. There are several mills and ginneries. The Pratt Saw Mill road extends nine miles out from Verbena into the lower part of this country, and is expected to run west across Swift Creek in the course of a few months. All the good pine timber will, doubtless, be cut into lumber before many years. Several branch narrow guage roads are expected to diverge from the main line, and thus reach the distant pineries. This is a healthy country, and no physician has located among the people. The nearest doctors live twelve to fifteen miles away. Let some one of your Clanton lawyers study physic and move down here, and he might get something to do that would pay, instead of running after every man with a five dollar case. This country is about midway between the main lines of the L. & N. and E. T. V. & G. R. R. The shipping points on the L. & N., are Clanton and Verbena. On the E. T. V. & G. R. R. are Maplesville. The crops this year are very good, in fact, about the best we have seen over the county. The soil is naturally good, and, in addition is well fertilized with home and commercial fertilizers. We believe there is plenty of spare room for more honest and industrious settlers, and parties seeking homes would do well to prospect here before locating elsewhere. A mail route between Verbena and Maplesville passes through the upper portion, and leaves mail at Kincheon, a post office located at Well's Gin, half way between the first named points. Please excuse any errors or omissions. The View correspondents in the above localities will please let us hear from them constantly. Give your country a good honest advertising in the county paper. It will pay.

Cheap Goods! At Wholesale Cost!!

On and after Friday the 6th day of November we will sell, for cash, at cost, our entire stock of Dry Goods, Hardware, Furniture &c., to close out our Copartnership Business in Clanton. All persons indebted to us will please settle up at once. We have accommodated you; please gratify us by settling your accounts at once. Respectfully,

BELL & SAMPEY.

Figure it Out.

The following simple, but rather puzzling question, although not new is quite novel: "If a cat and a half, kill a rat and a half, in a minute and a half, how many cats will kill 150 rats in fifty minutes?" You can figure this out by calling at the View Stationery Stand and getting your girl and elegant box of stationery.

Mrs. Ehrman is again on a visit to Clanton and is stopping with her husband at the Thornton House. Their handsome new residence, at this place, will soon be completed and she will be at home among us in a short while.

Mr. James A. Dudley of Lomax sends us the finest turnip of the season. It weighs 3½ pounds.

EXCITEMENT IN TEXAS.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial Bottle of the Great Discovery for Consumption free at M. J. Greene's drug store, Clanton, Ala.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR! GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!

Special Dispatch to the CHILTON VIEW.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 2, 1885.—The fierce fight that is being carried on here by Messrs. GEORGE B. BROWN & Co. against high prices being paid for Furniture, is still going on. There cause is a worthy one, and is one that every person should be interested in. They are determined that the people shall no longer pay high prices for Furniture. To see the crowds that are continually entering their store, and the amount of Furniture that is sent out, goes to show that the people are with them, and that they are doing all they claim.

Yours Respectfully,

BYRON GEORGE.

Glorious News! The Long Looked for Time Has Arrived!

NO MORE HIGH PRICES!

WE ARE THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES!

We sell Furniture at retail as Cheap as it can be bought at the Factories at wholesale by other dealers. How can we do it? Why we get everything direct from the Factory as it comes from the machine all in pieces. We put it together and finish it ourselves, thereby saving the profits that are made at the Factories. Everything is finished in first-class order. When you come to Montgomery call on us and see for yourselves. We are also the only agents in Montgomery for some of the largest Furniture manufacturers in the United States. We quote a few prices:

Bedroom Suits from \$12 to \$800; Bureaus \$6.50 to \$18; Bedsteads—Walnut \$7 to \$180, Common \$1.60 to \$12; Single \$1.75 to \$35; Chairs—Walnut \$1.50 to \$6.50, Maple .65 to .75, Split Bottom .40 to \$1.00, Large Rocker, \$2.50, Nurse Rocker \$1.25; Lounges from \$9 to \$22; Lounge Bed \$12 to \$35; Mattresses (cotton top) \$3; Parlor Suits from \$50 to \$250; Sofas \$3 to \$7.50; Tables \$1.75 to \$9.50; Wardrobes \$8.50 to \$75.

Everything else in proportion. Everything guaranteed that we sell.

GEO. B. BROWN & CO.,
107 South Court St., Montgomery.

1866.

1885.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

**HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.**

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

aug13-4m

DIXIE, ALABAMA.

GO TO T. S. SMITH BIRMINGHAM.

For Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Hats and Caps,

Saddles, Bridges, Harness and Family Groceries.

Twentieth Street Between First and Second Avenue [oct16-3]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

WHAT CAN BE DONE.

By trying again and keeping up courage many things seemingly impossible may be attained. Hundreds of hopeless cases of Kidney and Liver Complaint have been cured by Electric Bitters, after everything else had been tried in vain. So, don't think there is no cure for you, but try Electric Bitters. There is no medicine so safe, so pure, and so perfect as Blood Purifier. Electric Bitters will cure Dyspepsia, Diabetes and all Diseases of the Kidneys. Invaluable in affections of Stomach and Liver, and overcome all Urinary Difficulties. Large Bottles only 50 cts. at M. J. Greene's, Clanton, Ala.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, bloated condition, pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, pain under the shoulder-blade, yellowish skin, with a discolored tinge to the complexion, or a feeling of heat and itching some day. Weariness, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Reddened face, with red dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to each case, one dose effects such a change of condition as to astonish the sufferer. They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is reinvigorated, and by their gentle action on the Liver and Gall-bladder, the bile is secreted, and the bowels are kept in good order. Price 25c. 44 Broadway St., New York.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair, when treated with this Dye, is changed to a natural color, and the hair grows again. It is a perfect hair restorer, and is sold by all druggists. Price 25c. 44 Broadway St., New York.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER AND OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience. I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirty years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

aug13-4m

aug13-4m

A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy
and will buy everything you
have to sell
At the Highest Market Price.

LOCKWOOD & MILLER

UNDERTAKERS

UNDER FLORENCE HOTEL,

—BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—

Keep a full line of COFFINS, CASES, and CASKETS, both in metal and wood from the finest to the commonest, and at ALL PRICES. Orders by telegram promptly attended to. In telegraphing state only length and price wanted. [oct15-y]

A. SANDGREN.

THOS. J. FRANCIS.

Calera Foundry and Machine Shops.

Sandgren & Francis, Lessees.

—CALERA, ALABAMA.—

ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

—SAW MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.—

[oct16m]

HENRY C. MAYER,

Proprietor of

City Shoe Store,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—AND DEALER IN—

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots

and Shoes, Trunks, Valises

and Satchels.

10th Street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

Verbena Male and Female Academy.

VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months. The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:
Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.
Preparatory " " 2.00.
Intermediate " " 3.00.
Academic " " 4.00.
Music " " 3.00.
Contingent fee per term \$5.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy. Railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars a month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.

That we may guarantee satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regular. For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. U. ACREE, P. R., August 15.

Clanton Academy.

CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The next session of this Institution, will commence September 21, 1885, and will continue ten scholastic months, divided into two terms of five months each.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.

RATES OF TUITION:
Primary Department, per mo. \$1.50.
Junior " " 2.50.
Senior " " 3.00.
High School " " 3.50.
Music " " 3.00.

Tuition payable monthly in ADVANCE, as required by the Board of Trustees.

Public examinations of the pupils of the school will be held at the close of each session, but exhibitions will not be had at any further examinations.

Music will be taught on piano and organ, by a competent lady assistant.

Board can be obtained by pupils of the school in private families in Clanton at very moderate rates.

For further information address

sep13 R. E. R. HICKS, Principal.

S. E. HIRSCHER'S

MONTGOMERY

Music Emporium.

21 DEXTER AVENUE.

Is headquarters for Fine Oil Paintings, Olographs, Steel Engravings, Chromos, Picture Frames, French and English Stationery, Fancy Paperies, Holiday Goods and Novelties of all kinds.

We are agents for the celebrated

Kranich and Bach and Stief Pianos,

which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned

Estey Organs.

JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both vocal and instrumental. Music can be tried before purchasing, an advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy Goods of all kinds, will be daily received, and the ladies especially are cordially invited to call and see us. Polite attention to all whether purchasers or not. An elegant new stock of pictures, viz: Chromos, Fine Oil Paintings, French Olographs and Steel Engravings, and prices within the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Pianos and Organs sold on Easy Terms. Address

S. E. HIRSCHER,

21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala.

sep17-3m

Administrator's Sale

—OF—

REAL ESTATE.

(Mountain Creek Property.)

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Montgomery county, Ala., made on the 1st day of July 1885, we the undersigned as the administrators of the estate of James W. Hardie deceased, will sell at public outcry, at Mountain Creek, Ala., on Tuesday November 17th, 1885, the following described real estate to wit: One lot lying on the west side of the road between North Ala., Railroad, at Mountain Creek station, in the county of Chilton, State of Alabama, and marked "B" in the plat of a survey made by Mr. D. T. Milling in 1880, of a portion of the sec 1 of the sw 1 of sec 17 township 20, range 16, and lot lying along the right-of-way of said railroad 115 feet, and running back 415 feet perpendicular to said railroad. On said lot is one four room cottage. Also, the following described real property: A one-half undivided interest in a lot lying on the west side of the South and North Alabama Railroad at Mountain Creek station, in the county of Chilton, State of Alabama, lying adjacent to and south of the last above named lot and marked "C" in the plat of a survey made by D. T. Milling in 1880, said lot being a portion of sec 1 of the sw 1 of sec. 20, township 20, range 16, and lot lying along the right-of-way of said railroad 110 feet, and extending back perpendicular to said railroad 518 feet. There is on this property, a good four-room house, and a good well. Terms of sale cash.

J. B. GAY.

R. H. HARRIS.

Administrators of estate of J. W. Hardie.

Wool Carding.

We are now ready to card and wash all wool sent us. We will give you our personal attention, and make you as satisfied as possible. Address

B. G. WALKER.

aug13-4m

3. Wear narrow, thin shoes.
4. Wear a "sung" corset.
5. Sit up in bed, unventilated till midnight.
6. Sleep on feathers in a small room.
7. Eat rich food rapidly and at regular times.
8. Use molasses, tea, spirits and tobacco.
9. Stuff yourself with cake, cream, tawny, and sweetmeats, and swallow thirty medicines to get rid of the heaviest food.
10. Eat a fuddish meal with wine.

Example of a fashionable doctor to attend you in your apartment.—*Dr. L. S. . . .*

A famous, famous doctor . . .

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
J. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 12, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.50
One copy six months .75
One copy four .50

Volume V.

The View enters upon the fifth year of its existence with this issue. None of its readers can now doubt that the paper will live. Its patronage increases with every year, and during the past year, the increase has been especially encouraging. Dean Swift was once called upon to deliver a charity sermon. He took for his text: "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord." His sermon was briefly delivered in these words: "If you like the security down with the dust." Following the example of the witty Dean we again ask all who like this paper to pay for it and read it.

The New Orleans Exposition was re-opened on Tuesday, the 10th inst.

The Selma Times-Argus contains better written editorials than any Alabama paper that is received at this office.

Bro. White, of the Columbiana Banner of Liberty, is a whole team, and is making things hum around the Court house of Shelby.

Perhaps we are impatient but as Examiner Lapsley has completed the examination of the accounts of the State University, we ask why "in blue blazes" doesn't he publish his report. Is he waiting for the trustees to die?

After reading the Monroe Journal carefully one is led to exclaim: What an immense brain that fellow Hood has! We have been led to reflect that the only reason he has never drifted into the large (?) cities of Alabama for intellectual expansion is that the so-called large cities cannot find room for so much brain power. No sarcasm intended.

The repealed crop-lien law which goes into effect the first of January next, does not apply to the counties of Franklin, Marion, Lamar, Fayette, Dale, Geneva, Pickens, Barbour, Shelby, Sumter, Covington, Lauderdale, Limestone, Calhoun, Cleburne, Colbert, Lawrence, Madison, Butler, Conecuh, Escambia, Monroe and Baldwin.

The suggestion that the Board of Trustees of the State University make no selection for President of the institution until its regular meeting next summer, is undoubtedly a good one. Give the Board time to think well before acting in such an important matter. The University cannot suffer while under the management of such a capable gentleman as Dr. Wyman.

The entire Democratic State ticket was elected in New York State last week by 15,000 majority according to the figures of the New York Sun. In Virginia General Lee carried the State for the Democracy by 12,000 and a Democratic Legislature was elected, upon which will fall the duty of retiring "Little Billy" Mahone. The New York Legislature elected has a Republican majority.

The Democracy in New York and Virginia has carried the day sure enough. In New York the election of Hill is all the more gratifying because it was hoped for rather than expected after the result of the Ohio contest became known. The apparent complete success of the Democrats in Virginia, means that Mahone's star has set forever, and that the greatest political nuisance known to the politics of the period has been permanently abated.

Our correspondent "Hugo" strongly advocates a law taxing dogs. He desires to hear from other sections of the country in this matter. If the dogs are doing so much damage in his neighborhood, it would be well to continue the war by means of powder and lead, rather than wait for the passage of a taxing law. The powder and lead process is the most effectual anyway. Yet a law imposing a heavy tax upon dogs might add greatly to the interests of the sheep raising farmers. If they are in need of such a law they should petition the next Legislature for its passage.

The way that candidates for Governor are being "trotted out" is becoming alarming. The first congressional district presents two candidates—Brower and Clarke; the second district presents two—Bray and Chilton; the third district two—McKleroy and Clayton; the fourth district two—Dawson and Seay; the fifth district one—Graham; the sixth district two—Clements and Lane; the seventh district one—Bishop; and the eighth district, surprising to many, seems satisfied to furnish the present incumbent.

Brother Keiser, of the Opelika Times is a very bald-headed candidate for Secretary of State. He kicks against so much attention being called to his shining pate, in the following sermon:

"Our exchanges have been commenting very freely on the Democracy of baldheads to such an extent we are induced to read them a short text, on the subject of baldheads, and what became of their riders. We ask them to read and ponder carefully the following:

23. "And he went up from thence unto Bethel; and as he was going up by the way, there came forth little children out of the city, and mocked him and said unto him, Go up, thou bald head, go up thou bald head."

24. "And he turned back and looked on them, and he cursed them in the name of the Lord. And there came forth two bears out of the wood, and tear forty and two children of them."

The above from II Kings, 23 and 24 verses, the Young Democracy may get by proclaiming "Go up, thou bald head," which is demonstrated by the Bible to be an insult to men who part their hair on top with a towel. Now look sharp ye young men who think you can run the Democratic party without the aid of the "bald heads" who have stood by the Democratic party so long that their brain power has denuded the top of their "hirsute" covering of the cranium. Perhaps you have heard the saying that "mind and manners are the most improved where the least hair grows."

Even the best informed, we imagine, have no notion of how large a proportion of church members in the South are either Methodists or Baptists. In the eight principal Southern States, from Virginia to Louisiana, these two sects are overwhelmingly dominant. In Alabama and Mississippi the members of these two sects constitute 95 per cent. of the total church membership; in Georgia, 94 per cent.; in Florida 93; in South Carolina, 91; in Louisiana 90; in North Carolina, 86; in Virginia, 81. Throughout the whole Union the Methodist and Baptist Churches comprise only a trifle more than 47 per cent. of the whole church membership. In the South these sects, therefore, have at least twice as great relative strength as they have in any other part of the Union.

The great and good Linden Reporter, published at the county seat of Marengo county, gets hot in the collar because the View put Marengo down for Burke for Governor, and the Reporter with all the formality of "an official organ" gives the View to understand that Marengo county wants Mr. Burke to hold on to the Auditor's office, while the Reporter spots for another Marengo man for the Governor's place. It adds: "The View will please write us down as tooth and nail for Wm. E. Clarke." We are apprehensive that the Reporter intends "to make Rome howl" when its man gets left in the convention, so we ask for an exchange in order to be able to "keep up with the procession."

The transmogrifying wag who gets up the State news of the Birmingham Age gives "Dora's Device" a slam. In commenting upon the unfavorable criticism which this paper gave Mr. Cather's novel, he renders "apt alliteration's artful aid" nil, by alluding to it as "Dora's Trick." The author of every book will reasonably expect some unfavorable criticism, but we venture that our brother of the Egis never had the remotest idea that his would ever be called "Dora's Trick."

The Alabama Supreme Court will, on Monday the 11th day of January next take up the cases from the fifth division, composed of Chambers, Chilton, Elmore, Lee, Mason, Russell and Tallapoosa.

Country Editor's Way.
[Ridgely Epitaphic.]
—It becomes necessary at times to go out squirreling that our limited supply of meat may hold out, and should a subscriber call during our absence he can shove the money and address under the door.

Knows View.—Public opinion in our section of the county is in favor of taxing dogs. We hope that the Legislature will take the matter into consideration for something surely ought to be done to do away with so many useless and worthless curs. Last Spring a tramp passed through this neighborhood with a dog and stopped and gave it to one of my neighbors. In a few weeks the dog exhibited hydrophobia and bit several other dogs before he could be killed, all of which were soon affected with the same disease; this continued until twenty or thirty dogs ran mad. Luckily, all were killed before anybody was bitten; but many hogs and some cattle were bitten, all of which died from the effects. One widow lady lost between twenty and thirty hogs, of which a large number were up in a pen, fat and ready to kill. This was indeed very bad, but we consider ourselves lucky in getting the dogs killed, before any person or persons were bitten. It is really dangerous to send our children to school. In fact our families are in great danger and we want a law to protect them.

By talking with the old farmers of our county, it will be learned that nearly all once owned large flocks of sheep, but that they have been destroyed by dogs. A lady told me the other day that her father sheared between fifty and sixty head of sheep three years ago, and two years ago he only sheared thirty-six and one year ago only thirteen and that he has none now, and she said all had been killed by the dogs; and I have been told that one of my neighbors gave in eighty head of goats at tax assessing last spring, and that he has sold none, but the dogs have killed them.

By looking around we can always find where dogs have done one dollar's worth of damage to every five cents worth of good. Would be glad to hear from other correspondents.

Rock Springs, Nov. 7, '85.

Be Temperate.

Some time since we were in conversation with an old man that asked us if we did not belong to a temperance society, we answered yes, two of them. He then said if one of his boys was to have no more manhood about him than to pledge himself to a temperance society, would he whip him out of him and drive him from home. We then told the old man of a number of ruins whiskey had brought about, and told him that the Bible says that "no drunkard shall inherit the kingdom of God;" he said yes and Christ had commanded us to be temperate in all things, and he thought any one had to use anything moderately to be temperate, and for that reason he wanted his boys to drink some whiskey. We then asked the old man if he did not want his boys to be honest and truthful, he said yes of course he did, we told him that according to his temperance doctrine he ought to raise them up to steal some and to tell some lies, &c., &c., in order for them to be honest and truthful.

Some Figures.

According to the last census the largest county in the State is Baldwin, with an area of 1,620 miles. The next is Tuscaloosa, with 1,390 miles. The smallest are Etowah and Greene, each with 520 miles. Montgomery is the most populous county, having 52,386 inhabitants. Mobile comes next with 48,653. The least populous counties are Winston, with 4,253 inhabitants, and Geneva with 4,342. Dallas leads the list in cotton, producing 33,534 bales, while Montgomery is a good second with 31,732. Mobile is the wealthiest, returning valuation at \$16,538,487; Montgomery next with \$8,881,239. Winston is the poorest, returning but \$105,909.

Soon to Be Alone in this Pitiless World.

Monroe Journal.]
Josh Billings, next to the greatest humorist this country ever produced, died suddenly in California a few days ago. Bill Arp and Bill Nye will soon join Artemus Ward and Josh Billings in the golden hereafter. We will soon be left alone.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage, executed to the undersigned by Frank No. 15 page 128 of the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, I will proceed to sell on the first day of December, 1885, at the Courthouse door of said county, within the legal bounds of sale, the following described property to-wit: Five acres of land lying one and one-half miles southwest of Verbena, Chilton county, Ala., better described in deed from Charles Owsley to Frank Zigler, given in the year 1884. GORDON DUBOSE, Mortgagee.

NOTICE NO. 4414.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: Daniel E. Marzland, Homestead 6385 for the s. e. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James H. Gibbons, Thomas Hobbs, Squire E. Waldrop, and Oshad Freeman, all of Randolph, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4418.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 4, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: William E. Smith, Homestead 9123 for the s. e. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Braswell, Ben Deavenport, David Posey, Jasper Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4349.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 31, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 28th, 1885, viz: John A. Williams, Homestead 8852, for the s. e. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 14, township 21 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Sam Yates, William Thomas, Jr., William Thomas, Jr., and William Moore, all of Cooper's Station, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4350.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 31, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 19th, 1885, viz: James W. Knox, Homestead 10988 for the s. e. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 1 of n. e. 1/4 section 18, township 22 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George Mims, William C. Headley, Columbus Lutherford, James Davis, all of Clanton, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4351.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 27, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 28th, 1885, viz: Colonel W. Ellison, Homestead 9483, for the s. e. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 2, township 23 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Henry Densley, John Day, John Skipper, J. R. Middlebrook, all of Clear Creek, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4352.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 27, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 28th, 1885, viz: David S. Hammond, Homestead 15628 for the s. e. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 2, township 21 north, range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Johnson, James Mims, John Edwards, Thomas Wilson, all of Clanton, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4382.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 29, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 5th, 1885, viz: George W. Armstrong, Homestead 8767, for the s. e. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Squire E. Waldrop, Zachry J. Jones, Doctor H. Huggins, James Nix, all of Randolph, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4380.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 29, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 5th, 1885, viz: David Crumpton, Homestead 9222 for the n. w. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 34, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Armstrong, Squire E. Waldrop, Zachry Jones, Joseph Waldrop, all of Randolph, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4381.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 16, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 5th, 1885, viz: Squire E. Waldrop, Homestead 8901, for the n. w. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Armstrong, Zachry J. Jones, Doctor H. Huggins, James Nix, all of Randolph, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4417.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 4, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: William M. Braswell, Homestead 8296 for the s. e. 1/4 of s. 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 15 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William E. Smith, John M. Braswell, Ben Deavenport, Jasper Jones, Zachry Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

To satisfy two execution in my hand issued from the circuit court of Chilton county, Ala., against C. A. Woodruff and in favor of W. M. Wilson & Bro., I will proceed to sell on Monday, November 23rd, 1885, at Woodruff's mill and Woodruff's Switch, in Chilton county, Ala., between the legal hour of sale, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, levied on as the property of said C. A. Woodruff, to-wit: About 65 thousand feet of lumber, one edge-grained saw and frame, 1 tram car, and one small steam engine boiler and fixtures. J. T. SMITHERMAN, Sheriff Chilton County.

Williamson & Leavell

UNDERTAKERS
NO. 107, COMMERCE STREET,
MONTGOMERY, - - ALA.
Telegrams by day or night receive prompt attention. Bodies embalmed and kept in a perfect state of preservation, for any length of time.

B. Wolff & Bro.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS
-OF ALL KINDS OF-
FURNITURE.
No. 20 Commerce & Corner Coosa & Court Streets,
MONTGOMERY - - ALA.

Florida BOOM. The State that is on a boom and kept in a perfect state of preservation to this "Land of Flowers" subscribe to the
FLORIDA WEEKLY TIMES,
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
only \$1 a year with a colored map of Florida free. Specimen copies free.

Gordon DuBose,

Attorney at Law and Solicitor
in Chancery,
Clanton, Ala.
Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.
STOP AT
Morris Avenue Hotel,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
Corner Morris Avenue and 20th Street
ELYTON LAND CO. BUILDING.
HUGH KIRKMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Splendid rooms, well ventilated and elegantly furnished. Rates reasonable.

Go to
J. W. Edwards, Clanton, for Family
Groceries and Supplies. A Stock of Singer
Sewing Machines and machine supplies
will be kept on hand. I ask a share
of Public Patronage.
J. W. EDWARDS.

McD. GRAY

Has Opened—
A NEW STOCK OF GOODS
at his place of residence two miles
Southwest of Kincheon, and
will sell them as cheap as
on the railroad. I have
almost everything
you would
call for
Come And See for Yourself.
[sep17-3m]

Planters' House,

MRS. W. A. CHILD, PROPRIETRESS.
Bibb Street, One Block From
Temple Building,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

Administrator's Sale.

The undersigned administrators of the estate of Jas. W. Hardie, deceased, will on Wednesday, the 18th day of November at Clanton, Ala., sell at public outcry, the following personal property: One complete saw mill and outfit, located within five miles of Deatsville, and known as the Dorman property. Terms of sale half cash, balance in twelve months with two good securities on the purchaser's notes, with interest from day of sale.

J. B. GAY,
B. HARDIE,
Administrators Estate of James W. Hardie.

F. A. GULLEDGE, AT VERBENA,

Wishes to announce to the Citizens of Chilton and adjoining Counties that he has

Now On Hand and Constantly Coming In

—THE—
MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GENERAL
MERCHANDISE

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PART OF THE STATE

ALL OF WHICH HE WILL SELL AT PRICES TO SUIT CUSTOMERS. ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED AND ONLY REPRESENTED AS THEY REALLY ARE. I WILL PAY HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR COTTON, EITHER IN SEED OR BALE.

And pay Cash or exchange goods for all other country produce at Highest Market Prices.

My motto:—HONEST GOODS AND ONE PRICE ONLY.
Come and see my goods before buying.
My stock of FISH BROS. Wagons and Buggies at Cost. sep17-y

W. A. PRATT & CO.

No. 7, Dexter Ave.,
MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED LINE OF MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', YOUTHS' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you satisfaction. ma28 6m

JUST RECEIVED FALL AND WINTER GOODS

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON, ALA.

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING. oct-ly

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

—DEALER IN—

Builder's Supplies,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Kalsomine.

Builder's Hardware,

Cement, Lime, Plaster,

Hair.

MANTELS.

119 Commerce St., in Wholesale Block,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

may7-ly

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS, W. A. COOK & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1925 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570. June 19 y

Estey Organ Co.

When the word Estey or the word Organ is mentioned, they each suggest the other, and are known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five features in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in the multitude of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

ESTEY
ESTEY

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA. NOV. 12, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will please favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE N. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 3 at 6:50 p. m.
No. 7 at 8:45 p. m.
No. 9 at 8:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 12 at 8:30 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:40 p. m.
No. 8 at 7:30 p. m.

* Don't stop.

LODGING.

Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.
Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas W. Saddle.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.
Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—Jasper T. Smith.
Treasurer—James M. Parish.
Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Hiley M. Honeycutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.
Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanor, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Cotton is coming in lively now.

Several marriages on the tapis.

Clanton is soon to have a free school.

A party of our young people visited Verbena Sunday afternoon.

Mr. K. Wells' gin at Kincheon was much damaged by the rains of last week.

Car load of bananas and fine apples just received by E. L. Higdon & Co., Birmingham Ala.

Gordon DuBose, Esq., has been appointed county solicitor for Chilton, by Circuit Solicitor Darby.

Read notice of mortgage sale of some valuable property near Verbena, which appears in this issue.

It is rumored, that the handsome proprietor of the Bachelor's Hall is going to quit flirting and will soon "take a rib."

E. L. Higdon & Co., Birmingham Ala., are supplying all the merchants in this section with fruit and produce.

The Young Men's Christian Association is observing the week of prayer with services every evening at the Baptist Church.

Mr. Pierce and family, who have been living in Clanton for the past six months, have moved to Opelika. We regret very much to lose them.

Mr. A. J. Hall will remove with his family from Clanton to Montgomery. We regret to lose Mr. Hall and his interesting family from our midst.

The dwelling-house just in the rear of Mr. W. A. Collier's, is being nicely fitted up, and will soon be occupied by Mr. Haden and family, of Montgomery.

Mr. I. B. Bowdon, the old soldier, has moved his shop to the corner building just west of the depot where he is prepared to repair and make to order boots and shoes as good as can be done anywhere.

Just think of it, you can buy a nice box of note paper, of good quality, with envelopes to match, for fifteen (15) cents at the View Stationery Stand. A great number of other things sold equally as cheap. Come and see.

If you will send your orders to E. L. Higdon & Co., Birmingham, Ala., for bananas, coconuts, oranges, apples, all kinds of nuts, L. raisins, cabbage, onions, potatoes or anything in the fruit and produce line they will ship you promptly cheaper than any one.

The Wilson Bros. are doing a fine business this season. They deserve their success. Mr. N. A. Kicker, than whom a more energetic and wholehearted young man cannot be found in the county, is their champion counter-jumper, and is always ready to wait upon his friends and customers generally.

Maple Grove Data.

Cotton is being rapidly picked, and gineries are doing good work. The price of ginning has been reduced this season.

In our last issue, we forgot to note the death of Mr. Sanders Thompson. He died on the 8th ult., of dropsy at his home four miles west of here. He was an old man, and leaves a family to mourn his loss.

Our late grand juryman paid their respects to one of our road overseers. It would, no doubt, be but justice to extend the courtesy to others.

Mr. S. A. Griffin has been prostrated with typhoid fever, but is now convalescing.

Business, so far this fall is not quite up to what might have been expected from such a fine crop.

Mrs. M. A. Berry has been sick for several days, but we trust she may soon recover.

Mrs. Elizabeth Benjamin, of Perry county, is visiting relatives here.

Rev. J. M. Greene filled his last appointment. Owing to the cool weather only a small audience was present.

At a called meeting of the Hoe Handle Club, the subject of Prohibition was brought up for final discussion. The president wished the world to know just how the club stood on that great question, and also desired to correct false impressions regarding the moral status of the members. After proper ventilation of the subject, the president declared that no man, who was a professing christian, and was inconsistent enough to sign a petition for a liquor license could be received into the membership of the club.

Bisou.

Dixie Data.

We are having real Fall weather now. Fine weather for gathering crops.

Dr. T. E. Callier has returned home from Bladen Springs.

Hon. Wm. A. Smith, with his most interesting family have left our midst and moved to Verbena, on account of the fine school there. We miss them very much.

Mr. Oscar Broadhead has also gone to Verbena to attend school. That speaks well for Verbena's school.

Mr. James Conner, of Bladen Springs, after a two week's stay with Dr. Callier has returned to his home.

Mr. J. W. Peeples looks "down in the mouth." Girls gone.

Rev. Joshua West, M. D.

Mr. Editor:—Please allow me to request those of your readers who have any recollection of the venerable gentleman whose name is at the head of this article, to send me those recollections. Please give me the benefit of all you can recall of him as a man, physician, and minister. This request is made with a view to bringing out a biography of him, if a sufficient amount of information can be obtained. The Banner of Liberty, Bibb Blade and Chilton View, will please copy. S. P. West.

Talladega, Ala., Oct. 22, '85.

Messrs. E. L. Higdon & Co., of Birmingham, have some local notices in this issue. They keep a full supply of fruits and produce and our dealers in such things would do well to patronize them. They will continue to let you know what they have, through the columns of the View.

Mr. Vinor Arnold, who has been to the hot well at Clanton, returned some weeks ago greatly benefited. He was able to walk up to the post office last Monday, and made the place look like old times. We hope he will continue to improve.

—Bibb Blade.

Married, at the residence of Mr. Robert Wilson, near Clanton, on the 8th inst., by Rev. J. M. Dykes, Mr. J. J. Dennis and Miss Julia Parker.

Clanton Academy continues to add to the number of pupils in attendance. It is meeting with deserved success.

Notice to Debtors.

All parties indebted to me for guano are hereby notified that unless their notes are paid by the 15th of November, 1885, they will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. Respectfully,

JAMES REIL.

Clanton, Ala., Oct. 29, 1885.

MOST EXCELLENT.

J. J. Atkins, Chief of Police, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My family and I are beneficiaries of your most excellent medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; having found it to be all that you claim for it, I desire to testify to its virtue. My friends to whom I have recommended it, praise it at every opportunity." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup and every affection of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Trial bottles free at M. J. Greene's Drug Store. Large size \$1.00.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR! GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!

Special Dispatch to the Chilton View.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 2, 1885.—The fierce fight that is being carried on here by Messrs. GEORGE B. BROWN & CO. against high prices being paid for Furniture, is still going on. Their cause is a worthy one, and is one that every person should be interested in. They are determined that the people shall no longer pay high prices for Furniture. To see the crowds that are continually entering their store, and the amount of Furniture that is sent out, goes to show that the people are with them, and that they are doing all they claim.

Yours Respectfully,

BYRON GEORGE.

Glorious News! The Long Looked for Time Has Arrived! NO MORE HIGH PRICES!

WE ARE THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES!

We sell Furniture at retail as Cheap as it can be bought at the Factories at wholesale by other dealers. How can we do it? Why we get everything direct from the Factory

as it comes from the machine all in pieces. We put it together and finish it ourselves, thereby saving the profits that are made at the Factories. Everything is finished in first-class order. When you come to Montgomery call on us and see for yourselves. We are also the only agents in Montgomery for some of the largest Furniture manufacturers in the United States. We quote a few prices:

Bedroom Suits from \$12 to \$800; Bureaus \$6.50 to \$18; Bedsteads—Walnut \$7 to \$180, Common \$1.60 to \$12, Single \$1.75 to \$35; Chairs—Walnut \$1.50 to \$6.50; Maple .65 to .75, Split Bottom .40 to \$1.00, Large Rocker \$2.50, Nurse Rocker \$1.25; Lounges from \$9 to \$22; Lounge Bed \$12 to \$35; Mattresses (cotton top) \$3; Parlor Suits from \$50 to \$250; Sofas \$3 to \$7.50; Tables \$1.75 to \$9.50; Wardrobes \$8.50 to \$75.

Everything else in proportion. Everything guaranteed that we sell.

GEO. B. BROWN & CO.,
107 South Court St., Montgomery.

oct29-cm

1866. Established Nineteen Years. 1885.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,

FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,

DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,

SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,

HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,

DIXIE, ALABAMA.

aug13-4m

GO TO T. S. SMITH

BIRMINGHAM.

For Dry Goods, Notions, Boots,

Shoes, Clothing, Hardware,

Hats and Caps,

Saddles, Bridles, Harness and Family Groceries.

Twentieth Street Between First and Second Avenue [oct15-3]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblain, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

AN OLD CITIZEN SPEAKS.

Mr. J. M. Norris, an old resident of Rome, Ga., says, that he had been badly troubled with Kidney Complaint for a great many years, and with Ecema for three years; at times could scarcely walk and had tried many remedies without benefit, until he began taking Electric Bitters and anointing his hands and feet with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. This treatment afforded him great relief and he strongly recommends Electric Bitters to all who suffer with Kidney Complaint, or need a Blood Purifier. Sold by M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE. The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bloating, costiveness, Pain in the head, with a full sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disposition to belch, or to vomit, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty.

Weakness, Headache, Flushing to the face, Pain in the eye, Headache over the right eye, Headache with Stiff joints, Biting colored Urine, and Constipation.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to all cases of Liver and Bilious Disorders, and are the only medicine that can be taken without danger, or without causing any inconvenience. They are the only medicine that can be taken without danger, or without causing any inconvenience. They are the only medicine that can be taken without danger, or without causing any inconvenience.

Prepared by J. C. TUTT, Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

SOLELY FOR THE SOUTHERN STATES BY

H. HOUT, WATERMAN and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE, BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eye. Watch, Clock, and Jewelry Repairing a specialty. Repairs of all kinds will be executed by hand or by machine at the lowest prices.

After 25 years' experience, we have secured the most perfect and reliable method of selecting and fitting glasses, and of repairing watches, clocks, and jewelry, and we are now prepared to execute all orders in these lines at the lowest prices.

Address: H. HOUT, Waterman and Optician, First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

sep14

This space belongs to JOHN GARNER, Dealer in General Merchandise, Clanton, who is too busy selling goods and getting in a New Stock, to write an advertisement. Call on him if you want bargains.

sep14

Calera Foundry and Machine Shops.

Sandgren & Francis, Lessees.

—CALERA, ALABAMA.—

ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

—SAW-MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.—

[oct11-6m]

HENRY C. MAYER,

—Proprietor of—

City Shoe Store,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—AND DEALER IN—

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots

and Shoes, Trunks, Valises

and Satchels.

19th Street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

aug11-4m

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aug11-4m

Verbena, Chilton Co., Ala.

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION.

Primary department, per mo. \$1.50

Preparatory " " " 2.00

Intermediate " " " 3.00

Academic " " " 4.00

Music " " " 3.00

Contingent fee per term .50

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality healthy. Railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena, is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.

That we may guarantee satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regular.

For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. U. ACREE, B.S., August-17

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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 12, 1885.

These advertising advertisements will be given priority in this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

County—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Court—Fourth Monday in March, and first Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

CLANTON, ALA., N. & N. R. R. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.	
No. 1 at	5:40 a. m.
No. 3	4:35 p. m.
No. 7	8:25 p. m.
No. 19	6:45 a. m.
GOING NORTH.	
No. 2	9:15 a. m.
No. 12	10:20 a. m.
No. 4	9:45 p. m.
No. 8	6:18 p. m.
*Don't stop.	

Letters—Regular communications Clanton Editor of A. F. & A. M., No. 12, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.
Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas W. Saddle.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foster.
Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—James T. Snitherman.
Treasurer—James M. Parish.
Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.
Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Subscribe for the C. V.

Mr. Golden, of Prattville is visiting friends in our town.

Miss Hattie Childs, of Montgomery, is visiting in Clanton this week.

Something should be done to the fences around our court house and cemetery.

Mrs. J. D. Lamar, nee Miss Blanche Hild, of Deatsville, visited relatives in Clanton this week.

Miss Lee Pou, of Autauga, has been visiting Mrs. M. DeJarnette, at Clanton, the past week.

Mr. J. M. Ponder has returned from a short visit to relatives in his old home, state of Georgia.

The family of Mr. M. DeJarnette has moved from the farm to town. They occupy the McNeil residence.

Mr. J. M. Simpson, of Birmingham, visited his brother Mr. W. J. Simpson, at this place, this week.

Did you read the excellent sermon of Dr. Talmage's in last week's View, on "Blood." Another appears in this issue.

Miss Mary Posey, of Florence, Ala., has come to Clanton to live with Mrs. A. M. Adams, in the capacity of governess.

A party of Clantonians, went down to Verbena last Sabbath to hear Rev. J. L. Thompson's farewell sermon.

All advertising copy for the View should be handed in by or before Wednesday morning. Advertisers will please bear this in mind.

Miss Mamie Brushwood has returned to Clanton again after spending several weeks with friends in Selma.

Notice change in schedule of trains on this road. The mail going South arrives in Clanton several hours earlier than heretofore.

The work of prayer for the Young Men's Christian Association throughout the country was observed with nightly services and with increasing interest by the Clanton Association.

Don't fail to give us a trial on your job printing. We are prepared to do it, and will do it as neat and as cheap as you can get it done elsewhere. Give us your orders.

Matrimony has almost become an epidemic around Clanton. We have had marriages and rumors of marriages for several months past. The editor became infatuated with the matrimonial aspect of things in this locality, and went off on a sparking expedition this week. If we could find any one who would have us we would "shoot up shop," put a piece of craps on the door and go off and get applied ourselves.

Clanton's public school opened last Monday morning, and has between twenty-five and thirty pupils in attendance. Miss Rosa Thornton is the efficient teacher, and is too well known to our readers around Clanton and vicinity to need a word of commendation from us.

We learn that there will be several Christmas trees in Clanton during the holidays. When you are ready to buy your presents to put on them, don't fail to come to the View office and see the pretty things we will have at the Stationery Stand. They will be sold at city prices.

Mr. G. B. West has been appointed special agent for the L. & N. R. R., land department, and placed in charge of the collections of said department, with headquarters at Birmingham, in the office of the General Land Agent, R. W. A. Wilda. The office is room No. 4, Alabama State Bank building.

We are in receipt of an invitation to attend the marriage ceremony of one of our fair lady friends of Tuscaloosa, Miss Mamie Maxwell, to Mr. Jno. G. Chisholm, of Uniontown. We return many thanks, and regret that we could not attend. We hope that her cup of joy may ever be full to overflowing.

Miss Elenora Jackson, who has spent several months in Clanton, visiting her cousin Mrs. A. M. Adams, returned to her home in Florence, on Wednesday morning. Miss Jackson made many friends in Clanton, during her stay, and one of our young business men looks especially sad and forsaken since her departure.

Married, at the residence of the bride, near Maplesville, on the 15th inst., by Rev. Mr. Nelson, of Randolph, Mr. W. M. Wilson, of Clanton, and Mrs. Allie Rasberry. The View joins in with a host of friends in wishing them a happy and prosperous voyage upon their sea of life. Thanks for the delicious cake sent to our sanctum.

We are in receipt of a copy of the Richmond College Messenger edited and published by the Literary Societies of Richmond (Va.) College. It was sent us by our friend and old schoolmate George H. Edwards, of Darlington, South Carolina, who is one of the editors. It is an ably edited and beautifully printed magazine, and reflects credit upon the young men who get it up.

Rev. J. L. Thompson, pastor of the Baptist church in this place, will preach his farewell sermon in Clanton, at the Baptist church to-night. Mr. Thompson is much beloved by all the people of our town and especially the churches of which he has been pastor, for the past year. We regret very much to chronicle his departure from our midst where he has done so much good work, and we very reluctantly give him up to the good people of Columbia to whom he will soon go, to serve them as pastor of the Baptist church, in that place.

Married, at the residence of Dr. W. E. Stewart, in Clanton, on the 17th inst., by Rev. J. L. Thompson, Mr. Chas. J. Duncan, of Nashville, Tenn., and Miss Essie B. Adams, of this place.

The following visiting friends were present at the ceremony: Miss Sallie Townsend, of Wetumpka; Miss Sallie and Mr. Jno. Dun. can, both of Nashville. The young married couple left, immediately after the ceremony, for Nashville, where they will make their home in future. May a long life of happiness be theirs.

A CAPTAIN'S FORTUNATE DISCOVERY.

Capt. Coleman, schr. Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner. Free Trial Bottles of this Standard Remedy at M. J. Greene's Drug Store.

The Colored Vote Dividing.

From the New York Freeman.
In New York State a very large number of colored men voted a mixed ticket, and quite a number voted the Democratic ticket straight. This shows that the colored voters of the Empire State are growing in political wisdom. They are beginning to understand that to divide their voting strength is much the wisest course for them to pursue.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR!
GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!
Special Dispatch to the CHILTON VIEW.
MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 2, 1885.—The fierce fight that is being carried on here by Messrs. GEORGE B. BROWN & CO. against high prices being paid for Furniture, is still going on. Their cause is a worthy one, and is one that every person should be interested in. They are determined that the people shall no longer pay high prices for Furniture. To see the crowds that are continually entering their store, and the amount of Furniture that is sent out, goes to show that the people are with them, and that they are doing all they claim.
Yours Respectfully,
BYRON GEORGE.

Glorious News! The Long Looked for Time Has Arrived!
NO MORE HIGH PRICES!
WE ARE THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES!
We sell Furniture at retail as Cheap as it can be bought at the Factories at wholesale by other dealers. How can we do it? Why we get everything direct from the Factory as it comes from the machine all in pieces. We put it together and finish it ourselves, thereby saving the profits that are made at the Factories. Everything is finished in first-class order. When you come to Montgomery call on us and see for yourselves. We are also the only agents in Montgomery for some of the largest Furniture manufacturing in the United States. We quote a few prices:
Bedroom Suits from \$12 to \$300; Bureaus \$6.50 to \$18; Bedsteads—Walnut \$7 to \$180, Common \$1.60 to \$12, Single \$1.75 to \$35; Chairs—Walnut \$1.50 to \$6.50, Maple .65 to .75, Split Bottom .40 to \$1.00, Large Rocker \$2.50, Nurse Rocker \$1.25; Lounges from \$9 to \$22; Lounge Bed \$12 to \$35; Mattresses (cotton top) \$3; Parlor Suits from \$50 to \$250; Sofas \$3 to \$7.50; Tables \$1.75 to \$9.50; Wardrobes \$8.50 to \$75.

Everything else in proportion. Everything guaranteed that we sell.
GEO. B. BROWN & CO.,
107 South Court St., Montgomery.

1866. 1885.
Established Nineteen Years.
T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALA.
We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,
HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALABAMA.

GO TO T. S. SMITH
BIRMINGHAM.
For Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Hats and Caps, Saddles, Bridles, Harness and Family Groceries.
Twentieth Street Between First and Second Avenue [oct15-3]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.
INTERESTING EXPERIENCES.
Hiram Cameron, furniture dealer of Columbus, Ga., tells his experience thus: "For three years have tried every remedy on the market for Stomach and Kidney Disorders, but got no relief, until I used Electric Bitters. Took five bottles and am now cured, and think Electric Bitters the Best Blood Purifier in the world." Maj. A. B. Reed, of West Liberty, Ky., used Electric Bitters for an old Kidney affection and says: "Nothing has ever done me so much good as Electric Bitters." Sold at fifty cents a bottle by M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

This space belongs to JOHN GARNER, Dealer in General Merchandise, Clanton, who is too busy selling goods and getting in a New Stock, to write an advertisement. Call on him if you want bargains.

H. Houpt,
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.
FIRST AVENUE, BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.
NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.
Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.
Over 25 years experience.
I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last 25 years, and always found him reliable in his dealing.
[oct15-3]

TUTT'S PILLS
25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!
SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.
Loss of appetite, Bowels constipated, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Faintness after eating, with a disinclination to exercise of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weakness, Headaches, Faintness or the Heart, Dizziness before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Headaches with nasal drainage, Highly colored Urine and CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose cleanses the system, and restores the appetite. They are sold by all druggists, and by the proprietors, J. C. Tutts & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.
TUTT'S NAIL DYE.
GRAY HAIR or WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of TUTT'S NAIL DYE. It is a pure vegetable preparation, and does not contain any of the poisonous ingredients of the cheap dyes sold by the street vendors. It is sold by all druggists, and by the proprietors, J. C. Tutts & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

A. J. BROOKS
AT VERBENA, ALA.
Has the largest stock of goods ever in Chilton County, and does and will sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and no shoddy goods are kept.
COME EVERYBODY
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.
I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell
At the Highest Market Price.

LOCKWOOD & MILLER
UNDERTAKERS
UNDER FLORENCE HOTEL,
—BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—
Keep a full line of COFFINS, CASES, and CASKETS, both in metal and wood from the finest to the commonest, and at ALL PRICES. Orders by telegram promptly attended to. In telegraphing state only length and price wanted. [oct15-y]

Calera Foundry and Machine Shops.
Sandgren & Francis, Lessees.
—CALERA, ALABAMA.—
ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
—SAW MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.—
[oct15-3m]

HENRY C. MAYER,
—Proprietor of—
City Shoe Store,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
—AND DEALER IN—
Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Valises and Satchels.
1200 Street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

Verbena Male and Female Academy.
VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.
The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.
The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.
RATES OF TUITION:
Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.
Preparatory " " 2.00.
Intermediate " " 3.00.
Academic " " 4.00.
Music " " 3.00.
Contingent fee per term .50.
Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.
The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy. railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena, is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board at the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.
That we may guarantee satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regular.
For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. C. ACREE, B. S., August 1st. Principal.

Clanton Academy.
CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA.
The next session of this institution, will commence September 21, 1885, and will continue ten scholastic months, divided into two terms of five months each.
The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.
RATES OF TUITION:
Primary Department \$1.50
Junior " 2.50
Senior " 3.00
High School " 3.50
Music 3.00
Tuition payable monthly IN ADVANCE as required by the Board of Trustees.
Public examinations of the pupils of the school will be held at the close of each session, but exhibitions will not be had at any time.
Music will be taught on piano and organ, by a competent lady assistant.
Board can be obtained by pupils of the school in private families in Clanton at very moderate rates.
For further information address R. E. R. HICKS, Principal. [sept3]

S. E. HIRSCHER'S
MONTGOMERY
Music Emporium.
21 DEXTER AVENUE.
Is headquarters for Fine Oil Paintings, Oeographs, Steel Engravings, Chromos, Picture Frames, French and English Stationery, Fancy Paperies, Holiday Goods and Novelties of all kinds.
We are agents for the celebrated Kranich and Bach and Stieff Pianos, which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned Estey Organs.
JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both vocal and instrumental. Music can be tried before purchasing, an advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy Goods of all kinds, will be daily received, and the ladies especially are cordially invited to call and see us. Polite attention to all whether purchasers or not. An elegant new stock of pictures, viz: Chromos, Fine Oil Paintings, French Oeographs and Steel Engravings, and prices within the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Pianos and Organs Sold on Easy Terms. Address S. E. HIRSCHER, 21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala. [sept17-3m]

NOTICE NO. 4410.
LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: Benjamin Deavenport, homestead 8881, for the quarter of a section 34, township 23 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Braswell, Wittington E. Smith, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. [Tues. J. Scott, Register, nov5]

NOTICE NO. 4000.
LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 13, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 2d, 1886, viz: John Edwards homestead 10644 for the e 1/4 of n 1/4 and e 1/4 of s 1/4 sec 30 township 21 north range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Abram C. Mims, Francis W. Headley, Monroe Durbin and Nestor Culp, all of Kincheon, Alabama. [Tues. J. Scott, Register, nov19]

McD. GRAY
—Has Opened—
A NEW STOCK OF GOODS
at his place of residence two miles Southwest of Kincheon, and will sell them as cheap as on the railroad. I have almost everything you would want for your family.
Come And See for Yourself. [sept17-3m]

storm is urged by some naturalists as proof of the special influence of electricity. Man is not so sensitive, many feel listless before a storm, as a nothing of aggravated headache, cold, cough, rheumatic pains and, last, but not least, even.

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
J. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.
Published Every Thursday Morning.
CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 26, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.50
One copy six months .75
One copy four .50

The Advertiser and the Mayor of Montgomery are endeavoring to hasten that city as a winter resort. There are some folks—very hard-headed folks of course—who would as willingly spend the winter in Oklawaha or Kalamazoo as in Montgomery.

The last grand jury of Shelby county found sixty-one true bills, and also reported the bonds of nearly every officer in the county as deficient and requiring additional security. This speaks bad for our neighbor, but we suspect that the same condition of affairs could be found in many of her sister counties, were proper investigations made.

There is an adage that "the good die young." If truth is in it, a great many newspapers in Alabama are destined to live to a very old age. The Montgomery Dispatch is among the good, but we hope it will be an exception to the rule. We haven't received a copy in some weeks, however, and can not be sure but that it is going to prove the adage true. If it is still "kicking" we hope it will be sent regularly so that we may be enabled to class it with the View—an exception to the rule.

Editor Hood of the Monroe Journal says: "The CHILTON VIEW is a level head. We notice, by the way, that it is becoming quite a crowd and observant press. It generally gets things down about right." The cause of this "inflation" upon the View is due to the fact that we once said that Editor Hood was a brainy man. He says in reply that our statement as to his mental condition "is eminently correct and satisfactory." We felt very sure that we were right at the time and now we know it.

The Board of Trustees of the State University met on the 18th inst., and decided to postpone the election of a president to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Dr. Lewis until the regular annual meeting of the Board in June. This was a wise step on the part of the Trustees, and will meet with general approval. A hasty filling of such an important position could have been productive of no good, and might have proved of incalculable injury to the institution.

Says the Birmingham Age: "Somebody is going to feel mean and sheepish after reading Examiner Lapsley's report of the condition of the finances of the State University. He finds, with the exception of a loose and unbusiness like way of keeping the accounts, everything all right. It had been whispered around for sometime that the finances of this institution needed investigation, and the public, in some localities expected a sensation. It was however, simply much ado about nothing. The affairs of the University have been squarely administered. Not a dollar of its funds has been misapplied or misappropriated."

The River and Harbor Convention.

One of the largest and most business like assemblies the State has known was that of the River and Harbor Convention which met at Tuscaloosa last week. The executive committee is composed of two from each congressional district, and the president of the Association, Hon. H. T. Toulmin, of Mobile, is chairman of this committee. The members of the committee from this district are Hons. Thos. Williams, of Elmore, and J. N. Suttle, of Bibb, both of whom were earnest and enthusiastic workers in the convention. Col. Williams was especially eloquent in presenting the claims of the mighty Coosa, the noblest stream in all our borders. That the meeting will be effective of great good cannot be doubted.

A letter to the convention from Senator Morgan was read by Congressman Martin. His absence was due to sickness in his family. He heartily favors the objects and purposes of the convention.

A strong letter from Col. Herbert was also read. He is detained in Washington by service on a

Commission Investigating Important Matters.

A very able report from the committee on the harbor of Mobile, containing a succinct history of the work and appropriations, its probabilities and possibilities, was read. The resolutions accompanying the report urged sufficient appropriation to still further deepen and widen the channel of Mobile harbor, and earnestly request Alabama's Senators and Representatives to vote and work to that end. The report and resolutions were adopted.

The report of the committee on the agricultural resources of the country interested in the proposed improvements was read and adopted. It shows the great amount of agricultural products now wanting cheaper transportation and the benefit that will accrue to all classes when it is obtained.

A resolution was adopted favoring the expenditure of sufficient money from appropriations for the Tennessee river in Alabama to clear it of obstructions at Colbert shoals.

The report of the committee on waterways was able, and furnished great information. The resolution accompanying it favors liberal appropriations for rivers and harbors that will add to the commerce of the country, and recommends that Alabama's Senators and Representatives in Congress act as a unit, and urge Congress to the importance of making appropriations adequate for the completion within a reasonable time of the works recommended by the convention. A committee was appointed to raise money to print 5000 copies of the proceedings of the convention.

A resolution in reference to the restoration of the navy yard at Pensacola, and putting a complete armament in the forts there, was referred to the harbor committee. The feeling was general in favor of the proposition, but it was thought that it ought not to be acted upon by an exclusively river and harbor convention.

The special committee on the Eads ship canal made a report strongly recommending it as a great work and worthy of support of the United States government. The same reasons that actuated the convention with reference to the Pensacola navy yard caused it to defer action on the report.

A recent directory census of Birmingham, located 21,347 inhabitants within two miles of the court house. This speaks well of the wonderful growth of our wonderful magic city. We append some further information as taken from the Chronicle:

In the city we have twenty white churches including the Missions, all with a good membership. This sum is increased by 10 colored churches making a total of 30, or one more church than saloons; making a better showing for morality than any city of its size in the United States. These figures are correct in every instance and can be relied on as they were furnished us by Messrs. Ed. A. & M. Richards, and will appear in detail in their New City Directory in the hands of the printers.

From the Entaw Mirror.

Oct. 28th '85.
Mister Editor of the Mirror: I ain't much on politics, but as the beginning ter trot out kander dates for the different offices ter be filled at the next election, the wood do well ter name good men what will tend ter the wishes of the people. We who votes in this region ov country have not forgot that sea mill tha got up in our country, in the last legislature, an intersturbun that we kant pnat to with no pride at all, and we kant, fer the life ov us, furegt the men that took aktiv part in gettin it, an we intend ter let them know who is the suverins in this country at the next election.

Yours truly,
THOMAS BLOBY.

P. S.—We, in this region, are beginnin ter think thar is no patriotism in the lawyers these days unless tha see a fee at the end ov their service for the country.

T. B.
P. S.—We aint got but wun man in West Green who buyacotton, an he don't take any scales ov ov it other, an it is his day ever day except Sunday.

T. B.
He Felt Shy, But made the Effort.
From the Evening Post.
PAUL, Oct. 23.—We always feel a little shy about speaking of people we are fond of, and whose life has been to a certain extent interwoven with our own; we feel this embarrassment even when we have nothing to say but what is pleasant and agreeable. I am therefore obliged to make a certain effort to speak of the marriage of the oldest daughter of the Duke of Clarence with Prince Waldemar of Denmark.

The Bankford Enterprise of last week contains the following communication from this place:

CLANTON, Chilton Co., Ala., November 21, 1885.
EDITORIAL ENTERPRISE.—Please allow me space to say to my friends in old Coosa what I think of the hot well near Clanton. I came here on the 12th of October for the benefit of my wife, who has been down for nearly three years. I think she has improved every day since we came here. She has paralysis. I have conversed with a great many who have been using the water, and all claim to be benefited. Some finally cured. One young lady who has been here four weeks suffering from rheumatism and dyspepsia, when she came here had to have help to get out of her bed, now she gets up without help, makes up her bed, brings water from the well, helps do the cooking, &c. I am satisfied it is a natural hot well, for I have watched it very closely ever since I came here. Any one wishing to know more about it can find out by addressing Mr. Blasingame, whom you will find to be a perfect gentleman.
J. B. CARLISLE.

Mapleville Dots.

Crops nearly all gathered. Business rather quiet.
Mrs. Denison, of Plantersville, is visiting our town and community. Also Mrs. James Burns, of Selma. The extended visit of Miss Ree Oley is now ended by her return to Faunsdale, much to the regret of many friends and admirers.
Rev. J. M. Green, filled his regular and last appointment for this year, at this place, last Sunday, and left us with the hope of his return next year. N.

Mad Dogs Again.

EDITOR VIEW.—Considerable excitement again prevails here in consequence of Mr. W. H. Parr's dog going mad last Saturday and we hear that several have recently gone mad in the vicinity of Jemison. Mr. Parr's was killed before it did any damage. We advise our neighbors to kill all the dogs that are found running at large.
HUGO.

ROCKSPRINGS, ALA., NOV. 17.

The Alabama Teacher's Journal, published at Huntsville, is on our table. It is published monthly by the Mercury Publishing Company and is edited by J. A. B. Lovett, principal of the city school and county superintendent of Madison. It is the best publication of the kind that we have ever seen issued in Alabama.

NOTICE NO. 4339.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 23, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 21, 1886, viz: Thomas F. Connel, Homestead, 9240, for the s e 1/4 of a w 1/4 of section 26, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harrison Kendrick, William B. Jones, Pinkney M. Jones, Jesse G. Jones, all of Verbena, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
nov 20

NOTICE NO. 4338.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 23, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at the U. S. Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., on December 31, 1885, viz: William Gray, Homestead 8448, for the s w 1/4 of s e 1/4 of section 24, township 20 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Bolling Anthony, Reuben Anthony, Lewis Gentry, and Joe Logg, all of Verbena, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
nov 23

Disolution of Copartnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between J. Hand and H. J. Callen, of Chilton county, Alabama, under the firm name and style of L. J. Hand & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 30th day of October, 1885. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said L. J. Hand, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.
L. J. HAND.
H. J. CALLEN.
nov 20

HOT WELL HOUSE.

CLANTON, ALA.
R. F. WOOLEY, Proprietor.
Within a few steps of the hot well. It is the only boarding house at the well. Good board and comfortable quarters at low rates. For information address the proprietor.

Williamson & Leavelle.

UNDERTAKERS.
NO. 107, COMMERCIAL STREET, MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.
We perform day or night services promptly and attention. Bodies embalmed and kept in a perfect state of preservation, for any length of time.

NOTICE NO. 4418.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: Wittington E. Smith, Homestead 9124, for the east half of a w quarter, section 24, township 23 north, range 12 east; he has made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court, proof of his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Braswell, Ben Deavenport, David Posey, Jasper Jones, all of Randolph, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
nov 5

NOTICE NO. 4349.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 28th, 1885, viz: John A. Williams, Homestead 8852, for the s e 1/4 of a w 1/4 of section 14, township 21 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Sam Yates, William Thomas, Jr., William Thomas, Jr., and William Moore, all of Cooper's Station, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
oct 22

NOTICE NO. 4350.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 19th, 1885, viz: James W. Knox, Homestead 10088 for the n e 1/4 of s e 1/4 and s w 1/4 of n e 1/4 section 12, township 22 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George Mims, William C. Headley, Columbus Rutherford, James Davis, all of Clanton, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
oct 22

NOTICE NO. 4351.

U. S. Land Office.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 28th, 1885, viz: Colonel W. Ellison, Homestead 9463 for the n e 1/4 of s e 1/4 section 24, township 23 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Henry Beasley, John Ray, John Skipper, J. R. Middlebrook, all of Clear Creek, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
oct 22

NOTICE NO. 4352.

U. S. Land Office.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on November 28th, 1885, viz: David S. Hammond, Homestead 1562 for the s e 1/4 of a e 1/4 section 24, township 21 north, range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Johnson, James Mims, John Edwards, Thomas Wilson, all of Clanton, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
oct 22

NOTICE NO. 4353.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 29, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 5th, 1885, viz: George W. Armstrong, Homestead 8757, for the e 1/4 of n e 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Squire E. Waldrup, Zachary J. Jones, Doctor H. Hudgins, James Nix, all of Randolph, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
oct 29

NOTICE NO. 4380.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 29, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 5th, 1885, viz: David Crompton, Homestead 9222 for the n w 1/4 of s e 1/4 sec. 34, township 23 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Armstrong, Squire E. Waldrup, Zachary Jones, Joseph Waldrup, all of Randolph, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
oct 29

NOTICE NO. 4381.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 16, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: William M. Braswell, Homestead 8390 for the s 1/4 of a e 1/4 quarter, section 34, township 23 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Wittington E. Smith, Ben Deavenport, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
nov 16

NOTICE NO. 4417.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 6, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court, or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: William M. Braswell, Homestead 8390 for the s 1/4 of a e 1/4 quarter, section 34, township 23 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Wittington E. Smith, Ben Deavenport, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
nov 6

Sheriff's Sale.

To satisfy two executions in my hand issued from the circuit court of Chilton county, Ala., against C. A. Woodruff and in favor of W. M. Wilson & Bro., I will proceed to sell on Monday, November 23rd, 1885, at Woodruff's mill and Woodruff's Switch, in Chilton county, Ala., between the legal hours of sale, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, levied on as the property of said C. A. Woodruff, to-wit: About 65 thousand feet of lumber, one edging saw and frame, 1 tram car, and one small steam engine boiler and fixtures.
J. T. SMITHERMAN,
Sheriff Chilton County.
nov 5-21
The above sale is continued until Monday, November 30th, 1885.
J. T. SMITHERMAN,
Sheriff.

For Sale.

A fine farm of three hundred and eighty acres with all necessary buildings and with a good dwelling. The place is known as the Minor Woolley place and is located about three miles from old Maplesville, in Chilton county Alabama. For terms and further information call on or address
MINOR WOOLEY,
Clanton, Ala.
nov 26

B. WOLFF & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS
—OF ALL KINDS OF—
FURNITURE.

No. 20 Commerce & Corner Coosa & Court Streets,
MONTGOMERY - - - ALA.

Florida BOOM. That is on a information about this "Land of Flowers" subscribe to the
FLORIDA WEEKLY TIMES,
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
only \$1 a year with a colored map of Florida free. Specimen copies free.

Gordon DuBose.

Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery,
Clanton, Ala.
Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.
STOP AT
Morris Avenue Hotel,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
Corner Morris Avenue and 20th Street
EIXTON LAND CO. BUILDING.
HUGH KIRKMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Splendid rooms, well ventilated and elegantly furnished. Rates reasonable.

For Hard Times.

THE CHILTON VIEW
—AND—
DEMOREST'S
ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY
MAGAZINE—

With Twelve Col. Paper Patterns of your own selection and of any size.
BOTH PUBLICATIONS, ONE YEAR,
\$2.75 (TWO SEVENTY-FIVE).

DEMOREST'S

* THE BEST
OF all the Magazines.
CONTAINS: Stories, Poems and other literary attractions, combining Artistic, Scientific and Household matters.
Illustrated with Original Steel Engravings, Photographs, and other rare and valuable material, making it the Model Magazine of America.
Each Magazine contains a COUPON ORDER, entitling the holder to the selection of ANY PATTERN illustrated in that number, and in ANY SIZE.
DEMOREST'S MONTHLY is justly entitled the World's Model Magazine. The Largest in Form, the Largest in Circulation, and the best TWO Dollar Family Magazine issued. 1886 will be the Twenty-second year of its publication. It is continually improved and its subscription to place it in the front rank of Family Periodicals, and thus to our magazine contains 12 pages, large quarto, 8 1/2 x 11 1/2 inches, elegantly printed and fully illustrated. Published by W. Jennings Demorest, New York, and BY SPECIAL AGREEMENT COMBINED WITH THE
CHILTON VIEW at \$2.75 Per Year.

D. H. LEWIS'

National Restaurant
—AND—
SALOON.
Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Board at reasonable rates.
105 Commerce Street.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Planters' House,

MRS. W. A. CHILD, PROPRIETRESS.
Bibb Street, One Block From Temple Building,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

NOTICE NO. 4414.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence, the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Alabama, on the 12th day of December, 1885, viz: Daniel Z. Marchant, Homestead 8889 for the n e 1/4 of s e 1/4 sec. 2, township 22 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James H. Gibbons, Thomas Hubbard, Squire E. Waldrup and Obadiah Freeman, all of Randolph, Ala.
THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
nov 5

F. A. GULLEDGE,

AT VERBENA,

Wishes to announce to the Citizens of Chilton and adjoining Counties that he has

Now On Hand and Constantly Coming In

—THE—

MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PART OF THE STATE

ALL OF WHICH HE WILL SELL AT PRICES TO SUIT CUSTOMERS. ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED AND ONLY REPRESENTED AS THEY REALLY ARE. I WILL PAY HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR COTTON, EITHER IN SEED OR BALE.

And pay Cash or exchange goods for all other country produce at Highest Market Prices.

My motto:—HONEST GOODS AND ONE PRICE ONLY.

Come and see my goods before buying.

My stock of FISH BROS. Wagons and Buggies at Cost.

sepl7-y

W. A. PRATT & CO.

No. 7, Dexter Ave.,

MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.,

WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST AND FINEST SELECTED LINE OF MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES IN THE STATE.

OUR PRICES ARE AT BOTTOM FIGURES.

When you buy our goods they are GUARANTEED to give you satisfaction.

ma28 6m

JUST RECEIVED

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON, ALA.

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING.

oct-ly

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

—DEALER IN—

SASH DOORS BLINDS

Builder's Supplies,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Kalsomine.

Builder's Hardware,

Cement, Lime, Plaster,

Hair.

READY MIXED PAINTS

119 Commerce St., in Wholesale Block,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS, W. A. COOK & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1926 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 10th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570.

June 10 7

Estey Organ Co.

Gratiotboro, Vt.

ESTEY

When the word Estey is mentioned, the word Organ is mentioned, and each suggests the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five letters in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogues mailed free to all applicants.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA. NOV. 26, 1885.

These advertising notices will be inserted in this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and first Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE N. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 3 4:38 p. m.
No. 7 5:32 p. m.
No. 19 5:45 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 9:19 a. m.
No. 12 10:29 a. m.
No. 4 9:43 p. m.
No. 8 6:18 p. m.
• Don't stop.

Lawyers.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 63, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.

Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas W. Saddle.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshie.
Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—James T. Smith.
Treasurer—James M. Parish.
Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.
Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr., Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Winter will soon be here.
Fine weather for killing hogs.

Today is thanksgiving day. Are you observing it as such.

Half a dozen or more good cooks are needed in Clanton.

Mr. Frank Downey, of Birmingham spent Sunday last in Clanton.

The sale of the Woodruff saw mill property has been postponed by the Sheriff until Monday the 30th inst.

Miss Sallie Townsend, one of Wetumpka's beautiful young ladies, is visiting Mrs. Dr. W. E. Stewart in Clanton.

The night office of the L. & N. R. R. has been changed from Verbena to this place, and a Mr. McGregor has charge of same.

Attention is called to the fact that Mr. Minor Wooley is offering his valuable farm on Mulberry creek for sale. See advertisement.

The number of final proof notices in these columns shows that the public lands in this county are being rapidly taken up by homesteaders.

Mr. R. L. Thompson has resigned his position as depot agent at this place and the vacancy has been filled by a Mr. Willis, of Nashville, Tenn.

W. A. Collier, Esq., has returned from a two weeks inspection of the exposition at New Orleans. He says the exposition compares very unfavorably with that of last year.

Mr. G. B. West, special agent for the L. & N. R. Co., land department, was in Clanton two days last week, in the interest of that company.

We are now clubbing the View with Demorest's Illustrated Magazine, for two dollars and seventy-five cents a year. See the advertisement in another column.

Maj. J. C. Gibson, of Verbena, sends the View a box of grapes of the Flower's Scuppernon variety, which remain on the vine until the middle of November. Thanks, Major.

See card of the Hot Well House. This is a pleasant boarding place just built and fitted up by Mr. R. P. Wooley for the accommodation of all who may wish to try the curative powers of the hot water.

The Clanton string band has received its new bass violin and is now making fine music. The young ladies may expect to have their peaceful slumbers sweetly disturbed ere long.

Mr. Frank Vest, and wife, of Montevallo, are now in Clanton, and Mr. Vest having the contract for the painting of Mr. Ebraman's new house, and probably others. We will no doubt be in our town sometimes.

Mr. Henry Lyman, of Birmingham, visited Clanton on Sunday. It is generally supposed that he came down to see his sweetheart. We regret to say that the supposition appears to be eminently correct.

Mr. W. M. Duke, father of Mr. O. A. Duke, of this place, has moved his family from Bivings, Duke & Co's, mill to Clanton, and is occupying the residence lately vacated by Mr. Ashley, in West Clanton.

One day last week Mr. Willis Lowe brought us several very fine sweet potatoes, of his own raising. Seven of them filled a flour sack. Mr. Lowe also brought us a dollar and a half to pay for another year's subscription to the View. We would like for a good many of our subscribers to follow his example.

Macedonia Dots.

Mr. Editor:—As you have not had any dots from this section in some time, I thought I would send you a few lines, as I am a new subscriber to your paper. I am well pleased with the View. The children all have a scramble to see who will read the paper first every week. I intend to get you up some new subscribers. I think every family in Chilton county should take the View, and know what is going on in the county.

'Squire J. H. Gibbons and family expect to move to Jemison in a few days. 'Squire G. has purchased a six acre lot in Jemison, and he intends going into the saw mill business with J. T. Anderson. The 'Squire is an energetic man, and we wish him success.

Crops are all housed in this section, and the cotton crop is one-third short. Hog and hominy plentiful.

One of my neighbors has a potato that weighs seven pounds, and 'Squire Gibbons has a ribbon cane stalk measuring 9½ feet.

HICKORY.

Jesse and His Brothers Pizen the Old Man with Powder.

As Jesse passed yesterday we hailed him to know if all were well. "All 'cept pa," he said. "He got pizened last night."

"Why, how did that happen," we asked.

"Well, you know I told you 'bout somebody stealing his melons, and how he put pizen in 'em, and us boys were afraid to pull any more. So we told pa the 'possums were walking in the field every night, and said we thought if he would take the pup out he would tree some. Pa seemed to be glad us boys felt an interest in the pup, and told us if we would fix up the fire pan and grind the ax, he would go with us. But we persuaded pa to take the gun along and shoot 'em. So we hunted all around the field and down on the sloop; but the pup couldn't find anything but a rabbit, and then we got over in the field and went close to the watermelons, and us boys hinted that we liked to eat melons about that time of night. Pa picked about till he found a fine one. He always eats big melons, says little ones are the sweetest, but it takes too many to make him a mess, and I don't care how big it is pa always takes half, and gives us boys the other half. I sometimes wonder if pa don't think he is half the family. Well, us boys soon ate up our half and then I poured out about a teaspoonful of powder in my hand, and while pa was getting some ants out of his sock, I reached round behind him and sprinkled the powder on his melon. And then us boys begun to talk about 'epose this was one of the pizened melons, and said it tasted kind of curious, anyhow. Just then pa got the ants out and took a big mouthful. Great snakes and fire-bugs! You never seen such spittin' and speuin' before. Pa said we were pizened sure, and told us boys to run our fingers down our throats and vomick, and so we made pretence like we were doing it. But I do believe pa throwed up all his last week's provisions, and then we run up to the house, and ma said she was reading a few days ago about something that would kill pizen, but she had forgot what it was. But after awhile she said she believed it was kerosene, and so she gave pa a cupful and he got well. She tried to give us boys some, but we told her we felt all right, and didn't take it. I think pa was uneasy about an explosion, for I noticed he made me take the lamp out of his room before he would go to bed, and he wouldn't light his pipe with a match this morning. Guess he won't pizen any more melons."

AN END TO BONE SCRAPING.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill. says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used various bottles of Electric Bitters, and even bought Buckner's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well." Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Buckner's Arnica Salve at ten cents per box by Dr. M. J. Greene.

GOOD RESULTS IN EVERY CASE.
D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, did so, and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all Coughs and Colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whom Dr. King has cured by this Wonderful Discovery. True, it is sold by Dr. M. J. Greene.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!
SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.
Loss of appetite, Nervous irritability, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blades, Yellowed skin, which is a decided indication of a diseased liver, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Flushing at the Heart, Heat before the eyes, Headache, even the sight, Bileousness, White Stool, Dreams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, and give prompt relief, and change of feeling as to stomach and liver. They are sold in every part of the world. Buy them from the person who has the name of Dr. J. C. Tuttle on the wrapper. Beware of cheap imitations. Each box contains a full and complete description of the disease, and a list of the names of the persons who have been cured by the use of these pills. Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by Dr. M. J. Greene.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR! GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!

Special Dispatch to the CHILTON VIEW.]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 3, 1885.—The fierce fight that is being carried on here by Messrs. GEORGE B. BROWN & Co. against high prices being paid for Furniture, is still going on. Their cause is a worthy one, and is one that every person should be interested in. They are determined that the people shall no longer pay high prices for Furniture. To see the crowds that are continually entering their store, and the amount of Furniture that is sent out, goes to show that the people are with them, and that they are doing all they claim.

Yours Respectfully,

BYRON GEORGE.

Glorious News! The Long Looked for Time Has Arrived! NO MORE HIGH PRICES!

WE ARE THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES!

We sell Furniture at retail as Cheap as it can be bought at the Factories at wholesale by other dealers. How can we do it? Why we get everything direct from the Factory as it comes from the machine all in pieces. We put it together and finish it ourselves, thereby saving the profits that are made at the Factories. Everything is finished in first-class order. When you come to Montgomery call on us and see for yourselves. We are also the only agents in Montgomery for some of the largest Furniture manufacturers in the United States. We quote a few prices:

Bedroom Suits from \$12 to \$800; Bureaus \$6.50 to \$18; Bedsteads—Walnut \$7 to \$180, Common \$1.60 to \$12, Single \$1.75 to \$35; Chairs—Walnut \$1.50 to \$6.50, Maple .65 to .75, Split Bottom .40 to \$1.00, Large Rocker, \$2.50, Nurse Rocker \$1.25; Lounges from \$9 to \$22; Lounge Bed \$12 to \$35; Mattresses (cotton top) \$3; Parlor Suits from \$50 to \$250; Sofas \$3 to \$7.50; Tables \$1.75 to \$9.50; Wardrobes \$8.50 to \$75.

Everything else in proportion. Everything guaranteed that we sell.

GEO. B. BROWN & CO.,
107 South Court St., Montgomery.

1866. 1885.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON.

aug13-4m DIXIE, ALABAMA.

GO TO T. S. SMITH
BIRMINGHAM.

For Dry Goods, Notions, Boots,
Shoes, Clothing, Hardware,
Hats and Caps,
Saddles, Bridles, Harness and Family Groceries.

Twentieth Street Between First and Second Avenue [oct15-3]

Buckner's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-4f REV. J. G. GURLEY.

TUTT'S
PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Nervous irritability, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blades, Yellowed skin, which is a decided indication of a diseased liver, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Flushing at the Heart, Heat before the eyes, Headache, even the sight, Bileousness, White Stool, Dreams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, and give prompt relief, and change of feeling as to stomach and liver. They are sold in every part of the world. Buy them from the person who has the name of Dr. J. C. Tuttle on the wrapper. Beware of cheap imitations. Each box contains a full and complete description of the disease, and a list of the names of the persons who have been cured by the use of these pills. Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by Dr. M. J. Greene.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair is a sure sign of old age, and is a source of much embarrassment to many persons. It can be easily and permanently removed by the use of TUTT'S HAIR DYE. This is a pure and safe preparation, and will restore the hair to its natural color, and keep it so for years. It is sold in every part of the world. Buy it from the person who has the name of Dr. J. C. Tuttle on the wrapper. Beware of cheap imitations. Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by Dr. M. J. Greene.

A. J. BROOKS

AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy
and will buy everything you
have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

LOCKWOOD & MILLER

UNDER FLORENCE HOTEL,
—BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—

Keep a full line of COFFINS, CASES, and CASKETS, both in metal and wood from the finest to the commonest, and at ALL PRICES. Orders by telegram promptly attended to. In telegraphing state only length and price wanted. [oct15-y]

A. SANDOZ. THOS. J. FRANCIS.

Calera Foundry and Machine Shops.

Sandgren & Francis, Lessces.

—CALERA, ALABAMA.—

ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

—SAW MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.—

[oct1 6m]

HENRY C. MAYER,

—Proprietor of—

City Shoe Store,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—AND DEALER IN—

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots
and Shoes, Trunks, Valises
and Satchels.

107 South Court St., 1st and 2d Avenues.

Verbena Male and Female Academy.

VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.

—101—

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.
Preparatory " " 2.00.
Intermediate " " 3.00.
Academic " " 4.00.
Music " " 3.00.
Contingent fee per term .50.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy. Railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena, is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.

That we may guarantee satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regular.

For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. C. ACKEE, B.S., agent.

aug6-4f

Clanton Academy.

CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA.

—102—

The next session of this institution, will commence September 21, 1885, and will continue ten scholastic months, divided into two terms of five months each.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary Department \$1.50
Junior 2.50
Senior 3.00
High School 3.50
Music 3.00

Tuition payable monthly IN ADVANCE as required by the Board of Trustees.

Public examinations of the pupils of the school will be held at the close of each session, but exhibitions will not be held at any time.

Music will be taught on piano and organ, by a competent lady assistant. Board can be obtained by pupils of the school in private families in Clanton at very moderate rates.

For further information address
R. E. R. HICKS,
Principal.

sept13]

S. E. HIRSCHER'S

MONTGOMERY

Music Emporium.

21 DEXTER AVENUE.

Is headquarters for Fine Oil Paintings, Olographs, Steel Engravings, Chromes, Picture Frames, French and English Stationery, Fancy Paperies, Holiday Goods and Novelties of all kinds. We are agents for the celebrated Kranich and Bach and Stief Pianos, which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned

Estey Organs.

JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both vocal and instrumental. Music can be tried before purchasing; an advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy Goods of all kinds, will be daily received, and the ladies especially are cordially invited to call and see us. Polite attention to all whether purchasers or not. An elegant new stock of pictures, viz: Chromes, Fine Oil Paintings, French Olographs and Steel Engravings, and prices within the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Pianos and Organs Sold on Easy Terms. Address S. E. HIRSCHER, 21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala. sept17-3m]

NOTICE NO. 4416.

LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: Ben Jamlin Deavenport, homestead 1881, for the w quarter of a quarter section 34, township 23 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Braswell, Wittington E. Smith, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

nov5

NOTICE NO. 4498.

LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 16, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 21, 1886, viz: John Edwards homestead 1864 for the e 1/4 of n 1/4 and e 1/4 of s 1/4 sec 36 township 23 north range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: Abram C. Mims, Francis M. Headley, Monroe Durbin and Newton Culp, all of Kinchen, Alabama. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

nov16

McD. GRAY

—Has Opened—

A NEW STOCK OF GOODS
at his place of residence two miles Southward of Kinchen, and will sell them as cheap as on the railroad. I have almost everything you would call for. Come and see for yourselves. [sept 1-4m]

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
J. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.
Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 1, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy four .50

Congress at its approaching session will no doubt look after the passage of a Presidential succession law.

Governor Grant, of Colorado, a former Alabamian, contributes \$500 to the Alabama Confederate Monument.

Should President Cleveland die or be otherwise "removed" from his office, the position would be filled by the Republican President of the Senate.

Fulton county, Ga., in which is situated the city of Atlanta, voted in favor of prohibition last week. The prohibitionists will carry the war into every other county in the State that is now selling liquor.

President Cleveland says that the most pleasing remembrance he has of most office-seekers is the poetic way in which their coat tails mournfully waved in the breeze as they walked out of the room.

The Montgomery Dispatch is a paper that we like much; not only because it is ably edited and beautifully printed but also because of the way in which it goes into ecstasies over the Clanton hot well.

The New York Sun thinks that John A. Logan will be elected President of the Senate. Should such be the case and the President's office become vacant, we would have the cart before the horse in a fashion most lamentable.

The Birmingham Chronicle proposes to ram its editor into its little gun and fire an aggregation and conglomeration of ideas on the convict question into the opposition, which, we will warn all, will carry death and destruction in its path.

Frank A. Small and Sam W. Small are brothers. Sam was once private secretary to Andrew Johnson, and now bids fair to become the leading evangelist in the world. Frank is business agent for the famous actress Clara Morris.

The Eufaula Mail, which has been making an earnest and we trust, honest effort to get up a boom for Maj. Shorter for Governor, now acknowledges that the boom is all in favor of that pure statesman, ripe scholar and brave soldier, Capt. John M. McKleroy.

We endorse all that has been said by some of our confreres of the State press against the continuance of the Alabama railroad commission. The commission as it stands is a sham and a fraud, and has power to accomplish nothing. Such being the case, the law creating it should be repealed by the next Legislature.

Phil Givhan who shot and killed young Orr in Birmingham, during Sam Jones' meeting has been admitted to bail in the sum of \$2500. Mrs. Mattie Rose said she wasn't engaged to either of the men, and that Givhan had a pistol in his hand when she and Orr met him. Defence showed that Orr had threatened the life of Givhan a few hours before, but that Givhan knew it.

The Hon. Thomas Sadler, M. C., couldn't be present at the Tuscaloosa convention but he proposes to run over to the Savannah harbor convention on his way to Washington.—Birmingham Age.

By the way, Mr. Sadler's constituency in this "neck o' the woods" seem inclined to ask for the why and wherefore of his failure to attend one of the most important conventions ever assembled in our State?

Candidates for Secretary of State read and tremble. That irrepressible "old bald head," as he calls himself, Maj. Keiser, of the Opelika Times, has had the temerity to "lead the lion in his den." He has been to Birmingham shaking the paw of the spider-legged Young Democracy. We presume the membership is spider-legged as there appears to be very little understanding about the concern. Maj. Keiser being aware of this fact went up to give them some fatherly advice as to who to vote for in the convention, for the important position of Secretary of State.

The Governor and the University.

The proposal to put this or that man into the President's position at the University in order to take him out of the gubernatorial race is an extremely narrow one.

The position of President of the University is one not easy to fill properly—it is even more difficult than to fill the governor's chair. Because Gen. Clayton, Capt. McKleroy, Col. Dawson or any other gentleman may be competent to fill the President's position at the University does not signify that any one of them would fill the position with satisfaction. The President of a great institution of learning should possess a peculiar fitness, and be gifted with something of a bent in the direction of his field of labor, otherwise success cannot be counted upon. We would not inflict any man upon the University merely for the purpose of clearing the way for our choice in the race for governor. We have too much respect and veneration for the University, and believe that as much or more depends upon its being well officered than depends upon the filling of the Governor's place, which latter has dwindled to a private secretary's second fiddle.

Let us have less chicanery and wire pulling and there will be no need of such things as railroad commissions instituted for the purpose of "shelving" candidates and getting them "out of the way" of the fellows who are the most successful at the wire manipulating fundanges.

"The Dark Moss Whistles There."

This heading is from Ossian's poem "The Songs of Selma." It is recalled to memory by the following extracts:

Senator Morgan's letter to the Tuscaloosa Convention, while of course it was an able presentation of his "views," does not seem to be received with any great degree of enthusiasm, as it was rather a constitutional essay than a plea or argument in behalf of the proposed improvements, and does not indicate any very hearty support from him in the effort to secure an appropriation.—Montgomery Dispatch.

You are right. About the almighty truth it is that the people of Alabama are sick and tired of these long worded constitutional arguments about internal improvements. And why? Simply because they know that it has been the accepted and adopted policy of the government for years and years to make appropriations for internal improvements of national importance, and they naturally and rightfully demand a fair share of these appropriations. Senator Morgan, with all respect for his distinction, is only wasting time and talent when he labors upon essays like the one he sent to the Tuscaloosa Convention.—Bham Age.

The Age and the Dispatch are astute and observant presses. They have noticed at last that Senator Morgan has been holding to one position as a valiant "strict constructionist," so long that a very heavy growth of moss has taken entire possession of his otherwise dignified Senatorial back.

Intends to Stay at Home and Make the Race.

Bro. McIver, of the Tuskegee News, a candidate for Secretary of State by the way, seems to have understood fully the purpose of the river and harbor convention which met at Tuscaloosa. He says:

The editor of the News was prevented by circumstances over which he had no control from attending the river and harbor convention. * * * Our business is such that we will not be enabled to make a canvass in person, but what is done must be done by letter and through partial friends. The people know us however, and we are willing to bide their decision in convention without another thing being done.

The Cullman Progress has this to say of the View:

The Clanton View entered upon its fifth volume with the last issue. The View is one of the safest leaders in Alabama and we wish it many happy returns of the day.

We are inclined to think the Progress may be right. But it might have added something which it probably forgot, and which we can help it out in saying. It is, this: The Clanton View circulates through the finest mineral and timber section of Alabama, and as an advertising medium is unequalled. Advertising rates moderate. Subscription \$1.50 per annum. Subscribe now.

However, we will not neglect to thank our excellent contemporary for its encomiums and good wishes. Long may the Progress survive to supply just such truthful intellectual pabulum to an ever increasing constituency.

The Treasurer's Report.

The report of the State Treasurer, Hon. Fred. H. Smith, for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1885, is just from the hands of the printers, Messrs. Barrett & Co., and is a well arranged and well printed document. It goes into matters of minute detail and tells us everything we could wish to know about the operations of the treasury for the year which it covers. At least, this is our impression from a necessarily hasty examination. An unusual feature is a table at the end which gives the actual condition of the treasury as it stood at the close of business on each and every day of the year. The receipts are shown in one column, the disbursements in another and the balance on hand in a third. This last column is interesting as showing how greatly the cash balances differ at different times. For instance, the balance on October 2d, 1884, was \$221,052.13. It ran along near these figures until December 17th, 1884, when the money was drawn out for the January interest payment, leaving a balance of only \$81,442.64. By June 18th, 1885, it had climbed to \$483,697.05 when another interest payment was withdrawn, dropping the balance to \$327,151.65. It then crept down until the last day of the fiscal year, September 30th, closing at \$270,424.69. This illustrates how illusory are the treasury balances as shown at the close of the fiscal year. The lowest balance and not the highest nor the medium balances, is the one to look at when it comes to making appropriations. Nor will even this do, since part of the lowest balance is always money set aside for specific purposes. This leaves the real surplus next to nothing.

The total receipts of the treasury for the year were \$962,463.33. The total disbursements were \$916,945.67. The receipts from general taxes were \$678,421.54, and from licenses \$110,134.72. Extracts of figures might be continued indefinitely, and none of them being lacking in interest.

The following from the Troy Messenger, we commend to our farmers who are stuck on raising cotton:

The most pitiable disappointment is depicted on the face of almost every farmer who comes in town. The mere mention of the price of cotton is answered usually with a sigh. You have seen a moth flutter about and at a candle. How keen must be his disappointment when instead of a honey yielding flower he finds it to be a scorching flame. But his instinct is too much for him; he can not help his persistency and tries again and again until he can try no more. Is it by an instinct that our farmers persist in pursuing the destructive delusion of a profitable cotton crop? It surely is not reason that guides them.

The CHILTON VIEW's canicular correspondent tells the truth when he says "there should be a poll tax on dogs." But you see, only poor people have numerous dogs, and they love their dogs and hate the fellows that impose the dog tax, and you can't find members of the legislature to incur dangers incident to voting for a proper dog tax. A politician knowing which side of his bread is buttered, would vote a \$5 negro poll tax more cheerfully than a fifty cents on villainous cure. It's pluck, not brains, wanting in legislatures and dogs and not sheep that are prized in Alabama.—Age.

A man who has force of character and stands up squarely and boldly for the truth is sure to have enemies. He is a lofty mark at which the shafts of envy, malice and hatred are aimed. He is a champion who cannot be throttled in a fair fight, and his enemies sometimes resort to the vilest subterfuge to crush him, but like fine tempered steel, his character will bear the force of the shock.

A Good Platform.

Opelika Times.]

Editor Lawrence of the CHILTON VIEW, compliments us on our shining pate, and we may infer that he thinks the editor of the Times to be the "favorite bald head" of the State. We stand on the platform of a happy commingling of old and young America; and hope to win for Secretary of State on that combination alone, if such it can be called.

Vice-President Hendricks died on the 25th ult., at Indianapolis, of paralysis of the brain. He was buried Tuesday. The President's Cabinet attended the funeral in a body, but the President decided not to attend as a measure of safety to his party and the country.

The State Auditor's report given the same showing as down the State Treasurer's report. A synopsis of the latter appears elsewhere in this issue.

Assessor's Notice.

I will attend at the following named places on the following named days, for the purpose of assessing the State and county taxes of Chilton county, for the year 1886:

FIRST ROUND.
Benon, Monday, January 4
Dixie, Wednesday, " 6
Jack Harris, Thursday, " 7
R. Latham's Saturday, " 8
Mapleville, Monday, " 11
Macedonia, Tuesday, " 12
D. Wooley's, Wednesday, " 13
Providence, Thursday, " 14
S. E. Busby's, Friday, " 15
Jemison, Saturday, " 16
Asa Buzbee's Tuesday, " 19
Strasburg, Wednesday, " 20
Jno. Archer's Thursday, " 21
D. H. Mullins' Friday, " 22
Jno. Gore's, Saturday, " 23
Lemas, Monday, " 26
Clanton, Tuesday, " 27
Verbena, Thursday, " 28
Cooper's, Saturday, " 30
Kincheon, Tuesday, February 2

SECOND ROUND.
Dixie, Thursday, Feb'y 11
R. Latham's Saturday, " 13
Mapleville, Monday, " 15
Benon, Tuesday, " 16
Macedonia, Wednesday, " 17
Providence, Thursday, " 18
Jemison, Friday & Sat'd'y, " 19 & 20
D. H. Mullins' Friday, " 22
Clanton, Tuesday & Wed'y, " 23 & 24
Verbena, Frid. & Sat'd'y, " 26 & 27
Cooper's, Tues. & Wed. Mar. 2 & 3
Jno. Alred's, Thursday, " 4
Kincheon, Tuesday, " 9
Clanton, again Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, March 10, 11, and 12.

WM. A. SMITH,
Tax Assessor.

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a mortgage given by A. A. Dyer and Louisa Dyer to Callie A. King and transferred to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, on the 31st day of December, 1885, at Dixie, Ala., the following described property:

The south-west 1/4 of a section 4, lying west of Mulberry Creek, containing 25 acres, more or less, and a section 5, and a section 6, and a section 7, and a section 8, and a section 9, and a section 10, and a section 11, and a section 12, and a section 13, and a section 14, and a section 15, and a section 16, and a section 17, and a section 18, and a section 19, and a section 20, and a section 21, and a section 22, and a section 23, and a section 24, and a section 25, and a section 26, and a section 27, and a section 28, and a section 29, and a section 30, and a section 31, and a section 32, and a section 33, and a section 34, and a section 35, and a section 36, and a section 37, and a section 38, and a section 39, and a section 40, and a section 41, and a section 42, and a section 43, and a section 44, and a section 45, and a section 46, and a section 47, and a section 48, and a section 49, and a section 50, and a section 51, and a section 52, and a section 53, and a section 54, and a 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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA. DEC. 3, 1885.

When answering advertisements please mention this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
County—Fourth Monday in March, and 8th Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULES, N. & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1st 5:40 a. m.
No. 2 4:38 p. m.
No. 3 5:32 p. m.
No. 19 5:45 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 4 9:19 a. m.
No. 5 10:29 a. m.
No. 6 9:43 p. m.
No. 20 6:18 p. m.

Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 42, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.

Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.
Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas W. Eddler.

Senator Fifth Senatorial District—J. Person Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.

Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.

Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—Jasper T. Southerman.

Treasurer—James M. Parish.
Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.

Tax Collector—Hire M. Honevett.
Superintendent Education—W. U. Acree.

Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanoir, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

A Rich Hill Edict.

The Rich Hill girls held a meeting recently and adopted the following platform:

The man who takes the red, red wine can never glue his lips to mine.
The man who chews the navy plug, will in our parlor get no hug.
Who smokes, drinks or cuts a deck shall never, never bite my neck.
Don't you monkey with the cards, we can never more be pals.
The man who guzzles lager beer, can never, never chew my ear.
Drink nothing stronger than red pop, or in your lap I'll never flop.
I laugh but water you ever taste, just keep your arm off of my waist.
If you drink wine or other alops you never can hear my cornet pop.
The man who smokes the cigarette can never squeeze me you can bet.

Young ladies, we know where to find the young man you are looking for. A "five years" guarantee that he does nothing worse than chew gum. Write him at once.

Turkeys have commenced roosting high.

The academy is still increasing its number of pupils.

The men who advertise most have more bargains to advertise.

See mortgage sale of valuable real estate by Dr. T. E. Callier.

The Clanton public school has nearly fifty pupils in attendance.

Miss Virgie Smith, of Verbena, visited friends in Clanton this week.

Mr. Phil Givan, of Birmingham, visited Clanton Monday. He is recovering from his wounds.

It is said that a "duck of a girl," if not closely watched, is liable to go off and marry some quack.

Rev. Mr. Gowen, of Athens, will preach at the Clanton Baptist Church on next Sunday night.

The Baptist Sunday school choir had singing at the residence of Mrs. F. A. Hannon, on last Saturday night.

The young people of Clanton enjoyed a social gathering at the residence of Mr. Jno. Garner, last Monday night.

Mr. "Tip" Mullins, of the Waxahatchee neighborhood, has come to Clanton to attend the present session at the Academy.

Rev. J. L. Sampey has sold his residence to Mr. B. H. Chesnut. Mr. Sampey intends to move to Birmingham about the first of January.

Miss Emma Scott, of Montgomery county, who for a year had a school at Bivings, Duke & Co's Mill, has been on a visit to friends at the Mill.

Miss Lidia Meredith, one of Montevallo's queenly young ladies visited her sister Miss Lucy Meredith, at Clanton, on Friday and Saturday.

Don't talk of dull times. Your everlasting talking of dull times makes them stay dull. Let everybody go to work and quit grumbling and the country will be saved.

The Columbian Banner of Liberty advertises that it is dabbling with another paper at \$200 per year cash, for the two. We think we can beat that on the club rate. We will send the Clanton View and Democrat's Monthly one year for \$2.75. So don't let the Banner man get hold of your \$200, for by accepting our offer you will get two papers and have \$197.25 left, with which to buy your wife a new winter bonnet, and still have enough left perhaps to buy the boys their Christmas fire-crackers.

The Birmingham Age says: "The Clanton View is the breeziest and grinningest paper in Alabama." The Age thinks our breezes and grins are due to the way our subscribers pay up their subscriptions and make us presents of "possum." Yes, we "take the grins" sometimes when we think of the way some of our subscribers pay up. And then sometimes when we get after them with a long bill, quite a lively breeze is raised. Yubetchyer!

Capt W. A. Smith, our worthy tax assessor was in to see us the other day, and contributed \$6.00 worth of subscribers to the View list, and said he had more in prospect. We intend to be good to you Captain, until you bring in the rest, but don't delay on that account.

We have added a news department to the Stationery Stand and can now supply you with anything you wish in the way of literature. We keep a good supply of Seaside and other libraries on hand and can order anything you wish to read, and get it for you at publishers' prices. Come to see us.

"I believe," said a reporter, turning to the managing editor, "that I can write best when I put my feet in cold water. It is a decided improvement."

"Yes," replied the editor, "it is an improvement when you put your feet in water whether you write or no."

Candidates are getting ripe, and will be ready for gathering after Christmas. If they want to be gathered into the offices they should announce their names that the people may know what sort of stock they are to choose from. "Still hunting" won't get the offices.

The last Legislature passed a law which prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors at Cooper's Station after January, 1886. The prohibitionists of the county are indebted to Senator Falkner, Chairman of the Temperance Committee for the successful passage of this act.

The View recently ordered for Mr. B. H. Chesnut a fine organ from the Chicago Cottage Organ Company, of Chicago, Ill. It is an instrument which gives great satisfaction wherever sold. Another is offered for sale at a low figure. Apply at this office.

Any one wishing to purchase a good farm in good fix with every convenience (160 acres of land) located 8 miles west of Clanton should call on or address W. M. Henley, Clanton, Ala. A good gin and engine on the place.

A Grand Drawing.

Montgomery Advertiser: An Advertiser reporter was yesterday shown a collection of beautiful and costly presents that are included in a great scheme of prize drawing which has been devised by Mr. Otto Stoelker, a prominent jeweler of this city, in which 25 per cent. of the net proceeds is to be given to the Confederate Monument. There are 205 of them altogether, and they embrace diamonds, rubies, emeralds and other jewelry, silverware, solid as well as plated, watches, clocks, etc. The capital prize is a pair of \$800 solitaire diamond ring rings as large and pretty as anybody could want.

Tickets for this great drawing are for sale at the View office. You can aid a worthy cause by purchasing.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

W. W. Reed, druggist, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "One of my customers, Mrs. Louisa Pike, Bartonia, Randolph Co., Ind., was a long sufferer with Consumption, and was given up to die by her physicians. She heard of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and began buying it of me. In six months' time she walked to this city, a distance of six miles, and is now so much improved she has quit using it. She feels she owes her life to it." Free Trial Bottle at M. J. Greene's Drug Store, Clanton, Ala.

SAVED HIS LIFE.

Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., says he was, for many years, badly afflicted with Phthisis also Diabetes; the pains were almost unendurable and would sometimes almost throw him into convulsions. He tried Electric Bitters and got relief from first bottle and after taking six bottles, was entirely cured and had gained in flesh eighteen pounds. Says he positively believes he would have died, had it not been for the relief afforded by Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR! GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!

Special Dispatch to the CHILTON VIEW.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 2, 1885.—The fierce fight that is being carried on here by Messrs. GEORGE B. BROWN & CO. against high prices being paid for Furniture, is still going on. Their cause is a worthy one, and is one that every person should be interested in. They are determined that the people shall no longer pay high prices for Furniture. To see the crowds that are continually entering their store, and the amount of Furniture that is sent out, goes to show that the people are with them, and that they are doing all they claim.

Yours Respectfully,

BYRON GEORGE.

Glorious News! The Long Looked for Time Has Arrived!

NO MORE HIGH PRICES!

WE ARE THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES!

We sell Furniture at retail as Cheap as it can be bought at the Factories at wholesale by other dealers. How can we do it? Why we get everything direct from the Factory as it comes from the machine all in pieces. We put it together and finish it ourselves, thereby saving the profits that are made at the Factories. Everything is finished in first-class order. When you come to Montgomery call on us and see for yourselves. We are also the only agents in Montgomery for some of the largest Furniture manufacturers in the United States. We quote a few prices:

Bedroom Suits from \$12 to \$800; Bureaus \$6.50 to \$18; Bedsteads—Walnut \$7 to \$180, Common \$1.60 to \$12, Single \$1.75 to \$35; Chairs—Walnut \$1.50 to \$6.50, Maple .65 to .75, Split Bottom .40 to \$1.00, Large Rocker \$2.50, Nurse Rocker \$1.25; Lounges from \$9 to \$22; Lounge Bed \$12 to \$35; Mattresses (cotton top) \$3; Parlor Suits from \$50 to \$250; Sofas \$3 to \$7.50; Tables \$1.75 to \$9.50; Wardrobes \$8.50 to \$75.

Everything else in proportion. Everything guaranteed that we sell.

oct29-cm

GEO. B. BROWN & CO.,
107 South Court St., Montgomery.

1866.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

**HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.**

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON.

aug13-4m

DIXIE, ALABAMA.

GO TO T. S. SMITH
BIRMINGHAM.

**For Dry Goods, Notions, Boots,
Shoes, Clothing, Hardware,
Hats and Caps,**

Saddles, Bridles, Harness and Family Groceries.

Twentieth Street Between First and Second Avenue [oct15-3]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chiblain's Corns and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.

FIRST AVENUE,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience. I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last fifteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-11 Rev. J. O. GURLEY.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Headache, Dizziness, Bloating, Pain in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a distention to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weakness, Distress, Flushing at the heart, Heat before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with sleep, Dreams, Highly colored Urine, and Biliousness.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to induce confidence. They improve the appetite, and cause the body to be healthy and strong. They are sold by all druggists, and by the proprietors, J. C. Tuttle & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair or Whiskers turned to Black by a single application of this Dye. It is a pure vegetable preparation, and does not contain any mercury or other injurious substance. It is sold by all druggists, and by the proprietors, J. C. Tuttle & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

DISOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between L. J. Hand and H. J. Callen, of Clanton county, Alabama, under the firm name and style of L. J. Hand & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 9th day of October, 1885. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be collected by the said L. J. Hand, and all demands on the said partnership are to be paid to him by payment to L. J. HAND.

A. J. BROOKS
AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in Clanton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

LOCKWOOD & MILLER
UNDERTAKERS

UNDER FLORENCE HOTEL,
—BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—

Keep a full line of COFFINS, CASES, and CASKETS, both in metal and wood from the finest to the commonest, and at ALL PRICES. Orders by telegram promptly attended to. In telegraphing state only length and price wanted. [oct15-7]

Calera Foundry and Machine Shops.

Sandgren & Francis, Lessees.

—CALERA, ALABAMA.—

ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

—SAW MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.—

[oct15-6m]

HENRY C. MAYER,
Proprietor of
City Shoe Store,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Valises and Satchels.

McD. GRAY
Has Opened
A NEW STOCK OF GOODS

at his place of residence two miles Southwest of Kinchen, and will sell them as cheap as on the railroad. I have almost everything you would call for.

Come And See for Yourself. [oct15-3m]

Verbena, Clanton Co., Ala.

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary department, per mo.	\$1.50.
Preparatory " "	2.00.
Intermediate " "	3.00.
Academic " "	4.00.
Music " "	3.00.
Contingent fee per term	.50.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy. Railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena, is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.

That we may guarantee satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regular.

For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. U. ACREE, B.S., August 17th Principal.

Clanton Academy.

CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The next session of this institution, will commence September 21, 1885, and will continue ten scholastic months, divided into two terms of five months each.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments, Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary Department	\$1.50
Junior " "	2.50
Senior " "	3.50
High School " "	5.50
Music " "	3.00

Tuition payable monthly IN ADVANCE as required by the Board of Trustees.

Public examinations of the pupils of the school will be held at the close of each session, and exhibitions will not be had at any time.

Music will be taught on piano and organ, by a competent lady assistant.

Board can be obtained by pupils of the school in private families in Clanton at very moderate rates.

For further information address

R. E. R. HICKS,

Principal.

S. E. HIRSCHER'S

MONTGOMERY

Music Emporium.

21 DEXTER AVENUE.

Is headquarters for Fine Oil Paintings, Engravings, Steel Engravings, Chromos, Picture Frames, French and English Stationery, Fancy Paperies, Holiday Goods and Novelties of all kinds.

We are agents for the celebrated Kranich and Bach and Stief Pianos, which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned

Eskey Organs.

JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both in sheet and instrumental. Music can be tried before purchasing, an advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy Goods of all kinds, will be daily received, and the ladies especially are cordially invited to call and see us. Politely attention to all whether purchasers or not. An elegant new stock of new dresses, viz: Chromos, Fine Oil Paintings, French Engravings and Steel Engravings, and prices within the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders by mail promptly attended to. **Pianos and Organs Sold on Easy Terms.** Address S. E. HIRSCHER, 21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala. sept17-3m]

NOTICE NO. 4416.

LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: Benjamin Deavenport, homestead 9891, for the s w quarter of a e quarter section 34, township 23 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Brantwell, Wintington E. Smith, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4498.

LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 16, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 24, 1886, viz: John Edwards homestead 10644 for the e s of n e s e of s e s e 30 township 21 north range 18 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Abram C. Mims, Francis M. Headley, Monroe Durbin and Newton Culp, all of Kinchen, Alabama. nov16-2 Thos. J. Scott, Register.

McD. GRAY

Has Opened

A NEW STOCK OF GOODS

at his place of residence two miles Southwest of Kinchen, and will sell them as cheap as on the railroad. I have almost everything you would call for.

Come And See for Yourself. [oct15-3m]

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
J. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.
Published Every Thursday Morning.
CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 10, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

The Age wants a public building for Birmingham. The place should have one by all means.

The Eulaw Whig and Observer say: "The CHILTON VIEW is pretty generally correct in its views."

That worthy old Democratic standard bearer, the Eulaw Whig and Observer is now an all home print paper.

Our old friend of the Tennessee Valley, the Moulton Advertiser, fails to reach as regularly. Why is it so, Bro. White?

Wm. H. Vanderbilt, the railroad king, dropped dead at his home in New York on Tuesday. His demise resulted from paralysis of the brain.

The retiring of the almighty silver dollar is being talked of. So far as we are concerned, it appears that the article was retired some time ago.

Miss Virginia C. Clay, daughter of the editor of the Huntsville Democrat, is conducting the publication of the Democrat during the protracted illness of her father.

The Lake de Funiak Forestry Congress will be held on the 17th inst. Its purposes commend it to everybody, and it behooves those interested in the lumber business, especially, to attend.

The Livingston Journal should be consistent. It gave Rev. Sam Jones a very severe if not a really harsh criticism and yet to more forcibly present a point it does not hesitate to quote from Rev. Sam.

The Linden Reporter has never condescended to exchange with the VIEW since we rubbed its back the wrong way. May the Reporter live long to enlighten and shed a halo of glory over the denizens of the hoary little town of Linden.

The Jeff Davis artillery will hold a re-union in Selma soon. One of the members living in our section says there is one deserter from this famous company who is now living in Alabama. We presume he is not expected to attend the re-union.

Editor Melver of the Tuskegee News thinks State officers should subscribe for every good newspaper published in the State. As the VIEW is one of them we shall expect to add Bro. Melver's name to our subscription list when he is elected Secretary of State. Only \$1.50 per annum.

Somewhat twits the Livingston Journal man upon being "youthful and verdant." The Journal says: "Heaven knows we're sorry we're young, but we can't help it, and if the good Lord ever tides us over the disgrace, we'll promise never to sink so low again." Bro. Herr should not be despondent. It is no greater crime to be young and charming than it is to be old and mean.

We make our best bow to that sterling journal, the Birmingham Age, for the following compliment. Coming from such a high source it is greatly appreciated:

We have often advertised and loaded and now and then poked fun at the CHILTON VIEW. It raps us over the knuckles now and then, but never forgets to land its own and chant the praises of its county. Its local patriotism is intense and it is the best and wisest servitor possible of the people who maintain it.

A correspondent of a New York paper who called on Mr. Blaine at Augusta, on Thanksgiving day, to ask him for an expression of opinion concerning the death of Mr. Hendricks, was met in the drawing room by Miss Maggie Blaine, who said: "Papa has gone out and will not return until after Thanksgiving day." "As the correspondent stood in the hall to adjust his neck wrap," he writes, "he saw the Hon. James G. Blaine looking at him from behind a pair of plush portieres—that is, he saw his nose, one eye and a part of his beard, but 'twas quite enough." The correspondent may have been mistaken, for we don't like to believe that young ladies tell stories.

Congress in Session.

Congress met on Tuesday. John Sherman, of Ohio, was elected President of the Senate by a strict party vote. Senator Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee, was placed in nomination by the Democrats. The vote was 34 to 29 in favor of Sherman. In the House John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, was placed in nomination by the Democrats for Speaker, and Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, was placed in nomination by the Republicans. The vote stood 177 for Carlisle and 138 for Reed; and the former was declared elected amid great applause. Much work is before the body.

They Never Make Mistakes.

The Selma Times thinks Mr. McKleroy exhibited bad judgment in withdrawing from the race for Governor two years since. A very large majority of the press, and we have every reason to believe a large majority of the Democratic party think that Mr. McKleroy exhibited the soundest judgment by that act.

It was not so much a mistake of Mr. McKleroy in entering the race during that campaign, as it was a mistake of the Democratic party in desiring to abide by the silly custom of giving a governor two terms.

Mr. McKleroy was too patriotic to run counter to the wishes of his party, and instead of throwing the mistake where it properly belonged he took it upon himself in a most manly and patriotic address to the people of the State in which he gave his reasons for withdrawing from the race.

The immaculate few who never make mistakes, are those who would hold on to an error if they saw no chance of transferring it to other shoulders than their own. They are too far above poor humanity for a reasonable mortal to attempt reaching their eminence.

Our usually well informed contemporary, the Bibb Blade, gets loose on the trigger and goes off at a tangent on the University question. It says:

We are at a loss to see any authority the Trustees have to provide a home and a support for a large family because the head of such family died while in the service of the University.

The only trouble is that the Blade is perhaps not quite so well acquainted with the affairs of the University as it should be. The authority of the Board of Trustees of the University over the faculty and finances is absolute and unquestionable. The State has no authority except to appoint the Board of Trustees through the Governor to be confirmed by the Senate, or perhaps to depose such officers should they prove dishonest or incompetent.

The Blade further says: Moreover, we don't see that the University, or any other state institution, is in any way obligated to provide for Col. Lewis' family any more than it would be the family of a cook or a washerwoman's family who died while in its employ.

Again the Blade "don't see" because its vision perhaps does not extend further than its knowledge of the institution which it criticizes. The University is in fact under serious obligations to Dr. Lewis for this reason: When that lamented gentleman was made President of the institution—it was little more than a Tuscaloosa college with about 100 cadets in attendance. Dr. Lewis extended its reputation throughout the borders of the State, by canvassing and other arduous work, and increased the roll of matriculates for the present session to 230. Will our neighbor of the Blade claim that it would have been fair and equitable to place another party at once into the President's position to enjoy the fruits of the labor of the dead President?

In criticizing the Montgomery Advertiser's position in the matter the Blade flies the track again with the following:

When such flimsy reasons as the above can be presented by the leading paper in the state in defense of a great body like the Trustees of the University in its dereliction of duty, we fear the time is coming when the organ of the administration will wink at neglect of duty in offices of more importance.

The Advertiser's position was not a defence. That press had advised the Trustees how to act in the matter previous to the meeting of the Board. The Board followed the advice given to the letter. And the reason was probably this: The editor of the so-called "organ" is a distinguished graduate of the University and was for some time assistant or adjunct professor in

the department of chemistry. He is well acquainted with the affairs of the University and is aware of the "authority" vested in the Board of Trustees; and his advice was all the more weighty because it was reasonable and just.

It is to be regretted that our bright and worthy neighbor should attempt to find fault with the Board of Trustees of the University because it is not particularly fond of one of the members of the Board who is a candidate for Governor. Groundless fault finding cannot help and might injure its cause.

The Next Governor.

The Hayneville Examiner comes out with the following advertisement, and we earnestly hope the Examiner will be able to find just such a man:

WANTED—TO HIRE.—For two years beginning the latter part of November, 1885, the State of Alabama wishes to hire, for the benefit of her people, a servant to act as Governor. He must be a likely and well-bred man, not under thirty-five years old, and a natural citizen. He must be a man who will not degrade the place by begging men to give it to him, and who when he gets it, will conscientiously buckle himself down to his business engagement and not run about over the State. He should be a person of experience in the State's affairs, and one who has shown some clear indication of the course he will pursue when he is set to work; and, indeed, if he has ever served the State, his recommendations must point out in what particular way his services were rendered. He is also expected to be moral and sober, of mature judgment and discretion—one who will know that he is a hired man and not a figure-head. His particular duties are defined by the laws of the State, and are emphasized by the oath of office, and should be impressed on his conscience. Neither gallantry, erudition, oratory, or after-dinner speeches are necessary qualifications for the place, but practical sense, a clear character, experience in public affairs and firm convictions, as well as vigilance in the exercise of his duties, so as to lighten taxes, are absolutely required. The pay is \$250 a month, due the last day of each month, and hence is equivalent to about \$3,000 a year. Very few persons who have heretofore been so employed have earned their wages.

A correspondent writing to an exchange hits the signers of whiskey selling petitions a hard one in the following paragraph:

Under the statute laws of Alabama every man who can get the consent of his mind to be mean enough to sell liquor must find twenty men to say to the probate judge that they are as the law dealer. Now this is rather hard, but wine and endure, liquor-dealing church men. The more you squirm the more good I am doing. Dr. Pendleton said the other day that he had never seen a real pious Christian dancer. So I say, I have never seen a praying Christian who sold liquor or signed petitions for others to sell. Say, Br'n, editors, do you know one? I believe I will offer a reward of one thousand dollars for one pious, godly, Christian man who has sold liquor for thirty days; I mean while engaged in such business. No, sir, I say no man can stand there. A man who could might as well engage in the ice cream business in hell, as to remain a praying, consistent Christian and sell liquor or drink it as a beverage. Nine times out of ten when you hear a church man apologizing for this business you can put him down as a very poor Christian. Think of what I have said, time and again, that this business has God's curse upon it, the curse of law, and the curse of every good woman in Alabama. Why is it that no good man or woman will go into one of these licensed pitfalls of misery?

The Columbian Banner of Liberty sticks a long knife right under the fifth rib of the Mayor of Montgomery in this style:

The following card of invitation has been sent to the whiskey men of Atlanta by Mayor Reese, of Montgomery: "This is a wet city and a liberal one in sentiment. There is a good opening here for several good jobbers in your line, and I think it would pay you to look into the matter. I will gladly give you any information." We are not only surprised, but positively shocked at the contents of this card from the Mayor of our Capital City. Instead of exerting his efforts to abolish the curse from our beautiful and thriving capital, he is actually using his influence to bring more of the infernal stuff to that city. While all of the good citizens of nearly every town and city in the State are endeavoring to exclude this curse, he, the Mayor of the capital of Alabama, actually invites men to come there and engage in the hellish work.

For Sale.

A fine farm of three hundred and eighty acres with all necessary buildings and with a good dwelling. The place is known as the Minor Woolley place and is located about three miles from old Maplesville, in Chilton county, Alabama. For terms and further information call on or address

Assessor's Notice.

I will attend at the following named places on the following named days, for the purpose of assessing the State and county taxes of Chilton county, for the year 1886:

DECEMBER BOARD.
Denon, Monday, January 4.
Dixie, Wednesday, " 6.
Jack Harris, Thursday, " 7.
R. Latham's, Saturday, " 9.
Maplesville, Monday, " 11.
Macedonia, Tuesday, " 12.
D. Woolley's, Wednesday, " 13.
Providence, Thursday, " 14.
S. E. Busby's, Friday, " 15.
Jenison, Saturday, " 16.
Ann Buzbee's, Tuesday, " 19.
Strauburg, Wednesday, " 20.
Jno. Archer's, Thursday, " 21.
D. H. Mullins, Friday, " 22.
Jno. Gore's, Saturday, " 23.
Lomax, Monday, " 25.
Clanton, Tuesday, " 26.
Verlona, Thursday, " 28.
Cooper's, Saturday, " 30.
Kinchen, Tuesday, February 2.
WM. A. SMITH,
Tax Assessor.

Mortgage Sale.

Valuable Land

By virtue of a mortgage given by A. A. Dyer and Louisa Dyer to Callie A. King and transferred to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, on cash, on the 31st day of December, 1885, at Dixie, Ala., the following described property: The southwest 1/4 of section 4, lying west of Mulberry Creek, containing 25 acres, more or less, and a section 5, and a section 6, and a section 7, and a section 8, and a section 9, and a section 10, and a section 11, and a section 12, and a section 13, and a section 14, and a section 15, and a section 16, and a section 17, and a section 18, and a section 19, and a section 20, and a section 21, and a section 22, and a section 23, and a section 24, and a section 25, and a section 26, and a section 27, and a section 28, and a section 29, and a section 30, and a section 31, and a section 32, and a section 33, and a section 34, and a section 35, and a section 36, and a section 37, and a section 38, and a section 39, and a section 40, and a section 41, and a section 42, and a section 43, and a section 44, and a 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CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
JNO. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.

Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 10, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.00
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

The Age wants a public building for Birmingham. The place should have one by all means.

The Eutaw Whig and Observer say: "The CHILTON VIEW is pretty generally correct in its views."

That worthy old Democratic standard bearer, the Eutaw Whig and Observer is now an all home print paper.

Our old friend of the Tennessee Valley, the Nulton Advertiser, fails to reach us regularly. Why is it so, Bro. White?

Wm. H. Vanderbilt, the railroad king, dropped dead at his home in New York on Tuesday. His demise resulted from paralysis of the brain.

The retiring of the almighty silver dollar is being talked of. So far as we are concerned, it appears that the article was retired some time ago.

Miss Virginia C. Clay, daughter of the editor of the Huntsville Democrat, is conducting the publication of the Democrat during the protracted illness of her father.

The Lake de Funiak Forestry Congress will be held on the 17th inst. Its purposes commend it to everybody, and it behooves those interested in the lumber business, especially, to attend.

The Livingston Journal should be consistent. It gave Rev. Sam Jones a very severe if not a really harsh criticism and yet to more forcibly present a point it does not hesitate to quote from Rev. Sam.

The Linden Reporter has never condescended to exchange with the View since we rubbed its back the wrong way. May the Reporter live long to enlighten and shed a halo of glory over the denizens of the hoary little town of Linden.

The Jeff. Davis artillery will hold a re-union in Selma soon. One of the members living in our section says there is one deserter from this famous company who is now living in Alabama. We presume he is not expected to attend the re-union.

Editor Melver of the Tuskegee News thinks State officers should subscribe for every good newspaper published in the State. As the View is one of them we shall expect to add Bro. Melver's name to our subscription list when he is elected Secretary of State. Only \$1.50 per annum.

Sombody twits the Livingston Journal man upon being "youthful and verdant." The Journal says: "Heaven knows we're sorry we're young, but we can't help it, and if the good Lord ever tides us over the disgrace, we'll promise never to sink so low again." Bro. Herr should not be despondent. It is no greater crime to be young and charming than it is to be old and mean.

We make our best bow to that sterling journal, the Birmingham Age, for the following compliment. Coming from such a high source it is greatly appreciated:

We have often advertised and lauded and now then poked fun at the CHILTON VIEW. It raps us over the knuckles now and then, but never forgets to land its town and chant the praises of its county. Its local patriotism is intense and it is the best and wisest servitor possible of the people who maintain it.

A correspondent of a New York paper who called on Mr. Blaine at Augusta, on Thanksgiving day, to ask him for an expression of opinion concerning the death of Mr. Hendricks, was met in the drawing-room by Miss Maggie Blaine, who said: "Papa has gone out and will not return until after Thanksgiving day." "As the correspondent stood in the hall to adjust his neck wrap," he writes, "he saw the Hon. James G. Blaine looking at him from behind a pair of plush portieres—that is, he saw his nose, one eye and a part of his beard, but 'twas quite enough." The correspondent may have been mistaken, for we don't like to believe that young ladies tell stories.

Congress in Session.

Congress met on Tuesday. John Sherman, of Ohio, was elected President of the Senate by a strict party vote. Senator Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee, was placed in nomination by the Democrats. The vote was 34 to 29 in favor of Sherman. In the House John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, was placed in nomination by the Democrats for Speaker, and Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, was placed in nomination by the Republicans. The vote stood 177 for Carlisle and 138 for Reed; and the former was declared elected amid great applause. Much work is before the body.

They Never Make Mistakes.

The Selma Times thinks Mr. McKleroy exhibited bad judgment in withdrawing from the race for Governor two years since. A very large majority of the press, and we have every reason to believe a large majority of the Democratic party think that Mr. McKleroy exhibited the soundest judgment by that act.

It was not so much a mistake of Mr. McKleroy in entering the race during that campaign, as it was a mistake of the Democratic party in desiring to abide by the silly custom of giving a governor two terms.

Mr. McKleroy was too patriotic to run counter to the wishes of his party, and instead of throwing the mistake where it properly belonged he took it upon himself in a most manly and patriotic address to the people of the State in which he gave his reasons for withdrawing from the race.

The immaculate few who never make mistakes, are those who would hold on to an error if they saw no chance of transferring it to other shoulders than their own. They are too far above poor humanity for a reasonable mortal to attempt reaching their eminence.

Our usually well informed contemporary, the Bibb Blade, gets loose on the trigger and goes off at a tangent on the University question. It says:

We are at a loss to see any authority the Trustees have to provide a home and a support for a large family because the head of such family died while in the service of the University.

The only trouble is that the Blade is perhaps not quite so well acquainted with the affairs of the University as it should be. The authority of the Board of Trustees of the University over the faculty and finances is absolute and unquestionable. The State has no authority except to appoint the Board of Trustees through the Governor to be confirmed by the Senate, or perhaps to depose such officers should they prove dishonest or incompetent.

The Blade further says: Moreover, we don't see that the University, or any other state institution, is in any way obligated to provide for Col. Lewis' family any more than it would be the family of a cook or a washerwoman's family who died while in its employ.

Again the Blade "don't see" because its vision perhaps does not extend further than its knowledge of the institution which it criticizes. The University is in fact under serious obligations to Dr. Lewis for this reason: When that lamented gentleman was made President of the institution—it was little more than a Tuscaloosa college with about 100 cadets in attendance. Dr. Lewis extended its reputation throughout the borders of the State, by canvassing and other arduous work, and increased the roll of matriculates for the present session to 230. Will our neighbor of the Blade claim that it would have been fair and equitable to place another party at once into the President's position to enjoy the fruits of the labor of the dead President?

In criticizing the Montgomery Advertiser's position in the matter the Blade flies the track again with the following:

When such flimsy reasons as the above can be presented by the leading paper in the state in defense of a great body like the Trustees of the University in its dereliction of duty, we fear the time is coming when the organ of the administration will wink at neglect of duty in offices of more importance.

The Advertiser's position was not a defence. That press had advised the Trustees how to act in the matter previous to the meeting of the Board. The Board followed the advice given in the letter. And the reason was probably this: The editor of the so-called "organ" is a distinguished graduate of the University and was for some time assistant or adjunct professor in

the department of chemistry. He is well acquainted with the affairs of the University and is aware of the "authority" vested in the Board of Trustees; and his advice was all the more weighty because it was reasonable and just.

It is to be regretted that our bright and worthy neighbor should attempt to find fault with the Board of Trustees of the University because it is not particularly fond of one of the members of the Board who is a candidate for Governor. Groundless fault finding cannot help and might injure its cause.

The Next Governor.

The Hayneville Examiner comes out with the following advertisement, and we earnestly hope the Examiner will be able to find just such a man:

WANTED—TO HIRE.—For two years beginning the latter part of November, 1886, the State of Alabama wishes to hire, for the benefit of her people, a servant to act as Governor. He must be a likely and well-bred man, not under thirty-five years old, and a naturalized citizen. He must be a man who will not degrade the place by begging men to give it to him, and who when he gets it, will conscientiously buckle himself down to his business engagement and not run about over the State. He should be a person of experience in the State's affairs, and one who has shown some clear indication of the course he will pursue when he is set to work; and, indeed, if he has ever served the State, his recommendations must point out in what particular way his services were rendered. He is also expected to be moral and sober, of mature judgment and discretion—one who will know that he is a hired man and not a figure-head. His particular duties are defined by the laws of the State, and are emphasized by the oath of office, and should be impressed on his conscience. Neither gallantry, erudition, oratory, or after-dinner speeches are necessary qualifications for the place, but practical sense, a clean character, experience in public affairs and firm convictions, as well as vigilance in the exercise of his duties, so as to lighten taxes, are absolutely required. The pay is \$250 a month, due the last day of each month, and hence is equivalent to about \$3,000 a year. Very few persons who have heretofore been so employed have earned their wages.

A correspondent writing to an exchange hits the signers of whiskey selling petitions a hard one in the following paragraph:

Under the statute laws of Alabama every man who can get the consent of his mind to be mean enough to sell liquor must find twenty men to say to the probate judge that they are as the liquor dealer. Now this is rather hard, but wince and endure, liquor-dealing church men. The more you squirm the more good I am doing. Dr. Pendleton said the other day that he had never seen a real pious Christian dancer. So I say, I have never seen a praying Christian who sold liquor or signed petitions for others to sell. Say, Br'n editors, do you know one? I believe I will offer a reward of one thousand dollars for one pious, godly, Christian man who has sold liquor for thirty days; I mean while engaged in such business. No, sir, I say no man can stand there. A man who could might as well engage in the ice cream business in hell, as to remain a praying, consistent Christian and sell liquor or drink it as a beverage. Nine times out of ten when you hear a church man apologizing for this business you can put him down as a very poor Christian. Think of what I have said, time and again, that this business has God's curse upon it, the curse of law, and the curse of every good woman in Alabama. Why is it that no good man or woman will go into one of these licensed pitfalls of misery?

The Columbian Banner of Liberty sticks a long knife right under the fifth rib of the Mayor of Montgomery in this style:

The following card of invitation has been sent to the whiskey men of Atlanta by Mayor Reese, of Montgomery: "This is a wet city and a liberal one in sentiment. There is a good opening here for several good jobbers in your line, and I think it would pay you to look into the matter. I will gladly give you any information." We are not only surprised, but positively shocked at the contents of this card from the Mayor of our Capital City. Instead of exerting his efforts to abolish the curse from our beautiful and thriving capital, he is actually using his influence to bring more of the infernal stuff to that city. While all of the good citizens of nearly every town and city in the State are endeavoring to exclude this curse, he, the Mayor of the capital of Alabama, actually invites men to come there and engage in the hellish work.

For Sale.

A fine farm of three hundred and eighty acres with all necessary buildings and with a good dwelling. The place is known as the Minor Woolley place and is located about three miles from old Maplesville, in Chilton county, Alabama. For terms and further information call on or address

Assessor's Notice.

I will attend at the following named places on the following named days, for the purpose of assessing the State and county taxes of Chilton county, for the year 1886:

FIRST ROUND.
Benson, Monday, January 4
Dixie, Tuesday, " 5
Jack Harris, Thursday, " 7
R. Latham's, Saturday, " 9
Maplesville, Monday, " 11
Macedonia, Tuesday, " 12
D. Woolley's, Wednesday, " 13
Providence, Thursday, " 14
E. Busby's, Friday, " 15
Verden, Saturday, " 16
Ava Bullock's, Tuesday, " 19
Strasburg, Wednesday, " 20
Jno. Archer's, Thursday, " 21
D.H. Mullins' Friday, " 22
Jno. Gore's, Saturday, " 23
Lomax, Monday, " 25
Ganton, Tuesday, " 26
Verden, Wednesday, " 27
Cooper's, Thursday, " 28
Kinchen, Saturday, " 30
Kinchen, Tuesday, February 2

WM. A. SMITH,
Tax Assessor.

Mortgage Sale.

—OF—

Valuable Land

By virtue of a mortgage given by A. A. Dyer and Louisa Dyer to Callie A. King and transferred to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, on the 31st day of December, 1885, at Dixie, Ala., the following described property: The southwest 1/4 of s w 1 section 4, lying west of Mulberry Creek, containing 25 acres, more or less, and s e 1/4 of s e 1/4 of section 5, and s w 1/4 of s e 1/4 of section 5, and n e 1/4 of s w 1/4 of section 5, and n e 1/4 of s w 1/4 of section 5, north of Andrews' Branch, it being part of n w 1/4 of section 5, township 20, range 12, also a fraction that commences at a w corner of n e 1/4 of n w 1/4 section 10, township 20, range 12, thence north 70 yards, thence east to the big road, thence along said big road to the Morgan Branch, thence down said branch to s e corner of n e 1/4 of n w 1/4 section 5, township 20, range 12, containing about 208 acres more or less, in Chilton county, Alabama, said mortgage having been recorded the 6th day of December, 1884, in Volume 14 page 6 of Records at Clanton, Ala.

T. E. CALLIER,
Dixie, Ala., Dec. 1, 1885. 4t

NOTICE NO. 4418.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: William E. Smith, homestead 9123, for the east half of n w quarter, section 34, township 23 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Braswell, Ben Deavenport, David Posey, Jasper Jones all of Randolph, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

Probate Notice.

In the matter of the petition of Francis House for the sale of certain real estate for partition or division. Probate Court of Chilton county, December 5th, 1885.

To Thomas Littleton and all parties at interest, take notice that the day came the said Francis House, of said county, and filed his petition, alleging himself to be the joint owner with Mrs. Stella Martin, Ella Rodgers, Sarah Burnett, Randy Robinson, Oda Robinson, Maggie Maddox, Thomas Maddox, Emma Maddox, all residents of said county and State, and Thomas Littleton, who resides in the State of Mississippi, of certain real estate lying in said county, and personal property, and praying that said property be sold for partition and division, on the ground that the same cannot be equitably divided without a sale thereof. It is ordered that the said petition be read, and that the said parties be heard thereon, and that the said parties be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties at interest may appear and contest the same if they see proper so to do.

H. J. CALLEN,
Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Sale.

—OF—

REAL ESTATE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to me by Harris Foshee and Michael Foshee, on the 11th day of March, 1885, and recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama, in Book No. 13 of Mortgages, page 231, we will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash the town of Clanton for cash to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, the 19th day of December, 1885, the following described real estate, to-wit: The s e quarter of a w quarter and n w quarter of s e quarter section 32, township 22, range 14 east, all lying and being in Chilton county, Alabama.

W. M. WILSON & BRO.,
Montgomery, Ala.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to me by W. D. Martin and Angeline Martin, on the 29th day of January, 1885, and recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Ala., on page 155 in Vol. 14 of Records, I will proceed to sell at the residence of W. D. Martin, in Chilton county, Alabama, on Monday, the 14th day of December, 1885, for cash to the highest bidder, the following described real estate to-wit: Fifty acres of land numbered as follows: The n e quarter of n e quarter, and ten acres lying in the northeast corner of southwest quarter of township 23, range 14, all lying and being in Chilton county, Alabama.

CAROLINE BENSON,
Montgomery, Ala.

Notice of Contest.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 5, 1885. Complaint having been entered at this office by Wiley V. Newton against Daniel W. Barick for abandoning his homestead entry No. 16332, dated November 18, 1884, upon the east half of the southeast quarter, section 34 township 21 north, range 16 east, in Chilton county, Alabama, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 22d day of January, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

THOMAS J. SCOTT, Register.

Have your job printing done at the VIEW office and call yourself in to quality and price.

NOTICE NO. 4417.

LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: William M. Braswell, homestead 8298 for the s e 1/4 of s e quarter, section 34, township 23 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Wittington E. Smith, Ben Deavenport, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4539.

LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 23, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 2d, 1886, viz: Thomas P. Connel, homestead, 9249, for the s e 1/4 of s w 1/4 of s w 1/4 of section 24, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harrison Kendrick, William B. Jones, Pinkney M. Jones, Jesse G. Jones, all of Verbena, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4533.

LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 23, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 16th, 1886, viz: Thomas N. Brewer, homestead 17588 for the s e 1/4 of s w 1/4 of s w 1/4 of section 4, township 23 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Sam Ellison, Lewis Littleton, Jesse Benson, John Littleton, all of Clanton, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4574.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 16th, 1886, viz: Thomas N. Brewer, homestead 17588 for the s e 1/4 of s w 1/4 of s w 1/4 of section 4, township 23 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Sam Ellison, Lewis Littleton, Jesse Benson, John Littleton, all of Clanton, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

HOT WELL HOUSE.

CLANTON, ALA.

R. P. WOOLEY, Proprietor.

Within a few steps of the hot well. It is the only boarding house at the well. Good board and comfortable quarters at low rates. For information address the proprietor.

Florida. The State that is on a Florida DOOM. For reliable information about this "Land of Flowers" subscribe to the

FLORIDA WEEKLY TIMES,
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

only \$1 a year with a colored map of Florida free. Specimen copies free.

Gordon DuBose,

Attorney at Law and Solicitor

in Chancery,

Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

STOP AT

Morris Avenue Hotel,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Corner Morris Avenue and 20th Street

ELYTON LAND CO. BUILDING.

HUGH KIRKMAN, PROPRIETOR.

Splendid rooms, well ventilated and elegantly furnished. Rates reasonable.

D. H. LEWIS

National Restaurant

—AND—

SALOON.

Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Board at reasonable rates.

105 Commerce Street.

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Planters' House,

MRS. W. A. CHIL, PROPRIETRESS.

Bibb St. - 1. One Block From

Temple Building,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

NOTICE NO. 4414.

LAND OFFICE,

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Alabama, on the 12th day of December, 1885, viz: Daniel Z. Marchant, homestead 8839 for the n e 1/4 of s e 1/4 section 22, township 18 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James H. Gibbons, Thomas Hubbard, Squire E. Wardrup and Obadiah Freeman, all of Randolph, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

F. A. GULLEDGE,

AT VERBENA.

Wishes to announce to the Citizens of Chilton and adjoining Counties that he has

Now On Hand and Constantly Coming In

—THE—

MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PART OF THE STATE

ALL OF WHICH HE WILL SELL AT PRICES TO SUIT

CUSTOMERS. ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED AND ONLY REPRESENTED AS SUCH.

REALLY ARE. I WILL PAY HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR COTTON, EITHER

IN SEED OR BALE.

And pay Cash or exchange goods for all other

country produce at Highest Market Prices.

My motto:—HONEST GOODS AND ONE PRICE ONLY.

Come and see my goods before buying.

My stock of FISH BROS. Wagons and Buggies at Cost.

sep17-y

JUST RECEIVED

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON, ALA.

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING.

oct17-y

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,

—DEALER IN—

SASH DOORS BLINDS

Builder's Supplies,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Kalsomine,

Builder's Hardware,

Cement, Lime, Plaster,

Hair.

READY MIXED PAINTS

119 Commerce St., in Wholesale Block,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

may7-ly

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS, W. A. COOK & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1926 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 19th and 20th STREETS,

Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570.

June 19 y

Estey Organ Co.

Brattleboro Vt.

When the word Estey is mentioned, each suggests the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five letters in each of the words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

ESTEY

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CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 10, 1885.

These advertising notices will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.
Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULES N. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 at 8:40 a. m.
No. 3 at 4:30 p. m.
No. 7 at 5:32 p. m.
No. 19 at 5:45 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 at 9:19 a. m.
No. 10 at 10:28 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:43 p. m.
No. 8 at 6:18 p. m.
* Don't stop.

LONGERS.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.
Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas W. Sadler.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foster.
Register in Chancery—W. C. Stewart.
Sheriff—Jasper T. Smith.
Treasurer—James M. Parikh.
Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeycutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.
Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moss Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

See mortgage sale by W. M. Williams & Co.

Mr. W. J. Simpson has greatly improved the appearance of his place with a new front yard fence. His four doors and two boxes, the dog for the festive tramp is now abroad in the land.

Col. N. H. R. Dawson and Hon. Thos. Say have lately added their names to the View subscription list.

Mail train No. 3 going south now stops at only two stations between Calera and Montgomery. Those are Clanton and Verbena.

We have just received the largest and most complete stock of printer's stationery that we have ever had, and we are prepared to do your job work as cheap and as well as it can be done elsewhere.

Farmers who don't want the times to be hard must quit whittling sticks and drinking mean whiskey, and should go to work with the plow and the hoe, planting food crops and little cotton.

Mr. J. F. Maull has moved his fine saw mill to a point on the road about five miles north of Clanton into a fresh body of timber. He advertises his land at Lomax for sale.

Here it is December 9th, in Clanton, Alabama, and the weather is not cold enough for fires. The readers of the View in Maine or Montana may think the paper is only lying, but it isn't. The thermometer marks 65° in the shade.

The firm name of Messrs. E. L. Higdon & Co., of Birmingham, has recently been changed to Higdon & Ansley. Mr. Ansley having bought the interest of Mr. J. M. Coleman, of the old firm, will take charge of the same with the interest of the customers of the house at heart and hopes to merit a continuance of the patronage of this section in their line of trade.

The complete "List of unclaimed funds in Chancery," up to September 1st, 1883 (London, published by authority) is now reprinted in the "Next of Kin and Heirs at Law Gazette," published by William Raleigh, New York City. Postoffice box 4069. Office 251 William St. Subscription \$2.00 per year. Single copies 10 cents. The "Gazette" also contains the Lists of "Unclaimed Dividends" in the Bank of England, giving the names and amounts.

Rev. C. R. Lamar preached his last sermon for the present conference year at the Methodist Church on last Sunday morning. He has been a faithful worker in the great cause he represents, and we believe it is the general sentiment of his church at this place that he be returned for another year's service here, by the Conference which will meet at Union Springs on the 10th inst.

The Christmas Trees.

We are requested to announce that both the Baptist and Methodist Sunday schools will have their Christmas trees in their respective churches on the night of the 24th. The public generally are invited to attend and place presents on the trees for friends.

This may seem all right to the majority of our people but it is very inconvenient to us, from the fact that we know we are going to get lots of presents on both trees and we cannot conveniently be at both churches at the same time. We might authorize some one to receive our presents at one and attend the other in person, but we would not like to trouble or inconvenience any one with the load of presents we are going to get, consequently we are "all broke up."

Strasburg Dots.

Health of the community is good. As it has been sometime since we were represented in the View we will say that corn crops have been good in this neighborhood this year; but cotton is coming up short, and as the farmer can make comparatively nothing raising cotton, it is to be hoped that in the future more corn will be planted, more grain sowed, more attention given to the raising of stock, and less, or no cotton planted.

We regret to say that J. J. Honeycutt, Esq., has removed from our midst to his former home near Mineral Springs church.

Mr. J. D. Heath, who went to Florida sometime ago has been greatly benefitted in that land of flowers, and we hope soon to hear of his being in perfect health. Strasburg can again boast of her school under the care of H. T. Estes, principal, and Miss Hattie E. Miller, assistant.

There are some improvements gradually going on in and around here, and who knows but what we may come to the front yet!

By promising to write again soon, we close with best wishes to the View.

S. J.

For Sale.

A fine twenty-five horse power boiler of the F. & P. manufacture. Also 15 acres of land comprising the town of Lomax, situated two miles north of Clanton, on which land is a good dwelling house and a number of desirable outhouses. It is a good location for a planing mill, furniture factory, grist mill, flouring mill, &c. Good water always abundant. The location is immediately on the L. & N. railroad, and has a convenient depot at which all accommodation trains stop. For terms or information address J. F. Maull, Lomax, Ala.

The New Jail.

At a special meeting of the board of county commissioners on Monday last, the contract to build the jail was finally let to Mr. Thos. Finnegan, of Birmingham. The contract specifies that the jail shall cost not more than \$15,000, and be completed about the first of February or March. It was not decided whether the old jail would be sold or converted into a residence for the Sheriff.

Rev. Mr. Gowen, of Athens, filled the Baptist pulpit at this place on Sunday night last. He delivered an able and instructive discourse. On Saturday night next he will deliver a lecture on John Randolph at the Church, and will preach the following day, morning and evening, from the same pulpit. There will be a conference of the church to-night (Thursday) after prayer meeting at which important business is to be attended to, looking to the calling of a pastor for next year.

Miss Belle Smith has a school in the Lily neighborhood.

AN ENTERPRISING, RELIABLE HOUSE.

Dr. M. J. Greene can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well-known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on a positive guarantee. It will cure any and every affection of Throat, Lungs, and Chest, and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free.

WONDERFUL CURES.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and retail druggists, of Home Co., say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Kidney & Liver Pills. Have never heard of remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee that all cures, sold by H. J. Greene.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR! GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!

Special Dispatch to the CHILTON VIEW.]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 2, 1885.—The fierce fight that is being carried on here by Messrs. GEORGE B. BROWN & CO. against high prices being paid for Furniture, is still going on. Their cause is a worthy one, and is one that every person should be interested in. They are determined that the people shall no longer pay high prices for Furniture. To see the crowds that are continually entering their store, and the amount of Furniture that is sent out, goes to show that the people are with them, and that they are doing all they claim.

BYRON GEORGE.

Glorious News! The Long Looked for Time Has Arrived! NO MORE HIGH PRICES!

WE ARE THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES!

We sell Furniture at retail as Cheap as it can be bought at the Factories at wholesale by other dealers. How can we do it? Why we get everything direct from the Factory as it comes from the machine all in pieces. We put it together and finish it ourselves, thereby saving the profits that are made at the Factories. Everything is finished in first-class order. When you come to Montgomery call on us and see for yourselves. We are also the only Agents in Montgomery for some of the largest Furniture manufacturers in the United States. We quote a few prices: **Bedroom Suits from \$12 to \$800; Bureaus \$6.50 to \$18; Bedsteads—Walnut \$7 to \$180, Common \$1.60 to \$12, Single \$1.75 to \$35; Chairs—Walnut \$1.50 to \$6.50, Maple .65 to .75, Split Bottom .40 to \$1.00, Large Rocker \$2.50, Nurse Rocker \$1.25; Lounges from \$9 to \$22; Lounge Bed \$12 to \$35; Mattresses (cotton top) \$3; Parlor Suits from \$50 to \$250; Sofas \$3 to \$7.50; Tables \$1.75 to \$9.50; Wardrobes \$8.50 to \$75.**

Everything else in proportion. Everything guaranteed that we sell.

oct29-cm

1866.

Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

**HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.**

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
aug13-4m DIXIE, ALABAMA.

GO TO T. S. SMITH
BIRMINGHAM.

For Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Hats and Caps,

and Saddles, Harness and Family Groceries.

Twentieth Street Between First and Second Avenue [oct15-3]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.
FIRST AVENUE,
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.
NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

Over 25 years experience. I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.

nov10-4t REV. J. G. GURLEY.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.
Loss of appetite, Drowsiness, Pain in the back, Pain under the shoulder blade, Fullness after eating, with a distention to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Headache, Dizziness, Flushing of the face, Bitterness before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Reddening of the face, and a highly colored urine, and

CONSTITUTION.

WATER PILLS are especially adapted to each case, and are sold in each of the following forms: **DR. TUTT'S WATER PILLS** for Biliousness, Indigestion, and all the ailments of the Liver and Bowels. **DR. TUTT'S WATER PILLS** for the Female System, and all the ailments of the Liver and Bowels. **DR. TUTT'S WATER PILLS** for the Female System, and all the ailments of the Liver and Bowels. **DR. TUTT'S WATER PILLS** for the Female System, and all the ailments of the Liver and Bowels.

GEO. B. BROWN & CO.,
107 South Court St., Montgomery.

A. J. BROOKS
AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in Clanton County, and does and will sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and no shoddy goods are kept.
COME EVERYBODY
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.

I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell
At the Highest Market Price.

LOCKWOOD & MILLER
UNDERTAKERS

UNDER FLORENCE HOTEL,
—BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—

Keep a full line of COFFINS, CASES, and CASKETS, both in metal and wood from the finest to the commonest, and at ALL PRICES. Orders by telegram promptly attended to. In telegraphing state only length and price wanted. [oct15-y]

Calera Foundry and Machine Shops.
Sandgren & Francis, Lessees.
—CALERA, ALABAMA.—

ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
—SAW MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.—
[oct1 6m]

HENRY C. MAYER,
—Proprietor of—
City Shoe Store,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Valises and Satchels.

10th Street, bet. 1st and 2d Avenue.

Verbena Male and Female Academy.

VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten school months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:
Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.
Preparatory " " 2.00.
Intermediate " " 3.00.
Academic " " 4.00.
Music " " 3.00.
Contingent fee per term .50.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy. The railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena, is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy so convenient as to be reached in ten minutes at cheaper rates. So that we may guarantee satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regular.

For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. U. ACREE, B.B., aug-17 Principal.

Clanton Academy.

CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The next session of this Institution, will commence September 21, 1885, and will continue ten school months, divided into two terms of five months each.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments, Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.

RATES OF TUITION:
Primary Department \$1.50
Junior " 2.50
Senior " 3.50
High School " 3.50
Music " 3.00

Tuition payable monthly IN ADVANCE as required by the Board of Trustees.

Public examinations of the pupils of the school will be held at the close of each session, but examinations will not be had at any time.

Music will be taught on piano and organ, by a competent lady assistant. Board can be obtained by pupils of the school in private families in Clanton at very moderate rates.

For further information address R. E. H. HICKS, sept-17 Principal.

S. E. HIRSCHER'S
MONTGOMERY
Music Emporium.

21 DEXTER AVENUE.

Is headquarters for Fine Oil Paintings, Olographs, Steel Engravings, Chromos, Picture Frames, French and English Stationery, Fancy Paperies, Holiday Goods and Novelties of all kinds. We are agents for the celebrated Kranich and Bach and Stief Flautos, which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned

Estey Organs.

JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both vocal and instrumental. Music can be tried before purchasing, an advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy Goods, and prices with the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders by mail promptly attended to. **Pianos and Organs Sold on Easy Terms.** Address S. E. HIRSCHER, 21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala. sept-17-3m

NOTICE NO. 4416.

LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1885, viz: Benjamin Deavenport, homestead 3891, of the 3rd quarter of a quarter 8, section 34, township 23 north, range 12 east; he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William M. Brewster, Wittington Smith, Jasper Jones, Zachary Jones, all of Randolph, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4498.

LAND OFFICE.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 5, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 24, 1886, viz: John Edwards homestead 10644 for the 1st of 2nd and 3rd of a quarter 36 township 21 north range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Abram C. Mims, Francis M. Headley, Monroe Durbin and J. Newton Culp, all of Kincheon, Alabama. nov19-7t Thos. J. Scott, Register.

McD. GRAY
—Has Opened—

A NEW STOCK OF GOODS at his place of residence two miles South-west of Kincheon, and will sell them as cheap as on the railroad. I have almost everything you would call for. Come and see the Terms. [oct15-3m]

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, EDITOR.
JNO. C. LAWRENCE, ASSOCIATE.

Published Every Thursday Evening.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 17, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

Our able contemporary down in Chilton always takes the most sensible view of things.—Mineral Age.

Gen. Robert Toombs died on Tuesday. He was one of the boldest and brainiest of Southern statesmen.

The work on the jail in Birmingham is progressing rapidly, and it will be completed by the 1st of March next.

There are now 68 prisoners in the Jefferson county jail. They have prayer meeting every night, which is led by A. H. Parker.

It now seems very clear that the chief ambition of the Eufaula Mail is to pose as a mad bull in a china shop. However, the Mail has never even attained the dignity of a war, but is a mere dirt-dauber.

A terrible collision occurred on the Georgia Pacific road on Monday night last, at Austell, Ga. It resulted in the death of eleven passengers, and three others were so badly injured as to render death very probable.

The Bibb Blade will enter upon a new volume with next issue. It is seven years old. It has done some good work for its county, and is a most excellent paper. We trust that it may meet with continued prosperity.

We thank our neighbor of the Bibb Blade for the following kind mention: "The CHILTON VIEW, our nearest contemporary, has just entered upon its fifth volume. The View is one of our best exchanges, and we are glad to know it is now in a prosperous condition."

The Mineral Age editor is sure of his girl but is "jubilant" of the old man. A friend offered to speak a word for him to his sweetest girl, and he says: "Thanks. We can get up courage to talk to the girl, but if you feel like doing us a favor, just hint around to the old man that we're a very promising boy, etc. etc. We're a little 'jubilant' of the old man."

With a navy absolutely non-existent, with a seacoast in a defenceless condition, with an over-flowing Treasury and a surplus revenue, the American people will in-dorse almost to a man Mr. Tilden's suggestion that the country be placed in such a state of defence that it can defend itself against foes and humiliation before we extinguish the surplus by reducing the revenue.

Watterson says of Randall: It is this sheep in the lion's skin, whose roar is terrible only to his friends, who dares not face the music and do his duty like an honest man because although his voice is the voice of democracy, his hands are the hands of the republicans. And this immediately suggests of Watterson that his tones are the tones and his ears are the ears of a wild ass without any disguise.—Age.

The Hayneville Examiner will pardon us for disagreeing with its expressed opinion of dissatisfaction because of the discussion by the press of the fitness of this or that man for office. According to the teaching of the Examiner itself, the people should inform themselves thoroughly and as well as to the merits and qualifications of a "hired man" before giving him a place. This can best be done through the medium of the press. We are glad to note that the Examiner has a new dress. It is a good paper and Tom Baine is a good newspaper man.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office, in his report just made public, calls attention to the fact, which we have constantly pointed out, that "degradations upon public timber are universal, flagrant, and limitless." He recommends the immediate withdrawal from sale or public entry of all the Government timber lands until proper surveys and estimates of their value can be prepared, that Congress may be able to finally determine what parts of this property shall be disposed of, what parts shall be retained as permanent national forests, and under what conditions the same shall be made.

The President and the Tariff.

The President's message is a very interesting public document. It declares in favor of the suspension of further coinage of the silver dollar, taking issue on this subject with a large majority of the Democratic party. On the tariff the message is equally clear and its position well defined.

The President says: "The proposition with which we have to deal is a reduction of the revenue received by the government and indirectly paid by the people from customs duties. The question of free trade is not involved, nor is there now any occasion for a general discussion of the wisdom or expediency of a protective system. Justice and fairness dictate that in any modification of our present laws relating to revenue, the industries and interests which have been encouraged by such laws and in which our citizens have large investments should not be ruthlessly injured or destroyed. We should also deal with the subject in such manner as to protect the interests of American labor, which is the capital of our workingmen. Its stability and proper remuneration furnish the most justifiable pretext for a protective policy. With these limitations ascertained, reduction should be made in our customs revenue. The amount of such reduction having been determined, the inquiry follows, where can it best be remitted and what articles can best be released from duty in the interest of our citizens? I think the reduction should be made in revenue derived from the tax upon the imported necessities of life."

Thus the president expresses in favor of an incidental protective tariff re-adjusted upon a revenue basis. This seems to satisfy the protection folks, while those on the "tariff for revenue only" side are claiming that they could not expect and did not want anything better.

SOMETHING MORE OF OUR COUNTRY.

Stanton and Its Industries.

[From Min. and Manufac'g Journal.]

GRIGORY & COE LUMBER COMPANY. This is the newest and largest mill on the E. T. V. & G. road. It has been established three years and is located at Stanton, Chilton county. Every new and modern improvement has been introduced at this works, which cover about ten acres of ground. The firm own 17,000 acres of land covered with a rich growth of yellow pine. This is the only mill on the road that is covered with iron, as are also all the sheds, and the Curran & Wolf drying kilns are covered with tin. A specialty is made of flooring, turning out 20,000 strips daily.

The railroad running into the timber is five miles long, forty inch gauge, equipped with a twelve ton Shay locomotive and seven log cars. The output of the mill averages six million feet annually. Their principal customers are in the North and West. The refuse timber is used in manufacturing charcoal, which is shipped to the Shelby Iron Works at the rate of 40,000 bushels per month.

This mill is managed by Mr. Richard Coe of the firm of Gregory, Coe & Pollock of Selma. He is one of the most enterprising business men of this part of the State and his long experience as a machinist has particularly adapted him for its present occupation.

STANTON. This little town, twenty-eight miles north of Selma, is beautifully located, and will eventually be made a pleasant summer resort for the people of Selma. It is particularly healthy and has some fine mineral water. It contains at present one hotel, two churches a handsome new school house, built and donated to the town by Mr. Coe, as well as the saw mill and furniture factory. There is little doubt that Stanton at no distant day will be a thriving Alabama town.

STANTON FURNITURE FACTORY has been in operation one year. It is owned by Dyer & Sons, who manufacture a full line of cheap furniture which is shipped to different points on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad and on the various roads running out of Selma. The capacity of the factory when running solely on kerosene is 115 per week. The machinery in use comprises a planer, moulding machine, rip and cut off saws, band saws, tenon machine, turning lathe, sand-papering machine and everything that is required to equip a first-class furniture factory. The motive power is furnished by an eight horse power engine and boiler. The factory is two stories in height 24x70 feet. All the members of the firm are practical furniture makers. They do their own work and are thus enabled to sell lower than most of their competitors. The goods so far manufactured by them have given the greatest satisfaction and merchants who have handled them invariably repeat the same.

THE SILVER PROBLEM.

A Novel Solution Proposed by an English Writer.

NEW YORK, December 10.—The Sun this morning prints a long letter to William Henry Hubert from Morton Frewen of England, whose paper in the Nineteenth Century for October, on the relations between the world-wide depression in business and the opposition to silver, has attracted much attention. Frewen says: "The present position of silver might be made the lever of a great industrial movement, destined to expand enormously the commercial importance of the United States. It seems to me that you might throw open your Pacific ports and trade freely through them with all nations, while continuing the existing tariffs on your Eastern seaboard. For, if you did, none of our manufacturers could go round the world, as it were, to your Pacific ports, there to make a profitable entry. But on the other hand, China and India would send you tea, rice, coffee, jute, etc., in exchange for the silver of Colorado, Nevada and California, and in this way would encourage the building of a mercantile marine in the glorious harbors of your Pacific coast, and such a trade would spring up at free-trade England's expense across the Pacific as would force England to buy and monetize silver on your terms. There can be no question that if, as we are now told, China is waking up from her sleep of centuries, she is destined to absorb silver in such quantities that ten years hence the ratio of 1 to 16 may be altogether against gold. As a nation, therefore, you have everything to gain by continuing to support silver. Judging from present appearances, the gold-using nations are insolvent. The tide of their currency requirements is retreating and leaving them stranded high and dry on the mud-banks of a contracted currency."

The great *belles lettres* preacher Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage approves of Sam Jones as a preacher we would think, from the following remarks:

It seems to me that it is time that the pulpit and platform and printing press speak out more distinctly against the impurities of modern society. Prudery and fastidiousness say, "Don't speak at all for you might arouse adverse criticism; you might make things worse instead of making them better. If you touch the subject at all do so in glittering generalities, for the theme is not appropriate for polite ears," while from the heavens a voice comes saying, "Cry aloud, spare not, lift up your voice like a trumpet. Show my people their transgressions, and the house of Egypt their sins." The trouble is that when people write or speak on such themes, they throw over them the fascinations of *belles lettres* and make attractive that which ought to be repulsive. Lord Byron in *Childe Harold* adorns this crime until it looks like a May queen. Michelet, the French author, in his essays treats of the crime until it glows like the rising sun, when it ought to be made loathsome as a smallpox hospital.

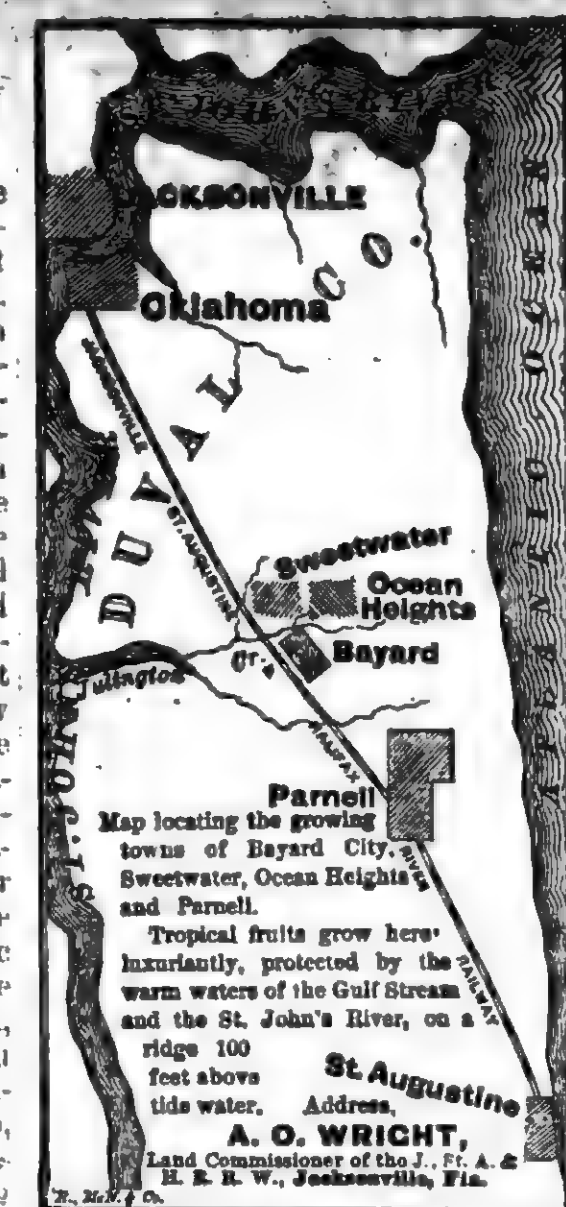
The reply in last week's VIEW to the strictures of the Bibb Blade on the action of the Board of Trustees of the University was incomplete. It should have been stated at the outset that the Trustees had decided to postpone the election of a President to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. Lewis until the regular meeting of the Board in June. And further, that it was unanimously agreed to pay the salary of the president to his family for the present session, also to allow them the use of the president's residence at the University until the election of a new president in June. It was this "providing" for the family that was displeasing to some. However, the Trustees have full authority for such action. So long as the State is a debtor to the University it is well that she should have no control over the finances of the institution.

The New York Cremation Society, the parent of the United States Crematory Company, was formed in March, 1881, with a membership of about fifty residents of the city of Brooklyn. Since then 150 members have joined the society. Among their number are physicians, clergymen, journalists, lawyers, and about thirty ladies. Prof. Adler and Felix Adler, his brother; Courtlandt Palmer, Kate Field, Mrs. Meredith Read, and Andrew Carnegie are some of the more prominent members. The United States Crematory Company was started last spring with a capital stock of \$35,000.

A News Snatcher.

Bham Age. The Oxford News is a news snatcher from away back. It yanks paragraphs out of the Age without saying thank you about where they come from.

A Minnemo who was accidentally killed by Utah the other day left a note saying that he was sorry he had not been able to do more for the cause.



OCEAN HEIGHTS.

A Town on the Highest Point of the Eastern Peninsula. Those who have gone down St. John's river to Mayport will remember a high bluff on the south side known as St. John's Bluff. This bluff is higher than the surrounding country. On its highest point, about fifteen miles southeast of this city, is located the new town of Ocean Heights, at an altitude of 100 feet above the sea.

Ocean Heights has not an acre of wet or waste land in a tract of 500 acres. It is divided into blocks and these are subdivided into lots 30 x 100 feet each, with streets fifty feet wide. It is dotted here and there with beautiful clear water lakes, the largest of which, Eva Lake, is in the center of Lake Park.

It is one mile from the Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Halifax River Railroad, and can be seen from the new Sweetwater station along Ocean Avenue, which is eighty feet wide and is open for a mile and a half.

Extensive improvements are now being made, and a large proportion of the property from the sale of lots will be expended in building a hotel, etc.

Price of lots \$10 for inside lots, \$15 for corner lots. Terms, one-fifth down, balance in four monthly payments. Judge A. O. Wright, its founder has opened an office in Pierce & Hobb's drug store, corner of Bay and Hogan Streets, Jacksonville, Florida, which will be under the charge of Mr. E. L. McBride, for the sale of the property, where all who contemplate buying can see the maps and make purchases.—(Jacksonville, Florida, Times-Union, Nov. 17. (SEE MAP.)

The Greensboro Watchman says: "Farmers are receiving \$12.50 more for a bale of cotton, compared with the prices of other things, than they did in 1883, when cotton brought 10 cents. And when you come to consider the prices of dry goods, the difference is even greater."

NOTICE NO. 4418.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 17, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 23rd, 1886, viz: Alphonso Dulake, Homestead 10600, for the ne 1 of sec 1, section 24, township 21, range 15. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Francis M. Connell, E. E. Esch, Thomas Byron and Walter Lloyd, all of Verbena, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Valuable Land

By virtue of a mortgage given by A. A. Dyer and Louise Dyer to Callie A. King and transferred to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, on the 31st day of December, 1885, at Dixie, Ala., the following described property: The southwest 1/4 of sec 4, township 25, range 15, more or less, and sec 1 of sec 5, and ne 1 of sec 6, and ne 1 of sec 7, and ne 1 of sec 8, and ne 1 of sec 9, and ne 1 of sec 10, and ne 1 of sec 11, and ne 1 of sec 12, and ne 1 of sec 13, and ne 1 of sec 14, and ne 1 of sec 15, and ne 1 of sec 16, and ne 1 of sec 17, and ne 1 of sec 18, and ne 1 of sec 19, and ne 1 of sec 20, and ne 1 of sec 21, and ne 1 of sec 22, and ne 1 of sec 23, and ne 1 of sec 24, and ne 1 of sec 25, and ne 1 of sec 26, and ne 1 of sec 27, and ne 1 of sec 28, and ne 1 of sec 29, and ne 1 of sec 30, and ne 1 of sec 31, and ne 1 of sec 32, and ne 1 of sec 33, and ne 1 of sec 34, and ne 1 of sec 35, and ne 1 of sec 36, and ne 1 of sec 37, and ne 1 of sec 38, and ne 1 of sec 39, and ne 1 of sec 40, and ne 1 of sec 41, and ne 1 of sec 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By trying again and keeping up
 courage many things seemingly
 impossible may be attained. Hun-
 dreds of hopeless cases of Kidney
 and Liver Complaint have been
 cured by Electric Bitters, after
 everything else had been tried in-
 vain. So, don't think there is no
 cure for you, but try Electric Bi-
 tters. There is no medicine so safe,
 pure, and so perfect a Blood Pur-
 ifier. Electric Bitters will cure
 Dyspepsia, Diabetes and all Dis-
 eases of the Kidneys. Invaluable
 in all cases of Stomach and Liver,
 and overcome all Urinary Difficul-
 ties. Large Bottles only 50 cts. at
 J. C. Groves' Pharmacy.

Notice of Contest.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 6, 1885.
Complainant having been entered at
his office by Wiley V. Newton against
Daniel W. Harrick for abandoning his
contested entry No. 16332, dated Novem-
ber 18, 1884, upon the east half of
southeast quarter, section 34 town-
ship 23 north, range 10 east, in Calhoun
county, Alabama, with a view to the
acquisition of said entry; the said par-
ties are hereby summoned to appear at
this office on the 21st day of January,
A. D. 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond
and submit any objections concerning said
contested entry.
J. B. HARRIS, U. S. Atty.

attention to exertion of body or mind.
 1. **QUALITY OF VISION.** Low spirits, with
 inability to have enjoyed some duty.
 2. **IRRITABLENESS.** Disinclination, flinching at the
 right eye, head, neck, and throat.
 3. **CONSTIPATION.** Urine, especially abundant
 and of a yellow color, and a thick
 coating of mucus on the tongue.
 4. **HEADACHE.** Pain in the forehead, temples,
 and back of the head, and a feeling of
 weight on the forehead.
 5. **TOOTHACHE.** Pain in the teeth, and
 a feeling of weight on the forehead.
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 10. **TOOTHACHE.** Pain in the teeth, and
 a feeling of weight on the forehead.

—Proprietor

City Shoe

BIRMINGHAM

—AND DEALER

Ladies and Gent

and Shoes, Tru

and Sate

Store,
AM, ALA.
Fine Boots
Shoes, Valises
Shells.

Abram C. Mims, / Francis M.
 Mims, Monroe Durbin and Newton
 all of Kincheese, Ala.
 Register.

McD. GRAY
 —Has Opened—
NEW STOCK OF GOODS
 place of residence two miles
 west of Kincheese, and
 will sell them as cheap as
 in the yard. I have
 since everything
 you would
 call for
 and see the same.

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
J. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.
Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 24, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$2.50
One copy six months 1.50
One copy three months .75

The city bank of Houston, Texas, has failed for over a million dollars. They don't do things on a small scale in Texas.

The Montgomery Advertiser has increased its telegraphic service. This will greatly improve that staunch old friend of Alabama.

We have it from an ex cathedra source that it takes \$20,000 a year to run the Birmingham Daily Age. The people of Birmingham could not spend the money in a better way.

It is said that one of the editors of the Montgomery Dispatch is so infernally ugly that he looks like the devil in a dark corner on a stormy night. It is thought that if there is any virtue in being "a hard looking citizen" he will "get there" and be a great man yet.

Senator Hoar's presidential succession bill has passed the Senate. It provides that in case of vacancies in both the Presidential and Vice-Presidential offices, the cabinet officers will be in the line of succession without an election, until the expiration of the term of four years from last election.

The College of the Propaganda at Rome announces that up to November 1st, in the Vicariate of China, 14 missionaries, 7 native priests, 60 catechists, 270 members of religious orders, and 24,000 Christians were massacred; 200 parishes, 17 orphan asylums and 10 convents were destroyed and 25 churches were burned.

Mr. Horace R. Hood, lately editor of the Monroe Journal has been added to the staff of the Montgomery Dispatch. We are glad that Montgomery has spread herself sufficiently to find room for his brains. The Dispatch is now published every day in the week. It gives us pleasure to note this stroke of enterprise and evidence of prosperity in so excellent a press.

"Yankee Doodle" came from Holland as well as much cheese. Dr. Geo. H. Moore, in a paper read before the New York Historical Society, took the ground that Yankee Doodle is not an American song. He claims its song and rhythm for Holland. For years the Hollanders have sung: "Yankee didel dudel down, didel dudel lanter."

The Oxford News wants everybody to attend the great auction sale of its accounts against dead-beat subscribers and advertisers. The list of accounts is a long one. The auctioneer will tell the history of each fellow that roped in the innocent editor, and how the job was put up and the money lost. The sale occurs Christmas morning in front of the News office.

Mr. E. L. May, an old University boy, who is now connected with that excellent journal, the Birmingham Daily Age, visited our town the past week in the interest of the paper. Mr. May is a thorough worker and a live newspaper man, and the Age has cause to be congratulated upon securing his services. The Age is now one of the liveliest as well as one of the most interesting dailies published in the South.

The Tuskegee Normal School at Tuskegee, Alabama, which was organized 4 years ago, has been from the first under the control of colored teachers. During these 4 years 500 acres of land have been secured, 2 large buildings (one three story frame, costing \$6,500, and one four story brick, costing \$11,000) have been put up, besides one-half dozen smaller buildings. Industries established are farming, carpentry, painting, printing, poultry raising, sewing, laundry work and brick-making. The institution opened with one teacher and 30 students. There are at present 17 teachers and 225 students in the Normal School and 126 in Training School. The school is largely dependent on charity for support, there being an annual expense of about \$15,000. The State of Alabama gives \$3,000 annually. The property which is unincumbered is valued at \$40,000.

Christmas Greetings.

This is the first time in its history that the View has been issued during the festivities of Christmas. This year there is a demand for the paper which will not admit of an omission in its round of issues. May it find each and every one of its readers wreathed with smiles and surrounded with blessings. To-morrow, the birthday of Christ, may find its coming heralded by series of bitterness and sorrow with some. If such cries reach any reader, may there be early extended an aiding hand. "Sorrow, if it find no human sympathy, will cry aloud to the winds, and the woods, and the waters." There may be an anguish of pathos where the cry is not, and on this day would that it might be changed to a beauty of pathos in thanks.

The View extends to one and all a merry Christmas greeting.

Birmingham Still Booming.

A View representative took in Birmingham last week. It was a visit made after nearly a year's absence from the State. The scribe was once a resident of Alabama's "burg of magic," and knew it in its swaddling clothes, before it had passed through the troubles and complaints of infancy. Not a resident within its limits feels a greater degree of pride at its wonderful growth and continued prosperity. Last winter while hunting gophers in Florida, we ran upon Joaquin Miller, the patriotic poet of the Sierra Nevada, who told us of the magic growth of the cities of his native "land of the setting sun." To have heard his dilatations one would judge him a Gulliver of the primest qualities. We doubt not now that he spoke truly, and he related nothing that was better than the plain truth told of Birmingham.

One could hardly write of the city and do it justice, because before the type was set and the proof taken, the probability is there would be some new building started, some new enterprise inaugurated, or some new and substantial industry established. Such is real life in Birmingham. It is an Alabama city in which Alabamians feel great pride, and in which Alabama has great hopes.

Hard Times.

The Guntersville Democrat comments thus sensibly upon the cause of "these hard times":

Yes, everybody will be 'anxious to read this, expecting to find some solace, something to explain the cause of these hard times."

Here it is, you've listened to some chronic grumbler until you are convinced that times are hard. That's all there is in it. Times are not as hard this year as they were last if you'd only let them loosen up, but for fear they will grow easy, you cry out, and the man who has money, hordes it up and buys on a credit, looking for the hard times when he'll need his money; thus you make times hard when there's no use for it. Times are not half as hard as they were a short time ago, when you predicted everything would be easy in a short while. Times are what you make them, and if you want all the money in a country locked up, just sound the bugle note of hard times.

Some of our exchanges have demanded that you stop the cry, and we join them. If they were hard how do you expect to make them better by your incessant moaning? It's not a hard time on the man who has no corn, you can get it for 50 cents per bushel. It's no hard time on the man who has to buy meat, for it's cheaper than it has been for a long time.

Cotton is worth more in proportion than it was last year, and goods are as cheap as you ever saw them, so where's the hard times. A few rash and reckless men have fallen in debt, and it's always hard for a man to get out of debt.

Birmingham.

The following quotations compiled by the Atlanta Constitution are interesting:

The London Times: "Birmingham, is destined to be America's greatest metal-working city."

Krupp, the iron king of Germany: "Should fate drive me from Germany I would go to Birmingham, Alabama."

The late H. R. Claflin, of New York, said: "Birmingham must become an immense city."

John Ronch, of ship-building fame: "Were I twenty years younger I would build my ships at Pensacola, make the iron at Birmingham, Ala., and then defy competition from John Bull."

For Governor, the Troy Messenger supports no other than J. M. Martin McKelroy. And the Messenger gives its reasons in the following words:

His superior executive ability is not only made manifest in the management of his private affairs, but his report of his business during his term of office as State Superintendent of Education, speaks volumes in his favor.

Col. McKelroy is a cool, careful, energetic and progressive business man. He does not go at things by "fits and starts," but manages all affairs committed to his care with great adroitness, and profit to all concerned. This same fact has characterized his public as well as private life, and Alabama will never regret the day when she makes McKelroy her chief executive officer. The public and private life and character of Col. McKelroy are above reproach. There is no man or paper in the State, not excepting his own county, that can accuse him of a dishonorable act, and prove the accusation to be true. He has ever been, and will ever be, on the side of right, justice and humanity, and as Governor of Alabama he will be a servant of the people, elected by the people, and will lead the grand old State to nobler heights of glory than she has ever attained in the past.

A Wonderful Man.

Capt. J. M. Smith, of Jonesboro is in the city. He never drank tea, coffee or milk, has never gone fishing or hunting, has never gone on an excursion, has never danced at a ball, has never taken a chew of tobacco, was the youngest captain in the confederate army having been commissioned before he was fifteen years old, he was with General Walker when Walker was killed, and was himself wounded. He was taken prisoner at Okaloosa, Miss., and while making his escape was shot and badly wounded through the leg. Walked three miles to the Confederate lines with his wound. He does not know how to play any games, and has never seen a game of base ball. Was elected Mayor of Jonesboro four times without opposition. He is a handsome fellow and a fine talker. He is connected with the house of Metcalf & Co., New York, and is one of the most popular drummers on the road.—Savannah News.

The Birmingham Age thinks that we should not have laid upon the worthy aspirants for gubernatorial honors who have recently subscribed for the View, and says they will now have to subscribe for every uncommitted paper in the State. We beg pardon of the gentlemen. We did not intend such an infliction. We feel real sorry for them if they do have to subscribe for all the uncommitted papers—such a quantity of very tame literature you know.

The membership of the North Alabama Conference is 40,000, and that of the Alabama Conference is 35,000 in round numbers. It is probable that the line between the two conferences will be readjusted, so that the line will be straightened geographically, from the east side of the State and thus make the church population in each conference about equal.

Capt. J. M. Martin, Congressman from the 5th District has stopped at the "Alabama House" in Washington. Capt. Martin's seat is on the Republican side of the house, but he's sound enough to be trusted over there.—Guntersville Democrat.

We agree that Capt. Martin is sound, but he is the representative from the 6th district.

A certain young lady in this town raises the query why the lower regions, where His Satanic Majesty reigns, are called School. Is it because there are more women there than other folks? She decidedly objects and thinks the name could be appropriately changed to Heel—at least called that sometimes.—Opelika Times.

Matamoras said but a short time back, that a lady physician had discovered that tobacco was the cause of two thirds of the divorces—it affects the nerves that control the heart. This should impel every woman who has a well balanced mind and who wishes to lead a happy life, to altogether discard the use of snuff.—Opelika Times.

Dixie Bets.

Christmas will soon be here. Mr. Peter Morrow returned from Texas to Dixie some weeks ago, which speaks well for Dixie.

Mr. J. W. Broadhead has sold out his interest at Dixie, to Messrs. Gary & Stewart, of Selma. He has not decided yet where he will move to. (Better come to Clanton.—Ed.)

Thought will be my last "dixie" from Dixie. When these come out in print I will be in Newton, Miss. After my arrival there I will write a long letter to the View to make up for lost time. So I will say farewell to Dixie awhile. H. J. H.

Not water at the depth of eight hundred feet has been discovered in an artesian well at Sierra Valley, Cal.

AN OLD CITIZEN SPEAKS.

Mr. J. M. Morris, an old resident of Rome, Ga., says that he had been badly troubled with Kidney Complaint for a great many years; at times could scarcely walk and had tried many remedies without benefit, until he began taking Electric Bitters and anointing his hands and feet with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. This treatment afforded him great relief and he strongly recommends Electric Bitters to all who suffer with Kidney Complaint, or need a Blood Purifier. Sold by M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

MOST EXCELLENT.

J. J. Atkins, Chief of Police, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My family and I are beneficiaries of your most excellent medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; having found it to be all that you claim for it, I desire to testify to its virtue. My friends to whom I have recommended it, praise it at every opportunity. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup and every affection of the Chest and Lungs. Trial bottles free at M. J. Green's Drug Store. Large size \$1.00.

Mr. McRae, of Montgomery county, has purchased the real estate of Rev. J. L. Sampey, and contemplates moving with his family to this place next summer. We extend a welcome before hand.

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of the power contained in a mortgage made by J. C. Stewart and wife to Isaac Bloch & Co., of the 12th of February, 1884, we will sell the following described land, to the highest bidder for cash, before the courthouse in the town of Clanton, on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1886, to-wit: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 4, township 21, range 13 in Chilton county, Alabama.

NOTICE NO. 4633.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 17, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court, in his absence the clerk of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 24, 1886, to-wit: James M. Todd, Homestead 1815 for the S.W. 1/4 of N.W. 1/4 of section 4, township 21, range 13, in Chilton county, Alabama.

NOTICE NO. 4634.

LAND OFFICE.
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 17, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court, or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 24, 1886, to-wit: James M. Todd, Homestead 1815 for the S.W. 1/4 of N.W. 1/4 of section 4, township 21, range 13, in Chilton county, Alabama.

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a mortgage given by A. A. Fryer and Louisa Fryer to Calles A. King and transferred to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, on the 31st day of December, 1885, at Dixie, Ala., the following described property:

The southwest 1/4 of section 4, township 21, range 13, in Chilton county, Alabama, containing 20 acres, more or less, and a set of section 5, and a set of section 6, and a set of section 7, and a set of section 8, and a set of section 9, and a set of section 10, and a set of section 11, and a set of section 12, and a set of section 13, and a set of section 14, and a set of section 15, and a set of section 16, and a set of section 17, and a set of section 18, and a set of section 19, and a set of section 20, and a set of section 21, and a set of section 22, and a set of section 23, and a set of section 24, and a set of section 25, and a set of section 26, and a set of section 27, and a set of section 28, and a set of section 29, and a set of section 30, and a set of section 31, and a set of section 32, and a set of section 33, and a set of section 34, and a set of section 35, and a set of section 36, and a set of section 37, and a set of section 38, and a set of section 39, and a set of 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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 24, 1885.

These advertising notices will be inserted in this paper.

COUNTY CALENDAR.
Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.
Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.
County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULE M. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.
Trains from Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1st 5:40 a. m.
No. 3 4:38 p. m.
No. 7 5:32 p. m.
No. 19 5:45 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 9:10 a. m.
No. 12 10:29 a. m.
No. 4 9:43 p. m.
No. 8 6:18 p. m.
* Don't stop.

LODGES.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 23, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancellor Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.
Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas W. Sadler.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Callen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.
Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.
Treasurer—James M. Parish.
Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Hiley M. Honeycutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acree.
Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Jr., Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Mary's Gentle Willie Goat.

Mary had a William goat, and he was black as jet; He followed Mary round all day, And liked her? you just bet.

Bill went with her to stoke one day; The teacher kicked him out; He made the scholars "amile aloud," To see Bill walk about.

But the young Whack'em put him out; Yet Bill still lingered near; He waited just outside the door Till Whack'em did appear.

Then Bill he ran to meet the man— He ran his level best; He met him just behind you know— Down just below the vest.

Young Whack'em turned a somersault; The goat stood on his head; And Mary laughed herself so sick She had to go to bed.

Trade was brisk in Clanton on Saturday.

Eloquents and hard times. As epidemics they will save the country.

The effort to get up a dance at the court house Tuesday night was a failure.

Clanton is to have a new grocery store. This looks more like business than hard times.

The View is under obligations to Congressman Thos. W. Sadler for valuable public documents.

Two Christmas trees to-night. Exercises interspersed with music. A jolly time for the little folks.

Mr. Lum Cunningham, representing Rogers & Co., of Birmingham, was in Clanton Saturday.

The repeal of the crop lien law goes into effect the first of January in thirty counties, Chilton being one of them.

We learn that our new depot agent, Mr. Willis, wishes to rent a residence in Clanton and move his family here.

Mr. Peyton Wilson visited Six Mile again last week. We believe there is a fair attraction at that end of his road.

Mr. Goldsmith B. West, the genial and witty land agent of the L. & N. R. R. was in Clanton Saturday in the interest of his department.

At the recent meeting of the Grand Lodge of Masons, in Montgomery, Mr. O. A. Duke, of Clanton, was elected Grand Senior Deacon.

To-morrow is Christmas. The best thing you can do is to encourage the printer by subscribing for his paper or by paying him what is due.

Christmas tree stock is above par. The market is firm and the demand brisk. May the little folks bear only pleasant recollections of them all.

A telegram in the Montgomery Advertiser last week read "Oman A. Duke, of Stanton, Chilton county, had been granted a patent on a lumber drying kiln." It should have read Omond A. Duke, of Clanton.

Double Marriage.

Two couples took the matter of marrying into their own hands at Jamison last week. In buggies they went to Calera, where they took the night express train for Pulaski, Tenn., where the sillon knot was tied without much delay and a return train taken. The parties were Mr. Charles Moore and Miss Cora Shelby, and Mr. Cobb McNeil and Miss Leila Jeffries. The last named couple were of the ages of 18 and 16 respectively, and could not obtain license in Alabama lines, without the consent of parents.

Mr. Moore is the agent and operator of the L. & N. R. R. at New-castle. Mr. McNeil is a young farmer living near Jamison. The brides are charming young ladies, and the grooms are to be congratulated upon such a happy event in their lives.

Check Counterfeiter.

An ex-convict by the name of Tobe Walker has for some time been employed as sawyer at the lumber mill of L. B. Wells & Son, near Clanton. Last week it was discovered that he had been counterfeiting the checks of the firm and had succeeded in obtaining goods from the commissary to the amount of about \$15.00 by means of his bogus checks. As soon as the discovery was made, it was further learned that the light fingered Tobe had given leg bail and left for pastures new. The escape was twice a convict and served both terms at work here for Jackson & Morris.

Another Gretna Green.

Married, at West Point, Ga., on the 18th inst., Mr. Amos Baker and Miss Emily Baker, both of Clanton. The young couple were cousins, and the families objecting to the marriage, they crossed the state line unawares, and were married before they had been missed. The groom is about 17 years of age and the bride 15.

May their future prove as bright and happy as they now anticipate.

A Mr. Downing, of China Grove, Pike county, was in Clanton last week trying to rent a residence for the purpose of moving his family here, but could not find a suitable house. Clanton is a very desirable location, being on the best railroad in the South and about half way between the soon to be two greatest cities of the South, Birmingham and Montgomery. If there were a dozen or so nice houses built here to rent or sell the owners would find no trouble in disposing of them.

The Merchants Mutual Protection Association will hold its next meeting, at Clanton, on the first Monday in January 1886, which is the 4th day of next month. All members should remember this and be present, as an election of officers for the ensuing year will take place.

A supposed to be mad dog turned up at the residence of Mr. A. G. Pool. The animal bit a daughter of Mr. Pool, and after roving over the country turned up at Cooper's where it bit a white and a colored child, and several dogs. It was then chased and killed.

As a change, on our first page will be found three separate sermons from three great pulpits of New York and Brooklyn. Their perusal will prove interesting and profitable. Dr. Talmage will be heard from again.

The appointments of the Alabama Conference of the M. E. Church South, for the next year, furnish Rev. S. H. Nettles to the Clanton and Verbena circuit. Rev. C. R. Lamar goes to Demopolis. Jamison mission is to be supplied.

Rev. J. L. Sampey will remain in Clanton. He has sold his interest in the business of Bell & Sampey, to his son, Mr. Lee Sampey, and the business will be continued at the old stand and under the old name of Bell & Sampey.

For Sale.

A fine twenty-five horse power boiler, of the Erie, Pa. manufacture. Also 18 acres of land comprising the town of Lomax, situated two miles north of Clanton, on which land is a good dwelling house and a number of desirable outhouses. It is a good location for a planing mill, furniture factory, grist mill, flouring mill, etc. Good water always abundant. The location is immediately on the L. & N. railroad, and has a convenient depot at which all accommodation trains stop. For terms or information address J. P. MAULL, Lomax, Ala.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR! GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!

Special Dispatch to the CHILTON VIEW.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 2, 1885.—The fierce fight that is being carried on here by Messrs. George B. Brown & Co. against high prices being paid for Furniture, is still going on. Their cause is a worthy one, and is one that every person should be interested in. They are determined that the people shall no longer pay high prices for Furniture. To see the crowds that are continually entering their store, and the amount of Furniture that is sent out, goes to show that the people are with them, and that they are doing all they claim.

Yours Respectfully,

BYRON GEORGE.

Glorious News! The Long Looked for Time Has Arrived! NO MORE HIGH PRICES!

WE ARE THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES!

We sell Furniture at retail as Cheap as it can be bought at the Factories at wholesale by other dealers. How can we do it? Why we get everything direct from the Factory as it comes from the machine all in pieces. We put it together and finish it ourselves, thereby saving the profits that are made at the Factories. Everything is finished in first-class order. When you come to Montgomery call on us and see for yourselves. We are also the only agents in Montgomery for some of the largest Furniture manufacturing in the United States. We quote a few prices:

Bedroom Suits from \$12 to \$800; Bureaus \$6.50 to \$18; Bedsteads—Walnut \$7 to \$180, Common \$1.60 to \$12, Single \$1.75 to \$35; Chairs—Walnut \$1.50 to \$6.50, Maple .65 to .75, Split Bottom .40 to \$1.00, Large Rocker, \$2.50, Nurse Rocker \$1.25; Lounges from \$9 to \$22; Lounge Bed \$12 to \$35; Mattresses (cotton top) \$3; Parlor Suits from \$50 to \$250; Sofas \$3 to \$7.50; Tables \$1.75 to \$9.50; Wardrobes \$8.50 to \$75.

Everything else in proportion. Everything guaranteed that we sell.

GEO. B. BROWN & CO.,
107 South Court St., Montgomery.

1866. Established Nineteen Years.

T. E. CALLIER & SON, DIXIE, ALA.

We have in stock for the Fall Season a complete line of General Merchandise, embracing,

**HEAVY STOCK OF GROCERIES,
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, JEANS,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS,
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, &c., &c.**

We pay CASH for cotton at Selma and Montgomery quotations, and we sell goods at Selma or Montgomery prices, when purchased in same quantities. Produce taken in exchange for goods. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,

T. E. CALLIER & SON,
DIXIE, ALABAMA.

GO TO T. S. SMITH BIRMINGHAM.

For Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Hats and Caps, Saddles, Bridles, Harness and Family Groceries.
Twentieth Street Between First and Second Avenue [tel5-3]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

H. Houpt,

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.
FIRST AVENUE,
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

NO APPRENTICES EMPLOYED.

Glasses selected to fit any eyes. Wedding Rings, and Wedding Presents a specialty. Buyers of Watches will consult their interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.

I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.
nov10-11 Rev. J. G. GURLEY.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

**SYMPTOMS OF A
TROPID LIVER.**
Loss of appetite, Drowsiness, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having not rested some days, Weakness, Dizziness, Flushing at the face, Bile before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Nervousness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, and are so effective, that a change of office as to the liver, is effected by their use. They are sold by all druggists, and by the proprietors, Dr. J. C. Tuttle & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a richer color by a single application of this dye. It imparts a natural color, and is not washed out. It is sold by all druggists, and by the proprietors, Dr. J. C. Tuttle & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

A. J. BROOKS AT VERBENA, ALA.

Has the largest stock of goods ever in

Chilton County, and does and will

sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and

no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY

AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTEL.

I have everything you want to buy
and will buy everything you
have to sell

At the Highest Market Price.

LOCKWOOD & MILLER UNDERTAKERS

UNDER FLORENCE HOTEL,
—BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—

Keep a full line of COFFINS, CASES, and CASKETS, both in metal and wood from the finest to the commonest, and at ALL PRICES. Orders by telegram promptly attended to. In telegraphing state only length and price wanted. [tel15-y]

Calera Foundry and Machine Shops.

Sandgren & Francis, Lessees.
—CALERA, ALABAMA.—

ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

—SAW MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.—
[tel15-em]

HENRY C. MAYER, Proprietor of

City Shoe Store, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

—AND DEALER IN—

Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots
and Shoes, Trunks, Valises
and Satchels.

19th Street, Bet. 1st and 2d Avenues.

Verbena Male and Female Academy.

VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 7th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.
Preparatory " " 2.00.
Intermediate " " 3.00.
Academic " " 4.00.
Music " " 3.00.
Contingent fee per term .50.

Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.

The Academy is new, commodious, and supplied with new Furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy. A railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spirituous liquors in Verbena is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at night free of charge. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board near the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board not so convenient at cheaper rates.

That we may guarantee satisfaction to parents and guardians are requested to start their children at the opening of school, and send them regularly.

For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. L. ACREE, B. S., Principal.

Clanton Academy.

CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA.

The next session of this Institution, will commence September 21, 1885, and will continue ten scholastic months, divided into two terms of five months each.

The course of instruction is divided into four departments, Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.

RATES OF TUITION:

Primary Department . \$1.50
Junior " " 2.50
Senior " " 3.00
High School " " 3.50
Music " " 3.00

Tuition payable monthly in advance as required by the Board of Trustees.

Public examinations of the pupils of the school will be held at the close of each session, but examinations will not be had at any time.

Music will be taught on piano and organ, by a competent fully assistant.

Board can be obtained by pupils of the school in private families in Clanton at very moderate rates.

For further information address R. E. R. HICKS, Principal.

S. E. HIRSCHER'S MONTGOMERY Music Emporium.

21 DEXTER AVENUE.

Is headquarters for Fine Oil Paintings, Oeographs, Steel Engravings, Chromes, Picture Frames, French and English Stationery, Fancy Oil Paintings, Holiday Goods and Novelties of all kinds.

We are agents for the celebrated Kramich and Bach and Stief Pianos, which can be found in the homes of some of the best musical talent in the State, and endorsed by all the resident teachers. Also the world renowned

Reicy Organs.

JUST RECEIVED—A splendid stock of New Music, both vocal and instrumental. Musical instruments for sale, including an advantage not to be had elsewhere. New Novelties and Fancy Goods of all kinds, will be daily received, and the ladies especially are cordially invited to call and see us. Polite attention to all whether purchasers or not. An elegant new stock of pictures; viz: Chromes, Fine Oil Paintings, French Oeographs, and Steel Engravings, and prices within the reach of all. Finest Musical Emporium in the State. Headquarters for everything in the Musical Line. Orders mailed promptly attended to. Pianos and Organs sold on Easy Terms. Address S. E. HIRSCHER, 21 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala. sep17-20

NOTICE NO. 4539.

LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 25, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 24, 1886, viz: Thomas E. Connel, homestead, 2246, for the e 1/4 of a w 1/4 and w 1/4 of a w 1/4 of section 26, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harrison Kendrick, William B. Jones, F. M. Jones, M. Jones, Jesse G. Jones, all of Verbena, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4498.

LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 16, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 24, 1886, viz: John Kivwark, homestead 1044 for the e 1/4 of a e 1/4 and e 1/4 of a e 1/4 sec 36 township 21 north, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Abram C. Mims, Francis M. Hendley, Monroe Durbin and Newton Gulp, all of Kibbuck, Ala. nov19-20 Register.

McD. GRAY

—Has Opened—
A NEW STOCK OF GOODS

at his place of residence two miles southwest of Kibbuck, and will sell them as cheap as on the railroad. I have almost everything you would call for.

Come And See for Yourself.
[sep17-20]

CHILTON VIEW.

W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor.
JNO. C. LAWRENCE, Associate.
Published Every Thursday Morning.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 21, 1885.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four - .50

The only town in Alabama that voted for prohibition at the last election was Watertown.

Guntersville has only 500 inhabitants and has twenty stores, some doing business to the amount of \$75,000 annually.

The business outlook for 1886 is encouraging to all who are out of debt. Nothing is encouraging to those who are in debt.

The poor mortal who continues through the New Year to harbor malice and ill will to his fellows and his neighbor will get only pity for allowing such feelings to continue rankling in his bosom. Shakespeare puts it: "What fools these mortals be."

The Etowah Mirror has virtually retired all the gubernatorial candidates save "the man who beats Tom Seay." It would be interesting to know the name of that man, but the Mirror doesn't tell us. This is mean. If the Mirror knows it ought to tell. It is a bad practice to tell all it doesn't know and keep back what it knows.

A telegram from Mobile on Tuesday announced the burning of a negro by the name of Alex. Reed at Gainsville in Clark county, Alabama. The fiend confessed to the crime of attempting to rape a young white woman, whom he murdered in the attempt. The particulars of the punishment were as horrible as the crime was revolting, and no Alabama newspaper should have published more than the bare announcement of vengeance wreaked.

Ripon, Wisconsin, has a Postmaster who is firmly opposed to kicking the rascals out. He is a Republican, and has welcomed his Democratic successor to a hospitable boot. Instead of kicking the rascals out, this rascal kicks the new appointee out sick to office with a tenacity which would be creditable in a bulldog, and is bound to hold the fort until a United States Marshall forces him to evacuate. Malaria has good "staying" powers, and so have debt and the book agent, but a Republican officeholder beats them all.

The Florida Record, published at Callahan, Nassau County, Fla., has been greatly improved. The Record is young but vigorous. It was established last Spring by the citizens of Callahan with Col. William McWilliams, of Baltimore, as editor, assisted by the writer. Col. McWilliams is one of the finest orators in the country. He is a native of Ireland. As brilliant as he is witty, the Irish cause and true Democracy will never suffer decay while such men as he champion them. Long may the Record survive to "cure" the Yankees and mosquitoes that delight to dwell among the silver gray and silver green of the orange and palmetto groves of the 'land of Ponce de Leon.'

The Silver Dollar.

The message of President Cleveland declared in favor of the suspension of coinage of the silver dollar. In fact the message strongly urged such action upon Congress as would carry out the design of the president in this particular. Now comes Senator Beck, of Kentucky, as the virtual mouth-piece of the South and West, and he makes an unanswerable argument in favor of the continued coinage of silver.

In this matter the president represents the bankers and business men of New York and the East, while Senator Beck represents the great mass of the intelligent classes of the South and the great West. There may be a prolonged fight in Congress over any measure presented on this subject. The nabobs of the eastern commercial centers do not want any more silver coined because it costs money to heard it, and it costs still more to transport it to Europe. The poor man does not want it hoarded or transported but rather desires its circulation at home as the best way for the rich man to get rid of his bulk. It is well that the latter has such a friend as Senator Beck to champion him.

The New Year.

The Year has only a few words to say to its readers on the subject of the New Year just entering upon. For the benefit of those who are crying hard times it will quote the words of the unquenchable Mr. Micawber, who, while in jail for debt, said to David Copperfield: "Earned yesterday 20 shillings, expenses 1 pound 2 pence—result misery. Earned to-day 1 pound, expenses 19 shillings—result happiness."

Moral: Work hard and live within your means during the coming year and for all time.

On Thanksgiving Day the New York Sun, which opposed Mr. Cleveland for President, spoke as follows:

A great change has come over the spirits of the people since last Thanksgiving. A year ago it was the fashion to be despondent and anxious about the economic situation; now everybody is hopeful again.

Last November the financial doctors pretty generally agreed in pronouncing the case very bad. If they were Republicans, they said that the success of the Democrats at the election then just over was an alarming symptom. Here in New York they were all in a tremble about silver, which, according to them, was sure to lead us to swift destruction. They also shook their heads ominously when they heard stories of the increase of grain production in India, as if agriculture in the United States was about to get its death blow. Railway properties seemed to them in a hopelessly bad way, and so great was their gloom that they frightened people into hiding away their money in a napkin, so that never before in the history of the United States was there so much capital withdrawn from investment.

We have gone on coining silver, and are pretty sure to continue doing so. India has not ceased to raise grain, and a Democratic Administration is actually in office, but instead of ruinous decline, we see to-day increasing prosperity, renewed hopefulness, enterprise, speculation, and enormous investments.

The people are getting out of the dumps, and the croakers are no longer able to make them afraid. Capitalists who listened to the financial wisacres and sacrificed security, now rush to Wall street to buy them in again at a great advance, and are even ready to take risks from which the most optimistic might well turn, so anxious are they to get back the money they threw away in their hypochondriacal mood of last year."

The Crop Lien.

The repeal of the crop lien law goes into effect in this county and twenty-nine others on January first. One effect of this bill will probably be an increase in the business of the real estate loan companies. Another effect will be a check to the disastrous credit system. In noting the repeal of the lien law the Selma Times says:

From the questions asked we conclude that the effect of the repeal of the crop lien law is not generally understood. The crop lien note was a lien on the crop superior to all other liens, except that of the landlord for rent and advances. The remedy was by attachment. Now, under the law as it will be after the first day of January, even an unplanted crop may be mortgaged, and the mortgage will be superior to all subsequent liens, except that of the landlord for rent and advances. The remedy, while the crop is unplanted at the time the mortgage is executed, is by bill in equity. If the crop is planted when it is mortgaged, it may be recovered by a writ of detinue. A mortgage on an unplanted crop would not be superior to a previously existing execution lien. Practically, the repeal of the crop lien law will not interfere with the business of advancing. The lien of the new law is as extensive as that of the old, except where there are extensions against the borrower. The remedy under the old law was attachment; under the new it will be detinue or bill in equity; and hereafter as heretofore the criminal law will punish those who improperly dispose of property on which there is a lien.

Will You Sign the Petitions?

A correspondent who like Henry Clay, would "rather be right than be president," writes to the Tuscaloosa Gazette as follows:

Editors Gazette: In the last issue of the Times are the notices of the five whiskey sellers that they will apply to the Judge of Probate for license to sell whiskey during the ensuing year, in the city of Tuscaloosa. Now, the law requires the signatures of twenty respectable and nonpartisan citizens to the application of these whiskey sellers, certifying to their

most characters. Before they can obtain a license to retail whiskey, they must first get the signatures of twenty respectable and nonpartisan citizens. Can they find this number of men qualified as the law prescribes, to sign their application? If they can, I have no doubt the public would like to know who they are, that they may see who are the silent partners in the liquor business. As this is a business matter which involves the commercial prosperity of the city and withal sanctioned by the law of the State, I presume the patriotic and self-sacrificing citizens who sign will have no objection to letting it be known who they are. I therefore request that you publish a list of all who sign these applications as soon as you can get them from the Judge of Probate. But could they get enough "respectable" signatures to authorize the Judge of Probate to issue them license. They could not or did not last year. The Executive Committee of the Anti-Liquor Alliance would do well to investigate the matter, for I am reliably informed that at least three out of the five who are now retailing liquor have not the necessary number of qualified signers, and have no legal license and are liable to indictment for violating the revenue law of the State every day they sell. So, I hope, Messrs. Editors, that the Committee will examine, and that you will publish the names of the signers, that the whiskey sellers may be compelled to comply with the requirements of the law. For I venture the assertion that if the laws already on the statute books regulating the sale of liquor were rigidly enforced by the Courts and officers charged with their execution, there would not be a single retail whiskey shop in our midst in twelve months from to-day.

"A FANATIC."

A Remedy for Hydrophobia.

The New York Sun contains the following, which will be interesting in the sections where rabid dogs have made their appearance:

Editor Sun: I give you the formula and treatment for the prevention of hydrophobia on condition that you insert it for thirty days. It is an internal remedy that is within the reach of every doctor and every druggist in every civilized country. In one case the injection of the drug cured a terrible case of hydrophobia. I seek no reward except the honor of being the discoverer of a medicine that is a fine blood purifier and an antidote to rabies. Very respectfully yours, D. D. Toat, M. D.

Would be canterized with strong nitric acid, and then dressed with 1/2 drachm of belladonna ointment and 7/8 drachms of resin.

In the case of an adult the following internal remedy is to be taken: Kali Iodid 3 drachms, Tincture Cinchona, 2 ounces, Syrup Simplex, 4 ounces. One tablespoonful after each meal.

For children from one to seven years old half a teaspoonful is a sufficient dose, and for children from 7 to 12 years old, from one to two teaspoonfuls. Putting it in other words, two to five grains for a child under 7, and five grains for one under twelve years. This treatment is to be followed for one week even when the dog is not mad, as the virus of an angry dog produces hydrophobia.

When rabies is manifest, the treatment is to be continued for three weeks. In such a case the fluid can be injected with good effect in doses of from fifteen to thirty grains every two hours.

Notes From Dixie.

Plantersville and Stanton had nice Christmas trees.

We have had a very quiet Christmas with fine weather, some "Cow-bellions" and several large (?) fights—no one hurt.

Business during the holidays was brisk with our merchants.

Mr. H. J. Hare the former correspondent of the View has moved to Newton, Miss., where he will in future reside.

Mr. James Davenport from the Strasburg neighborhood, has purchased a farm near Dixie and moved down.

We have had no parties, no balls, no weddings, no news!

We regret to note the ill health of Rev. Geo. Mills pastor of Ebenezer church. Mr. Mills is deservedly popular in the community and beloved by his congregation.

The cotton receipts at the place this season are much larger than last year, but as a great deal of it was applied to the payment of notes for commercial fertilizers, our farmers are not in any better condition.

Some of our citizens are very fond of deer hunting, and frequently meet with success.

W. O. Bradhead who is attending school at Verbena is spending the holidays at home.

Mr. J. L. Cox has sold his logging business to Capt. T. D. & Mr. W. J. Parnell. He thinks of moving to Texas. We regret to lose such a energetic man as Mr. Cox.

The Centreville law is one of the best county laws in the State, and shows improvement with each

I Kissed Her Anyway.

Her lips were as sweet as ripe to taste. I wished to kiss them? Well, naturally! Behind the trees we left her sister, I kissed her. She was startled, but I kissed her.

A sudden cry of "Oh, you done!" Told of the tumult rising in her. She slapped my face—it was a blister. But what cared I—I had just kissed her.

We walked along—the parties angered I for me a sweet five lunch brokered. She batted a fierce, "Not muchly Mr." But what cared I—I had just kissed her.

I failed to note her late slave. Was creeping up as I drew nigh her. To try again. This time I missed her. But what cared I—I had just kissed her.

I felt a land slide strike my person—No! not lover felt a worse one. That's kick, by Jove, it was a wister! It hurt somewhat, but then, I'd kissed her.

Now is the time to subscribe for your county paper. An important election year is upon us, and every citizen is more or less interested in public matters. The VIEW will be sent to any address for one year for \$1.50.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chiblains, Corns and Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. M. J. Greene.

NOTICE NO. 4633.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 17, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 20, 1886, viz: James M. Todd, Homestead 14185 for the s w 1 of n w 1 and n w 1 of s w 1 and east part of fraction a, west of river section 4, township 20 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Frank Weldon, George Gaylon, J. M. Lake, B. F. Williams, all of Verbena, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4630.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 17, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 20, 1886, viz: Alphonso DuBoise, Homestead 10944, for the n e 1 of s e 1, section 24, township 21, range 15. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Francis M. Connell, E. E. Edis, Thomas Pyron and Walter Boyd, all of Verbena, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4677.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 22, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 13, 1886, viz: John A. Abams, Homestead 11021 for the n e 1 of n e 1 sec 26, township 21 north, range 12 e. s. e. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jasper Atkinson, Dock Chilton, Emmet Christian and Simon Clark, all of Maplesville, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4675.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 22, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala., on February 13, 1886, viz: Robin J. Anthony, Homestead 9688 and 13217 for the s e 1 of s e 1 sec 11 and fraction 4 section 12, township 20 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George C. Norris and Lee Hawes, of Wadsworth, Ala.; Willis Gray and George A. Long, of Verbena, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4695.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 23, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Alabama, on the 15th day of February, 1886, viz: James Edwards, Homestead 15942 for the s e 1 of s e 1 sec 2 township 21, range 14. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: David H. Edwards, John A. Edwards, David A. Edwards and James Edwards, all of Clanton, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

Assessor's Notice.

I will attend at the following named places on the following named days, for the purpose of assessing the State and county taxes of Chilton county, for the year 1886:

First Notice.
Benson, Monday, January 4
Dixie, Wednesday, " 6
Jack Harris, Thursday, " 7
R. Latham's, Saturday, " 9
Maplesville, Monday, " 11
Macedonia, Tuesday, " 12
D. Wooley's, Wednesday, " 13
Providence, Thursday, " 14
S. E. Busby's, Friday, " 15
Jemison, Saturday, " 16
Asa Buzbee's, Tuesday, " 19
Strausburg, Wednesday, " 20
Jno. Archer's, Thursday, " 21
D. H. Mullins, Friday, " 22
Jno. Gore's, Saturday, " 23
Lomax, Monday, " 25
Clanton, Tuesday, " 26
Verbena, Thursday, " 28
Cooper's, Saturday, " 30
Kincheon, Tuesday, February 2

WM. A. SMITH, Tax Assessor.

NOTICE NO. 4574.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 21, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 16th, 1886, viz: Thomas N. Brewer, Homestead 17588 for the s e 1 of s w 1 and n e 1 of s w 1, township 23 north, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Sam Ellison, Lewis Littleton, Jesse Benson, John Littleton, all of Clanton, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

NOTICE NO. 4533.

LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 23, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at the U. S. Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., on December 31, 1885, viz: William Gray, Homestead 8448, for the s w 1 of s e 1 and e 1 of s e 1 section 1, township 20 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Bolling Anthony, Reuben Anthony, Lewis Gentry, and Joe Long, all of Verbena, Ala. Thos. J. Scott, Register.

FLORIDA WEEKLY TIMES.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA. only \$1 a year with a colored map of Florida free. Specimen copies free.

Gordon DuBoise.

Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

STOP AT Morris Avenue Hotel, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Corner Morris Avenue and 20th Street, ELYTON LAND CO. BUILDING.

HIGH KIRKMAN, PROPRIETOR. Splendid rooms, well ventilated and elegantly furnished. Rates reasonable.

D. H. LEWIS' National Restaurant

—AND— SALOON. Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Board at reasonable rates.

105 Commerce Street, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Planters' House, Mrs. W. A. Child, Proprietress.

Bibb Street, One Block From Temple Building, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Terms Reasonable. Fine Sample Rooms.

For Hard Times.

THE CHILTON VIEW

—DEMOREST'S—

ILLUSTRATED - MONTHLY

MAGAZINE

With Twelve Cut Paper Patterns of your own selection and of any size.

BOTH PUBLICATIONS, ONE YEAR, \$2.75 (TWO SEVENTY-FIVE).

DEMOREST'S

OF THE BEST

CONTAINING Stories, Poems and other Literary attractions, embracing Artistic, Scientific and Household matters.

Illustrated with Original Steel Engravings, Photographs, Oil Pictures and the Woodcuts, making it the Model Magazine of America.

Each Magazine contains a COUPON entitling the holder to the selection of any pattern desired to that number, and in any size.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY is justly entitled the World's Model Magazine. The Largest in Form, the Largest in Circulation, and the best Two Dollar Family Magazine issued. 1885 will be the Twenty-second year of its publication; it is continually improved, and so extensively as to place it in the front rank of Family Periodicals, and equal to any magazine. It contains 72 pages, large quarto, 84 x 114 inches, elegantly printed and fully illustrated. Published by W. Jennings Demorest, New York, and by SPECIAL AGREEMENT COMBINED WITH THE

CHILTON VIEW at \$2.75 Per Year.

F. A. GULLEDGE.

AT VERBENA.

Wishes to announce to the Citizens of Chilton and adjoining

Counties that he has

Now On Hand and Constantly Coming In

—THE—

MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GENERAL

MERCHANDISE

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PART OF THE STATE

ALL OF WHICH HE WILL SELL AT PRICES TO SUIT CUSTOMERS. ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED AND ONLY REPRESENTED AS THEY

REALLY ARE. I WILL PAY HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR COTTON, EITHER

IN SEED OR BALE.

And pay Cash or exchange goods for all other country produce at Highest Market Prices.

My motto:—HONEST GOODS AND ONE PRICE ONLY.

Come and see my goods before buying.

My stock of FISH BROS. Wagons and Buggies at Cost.

—AT THE STORE OF—

W. M. WILSON & BRO.,

CLANTON, ALA.

Where you can get the best goods for the least money. A large stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING.

PELIAM J. ANDERSON,

Builder's Supplies, Paints, Oils, Glass Putty, Kalsomine

Builder's Hardware, Cement, Lime, Plaster

Hair, MANTELS.

119 Commerce St., in Wholesale Block, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

BAINS & HERRING.

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES & CO., JONES & BASS, W. A. COOK & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Mail and Express Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS A SPECIALTY

1928 FIRST AVENUE, BETWEEN 18th and 20th STREETS, Birmingham, Ala.

P. O. BOX 570. June 10

Estey Organ Co. Brattleboro Vt.

When the word Estey is mentioned, each suggests the other, so well known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five letters in each of the words are reminders of superior quality in multitude of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to applicants.

ESTEY

ESTEY

ESTEY

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE

LINIMENT

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.

MAKE PARSONS' BLOOD-PILL

MAKE HENS LAY.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 31, 1885.

Those answering advertisements will confer a favor by mentioning this paper.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—Friday after the first Monday in April and October.
Circuit—Fourth Monday in March, and fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in August.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and fifth Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July.

County—First Monday in each month.

SCHEDULES & N. A. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 at 5:40 a. m.
No. 3 at 4:38 p. m.
No. 7 at 5:32 p. m.
No. 19 at 5:45 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 at 9:19 a. m.
No. 12 at 10:29 a. m.
No. 4 at 9:45 p. m.
No. 8 at 6:18 p. m.

Don't stop.

LODGES.—Regular communications Clanton Lodge of A. F. & A. M., No. 423, first Saturday in each month at 7 o'clock p. m.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Chancery Eastern Chancery Division—Samuel K. McSpadden.
Judge Fifth Judicial Circuit—J. E. Cobb.
Solicitor Fifth Judicial Circuit—S. J. Darby.
Member of Congress—Fifth Congressional District—Thomas W. Sadler.
Senator Fifteenth Senatorial District—Jefferson Falkner.
Representative—K. Wells.
Probate Judge—H. J. Cullen.
Circuit Clerk—Wm. H. Foshee.
Register in Chancery—W. E. Stewart.
Sheriff—Jasper T. Smithman.
Treasurer—James M. Parish.
Tax Assessor—Wm. A. Smith.
Tax Collector—Riley M. Honeysutt.
Supt. Education—W. U. Acres.
Commissioners—Anderson Baker, Sr. Moses Robinson, R. C. Lanier, Buckner Harris.

LOCAL NOTINGS.

Aerostic.

Thank God for the gift of the printing press.
He lends us gifted men, our paper to dress.
Each week with news all bright and fresh.
Could we but know all the toil and care,
How our editors by creditors and critics fare,
I can but think we would prize them more,
Learn their teaching and cherish their lore.
'Tis a grand work to procure a nation's great,
Of the enterprise and thrift in our glorious State.
Noisily too 'tis heralded early and late.
Volume of news! In you we weekly view
Intelligence, refreshing as the morning dew.
Evermore, the old-time greetings may you hear,
'Welcome! Merry Christmas! Happy New Year!'
MtdA.
Dixie, Ala., December, 1885.

We have had beautiful weather for Christmas time.

Begin the New Year by subscribing for your county paper.

W. A. Collier, Esq., has been on a business trip to Tuscaloosa.

Mrs. John Garner visited relatives near Montevallo this week.

Miss Lucy Meredith spent Christmas at home in Montevallo.

Prof. R. E. R. Hicks, of the Academy, visited Childersburg this week.

The Rosierucians turned out in full force on Saturday with a parade.

Mr. Phil Givan, of Birmingham, spent Christmas with friends in Clanton.

Charming Miss Mamie Bivings has been on a visit to friends in Montgomery.

Mr. Albert Barnes gave a sociable at his home near Clanton on Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Bivings and Dr. I. D. Lanier are visiting friends in Clanton, their old home.

Mrs. J. B. Boykin and family, of Pratt Saw Mill, spent Christmas week with relatives in Clanton.

It is said that "man born of woman gets into a great deal of trouble in a very few days."

Now is the Time for you to pay what you owe the VIEW. Keep your promise and help us now.

Mortgage sale of property of J. C. Sewell by Isaac Bloch & Co., of Selma, in advertising columns.

The Christmas trees were greatly enjoyed. Nearly everybody went and both churches were crowded.

We must thank our Dixie correspondent for his interesting batch of locals, and trust that he will let us hear from him regularly.

Mr. J. W. Willie, our depot agent, has rented the Randolph house and now has his family domiciled in Clanton.

Parties indebted to the VIEW should not ask further time. Pay what you owe, as we need the money.

The VIEW Stationery Stand sold its stock of Christmas goods like hot cakes last week; the result of advertising.

Sociable parties and gatherings have had a "go" this week. But no dances. The moral tone of the community has improved.

The VIEW will publish the petitions to sell whiskey in Clanton county as soon as they are brought in to the Probate Judge.

A pleasant social gathering at the residence of Mr. & Mrs. J. L. Sampey on Saturday night was much enjoyed by the young people.

Mr. John Garner announces that he is selling goods away down low at his store in Clanton. Call on him and you will be convinced that he means what he says.

Mrs. A. J. Brooks, of Verbena, has returned from Montgomery, where she has been under medical treatment. We are glad to know that she was much benefited.

The weather is fine for breaking up the ground of your gardens. Manure now fresh from the stable should be applied. The fozes will pulverize the soil.

If you want bill heads, letter heads, checks, posters or other job printing done, try the VIEW job office and you can save money by keeping it at home.

Miss Teresa Terman and Miss Mollie Hannon, two of Clanton's most interesting young ladies, visited friends in Verbena the latter part of last week.

A child was born to the wife of Mr. Boyd near Clanton on Monday, which only weighed two pounds. It was alive and getting along finely at last accounts.

The sign lifters were out in full force on Christmas night. Thanks to John Abbridge the VIEW sign was put up to stay and they gave up in despair, and called upon neighbor Evans to allay the disappointment.

Quite an interesting feature of the Christmas festivities was the dining given on Monday by Mrs. A. M. Adams. The accomplished hostess spread before her friends a table graining with delicacies and good cheer.

Now is the time to subscribe for your county paper. An important election year is now upon us and every citizen is interested in public matters.

The VIEW will be sent to any address for one year for \$1.50.

For the New Year make good resolutions and keep them. If you cannot be all that you wish endeavor to excel in the position in which you find yourself placed by circumstances. "All's well that ends well."

Christmas festivities included sociables at Mr. Sampey's and Mrs. Hannon's and a phantom party at Mrs. Lawrence's and a party for the little folks at Mrs. Ma sh's and concluded with a masque party at Mrs. A. M. Adams on Thursday night.

Married, in Verbena, on the 17th inst, Mr. Wm. Rabb, of Birmingham, and Miss Josie Wainwright, of Verbena. After a wedding trip the happy couple went to Birmingham, their future home. The best wishes of numerous friends in Clanton go with them, and the VIEW wishes them a long and prosperous and happy voyage together adown the tempest-tossed stream of life.

Destructive Fire.
On Sunday night last the barn and stable of Mr. W. I. Mullins at Kincheon was burned to the ground. In the stable was a fine horse worth \$150, and he was also burned. It is probable that the fire was the work of an incendiary. Mr. Mullins and his family were away from home at the time.

"Say, ma, I'm going to break off my engagement with Jim. I'm satisfied that we never could be happy together." "And why not?" "Jim's a nice fellow," replied her ma, much surprised. "I have found out that he is an infidel." "And what's that?" "Why he has no religion. Don't believe in hell." "Oh, he don't, eh? Well, you just marry him, and we'll take that notion out of his head mighty quick," and the old lady's jaws came together with a snap.

This line is only to all up as everybody knows.

Mr. J. M. Parish, our county treasurer, was in to see us yesterday and brought with him the claw of an eagle which one of his sons killed a few days ago about six miles from Clanton. The king bird measured 7 feet 1 inch from tip to tip of its wings.

It is said that not a lawyer's or physician's name is down on any petition in Troy to sell liquor next year.

Allen Alexander, the notorious negro politician, of Mobile, is in for marriage another time.

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LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR! GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!

Special Dispatch to the CHILTON VIEW.]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 2, 1885.—The fierce fight that is being carried on here by Messrs. George B. Brown & Co. against high prices being paid for Furniture, is still going on. Their cause is a worthy one, and is one that every person should be interested in. They are determined that the people shall no longer pay high prices for Furniture. To see the crowds that are continually entering their store, and the amount of Furniture that is sent out, goes to show that the people are with them, and that they are doing all they claim.

Yours Respectfully,
BYRON GEORGE.

Glorious News! The Long Looked for Time Has Arrived! NO MORE HIGH PRICES!

WE ARE THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES!

We sell Furniture at retail as Cheap as it can be bought at the Factories at wholesale by other dealers. How can we do it? Why we get everything direct from the Factory.

Everything is finished in first-class order. When you come to Montgomery call on us and see for yourselves. We are also the only agents in Montgomery for some of the largest Furniture manufacturers in the United States. We quote a few prices:

Bedroom Suits from \$12 to \$800; Bureaus \$6.50 to \$18; Bedsteads—Walnut \$7 to \$180, Common \$1.60 to \$12, Single \$1.75 to \$35; Chairs—Walnut \$1.50 to \$6.50, Maple .65 to .75, Split Bottom .40 to \$1.00, Large Rocker \$2.50, Nurse Rocker \$1.25; Lounges from \$9 to \$22; Lounge Bed \$12 to \$35; Mattresses (cotton top) \$3; Parlor Suits from \$50 to \$250; Sofas \$3 to \$7.50; Tables \$1.75 to \$9.50; Wardrobes \$8.50 to \$75.

Everything else in proportion. Everything guaranteed that we sell.

GEO. B. BROWN & CO.,
107 South Court St., Montgomery.

GO TO T. S. SMITH
BIRMINGHAM.
For Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Hats and Caps, Saddles, Brides, Harness and Family Groceries.
Twentieth Street Between First and Second Avenues. [oct13-3]

Rock Spring Locals.
Prof. G. W. Dawson, has a fine school at this place.
Miss Celia Milstead, is visiting relatives at Jemison.
Mr. Sol. Dawson is the happiest man we know; it's a girl.
Our community is noted for morality, there hasn't been a dance or anything of the kind about "these diggins" for twelve months.
Another dog went mad a few days ago and did much and serious damage. It bit two children on the Storr's place 2 1/2 miles above here. It also bit several dogs all of which we hope have been killed.
This closes Hugo's correspondence to the VIEW from this place, as he has accepted a position as teacher near Wehlon, and will commence his school the first Monday in January.
Wishing the VIEW and its readers much success, I bid you adieu.
Hugo.

Why Wait For Death.
Why do we wait for death to send our hearts? It seems as if we never knew until it is too late how dear to us are our friends. How much we might have done for each other is never realized until the last opportunity is past. Then, little things, little kindnesses of words, looks, deeds, little sacrifices, arise like pale sweet wraiths of what might have been and brighten the hours of sorrow or counter the tenderest memories with mutually eloquent reproaches. "If I had only known!" is one of the saddest sighs that ever found utterance in the speech of man.
Ah, why should we thus defer doing our best, living our best, loving our best, working our best for God and each other? One day, one moment may be too late—some time, somewhere, parting is sure. Sometime, somewhere, we must stand beside that benighted clay which comes at last to lie so dead, so dumb, so calm, in spite of all our agonizing! Will the bruised heart yield the perfume of blessed memories or the wild outcries of an accusing conscience?—Grenville Advocate.

AN OLD CITIZEN SPEAKS.
Mr. J. A. Norris, an old resident of Rome, Ga., says that he had been badly troubled with Kidney Complaint for a great many years and with Eczema for three years; at times could scarcely walk and had tried many remedies without benefit, until he began taking Electric Bitters and anointing his hands and feet with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. This treatment afforded him great relief and he strongly recommends Electric Bitters to all who suffer with Kidney Complaint, or need a Blood Purifier. Sold by M. J. Greene, Clanton, Ala.

MOST EXCELLENT.
J. J. Atkins, Chief of Police, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My family and I are beneficiaries of your most excellent medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; having found it to be all that you claim for it, I desire to testify to its virtue. My friends to whom I have recommended it, praise it at every opportunity." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, and every ailment of the Throat and Lungs. Trial bottles free of charge. Price, 50 cents a bottle. Sold everywhere.

A. J. BROOKS
AT VERBENA, ALA.
Has the largest stock of goods ever in Clanton County, and does and will sell them for less money.

All goods guaranteed as represented, and no shoddy goods are kept.

COME EVERYBODY
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
I BUY COTTON AT MONTGOMERY PRICES
FREIGHT OFF AND PAY CASH
FOR IT. NO BARTER.
I have everything you want to buy and will buy everything you have to sell
At the Highest Market Price.

LOCKWOOD & MILLER
UNDERTAKERS
UNDER FLORENCE HOTEL,
—BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—
Keep a full line of COFFINS, CASES, and CASKETS, both in metal and wood from the finest to the commonest, and at ALL PRICES. Orders by telegram promptly attended to. In telegraphing state only length and price wanted. [oct15-y]

Calera Foundry and Machine Shops.
Sandgren & Francis, Lessees.
—CALERA, ALABAMA.—
ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS MADE TO ORDER.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
—SAW MILL WORK A SPECIALTY.—
[oct16-m]

HENRY C. MAYER,
—Proprietor of—
City Shoe Store,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
—AND DEALER IN—
Ladies and Gents' Fine Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Valises and Satchels.

Verbena Male and Female Academy.
—VERBENA, CHILTON CO., ALA.—
The Fourth Annual Session of this Institution will commence September 24th, 1885, and continue ten scholastic months.
The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Preparatory, Intermediate and Academic.
RATES OF TUITION:
Primary department, per mo. \$1.50.
Preparatory " " 2.00.
Intermediate " " 3.00.
Academic " " 4.00.
Music " " 3.00.
Contingent fee per term .50.
Tuition will be charged from date of entrance to close of session, payable monthly.
The Academy is a non-sectarian, and supplied with new furniture of the latest improvement. Locality is healthy, and railroad facilities convenient. The sale of spiritualism in Verbena, is prohibited by law. Extra instruction will be given at slight fee of charges. For this purpose arrangements have been made for all pupils from a distance to board in the Academy at ten dollars per month. Board and so-called tuition of boarders not included.
That we may receive the satisfaction, parents and guardians are requested to send their children at the opening of school, and send them regular.
For further particulars address A. J. Brooks, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or W. C. A. H. H. S. Clanton, Ala.

Clanton Academy.
CLANTON, CHILTON CO., ALA.
The next session of this institution, will commence September 24th, 1885, and will continue ten scholastic months, divided into two terms of five months each.
The course of instruction is divided into four departments: Primary, Junior, Senior and High School.
RATES OF TUITION:
Primary Department \$1.50
Junior " 2.00
Senior " 3.00
High School " 4.00
Music " 3.00
Tuition payable monthly in advance as required by the Board of Trustees. Public examinations of the pupils of the school will be held at the close of each session, but examinations will not be had at any time.
Music will be taught on piano and organ, by a competent lady assistant. Pupils can be obtained by pupils of the school in private families in Clanton at very moderate rates.
For further information address R. E. R. Hicks, Principal. [oct13]

H. Houpt,
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN.
FIRST AVENUE,
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.
NO APRENTICES EMPLOYED.
Class is opened to beginners. Watchmaking, Rings, and Wedding Rings, a specialty. Repairs of Watches. I will consult this interest by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere.
Over 25 years experience.
I have had business transactions with Mr. Houpt at various times for the last thirteen years and always found him reliable in his dealings.
nov10-tf R. E. R. Hicks, Principal.

Notice of Contest.
F. S. LANN OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 3, 1885.
Complaint having been entered at this office by Wiley V. Newton against Daniel W. Pugh, for obtaining his longested entry No. 132 dated November 13, 1884, from the east half of the southeast quarter of section 3, the southwest quarter of section 4, township 21 north, range 16 east, in Chilton county, Alabama, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 22nd day of January, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., to present and furnish testimony concerning said alleged entry.
THOMAS J. SCOTT, Register.
A. A. MASON, Receiver.

Mortgage Sale.
By virtue of the power contained in a mortgage made by J. C. Sewell and wife to Isaac Bloch & Co., on the 16th of February, 1885, we will sell the following described lands to the highest bidder for cash, before the courthouse door in the town of Clanton, on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1886, to-wit: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 8, the southeast quarter of section 9, the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 10, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 9, also eighty acres in the southwest quarter of section 4, all in township 21, range 13 in Chilton county, Alabama.
I. BLOCH & CO.,
WHITE & WHITE, Attorneys,
Selma, Alabama. [oct24-tt]

NOTICE NO. 4539.
LAND OFFICE,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 23, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge of the circuit court or in his absence the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on January 24, 1886, viz: Thomas P. Connell, homestead, 9246, for the s e 1/4 of s w 1/4 and w 1/4 of a w 1/4 of section 26, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harrison Kendrick, William B. Jones, Frank M. Jones, Jesse G. Jones, all of Verbena, Ala. THOS. J. SCOTT, Register.
nov 28

McD. GRAY
—Has Opened—
A NEW STOCK OF GOODS
at his place of residence two miles southwest of Kincheon, will sell them as cheap as on the railroad.
at once and
you will
all the

WORK ORDER

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	N 10-D 29, 1881; Ja 5-D 28, 1882; Ja 11-D 20, 1883; Ja 3-D 27, 1884; Ja 8-D 31, 1885; Ja 7-D 30, 1886; Ja 6-D 29, 1887; Ja 5-D 27, 1888; Ja 3-D 26, 1889; Ja 9-D 25, 1890; Ja 8-D 31, 1891; Ja 7-D 29, 1892; Ja 5-D 28, 1893; Ja 4-D 20, 1894; Ja 3-D 19, 1895; Ja 2-Ja 9, 1896		
	THE BANNER - Clanton, AL		
	Ja 2-D 31, 1896		
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